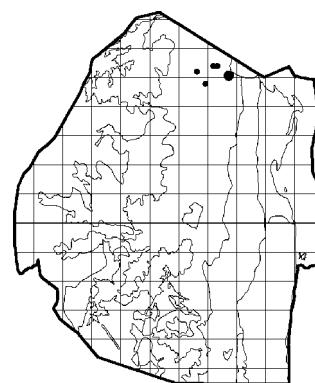
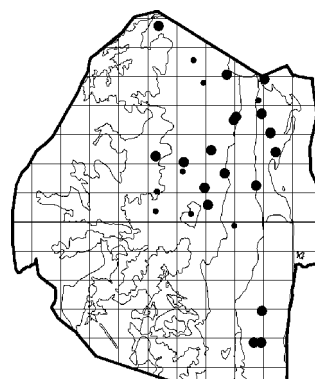
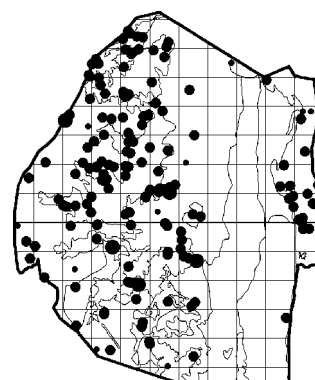
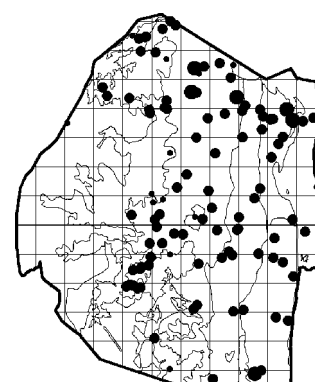
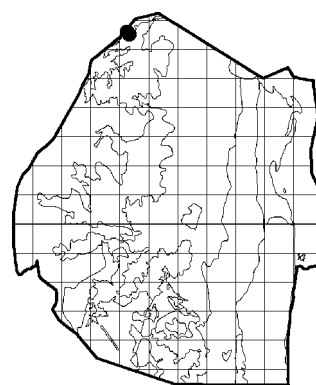
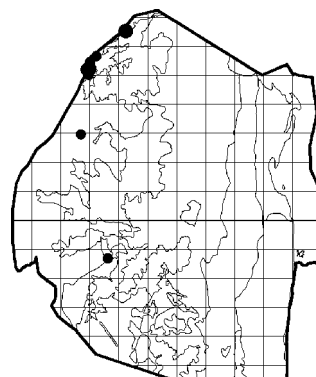
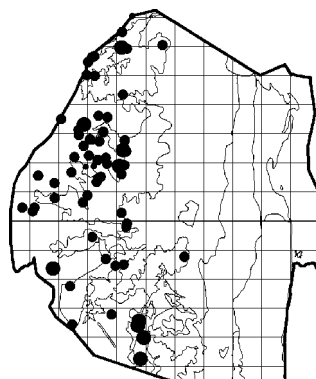
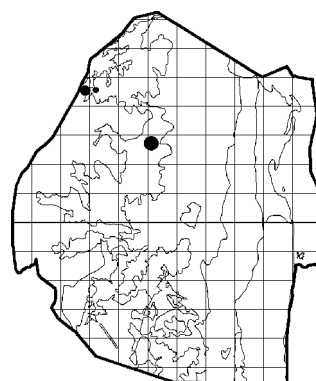


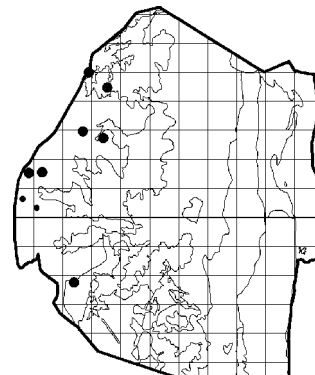
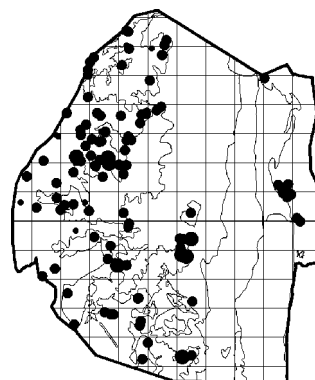
Ficus sansibarica Warb. subsp. **sansibarica****Common name:** Knobbly Fig**Siswati name:** inKhokhokho, inTfombe**Distribution:** Restricted to central-northern Swaziland near Sihoye.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Low-lying woodland on sandy soils.**Land tenure:** SNL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Critically Endangered*.**General:** Most specimens were located within proposed sugar cane expansion areas and are therefore at high risk of removal.**Ficus stuhlmannii** Warb.**Common name:** Lowveld Fig**Siswati name:** inKhokhokho**Distribution:** Scattered throughout eastern, central, and northern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Low-altitude woodland and bushveld, often near water courses.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Ficus sur** Forssk.*F. capensis*, *F. mallotcarpa***Common name:** Broom Cluster Fig, Cape Fig**Siswati name:** Umkhiwa**Distribution:** Widespread in western and central Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Woodland, forest, wooded grassland, and along riverine fringes.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The bark is used for treating conditions of blood in stool.**Ficus sycomorus** L. subsp. **sycomorus****Common name:** Common Cluster Fig, Sycamore Fig**Siswati name:** umKhiwubovana, umKhiwane, Umkhiwe**Distribution:** Widespread in northern, central, and eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Riparian vegetation, woodland, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** Many large individuals were swept away from the river banks during Cyclone Demoina and more recent flood events. The bark is used for treating diarrhoea and the fruit is eaten locally.

Trilepisium madagascariense DC.*Bosqueia phoberos***Common name:** False Fig, Urn-fig**Voucher specimen(s):** 419**Distribution:** Restricted to a disjunct patch along the Ugutugulo River in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Abundant.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest, often near water.**Land tenure:** TDL.**Conservation Status:** Should be considered for *Near Threatened* status.

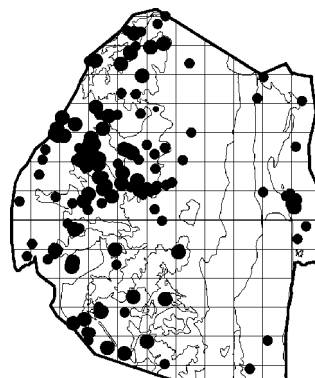
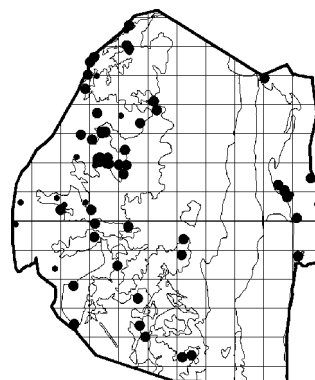
General: This finding represents a more southerly distribution for this species, some 340 km below the Soutpansberg, which was thought to be its southernmost record. It is presumed to represent a relic population that existed when its preferred forest type occurred over a broader region. The Ugutugulo Valley is invaded by several aggressive alien weeds, especially *Chromolaena odorata* and *Solanum mauritianum*, which are threatening the natural vegetation of the area. It is imperative that some effective management and protection of the area is implemented urgently.

