In the Name of Allah The Compassionate, the Merciful

Islamic Republic of Iran
Vice Presidency for
Strategic Planning and Supervision
Statistical Centre of Iran

# Selected Findings of National Population and Housing Census, 2011

# IN THE NAME OF ALLAH, THE COMPASSIONATE, THE MERCIFUL

# Verily, He has counted all creatures and He knows their exact number. Holy Quran

# Sura Maryam, Verse 94

#### Symbols

- Not collected
- 000 Not available
- × Not applicable
- ×× Not calculable
- // Negligible
- \* Provisional
- \*\* Estimated figure
- Not for publication (confidential figure)

Where figures are rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of components and the total.

Statistical Centre of Iran

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"Census is a necessity for the future of the country; it helps correct planning and create a rational, sensible, and favorable future in the country."

A statement made by Iran's Supreme Leader in his meeting with the head and the managers of the Statistical Centre of Iran on the outset of the 2011 National Population and Housing Census, October 24, 2011

# **Preface**

National population and housing censuses used to be conducted once a decade in Iran, as stipulated by the national legislation, in the years between 1956 and 2006. The first such census was undertaken by the Department of General Statistics in 1956; subsequent censuses were taken by the Statistical Centre of Iran (SCI) in 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996, and 2006. In 2007, the Cabinet adopted that the time interval for implementation of population and housing censuses be reduced to five years from 10 years<sup>1</sup>.

The 2011 Census was the seventh National Population and Housing Census of the country which was conducted on October 24, 2011 throughout Iran.

By providing accurate statistics and information on the size, structure, and characteristics of Iran's population, this Census serves as an appropriate tool for the country's planners, policymakers, and officials to design and implement social, economic, and cultural programs. Furthermore, this census is considered as one of the fundamental activities in national statistical system due to provision of essential frameworks for implementation of sample surveys within the areas of population and household.

A total of almost 114,000 enumerators and trained logistic and central staff participated in this national event which lasted from October 24 to November 13, 2011 in 31 provinces; 1,139 cities, and 96,459 villages<sup>2</sup>; The Census was the product of over two years of intense preparatory technical activities in the SCI in coordination with Iran's government agencies and General Governors. To gain assurance of appropriate implementation, two pilot censuses were conducted in 2009 (30 provinces) and 2010 (four provinces) and the questionnaires and the execution modalities and methods of the census were finalized and adopted by the National Census Committee based on the conclusion and lessons learnt from these two pilot studies.

State-of-the-art technical and scientific means and international experiences together with the standards and recommendations of global statistical institutions

<sup>1.</sup> Adoption No. 37147/T/26581 dated May 14, 2007.

<sup>2.</sup> The Farsi term used by the SCI is "aabaadi".

and also the lessons learnt during more than 50 years of work and six censuses in the country were employed by the SCI in designing the 2011 Census. During the field work of this census, four detailed forms were used to collect data on 63 items regarding population, household and housing characteristics and 77 items concerning the characteristics of Iran's villages.

The 2011 Census is different from the previous censuses. In addition to the questions on such basic indicators as population, household, and housing, the data on new subjects such as "national identity number", "access to internet (at the individual level)", "agricultural holding of the household", and" incidence of death in households were also collected through the questionnaire.

This census also experienced a shift in data collection from its conventional procedure of using paper-based forms to more advanced tool. For the first time in the history of national censuses in Iran, the data was collected through the application of Personal Digital Assistants (PDA) in the provinces of Tehran, Alborz, and Gillan to test such applications for the future censuses.

The extensive information which was extracted from this census will be made available to users within different publications and bulletins. The current bulletin which is titled *National Population and Housing Census*, 2011: Selected Findings includes some of the first and important findings of the census. The bulletin provides general and brief information and aims at providing rapid and early responses to the needs of census data users. The final and detailed findings shall be made available to users within the format of census publications and also posted on the 2011 National Population and Housing Census website (<a href="www.amar.org.ir">www.amar.org.ir</a>) in the near future

The following points are noteworthy:

In a number of the tables, the characteristics of unsettled population have not been displayed separately and are included in the total population rows. The tables where the information has been disaggregated by urban and rural areas excludes the information on unsettled population separately, the sum of population in "urban and rural areas" would not be equal to the total population and, naturally, this discrepancy is due to the number of the unsettled population.

In addition, the usual residential units which have been considered in this census include only those which were the place of residence of a household at the time of the enumeration. Those residential units which were empty at the time of the

census due to different reasons – such as units ready for sale or lease and/or units used as second residence by households – were not included in this census.

Moreover, according to the establishment of the new province of Alborz and its detachment from Tehran province, the tables related to these two provinces for the year 2006 were adjusted on the basis of the boundary of the year 2011.

The SCI takes advantage of this opportunity and expresses its gratitude to the grand nation of Iran for their invaluable cooperation and also all those individuals and institutions which played a role in the successful implementation of this census.

Addel Azar Head

Statistical Centre of Iran

# **Table of Contents**

<u>Title</u>	Page
- Definitions and Concepts.	15
- Indicators used in this report.	20
<u>Tables</u>	
Table 1. Population changes: 2006 and 2011.	23
Table 2. Selected population indicators by urban and rural areas: 2006 and 2011	25
Table 3. Relative distribution of population by religion: 2011	26
Table 4. Population by citizenship: 2006 and 2011	26
Table 5. Population by age groups: 2006 and 2011	27
Table 6. Population aged 6 and over and literate population by sex and urban/rural areas: 2006 and 2011	29
Table 7. Private and collective households residing in usual residential units by type of tenure of residence: 2006 and 2011	31
Table 8. Changes in usual residential units: 2006 and 2011.	34
Table 9. Usual residential units by type of skeleton: 2006 and 2011.	35
Table 10. Population and average annual growth by province: 2006 and 2011	38
Table 11. Relative distribution of population by province: 2006 and 2011	39
Table 12. Relative distribution of population by major age groups and province: 2011	41
Table 13. Population by sex, residence status and province: 2011	44
Table 14. Relative density of population by province: 2006 and 2011	46
Table 15. Sex ratio by province: 2006 and 2011.	48
Table 16. Urbanization rate by province: 2006 and 2011	50
Table 17. Average annual population growth rate by urban / rural areas, and province: 2006	52

<u>Tables</u>	<b>Page</b>
Table 18. Literacy rate of population aged 6 and over by urban and rural areas and province: 2011	53
Table 19. Relative distribution of private and collective households by number of household members and province: 2011	54
Table 20. Average household size by province: 2006 and 2011	55
Table 21. Average floor area of usual residential units by province: 2011	56
<u>Charts</u>	
Chart 1. Population: 2006 and 2011.	24
Chart 2. Average annual population growth rates: 2006-2011 and 1996-2006	24
Chart 3. Relative distribution of population by religion: 2011	26
Chart 4. Comparison of Iran's population age pyramids: 2006 and 2011	28
Chart 5. Literate population aged 6 and over by sex across the country: 2006 and 2011.	29
Chart 6. Literate population aged 6 and over by sex in urban areas: 2006 and 2011	30
Chart 7. Literate population aged 6 and over in rural areas by sex: 2011	30
Chart 8. Relative distribution of private and collective households residing in usual residential units by type of tenure of residence: 2011	32
Chart 9. Relative distribution of private and collective households residing in usual residential units in urban areas by type of tenure of residence: 2011	33
Chart 10. Relative distribution of private and collective households residing in usual residential units in rural areas by type of tenure of residence: 2011	33

