



Reed Bunting. Late winter. Male (12-II).

REED BUNTING (Emberiza schoeniclus)

IDENTIFICATION

13-16 cm. Late **winter**, **male** with head and throat black and wide white band around neck. **Male** in **autumn/early winter** and **female** with head chestnut-reddish, supercilium and moutache buff; throat whitish. Bill grey and outer tail feathers white.

SIMILAR SPECIES

Male in breeding plumage unmistakable. Male in winter and female recall that of a female House Sparrow which lacks white on tail.



House Sparrow. Female.

MOULT

Complete **postbreeding** moult; usually finished in October. Partial **postjuvenile** moult including body feathers, lesser, median and all greater coverts; some birds moult tertials, all tail feathers and some flight feathers; usually finished in October.

SEXING

Male in breeding plumage with black head and throat. After postbreeding/postjuvenile moults male with similar plumage pattern than female, but with white band on nape; grey rump; black on base of neck feathers; black on base of crown feathers with rounded pattern. Female without (or quite hidden) white band on nape; brownish rump; lack black on base of neck feathers; black-grey on base of crown feathers with pointed pattern. CAUTION: some females have much white on neck and have greyish rump.

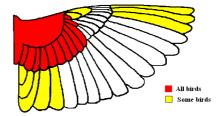
AGEING

This species doesn't breed in Aragon, so only 2 types of age can be recognized:

1st year autumn/2nd year winter with moult limits on wing between tertials or between tertials and secondaries; tail feathers with pointed tips due to wear; tip of 8th and 9th primaries pointed; usually pale flight feathers

Adult without moult limits on wing; tail feathers fresh and with rounded tips; tip of 8th and 9th primaries rounded; usually dark flight feathers.

CAUTION: some birds moult all tail feathers in their **postjuvenile** moult, so fresh and rounded feathers no necessary suggest an **adult** bird.



R e e d Bunting. Extent of postjuvenile moult.

PHENOLOGY

I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII

STATUS IN ARAGON

Winter visitor. Widely distributed thorughout marshlands and riversides from the Region,



ESTATUS EN ARAGÓN

En Aragón sólo se ha constatado su presencia con nidificante ocasional en la Laguna de Sariñena. En invierno es un ave común en las zonas de regadíos y sotos de toda la comunidad.



Reed Bunting. Outumn. Male poorly weared (21-X).





Head pattern. From top to botton: male in late winter (12-II); male poorly weared autumn (21-X); male weared in autumn (19-X); female (19-X).

Reed Bunting.



Reed Bunting. Autumn. Weared male (19-X).





Reed Bunting. Female (19-X).





Reed Bunting. Pattern of base of crown feathers: male (20-X); botton female (20-X).







Reed Bunting. Pattern of base of neck feathers: left male (20-X); right female (20-X).







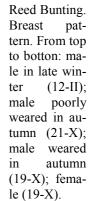




Reed Bunting. Nape pattern. From top to botton: male in late winter (12-II); male poorly weared in autumn (21-X); male weared in autumn (19-X); female (19-X).



















Reed Bunting. Tail wear: left adult (20-X); right 1st year (20-X).



Reed Bunting. Male. Pattern of rump and upperpart: top left late winter (12-II); top right poorly weared in autumn (21-X); left weared in autumn (19-X).



Reed Bunting. Tip pattern of 8th and 9th primaries: top adult (12-II); botton 1st year (20-X).





Reed Bunting. Female. Pattern of rump and upperpart (19-X).



Reed Bunting. Adult. Male: pattern of wing (21-X).





Reed Bunting. Adult. Female: pattern of wing (21-X).



Reed Bunting. 1st year. Male: pattern of wing (29-X).



Reed Bunting. 1st year. Female: pattern of wing (19-X).