

CREDITS

Owned, published and edited by

Vienna City Administration
Municipal Department 23
Economic Affairs, Labour and Statistics
Responsible for the contents: Gustav Lebhart

Editorial office

Section Statistics Vienna Volksgartenstraße 3, A-1010 Wien Phone: +43-1-4000-88629 statistik@ma23.wien.gv.at www.statistik.wien.at

Editors

Alexander Göltz (chief editor) Peter Wieser

Design, Production, Setting

MEDIAPROJECTS., Gernot Steindorfer, A-7000 Eisenstadt

Pictures and illustrations

Cover: © Georg Preissl - Fotolia.com

Printed by

Wograndl Druck, A-7210 Mattersburg

Publication

Statistical analyses on the City of Vienna.

Legal information

All data, charts, diagrams, pictures, etc. of this publication are copyrighted.

Disclaimer: We do not assume any liability for the correctness, completeness and timeliness of the content.

The present publication or any part of it may be reproduced only if the source is clearly stated.

ISSN 1028-0723

Printed in Austria



Renate Brauner
Deputy Mayor and Executive City
Councillor of Finance, Economic Affairs
and Vienna Public Utilities

Dear readers,

Numerous studies confirm that Vienna holds a top position among the major cities of the world in many respects: the Austrian capital was again ranked the most liveable city worldwide in the 2011 Mercer Study, and according to the European Green City Index, Vienna is one of the greenest cities in Europe. For the first time, the Global Cities Index has also included Vienna in the 15 international cities with the most influence on globalisation.

Vienna's increasing success as a tourist destination is another clear trend confirmed in 2011. With an annual total of over 11 million overnight stays, the Vienna tourist industry has managed to achieve an increase of 5% compared to the record results of 2010. At the same time, Vienna remains one of the most popular venues for international congresses.

High availability of qualified labour, scientific know-how and above-average labour productivity are just some of the benefits that make Vienna a highly attractive business location. Even in times of crisis, the Vienna region has kept its economic stability and strong social cohesion.

The present brochure illustrates these and many other facts and figures on Vienna's population, the city's area, its education system, economic structure, traffic and transport infrastructure, cultural life and public administration. The public transport plan printed on the back is a useful feature that will help you get around Vienna during your stay.

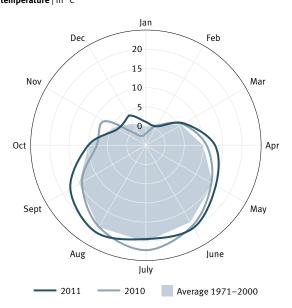
I am confident that the current issue of "Vienna in Figures" will make interesting and enjoyable reading.



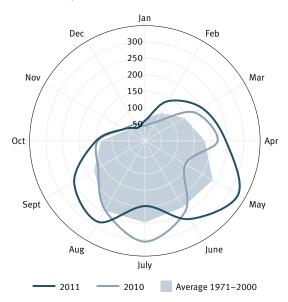
URBAN AREA

Vienna 2012	
Total area	41,487 ha
Built-up area (2010)	14,680 ha (35.4 %)
Green space (2010)	18,912 ha (45.6 %)
Bodies of water (2010)	1,930 ha (4.6 %)
Roads, streets (2010)	5,965 ha (14.4 %)
Length of city boundaries	136.5 km
Latitude	48° 07' 06" to 48° 19' 23" North
Longitude	16° 10' 58" bis 16° 34' 43" East
Northernmost border point	Border point 60 in the cadastral district of Stammersdorf, located approx. 1,400 m north-west of "Rendezvous" inn (21st municipal district)
Easternmost border point	Border point 176 in the cadastral district of Kaiserebers- dorf-Herrschaft (22nd municipal district), approx. 700 m north of Gänsehaufen-Traverse
Westernmost border point	Westernmost corner of the wall around the Lainz Wildlife Preserve, approx. 1,000 m north-west of "Altes Dianator" gate (13th municipal district)
Southernmost border point	Approx. 370 m south-west of "Schutzengelkreuz" in the cadastral district of Unter-Laa (10th municipal district)
Longest street	Höhenstraße (17th and 19th districts) - 15.0 km
Shortest street	Irisgasse (1st district) - 17.5 m
Highest building	Donauturm tower in Donaupark (22nd district) - 252.0 m
Source: Municipal Departme	ents 28, 37 and 41.

