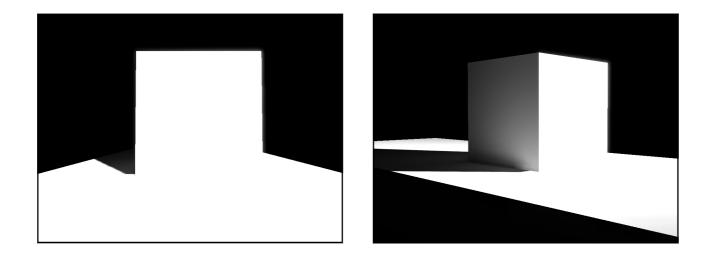


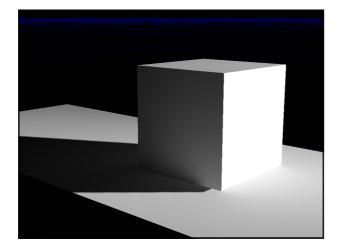
Outline	
 <u>Viewpoint</u> Separation Depth Light and Dark Colour 	
Develop 2010	Geomerics

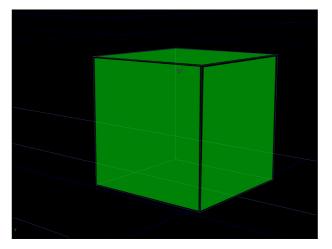
Viewpoint" Because the screen in the motion picture theatre is a
one-dimensional flat surface, it is imperative that we
photograph everything from an *angle* from which most
surfaces of the subject are visible to the camera"John Alton "Painting with Light", 1949Reprinted by University of California Press, 1995

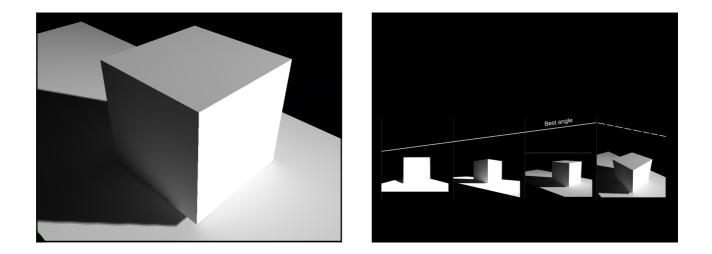
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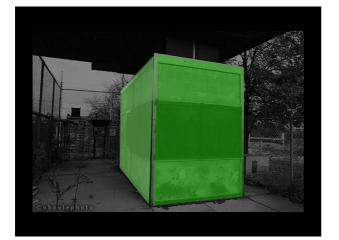
Photographic Examples

- Images by Shaun O'Boyle
- www.oboylephoto.com
 Prints for sale

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Viewpoint - Summary • Images are shown on flat two-dimensional screens • We need to reveal as many sides of our objects as possible to communicate their shape to our viewer • We should avoid all sides taking up equal screen space <u>Geomerics</u>

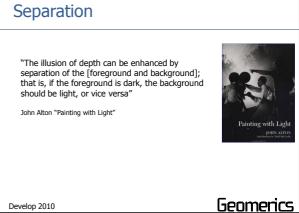
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Outline

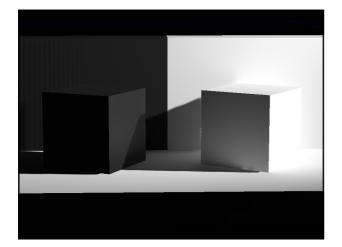
- Viewpoint
- Separation •
- Depth
- Light and Dark
- Colour

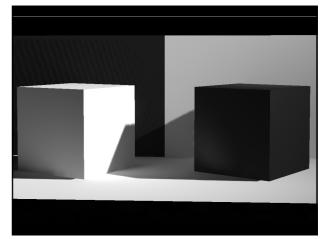
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Photographic Examples

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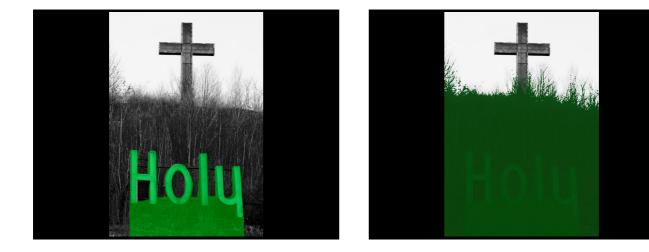


