Reprinted from WHO Chronicle, Vol. 15, No. 8, August 1961, pp. 314-320

INTERNATIONAL NON-PROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS

International Non-Proprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Preparations

In accordance with paragraph 3 of the Procedure for the Selection of Recommended International Non-Proprietary Names for Pharmaceutical Preparations, notice is hereby given that the following names are under consideration by the World Health Organization as Proposed International Non-Proprietary Names.

Comments on, or formal objections to, the

proposed names may be forwarded by any person to the Pharmaceutical unit of the World Health Organization within four months from 1 August 1961.

The inclusion of a name in the lists of proposed international non-proprietary names does not imply any recommendation for the use of the substance in medicine or pharmacy.

PROPOSED INTERNATIONAL NON-PROPRIETARY NAMES (Prop. I.N.N.): LIST 112

Proposed International	
Non-Proprietary Name	
(Latin, English)	

Chemical Name or Description

(Latin, English)	
acetophenazinum	

2-acetyl-10-{3-[4-(β-hydroxyethyl)piperazin-1-y1]propyl{phenothiazine

acetophenazine

p-(a-ethoxy-p-phenylphenacylamino)benzoic acid

acidum xenazoicum xenazoic acid

2-(4-biphenylyl)hex-4-enoic acid

acidum xenyhexenicum

xenyhexenic acid

5-(3-dimethylaminopropylidene)dibenzo[a, d]-cyclohepta-1,4-diene

amitriptylinum amitriptyline

N-(5-p-aminophenoxypentyl)phthalimide

amphotalidum amphotalide

> an antibiotic substance obtained from cultures of Streptomyces griseus var. spiralis or the same substance produced by any other means

aspartocinum aspartocin

2-n-butylamino-1-p-hydroxyphenylethanol

bamethanum bamethan.

> 3-benzyl-3,4-dihydro-7-sulfamoyl-6-trifluoromethylbenzo-1,2,4-thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

bendroflumethiazidum bendroflumethiazide

2-ethyl-3-(4-hydroxy-3,5-dijodobenzovl)benzofuran

benziodaronum benziodarone

benzphetaminum

N-benzyl-N₀a-dimethylphenethylamine

benzphetamine

bephenii hydroxynaphthoas bephenium hydroxynaphthoate benzyldimethyl(2-phenoxyethyl)ammonium 3-hydroxy-2-naphthoate

¹ See Annex 1, page 318.

⁴ Other lists of proposed international non-proprietary names can be found in Chron. Wid Hith Org., 1953, 7, 299; 1954, 8, 216, 313; 1956, 10, 28; 1957, 11, 231; 1958, 12, 102; WHO Chronicle, 1959, 13, 105, 152, 1960, 14, 168, 244. Lists of recommended international non-proprietary names were published in Chron. Wid Hith Org., 1955, 9, 185; WHO Chronicle, 1959, 13, 106.

Chemical Name or Description

betamethasonum betamethasone

num 9α-fluoro-11β, 17α, 21-trihydroxy-16β-methylpregna-1,4-diene-3,20-

dione

carbenzidum

ethyl 2-(a-methylbenzyl)-1-hydrazinecarboxylate

carbenzide

carperidinum ethyl 1-(2-carbamoylethyl)-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate

carperidine cetohexazinum cetohexazine

2,3-dihydro-4,6-dimethylpyridazin-3-one

chlordiazepoxidum

7-chloro-2-methylamino-5-phenyl-3H-1,4-benzodiazepine 4-oxide

chlordiazepoxide

chlormidazolum 1-p-chlorobenzyl-2-methylbenzimidazole

chlormidazole

chloroserpidinum 10-chloro-11-demethoxyreserpine

chloroserpidine

chlorphenterminum p-chloro-a,a-dimethylphenethylamine

chlorphentermine cinnarizinum

1-trans-cinnamyl-4-diphenylmethylpiperazine

cinnarizine clonitazenum

2-(p-chlorobenzyl)-1-(2-diethylaminoethyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole

clonitazene

chloroquine di(8-hydroxy-7-iodoquinoline-5-sulfonate)

cloquinatum cloquinate

crotoniazidum 2-(2-butcnylidene)-1-isonicotinoylhydrazide

crotoniazide detrothyroninum

D-3,5-diiodo-4-(3-iodo-4-hydroxyphenoxy)phenylalanine

detrothyronine dexpanthenolum

D-(+)- α , γ -dihydroxy-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)- β , β -dimethylbutyramide

