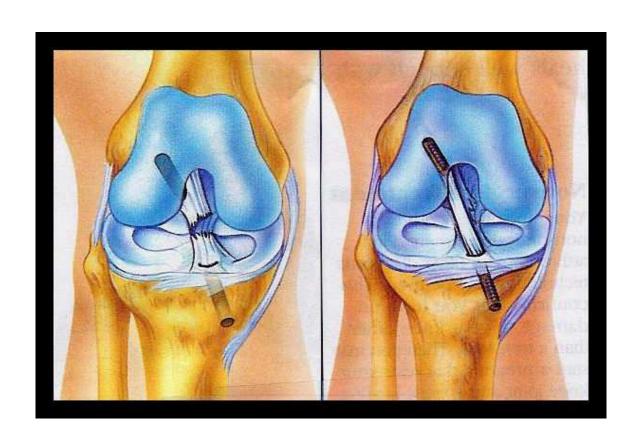
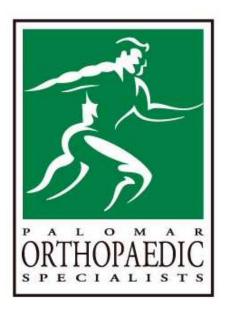


Dr. O'Meara's

Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Rehabilitation Protocol

www.PalomarOrtho.com





Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Rehabilitation Protocol

Zero to Two Weeks Post-op

Crutch Ambulation WBAT
Stationary Bicycle
Passive Knee Extension & Stretching
Patella Mobilization
Restrictions:

No Straight Leg Raising or Active Leg Extension Exercises No Running or Jumping

Two to Four Weeks Post-op

Stationary Bicycle
Passive Knee Extension & Stretching
Patella Mobilization
Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening (weight training)
Quad / VMO Training (wall sits, lunges, step downs)

Restrictions:

No Straight Leg Raising or Active Leg Extension Exercises No Running or Jumping

4 Weeks to 5 Months Weeks Post-op

Stationary Bicycle

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening (weight training)

Quadriceps Strengthening (weight training)

Adductor Strengthening (weight training)

Calf Strengthening (weight training)

Restrictions:

No Straight Leg Raising or Active Leg Extension Exercises No Running or Jumping

Five to Seven Months Post-op

Stationary Bicycle

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening (weight training)

Quadriceps Strengthening (weight training)

Adductor Strengthening (weight training)

Calf Strengthening (weight training)

Jumping Rope

Jogging (level surfaces only)

Restrictions:

No Straight Leg Raising or Leg Extension Exercises No sprinting, cutting or leaping

> Seven Months Post-op

Stationary Bicycle

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening (weight training)

Quadriceps Strengthening (weight training)

Adductor Strengthening (weight training)

Calf Strengthening (weight training)

Jumping Rope

Jogging (level surfaces only)

Agility Training (figure 8s, cariocas, sprinting)

Injury Prevention Training

Gradual Return to Sports

Restrictions:

No Leg Extension Exercises

Zero to Two Weeks Post-op

Crutch Ambulation WBAT
Stationary Bicycle
Passive Knee Extension & Stretching
Patella Mobilization

Restrictions:

No Straight Leg Raising or Active Leg Extension Exercises No Running or Jumping

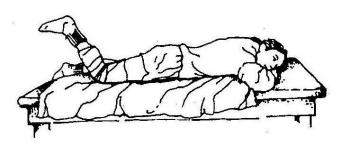


Crutches

Crutches are used to support the knee.
You can gradually stop using the
crutches over the first 2 weeks.

Hamstring Exercises

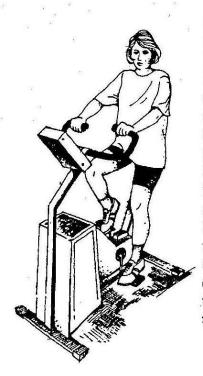
Early active hamstring exercises are initiated to protect the reconstructed ACL.





Passive Stretching

Passive stretching is started immediately to restore full extension of the knee. The kneecap is also manipulated and mobilized to maintain motion.

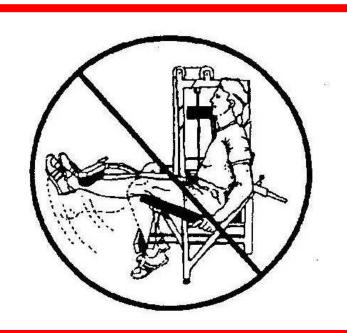


Bicycling

Bicycling is an excellent rehabilitative exercise. It provides aerobic training to the quads and hams and it provides low-stress quad strengthening. A stationary bicycle or street bicycle may be used. Place the seat in the highest comfortable position in order to minimize the PF forces. Try to use a bike that is equipped with toe clips or toe cages so that the hamstrings also get a work-out. Cycle 15-45 minutes every day and increase the resistance as you can tolerate it.