**MYRICACEAE****Morella brevifolia** (E.Mey. ex C.DC.) Killick*Myrica brevifolia***Common name:** Dwarf Waxberry**Distribution:** Scattered in northwestern Swaziland, with an isolated patch on Mahlangatsha Hills in the southwest.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** High-altitude grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Morella pilulifera** (Rendle) Killick*Myrica pilulifera***Common name:** Broad-leaved Waxberry**Siswati name:** Meluleka**Voucher specimen(s):** 287, 308, 537**Distribution:** Widespread in the west, with patches in central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** On grassy hillsides, along forest fringes, and stream and river banks. Often on rocky outcrops.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Morella serrata** (Lam.) Killick*Myrica serrata***Common name:** Lance-leaved Waxberry**Siswati name:** uLeti, Meluleka**Voucher specimen(s):** 864, 875**Distribution:** Isolated patches in northwestern and north-central Swaziland along the Komati and Mbuluzi Rivers.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along river banks and in river valleys in medium-altitude grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots and bark are used for treating headaches.

MYRSINACEAE

Myrsine africana L.**Common name:** Cape Myrtle**Siswati name:** Santinyana**Distribution:** Scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along the margins of evergreen forest.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Rapanea melanophloeos** (L.) Mez**Common name:** Cape-beech**Siswati name:** maPhipha, iKhubakhula, liGcolo, Gcolokhulu, Udzilidzile**Distribution:** Widespread in the west, with patches in central and southern Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Rocky outcrops in grassland, in wooded grassland, and evergreen forest. Often near streams.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The bark is used as an emetic and the branches for building huts.

MYRTACEAE

Eucalyptus** spp.**Common name:** Gum Tree, Bluegum**Siswati name:** Indlulamitsi**Distribution:** Fairly widespread throughout most of Swaziland.**Abundance:** Abundant to common.**Habitat:** On the verges of industrial timber plantations, forest clearings, along watercourses, urban areas, wooded grassland, and on roadsides.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**General:** Mainly propagated for timber and firewood. Grown in woodlots and used for donga rehabilitation around Swaziland. It coppices easily and invades into natural areas, utilising large amounts of ground water.**Eugenia natalitia** Sond.*E. capensis* subsp. *natalitiaCommon name:** Forest Myrtle**Siswati name:** inChitsamuti, iJobe**Voucher specimen(s):** 713**Voucher specimen(s):** 776, 1030**Distribution:** Scattered in western and south-central Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest, rocky outcrops in grassland, riverine vegetation, wooded grassland, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Eugenia woodii Dummer

Common name: Hairy Forest Myrtle

Siswati name: umaBelenjongosi

Voucher specimen(s): 123, 146, 433, 469, 529

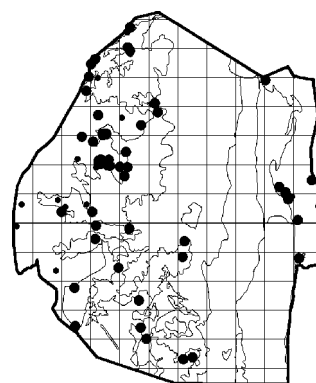
Distribution: Scattered in western and central Swaziland, with isolated patches at Sand River in the east and Jilobi Forest on the Lebombo Range.

Abundance: Common to rare.

Habitat: Evergreen forest, rocky outcrops in montane grassland, and bushveld.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*



***Psidium guajava** L.

Common name: Guava

Siswati name: Emagwava

Distribution: Widespread throughout most of Swaziland.

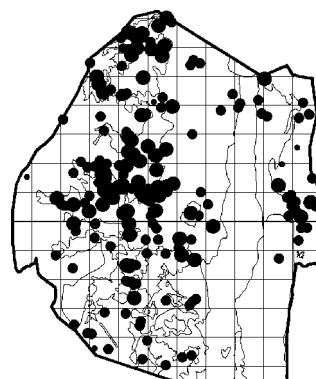
Abundance: Abundant.

Habitat: Grassland, bushveld, along watercourses, forest margins, urban areas, wooded grassland, and roadsides.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Legal status: Declared Invader.

General: Originally introduced as an agricultural crop, it has now established itself within natural areas and has become a problematic weed. It coppices easily and produces vigorous root suckers. Fruit is enjoyed by humans, monkeys, and birds, which helps to disseminate the seed and assists in the spread of the weed.



Syzygium cordatum Hochst. ex C.Krauss

Common name: Water berry

Siswati name: umNcozi

Distribution: Fairly widespread throughout most of Swaziland.

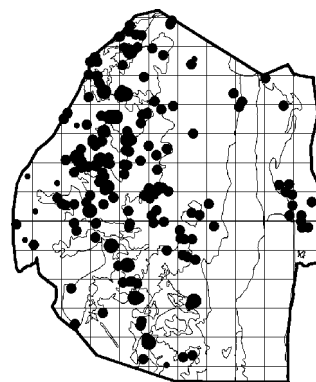
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Along mountain streams and rivers, riparian vegetation, wooded grassland, forest, and bushveld.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*

General: The fruits are eaten locally and the bark used for treating bleeding.



***Syzygium cumini** (L.) Skeels

Common name: Jambolan-plum

Distribution: Scattered in central-western Swaziland.

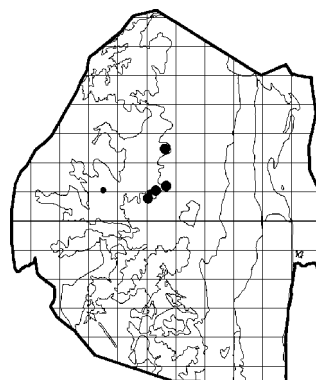
Abundance: Common.

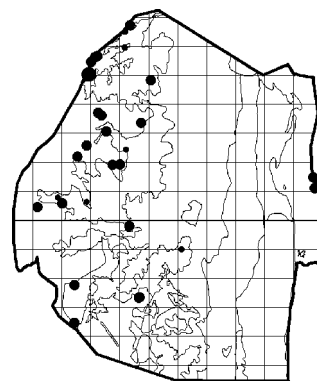
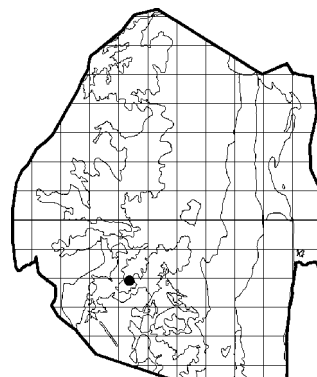
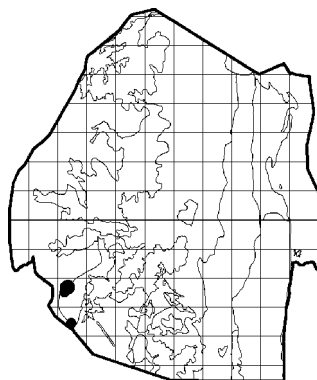
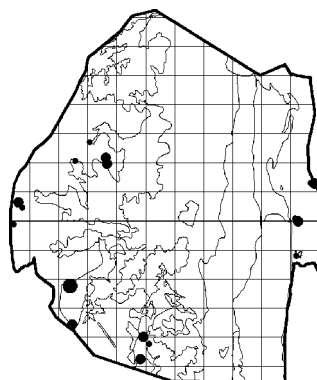
Habitat: Tall and wooded grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Legal status: Declared Invader.

General: Exotic garden escapee that has become naturalised.



