## 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 466

To provide financial assistance to State and local governments to assist them in preventing and responding to acts of terrorism in order to better protect homeland security.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

FEBRUARY 27, 2003

Mr. DASCHLE (for himself and Mr. LEAHY) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

# A BILL

- To provide financial assistance to State and local governments to assist them in preventing and responding to acts of terrorism in order to better protect homeland security.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "First Responders Part-
- 5 nership Grant Act of 2003".

#### 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

7 In this Act, the following definitions shall apply:

(1) INDIAN TRIBE.—The term "Indian tribe"
 has the same meaning as in section 4(e) of the In dian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
 Act (25 U.S.C. 450b(e)).

(2) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER.—The term 5 "law enforcement officer" means any officer, agent, 6 7 or employee of a State, unit of local government, public or private college or university, or Indian 8 9 tribe authorized by law or by a government agency 10 to engage in or supervise the prevention, detection, 11 or investigation of any violation of criminal law, or 12 authorized by law to supervise sentenced criminal of-13 fenders.

14 (3) PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICER.—The term "pub15 lic safety officer" means any person serving a public
16 or private agency with or without compensation as
17 a law enforcement officer, as a firefighter, or as a
18 member of a rescue squad or ambulance crew.

19 (4) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means20 the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(5) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and the
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

24 (6) UNIT OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT.—The term
25 "unit of local government" means a county, munici-

pality, town, township, village, parish, borough, or
 other unit of general government below the State
 level.

# 4 SEC. 3. FIRST RESPONDERS PARTNERSHIP GRANT PRO-5 GRAM FOR PUBLIC SAFETY OFFICERS.

6 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary is authorized to 7 make grants to States, units of local government, and In-8 dian tribes to support public safety officers in their efforts 9 to protect homeland security and prevent and respond to 10 acts of terrorism.

(b) USE OF FUNDS.—Grants awarded under this section shall be—

13 (1) distributed directly to the State, unit of14 local government, or Indian tribe; and

(2) used to fund overtime expenses, equipment,
training, and facilities to support public safety officers in their efforts to protect homeland security and
prevent and respond to acts of terrorism.

19 (c) Allocation and Distribution of Funds.—

20 (1) Set-aside for indian tribes.—

21 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall re22 serve 1 percent of the amount appropriated for
23 grants pursuant to this Act to be used for
24 grants to Indian tribes.

25 (B) Selection of indian tribes.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall 1 2 award grants under this subparagraph to 3 Indian tribes on the basis of a competition 4 conducted pursuant to specific criteria. (ii) RULEMAKING.—The 5 criteria 6 under clause (i) shall be contained in a 7 regulation promulgated by the Secretary 8 after notice and public comment. 9 (2) Set-aside for rural states.— 10 (A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall re-11 serve 5 percent of the amount appropriated for 12 grants pursuant to this Act to be used for 13 grants to rural States. 14 (B) SELECTION OF RURAL STATES.—The 15 Secretary shall award grants under this para-16 graph to rural States (as defined in section 17 1501(b) of the Omnibus Crime Control and 18 Streets of 1968 (42)Safe Act U.S.C. 19 3796bb(b))). 20 (3) MINIMUM AMOUNT.—The Secretary shall 21 allocate, from the total amount appropriated for

23 (A) not less than 0.75 percent for each24 State; and

grants to States under this section—

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(B) not less than 0.25 percent for Amer ican Samoa, Guam, the Northern Mariana Is lands, and the United States Virgin Islands, re spectively.

5 (4) Allocation to metropolitan cities 6 AND URBAN COUNTIES.—The balance of the total 7 amount appropriated for grants to States under this 8 section after allocations have been made to Indian 9 tribes, rural States, and the minimum amount to 10 each State pursuant to paragraphs (1) through (3), 11 shall be allocated by the Secretary to metropolitan 12 cities and urban counties pursuant to paragraphs 13 (5) and (6).

