

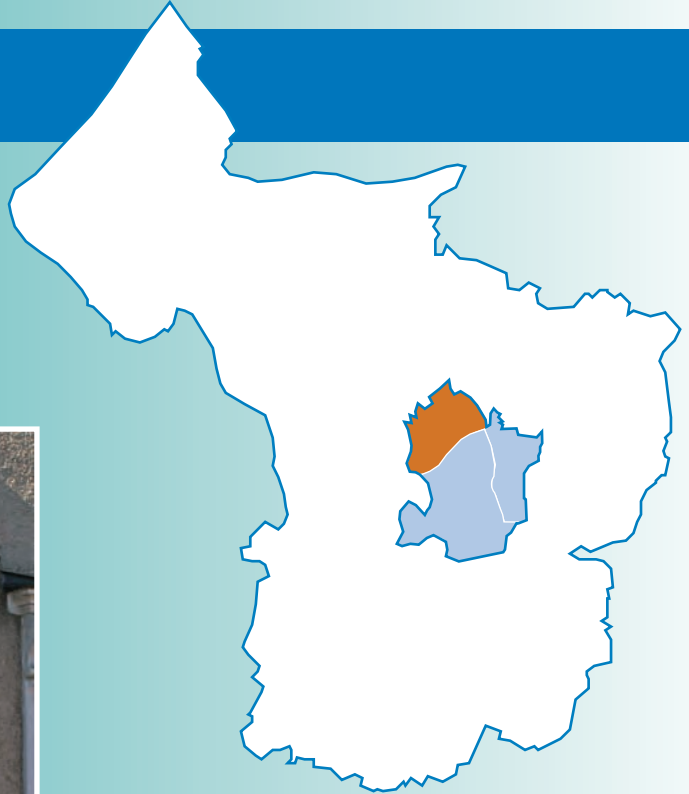
Neighbourhood Partnership Area NP 08

composed of:

Ashley, Easton and Lawrence Hill

# Ashley

## 2008 Ward Profile





# Ashley Ward profile 2008

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# Introduction

A ward profile has been created for each of the 35 wards in the City of Bristol. These profiles are a collection of the most up to date data from a variety of sources available at a ward level geography. They provide information on key aspects about the ward and how they compare with the rest of the city. This year sees the development of Neighbourhood Partnership areas which are geographically an amalgamation of two or three wards.

Ashley ward is part of the new Neighbourhood partnership NP08 , which consists of Ashley, Easton and Lawrence Hill

Many of the statistics in this profile come from the annual Quality of Life in your Neighbourhood (QOL) survey. Further information about this survey can be found at [www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife).

Citywide there were 8155 respondents in the 2007 survey, 479 in Ashley.

Because of the relatively small numbers of respondents, care should be taken when looking at the apparent differences between wards.

The following figures for Ashley compare the QOL respondents' age and gender with that of the revised census mid year estimate for 2006.

QOL respondents 2007		Office of National Statistics 2006 mid year estimates	
% male	37	% male	51
% female	63	% female	49
% Adults under 50	66	% Adults under 45	71
% Adults 50 and over	34	% Adults 45 and over	29

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Where possible trends are indicated based on figures over the past 4 years. The maximum and minimum figures are also indicated.



getting better

no significant change

getting worse



Where the figure is the maximum of all wards



Where the figure is the minimum of all wards

## Abbreviations used in this report

ONS	Office of national Statistics
NOMIS	Official labour market statistics from the ONS
SOA	Super Output Area
DCLG	Department of Communities and Local Government
QOL	Quality of Life

# 1. Demographics in Ashley

The 2001 Census undercounted the population of Bristol particularly in the inner city wards of Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton. While the overall population counts have been revised and updated, all other 2001 Census data for Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton remain undercounts.