Syzygium gerrardii (Harv. ex Hook.f.) Burtt Davy*S. guineense* subsp. *gerrardii***Common name:** Forest Waterberry**Siswati name:** umNcozi**Voucher specimen(s):** 204, 448, 563**Distribution:** Widespread in the west, with patches in central Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** In and along the margins of evergreen forest.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Syzygium guineense** (Willd.) DC. subsp. **guineense****Common name:** Bushveld Waterberry**Siswati name:** umNcozi**Distribution:** Isolated patch in Mkhondvo Valley in southwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Medium-altitude riverine vegetation.**Land tenure:** SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The species is probably more widespread and needs further surveying.**Syzygium legatii** Burtt Davy & Greenway**Common name:** Mountain Waterberry**Voucher specimen(s):** 306, 635**Distribution:** Isolated patches in Ndlotane and Mahamba Gorges in southwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** On rocky quartzite ridges in grassland.**Land tenure:** SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** This species is possibly a different form to that found on the Soutpansberg in Limpopo Province. It is distinguished by smaller, narrower leaves and paler branches.**OCHNACEAE****Ochna arborea** Burch. ex DC. var. **arborea****Common name:** Cape Plane, Transvaal Plane, Forest Plane**Siswati name:** siFubasenkhalala, maHlanganisa**Voucher specimen(s):** 390, 400, 541**Distribution:** Scattered in western and southwestern Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Rocky outcrops in grassland, forest, forest margins, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The wood is used to make splints for bone fractures.

Ochna arborea Burch. ex DC. var. **oconnorii** (E.Phillips) Du Toit

Common name: Forest Plane

Siswati name: siFubasenkhalala

Voucher specimen(s): 994

Distribution: Scattered in northwestern Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.

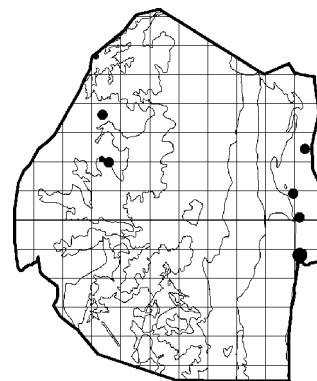
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Evergreen forest.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Data Deficient*. Should be considered for *Least Concern* status.

General: The wood is used to make splints for bone fractures.



Ochna gamostigmata Du Toit

O. atropurpurea var. *angustifolia*

Common name: Small Forest Plane

Siswati name: maHlanganisa

Voucher specimen(s): 445, 866

Distribution: Sparsely scattered in northwestern Swaziland.

Abundance: Rare to common.

Habitat: Understorey of afro-montane forest.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Data Deficient*. Should be considered for *Least Concern* status.



Ochna holstii Engl.

O. acutifolia, *O. chirindica*, *O. prunifolia*

Common name: Red Ironwood

Voucher specimen(s): 1031

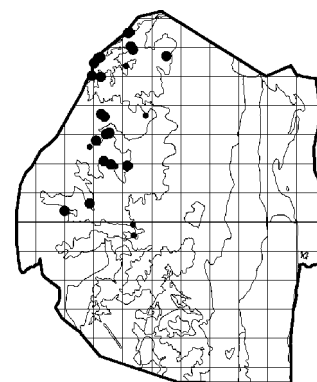
Distribution: Scattered in northwestern and central-western Swaziland.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Understorey of evergreen forest and in forested ravines. Occasionally among rocks in grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.



Ochna natalitia (Meisn.) Walp.

O. atropurpurea var. *natalitia*

Common name: Natal Plane, Mickey Mouse Bush

Siswati name: siFunbasenkhalala, umHlabelo, Umvuma, Lincenza, maHlanganisa

Distribution: Widespread throughout most of Swaziland.

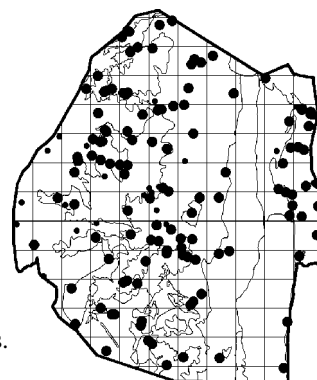
Abundance: Common.

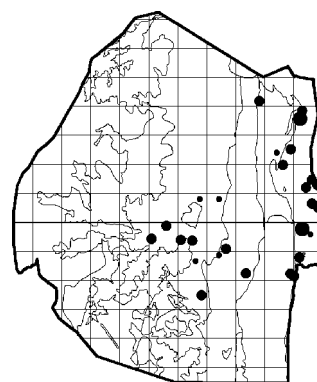
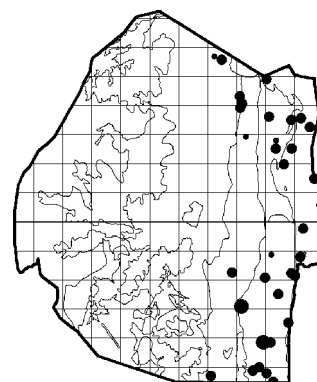
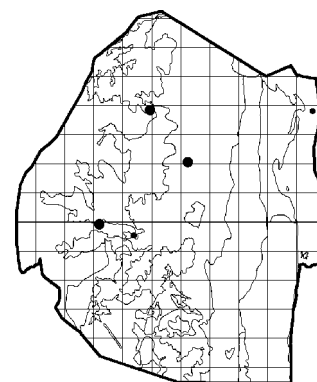
Habitat: Bushveld, grassland, forest, and thicket. Often among rocks and along forest margins.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

General: The roots are used to treat bone fractures and as a mixer for medicines.



Ochna serrulata (Hochst.) Walp.**Common name:** Small-leaved Plane**Siswati name:** siFubasenkhalala, maHlanganisa, umVuma**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in central-western and western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Wooded grassland, forest margins, and moist bushveld. Occasionally on rocky outcrops and near watercourses.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The wood is used to make splints for bone fractures.**OLACACEAE****Olax dissitiflora** Oliv.**Common name:** Small-fruit Olax, Small Sourplum**Siswati name:** umShamphunzana, Mampuzane**Distribution:** Scattered in eastern and central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld and on rocky hillsides.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Ximenia americana** L. var. **microphylla** Welw. ex Oliv.**Common name:** Blue Sourplum**Siswati name:** umTfundvuluka, umKhorotjana**Distribution:** Widespread in eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, woodland, and dry thicket. Often in rocky places.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used to treat snake bites.**Ximenia caffra** Sond. var. **caffra****Common name:** Sourplum**Siswati name:** umTfundvuluka, Emathunduluka**Voucher specimen(s):** 575**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in central Swaziland, with an isolated patch near Shewula on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** Wooded grassland and bushveld.**Land tenure:** SNL and TDL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

OLACACEAE

Ximenia caffra Sond. var. **natalensis** Sond.

Common name: Natal Sourplum, Sourplum

Siswati name: umTfundvuluka

Voucher specimen(s): 862

Distribution: Scattered throughout most of Swaziland.

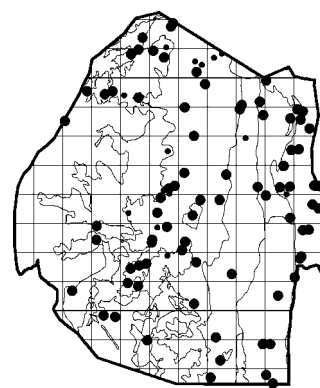
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Bushveld, woodland, thicket, wooded grassland, and grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

General: The roots are used to treat asthma and flu and the fruit is eaten locally.



OLEACEAE

Chionanthus foveolatus (E.Mey.) Stearn subsp. **foveolatus**

Linociera foveolata subsp. *foveolata*

Common name: Common Pock Ironwood

Siswati name: isAndletshe

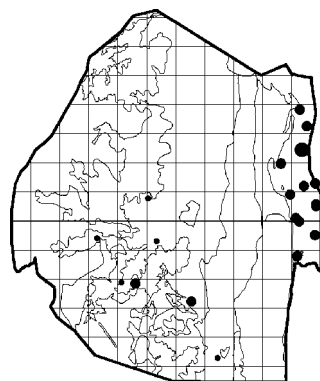
Distribution: Scattered in south-central Swaziland and widespread on the Lebombo Range.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: In and along the margins of evergreen forest, bushveld, thicket, and woodland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.