<u>CHARTS</u>	Page
Chart 11. Relative distribution of usual residential units: 2011	34
Chart 12. Relative distribution of usual residential units by type of skeleton: 2011	36
Chart 13. Relative distribution of usual residential units in urban areas by type of skeleton: 2011	37
Chart 14. Relative distribution of usual residential units in rural areas by type of skeleton: 2011	37

<u>Maps</u>	Page	
Relative distribution of population by province: 2011	40	
Relative density of population by province: 2011	47	
Sex ratio by province: 2011	49	
Urbanization rate by province: 2011	51	
Average floor area of usual residential units by province: 2011	57	

# **Definitions and Concepts**

#### **Population under Enumeration**

The members of all private settled, institutional, and collective households whose place of usual residence is located in Iran at the time of the enumeration and also the members of all private unsettled households of the country comprise the population under enumeration. The members of all diplomatic missions and foreign embassies in Iran and their household members are not included in the census. The Iranian citizens who are members of diplomatic missions and Iran's embassies abroad together with their household members are, however, included in the population under enumeration.

#### Private Household

A private household comprises of several individuals who live together in one place of residence, share their living expenses and usually eat together. There are cases in which a private household consists of one person only.

#### **Private Settled Household**

A household which resides in a permanent place of residence (places which was made from hard materials, fixed tent, hut, straw hut, etc) is referred to a private settled household.

#### Private Unsettled Household

A household that does not reside in a permanent place of residence at the time of the census is a private unsettled household and comprises of the following three categories:

- 1. Households who are migrating (nomadic population) at the time of the census or live outside cities and settlements in a mobile shelter;
- 2. Households who do not live in a permanent address and are changing their place of residence constantly such as gypsies; and
- 3. Households who do not have a specific place of residence and usually spend the night in parks, ruins, under the bridges, etc.

#### Collective Household

A group of individuals, all or most of whom have selected a common place of residence for themselves because of specific circumstances (mainly common characteristics) and manage their daily affairs jointly in that place of residence form a collective household.

#### Institutional Household

All the individuals who live together in an institution due to a common objective or characteristics and that institution has assumed the responsibility of their accommodation (providing them with a place of residence and services and facilities) based on a license or in accordance with specific rules and regulations, form an institutional household. Some common examples of institutional households include: military barracks, police stations, and student dorms under the administration of a university excluding hostels for married people, asylums, etc.

#### **Usual Place of Residence**

The usual place of residence for a household is a place where household is residing at the time of the census provided that they do not have another place of residence. The usual place of residence of those private settled households with more than one place of residence at the time of the census is the place where they spend most of the year.

## City or Urban Area

A city/urban area is a geographic locality which has a municipality.

#### Village or Rural Area

A village is a zone located in a rural agglomeration with independent registered or conventional boundary, outside a city boundary or outside another village with a specific name. A village is considered as a geographic zone and includes agricultural and nonagricultural lands for the activities or residence of people. Rural area could be villages, farms, mines, and the like.

# **Population Settled in Urban Areas**

The population settled in various urban areas of counties, sub-provinces, provinces, or the whole country, is the total population in all cities located in that areas, and the population of each city is the total number of all members of private settled, institutional, and collective households, whose usual place of residence at the time of the enumeration was located in that city.

# **Population Settled in Rural Areas**

The population settled in various rural areas of counties, sub-provinces, provinces, or the whole country, and the population of each village is the total number of all members of private settled, institutional, and collective households, whose usual place of residence at the time of the enumeration was located in that village.

#### **Unsettled Population**

Unsettled populations in a sub-province, province, or the entire country are all those private unsettled households which have been enumerated within that census zone.

#### Age

Age is the number of all the complete years having passed since the birth of a person.

#### Literate

All individuals who can read and write a simple text in Farsi or any other language are considered literate whether they have a formal certificate or not. All students including all the first year primary school beginners and learners of the Adult Literacy Movement are considered as literate,

#### **Usual Residential Unit**

A usual residential unit is one which is constructed out of hard materials (bricks, cement, stone, wood, clay, etc) for the purpose of residence.

# Type of Tenure of Residential Unit

In this census, the information on the type of tenure of residential units has been gathered within the following classification:

Owned land and building: This form of tenure is related to households who are the owner of the land and building of their residential unit.

Owned building: When a household owns the building of their place of residence but not the land is called owned building.

**Rented:** When a household has rented their place of residence (periodic payments, lump sum deposit, or a deposit with periodic payments). Whether the rent is in cash or in-kind, it is considered a lease.

Against Service: This kind of tenure pertains to households who have occupied their place of residence in return for the services provided by one or several members of their household even if a certain amount is paid monthly.

Free of Charge: A household who has their place of residence without making any payments whether in cash or in-kind is classified in this category.

Others: This category covers all tenures of a household's place of residence which do not fall into any of the above five categories.

#### Floor Area of a Residential Unit

The floor area of a residential unit is the total area of the levels built under a roof in that residential unit including room(s), kitchen(s), bathroom(s), WC(s), laundry room(s), attic, etc.

In apartments, the area refers to the net area of one apartment without the common premises (parking, entrance, lobby, corridor, staircase, etc). In such units, the independent spaces of an apartment which are located outside it – such as storage – are considered part of the area.

In non-apartment residential areas, the area of all the levels constructed including corridors, staircases, the ridge of the roof, etc. are included in the area of that unit

In a rural area, the spaces in a household's residence which have been designated for activities related to agriculture or animal husbandry such as a warehouse, stable, barn, etc. would not be considered as part of the area of that residential unit.

#### Skeleton

The skeleton of a residential unit is the set of supporting parts (pillars, columns, beams etc) of a building. There are three categories of these skeletons:

Metal Skeleton: This structure is erected with iron beams which are joined together and form an integrated structure which bear the weight of the building.

**Reinforced concrete:** This structure is built of reinforced concrete (concrete with armature and reinforcing bar) which bears the weight of the building.

Others: These are all residential units with structures which do not fall into the above two categories.

