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# CONSERVATIVES WIDEN THEIR MODEST LEAD IN A PLACID POLITICAL ENVIRONMENT

LARGE 2-WEEK SAMPLE ALLOWS FOR DETAILED ANALYSIS OF REGIONAL AND DEMOGRAPHIC ANATOMY

[Ottawa – October 14, 2010] – The Conservative Party has managed to widen its lead in the final week of polling to a near seven-point advantage over the moribund Liberals. While still a close race, the recent movements favour the Conservatives. In the first week of the polling period, their lead was a slenderer four points but the pattern is clearly one of the Conservatives returning to a more comfortable lead. The other notable poll finding is that the NDP have recovered to more comfortable 16-point territory after a brief flirtation with the low teens. These movements are not dramatic and follow the familiar ebb and flow of Conservative and Liberal fortunes over the past year.

Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time.

#### **HIGHLIGHTS**

- National federal vote intention:
  - ¤ 34.4% CPC
  - ¤ 27.8% LPC
  - **¤ 15.8% NDP**
  - ¤ 10.4% Green
  - ¤ 9.3% BQ
  - **2.3% other**
- Direction of country:
  - ¤ 50.6% right direction
  - **x** 37.4% wrong direction
  - **¤ 12.0% DK/NR**
- Direction of government:
  - **¤ 42.1% right direction**
  - **x** 45.4% wrong direction
  - **¤ 12.5% DK/NR**

Please note that the methodology is provided at the end of this document.

There is nothing very surprising in the regional patterns, but they do point to the key challenges for the parties as they ponder an election in the coming year. The Conservatives are extremely strong in their Alberta fortress and continue to exert dominance over the Manitoba and Saskatchewan electorate. British Columbia remains a tight three-way race with evidence of greater dissatisfaction with federal direction than the rest of the west. The Conservatives have, however, carved out a significant lead and the Liberals now trail by ten points. Ontario will be the key to success in the next election and the two main rivals for power are locked in a virtual stalemate at around 36 points each.

More and more, Quebec appears to be a major problem for the Conservative Party, as they have returned to the low teens following a brief boost after the Quebec arena hopes. The Liberals are the stronger federalist option in Quebec, but the Bloc is looking to be, by far, the most attractive voter option. The Atlantic is leaning Liberal, but both the Conservatives and the NDP have prospects there.



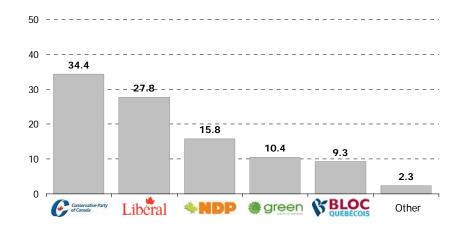
The demographic profile shows Conservative strength very much focussed among Anglophones, seniors, men, and those born in Canada. The Liberals, in contrast, do best with non-Canadian born and the university educated. Notably, the major shift of the university educated to the Liberals seems to have stopped and even reversed slightly. Women voters are underwhelmed with either of the two main parties. Finally, young voters are not showing any clear attraction to any of the parties although they do tend to be much more favourably inclined to the Green Party.



# **Top Line Results:**

#### Federal vote intention: October 6-12

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

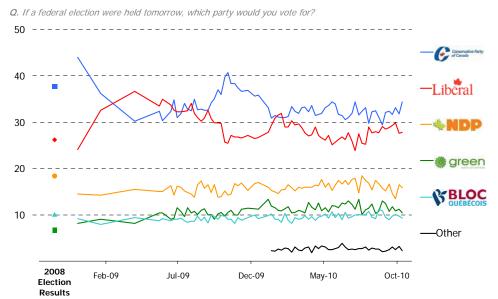


Note: The data on federal vote intention are based on decided voters only. Our survey also finds that 14.0% of Canadians are undecided/ineligible to vote

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BASE: Decided voters; October 6-12, 2010 (n=1,569)

# Weekly tracking of federal vote intention



Note: The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 14.0% of Canadians are undecided/ineligible to vote.