Chionanthus peglerae (C.H.Wright) Stearn

Linociera peglerae

Common name: Giant Pock Ironwood

Voucher specimen(s): 954, 982, 1032

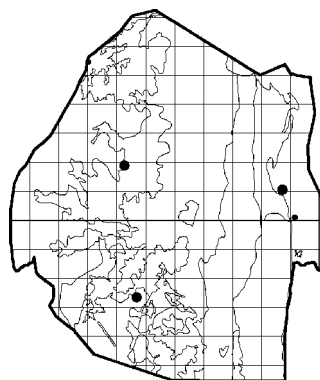
Distribution: Isolated patches in central-western and northwestern Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.

Abundance: Common to rare.

Habitat: Evergreen forest.

Land tenure: SNL and PA.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.



Jasminum breviflorum Harv. ex C.H.Wright

Common name: Wild Jasmine

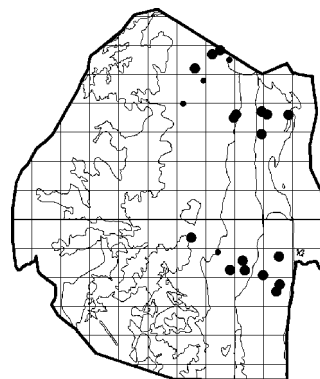
Distribution: Scattered in northeastern and central-eastern Swaziland.

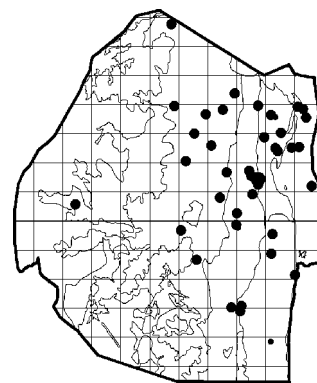
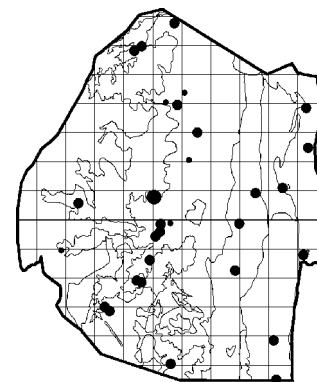
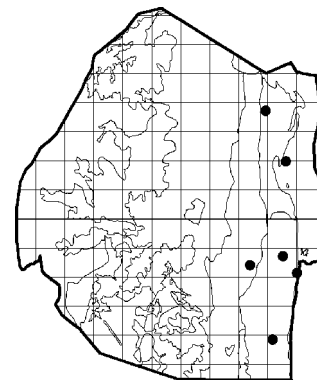
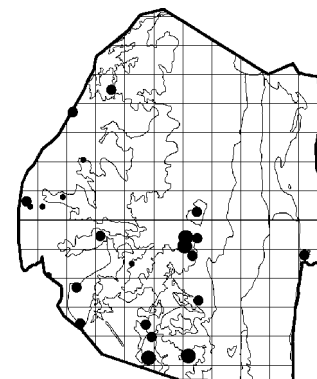
Abundance: Common.

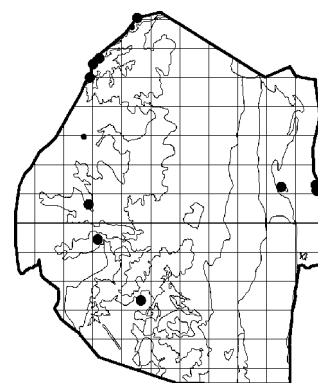
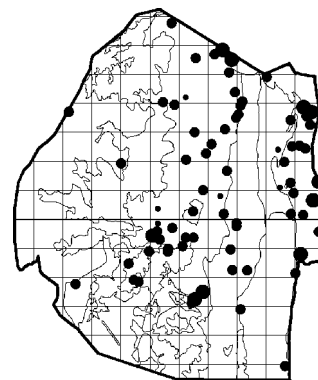
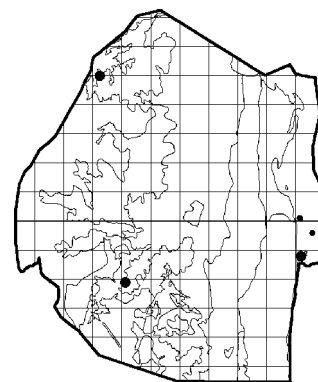
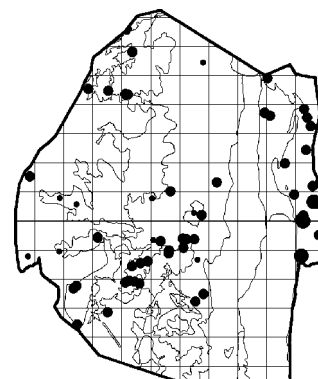
Habitat: Woodland, dry thicket, and bushveld.

Land tenure: Wide range.

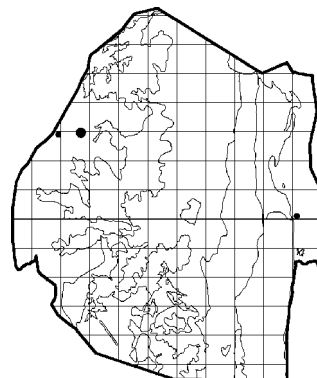
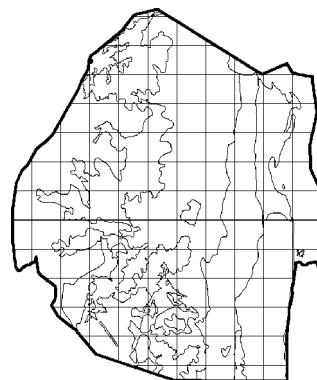
Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.



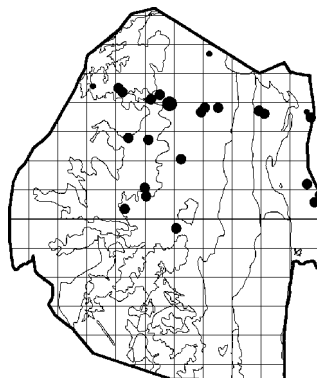
Jasminum fluminense Vell.*J. mauritianum***Voucher specimen(s):** 823**Distribution:** Scattered in central and eastern Swaziland, with isolated patches in the north and west.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Dry thicket, bushveld, and low-altitude riparian vegetation.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Jasminum multipartitum** Hochst.**Common name:** Common Wild Jasmine**Distribution:** Scattered throughout most of Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Woodland, bushveld, thicket, and on wooded slopes.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Jasminum stenlobum** Rolfe**Common name:** Hairy Jasmine**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld and dry thicket, often on rocky ridges.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Olea capensis** L. subsp. **enervis** (Harv. ex C.H.Wright) I.Verd.*O. enervis***Common name:** Rock Ironwood**Siswati name:** siNhletje, umNcuma**Voucher specimen(s):** 392, 398, 470, 975**Distribution:** Scattered in western, central, and southwestern Swaziland, and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Wooded grassland and bushveld. Often on rocky outcrops.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least concern.***General:** The bark is used to treat indigestion.

