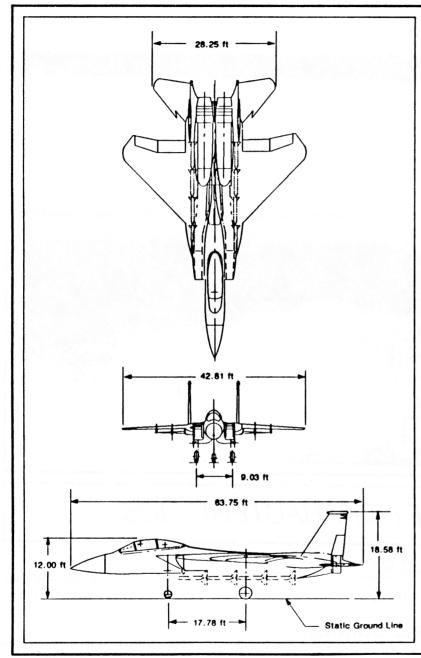


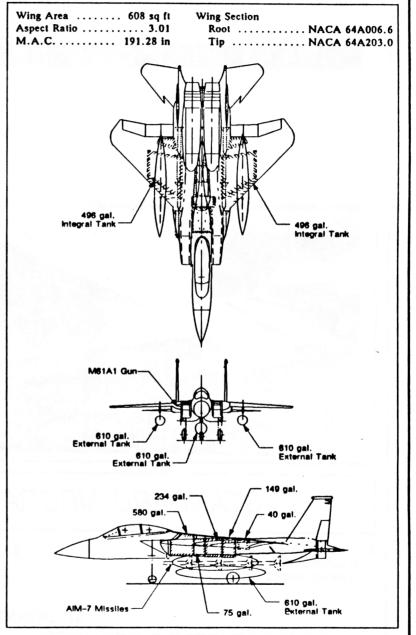
STANDARD AIRCRAFT CHARACTERISTICS

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE AIR FORCE F-15C EAGLE

Two F-100-PW-220 Pratt & Whitney

MCDONNELL DOUGLAS





F-15C (220 engine)

(70 of 228) (AFG 2, Vol-1, Addn 61) Feb 92

POWER PLANT

ENGINE RATINGS

SL Static	lb	RPM (N_1/N_2)
Max:	*23,450	10,010/12,960
Mil:	14,370	10,010/12,960
Max Cont	12,420	9790/12.440

Min 5 30 Cont

Uninstalled, Per Engine

With afterburner operating

DIMENSIONS

Wing

Sweepbac	K	(L	E,)	٠	٠	• •	•	•	 	٠.	4.	>
Incidence											 		. (0•
Dihedral .											 		- 1	1•
Length											6	3.1	75	ſı
Height														
Tread			٠.									9.0)3	ft
Wheelbase						•					1	7.7	78	fı

Span 42.81 ft

MISSION AND DESCRIPTION

Navy Equivalent: None Manufacturer's Model: 199-1C

The F-15C is a single-place, land based, twin jet, high performance air superiority fighter. The principle mission of the F-15C is to assure decisive supremacy in the air. The airplane has the additional capability to perform an attack mission with conventional externally mounted weapons and missiles. Basic armament is an M61A1 gun and four air-to-air Sparrow missiles. The M61A1 gun is mounted in the right hand wing root fillet, aft of the engine inlet while the missiles are carried on the fuselage on corner mounted submerged racks. A fuselage centerline store station plus inner wing store stations are provided for carriage of either 610 gallon fuel lanks or air-to-ground weaponry. The airplane is capable of being refueled in-flight.

Special features of the F-15C are swept wings and tails, twin vertical tails, all-moving differentially controlled horizontal tails, automatically controlled external compression engine air inlets with three overhead ramps, and trailing edge flaps for low speed operations. Lateral control is achieved by the differentially controlled horizontal tails in combination with the ailerons.

The avionics subsystems provide the capability for communications, navigation, identification, detection threat warning, armament control, attack steering, and computational functions required during mission operations. The Fire Controlled Systems (FCS) provides an effective weapons systems capability for visual and all-weather air-to-air and air-to-ground missions. Provisions for a Tactical Electronics Warfare System (TEWS) are provided.