dexpanthenol diisoprominum diisopromine

3,3-diphenylpropyldiisopropylamine

dimeflinum

8-dimethylaminomethyl-7-methoxy-3-methyl-2-phenylbenzo-γ-pyrone

dimefline

5-chlorotoluene-2,4-disulfonamide

disulfamidum disulfamide

N, N'-bis(1-hydroxymethylpropyl)ethylenediamine

ethambutolum ethambutol

ethosuximidum ethosuximide 3-ethyl-3-methylpyrrolidme-2,5-dione

etonitazenum etonitazene 2-(p-ethoxybenzyl)-1-(2-diethylaminoethyl)-5-nitrobenzimidazole

fluocinoloni acetonidum fluocinolone acetonide

6α,9α-difluoro-11β,21-dihydroxy-16α,17α-isopropylidenedioxypregna-1,4-diene-3,20-dione

guanethidinum guanethidine N-(2-perhydroazocin-1'-ylethyl)guanidme

haloprogesteronum haloprogesterone

17a-bromo-6a-fluoropregn-4-ene-3,20-dione

Chemical Name or Description

hydromorphinolum hydromorphinol 14-hydroxy-7,8-dihydromorphine

hydroxocobalaminum hydroxocobalamin α-(5,6-dimethylbenzimidazolyl)hydroxocobamide

iminophenimidum iminophenimide 3-ethyl-3-phenylpiperazine-2,6-dione

isoaminilum isoaminile 4-dimethylamino-2-isopropyl-2-phenylvaleronitrile

isocarboxazidum isocarboxazid 3-N-benzylhydrazinocarbonyl-5-methylisoxazole

isosorbidi dinitras isosorbide dinitrate 1,4,3,6-dianhydrosorbitol 2,5-dinitrate

mepiyacainum

(+)-1,2',6'-trimethylpipecolanilide

mepivacaine metaxalonum

5-(3,5-xylyloxymethyl)oxazolidin-2-one

metaxalone

methastyridonum methastyridone 2,2-dimethyl-5-styryloxazolidin-4-one

methiomeprazinum

(±)-10-(3-dimethylamino-2-methylpropyl)-2-methylthiophenothiazine

methiomeprazine

11-demethoxy-10-methoxyrescrpine

methoserpidinum methoserpidine methoxyfluranum

2,2-dichloro-1,1-difluoro-1-methoxyethane

methoxyflurane methyclothiazidum methyclothiazide

6-chloro-3-chloromethyl-3,4-dihydro-2-methyl-7-sulfamoyl-1,2,4-benzothiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

methysergidum

N-[1-(hydroxymethyl)propyl]-4-methyl-(+)-lysergamide

methysergide

1-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2-methyl-5-nitroimidazole

metronidazolum metronidazole

2-(2-hydroxynaphth-1-yl)cyclohexanone

naphthononum naphthonone

natrii opodas sodium iopodate sodium β-(3-dimethylaminomethyleneamino-2,4,6-triiodophenyl) propionate

nealbarbitalum

5-allyl-5-neopentylbarbituric acid

nealbarbital

3-unji 5 neopemijiontoitatie aeta

nifuroximum nifuroxime 5-nitro-2-furaldehyde oxime

nitrofurantomum

1-(5-nitro-2-furfurylideneamino)hydantoin

oxymetholonum oxymetholone

17-hydroxy-2-hydroxymethylene-17a-methylandrostan-3-one

phebutazinum phebutazine

1,4-di(2-phenylbutyryloxyethyl)piperazine

phencyclidinum phencyclidine 1-(1-phenylcyclohexyl)piperidine

Chemical Name or Description

phendimetrazinum

(+)-3,4-dimethyl-2-phenylmorpholine

phendimetrazine phenethicillinum

(a-phenoxyethyl)penicillin

phenethicillin

pheniprazinum N,a-methylphenethylhydrazine

pheniprazine

phenoperidinum ethyl 1-(3-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl)-4-phenylpiperidine-4-carboxylate

phenoperidine

phenprocoumonum 4-hydroxy-3-(1-phenylpropyl)2H-chromen-2-one

phenprocoumon

phenterminum a,a-dimethylphenethylamine

phentermine

2-acetyl-10-{3-[4-(β-hydroxyethyl)piperidino]propyl/phenothiazine piperacetazinum