# Indicators used in this report

# Absolute Increase of Population / Residential Unit in a Period

The absolute increase of the population or usual residential unit in a period is the change in the number of the population or usual residential unit within that period which is computed through the following formula:

The number of the population or usual residential units at the beginning of the period

The number of the population or usual residential units at the end of the period

Absolute increase of population or usual residential units during the period

# Relative Increase of a Population / Residential Unit in a Period

The relative increase of the population or a usual residential unit over a period is calculated through the following formula:

The number of The number of the the population population or usual or usual residential units at the residential beginning of the period units at the end of the Relative increase of the population or × 100 usual residential units in a The number of the population or period usual residential units at the beginning of the period

#### Average Annual Population Growth

The average annual population growth is calculated through the following formula:

$$P_n = p_0 (1+r)^n \Rightarrow r = \sqrt[n]{\frac{p_n}{p_0}} - 1$$

In this formula:

 $P_n$  = The population at the end of the period

 $P_0$  = The population at the beginning of the period

r = Average annual population growth

n =The time interval between the beginning and the end of the period in years

# Average Household Size

The average household size is the average number of individuals in a household which is calculated through the division of the number of the population by the total number of households:

### **Literacy Rate**

Number of literate people divided by population aged 6 and over and multiply by 100

## **Population Density**

Population density is the average number of the population in a region per square kilometer of that region's area.

#### **Urbanization Rate**

Urbanization rate is the ratio of the population settled in urban areas to the total population of the country.

#### Sex Ratio

Sex ratio is the ratio of males to females in a population by percent (M is the number of men and F is for the number of women).

$$Sex\ ratio = \frac{M}{F} \times 100$$

# Average Floor Area

The average floor area is calculated through the following formula:

Average = 
$$\frac{\sum_{y=1}^{n} h_{y} \overline{x_{y}}}{H}$$

In this formula:

 $h_y$  = The number of usual residential units on the floor  $i^{th}$  n = The number of the floors in the floor area  $x_y$  = The average area built on floor  $i^{th}$  H = The total number of usual residential units

TABLE 1. POPULATION CHANGES: 2006 AND 2011<sup>1</sup>

TABLE 1.1 OF CLATION CHANGES. 2000 AND 2011					
		Increase in	n period <sup>2</sup>	Average	
Year	Population	Absolute	Relative (%)	annual growth (%)	
Total					
2006	70,495,782	10,440,294	17.4	1.62	
2011	75,149,669	4,653,887	6.6	1.29	
Urban areas					
2006	48,259,964	11,442,175	31.1	2.74	
2011	53,646,661	5,386,697	11.16	2.14	
Rural areas		, ,			
2006	22,131,101	-895,192	-3.9	-0.40	
2011	21,446,783	-684,318	-3.1	-0.63	

<sup>1.</sup> The unsettled population has been included in the total population.

<sup>2.</sup> The absolute and relative increase of the period in 2006 was related to the ten-year period of 1996-2006 and in 2011 for the five-year period of 2006-2011.

CHART 1. POPULATION: 2006 AND 2011

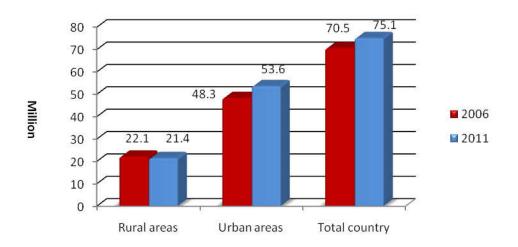


CHART 2. AVERAGE ANNUAL POPULATION GROWTH RATES: 2006-2011 AND 1996-2006

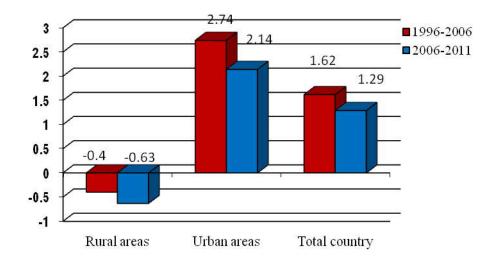


TABLE 2. SELECTED POPULATION INDICATORS BY URBAN AND RURAL AREAS: 2006 AND 2011

	Pop	pulation	1		Average	
Year	Total	Men (%)	Women (%)	Household <sup>1</sup>	household size	
Total						
2006	70,495,782	50.9	49.1	17,501,771	4.03	
2011	75,149,669	50.4	49.6	21,185,647	3.55	
Urban areas						
2006	48,259,964	50.9	49.1	12,405,584	3.89	
2011	53,646,661	50.4	49.6	15,427,848	3.48	
Rural areas						
2006	22,131,101	50.8	49.2	5,074,866	4.36	
2011	21,446,783	50.6	49.4	5,744,614	3.73	

<sup>1.</sup> The number of unsettled households has been included in the total number of households.

TABLE 3. POPULATION BY RELIGION: 2006 AND 2011

Description	2006	2011
Total	70495782	75149669
Muslim	70097741	74682938
Christian	109415	117704
Jewish	9252	8756
Zoroastrian	19823	25271
Others	54234	49101
Not stated	205317	265899

**CHART 3. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY RELIGION: 2011** 

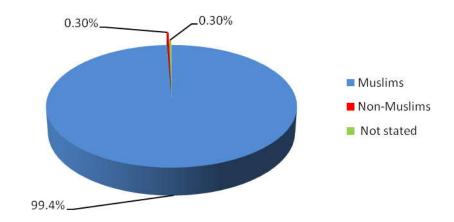


TABLE 4. POPULATION BY CITIZENSHIP: 2006 AND 2011

Nationality	2006	2011
Total	70495782	75149669
Iranian	68901154	73461474
Afghan	1211171	1452513
Iraqi	44094	51506
Pakistani	15455	17731
Turkish	886	1639
Others	32410	24290
Not stated	290612	140516

TABLE 5. POPULATION BY AGE GROUPS: 2006 AND 2011

A ===	20	06	2011		
Age	Number	Percent	Number	Percent	
Total	70495782	100	75149669	100	
0-4	5463978	7.75	6232552	8.29	
5-9	5509057	7.81	5657791	7.53	
10-14	6708594	9.52	5671435	7.55	
15-19	8726761	12.38	6607043	8.79	
20-24	9011422	12.78	8414497	11.20	
25-29	7224952	10.25	8672654	11.54	
30-34	5553531	7.88	6971924	9.28	
35-39	4921124	6.98	5571018	7.41	
40-44	4089158	5.80	4906749	6.53	
45-49	3522761	5.00	4030481	5.36	
50-54	2755420	3.91	3527408	4.69	
55-59	1887981	2.68	2680119	3.57	
60-64	1464452	2.08	1862907	2.48	
65-69	1197550	1.70	1343731	1.79	
70-74	1119318	1.59	1119968	1.49	
75-79	694122	0.98	913531	1.22	
80 and over	645601	0.92	919539	1.22	
Not stated	-	-	46322	0.06	