14 (5) COMPUTATION OF AMOUNT ALLOCATED TO
15 METROPOLITAN CITIES.—

16 (A) COMPUTATION RATIOS.—The Sec-17 retary shall determine the amount to be allo-18 cated to each metropolitan city, which shall 19 bear the same ratio to the allocation for all 20 metropolitan cities as the weighted average of—

(i) the population of the metropolitan
city divided by the population of all metropolitan cities;

24 (ii) the potential chemical security25 risk of the metropolitan city divided by the

1	potential chemical security risk of all met-
2	ropolitan cities;
3	(iii) the proximity of the metropolitan
4	city to the nearest operating nuclear power
5	plant compared to the proximity of all met-
6	ropolitan cities to the nearest operating
7	nuclear power plant to each such city;
8	(iv) the proximity of the metropolitan
9	cities to the nearest United States land or
10	water port compared with the proximity of
11	all metropolitan cities to the nearest
12	United States land or water port to each
13	such city;
14	(v) the proximity of the metropolitan
15	city to the nearest international border
16	compared with the proximity of all metro-
17	politan cities to the nearest international
18	border to each such city; and
19	(vi) the proximity of the metropolitan
20	city to the nearest Disaster Medical Assist-
21	ance Team (referred to in this subsection
22	as "DMAT") compared with the proximity
23	of all metropolitan cities to the nearest
24	DMAT to each such city.

1	(B) CLARIFICATION OF COMPUTATION RA-
2	TIOS.—
3	(i) Relative weight of factor.—
4	In determining the average of the ratios
5	under subparagraph (A)—
6	(I) the ratio involving population
7	shall constitute 50 percent of the for-
8	mula in calculating the allocation; and
9	(II) the remaining factors shall
10	be equally weighted.
11	(ii) Potential chemical security
12	RISK.—If a metropolitan city is within the
13	vulnerable zone of a worst-case chemical
14	release (as specified in the most recent risk
15	management plans filed with the Environ-
16	mental Protection Agency, or another in-
17	strument developed by the Environmental
18	Protection Agency or the Homeland Secu-
19	rity Department that captures the same in-
20	formation for the same facilities), the ratio
21	under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be 1 di-
22	vided by the total number of metropolitan
23	cities that are within such a zone.
24	(iii) Proximity as it pertains to
25	NUCLEAR SECURITY.—If a metropolitan

1	city is located within 50 miles of an oper-
2	ating nuclear power plant (as identified by
3	the Nuclear Regulatory Commission), the
4	ratio under subparagraph (A)(iii) shall be
5	1 divided by the total number of metropoli-
6	tan cities, not to exceed 100, which are lo-
7	cated within 50 miles of an operating nu-
8	clear power plant.
9	(iv) Proximity as it pertains to
10	PORT SECURITY.—If a metropolitan city is
11	located within 50 miles of 1 of the 100
12	largest United States ports (as stated by
13	the Department of Transportation, Bureau
14	of Transportation Statistics, United States
15	Port Report by All Land Modes), or within
16	50 miles of 1 of the 30 largest United
17	States water ports by metric tons and
18	value (as stated by the Department of
19	Transportation, Maritime Administration,
20	United States Foreign Waterborne Trans-
21	portation Statistics), the ratio under sub-
22	paragraph (A)(iv) shall be 1 divided by the
23	total number of metropolitan cities that
24	are located within 50 miles of a United
25	States land or water port.

1	(v) Proximity to international
2	BORDER.—If a metropolitan city is located
3	within 50 miles of an international border,
4	the ratio under subparagraph (A)(v) shall
5	be 1 divided by the total number of metro-
6	politan cities that are located within 50
7	miles of an international border.
8	(vi) PROXIMITY TO DISASTER MED-
9	ICAL ASSISTANCE TEAM.—If a metropoli-
10	tan city is located within 50 miles of a
11	DMAT, as organized by the National Dis-
12	aster Medical System, the ratio under sub-
13	paragraph (A)(vi) shall be 1 divided by the
14	total number of metropolitan cities that
15	are located within 50 miles of a DMAT.
16	(6) Computation of amount allocated to
17	URBAN COUNTIES.—
18	(A) Computation ratios.—The Sec-
19	retary shall determine the amount to be allo-
20	cated to each urban county, which shall bear
21	the same ratio to the allocation for all urban
22	counties as the weighted average of—
23	(i) the population of the urban county
24	divided by the population of all urban
25	counties;