For further information contact Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council (0117 9036873)

While the majority of people in Bristol state their religion as Christian, one quarter state that they have no religion and most wards have some representation from the major world religions.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	SOURCE	YEAR	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>AGE PROFILE</b>				
Population (revised 2001 Census)	13083	Census	2001	Average = 11144
Population (ONS 2006 Mid Year estimate for 2006)	15281	ONS	2006	Average = 11728
Population aged 0 - 15	2688	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 1988
Population aged 16 - 29	4577	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 3104
Population aged 30 - 44	4336	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 2659
45-64 Males, 45-59 Females	2476	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 2158
65+ Males, 60+ Females	1204	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 1819
<b>GENDER</b>				
Males all ages	7730	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 5817
Females all ages	7551	ONS mid year estimates	2006	Average = 5911
<b>RELIGION</b>				
Population stating religion as Christian	4242	census	2001	Average = 6750
Population stating religion as Buddhist	158	census	2001	Average = 46
Population stating religion as Hindu	71	census	2001	Average = 61
Population stating religion as Jewish	36	census	2001	Average = 24
Population stating religion as Muslim	742	census	2001	Average = 219
Population stating religion as Sikh	68	census	2001	Average = 51
Population stating religion as Other	168	census	2001	Average = 49
Population stating religion as No religion	4372	census	2001	Average = 2666
Population stating religion as Religion not stated	1312	census	2001	Average = 1009

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## 2. Ethnicity in Ashley

The 2001 Census undercounted the population of Bristol particularly in the inner city wards of Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton. While the overall population counts have been revised and updated, all other 2001 Census data for Lawrence Hill, Ashley and Easton (including ethnic group statistics below) remain undercounts.

For further information contact Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council (0117 9036873)

INDICATOR	Number or %	SOURCE	YEAR	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>ETHNICITY : SUMMARY</b>				
% Ethnicity: All White	74.4%	Census	2001	Average = 92
% Ethnicity: All BME	25.6%	Census	2001	Average = 8
<b>ETHNICITY : DETAILS</b>				
Ethnicity: White British	7575	census	2001	Average = 9573.9
Ethnicity: White Irish	169	census	2001	Average = 123.5
Ethnicity: White Other White	564	census	2001	Average = 289.3
Ethnicity: Mixed White and Black African	69	census	2001	Average = 21.5
Ethnicity: Mixed White and Black Caribbean	347	census	2001	Average = 111
Ethnicity: Mixed White and Asian	106	census	2001	Average = 46.8
Ethnicity: Mixed Other Mixed	132	census	2001	Average = 46.9
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Indian	162	census	2001	Average = 131.3
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Pakistani	342	census	2001	Average = 115.7
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Bangladeshi	100	census	2001	Average = 35.2
Ethnicity: Asian or Asian British Other Asian	70	census	2001	Average = 27.8
Ethnicity: Black or Black British Black Caribbean	947	census	2001	Average = 159.6
Ethnicity: Black or Black British Black African	307	census	2001	Average = 66.3
Ethnicity: Black or Black British Other Black	127	census	2001	Average = 27.3
Ethnicity: Chinese or other ethnic group Chinese	92	census	2001	Average = 61.8
Ethnicity: Chinese or other ethnic group Other Ethnic Group	60	census	2001	Average = 37.8
<b>ETHNICITY : GROUP NUMBERS</b>				
Ethnicity- White	8308	census	2001	Average = 9987
Ethnicity- Mixed	654	census	2001	Average = 226
Ethnicity- Asian or Asian British	674	census	2001	Average = 310
Ethnicity- Black or Black British	1381	census	2001	Average = 253
Ethnicity- Chinese or other ethnic group	152	census	2001	Average = 100

## 3. Employment and jobs in Ashley

Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council provide these data from the Census Special Workplace Statistics and from the Office of National Statistics (NOMIS). © Crown Copyright

While the ward average number of jobs is presented here the majority of wards have around 3,000 jobs. This is demonstrated more clearly in the ranking system where a ward with a below average number of jobs may be highly ranked. This is due to the massive amount of employment concentrated in a few city centre wards e.g. Cabot.