CHART 4. COMPARISON OF IRAN'S POPULATION AGE PYRAMIDS: 2006 AND 2011

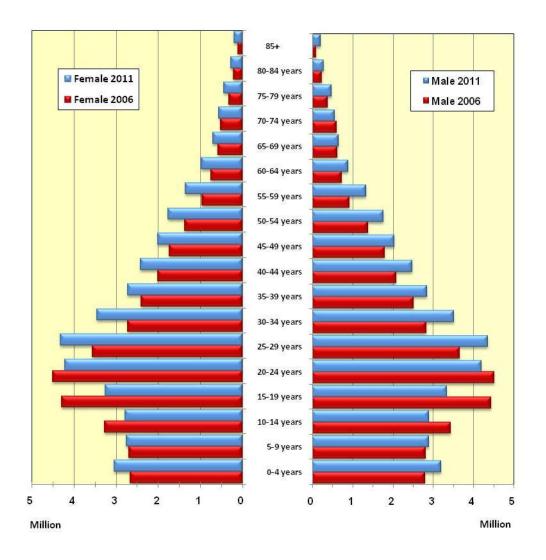


TABLE 6. POPULATION AGED 6 AND OVER AND LITERATE POPULATION BY SEX AND URBAN/RURAL AREAS: 2006 AND 2011

	Population aged 6 and over			Literate population		
Year	Both	Male	Female	Both	Male	Female
	sexes			sexes		
Total <sup>(1)</sup>						
2006	63920157	32494220	31425937	54082184	28835359	25246825
2011	67681876	34079833	33602043	57361682	30126120	27235562
Urban						
2006	43963466	22372530	21590936	39096165	20624831	18471334
2011	48609228	24442107	24167121	43047971	22358196	20689775
Rural						
2006	19865009	10075298	9789711	14938943	8183348	6755595
2011	19023294	9612487	9410807	14286733	7752447	6534286

<sup>1.</sup> Including unsettled population.

CHART 5. LITERATE POPULATION AGED 6 AND OVER BY SEX **ACROSS THE COUNTRY: 2006 AND 2011** 

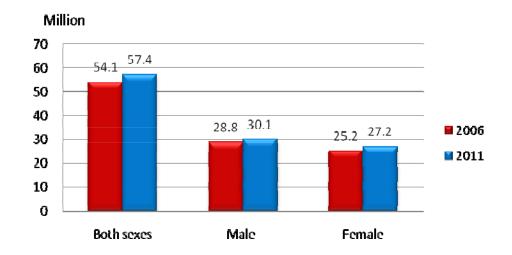


CHART 6. LITERATE POPULATION AGED 6 AND OVER BY SEX IN URBAN AREAS: 2006 AND 2011

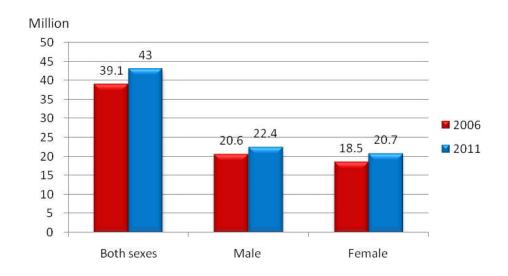


CHART 7. LITERATE POPULATION AGED 6 AND OVER BY SEX IN **RURAL AREAS: 2006 AND 2011** 



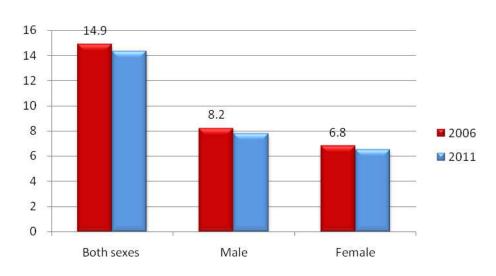


TABLE 7. PRIVATE AND COLLECTIVE HOUSEHOLDS RESIDING IN USUAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS BY TYPE OF TENURE OF RESIDENCE: 2006 AND 2011

True of tonores	2006		2011	
Type of tenure	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	17359576	100	21049934	100
Owned land and building	11013235	63.4	11875003	56.4
Owned building	781065	4.5	1317281	6.3
Rented	3981549	22.9	5607314	26.6
Against services	370856	2.1	332808	1.6
Free of charge	914424	5.3	1585221	7.5
Others	103329	0.6	180763	0.9
Not stated	195118	1.1	151544	0.7
Urban	12364647	100	15386525	100
Owned land and building	7027754	56.8	7572785	49.2
Owned building	668572	5.4	1131183	7.4
Rented	3586379	29.0	5105906	33.2
Against services	262002	2.1	244911	1.6
Free of charge	608143	4.9	1082323	7.0
Others	75238	0.6	142087	0.9
Not stated	136557	1.1	107330	0.7
Rural	4994929	100	5663409	100
Owned land and building	3985481	79.8	4302218	76.0
Owned building	112492	2.3	186098	3.3
Rented	395170	7.9	501408	8.9
Against services	108853	2.2	87897	1.6
Free of charge	306280	6.1	502898	8.9
Others	28091	0.6	38676	0.7
Not stated	58561	1.2	44214	0.8

# CHART 8. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF PRIVATE AND COLLECTIVE HOUSEHOLDS RESIDING IN USUAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS BY TYPE OF TENURE OF RESIDENCE: 2011

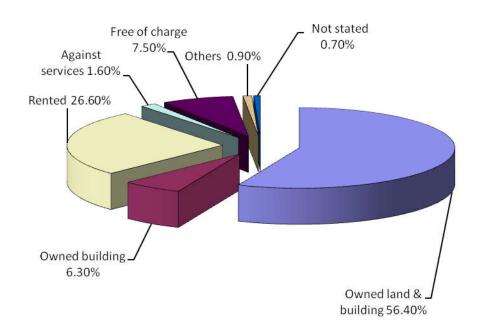
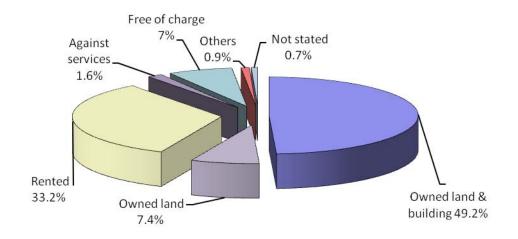


CHART 9. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF PRIVATE AND COLLECTIVE HOUSEHOLDS RESIDING IN USUAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS IN URBAN AREAS BY TYPE OF TENURE OF RESIDENCE: 2011



#### CHART 10. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF PRIVATE AND COLLECTIVE HOUSEHOLDS RESIDING IN USUAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS IN RURAL AREAS BY TYPE OF TENURE OF RESIDENCE: 2011

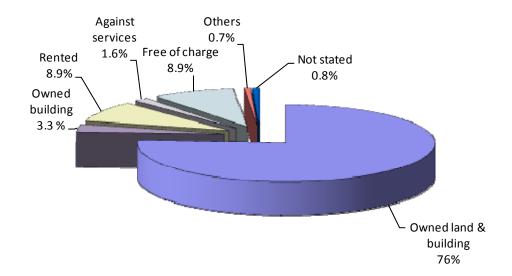
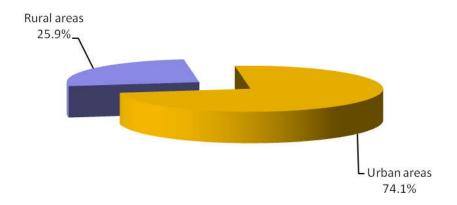


TABLE 8. CHANGES IN USUAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS: 2006 AND 2011

Year	Usual residential	Increase in the period <sup>2</sup>		
	units <sup>1</sup>	Absolute	Relative (%)	
Total				
2006	15,859,926	5,089,814	47.3	
2011	19,954,708	4,094,782	25.8	
Urban areas				
2006	11,431,880	4,518,150	65.4	
2011	14,782,114	3,350,234	29.3	
Rural areas				
2006	4,428,046	571,664	14.8	
2011	5,172,594	744,548	16.8	

The information on the number of usual residential units excludes empty units and secondary places of residence.