1 (ii) the potential chemical security 2 risk of the urban county divided by the potential chemical security risk of all urban 3 counties; 4 (iii) the proximity of the urban county 5 6 to the nearest operating nuclear power 7 plant compared to the proximity of all urban counties to the nearest operating 8 9 nuclear power plant to each such county; 10 (iv) the proximity of the urban coun-11 ties to the nearest United States land or 12 water port compared with the proximity of 13 all urban counties to the nearest United 14 States land or water port to each such 15 county; 16 (v) the proximity of the urban county 17 to the nearest international border com-18 pared with the proximity of all urban coun-19 ties to the nearest international border to 20 each such county; and 21 (vi) the proximity of the urban county 22 to the nearest Disaster Medical Assistance 23 Team (referred to in this subsection as "DMAT") compared with the proximity of 24

1	all urban counties to the nearest DMAT to
2	each such county.
3	(B) CLARIFICATION OF COMPUTATION RA-
4	TIOS.—
5	(i) Relative weight of factor.—
6	In determining the average of the ratios
7	under subparagraph (A)—
8	(I) the ratio involving population
9	shall constitute 50 percent of the for-
10	mula in calculating the allocation; and
11	(II) the remaining factors shall
12	be equally weighted.
13	(ii) POTENTIAL CHEMICAL SECURITY
14	RISK.—If an urban county is within the
15	vulnerable zone of a worst-case chemical
16	release (as specified in the most recent risk
17	management plans filed with the Environ-
18	mental Protection Agency, or another in-
19	strument developed by the Environmental
20	Protection Agency or the Homeland Secu-
21	rity Department that captures the same in-
22	formation for the same facilities), the ratio
23	under subparagraph (A)(ii) shall be 1 di-
24	vided by the total number of urban coun-
25	ties that are within such a zone.

1	(iii) PROXIMITY AS IT PERTAINS TO
2	NUCLEAR SECURITY.—If an urban county
3	is located within 50 miles of an operating
4	nuclear power plant (as identified by the
5	Nuclear Regulatory Commission), the ratio
6	under subparagraph (A)(iii) shall be 1 di-
7	vided by the total number of urban coun-
8	ties, not to exceed 100, which are located
9	within 50 miles of an operating nuclear
10	power plant.
11	(iv) Proximity as it pertains to
12	PORT SECURITY.—If an urban county is lo-
13	cated within 50 miles of 1 of the 100 larg-
14	est United States ports (as stated by the
15	Department of Transportation, Bureau of
16	Transportation Statistics, United States
17	Port Report by All Land Modes), or within
18	50 miles of 1 of the 30 largest United
19	States water ports by metric tons and
20	value (as stated by the Department of
21	Transportation, Maritime Administration,
22	United States Foreign Waterborne Trans-
23	portation Statistics), the ratio under sub-
24	paragraph (A)(iv) shall be 1 divided by the
25	total number of urban counties that are lo-

1	cated within 50 miles of a United States
2	land or water port.
3	(v) Proximity to international
4	BORDER.—If an urban county is located
5	within 50 miles of an international border,
6	the ratio under subparagraph $(A)(v)$ shall
7	be 1 divided by the total number of urban
8	counties that are located within 50 miles of
9	an international border.
10	(vi) Proximity to disaster med-
11	ICAL ASSISTANCE TEAM.—If an urban
12	county is located within 50 miles of a
13	DMAT, as organized by the National Dis-
14	aster Medical System, the ratio under sub-
15	paragraph (A)(vi) shall be 1 divided by the
16	total number of urban counties that are lo-
17	cated within 50 miles of a DMAT.
18	(7) EXCLUSIONS.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—In computing amounts
20	or exclusions under paragraph (6) with respect
21	to any urban county, units of general local gov-
22	ernment located in the county shall be excluded
23	if the populations of such units are not counted
24	to determine the eligibility of the urban county
25	to receive a grant under this subsection.