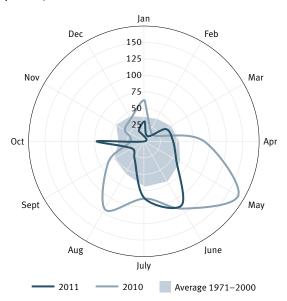
Air temperature | in °C



Duration of sunshine | in h



Precipitations | in mm



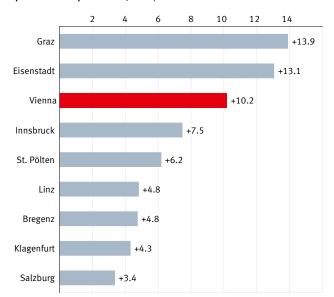
POPULATION

Population in Vienna 2011			
Demographic indicators	total	men	women
Natural change	2,252	2,074	178
Live births	18,170	9,382	8,788
Deaths	15,918	7,308	8,610
Net migration	14,415	7,050	7,365
Inflows	83,520	45,422	38,098
Outflows	69,105	38,372	30,733
Naturalisation	2,071	970	1,101
Persons born in Austria	650	321	329
Persons born abroad	1,421	649	772
Life expectancy at birth	79.8	77.1	82.4
Life expectancy at the age of 60 years	23.4	21.1	25.0
First marriage rate	0.4	0.4	0.4
Foreign citizens *	386,376	195,580	190,796
Residents born abroad *	538,884	258,982	279,902
Residents with migration background *	590,845	286,218	304,627
Source: Statistics Austria, calculation: Municipal Department 23.			
* Population at the beginning of the year 2012.			

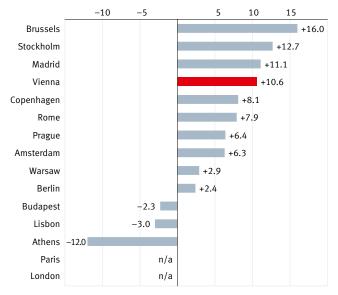
Population at the beginning of the year 20)12		
Provincial capital	total	men	women
Vienna	1,731,236	830,937	900,299
Graz	265,318	128,268	137,050
Linz	191,107	91,151	99,956
Salzburg	148,521	70,264	78,257
Innsbruck	121,329	57,934	63,395
Klagenfurt	94,796	44,364	50,432
St. Pölten	52,048	25,188	26,860
Bregenz	28,007	13,431	14,576
Eisenstadt	13,165	6,284	6,881
Source: Statistics Austria.			

Population at the beginning of the year 2002			
Provincial capital	total	men	women
Vienna	1,571,123	743,737	827,386
Graz	232,930	110,198	122,732
Linz	182,304	85,831	96,473
Salzburg	143,671	66,839	76,832
Innsbruck	112,882	52,938	59,944
Klagenfurt	90,869	41,840	49,029
St. Pölten	49,009	23,472	25,537
Bregenz	26,735	12,687	14,048
Eisenstadt	11,644	5,521	6,123
Source: Statistics Austria.			

Population Development 2002/2012 | in %



Population Development 2001/2011 | in %



Source: Statistics Austria.

Source: Statistics offices of the cities mentioned.

EDUCATION

Child care and education 2010/11			
Child care facility	total	boys	girls
Total	81,236	41,599	39,637
Day nurseries	12,556	6,536	6,020
Kindergartens	35,711	18,234	17,477
After-school care facilities	18,275	9,328	8,947
Mixed-age facilities	14,694	7,501	7,193
Source: Municipal Department 10 und	Statistics Austri	a.	