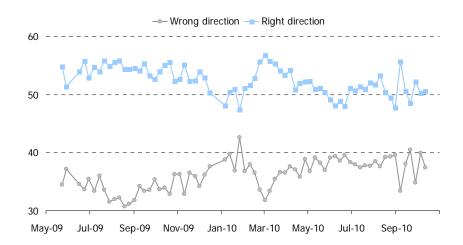
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BASE: Decided voters; most recent data point October 6-12, 2010 (n=1,569)



# **Direction of country**

Q. All things considered, would you say the country is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?

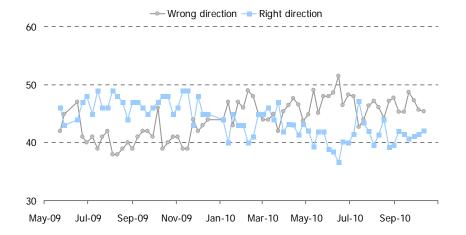


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BASE: Canadians; most recent data point October 6-12, 2010 (n=half sample)

# **Direction of government**

Q. All things considered, would you say the Government of Canada is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?



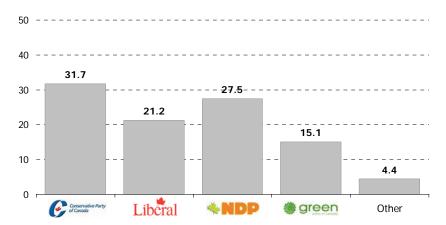
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BASE: Canadians; most recent data point October 6-12, 2010 (n=half sample)



## Federal vote intention: British Columbia

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

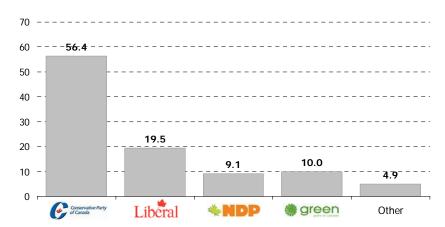
The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 14.3% of British Columbia residents are undecided/ineligible to vote.

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BASE: Decided voters in British Columbia; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=385)

## Federal vote intention: Alberta

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 10.6% of Alberta residents are undecided/ineligible to vote.

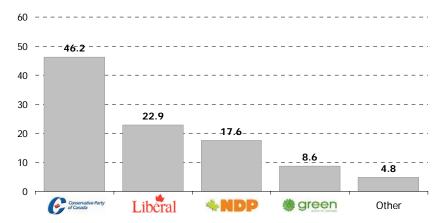
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BASE: Decided voters in Alberta; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=387)



#### Federal vote intention: Manitoba/Saskatchewan

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

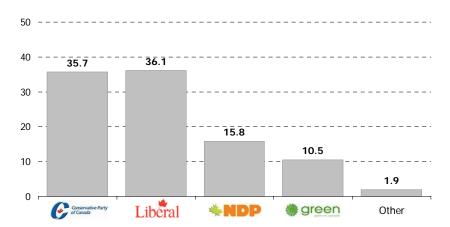
The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 16.3% of Manitoba/Saskatchewan residents are undecided/ineligible to vote.

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BASE: Decided voters in Manitoba/Saskatchewan; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=254)

#### Federal vote intention: Ontario

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 13.3% of Ontario residents are undecided/ineligible to vote.

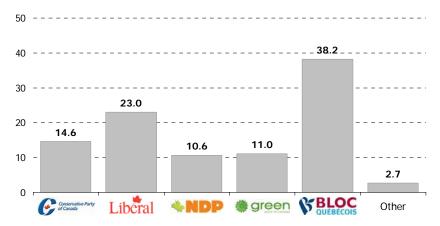
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BASE: Decided voters in Ontario; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=1,732)



#### Federal vote intention: Quebec

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

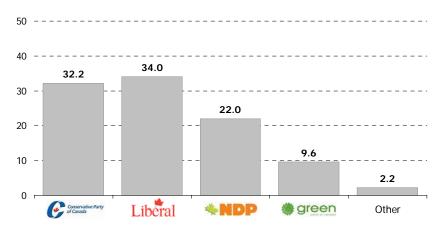
The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 13.8% of Quebec residents are undecided/ineligible to vote.

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BASE: Decided voters in Quebec; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=1,025)

## Federal vote intention: Atlantic Canada

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 17.4% of Atlantic Canada residents are undecided/ineligible to vote.