Leg Extensions

The leg extension machine should never be used because it will significantly strain your ACL ligament and can cause severe ligament injury!



Two to Four Weeks Post-op

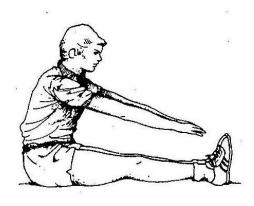
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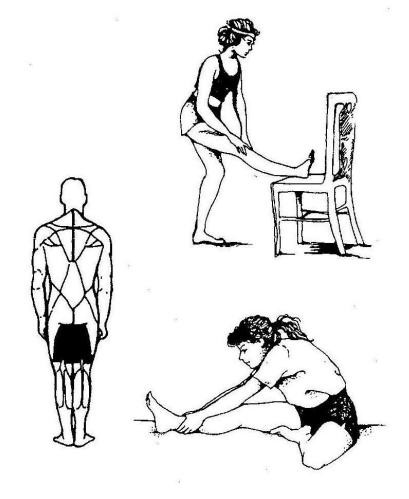
No Straight Leg Raising or Active Leg Extension Exercises No Running or Jumping

Hamstring Stretching

Hamstring Stretching

It is important to stretch everyday for 20-30 minutes. Better results are obtained if you stretch before and after you have warmed your muscles (e.g. bicycling). Try not to bounce when you stretch; instead, stretch to your maximum, hold for a count of 10, relax, and then repeat.





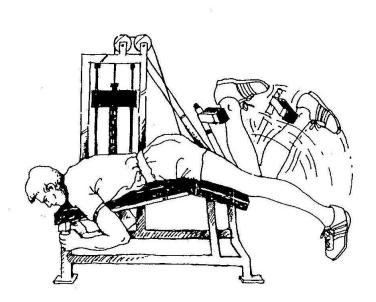
Hamstring Strengthening

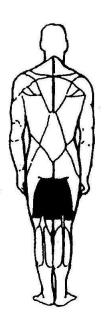
The hamstrings are the primary dynamic stabilizers of the knee and they protect your ACL reconstruction.

Each exercise should be performed as 3 sets of 15 repetitions, every other day. The amount of weight should be increased once you are able to complete a full 3 sets of 15 reps. The strength training should involve gentle smooth repetitions. No jerking or yanking!

In the third set of each exercise, try to "exercise to fatigue". The most effective strength training and rehabilitation programs include at least one set of the maximum number of repetitions possible for each exercise performed ("exercise to fatigue"). Higher numbers of repetitions (15 - 20) favor increased muscle endurance while building muscle strength as well; so use a lighter weight that will allow at least 15 repetitions in a normal set.

Three sets of 15 - 20 reps performed every other day is an optimum strengthening and rehabilitation program. However, during the first month of strengthening, a single set program, every other day, is adequately effective at improving muscle strength and endurance.







4 Weeks to 5 Months Weeks Post-op

Stationary Bicycle

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening (weight training) Quadriceps Strengthening (weight training) Adductor Strengthening (weight training) Calf Strengthening (weight training)

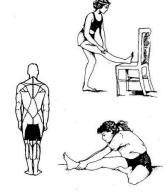
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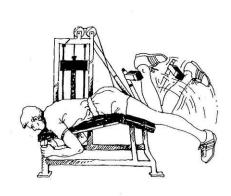
No Straight Leg Raising or Active Leg Extension Exercises No Running or Jumping

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening

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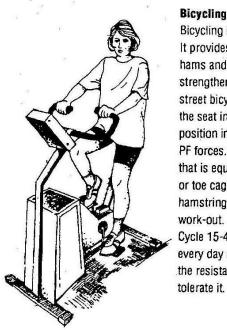






Bicycle Training

Bicycling



Bicycling is an excellent rehabilitative exercise. It provides aerobic training to the quads and hams and it provides low-stress quad strengthening. A stationary bicycle or street bicycle may be used. Place the seat in the highest comfortable position in order to minimize the PF forces. Try to use a bike that is equipped with toe clips or toe cages so that the hamstrings also get a work-out. Cycle 15-45 minutes every day and increase the resistance as you can