Pupils 2010/11 School girls/women total boys/men Total 224,697 113,761 110,936 Compulsory schools providing 95,159 50,241 44,918 general education Primary schools 62.815 32,436 30,379 Lower secondary schools (Hauptschulen) 26,778 14,455 12,323 1,774 Special needs schools 2.822 1.048 Pre-vocational schools 2,744 1,576 1,168 New secondary schools 3.802 2,009 1.793 General secondary schools (AHS) 57,541 26,704 30,837 General sec. schools (AHS) - lower level 32,574 15.698 16.876 General sec. schools (AHS) - upper level 24,967 11,006 13,961 Vocational schools for apprentices 23,007 13,978 9,029 Vocational secondary schools (BMS) 7,343 3,912 3,431 Vocational colleges (BHS) 23,006 11,902 11,104 Technical-industrial colleges 12.892 8,746 4.146 Commercial colleges 2,581 4,540 7,121 Business colleges 2.861 513 2,348 70 Colleges for agriculture and forestry 132 62 9,824 14,839 5,015 Other

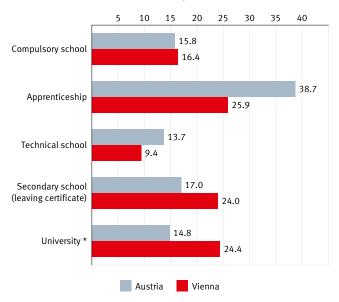
Students 2010/11			
University/College	total	men	women
Total	176,125	80,714	95,411
Universities of applied sciences *	10,949	6,391	4,558
Teacher training colleges *	3,915	855	3,060
Public universities **	158,580	72,378	86,202
among them University of Vienna	84,745	30,175	54,570
among them Vienna University of Technology	24,016	17,856	6,160
among them Vienna University of Economics and Business	25,867	13,120	12,747
Private universities	2,681	1,090	1,591
Source: Statistics Austria.			

^{*} Not including further training courses.

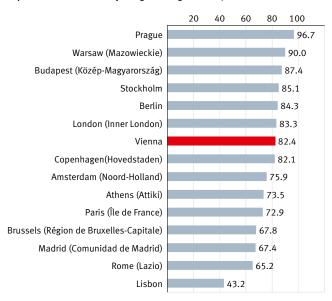
Source: Statistics Austria.

^{**} Regular students.

Level of education of the labour force 2011 | in %



Population with a secondary II degree or higher 2010 | in %



^{*} University and university equivalent (academies).

Source: Statistics Austria.

Source: EUROSTAT.

ECONOMY

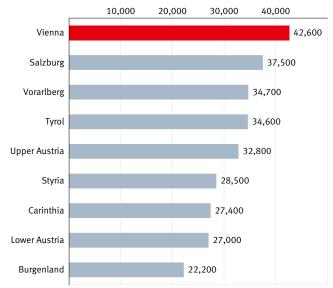
Gross regional produ	ct 2009		
Federal province	EUR million	%	EUR per capita
Austria	274,818	100.0	32,900
Burgenland	6,304	2.3	22,200
Carinthia	15,373	5.6	27,400
Lower Austria	43,398	15.8	27,000
Upper Austria	46,289	16.8	32,800
Salzburg	19,845	7.2	37,500
Styria	34,395	12.5	28,500
Tyrol	24,395	8.9	34,600
Vorarlberg	12,754	4.6	34,700
Vienna	72,063	26.2	42,600
Source: Statistics Aust	ria.		