Olea capensis L. subsp. **macrocarpa** (C.H.Wright) I.Verd.*O. macrocarpa***Common name:** Ironwood**Siswati name:** siTimane**Voucher specimen(s):** 439, 787, 969**Distribution:** Scattered in northwestern and central-western Swaziland, and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** It has a very hard wood which was used for railway sleepers. The branches are used for making tools.**Olea europaea** L. subsp. **africana** (Mill.) P.S.Green*O. africana, O. chrysophylla***Common name:** African Olive**Siswati name:** umNcuma**Distribution:** Widespread in central and eastern Swaziland, with patches in the west.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Woodland, bushveld, forest margins, and riverine thicket. Often on rocky outcrops.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The wood is hard and used for timber, firewood, cattle kraals, and crafts. The bark and leaves are used for medicinal purposes.**Olea woodiana** Knobl.**Common name:** Forest Olive**Siswati name:** maNyatsi**Voucher specimen(s):** 148, 158**Distribution:** Isolated patches near the hydro dam on the Mkhomazane River in the northwest, and at Mehlwabovu in the Mkhondvo Valley in southwestern Swaziland. Sparsely scattered on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest and shady bush clumps in bushveld.**Land tenure:** SNL and TDL.**Conservation Status:** *Data Deficient*. Should be considered for *Near Threatened* status.**General:** It has a hard and durable wood, which is used for staffs.**Schrebera alata** (Hochst.) Welw.*S. argyrotricha***Common name:** Wing-leaved Wooden-pear**Siswati name:** sEhlulamanya**Voucher specimen(s):** 722**Distribution:** Scattered in northern, central, western, and eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, evergreen forest, forest margins, woodland, and on rocky hillsides.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** Two possible forms of this species have been identified in Swaziland. The more common being *S. alata*, usually found in higher altitude forest, and *S. argyrotricha* that occurs at lower altitudes, more frequently in bushveld.

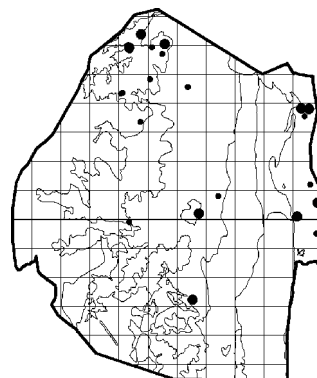
OLINIACEAE

Olinia emarginata Burt Davy**Common name:** Mountain Hard Pear**Voucher specimen(s):** 520**Distribution:** Disjunct patches in northwestern Swaziland and in Jilobi Forest on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** On rock outcrops in mountain grassland and in Lebombo forest.**Land tenure:** SNL and TDL.**Conservation Status:** *Data Deficient*. Should be considered for *Near Threatened* status.**General:** It is presently threatened by indiscriminate harvesting and burning. In the highveld it is seriously threatened by the invasive *Acacia mearnsii* and increasing urban sprawl.**Olinia radiata** Hofmeyr & E. Phillips**Common name:** Forest Hard-pear**Voucher specimen(s):** 442**Distribution:** Isolated patch at Bulembu in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Rare.**Habitat:** Afromontane forest, within the mist-belt.**Land tenure:** SNL.**Conservation Status:** Should be considered for *Near Threatened* status.

ONAGRACEAE

Ludwigia octovalvis (Jacq.) P.H. Raven*Jussiaea angustifolia***Common name:** Shrubby Ludwigia**Voucher specimen(s):** 509**Distribution:** Scattered in central, north-central, and eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along rivers and streams, in marshy areas, and on pans.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

PASSIFLORACEAE

Adenia gummifera (Harv.) Harms var. **gummifera***Modecca gummifera***Common name:** Snake Climber**Siswati name:** iMphinda, Phindumshaye, Imfulo**Distribution:** Scattered in northern and central Swaziland, and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common to rare.**Habitat:** Evergreen forest, occasionally near water, forested ravines, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots and stems are used to treat cattle and the trunk, roots, and bark for vomiting.

PHYTOLACCACEAE

***Phytolacca octandra L.**

Common name: Forest Inkberry

Distribution: Scattered in western and central-western Swaziland.

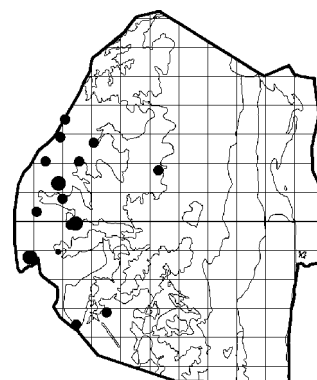
Abundance: Common to abundant.

Habitat: Invasive in grassland, clear-felled areas, along roadsides, and waste places.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Legal status: Proposed Invader.

General: A problem weed in most industrial timber plantations. The seeds are efficiently dispersed by birds.



PIPERACEAE

Piper capense L.f.

Common name: Wild Pepper

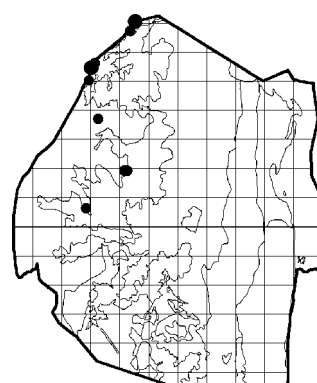
Distribution: Scattered in northwestern and central-western Swaziland.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Deep shade in evergreen forest, often near water.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least concern.*



PITOSPORACEAE

Pittosporum viridiflorum Sims

Common name: Cheesewood

Siswati name: umVusamvu, Mkhwakhwa, Sibhaha-senkhangala

Voucher specimen(s): 455

Distribution: Widespread in western and central Swaziland, with an isolated patch in Manzimnyame Gorge on the Lebombo Range.

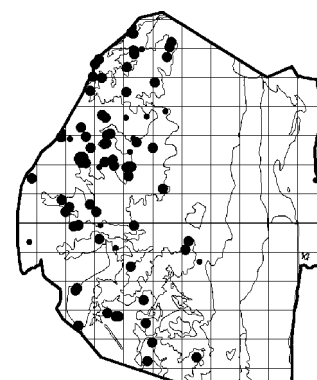
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: In and along the margins of evergreen forest, on rocky outcrops in grassland and bushveld, riverine thicket, and bush clumps.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least concern.*

General: The roots and bark are used to treat psychosis.



POLYGALACEAE

Polygala virgata Thunb. var. decora (Sond.) Harv.

Common name: Purple Broom

Voucher specimen(s): 394

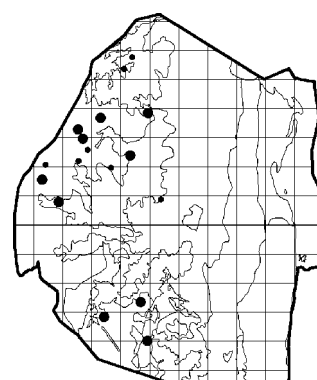
Distribution: Scattered in western and central Swaziland.

Abundance: Common to rare.

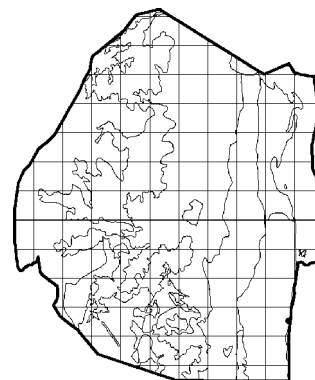
Habitat: Along forest fringes, in grassland and wooded grassland. Often in disturbed areas.

Land tenure: Wide range.