Equipment includes a pressurized cockpit with an ACES II ejection seat, liquid oxygen system, and anti-G non-pressure suit provisions.

Development

4	
Contract	Feb 1983
First Flight	Jun 1985
First Squadron Delivery	Jun 1985

BOMBS

See STORE LOADINGS, Page 9.

GUNS

One gun mounted in right hand wing root fillet aft of the engine inlet.

Туре	Size	Rds		
M61A1	 20 mm		940	

WEIGHTS

			LOAD
1	LOADINGS	LB	FACTOR
	Empty	28,476 (A)	7.33
	Basic	45,713	6.00
	Basic Flight Design .		
	Combat	41,286*	6 . 64
	Max T.O	68,000+	4.03
	Landing Design	35,000++	7.33
	Max Landing Design		
	Weight	44,300	6.19

- (A) Actual F-15C MSIP
- For Mission I
- Maximum Spec Limit Weight
- ++ 10.0 ft/sec Design Rate of Sink

FUEL

		IA						GAL
Fus, int		 . 3		 				1078
Wings, Int		 . 2		 				992
Fus, Ext, Drop								
Wings, Ext, Drop								
								3900

*Tank No. 1 Bladder; Tanks No. 2 and No. 3 ... Self-Scaling

Grade JP-4 or JP-5 Specification MIL-T-5624

OIL

Engine 5 gal/eng 10 (Total) Specification MIL-L-7808 and MIL-L-23699

ELECTRONICS

See Page 10.

TAKEOFF LOADING CONDITION		I AIR SUPERIORITY	II CLOSE AIR SUPPORT	III COUNTER AIR	COUNTER AIR	AREA INTERCEPT	VI FERRY RANGE
TAREOFF LOADING CON	DITION	(4) AIM-7F (16) MK-82 (4) AIM-7F (2) MK-84 (2) MK-84 CL Tank		(4) AIM-7F	Clean + (3) Ext Tanks		
AKE-OFF WEIGHT	(lb)	45,713	54,333	50,365	54,949	45,713	57,539
Fuel (JP-4, 6.5 lb/gal.) Internal	(lb)	13,455	13,455	13,455	13,455	13,455	13,455
Conformal fuel tanks External	(lb) (lb)	_	_	_	3965	_	11,895
Payload (missiles)	(Ib)	2040	_	2040	2040	2040	
Payload (bombs)	(lb)	75.2	8080 89.4	3940 82.8	3940 90.4	75.2	94.6
Wing loading Stall speed (power off, flaps up)	(lb/sq ft) (kts)	135	147	142	148	135	152
Take-off ground run at SL	Q (n)	1250	1800	1500	1850	1250 2350	2050 3600
Take-off to clear 50 ft Rate of climb at SL	(ft) (fpm)	2350 15,250	3200 10,120	2800 13.140	3250 11.270	15.250	10.730
Rate of climb at SL (one engine out	(fpm)	12,870	8380	11,040	9400	12.870	8940
Time: SL to 20,000 (1/40,000 ft (2)	(M) / (M) (min) (M) / (M) (min)	2.00/1.87 ⑦ 3.56/2.95 ⑦	2.99/2.54 (7) 5.69/5.52 (7)	2.32/2.13 (7) 4.23/3.53 (7)	2.72/2.44 (7) 5.15/4.55 (7)	2.03/1.90 (7) 3.62/3.00 (7)	2.88/2.57 5.48/5.45
Service ceiling (100 fpm)		46,750	38,790	44,020	41,150	46,750	40,260
Rate of climb at SL (one engine out Time: SL to 20,000 ft/40,000 ft ?? Time: SL to 30,000 ft/50,000 ft ?? Service ceiling (100 fpm) Service ceiling (one engine out)	(tt)	45,080	37,980	42,800	40,080	45,080	39,290
COMBAT RANGE	(nm)	en gas - er i ga	8-7-9-3 - 98-334				1933/2144
COMBAT RADIUS	(nm)	235	100	424	551/586 () 493/495 ()	470	
Average speed Initial cruising altitude	(kts) (ft)	499 42,450	288 5000	496 40,500	493/495 ③ 38.920	498 42,210	493/496 37,880
Final cruising altitude	(11)	47,670	5000	46,900	46,190/46,520 3	47,190	46,940/47,480
Total mission time	(hr)	0.99	1.46/0.70 ③	1.78	2.31/2.44	1.97	3.93/4.33
COMBAT LOADING CONE	OITION	(4) AIM-7F	(3) BRU-26 (3) Pylons	(4) AIM-7F (2) Wing Pylons	(4) AIM-7F (3) Pylons	(4)AIM-7F	(3) Pylons
COMBAT WEIGHT	(lb)	41,286	36,981	38,982	40,965	40,382	33,979
Combat altitude	(11)	10,000	5000	10,000	10,000 830/624	50,000 1304/-	47,480 1353/563
Combat speed Combat climb	0 / 0 (kts) 0 / 2 (fpm)	857/629 46,210/13,520	708/594 48.210/14.420	836/625 47,480/13,940	44.650/13.020	6209/-	12,000/1950
Combat ceiling (500 fpm)	(0)	56,100	56,220	56,280	55,370	56,340	58,540
Service ceiling (100 fpm)	0,00 (()	56,440/48,780 46,860	56,590/48,090 45,350	56,630/49,500 47,380	56,730/48,280 46,200	56,680/49,240 47,270	58,870/52,650 49,720
Service ceiling (one engine out) Max. rate of climb at SL	(11) (1pm)	55,960	51,910	57,440	53,810	57,210	67,050
Max. speed at 45,000 ft	(t) (fpm) (kts) (kts)	1340	892 959	1303 1309 (8)	1290 1307	1335 1309 (B)	1356 1309
Max. speed at 35,000 ft	(kts)	1309 🔞		39.00 (0.00		•	All anything a solid
LANDING WEIGHT	(lb)	33,693	35,021	35,114 143	35,629 144	34,437 141	33,979 140
Approach speed (flaps down) Ground roll at SL	(kts) (ft)	140 4300	143 4500	143 4500	4600	4400	4300
Total from 50 ft	(ft)	5300	5500	5500	5600	5400	5300