CHART 11. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF USUAL RESIDENTIAL **UNITS: 2011** 

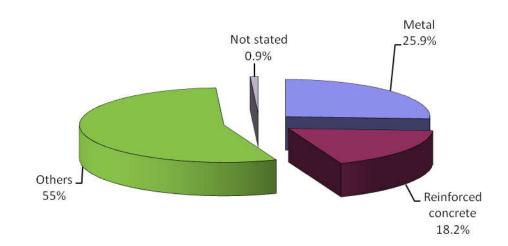


The absolute and relative increase of the period in 2006 is related to the ten-year period of 1996-2006 and in 2011 to the five-year period of 2006-2011.

TABLE 9. USUAL RESIDENTIAL UNITS BY TYPE OF SKELETON: 2006 AND 2011

Towns of alcolators	2006		2011	
Type of skeleton	Number	Percent	Number	Percent
Total	15859926	100	19954708	100
Metal	4080658	25.7	5177978	25.9
Reinforced concrete	1908341	12.0	3635605	18.2
Others	9709714	61.2	10967018	55.0
Not stated	161213	1.0	174107	0.9
Urban	11431880	100	14782114	100
Metal	3789106	33.1	4686970	31.7
Reinforced concrete	1656878	14.5	3061551	20.7
Others	5854065	51.2	6894131	46.6
Not stated	131832	1.2	139462	0.9
Rural	4428046	100	5172594	100
Metal	291552	6.6	491008	9.5
Reinforced concrete	251464	5.7	574054	11.1
Others	3855649	87.1	4072887	78.7
Not stated	29381	0.7	34645	0.7

# CHART 12. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF USUAL RESIDENTIAL **UNITS BY TYPE OF SKELETON: 2011**



#### CHART 13. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF USUAL RESIDENTIAL **UNITS IN URBAN AREAS BY TYPE OF SKELETON: 2011**

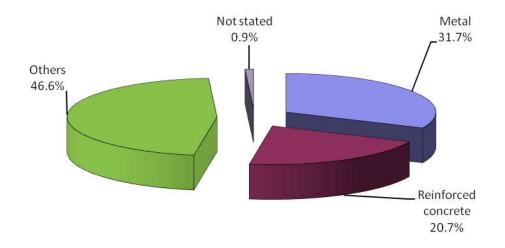


CHART 14. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF USUAL RESIDENTIAL **UNITS IN RURAL AREAS BY TYPE OF SKELETON: 2011** 

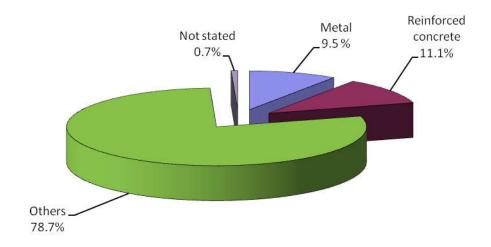


TABLE 10. POPULATION AND AVERAGE ANNUAL GROWTH BY PROVINCE: 2006<sup>1</sup> AND 2011

Province	2006	2011	Average annual growth (%)
Total  East Azarbayejan	<b>70495782</b> 3603456	<b>75149669</b> 3724620	<b>1.29</b> 0.66
			1.40
West Azarbayejan	2873459	3080576	
Ardebil	1228155	1248488	0.33
Esfahan	4559256	4879312	1.37
Alborz	2076991	2412513	3.04
Ilam	545787	557599	0.43
Bushehr	886267	1032949	3.11
Tehran	11345375	12183391	1.44
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	857910	895263	0.86
South Khorasan	636420	662534	0.81
Khorasan-e- Razavi	5593079	5994402	1.40
North Khorasan	811572	867727	1.35
Khuzestan	4274979	4531720	1.17
Zanjan	964601	1015734	1.04
Semnan	589742	631218	1.37
Sistan and Baluchestan	2405742	2534327	1.05
Fars	4336878	4596658	1.17
Qazvin	1143200	1201565	1.00
Qom	1046737	1151672	1.93
Kurdestan	1440156	1493645	0.73
Kerman	2652413	2938988	2.07
Kermanshah	1879385	1945227	0.69
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	634299	658629	0.76
Golestan	1617087	1777014	1.90
Gillan	2404861	2480874	0.62
Lorestan	1716527	1754243	0.44
Mazandaran	2922432	3073943	1.02
Markazi	1351257	1413959	0.91
Hormozgan	1403674	1578183	2.37
Hamedan	1703267	1758268	0.64
Yazd	990818	1074428	1.63

<sup>1.</sup> The population of the provinces of Alborz and Tehran for 2006 and their average annual growth have been calculated based on the data of the 2011 boundary.

TABLE 11. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY PROVINCE: 2006<sup>1</sup> AND 2011 (Percent)

Province	2006	2011
Total	100	100
East Azarbayejan	5.11	4.96
West Azarbayejan	4.08	4.10
Ardebil	1.74	1.66
Esfahan	6.47	6.49
Alborz	2.95	3.21
Ilam	0.77	0.74
Bushehr	1.26	1.37
Tehran	16.09	16.21
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	1.22	1.19
South Khorasan	0.90	0.88
Khorasan-e- Razavi	7.94	7.98
North Khorasan	1.15	1.15
Khuzestan	6.07	6.03
Zanjan	1.37	1.35
Semnan	0.84	0.84
Sistan and Baluchestan	3.41	3.37
Fars	6.15	6.12
Qazvin	1.62	1.60
Qom	1.48	1.53
Kurdestan	2.04	1.99
Kerman	3.76	3.91
Kermanshah	2.67	2.59
Kohgilooyeh and Boyerahmad	0.90	0.88
Golestan	2.29	2.36
Gillan	3.41	3.30
Lorestan	2.44	2.33
Mazandaran	4.14	4.09
Markazi	1.92	1.88
Hormozgan	1.99	2.10
Hamedan	2.42	2.34
Yazd	1.41	1.43

<sup>1.</sup> The population of the provinces of Alborz and Tehran for 2006 and their average annual growth have been calculated based on the data of the 2011 boundary.