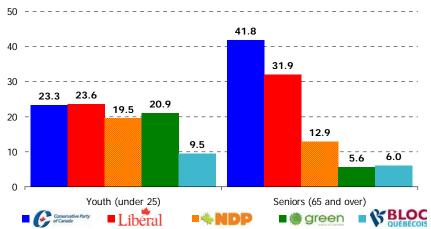
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BASE: Decided voters in Atlantic Canada; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=271)



## Federal vote intention: Age

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

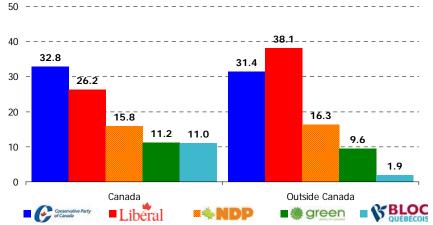
The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 14.9% of youth and 13.1% of seniors are undecided/ineligible to vote.

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BASE: Decided voters who are seniors or youth; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=1,127)

#### Federal vote intention: Place of birth

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 13.8% of Canadians are undecided/ineligible to vote.

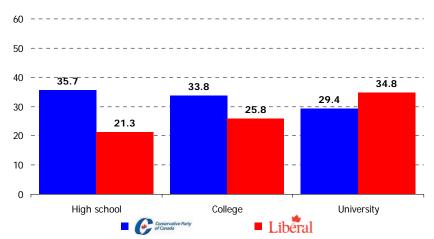
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BASE: Decided voters; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=4,054)



# Federal vote intention: Education

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: Because of the relatively high stability in the electorate, we are using the entire two-week panel of nearly 5,000 cases to provide a very reliable portrait of the demographic and regional patterns of voter support at this time. We will be returning to focusing on the second week in our next release.

The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only.

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BASE: Decided voters; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=4,054)



# **Detailed Tables:**

## National Federal Vote Intention: October 6-12

	Generative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	* green	<b>BLOC</b> QUÉBÉCOIS	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
NATIONALLY	34.4%	27.8%	15.8%	10.4%	9.3%	2.3%	1569	2.5
REGION								
British Columbia	40.9%	16.3%	23.5%	15.2%	0.0%	4.1%	133	8.5
Alberta	61.8%	15.0%	12.4%	7.5%	0.0%	3.3%	139	8.3
Saskatchewan/Manitoba	45.0%	20.2%	21.1%	9.6%	0.0%	4.1%	108	9.4
Ontario	37.8%	37.3%	14.3%	9.5%	0.0%	1.1%	650	3.8
Quebec	13.7%	24.0%	10.1%	12.7%	37.0%	2.4%	440	4.7
Atlantic Canada	26.9%	37.0%	30.9%	2.8%	0.0%	2.3%	99	9.9
GENDER								
Male	40.0%	25.8%	15.3%	9.2%	7.9%	1.7%	789	3.5
Female	28.5%	29.9%	16.4%	11.6%	10.6%	3.0%	780	3.5
AGE								
<25	25.4%	26.5%	12.0%	23.8%	9.3%	3.0%	133	8.5
25-44	31.8%	27.1%	17.9%	9.5%	11.2%	2.5%	542	4.2
45-64	36.3%	26.7%	16.4%	9.1%	9.3%	2.2%	611	4.0
65+	41.8%	32.4%	13.0%	5.9%	5.2%	1.8%	283	5.8
EDUCATION								
High school or less	38.3%	20.7%	15.7%	9.9%	12.4%	3.0%	405	4.9
College or CEGEP	34.5%	25.7%	14.7%	12.1%	9.6%	3.3%	534	4.2
University or higher	31.9%	33.8%	16.9%	9.2%	7.1%	1.1%	630	3.9
METROPOLITAN CANADA								
Vancouver	43.6%	16.5%	19.8%	14.2%	0.0%	5.9%	51	13.7
Calgary	57.6%	22.0%	4.8%	11.2%	0.0%	4.5%	42	15.1
Toronto	35.8%	44.4%	11.3%	6.6%	0.0%	1.8%	166	7.6
Ottawa	35.0%	37.5%	14.4%	13.1%	0.0%	0.0%	48	14.1
Montreal	8.1%	27.2%	9.3%	14.7%	38.6%	2.2%	132	8.5