Economically inactive includes students, retired people, permanently sick or disabled etc.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>NUMBER OF LOCAL JOBS</b>				
Total number of jobs	7000	☹️	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	Average = 6560
Rank of number of jobs (1 = ward with lowest number and 35 = highest)	30	😐	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	
% Jobs in services	89 %	😐	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	Average = 90
% Jobs part time	28 %	☹️	ONS (NOMIS) 2006	Average = 33
<b>TRANSPORT TO WORK</b>				
% Households with no cars or vans.	37 %		Census 2001	Average = 29
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by driving a car or van	39 %		Census 2001	Average = 51
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work as passenger in a car or van	4 %		Census 2001	Average = 6
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by bicycle	11 %		Census 2001	Average = 5
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by foot	23 %		Census 2001	Average = 16
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by public transport	13 %		Census 2001	Average = 14
% People aged 16 - 74 who usually travel to work by motorcycle, scooter; moped	1 %		Census 2001	Average = 2
% Residents working outside Bristol (commuting out)	23 %		Census 2001	Average = 25
<b>ECONOMIC INACTIVITY</b>				
People aged 16-74 economically inactive	2608		Census 2001	Average = 2634
Unemployed claimants (August)	527		ONS (NOMIS) 2007	Average = 161
Rank of unemployed claimants (where 1= ward with highest number of claimants) August	2		ONS (NOMIS) 2007	

### INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

😊	getting better
😐	no significant change
☹️	getting worse

## 4. Poverty and Deprivation Profile for Ashley

Wards in Bristol are relatively large in terms of population and many contain a wide variety of neighbourhoods. This local variation is often lost when information is collated into ward averages. An alternative geography based on smaller areas - Super Output Areas (SOAs) - seeks to address this (see map opposite). Bristol has been divided into 252 SOAs, each with an average of 1,500 people. The most recent data available by this geography are the Department of Communities and Local Government (DCLG) Indices of Deprivation 2007, illustrated here.

The Indices of Deprivation 2007 consist of 7 aspects or 'domains' of deprivation: Income deprivation (I); Employment deprivation (E); Health deprivation and disability (H); Education, skills and training deprivation (S); Barriers to housing and services (B); Living environment deprivation (L); and Crime (C).

There are two supplementary Indices - the Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (K) and the Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (O)

These domains are combined to give an overall measure of Multiple Deprivation which is then ranked in order to make comparisons with other areas.

Super Output Area	Index of Multiple Deprivation Bristol rank out of 252 (1=most deprived)	Index of Multiple Deprivation English rank out of 32,482 (1=most deprived)	Domains where area is in most deprived 10% of areas in England
Mina Road	98	8701	CL
St Agnes	20	1659	IEHCKO
Cromwell Road	173	16738	C
Upper Montpelier	93	8357	C
Lower Montpelier	48	4159	CLKO
St Pauls	13	815	IEHCKO
Ashley Hill	181	17596	

Pink shading = in most deprived 10% of areas in England

5 out of 7 SOA's in Ashley are ranked within the most deprived 10% nationally overall in the Index of Multiple Deprivation, plus the children and older peoples indices.

Income deprivation is a particular issue for children affecting 93.3% (highest in Bristol), income deprivation affecting older people is second highest in St Agnes at 50.8%

50.2% of 'St Pauls' residents are income deprived (the second highest in Bristol)

The full results for Bristol can be found in 'Deprivation in Bristol 2007' [www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics)  
 Maps of the Super Output Area boundaries can be found on ward finder [www.bristol.gov.uk/wardfinder](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/wardfinder)