Climb speed schedules per TO 1F-15A-1

Structural limit

O

T

2 Military power

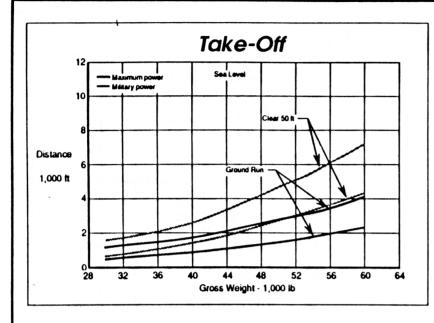
3 Mission time/loiter time

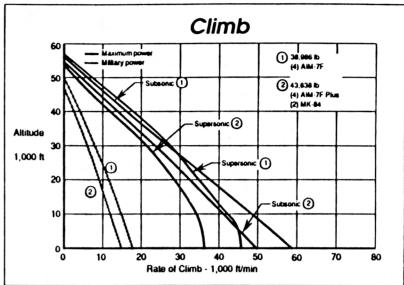
operation and climb

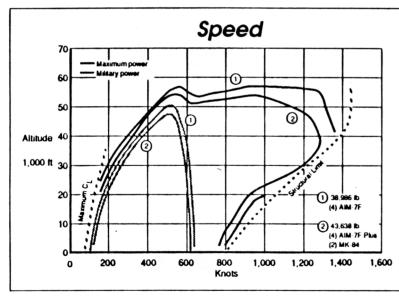
4 External fuel tanks retained/dropped

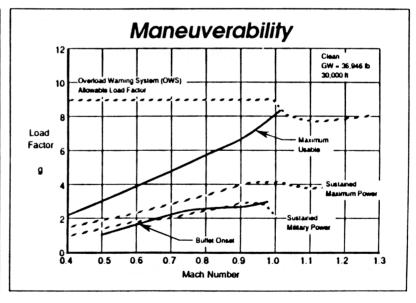
3 Allows for weight reduction during ground