## Federal Vote Intention - British Columbia: October 6-12

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

	Consonative Porty of Cariada	Liberal	*NDP	green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	40.9%	16.3%	23.5%	15.2%	4.1%	133	8.5
GENDER							
Male	53.0%	8.0%	25.2%	13.8%	0.0%	74	11.4
Female	21.9%	30.7%	21.5%	14.6%	11.2%	59	12.8
AGE							
<25	31.3%	5.7%	0.0%	48.2%	14.9%	11	29.6
25-44	29.7%	30.2%	32.3%	3.8%	4.0%	27	18.9
45-64	50.6%	11.1%	17.2%	15.4%	5.7%	56	13.1
65+	34.4%	22.0%	36.6%	7.0%	0.0%	39	15.7
EDUCATION							
High school or less	37.5%	0.0%	30.9%	19.0%	12.6%	33	17.1
College or CEGEP	28.8%	31.3%	19.4%	14.7%	5.7%	46	14.5
University or higher	48.8%	18.3%	22.6%	10.2%	0.0%	54	13.3

## Federal Vote Intention - Alberta: October 6-12

	Generative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	* green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	61.8%	15.0%	12.4%	7.5%	3.3%	139	8.3
GENDER							
Male	69.3%	11.5%	14.1%	2.9%	2.3%	69	11.8
Female	55.5%	19.8%	11.0%	11.0%	2.7%	70	11.7
AGE							
<25	51.3%	33.3%	15.3%	0.0%	0.0%	6	40.0
25-44	72.2%	11.0%	8.2%	3.6%	5.0%	42	15.1
45-64	58.6%	11.3%	16.8%	12.5%	0.7%	64	12.3
65+	57.1%	24.6%	11.5%	4.4%	2.4%	27	18.9
EDUCATION							
High school or less	69.6%	10.4%	13.8%	3.2%	2.9%	39	15.7
College or CEGEP	67.9%	8.6%	14.6%	6.4%	2.5%	45	14.6
University or higher	53.9%	24.7%	10.1%	9.1%	2.3%	55	13.2



## Federal Vote Intention - Saskatchewan/Manitoba: October 6-12

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

	Conservative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	45.0%	20.2%	21.1%	9.6%	4.1%	108	9.4
GENDER							
Male	47.1%	23.4%	16.1%	12.0%	1.5%	46	14.5
Female	44.5%	17.9%	22.8%	7.4%	7.3%	62	12.5
AGE							
<25	78.1%	21.9%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	4	49.0
25-44	41.8%	23.7%	18.5%	10.6%	5.4%	38	15.9
45-64	37.2%	24.3%	27.6%	8.9%	2.0%	44	14.8
65+	65.6%	4.7%	8.4%	13.0%	8.4%	22	20.9
EDUCATION							
High school or less	43.7%	13.6%	31.5%	8.7%	2.5%	36	16.3
College or CEGEP	51.5%	22.4%	9.1%	8.6%	8.4%	34	16.8
University or higher	42.6%	25.2%	18.4%	11.8%	2.1%	38	15.9

#### Federal Vote Intention - Ontario: October 6-12

	Generative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	* green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	37.8%	37.3%	14.3%	9.5%	1.1%	650	3.8
GENDER							
Male	39.7%	36.0%	14.1%	8.9%	1.3%	353	5.2
Female	35.7%	38.7%	14.6%	10.2%	0.8%	297	5.7
AGE							
<25	27.2%	37.5%	16.7%	18.6%	0.0%	60	12.7
25-44	33.0%	38.0%	16.8%	10.4%	1.9%	237	6.4
45-64	41.8%	34.4%	14.6%	8.6%	0.7%	231	6.5
65+	46.2%	41.5%	7.4%	4.0%	1.0%	122	8.9
EDUCATION							
High school or less	40.1%	33.1%	15.9%	10.1%	0.8%	137	8.4
College or CEGEP	39.4%	34.5%	13.7%	10.4%	2.0%	220	6.6
University or higher	35.4%	41.3%	14.1%	8.7%	0.6%	293	5.7



## Federal Vote Intention - Quebec: October 6-12

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?