Tourism 2011				
Tourist overnight stays				
Provincial capital	total	from Austria	from abroad	
Vienna	11,405,048	2,096,356	9,308,692	
Salzburg	2,293,208	628,229	1,664,979	
Innsbruck	1,340,946	350,896	990,050	
Graz	907,964	420,930	487,034	
Linz	741,886	355,184	386,702	
Klagenfurt	410,515	212,988	197,527	
Bregenz	309,841	112,034	197,807	
St. Pölten	148,437	97,448	50,989	
Eisenstadt	59,445	33,314	26,131	
Source: Municipal Department 23 and Statistics Austria.				

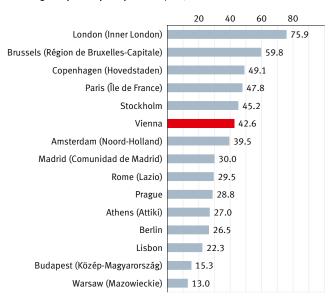
Labour market 2011			
Employment and unemployment	total	men	women
Employment with compulsory insurance	948,871	485,069	463,802
Gainful employment	857,508	427,430	430,078
Gainful employment, standard forms	777,174	393,490	383,684
among them freelance service contracts	9,569	4,811	4,758
Min. employment and minimal freelance service contracts	80,334	33,940	46,394
Employees in minimal employment	68,844	29,491	39,353
Minimal freelance service contracts	11,490	4,449	7,041
Self-employment	91,363	57,639	33,724
Persons registered as unemployed	79,152	46,466	32,686
Unemployment rate (registered rate) in %	9.2	10.6	7.9
Unemployment rate (EU rate) in %	7.1	7.4	6.8

Source: Association of Austrian Social Insurance Institutions, Social Insurance Institution for Farmers, Social Insurance Institution for Trade and Industry, Public Employment Service Vienna.

Gross regional product per capita 2009 | in EUR

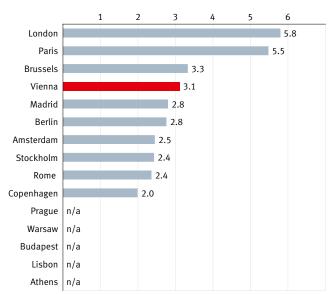


Gross regional product per capita 2009 | in 1,000 EUR

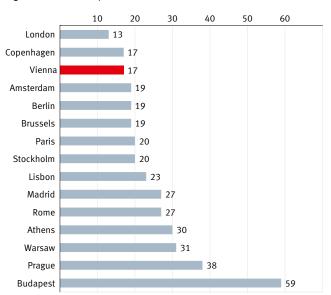


Source: A.T. Kearney.

Global Cities Index * 2012 | points achieved



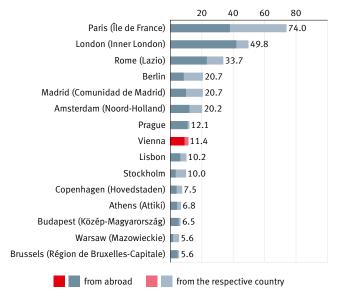
Big Mac-Index ** 2009 | in min.s



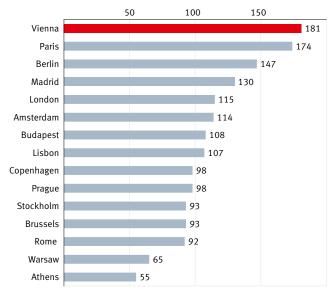
The cities are assessed for their business activity (weighting factor: 30 %), human capital (30 %), information exchange (15%), cultural experience (15%) and political engagement (10%).

** Working time required to buy a Big Mac®.

Tourism 2010 | Overnight stays in million



International congresses * 2011 | absolute



^{*} International congresses with a minimum of 50 participants that are held on a regular basis, alternating between at least 3 different countries.