# Relative Distribution of Population by Province:2011





TABLE 12. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY MAJOR AGE GROUPS AND PROVINCE: 2011 ( Percent)

IGE GROUIS AND I ROVINCE. 201	1			1 Cr ccnt)
Province	Total	0-14	15-64	65 and over
Total	100	23.4	70.9	5.7
East Azerbayejan	100	22.2	70.7	7.1
West Azerbayejan	100	25.3	69.3	5.4
Ardebil	100	23.2	70.7	6.1
Esfahan	100	21.0	72.5	6.5
Alborz	100	21.2	73.9	4.8
Ilam	100	22.4	72.9	4.7
Bushehr	100	24.1	72.0	3.9
Tehran	100	19.9	73.9	6.1
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	100	25.1	69.6	5.3
South Khorasan	100	27.6	64.8	7.3
Khorasan-e- Razavi	100	25.7	68.5	5.7
North Khorasan	100	27.0	67.6	5.3
Khuzestan	100	26.4	69.5	4.1
Zanjan	100	22.8	70.7	6.4
Semnan	100	21.5	71.5	6.6
Sistan and Baluchestan	100	37.6	59.1	3.2
Fars	100	22.3	72.1	5.6
Qazvin	100	22.4	71.9	5.8
Qom	100	24.9	70.3	4.8
Kurdestan	100	23.2	71.1	5.6
Kerman	100	26.7	68.4	4.8
Kermanshah	100	21.3	72.9	5.8
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	100	26.4	69.1	4.5
Golestan	100	25.3	70.1	4.5
Gillan	100	18.6	73.3	8.1
Lorestan	100	23.5	71.1	5.5
Mazandaran	100	19.6	73.6	6.7
Markazi	100	21.4	71.1	7.4
Hormozgan	100	29.0	67.1	3.9
Hamedan	100	21.6	71.4	6.8
Yazd	100	24.9	68.9	6.1

TABLE12. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY MAJOR AGE GROUPS AND PROVINCE: 2011 (continued) (Percent)

Province	Total	0-14	15-64	65 and over
Urban reas	100	22.3	72.3	5.4
East Azerbayejan	100	21.1	72.1	6.7
West Azerbayejan	100	24.1	70.1	5.3
Ardebil	100	23.1	71.6	5.2
Esfahan	100	20.8	73.0	6.2
Alborz	100	21.0	74.3	4.6
Ilam	100	22.4	73.4	4.2
Bushehr	100	23.8	72.7	3.5
Tehran	100	19.5	74.1	6.3
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	100	23.5	71.4	5.1
South Khorasan	100	27.4	67.2	5.0
Khorasan-e- Razavi	100	24.8	70.0	5.1
North Khorasan	100	25.3	70.2	4.5
Khuzestan	100	24.8	71.1	4.1
Zanjan	100	21.9	72.3	5.7
Semnan	100	21.3	72.5	5.9
Sistan and Baluchestan	100	35.2	61.9	2.6
Fars	100	21.3	73.2	5.4
Qazvin	100	22.2	73.1	4.7
Qom	100	25.1	70.4	4.5
Kurdestan	100	22.8	72.3	4.9
Kerman	100	25.2	70.3	4.4
Kermanshah	100	20.8	73.7	5.5
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	100	25.8	70.8	3.4
Golestan	100	23.5	71.9	4.4
Gillan	100	18.6	75.0	6.4
Lorestan	100	22.3	72.3	5.4
Mazandaran	100	19.4	74.9	5.6
Markazi	100	21.9	72.5	5.6
Hormozgan	100	26.8	70.2	2.9
Hamedan	100	20.6	73.0	6.3
Yazd	100	25.2	69.3	5.4

TABLE 12. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF POPULATION BY MAJOR AGE GROUPS AND PROVINCE: 2011(continued) (Percent)

Province	Total	0-14	15-64	65 and over
Rural areas	100	26.1	67.4	6.5
East Azerbayejan	100	24.6	67.6	7.8
West Azerbayejan	100	27.3	67.2	5.5
Ardebil	100	26.4	68.9	7.7
Esfahan	100	22.1	69.6	8.3
Alborz	100	23.3	70.5	6.2
Ilam	100	22.6	71.9	5.5
Bushehr	100	24.7	70.5	4.8
Tehran	100	24.9	70.8	4.2
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	100	27.4	67.0	5.6
South Khorasan	100	27.8	61.6	10.3
Khorasan-e- Razavi	100	28.1	64.6	7.3
North Khorasan	100	27.8	65.0	6.2
Khuzestan	100	30.3	65.5	4.1
Zanjan	100	24.3	68.1	7.6
Semnan	100	22.0	68.5	9.6
Sistan and Baluchestan	100	39.7	56.5	3.8
Fars	100	24.1	69.8	5.9
Qazvin	100	22.8	68.7	8.5
Qom	100	22.1	68.7	9.2
Kurdestan	100	24.0	69.0	7.0
Kerman	100	28.7	65.9	5.4
Kermanshah	100	22.6	70.9	6.5
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	100	27.2	67.1	5.7
Golestan	100	27.2	68.2	4.6
Gillan	100	18.7	70.6	10.7
Lorestan	100	25.3	69.1	5.6
Mazandaran	100	19.9	72.1	8.0
Markazi	100	20.3	67.2	12.5
Hormozgan	100	31.2	64.0	4.8
Hamedan	100	23.2	69.1	7.6
Yazd	100	23.1	67.1	9.7

TABLE 13. POPULATION BY SEX, RESIDENCE STATUS AND PROVINCE: 2011

	Total			U	rban are	as
Province	Both sexes	Men	Women	Both sexes	Men	Women
<i>Total</i>	75149669	37905669	37244000	53646661	27023638	26623023
East Azerbayejan	3724620	1882031	1842589	2579178	1301724	1277454
West Azerbayejan	3080576	1555127	1525449	1932544	971505	961039
Ardebil	1248488	631972	616516	798942	405050	393892
Esfahan	4879312	2476021	2403291	4168219	2109775	2058444
Alborz	2412513	1222621	1189892	2184371	1104627	1079744
Ilam	557599	282468	275131	356896	180377	176519
Bushehr	1032949	560955	471994	704393	383488	320905
Tehran	12183391	6137993	6045398	11305832	5669138	5636694
Chaharmahal and						
Bakhtiyari	895263	450968	444295	521071	262678	258393
South Khorasan	662534	332739	329795	371054	188322	182732
Khorasan-e-						
Razavi	5994402	2999529	2994873	4311210	2160153	2151057
North	3771102	2,,,,,,,,	2)) 10/3	1311210	2100133	2131037
Khorasan	867727	431587	436140	446872	224742	222130
Khuzestan	4531720	2286209	2245511	3218451	1619616	1598835
Zanjan	1015734	509192	506542	634809	320294	314515
Semnan	631218	319300	311918	486345	244424	241921
Sistan and	031210	31,300	311710	.005.0	22.	211221
Baluchestan	2534327	1268748	1265579	1243079	627726	615353
Fars	4596658	2315914	2280744	3106732	1562556	1544176
Qazvin	1201565	609804	591761	878241	445578	432663
Qom	1151672	587661	564011	1095871	557132	538739
Kurdestan	1493645	751156	742489	985874	496553	489321
Kerman	2938988	1482339	1456649	1689842	851467	838375
Kermanshah	1945227	981780	963447	1355094	678738	676356
Kohgiluyeh and	1743227	201700	705447	1555074	070750	070330
Boyerahmad	658629	329079	329550	346626	174376	172250
Golestan	1777014	886830	890184	906182	452753	453429
Gillan	2480874	1231933	1248941	1497170	744251	752919
Lorestan	1754243	883693	870550	1075951	536589	539362
Mazandaran	3073943	1542735	1531208	1682152	842401	839751
Markazi	1413959	715527	698432	1082132	529304	515697
Hormozgan	1578183	802758	775425	788471	404682	383789
Hamedan	1758268	883436	874832	1040605	519182	521423
Yazd	1074428	553564	520864	889583	454437	435146