piperacetazine

piperylonum 4-ethyl-1-(1-methylpiperid-4-yl)-3-phenylpyrazol-5-one

piperylone

piprocurarii iodidum 2-(2-diethylaminoethoxy)ethyl a-phenyl-a-piperidinoacetate

piprocurarium iodide dimethiodide

prampinum O-propionylatropine

prampine

pseudoephedrinum (+)-2-methylamino-1-phenylpropan-1-ol

pscudoephedrine

pyrophendanum 1-(1-methylpyrrolidin-3-ylmethyl)-3-phenylindane

pyrophendane

pyroxaminum 3-(p-chlorodiphenylmethoxy)-1-methylpyrrolidine

pyroxamine

quinethazonum 7-chloro-2-ethyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-6-sulfamoylquinazolin-4-one

quinethazone

rolitetracyclinum N-(pyrrolidin-1-ylmethyl)tetracycline

rolitetracycline

rotoxamini tartras (+)-\(\((--)\)-2-[p-chloro-\(\alpha\)-(2-dimethylaminoethoxy)benzyl]pyridine

rotoxamine tartrate D-tartrate}

salazosulfadimidinum 4'-(4,6-dimethylpyrimid-2-ylsulfamoyl)-4-hydroxyazobenzenesalazosulfadimidine 3-carboxylic acid

spironolactonum $3-(7\alpha-acetylthio-17\beta-hydroxy-3-oxo-4-androsten-17\alpha-yl)$

spironolactone propionic acid γ-lactone

sulfamonomethoxinum N¹-(6-methoxypyrimidin-4-yl)sulfanilamide

sulfamonomethoxine

tetrabenazinum 1,2,3,4,6,7-hexahydro-3-isobutyl-9,10-dimethoxy-2-oxo-11bH-benzo tetrabenazine

[a]quinolizine

thiethylperazinum 2-ethylthio-10-[3-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)propyl]phenothiazine thicthylperazine

thiofuradenum 1-(5-nitrofurfurylideneamino)imidazolidine-2-thione

thiofuradene

thiramum di(dimethylaminothiocarbamoyl)disulfide

thiram

Chemical Name or Description

tranyleyprominum tranyleypromine

(±)-trans-2-phenylcyclopropylamine

trichlormethiazidun trichlormethiazide

6-chloro-3-dichloromethyl-3,4-dihydro-7-sulfamoylbenzo-1,2,4-

thiadiazine 1,1-dioxide

trichlormethinum

tri(2-chloroethyl)amine

trimecainum

N-(a-diethylaminoacetyl)-2,4,6-trimethylaniline

trimecaine

trimethoprimum 2,4-diamino-5-(3,4,5-trimethoxybenzyl)pyrimidine

trimethoprim triparanolum

2-p-chlorophenyl-1-[p-(2-diethylaminoethoxy)phenyl]-1-p-tolylethanol

triparanol

O-benziloyl-7-methoxy-N-methyltropinium bromide

tropenzilini bromidum tropenziline bromide

N-ethyl-N-pyrid-4-yl-methyltropamide

tropicamidum tropicamide

7. billyt iv pyria i ji memymoyamie

valnoctamidum valnoctamide 2-ethyl-3-methylvaleramide

xenthioratum

2-diethylaminoethyl 2-(4-biphenylyl)thiolobutyrate

xenthiorate

biphenylenebisglyoxal

xenygloxalum xenygloxal

Annex 1

PROCEDURE FOR THE SELECTION OF RECOMMENDED INTERNATIONAL NON-PROPRIETARY NAMES FOR PHARMACEUTICAL PREPARATIONS *

The following procedure shall be followed by the World Health Organization in the selection of recommended international non-proprietary names for pharmaceutical preparations, in accordance with the World Health Assembly resolution WHA3.11:

- 1. Proposals for recommended international non-proprietary names shall be submitted to the World Health Organization on the form provided therefor.
- 2. Such proposals shall be submitted by the Director-General of the World Health Organization to the members of the Expert Advisory Panel on the International Pharmacopoeia and Pharmaceutical Preparations designated for this purpose, for consideration in accordance with the "General principles for guidance in devising International Non-proprietary Names", appended to this procedure. The name used by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation shall be accepted, unless there are compelling reasons to the contrary.