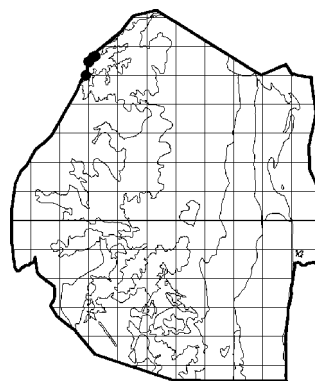
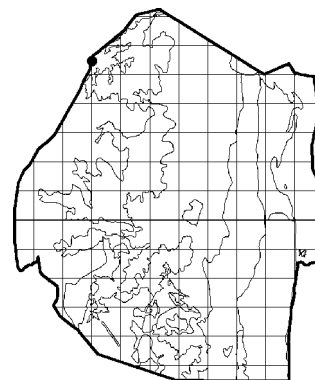
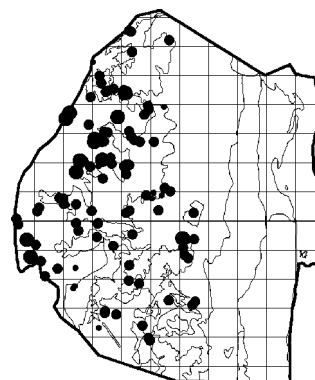
Conservation Status: *Least Concern.*



PORTULACACEAE

Portulacaria afra Jacq.**Common name:** Porkbush, Elephant's Foot**Siswati name:** siDondwane**Distribution:** Isolated patches in Mtibhlati Gorge, and at Cecil Mac's Pass on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Rare.**Habitat:** Dry rocky ridges in the Lebombo bushveld.**Land tenure:** SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** Occasionally planted as a hedge around homesteads and used to reduce soil erosion.

PROTEACEAE

Faurea galpinii E.Phillips**Common name:** Escarpment Beechwood, Forest Beech**Siswati name:** siSefo, siCalaba**Voucher specimen(s):** 466**Distribution:** Restricted to northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** On the margins of afro-montane forest within the mist-belt.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Faurea macnaughtonii** E.Phillips*F. natalensis***Common name:** Terblanz Beech, Macnaughton's Beech**Siswati name:** siSefo**Voucher specimen(s):** 440, 447, 1033**Distribution:** Isolated patch near Bulembu in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** In deep shade in afro-montane forest within the mist-belt.**Land tenure:** SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Data Deficient*. Should be considered for *Near Threatened* status.**Faurea rochetiana** (A.Rich.) Chiov. ex Pic.Serm.*F. speciosa***Common name:** Broad-leaved Beechwood**Siswati name:** siSefo, siCalaba**Distribution:** Widespread in western and central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Grassy hillsides, wooded grassland, along forest margins, and open bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used for deworming.

Faurea saligna Harv.

Common name: Willow Beechwood, Transvaal Beech

Siswati name: siSefo, siCalaba

Voucher specimen(s): 172

Distribution: Scattered in central and northern Swaziland, with patches on the Lebombo Mountains.

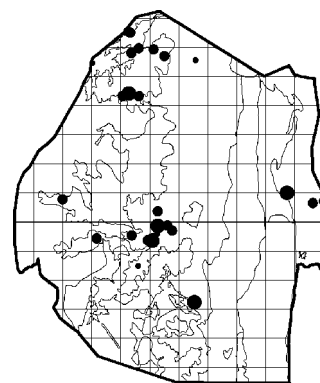
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Rocky slopes, along river banks, and in open bushveld. Often on well-drained soils.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

General: The roots are used as a dewormer.



***Grevillea robusta** A.Cunn. ex R.Br.

Common name: Australian Silky Oak

Distribution: Scattered in western and central Swaziland.

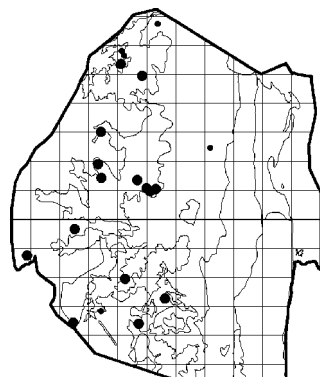
Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Grassland, moist bushveld, forest margins, urban areas, and along stream and river banks.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Legal status: Declared Invader.

General: Exotic garden escapee that has become naturalised in areas.



Protea caffra Meisn. subsp. *caffra*

P. bolusii, *P. multibracteata*, *P. rhodantha* subsp. *rhodantha*

Common name: Common Protea, Natal Sugarbush, Common Sugarbush

Siswati name: siDlungu, siCalabane

Distribution: Widespread in the west, with patches in central Swaziland and on Mhlababomvu Ridge in the Lebombo Mountains.

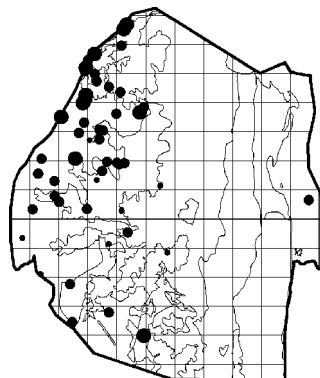
Abundance: Common to abundant.

Habitat: On rocky ridges and mountain slopes in grassland and wooded grassland.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

General: The roots and flowers are used for deworming and to treat psychosis.



Protea caffra Meisn. subsp. *falcata* (Beard) M.C.Lotter

P. rhodantha var. *falcata*, *P. caffra* subsp. *caffra* in part

Common name: Sickle-leaved Protea

Siswati name: siDlungu, siCalabane

Voucher specimen(s): 996

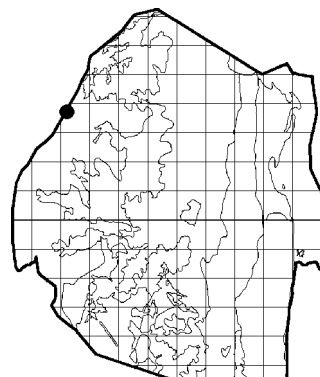
Distribution: Isolated patch at Ngwenya North in Malolotja Nature Reserve.

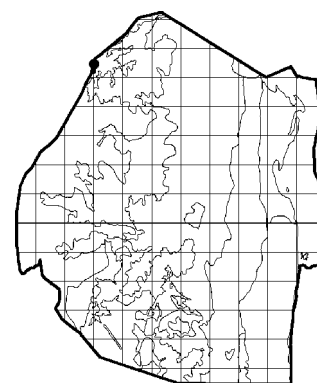
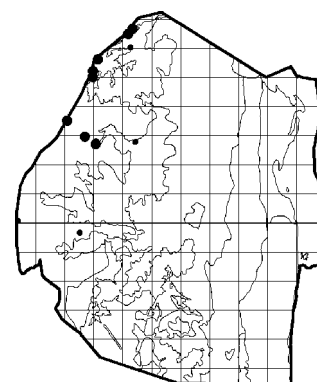
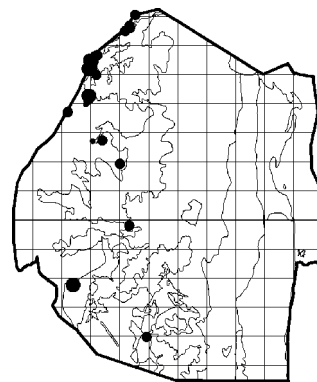
Abundance: Abundant.

Habitat: Steep rocky mountainsides in montane grassland.

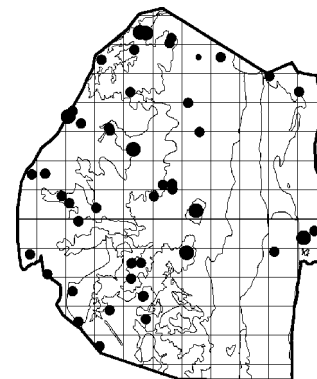
Land tenure: PA.

Conservation Status: *Least Concern*.