Contractors June 1986 status

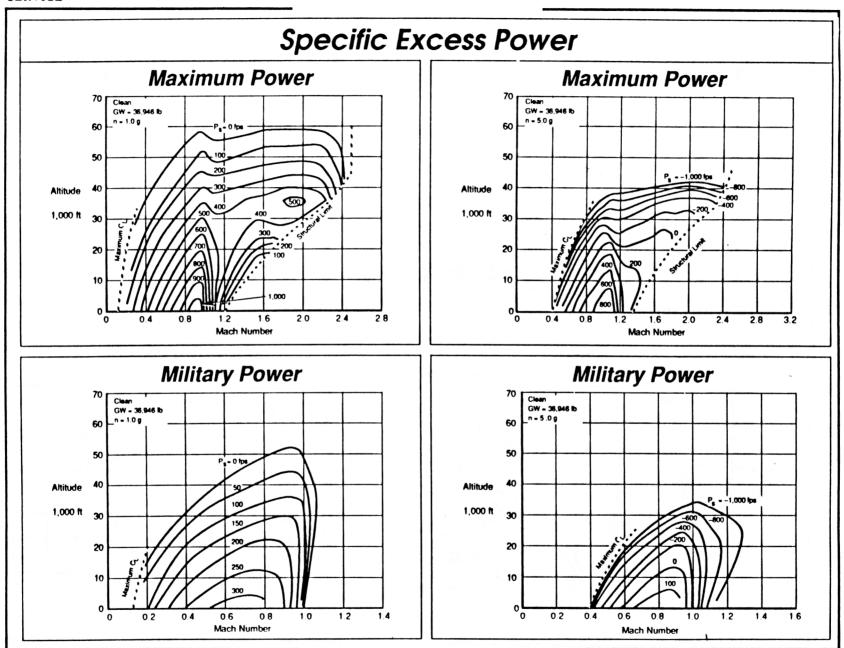








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F-15C (220 engine)

NOTES

Formula: Radius Mission I (Air Superiority)

- A. Takeoff and Acceleration Fuel Allowance (Sea Level, Standard Day)
 - 1. Ground Operation 6 min at Thrust to Weight Ratio T/W = 0.2
 - 2. Accelerate to Mach 0.3 at Maximum Thrust No Distance Credit

$$\Delta \text{ Fuel = } \frac{\text{mV } (W_0 - W_1)}{2 (T - D)}$$

- Accelerate From Mach 0.3 to Initial Climb Speed at Military
 Thrust No Distance Credited
- B. Military Thrust Climb From Sea Level to Optimum Cruise Attitude
- C. Cruise Out at Speed and Altitude for Optimum Range (Climb + Cruise = 200 NM)
- D. Descend to 10,000 ft No Credit for Fuel or Distance
- E. Dash to Target Area at 10,000 ft at Mach 0.85
- F. Combat Fuel Allowance: Equals Fuel Required to Attain 144,000 ft of Maneuver Energy at 10,000 ft at Mach 0.9 Using Maximum Thrust

$$\Delta$$
 Fuel = 144,000 x w/P.

(Calculated Using a Clean Aircraft With 50% Total Internal Fuel, Ps at 1.0 g Flight, Retain Missiles and Ammo After Combat)

- G. Dash Back at 10,000 ft at Mach 0.85
- H. Military Thrust Climb From 10,000 ft to Optimum Cruise Altitude
- Cruise Back at Speed and Altitude for Optimum Range (Climb + Cruise = 200 NM)
- J. Descend to Sea Level No credit for Fuel or Distance
- K. Reserves: 20 min at Speed for Maximum Endurance at Sea Level, Both Engines Operating

Formula: Radius Mission II (Close Air Support)

- A. Takeoff and Acceleration Fuel Allowance (Sea Level, Standard Day)
 - 1. Ground Operation 6 min at Thrust to Weight Ratio T/W = 0.2

Formula: Radius Mission II (Close Air Support) (Continued)

2. Accelerate to Mach 0.3 at Maximum Thrust - No Distance Credit

$$\Delta \text{ Fuel = } \frac{\text{mV } (W_0 - W_1)}{2 \text{ (T -D)}}$$

- Accelerate From Mach 0.3 to Initial Climb Speed at Military Thrust — No Distance Credited
- B. Military Thrust Climb From Sea Level to 5000 ft
- C. Cruise Out to Station at Speed for Optimum Range at 5000 ft (Climb + Cruise = 100 NM)
- D. Loiter for Specific Time at 5000 ft at Speed for Maximum Endurance
- E. Combat Fuel Allowance Equals Fuel Required to Attain 50,000 ft of Maneuver Energy at 5000 ft at Mach 0.9 Using Maximum Thrust

$$\Delta$$
 Fuel = 50,000 x w/P.