	Consumative Purty of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	<b>FBLOC</b> QUEBECOIS	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	13.7%	24.0%	10.1%	12.7%	37.0%	2.4%	440	4.7
GENDER								
Male	17.6%	23.4%	12.5%	10.0%	34.1%	2.3%	203	6.9
Female	11.3%	26.0%	7.2%	13.9%	39.1%	2.5%	237	6.4
AGE								
<25	13.4%	22.2%	13.3%	19.8%	28.5%	2.8%	48	14.1
25-44	14.0%	19.5%	11.1%	13.2%	40.0%	2.1%	166	7.6
45-64	11.7%	25.5%	10.1%	9.8%	39.7%	3.2%	167	7.6
65+	21.7%	35.3%	4.6%	8.2%	28.9%	1.3%	59	12.8
EDUCATION								
High school or less	18.7%	19.2%	7.1%	11.2%	42.4%	1.4%	132	8.5
College or CEGEP	12.2%	22.9%	10.6%	13.5%	37.4%	3.6%	154	7.9
University or higher	13.4%	30.9%	11.5%	11.1%	31.1%	2.1%	154	7.9

#### Federal Vote Intention - Atlantic Canada: October 6-12

	Consumative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	* green	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
OVERALL	26.9%	37.0%	30.9%	2.8%	2.3%	99	9.9
GENDER							
Male	28.6%	50.0%	17.9%	0.0%	3.6%	44	14.8
Female	20.4%	30.8%	41.6%	5.7%	1.5%	55	13.2
AGE							
<25	0.0%	57.4%	28.7%	13.9%	0.0%	4	49.0
25-44	25.3%	25.4%	46.0%	3.3%	0.0%	32	17.3
45-64	22.9%	44.4%	30.9%	0.0%	1.9%	49	14.0
65+	42.9%	47.5%	0.0%	0.0%	9.6%	14	26.2
EDUCATION							
High school or less	23.3%	43.4%	24.6%	0.0%	8.8%	28	18.5
College or CEGEP	40.0%	39.4%	15.0%	4.2%	1.4%	35	16.6
University or higher	17.9%	40.2%	38.4%	3.4%	0.0%	36	16.3



# **Direction of Country: October 6-12**

Q. All things considered, would you say the country is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?

	Right Direction	Wrong Direction	DK/NR	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
NATIONALLY	50.6%	37.4%	12.0%	922	3.2
REGION					
British Columbia	56.6%	37.3%	6.1%	84	10.7
Alberta	66.5%	21.1%	12.4%	73	11.5
Saskatchewan/Manitoba	44.4%	36.3%	19.3%	60	12.7
Ontario	49.6%	40.5%	10.0%	384	5.0
Quebec	41.1%	41.6%	17.3%	255	6.1
Atlantic Canada	61.1%	29.6%	9.2%	66	12.1
GENDER					
Male	54.2%	37.7%	8.1%	456	4.6
Female	46.7%	37.1%	16.3%	466	4.5
AGE					
<25	48.6%	37.4%	14.0%	77	11.2
25-44	52.9%	36.2%	10.9%	305	5.6
45-64	51.7%	38.0%	10.3%	358	5.2
65+	45.1%	38.5%	16.5%	182	7.3
EDUCATION					
High school or less	45.9%	37.3%	16.8%	248	6.2
College or CEGEP	50.2%	35.2%	14.5%	303	5.6
University or higher	53.7%	39.1%	7.2%	371	5.1
CURRENT VOTE INTENTION					
Conservative Party of Canada	74.0%	20.1%	5.8%	263	6.0
Liberal Party of Canada	48.7%	42.7%	8.6%	232	6.4
NDP	46.2%	46.6%	7.2%	118	9.0
Green Party	28.0%	57.9%	14.1%	79	11.0
Bloc Quebecois	39.2%	42.4%	18.4%	76	11.2
Undecided	30.1%	42.9%	27.1%	20	21.9



## **Direction of Government: October 6-12**

Q. All things considered, would you say the Government of Canada is moving in the right direction or the wrong direction?