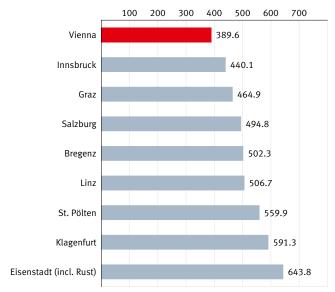
TRANSPORT

Public transport			
Wiener Linien	2009	2010	2011
Passengers in million	811.8	838.7	875.0
Underground	510.2	534.4	567.6
Trams	186.9	189.9	193.8
Buses	114.7	114.4	113.6
Length of network in km	925.2	910.5	937.4
Underground	68.9	74.2	74.2
Trams	214.9	214.8	214.8
Buses	641.4	621.5	648.4
Number of lines	116	118	123
Underground	5	5	5
Trams	28	28	28
Buses	83	85	90
Number of stations	4,389	4,363	4,452
Underground	95	101	101
Trams	1,033	1,031	1,031
Buses	3,261	3,231	3,320
Source: Wiener Linien.			

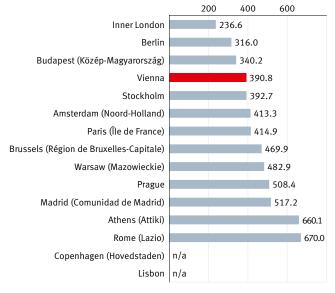
Individual transport				
Indicators	2009	2010	2011	
Road network in km	2,802	2,804	2,809	
Municipal roads in km	2,756	2,759	2,763	
Federal roads in km	46	46	46	
System of bicycle paths and lanes, in km	1,159	1,174	1,205	
Stock of motor vehicles	814,624	821,999	829,790	
Cars	663,926	669,279	674,526	
Omnibuses	3,726	3,716	3,670	
Lorries	60,796	61,185	62,307	
Tractors	3,573	3,601	3,654	
Other motor vehicles	4,645	4,652	4,557	
Motorcycles	77,958	79,566	81,076	
Private car density per 1,000 inhabitants	390.8	390.4	389.6	
Newly registered motor vehicles	81,450	83,027	87,489	
Cars	68,147	68,902	72,595	
Lorries	5,643	6,683	7,394	
Others	7,660	7,442	7,500	
Source: Municipal Departments 28, 46 and Statistics Austria.				

Road traffic			
Traffic accidents	2009	2010	2011
Traffic accidents involving personal injury	4,677	4,449	4,514
Casualties	5,982	5,741	5,690
Injured in traffic accidents	5,950	5,712	5,668
Died in traffic accidents	32	29	22
Source: Statistics Austria.			