TABLE 13. POPULATION BY SEX, RESIDENCE STATUS AND PROVINCE: 2011 (continued)

	Rural areas		U	J <b>nsettle</b>	ed	
Province	Both sexes	Men	Women	Both sexes	Men	Women
Total	21446783	10853217	10593566	56225	28814	27411
East Azerbayejan	1145442	580307	565135	0	0	0
West Azerbayejan	1148032	583622	564410	0	0	0
Ardebil	449546	226922	222624	0	0	0
Esfahan	710989	366193	344796	104	53	51
Alborz	228142	117994	110148	0	0	0
Ilam	199327	101369	97958	1376	722	654
Bushehr	325993	176189	149804	2563	1278	1285
Tehran	877437	468754	408683	122	101	21
Chaharmahal and						
Bakhtiyari	372746	187555	185191	1446	735	711
South Khorasan	291435	144395	147040	45	22	23
Khorasan-e-Razavi	1682405	838981	843424	787	395	392
North Khorasan	419068	205946	213122	1787	899	888
Khuzestan	1301268	660371	640897	12001	6222	5779
Zanjan	380925	188898	192027	0	0	0
Semnan	144873	74876	69997	0	0	0
Sistan and Baluchestan	1288160	639466	648694	3088	1556	1532
Fars	1475350	746040	729310	14576	7318	7258
Qazvin	322787	163956	158831	537	270	267
Qom	55798	30526	25272	3	3	0
Kurdestan	507771	254603	253168	0	0	0
Kerman	1242344	627390	614954	6802	3482	3320
Kermanshah	586621	301197	285424	3512	1845	1667
Kohgiluyeh and						
Boyerahmad	310518	153947	156571	1485	756	729
Golestan	870068	433684	436384	764	393	371
Gillan	983701	487679	496022	3	3	0
Lorestan	677416	346653	330763	876	451	425
Mazandaran	1391786	700329	691457	5	5	0
Markazi	368958	186223	182735	0	0	0
Hormozgan	786379	396312	390067	3333	1764	1569
Hamedan	716669	363719	352950	994	535	459
Yazd	184829	99121	85708	16	6	10

TABLE 14. RELATIVE DENSITY OF POPULATION BY PROVINCE: 2006<sup>1</sup> AND 2011 (Person per km<sup>2</sup>)

2006 AND 2011		(16	erson per km )
Province	Area <sup>2</sup> (km <sup>2</sup> )	2006 3	2011
Total	1,628,770.8	43	46
East Azerbayejan	45,650.5	79	82
West Azerbayejan	37,411.4	77	82
Ardebil	17,800.0	69	70
Esfahan	107,017.6	42	46
Alborz	5,121.7	406	471
Ilam	20,132.8	27	28
Bushehr	22,742.7	39	45
Tehran	13,692.4	829	890
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	16,328.3	52	55
South Khorasan	95,385.0	7	7
Khorasan-e-Razavi	118,851.4	44	50
North Khorasan	28,434.3	29	31
Khuzestan	64,055.0	67	71
Zanjan	21,773.3	44	47
Semnan	97,490.8	6	6
Sistan and Baluchestan	181,785.3	13	14
Fars	122,607.9	35	37
Qazvin	15,567.3	74	77
Qom	11,526.3	90	100
Kurdestan	29,136.5	49	51
Kerman	180,725.6	15	16
Kermanshah	25,009.3	75	78
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	15,504.1	41	42
Golestan	20,367.1	80	87
Gillan	14,041.9	171	177
Lorestan	28,294.0	61	62
Mazandaran	23,841.6	123	129
Markazi	29,126.6	46	49
Hormozgan	70,697.3	20	22
Hamedan	19,367.9	88	91
Yazd	129,284.9	8	8

<sup>1.</sup> The relative density of population of the provinces of Alborz and Tehran for 2006 has been calculated based on the data of 2011 boundary.

<sup>2.</sup> This is the area of the land and is based on the data announced in 2011.

<sup>3.</sup> The relative density of population for 2006 is calculated according to the area of every province.

### Relative Density of Population by Province:2011

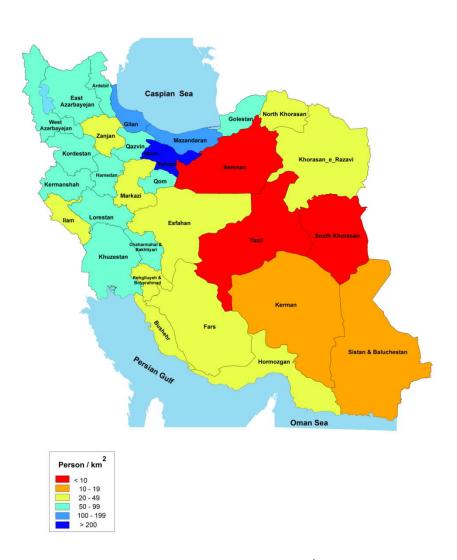


TABLE 15. SEX RATIO BY PROVINCE: 2006<sup>1</sup> AND 2011 (Percent)

Province	2006	2011
Total	104	102
East Azerbayejan	104	102
West Azerbayejan	103	102
Ardebil	101	103
Esfahan	105	103
Alborz	106	103
Ilam	104	103
Bushehr	112	119
Tehran	106	102
Chaharmahal and akhtiyari	101	102
South Khorasan	103	101
Khorasan-e-Razavi	101	100
North Khorasan	98	99
Khuzestan	105	102
Zanjan	100	101
Semnan	105	102
Sistan and Baluchestan	103	100
Fars	103	102
Qazvin	104	103
Qom	105	104
Kurdestan	103	101
Kerman	104	102
Kermanshah	104	102
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	102	100
Golestan	99	100
Gillan	99	99
Lorestan	104	102
Mazandaran	101	101
Markazi	102	102
Hormozgan	107	104
Hamedan	101	101
Yazd	109	106

<sup>1.</sup> The sex ratio of the provinces of Alborz and Tehran for 2006 has been calculated based on the data of 2011 boundary.