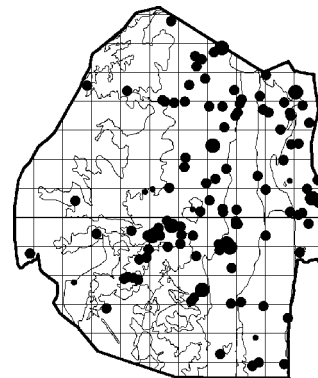
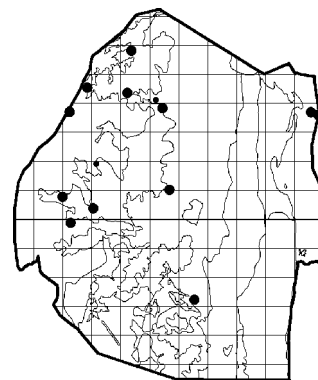
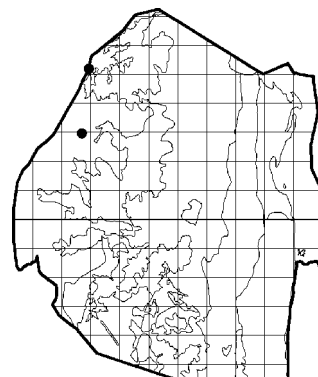
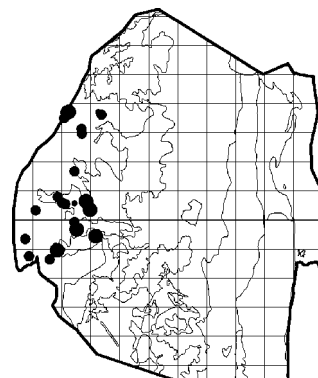


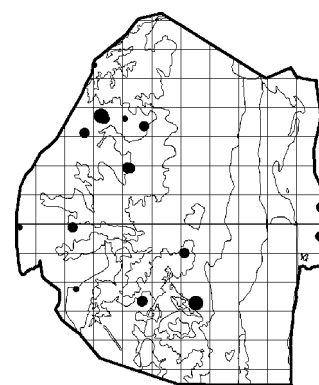
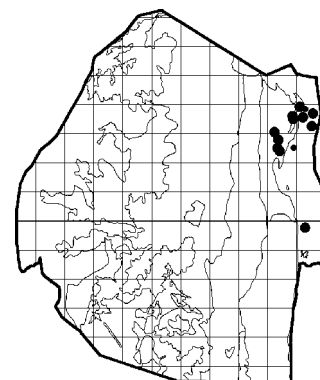
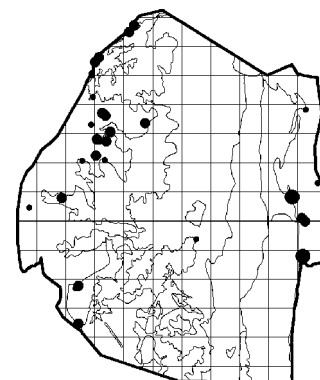
Protea comptonii Beard**Common name:** Barberton Protea**Siswati name:** siDlungu, siCalabane**Distribution:** Isolated patches at Mgqwayisa in Malolotja Nature Reserve, and near Bulembu in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Steep rocky northeast-facing mountainsides in montane grassland.**Land tenure:** SNL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Endangered*.**General:** A representative endemic/near-endemic to the Barberton Centre of Plant Diversity (Van Wyk & Smith, 2001). The locality at Mgqwayisa in northern Malolotja Nature Reserve is threatened by the opening of a proposed green-chert mine. The operation of the mine poses a threat to the habitat of *P. comptonii*.**Protea gaguedi** J.F.Gmel.*P. abyssinica***Common name:** African Protea, African White Sugarbush**Siswati name:** siDlungu, siCalabane**Voucher specimen(s):** 535, 717**Distribution:** Scattered in northwestern and western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** On rocky ridges and mountain slopes in grassland and wooded grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Protea roupelliae** Meisn. subsp. *roupelliae**P. incana***Common name:** Silver Protea**Siswati name:** siDlungu, siCalabane**Distribution:** Scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** On rocky mountainsides in high-altitude grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

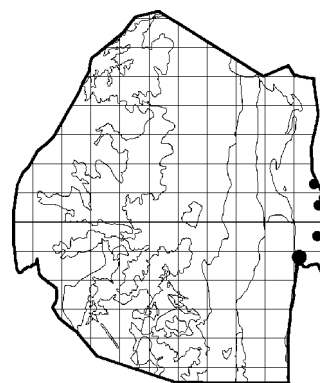
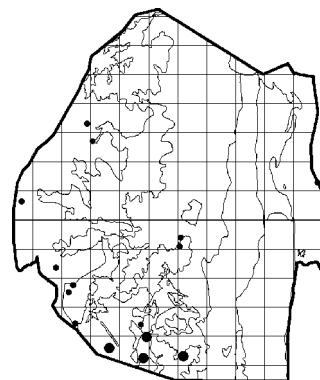
RANUNCULACEAE

Clematis brachiata Thunb.**Common name:** Traveller's Joy**Siswati name:** Litinyo-lemamba**Distribution:** Scattered throughout most of Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Woodland, rocky hillsides, forest margins, thicket, and bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used for treating flu.

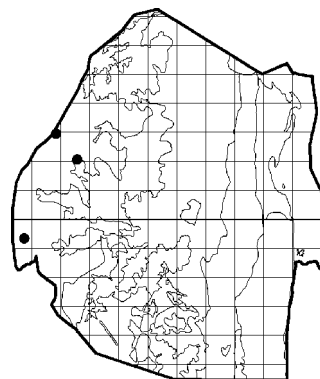
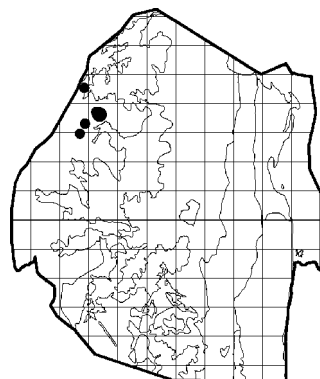
RHAMNACEAE