Quadriceps Strengthening

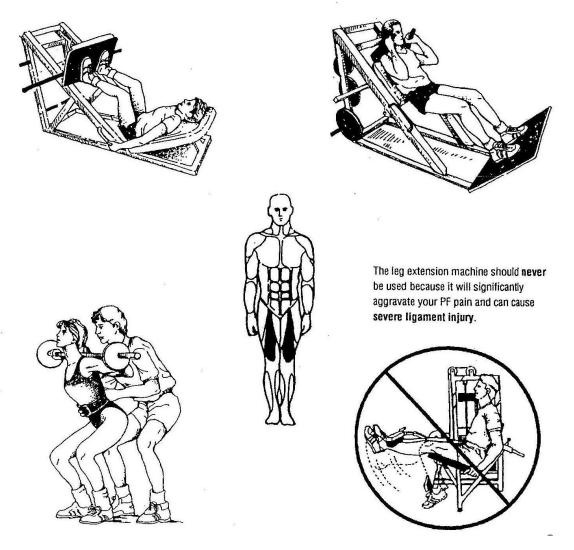
The quad consists of 4 muscles; the most important one is the Vastus Medialis (VMO).

Each exercise should be performed as 3 sets of 15 repetitions, every other day. The amount of weight should be increased once you are able to complete a full 3 sets of 15 reps. The strength training should involve gentle smooth repetitions. No jerking or yanking!

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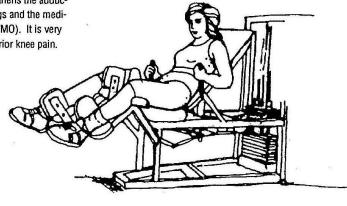
When using the leg press machines, do NOT flex your knees more than 90 degrees. When performing half-squats, do NOT bend your knees more than 60 degrees.



Adductor Strengthening

Adductor Strengthening

The adductor muscles are located on the inside of your thighs. This exercise strengthens the adductor muscles, the medial hamstrings and the medial quadriceps (vastus medialis - VMO). It is very effective in helping to relieve anterior knee pain.

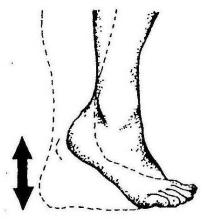


Adductor Lie compehind y between motion shelps pu

Adductor Squeeze

Lie comfortably on your back on the floor with your hands behind your head. Squeeze a pillow as hard as you can between your knees and hold for 6 to 10 seconds. This motion strengthens the muscles of the inner thigh and helps pull the kneecap into line. Repeat 10 times.

Calf Strengthening



Calf Raises

Do as many as are comfortable; start with a few, then gradually work up to your maximum; repeat three times a day.

Five to Seven Months Post-op

Stationary Bicycle

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening (weight training) Quadriceps Strengthening (weight training) Adductor Strengthening (weight training) Calf Strengthening (weight training)

Jumping Rope

Jogging (level surfaces only)

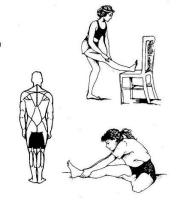
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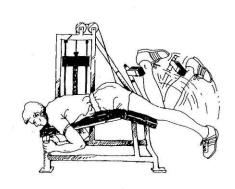
No Straight Leg Raising or Leg Extension Exercises No sprinting, cutting or leaping

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening

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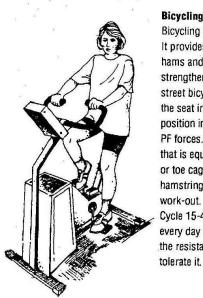




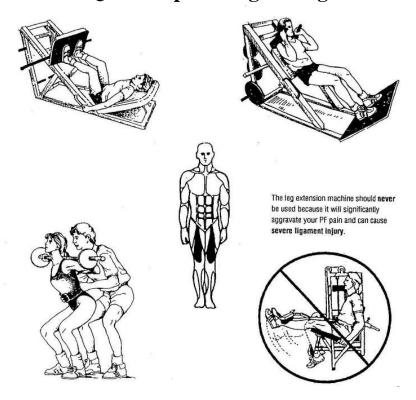
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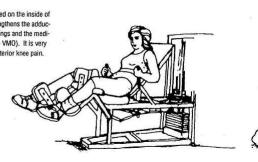
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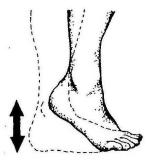




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Lie comfortably on your back on the floor with your hands behind your head. Squeeze a pillow as hard as you can between your knees and hold for 6 to 10 seconds. This motion strengthens the muscles of the inner thigh and helps pull the kneecap into line. Repeat 10 times.