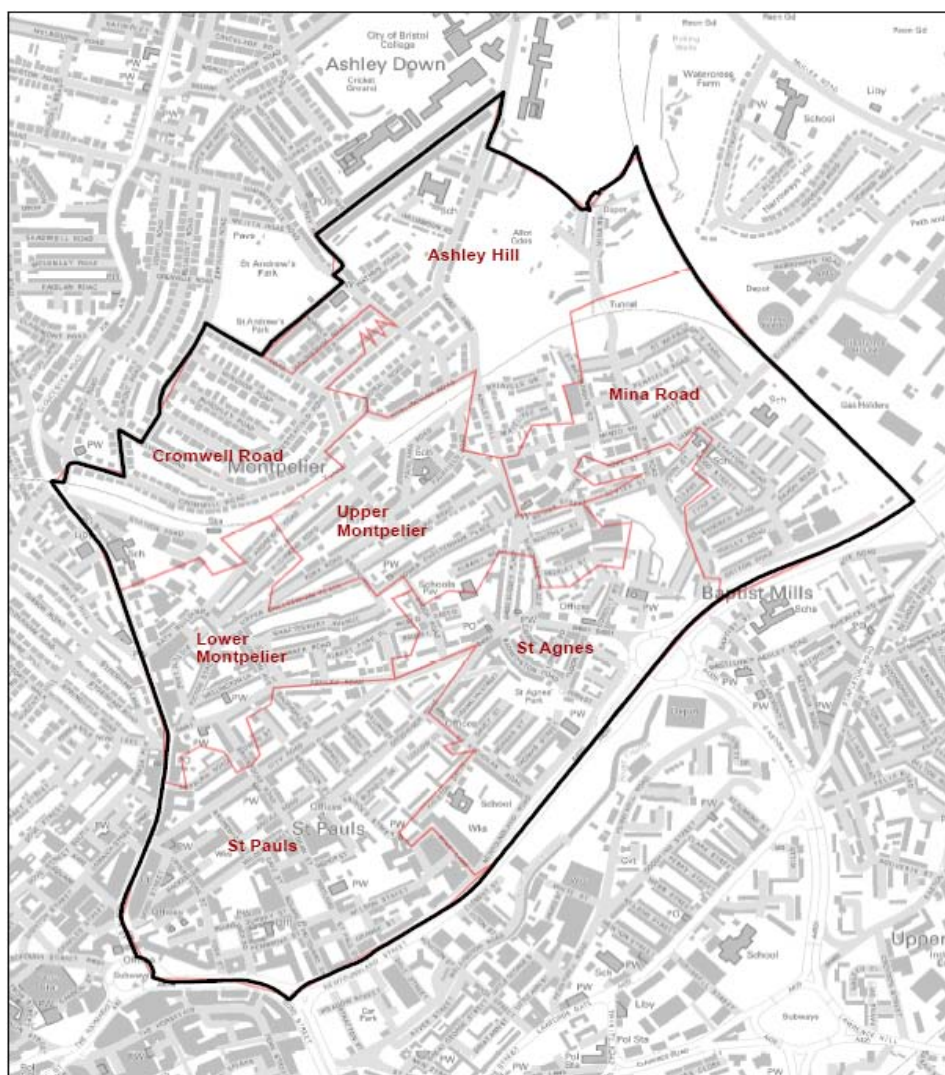
## 5. Local democracy and Super Output Areas in Ashley

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	YEAR	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>ELECTORATE</b>				
Number on the electoral roll	<b>9197</b>	2007	www.bristol.gov.uk/	Average = 8587
Turnout at local elections	<b>36%</b>	2007	www.bristol.gov.uk/	Average = 34
Turnout at local elections	<b>64%</b>	2005	www.bristol.gov.uk/	Average = 64

### SUPER OUTPUT AREAS

Wards in Bristol are relatively large in terms of population and many contain a wide variety of neighbourhoods. This local variation is often lost when information is collated into ward averages. A new geography based on smaller areas - Lower Layer Super Output Areas (LSOA's) - seeks to address this.









Bristol has been divided into 252 LSOA's, with an average of 1,500 people. The map below shows the LSOAs in this ward:



## 6. Local Environmental Quality in Ashley


The nitrogen dioxide figure is taken from a single site with a passive NO<sub>2</sub> diffusion tube located in a background location in each ward. Although the single site cannot represent the whole of the ward this survey has been continuing for many years so good trend information can be obtained. Most sites are below the national objective of 40 µg/m<sup>3</sup> as an annual average.