Private car density 2011 | per 1,000 inhabitants



Private car density 2009 | per 1,000 inhabitants

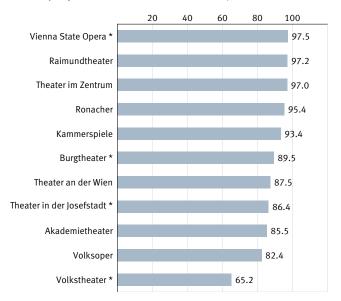


CULTURE

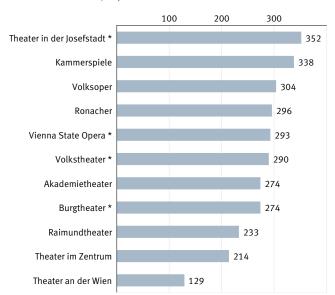
Total visits to museums and exhibitions in Vienna since 2008					
Art & culture institutions in Vienna	2008	2009	2010		
	Visits in 1,000				
Federal museums and institutions					
Art History Museum, including Museum of Ethnology and Theatre Museum*	1,151.8	1,140.9	1,198.0		
Austrian Gallery Belvedere	807.3	752.6	812.4		
Albertina	997.7	624.9	655.6		
Museum of Natural History	372.8	392.1	527.7		
Museum of Technology	296.2	296.8	327.4		
Leopold Museum	283.6	251.0	317.4		
Museum of Modern Art, Ludwig Art Foundation	235.0	241.3	237.5		
Austrian National Library	183.4	175.0	225.3		
MAK - Austrian Museum of Applied Arts Contemporary Art	176.8	183.5	190.6		
Museum of Military History	126.0	139.8	168.0		
Museums and memorial houses own	ned by the City a	nd Province of Vie	nna		
Haus der Musik (Interactive Sound Museum)	156.0	155.4	216.2		
Wien Museum	209.5	255.6	194.1		
Mozart Haus Vienna	133.0	140.0	119.1		
Jewish Museum Vienna	80.6	73.9	67.5		
Private museums					
KunstHaus Vienna	113.1	148.0	143.5		
ZOOM Children's Museum	106.6	100.3	116.8		
Sigmund Freud Museum	67.2	65.6	65.8		
Austrian Film Museum	49.4	55.5	55.4		
Exhibition centres					
Kunsthalle Vienna	170.1	155.6	167.4		
Vienna Secession – Association of Visual Artists	107.3	100.2	99.0		
Künstlerhaus Vienna	63.4	57.2	85.5		
Related facilities operated by variou	s institutions				
Schönbrunn Palace	2,581.1	2,466.9	2,587.0		
Schönbrunn Zoo	2,578.7	2,183.4	2,237.2		
Hofburg Imperial Palace – Imperial Apartments, Court Silver and Table Rooms	632.0	585.7	647.1		
Vienna Aqua Terra Zoo	336.2	352.9	408.4		
St. Stephen's Cathedral	235.0	267.0	380.0		
Spanish Riding School – Piber Federal Stud	279.0	257.0	325.2		
Imperial Crypt - Capuchins' Crypt	245.0	220.0	220.0		
Palmenhaus Schönbrunn	171.2	160.3	155.7		
Planetarium Vienna	48.1	63.4	64.0		
Source: Statistics Austria.					
* including Ambras Palace in Innsbruck, Tyrol.					

Source: Statistics Austria.

Seat occupancy rate in the theatre season 2009/2010 | in %



Number of shows 2009/10 | absolute



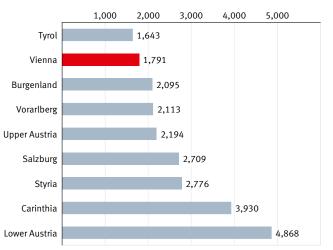
^{*} Main stage.

City Administration staff 2010					
Staff	Staff * at year-end				
	total	men	women		
Total	29,356	13,974	15,382		
Public officials	12,560	6,917	5,643		
Contractual employees	16,796	7,057	9,739		
Source: Chief Executive Office of the Vienna City Administration.					

* Municipal staff in the strict sense of the word.

Provincial capital	Total expenditure	Expenditure per capita	Personnel expenditure
	EUR million	EUR	%
Bregenz	74.3	2,721	30
Eisenstadt	27.3	2,159	28
Graz	861.7	3,403	16
Innsbruck	294.2	2,493	21
Klagenfurt	264.1	2,828	30
Linz	524.6	2,775	21
Salzburg	420.5	2,842	31
St. Pölten	150.1	2,912	29
Vienna	11,877.8	7,066	20

Per capita debt * 2010 | in EUR



^{*} Total debt of federal provinces, municipalities and municipal associations in the respective federal province.

City Council elections 2010						
Party	Valid vo	Seats				
	absolute	%	Seats			
Total	754,938	100.0	100			
SPÖ	334,757	44.3	49			
FPÖ	194,517	25.8	27			
ÖVP	105,627	14.0	13			
GRÜNE	95,445	12.6	11			
BZÖ	10,057	1.3	-			
Others	14,535	1.9	-			

BZÖ = Alliance for the Future of Austria (Walter Sonnleitner List)

FPÖ = Austrian Freedom Party

 $\mathsf{GR\ddot{U}NE} = \mathsf{The}\;\mathsf{Greens}\;\mathsf{-}\;\mathsf{The}\;\mathsf{Green}\;\mathsf{Alternative}$

ÖVP = Austrian People's Party

SPÖ = Social Democratic Party of Austria.