1	(B) INDEPENDENT CITIES.—
2	(i) IN GENERAL.—In computing
3	amounts under subparagraph (A), there
4	shall be included any independent city (as
5	defined by the Bureau of the Census)
6	which—
7	(I) is not part of any county;
8	(II) is not eligible for a grant;
9	(III) is contiguous to the urban
10	county;
11	(IV) has entered into cooperation
12	agreements with the urban county
13	which provide that the urban county
14	is to undertake or to assist in the un-
15	dertaking of essential community de-
16	velopment and housing assistance ac-
17	tivities with respect to such inde-
18	pendent city; and
19	(V) is not included as a part of
20	any other unit of general local govern-
21	ment for purposes of this section.
22	(ii) LIMITATION.—Any independent
23	city that is included in the computation
24	under this clause (i) shall not be eligible to
25	receive assistance under this subsection for

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1	the fiscal year for which such computation
2	is used to allocate such assistance.
3	(8) Inclusion.—
4	(A) LOCAL GOVERNMENT STRADDLING
5	COUNTY LINE.—In computing amounts or ex-
6	clusions under paragraph (6) with respect to
7	any urban county, all of the area of any unit
8	of local government shall be included, which is
9	part of, but is not located entirely within the
10	boundaries of, such urban county if—
11	(i) the part of such unit of local gov-
12	ernment that is within the boundaries of
13	such urban county would otherwise be in-
14	cluded in computing the amount for such
15	urban county under this subsection; and
16	(ii) the part of such unit of local gov-
17	ernment that is not within the boundaries
18	of such urban county is not included as a
19	part of any other unit of local government
20	for the purpose of this subsection.
21	(B) USE OF GRANT FUNDS OUTSIDE
22	URBAN COUNTY.—Any amount received under
23	this section by an urban county described under
24	subparagraph (A) may be used with respect to

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1	the part of such unit of local government that
2	is outside the boundaries of such urban county.
3	(9) POPULATION.—
4	(A) EFFECT OF CONSOLIDATION.—Where
5	data are available, the amount to be allocated
6	to a metropolitan city that has been formed by
7	the consolidation of 1 or more metropolitan cit-
8	ies within an urban county shall be equal to the
9	sum of the amounts that would have been allo-
10	cated to the urban county or cities and the bal-
11	ance of the consolidated government if such
12	consolidation had not occurred.
13	(B) LIMITATION.—Subparagraph (A) shall
14	apply only to a consolidation that—
15	(i) included all metropolitan cities
16	that received grants under this section for
17	the fiscal year preceding such consolidation
18	and that were located within the urban
19	county;
20	(ii) included the entire urban county
21	that received a grant under this section for
22	the fiscal year preceding such consolida-
23	tion; and
24	(iii) took place on or after January 1,
25	2003.

1	(C) GROWTH RATE.—The population
2	growth rate of all metropolitan cities defined in
3	this section shall be based on the population
4	of—
5	(i) metropolitan cities other than con-
6	solidated governments the grant for which
7	is determined under this paragraph; and
8	(ii) cities that were metropolitan cities
9	before their incorporation into consolidated
10	governments.
11	(d) Maximum Amount per Grantee.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—A qualifying State, unit of
13	local government, or Indian tribe may not receive
14	more than 5 percent of the total amount appro-
15	priated for grants under this Act.
16	(2) Aggregate amount per state.—A State,
17	together with the grantees within the State, may not
18	receive more than 20 percent of the total amount
19	appropriated for grants under this Act.
20	(e) Matching Funds.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The portion of the costs of
22	a program provided by a grant under subsection (a)
23	may not exceed 90 percent.
24	(2) WAIVER.—If the Secretary determines that
25	a grantee is experiencing fiscal hardship, the Sec-

retary may waive, in whole or in part, the matching
 requirement under paragraph (1).

3 (3) EXCEPTION.—Any funds appropriated by
4 Congress for the activities of any agency of an In5 dian tribal government or the Bureau of Indian Af6 fairs performing law enforcement functions on any
7 Indian lands may be used to provide the non-Federal
8 share of a matching requirement under paragraph
9 (1).

#### 10 SEC. 4. APPLICATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—To request a grant under this
Act, the chief executive of a State, unit of local government, or Indian tribe shall submit an application to the
Secretary in such form and containing such information
as the Secretary may reasonably require.

16 (b) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 90 days after the 17 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall promul-18 gate regulations to implement this section (including the 19 information that must be included and the requirements 20 that the States, units of local government, and Indian 21 tribes must meet) in submitting the applications required 22 under this section.

#### 1 SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION AND APPROPRIATION.

2 There are authorized to be appropriated, and are ap-

3 propriated, \$5,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2003 to carry

4 out this Act.

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