	Right Direction	Wrong Direction	DK/NR	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
NATIONALLY	42.1%	45.4%	12.5%	910	3.3
REGION					
British Columbia	50.0%	34.9%	15.1%	72	11.6
Alberta	50.9%	33.9%	15.2%	81	10.9
Saskatchewan/Manitoba	60.9%	31.3%	7.9%	75	11.3
Ontario	44.5%	42.0%	13.5%	372	5.1
Quebec	29.8%	58.9%	11.3%	258	6.1
Atlantic Canada	28.3%	63.7%	8.0%	52	13.6
GENDER					
Male	50.0%	41.3%	8.7%	414	4.8
Female	35.8%	48.6%	15.6%	496	4.4
AGE					
<25	55.7%	29.7%	14.6%	80	11.0
25-44	36.1%	48.6%	15.2%	326	5.4
45-64	43.0%	47.8%	9.2%	351	5.2
65+	43.9%	44.1%	12.0%	153	7.9
EDUCATION					
High school or less	47.6%	37.8%	14.5%	268	6.0
College or CEGEP	38.8%	46.1%	15.2%	327	5.4
University or higher	41.0%	51.0%	8.0%	315	5.5
CURRENT VOTE INTENTION					
Conservative Party of Canada	81.5%	9.6%	8.9%	266	6.0
Liberal Party of Canada	32.1%	54.3%	13.6%	220	6.6
NDP	15.5%	75.8%	8.7%	110	9.3
Green Party	32.1%	53.7%	14.2%	76	11.2
Bloc Quebecois	13.3%	80.1%	6.6%	92	10.2
Undecided	23.3%	68.1%	8.6%	17	23.8



# National Federal Vote Intention: September 29-October 12

	Conservative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	<b>BLOC</b> QUÉBECOIS	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
NATIONALLY	32.5%	28.2%	15.9%	11.0%	9.5%	2.9%	4054	1.5
REGION								
British Columbia	31.7%	21.2%	27.5%	15.1%	0.0%	4.4%	385	5.0
Alberta	56.4%	19.5%	9.1%	10.0%	0.0%	4.9%	387	5.0
Saskatchewan/Manitoba	46.2%	22.9%	17.6%	8.6%	0.0%	4.8%	254	6.2
Ontario	35.7%	36.1%	15.8%	10.5%	0.0%	1.9%	1732	2.4
Quebec	14.6%	23.0%	10.6%	11.0%	38.2%	2.7%	1025	3.1
Atlantic Canada	32.2%	34.0%	22.0%	9.6%	0.0%	2.2%	271	6.0
GENDER								
Male	36.2%	27.6%	13.9%	10.8%	8.1%	3.3%	1973	2.2
Female	28.8%	28.8%	17.9%	11.1%	10.8%	2.6%	2081	2.2
AGE								
<25	23.3%	23.6%	19.5%	20.9%	9.5%	3.1%	333	5.4
25-44	26.9%	27.9%	17.5%	12.3%	11.6%	3.7%	1310	2.7
45-64	36.6%	28.2%	14.5%	9.0%	9.0%	2.6%	1617	2.4
65+	41.8%	31.9%	12.9%	5.6%	6.0%	1.8%	794	3.5
EDUCATION								
High school or less	35.7%	21.3%	16.6%	10.9%	12.4%	3.0%	1066	3.0
College or CEGEP	33.8%	25.8%	14.8%	11.6%	9.8%	4.3%	1361	2.7
University or higher	29.4%	34.8%	16.4%	10.5%	7.2%	1.7%	1627	2.4
METROPOLITAN CANADA								
Vancouver	37.7%	24.4%	24.7%	11.0%	0.0%	2.1%	139	8.3
Calgary	58.6%	20.5%	7.9%	8.4%	0.0%	4.6%	130	8.6
Toronto	33.5%	43.1%	12.6%	9.1%	0.0%	1.8%	523	4.3
Ottawa	44.0%	34.9%	9.6%	10.6%	0.0%	0.8%	223	6.6
Montreal	10.2%	27.5%	10.2%	11.6%	38.5%	2.0%	382	5.0