(Calculated Using a Clean Aircraft with 50% Total Internal Fuel, Pa at 1.0 g Flight)

- F. Initiate Search for Target and Drop Stores (Pylons, Racks, and Ammo Retained)
- G. Cruise Back to Base (100 NM) at Speed for Optimum Range at 5000 ft
- H. Descend to Sea Level No Credit for Fuel or Distance
- Reserves: 20 min at Speed for Maximum Endurance at Sea Level, Both Engines Operating, Plus 5% of Initial Fuel Load

Formula: Radius Mission III and IV (Counter Air)

- A. Takeoff and Acceleration Fuel Allowance (Sea Level, Standard Day)
 - 1. Ground Operation 6 min at Thrust to Weight Ratio T/W = 0.2
 - 2. Accelerate to Mach 0.3 at Maximum Thrust No Distance Credit

$$\Delta \text{ Fuel = } \frac{\text{mV } (W_0 - W_1)}{2 \text{ (T - D)}}$$

(Continued on page 8)

NOTES

Formula: Radius Mission III and IV (Counter Air) (Continued)

- Accelerate From Mach 0.3 to initial Climb Speed at Military
 Thrust No Distance Credited
- B. Military Thrust Climb From Sea Level to Optimum Cruise Altitude
- C. Cruise Out at Speed and Altitude for Optimum Range
- D. Descend to 10,000 ft No Credit for Fuel or Distance
- E. Combat Fuel Allowance: Equals Fuel Required to Attain 60,000 ft of Maneuver Energy at 10,000 ft at Mach 0.7 Using Military Thrust

 Δ Fuel = 60.000 x $\overset{\bullet}{w}/P_{\bullet}$

(Calculated Using a Clean Aircraft With 50% Total Internal Fuel, P, at 1.0 g Flight)

- F. Drop Stores (Retain Pylons, Racks, and Ammo)
- G. Military Thrust Climb From 10,000 ft to Optimum Cruise Altitude
- H. Cruise Back at Speed and Altitude for Optimum Range
- 1. Descend to Sea Level No Credit for Fuel or Distance
- J. Reserves: 20 min at Speed for Maximum Endurance at Sea Level, Both Engines Operating Plus 5% of Initial Fuel Load

Formula: Radius Mission V (Area Intercept)

- A. Range Free Allowance for Ground Operation, Takeoff and Acceleration to Climb Speed Includes Fuel for 2 min at Maximum Continuous Thrust at Sea Level Static
- B. Military Thrust Climb From Sea Level to Optimum Cruise Altitude
- C. Cruise Out at Speed and Altitude for Optimum Range
- D. Climb at Maximum Thrust to Subsonic Combat Ceiling
- E. Combat at 50,000 ft, Mach 0.9 for 5 Min at Maximum Thrust (Retain Missiles and Ammo After Combat)
- F. Descend to Optimum Subsonic Cruise Altitude No Credit for Fuel or Distance

Formula: Radius Mission V (Area Intercept) (Continued)

- G. Cruise Back at Speed and Altitude for Optimum Range
- H. Descend to Sea Level No Credit for Fuel or Distance
- Reserves: 20 min at Speed for Maximum Endurance at Sea Level, Both Engines Operating, Plus 5% of Initial Fuel Load (This Mission Includes a 5% Increase in Fuel Consumption as a Service Tolerance)

Formula: Range Mission VI (Ferry)