Calf Strengthening

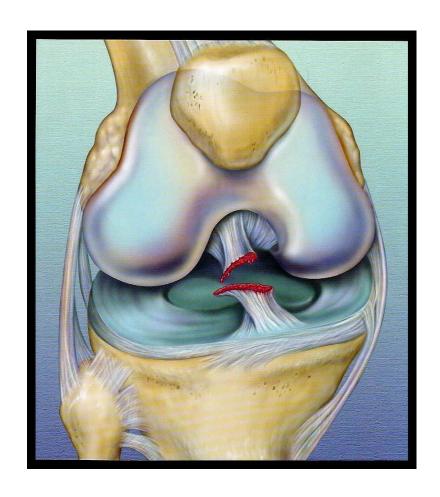


Calf Raises

Do as many as are comfortable; start with a few, then gradually work up to your maximum; repeat three times a day.

Jogging





> Seven Months Post-op

Stationary Bicycle

Hamstring Stretching & Strengthening (weight training) Quadriceps Strengthening (weight training) Adductor Strengthening (weight training)

Calf Strengthening (weight training)

Jumping Rope

Jogging (level surfaces only) Agility Training (figure 8s, cariocas, sprinting) **Injury Prevention Training** Gradual Return to Sports

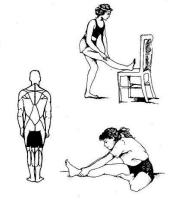
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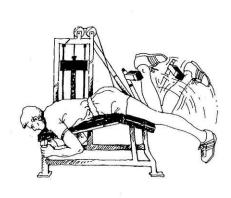
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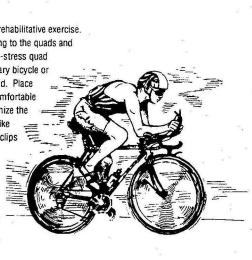




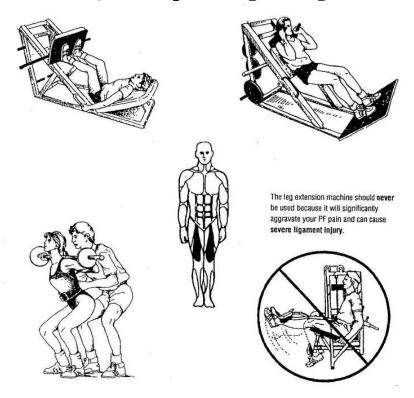
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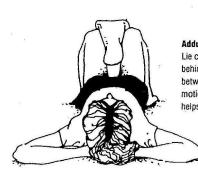
Quadriceps Strengthening



Adductor Strengthening

Adductor Strengthening

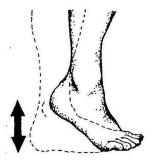
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Jogging

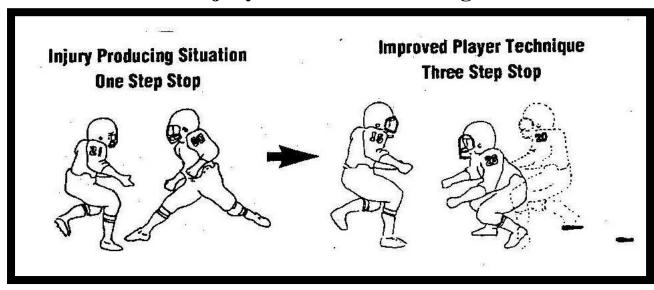


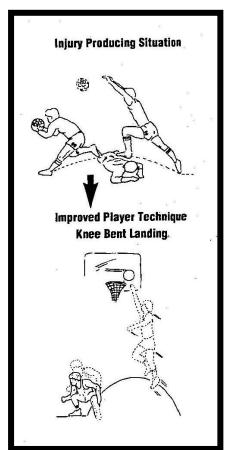
Agility Training

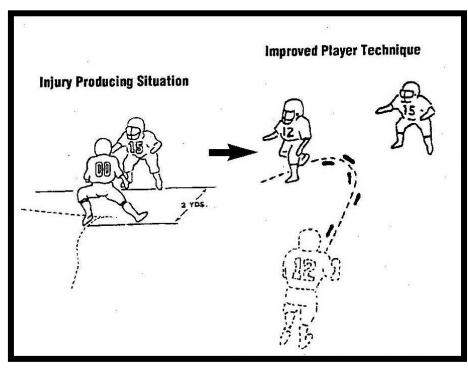




Injury Prevention Training







Return to Sports