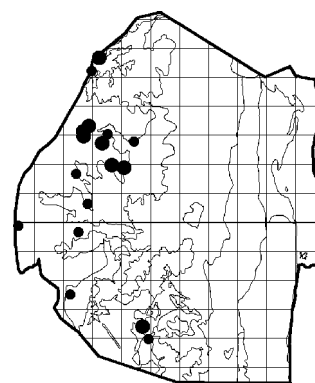
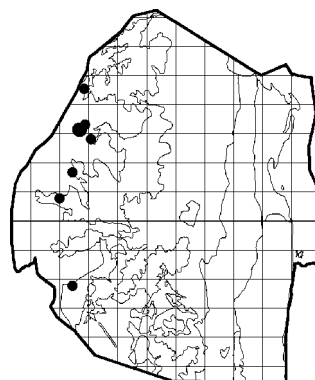
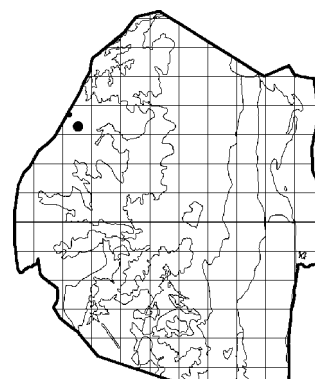
Berchemia zeyheri (Sond.) Grubov*B. transvaalensis*, *Phyllogeiton zeyheri***Common name:** Red Ivory**Siswati name:** umNeyi, siNeyi**Distribution:** Widespread in eastern and central Swaziland, with patches in the west.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, woodland, dry thicket, and riverine vegetation. Often on rocky outcrops or termitaria.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The wood is used for furniture, firewood, and curios. The bark for treating diarrhoea and as a diuretic. The fruit is eaten locally.**Helinus integrifolius** (Lam.) Kuntze*H. ovatus*, *H. scandens***Common name:** Soap Creeper**Voucher specimen(s):** 1037**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in western and central Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, wooded grassland, and riverine vegetation. Often in river valleys.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The roots are used to wash away bad luck.**Phylica paniculata** Willd.**Common name:** Common Hard-leaf, Northern Hard-leaf**Siswati name:** umDidi**Voucher specimen(s):** 533**Distribution:** Isolated patches in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Rocky outcrops in mountain grassland and along afro-montane forest margins.**Land tenure:** SNL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** The species is probably more widespread in western Swaziland and needs further investigation.**Rhamnus prinoides** L'Hér.*R. celtifolius*, *R. pauciflorus***Common name:** Dogwood, Shiny-leaf**Siswati name:** iNyenyeye**Voucher specimen(s):** 462**Distribution:** Scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Along mountain streams, evergreen forest margins, and bush clumps in grassland.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Scutia myrtina (Burm.f.) Kurz*S. indica, S. commersonii, S. capensis, S. natalensis, S. buxifolia, S. hutchinsonii***Common name:** Cat-thorn**Siswati name:** siPhingo**Voucher specimen(s):** 1034**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in western and south-central Swaziland and on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** In and along the margins of evergreen forest and on the fringes of mountain streams.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***Ziziphus mucronata** Willd. subsp. **mucronata****Common name:** Buffalo-thorn**Siswati name:** umLahlabantfu, Umphafa**Distribution:** Widespread throughout most of Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Bushveld, thicket, woodland, wooded grassland, riverine thicket, and along forest margins. Often on alluvial soils.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***General:** It is said to indicate the presence of underground water. The bark is used for medicinal purposes and the roots to treat syphilis. The branches are used during traditional burial ceremonies.**Ziziphus rivularis** Codd**Common name:** River Jujube, False Buffalo-thorn**Distribution:** Scattered in eastern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along drainage lines and on rocky outcrops in bushveld.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.***RHIZOPHORACEAE****Cassipourea malosana** (Baker) Alston*C. gerrardii, C. congoensis, C. elliotii, Weihea gerrardii***Common name:** Common Onionwood**Siswati name:** umChafutane, uMmemezi-lobovu**Voucher specimen(s):** 402**Distribution:** Scattered in the west and on the Lebombo Range, with a patch on Sinceni Mountain in central Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** Understorey of evergreen forest and along forest margins.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern.*

Cassipourea mossambicensis (Brehmer) Alston**Common name:** Sand Onionwood**Siswati name:** umMemeza**Voucher specimen(s):** 493, 986**Distribution:** Restricted to the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Lebombo forest.**Land tenure:** SNL and TDL.**Conservation Status:** Should be considered for *Near Threatened* status.**General:** A species that is restricted to Maputaland. The bark is used to make a balm to lighten skin colour.**Cassipourea swaziensis** Compton**Common name:** Swazi Onionwood**Voucher specimen(s):** 389, 536, 637, 1035**Distribution:** Scattered in southwestern, central, and western Swaziland, with an isolated patch in Manzimnyame Gorge on the Lebombo Range.**Abundance:** Rare to common.**Habitat:** Bush clumps and rocky outcrops in grassland. Often on exposed quartzite outcrops.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Data Deficient*. Should be considered for *Least Concern* status.

ROSACEAE

Cliffortia linearifolia Eckl. & Zeyh.**Common name:** River Rice-bush**Distribution:** Sparsely scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along mountain streams and rivers.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** Probably more widespread in western Swaziland and needs further surveying.**Cliffortia nitidula** (Engl.) R.E.Fr. & T.C.E.Fr. subsp. **pilosa** Weim.**Common name:** Starry Rice-bush**Voucher specimen(s):** 532, 538**Distribution:** Scattered in northwestern Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** In high-altitude mountainous grassland, along stream banks, and forest margins.**Land tenure:** SNL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.

Cliffortia repens Schltr.**Common name:** Escarpment Rice-bush**Voucher specimen(s):** 399**Distribution:** Scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common to abundant.**Habitat:** High-altitude grassland, on rocky hillsides, and along mountain streams.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Cliffortia serpyllifolia** Cham. & Schldl.**Common name:** Pompon Rice bush**Distribution:** Isolated patch along the upper reaches of the Mbuluzi River in central-western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along river banks.**Land tenure:** SNL.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** Probably more widespread in western and central Swaziland and needs further investigation.**Cliffortia strobilifera** L.**Common name:** Cone Rice-bush**Voucher specimen(s):** 539**Distribution:** Scattered in western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along mountain streams and rivers.**Land tenure:** Wide range.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**Leucosidea sericea** Eckl. & Zeyh.**Common name:** Oldwood**Siswati name:** umChitsi**Distribution:** Isolated patches near Hawane and Ngwenya North in north-western Swaziland.**Abundance:** Common.**Habitat:** Along streams in mountain grassland and along valley bottoms. Often a pioneer species forming dense stands.**Land tenure:** SNL and PA.**Conservation Status:** *Least Concern*.**General:** Probably more widespread in western Swaziland and needs further surveying.

Prunus africana (Hook.f.) Kalkman

Common name: African Almond, Red Stinkwood

Siswati name: umDumezulu

Voucher specimen(s): 552

Distribution: Sparsely scattered in western and central Swaziland, with patches on the Lebombo Range.

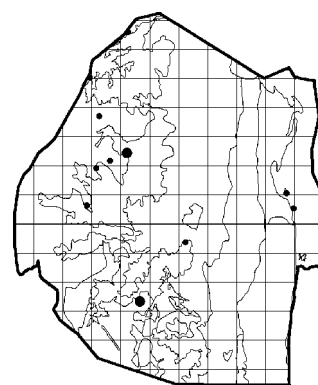
Abundance: Rare to common.

Habitat: Evergreen forest.

Land tenure: Wide range.

Conservation Status: *Endangered*.

General: Bark is used extensively for medicinal purposes and is in demand both by local and international medicine markets.



***Pyracantha angustifolia** (Franch.) C.K.Schneid.

Common name: Yellow Fire Thorn

Distribution: Scattered in northwestern Swaziland.

Abundance: Common to rare.

Habitat: High-altitude grassland and urban areas.

Land tenure: TDL and Urban.

Legal status: Declared Invader.

General: Exotic garden escapee that has become naturalised in certain areas. The berries are enjoyed by birds, encouraging efficient seed dispersal.



***Rubus cuneifolius** Pursh

Common name: American bramble, Sand bramble

Distribution: Scattered in western Swaziland.

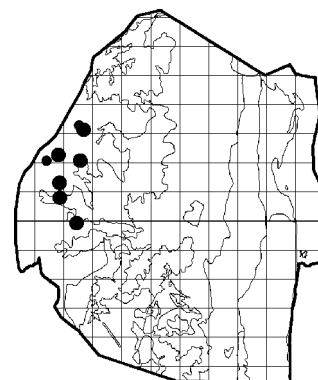
Abundance: Abundant.

Habitat: Forms impenetrable clumps in grassland, on roadsides, forest edges, and along watercourses.

Land tenure: TDL and SNL.

Legal status: Declared Weed.

General: The berries are eaten by birds, animals, and people, assisting with effective seed dispersal. It also spreads by establishing resistant root suckers.



***Rubus niveus** Thunb.

R. lasiocarpus

Common name: Java bramble, Hill Raspberry, Mysore Raspberry

Siswati name: liGungumence

Distribution: Widespread in western Swaziland.

Abundance: Common.

Habitat: Grassland, industrial timber plantations, on forest edges, and along watercourses.

Land tenure: Wide range.

General: The berries are eaten by birds, animals, and people, assisting with effective seed dispersal.