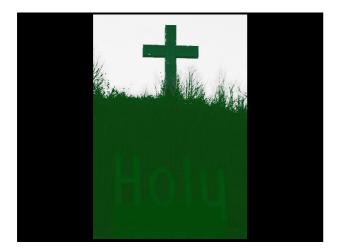






30/01/2011









Separation

- We can separate various parts of our image into planes
- Can be any number of planes necessary to communicate the intention in our image
- Assigning different values to these adds depth to the image and shape to our objects through silhouetting

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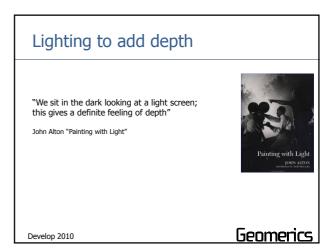
Geomerics

Outline

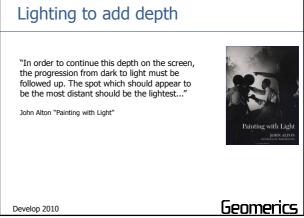
- Viewpoint
- Separation
- <u>Depth</u>
- Light and Dark
- Colour

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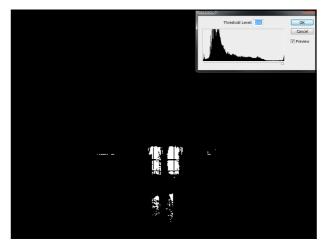


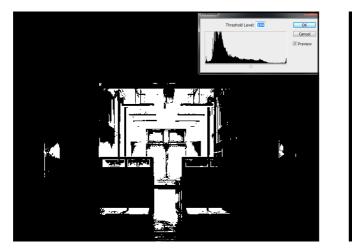


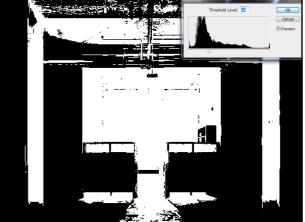


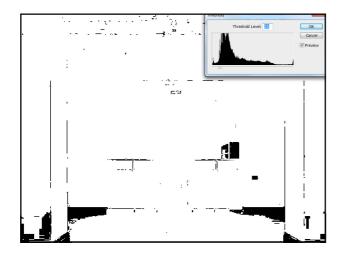
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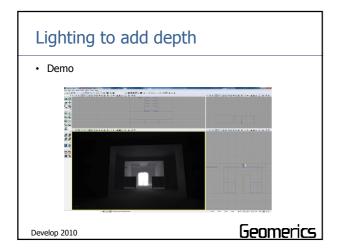


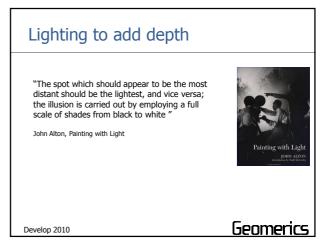


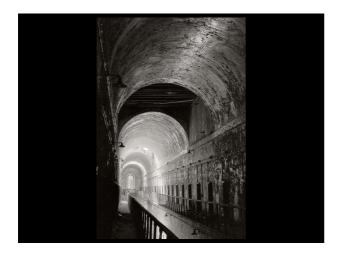








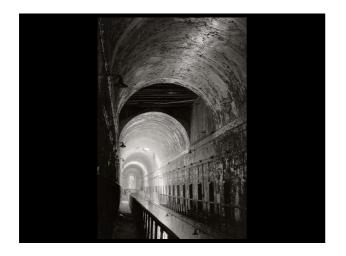


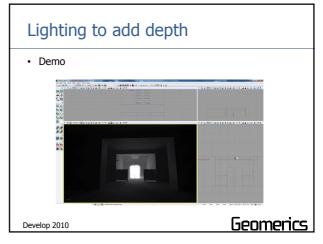












Lighting to add depth

- Brightest areas do not take up much space in the image
- Limited detail in the bright areas
- · Most of the detail is biased towards shadows
- Lighting follows flow of composition
- The illusion of depth isn't a given!
- We need to work with lighting and composition to make our viewer suspend disbelief and draw her in

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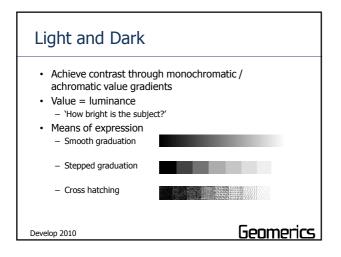
Geomerics