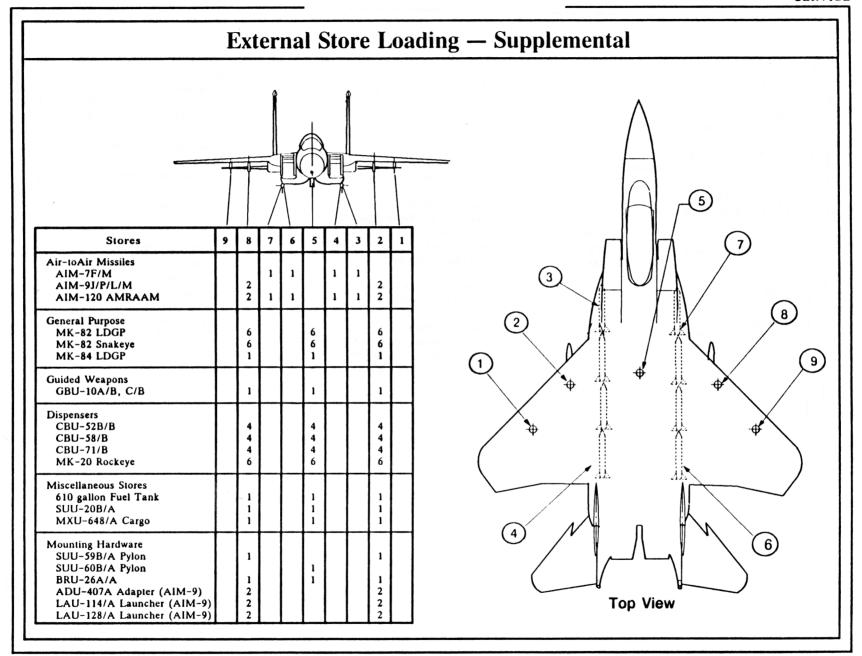
- A. Range Free Allowance for Ground Operation, Takeoff, and Acceleration to Climb Speed Includes Fuel for 5 min at Maximum Continuous Thrust at Sea Level Static
- B. Military Thrust Climb From Sea Level to Optimum Cruise Altitude
- C. Cruise Out at Speed and Altitude for Optimum Range Until Only Reserve
 Fuel Remains
- D. Descend to Sea Level No Credit for Fuel or Distance
- E. Reserves: 20 min at Speed for Maximum Endurance at Sea Level, Both Engines Operating, Plus 5% of Initial Fuel Load (This Mission Includes a 5% Increase in Fuel Consumption as a Service Tolerance)

General Mission Notes:

- 1. JP-4 Fuel at 6.5 lb/gal
- 2. Ammunition is included in all Gross Weights
- 3. Maximum Continuous thrust is Defined as 85% of Military Thrust
- Air Superiority, Close Air Support, and Counter Air Missions are F-15 Request for Proposal (RFP) Missions While the Area Intercept and Ferry Range Missions are MIL-C-5011A Type Missions

Data Reference: Contractor's Data Dated June 1986

Revision Basis: Initial Issue



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ELECTRONICS (Continued from page 3)

Comm-Nav-Identification System Integrated Comm/Nav/Ident Panel Comm/Nav/Ident Antenna Group KY-58 Control Panel Automatic Direction Finder Set UHF Receiver/Transmitter IFF Interrogator Receiver/Transmitter IFF Transponder IFF Reply Evaluator TACAN Receiver/Transmitter Instrument Landing System Receiver Secure Speech KY-58 Interrogation Computer . . . KIR-1A/TSEC Cryto Computer KIT-1A/TSEC Anti Jam Comm (Prov) JTIDS (Prov)

Flight Control
Auto Flight Control Set

Flight Instruments
Airspeed Mach Indicator
Altitude Indicator
Vertical Speed Indicator
Angle-of-Attack Indicator

Propulsion Subsystem
Air Inlet Controller System

Navigation System
Magnetic AZ, Detector Sensor
Inertial Navigation Set
Altitude and Heading Reference Set
Air Data Computer
AOA Sensor
Total Temperature Probe
Overspeed Detection Set

Fire Control System
Programmable Armament Control Set
APG-63/APG-70 Radar Set
Lead Computing Gyro Unit

Penetration Aid (TEWS) System
Countermeasures Dispenser
Radar Warning Receiver Set
Internal Countermeasures Set
TEWS Pod Provisions
Electronic Warfare Warning Set
Interference Blanker Unit
Tactical Information System (Prov)

Central Computer

Control and Display System
Head Up Display Set
Vertical Situation Display Set
Horizontal Situation Display Set
Altitude Director Indicator
Video Tape Recorder
Multipurpose Color Display Unit
Data Transfer Module