Source: Electoral commission for Vienna.

Mayor: Michael Häupl

Deputy Mayors: Renate Brauner und Maria Vassilakou

Executive City Councillors:

Education, Youth, Information and Sports: Christian Oxonitsch

Finance, Economic Policy and Vienna Public Utilities: Renate Brauner

Public Health and Social Affairs: Sonja Wehsely

Integration, Women's Issues, Consumer Protection and Personnel: Sandra Frauenberger

Cultural Affairs and Science: Andreas Mailath-Pokorny

Urban Planning, Traffic & Transport, Climate Protection, Energy and Public Participa-

tion: Maria Vassilakou Environment: Ulli Sima

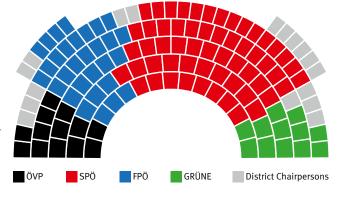
Housing, Housing Construction and Urban Renewal: Michael Ludwig

City Councillors without Portfolio:

FPÖ: David Lasar, Veronika Matiasek, Eduard Schock

ÖVP: Manfred Juraczka

Vienna City Council (seating plan)



URBAN HISTORY



```
Around 50 a.D. - First Roman military camp "Vindobona" is erected
                          881 - First documented mention of the name "Wenia" for Vienna
                                1137 - First documented mention of Vienna as a town
                                       1156 - Duke Heinrich II. Jasomirgott of the Babenberg family transfers his seat to Vienna
                                              1221 - Granting of the Town Charter
                                                     1282 - The reign of the house of Habsburg begins (to last until 1918)
                                                           1365 - Duke Rudolf IV (called "The Founder") establishes the first university in Vienna
                                                                  1469 - The diocese of Vienna is founded
from 1500 to 1800
                   1529 - 1st Turkish siege of Vienna
                          1547 - First maps of Vienna by Augustin Hirschvogel
                                1645 - Swedish troops reach Vienna
                                       1683 - 2nd Turkish siege of Vienna
                                              1684 - Georg Franz Kolschitzky from Poland opens Vienna's first coffee house
                                                    1688 - First public lighting system with oil lamps
                                                           1695 - Construction of Schönbrunn palace starts (by Johann Bernhard Fischer von Erlach)
                                                                  1780 - Vienna's population reaches 200,000
from 1800 to 1900
                   1848 - March and October Revolutions
                          1850 - Incorporation of suburbs into the administrative territory of Vienna: eight districts
                                1858 - Construction of the Ringstraße boulevard
                                       1870 - Construction of the 1st Vienna Spring Water Pipeline
                                              1873 - World Exhibition
                                                    1883 - The new Vienna City Hall on Ringstraße is opened
                                                           1890 - Incorporation of communities on the outskirts of Vienna
                                                                  1897 - The Vienna Giant Ferris Wheel is built in Prater
from 1900 to 2000
                   1900 - Construction of the 2nd Vienna Spring Water Pipeline
                          1904 - Floridsdorf becomes part of Vienna
                                1910 - Vienna's population reaches 2 million
                                       1922 - Vienna becomes a federal province in its own right
                                              1938 - Incorporation of surrounding areas - "Greater Vienna" (26 districts)
                                                    1954 - 80 suburbs become part of Lower Austria again, reducing Vienna to 23 districts
                                                           1964 - Donauturm opens
                                                                  1967 - Vienna becomes seat of UNIDO
                   2001 - Opening of the Museumsquartier
from 2000
                          2003 - Vienna is part of the CENTROPE region
                                2006 - Twin City Liner connects Vienna and Bratislava
                                       2008 - Finals of the European Football Championship in Vienna
                                              2010 - Start of construction on a new central railway station in Vienna
```