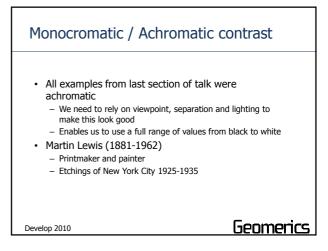
Outline

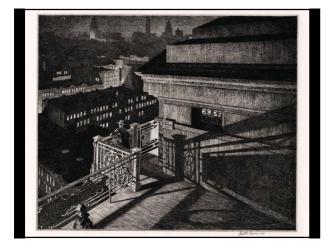
- Viewpoint
- Separation
- Depth
- Light and Dark
- Colour

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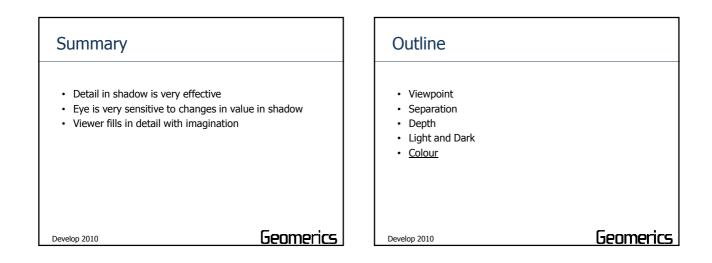


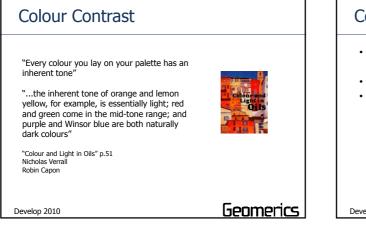


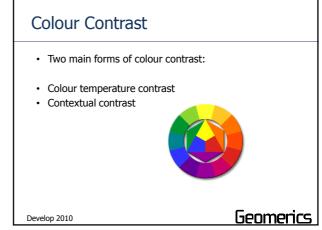




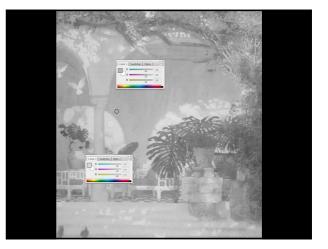




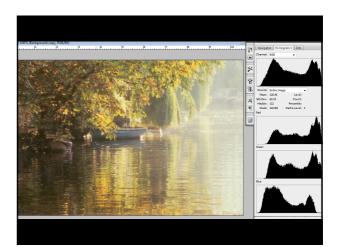




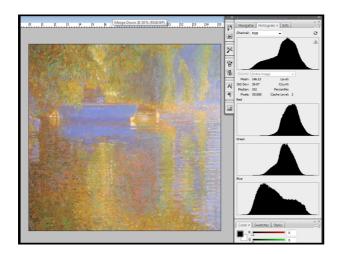








<u>Geomerics</u>



Contextual contrast

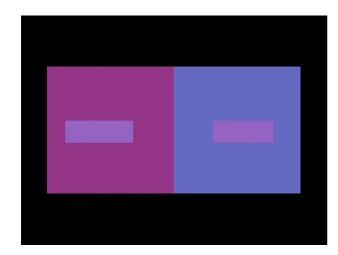
"...in practice it is pointless to consider each colour as a separate entity. The impact of the painting is determined by the collective effect of the colours."

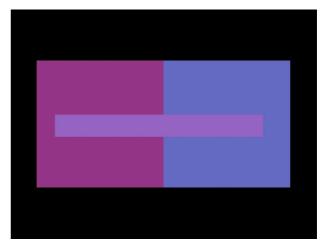
Colour and Light in Oils, p.51

"...when you see colour in different situations you tend to judge colour differently" $\space{-1.5}$

Jeremy Vickery, Practical Light and Colour

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Geomerics

Principles of Composition

- What do you want to show in your image?
 How do you want your viewer to discover your image?
- Use the composition to guide your viewer
 Show as many surfaces as possible to the player
- Separate your image
- Light the separate areas distinctly

 Brightest light source should be the most distant
- What do you want to communicate about the objects and mood in your image?

 Use contrast to reveal this information

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Principles of Composition

• Combine and break the principles to create unique and interesting images!

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