Central Pollution Control Board

Ministry of Environment & Forests, Govt of India, Parivesh Bhawan, East Arjun Nagar, Delhi - 110032

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS

558 Selenium hexafluoride

1. CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Chemical Name: Selenium hexafluoride

Chemical Classification: Toxic Trade Name:

Synonyms: Selenium fluoride, Selenium(VI) fluoride

Formula: SeF6 CAS No: 7783-79-1 UN No: 2194

Regulated Identification

Shipping Name: Selenium hexafluoride Hazchem Code: 2RE

Codes / Label : Class 2.3, Toxic Hazardous Waste ID No :

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS C.A.S. No. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS C.A.S. No.

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1 Selenium hexafluoride 7783-79-1 3

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2. PHYSICAL / CHEMICAL DATA

Boiling -35 Physical State: Gas Appearance: Colourless

Pt. °C:

Melting -50.8 Vapour Pressure 651.2 mm Hg at - Odour: Repulsive

Pt °C: @ **35°C mmHg:** 48.7 deg C

Vapour 6.7 Solubility in Insoluble Others:

Density(Air =1): water at 30°C

q/100ml:

Specific Gravity (Water =1): 8.467 g/L pH:

3. FIRE / EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

Flammability: No LEL: Flash Point °C in OC:

TDG Flammability: UEL: Flash Point °C in CC:

Autoignition Temperature °C : Explosion sensitivity to impact:

Explosion sensitivity to static Electricity:

Hazardous Combustion Products: When heated to high temperatures it may decompose to

emit toxic fluoride and selenium fumes.

Hazardous Polymerization:

Combustible Liquid: No Explosive Material: No Corrosive Material No

Flammable Material: No Oxidiser: No Others:

Pyrophoric Material: No Organic Peroxide: No

4. REACTIVITY DATA

Chemical Stability: Stable

Incompatibility with: Hydrolyzes very slowly in cold water.

other material

Reactivity: Reacts with ammonia gas at 200 °C. Decomposes on heating producing

hydrogen fluoride, fluoride, and selenium. Contact with metal or acid will

produce toxic gaseous hydrogen selenide.

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Hazardous: Hydrogen fluoride.

Reaction Products

5. HEALTH HAZARD DATA

Routes of entry: Inhalation

Effects of Exposure / Symptoms:

It is a severe respiratory irritant which produces severe breathing difficulties. The breathing difficulties may be delayed in onset.

Emergency Treatment:

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not

use mouth-to-mouth method

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and

water. A physician should examine the area if irritation or pain persists.

Eyes: Irrigate exposed eyes with copious amounts of tepid water for at least 15 minutes. If

irritation, pain, swelling, lacrimation, or photophobia persist, the patient should be

seen in a health care facility.

Ingestion: Seek medical assistance.

LD50 (oral-rat) mg/kg: STEL:

LC50 (rat) mg/kg: Odour Threshold:

Permissible 0.05 ppm (0.4 mg/m3) TLV (ACGIH): 0.05 ppm

Exposure Limit:

NFPA Hazard Health Flammability Reactivity Special

Signals 3 0 1

6. PREVENTIVE MEASURES

Personal Protective: Self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear appropriate chemical

Equipment protective clothing.

Handling : All chemicals should be considered hazardous. Avoid direct physical

contact. Use appropriate, approved safety equipment. Untrained individuals should not handle this chemical or its container. Handling

should occur in a chemical fume hood.

Storage: Keep in a cool, dry, dark location in a tightly sealed container or

cylinder. Keep away from incompatible materials, ignition sources and

untrained individuals. Secure and label area. Protect

containers/cylinders from physical damage.

Precautions :

7. EMERGENCY / FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRE:

Fire Extinguishing Media:
Special Procedure :
Unusual Hazards :

EXPOSURE: First Aid Measures:

Inhalation: Move victim to fresh air. Apply artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not

use mouth-to-mouth method

Skin: Remove contaminated clothing and wash exposed area thoroughly with soap and

water. A physician should examine the area if irritation or pain persists.

Eyes: Irrigate exposed eyes with copious amounts of tepid water for at least 15 minutes. If

irritation, pain, swelling, lacrimation, or photophobia persist, the patient should be

seen in a health care facility.

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Ingestion: Seek medical assistance.

Antidotes / Dosages:

SPILLS:

Steps To Be Taken :1. Ventilate area of leak. 2. Stop flow of gas. If source of leak is a

cylinder, remove it to a safe place in open air, and repair the leak or

allow the cylinder to empty.

Waste Disposal Method:

8. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION / REFERENCES

9. MANUFACTURERS / SUPPLIERS DATA

NAME OF FIRM: Contact person MAILING ADDRESS: in Emergency:

TELEPHONE / TELEX NOS : Local Bodies involved :

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: Standard Packing:

OTHERS: Trem Card Details / Ref:

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