A liveability indicator has been developed to monitor progress of a range of initiatives in Bristol including Neighbourhood Renewal. The indicator takes into account the cleanliness and attractiveness of the local environment as reported by residents in the annual **Quality of Life in your Neighbourhood** survey. A higher figure indicates better liveability.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>WILDLIFE TREES AND OPEN SPACE</b>				
Natural Green Space	3 hectares		Bristol Parks 2008	Average = 21
Formal / Ornamental Green Space	3.7 hectares		Bristol Parks 2008	Average = 3
Informal Green Space	1 hectares		Bristol Parks 2008	Average = 19
Average bird species per garden	10		Bristol Bird Watch 2007	Average = 12
% respondents who have frogs in garden or allotment	61 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 55
<b>POLLUTION</b>				
Background nitrogen dioxide	37 µg/m <sup>3</sup>		Environmental Quality 2007	Average = 27
% Primary pupils walking to school	80 %		Community Safety 2008	Average = 60
% respondents who go to work by car	45 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 61
% respondents who have noise from traffic	52 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 46
% respondents who feel dog fouling is a problem	71 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 64
% respondents who produce more than 30kg waste per week	10 %		QOL questionnaire 2005	Average = 11
<b>ENERGY</b>				
% respondents who buy electricity with a green tariff	17 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 8
% respondents buying energy efficient light bulbs	77 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 72
<b>LIVEABILITY</b>				
Liveability indicator	40		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 49

### INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

	getting better
	no significant change
	getting worse

## 7. Housing profile for Ashley

By affordable dwellings we refer to dwellings owned by registered social landlords and local authorities, either for rent or for shared ownership. Private dwellings are not included as 'affordability' has yet to be adequately defined for this sector. Please note that the 'affordable dwelling' numbers are decreasing in some wards through losses in local authority stocks. Average house prices, (courtesy of the Land Registry and Bristol City Council's Strategic & Citywide and Regeneration, Research & Evaluation Teams), are a rough guide only as both the number of sales and the housing profile (see Tenure below) vary throughout the city.








INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>HOUSING STOCK</b>				
Average house price.	£ 240,300		Neighbourhood & Housing Services 2007	Average = 212340
Empty homes brought back to use	5		Neighbourhood & Housing Services 2007	Average = 7
% households under-occupied	39 %		Census 2001	Average = 48
New affordable dwellings 2001-2007	8		Strategic & Citywide Policy 2007	Average = 33
Dwellings with planning permission 1st April	557		Strategic & Citywide Policy 2008	Average = 365
Change in dwelling stock 2001 - 2008	487		Strategic & Citywide Policy 2008	Average = 369
% respondents satisfied with cost and availability of housing	20 %	☹	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 32
<b>HOUSEHOLD SPACES</b>				
Total number of household spaces	5249		Census 2001	Average = 4775
% vacant household spaces	4 %		Census 2001	Average = 3
% households as second residence	0.1 %		Census 2001	Average = 0.2
% households accommodated in houses	58 %		Census 2001	Average = 72
% households accommodated in flat, maisonette or apartment	42 %		Census 2001	Average = 28
% households accommodated in caravan, other mobile or temporary structure	0.1 %		Census 2001	Average = 0.1
<b>TENURE</b>				
Tenure: % households owner occupied	48 %		census 2001	Average = 61
Tenure: % households rented from city council	11 %		census 2001	Average = 18
Tenure: % households rented from private landlord/other	23 %		census 2001	Average = 14
Tenure: % households rented from Housing Association/Social Landlord	14 %		census 2001	Average = 4

## 8. Health profile for Ashley

Some of the indicators from the Primary Care Trusts are shown as standard mortality ratios (SMR). This measure provides a way of comparing death rates across different areas with the old Avon area (Bristol, South Gloucestershire, North Somerset and Bath and North East Somerset) standard set at 100. SMRs higher than 100 are of concern.



INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>BIRTHS</b>				
% low birth weight (under 2500 grams)	10		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2002-2006	Average = 8
Teenage conceptions (rate per 1000 females 15-17 years) 2002-2004	high		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2004	
% mothers breast feeding at 6-8 weeks	71 %		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2006	Average = 46
<b>GENERAL HEALTH</b>				
% people with limiting long-term illness	15 %		Census 2001	Average = 18
% people of working age with a long term limiting illness	10 %		Census 2001	Average = 8
% respondents taking exercise at least 5 times a week	43 %	☹	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 35
% respondents in active sport at least once a week	52 %	☹	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 37
% respondents who live in households with a smoker	36 %	☹	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 27
% respondents who smoke	19 %	☹	QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 16
Life expectancy 2002-2006	80		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2002-2006	Average = 79
Falls in the elderly (75 years and over) resulting in admission to hospital per 1,000	21 rate		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2007	Average = 39
<b>DEATHS</b>				
Deaths from all causes (under 75 years) SMR	115		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 117
Deaths from accidents (under 75 years) SMR	136		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 106
Deaths from coronary heart disease (under 75 years) SMR	132		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 120
Deaths from all cancers (under 75 years) SMR	76		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 111
Deaths from lung cancer (under 75 years) SMR	86		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 130
Deaths from breast cancer (under 75 years) SMR	100		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2001-2005	Average = 109

## 9. Social services in Ashley















INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>REFERRALS - ADULT</b>				
Number of referrals - adult	628		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 722
Adult referrals - physical disability	56 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 69
Adult referrals - learning difficulty	3 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 2
Adult referrals - mental health	36 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 26
Adult referrals - other	6 %		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 2
<b>REFERRALS - CHILDREN</b>				
Number of referrals - children under 18	235		Children and Young Peoples Services 2005	Average = 146
Children Looked After (per 1000 under 16 years on 31st March)	5		Children and Young Peoples Services 2006	Average = 6
Children on the child protection register (per 1000 under 16 years on 31st March)	3		Children and Young Peoples Services 2006	Average = 3
<b>DOMICILIARY (HOME CARE, HOME HELP)</b>				
Home Help services (September)	64		Adult Community Care 2007	Average = 72
% respondents satisfied with social services	38		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 42
% respondents satisfied with health services	73		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 72

### INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

	getting better
	no significant change
	getting worse

# 10. Life in the community in Ashley











INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>HAPPINESS AND WELLBEING</b>				
% respondents who say they are happy	88 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 90
% respondents satisfied with life	78 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 74
% respondents who have good quality sleep	75 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 70
<b>CULTURE &amp; RECREATION</b>				
% respondents who visited 3+ leisure or cultural events	64 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 49
% respondents satisfied with amount of parks and green spaces	68 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 68
% respondents who visit parks and open spaces at least once a week	52 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 35
<b>EDUCATION</b>				
% respondents with no educational or technical qualifications	13 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 30
<b>ACCESS</b>				
% respondents with easy access to a doctor	89 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 89
% respondents with easy access to local hospital	76 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 62
% respondents satisfied with the bus service	29 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 47
% respondents with problem of cars blocking local pavement	75 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 64
<b>FOOD</b>				
% respondents who usually buy or consume organic food	42 %		QOL questionnaire 2005	Average = 26
% respondents who usually buy or consume locally grown food	25 %		QOL questionnaire 2006	Average = 17
% respondents who usually buy fairtrade foods	21 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 13
% food businesses broadly compliant with food hygiene law (October)	84 %		Food safety team 2008	Average = 89
Number of greengrocers	2		Neighbourhood & Housing Services 2007	Average = 1

## INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

	getting better
	no significant change
	getting worse

# 11. Community cohesion in Ashley

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>LIFE IN THE NEIGHBOURHOOD</b>				
% respondents who feel they belong to neighbourhood	65 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 58
% respondents who trust people locally	62 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 63
% respondents who think their neighbourhood has got worse over the last 2 years	27 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 33
% Respondents who have lived in their homes for less than 2 yrs	11 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 6
% respondents who feel they can influence decisions	35 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 26
% respondents who agree people can influence decisions in local area by working together	69 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 54
% respondents who agree people from different backgrounds get on well together	70 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 55
% respondents who agree ethnic differences are respected in their neighbourhood	74 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 55
% respondents involved in community or voluntary organisation	27 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 22
% respondents satisfied with the appearance of streets, public	36 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 49
<b>ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR</b>				
% respondents who feel locally, antisocial behaviour is a problem	39 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 41

## INDICATOR TREND

(based on the last 4 years)

	getting better
	no significant change
	getting worse

## 12. Children and young people in Ashley

For a comprehensive report on Children and Young People see Catching in the Rye 2007-08, [http://www.bristolpartnership.org/resources/data/children\\_yp](http://www.bristolpartnership.org/resources/data/children_yp) and an associated database of further statistics is available at [www.bristolchildrendata.org.uk/](http://www.bristolchildrendata.org.uk/)

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>CASUALTIES</b>				
Numbers of under-18yr olds admitted to hospital as a result of a road traffic accident	4		Bristol Primary Care Trust 2007	Average = 4
<b>LIVING CONDITIONS</b>				
Population aged 0 - 15	2688		ONS mid year estimates 2006	Average = 1988
Number of dependent children living in households with no adults in employment	737		Census 2001	Average = 492
Number of dependent children living in overcrowded households	357		Census 2001	Average = 263
Number of dependent children living in rented accommodation	1048		Census 2001	Average = 846
Number of dependent children with no central heating	131		Census 2001	Average = 120
Number of dependent children in a lone parent family	1009		Census 2001	Average = 653
Unpaid young carers 1-19 hours	20		Census 2001	Average = 20
Unpaid young carers 20-49 hours	3		Census 2001	Average = 2
<b>YOUNG OFFENDERS</b>				
Number of offenders 10 - 17 years	30	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 27
Young offenders - Motoring offences	5	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 6
Young offenders - Breach of..offences	2	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 5
Young offenders - Burglary offences	4	😞	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 4
Young offenders - Criminal damage offences	3	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 7
Young offenders - Possession of drugs offences	6	😞	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 4
Young offenders - Robbery offences	1	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 2
Young offenders - Theft offences	13	😞	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 11
Young offenders - Violence against the person offences	8	😊	Youth Offending Team 2007	Average = 11



# 13. Education Profile for Ashley

There are 4 primary schools in Ashley :






Cabot Primary - (184 pupils)

Sefton Park Junior - (283 pupils)

St Barnabas Church of England VC Primary - (206 pupils)

St Werburgh's Primary - (185 pupils)



All the figures below are from 2007. For further information contact the Statistics and Research unit, Education and Lifelong Learning. 0117 9037660 or <http://www.dcsf.gov.uk/performance/tables/index.shtml>  
Some schools are new so do not have valid statistics for this year.

SCHOOL	IMPROVE- MENT MEASURE	TOTAL % WITH SPECIAL EDUCATION NEEDS	KEY STAGE 2 RESULT % achieving level 4 in English (primary only)	% UNAUTHORISED ABSENCE
Cabot Primary		73%	32%	3.2%
Sefton Park Junior		24%	76%	0.3%
St Barnabas Church of England VC Primary		27%	77%	0.6%
St Werburgh's Primary		16%	68%	0.3%
<b>Average for Bristol primary schools</b>		<b>28%</b>	<b>72.0%</b>	<b>1.0%</b>

There are 2 secondary schools in Ashley :

Andalusia Academy Bristol - (72 pupils)














Colston's Girls' School - (604 pupils)

SCHOOL	IMPROVE- MENT MEASURE	TOTAL % WITH SPECIAL EDUCATION NEEDS	% of 15 old pupils achieving 5+A*-C (and equivalent)	% UNAUTHORISED ABSENCE
Andalusia Academy Bristol		0%		N/A
Colston's Girls' School		0%	89%	N/A
<b>Average for Bristol secondary schools</b>			<b>46.9%</b>	<b>2.6%</b>

# 14. Crime and disorder in Ashley

For further information on crime and disorder contact the Safer Bristol Partnership (0117 9142222) who calculate ward figures from Avon and Somerset Police data.