^{*} Text adopted by the Executive Board in resolution EBI5.R7 (Off. Rev. Wild Hith Org., 1955, 60, 3).

¹ See Annex 2, page 320.

- 3. Subsequent to the examination provided for in article 2, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice that a proposed international non-proprietary name is being considered.
 - A. Such notice shall be given by publication in WHO Chronicle and by letter to Member States and to national pharmacopoeia commissions or other bodies designated by Member States.
 - (i) Notice may also be sent to specific persons known to be concerned with a name under consideration.
 - B. Such notice shall:
 - (i) set forth the name under consideration;
 - (ii) identify the person who submitted a proposal for naming the substance, if so requested by such person;
 - (iii) identify the substance for which a name is being considered;
 - (iv) set forth the time within which comments and objections will be received and the person and place to whom they should be directed;
 - (v) state the authority under which the World Health Organization is acting and refer to these rules of procedure.
 - C. In forwarding the notice, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the proposed name during the period it is under consideration by the World Health Organization.
- 4. Comments on the proposed name may be forwarded by any person to the World Health Organization within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in WHO Chronicle.
- 5. A formal objection to a proposed name may be filed by any interested person within four months of the date of publication, under article 3, of the name in WHO Chronicle.
 - A. Such objection shall:
 - (i) identify the person objecting;
 - (ii) state his interest in the name;
 - (iii) set forth the reasons for his objection to the name proposed.
- 6. Where there is a formal objection under article 5, the World Health Organization may either reconsider the proposed name or use its good offices to attempt to obtain withdrawal of the objection. Without prejudice to the consideration by the World Health Organization of a substitute name or names, a name shall not be selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international non-proprietary name while there exists a formal objection thereto filed under article 5 which has not been withdrawn.
- 7. Where no objection has been filed under article 5, or all objections previously filed have been withdrawn, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall give notice in accordance with subsection A of article 3 that the name has been selected by the World Health Organization as a recommended international non-proprietary name.
- 8. In forwarding a recommended international non-proprietary name to Member States under article 7, the Director-General of the World Health Organization shall:
 - A. request that it be recognized as the non-proprietary name for the substance; and
 - B. request that Member States take such steps as are necessary to prevent the acquisition of proprietary rights in the name, including prohibiting registration of the name as a trade-mark or trade-name.

Annex 2

GENERAL PRINCIPLES FOR GUIDANCE IN DEVISING INTERNATIONAL NON-PROPRIETARY NAMES

- 1. Names should, preferably, be free from any anatomical, physiological, pathological or therapeutic suggestion.
- 2. An attempt should first be made to form a name by the combination of syllables in such a way as to indicate the significant chemical groupings of the compound and/or its pharmacological classification. Preference should be given to the following syllables:

Latin	English	French	
inum	ine	ine	for alkaloids and organic bases
olum	ol	ol	for alcohols and phenols (-OH group)
alum	al	al	for aldehydes
onum	one	one	for ketones and other substances containing the CO group
enum	ene	ène	for unsaturated hydrocarbons
anum	ane	ane	for saturated hydrocarbons
cainum	caine	caine	for local anaesthetics of the procaine type
mer	mer	mer	for mercurial compounds
sulfonum	sulfone	sulfone	for sulfone derivatives
quinum	quine	quine	for antimalarial substances containing a quinoline group
crinum	crine	crine	for antimalarial substances containing an acridine group
sulfa	sulfa	sulfa	for derivatives of sulfanilamide having an antibacterial action
dionum	dione	dione	for anti-epileptics derived from oxazolidinedione
toinum	toin	toïne	for anti-epileptics derived from hydantoin
stigminum	stigmine	stigmme	for anticholinesterases of the physostigmine (eserine) type.

- 3. Names should be distinctive in sound and spelling. They should not be inconveniently long and should not be liable to confusion with names already in use.
- 4. The addition of a terminal capital letter or number should be avoided as far as possible.
- 5. Names proposed by the person discovering or first developing and marketing a pharmaceutical preparation, or already officially adopted in any country, or used in national pharmacopoieas, or in works of reference such as "New and Non-official Drugs", should receive preferential consideration.
- 6. Cognizance should be taken of the names of closely related substances and, where desirable, the name should show this relationship.