## National Federal Vote Intention: September 29-October 5

	Conservative Party of Canada	Liberal	*NDP	green	<b>FBLOC</b> QUÉBÉCOIS	Other	Sample Size	Margin of Error (+/-)
NATIONALLY	31.8%	27.6%	16.5%	11.2%	9.7%	3.2%	2485	2.0
REGION								
British Columbia	28.2%	22.8%	30.0%	15.6%	0.0%	3.4%	252	6.2
Alberta	57.1%	19.3%	7.7%	10.1%	0.0%	5.9%	248	6.2
Saskatchewan/Manitoba	45.8%	24.4%	17.0%	7.5%	0.0%	5.3%	146	8.1
Ontario	34.2%	35.1%	17.0%	11.2%	0.0%	2.5%	1082	3.0
Quebec	15.0%	22.0%	10.8%	10.0%	39.2%	2.9%	585	4.1
Atlantic Canada	34.1%	30.6%	21.3%	12.2%	0.0%	1.8%	172	7.5
GENDER								
Male	36.0%	26.8%	12.9%	11.9%	8.3%	4.1%	1184	2.9
Female	27.6%	28.4%	20.0%	10.6%	11.1%	2.4%	1301	2.7
AGE								
<25	24.1%	19.8%	22.7%	20.4%	9.6%	3.4%	200	6.9
25-44	25.1%	27.3%	17.8%	13.5%	11.9%	4.3%	768	3.5
45-64	36.3%	28.8%	14.3%	8.7%	9.1%	2.7%	1006	3.1
65+	40.9%	31.0%	14.1%	5.6%	6.5%	1.8%	511	4.3
EDUCATION								
High school or less	34.3%	20.8%	17.3%	11.5%	13.0%	3.1%	661	3.8
College or CEGEP	33.5%	25.2%	15.6%	11.0%	9.8%	4.9%	827	3.4
University or higher	28.5%	34.5%	16.7%	11.2%	7.3%	1.9%	997	3.1
METROPOLITAN CANADA								
Vancouver	33.7%	29.2%	27.6%	9.5%	0.0%	0.0%	88	10.5
Calgary	59.0%	19.5%	9.5%	7.3%	0.0%	4.7%	88	10.5
Toronto	32.3%	42.2%	13.3%	10.3%	0.0%	1.8%	357	5.2
Ottawa	46.5%	34.2%	8.2%	10.1%	0.0%	1.0%	175	7.4
Montreal	11.0%	27.8%	10.6%	10.1%	38.4%	2.0%	250	6.2



## Methodology:

EKOS' weekly tracking polls are conducted using Interactive Voice Recognition (IVR) technology, which allows respondents to enter their preferences by punching the keypad on their phone, rather than telling them to an operator.

In an effort to reduce the coverage bias of landline only RDD, we created a dual landline/cell phone RDD sampling frame for this research. As a result, we are able to reach those with both a landline and cell phone, as well as cell phone only households and landline only households. This dual frame yields a near perfect unweighted distribution on age group and gender, something almost never seen with traditional landline RDD sample or interviewer-administered surveys.

This release reports on data from two separate polling periods. The field dates for the second week of this survey are October 6 – October 12, 2010<sup>1</sup>. In total, a random sample of 1,832 Canadians aged 18 and over responded to the survey (including a sub-sample of 1,569 decided voters). The margin of error associated with the total sample is +/-2.3 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

The field dates for the two-week "roll-up" of this survey are September 29 – October 12, 2010. In total, a random sample of 4,698 Canadians aged 18 and over responded to the survey (including a sub-sample of 4,054 decided voters). The margin of error associated with the total sample is +/-1.4 percentage points, 19 times out of 20.

Please note that the margin of error increases when the results are sub-divided (i.e., error margins for sub-groups such as region, sex, age, education). All the data have been statistically weighted to ensure the samples composition reflects that of the actual population of Canada according to Census data.

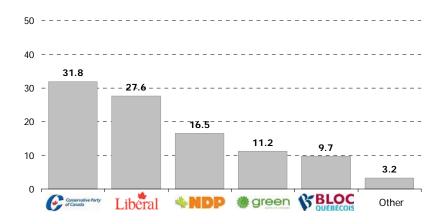
Please note that these dates are not inclusive of weekends or holidays, as we do not survey on Saturday or Sunday, nor do we survey on Thanksgiving.



#### Annex I:

#### Federal vote intention: September 29-October 5

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



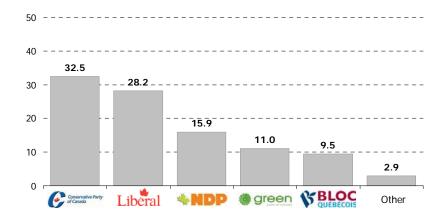
Note: The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 13.6% of Canadians are undecided/ineligible to vote.

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BASE: Decided voters; September 29-October 5, 2010 (n=2,485)

#### Federal vote intention: September 29-October 12 (2-week roll-up)

Q. If a federal election were held tomorrow, which party would you vote for?



Note: The data on federal vote intention are based on decided and leaning voters only. Our survey also finds that 13.8% of Canadians are undecided/ineligible to vote.

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BASE: Decided voters; September 29-October 12, 2010 (n=4,054)