Racist incidents, domestic violence incidents and noise complaints are calendar years, the rest are April 2007 - Jan 2008.

INDICATOR	NUMBER OR %	INDICATOR TREND	DATA SOURCE	COMPARED TO OTHER WARDS
<b>RECORDED AND REPORTED CRIME</b>				
Total Crime rate per 1000	195		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 154
Common Assault rate per 1000	8		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 7
Wounding rate per 1000	17		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 13
Theft from Motor Vehicles rate per 1000	18		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 18
Theft of Motor Vehicle rate per 1000	6		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 7
Vehicle Interference rate per 1000	2		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 2
Burglary (Dwelling) rate per 1000	20		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 12
Personal Robbery rate per 1000	13		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 3
Theft from the Person rate per 1000	6		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 2
Criminal Damage rate per 1000	33		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 26
Theft of Pedal Cycle rate per 1000	6		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 5
Incidents: Abandoned vehicles	47		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 33
Racist incidents reported to the police	40		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 29
Domestic violence incidents reported to police	292		Avon & Somerset Police 2007	Average = 195
Number of noise complaints	221		Pollution control 2007	Average = 109
<b>PERCEPTION OF CRIME</b>				
% respondents who feel safe when outside in their neighbourhood after dark	43 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 46
% respondents who feel safe when outside their neighbourhood during the day	88 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 85
% respondents whose day to day life is affected by fear of crime	18 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 23
% respondents who feel crime has got worse over last 3 years	32 %		QOL questionnaire 2007	Average = 35

# Acknowledgements

These ward profiles have been produced by the Environment & Sustainability Unit in the Strategic Development Division, City Development Department.

Contact [sustainability@bristol.gov.uk](mailto:sustainability@bristol.gov.uk). See also [www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife) for more comprehensive report 'Indicators of the Quality of life in Bristol'.

Special thanks to Strategic & Citywide Policy for contributing all ward based information based on the 2001 Census data. For further information [www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics) and [www.neighbourhood.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.neighbourhood.statistics.gov.uk).

Thanks also to the Primary Care Trusts, the Safer Bristol Partnership, Bristol Bird Watch, Housing, Social Services and all our other contributors.

## Useful Websites & Contacts

Information is used throughout these profiles from the 'Quality of life in your neighbourhood' annual survey. More information can be found at [www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/qualityoflife) contact (0117 9222745) email [sustainability@bristol.gov.uk](mailto:sustainability@bristol.gov.uk)

Strategic & Citywide Policy, Bristol City Council (0117 9036873)  
Census based data: [www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/statistics) and  
[www.neighbourhood.statistics.gov.uk](http://www.neighbourhood.statistics.gov.uk)

Health – Bristol Primary Care Trust [www.bristolpct.nhs.uk](http://www.bristolpct.nhs.uk)

Children & Young People's Partnership [www.bristolchildren.org.uk](http://www.bristolchildren.org.uk)  
Education & Lifelong Learning, Bristol City Council (0117 9037660)  
[www.dfes.gov.uk/performance/tables](http://www.dfes.gov.uk/performance/tables)

Crime - Safer Bristol Partnership (0117 9142222)  
Avon & Somerset Police [www.avonandsomerset.police.uk](http://www.avonandsomerset.police.uk)

Ward Profiles are commissioned by Scrutiny & Equalities, Bristol City Council and are located in [www.bristol.gov.uk/wardfinder](http://www.bristol.gov.uk/wardfinder).