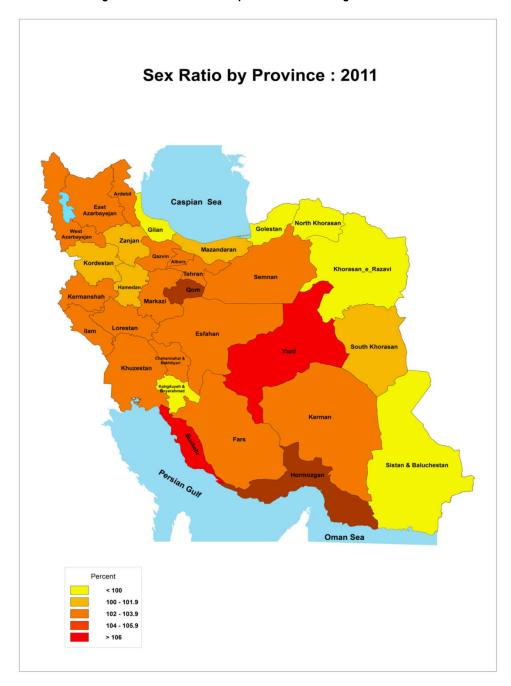


TABLE 16. URBANIZATION RATE BY PROVINCE: 2006<sup>1</sup> AND 2011 (Percent)

		(rercent)
Province	2006	2011
Total	68.5	71.4
East Azerbayejan	66.7	69.2
West Azerbayejan	60.0	62.7
Ardebil	58.3	64.0
Esfahan	83.3	85.4
Alborz	88.7	90.5
Ilam	60.7	64.0
Bushehr	65.2	68.2
Tehran	91.8	92.8
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	51.5	58.2
South Khorasan	51.3	56.0
Khorasan-e-Razavi	68.1	71.9
North Khorasan	48.4	51.5
Khuzestan	67.2	71.0
Zanjan	58.0	62.5
Semnan	74.7	77.0
Sistan and Baluchestan	49.6	49.0
Fars	61.2	67.6
Qazvin	68.1	73.1
Qom	93.9	95.2
Kurdestan	59.4	66.0
Kerman	58.5	57.5
Kermanshah	66.8	69.7
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	47.6	52.6
Golestan	49.2	51.0
Gillan	53.9	60.3
Lorestan	59.4	61.3
Mazandaran	53.2	54.7
Markazi	69.0	73.9
Hormozgan	47.1	50.0
Hamedan	57.6	59.2
Yazd	79.7	82.8

<sup>1.</sup> The urbanization rate of the provinces of Alborz and Tehran for 2006 have been calculated based on the data of 2011 boundary.

# **Urbanization Rate by Province: 2011**

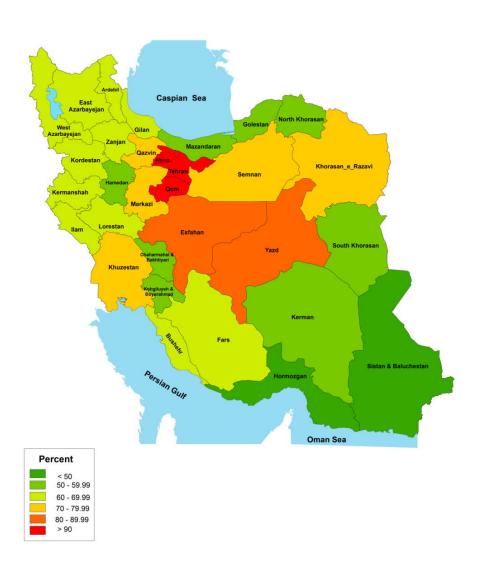


TABLE 17. AVERAGE ANNUAL POPULATION GROWTH RATE BY URBAN / RURAL AREAS AND PROVINCE: 2006 – 2011 (Percent)

Province	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	1.29	2.14	-0.63
East Azerbayejan	0.66	1.43	-0.94
West Azerbayejan	1.40	2.30	-0.01
Ardebil	0.33	2.23	-2.58
Esfahan	1.37	2.87	-1.30
Alborz	3.04	3.46	-0.55
Ilam	0.43	1.50	-1.10
Bushehr	3.11	4.05	1.45
Tehran	1.44	1.65	-1.10
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	0.86	3.33	-2.11
South Khorasan	0.81	2.58	-1.12
Khorasan-e-Razavi	1.40	2.49	-1.12
North Khorasan	1.35	2.63	0.23
Khuzestan	1.17	2.29	-1.22
Zanjan	1.04	2.56	-1.23
Semnan	1.37	2.00	-0.58
Sistan and Baluchestan	1.05	0.82	1.32
Fars	1.17	3.21	-2.22
Qazvin	1.00	2.45	-2.44
Qom	1.93	2.20	-2.60
Kurdestan	0.73	2.87	-2.77
Kerman	2.07	1.71	2.66
Kermanshah	0.69	1.54	-1.06
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	0.76	2.78	-1.20
Golestan	1.90	2.65	1.20
Gillan	0.62	2.93	-2.37
Lorestan	0.44	1.07	-0.41
Mazandaran	1.02	1.60	0.34
Markazi	0.91	2.31	-2.52
Hormozgan	2.37	3.58	1.21
Hamedan	0.64	1.19	-0.13
Yazd	1.63	2.41	-1.66

### TABLE 18. LITERACY RATE OF POPULATION AGED 6 AND OVER BY URBAN AND RURAL AREAS AND PROVINCE: 2011

(Percent)

			(1 cr cent)
Province	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	84.75	88.56	75.10
East Azerbayejan	82.08	85.88	73.34
West Azerbayejan	78.84	83.95	70.06
Ardebil	80.77	85.36	72.60
Esfahan	87.77	89.21	79.24
Alborz	90.23	91.07	82.16
Ilam	82.35	86.83	74.50
Bushehr	83.64	84.61	81.70
Tehran	90.46	91.30	79.36
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	82.54	87.07	76.18
South Khorasan	82.48	89.90	72.97
Khorasan-e-Razavi	86.30	89.75	77.33
North Khorasan	80.26	87.66	72.29
Khuzestan	83.55	87.65	73.40
Zanjan	82.35	87.43	73.79
Semnan	88.40	91.27	78.78
Sistan and Baluchestan	71.56	81.44	61.86
Fars	86.32	89.40	79.95
Qazvin	84.08	86.70	76.94
Qom	86.58	87.36	71.62
Kurdestan	77.97	82.32	69.50
Kerman	82.20	87.24	75.32
Kermanshah	81.72	85.18	73.88
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	81.91	88.74	74.31
Golestan	83.00	88.02	77.64
Gillan	84.29	90.52	74.82
Lorestan	80.44	84.80	73.46
Mazandaran	85.70	90.05	80.42
Markazi	83.84	88.41	70.97
Hormozgan	83.67	89.84	77.52
Hamedan	82.57	87.10	75.91
Yazd	87.78	89.64	78.93

TABLE 19. RELATIVE DISTRIBUTION OF PRIVATE AND COLLECTIVE HOUSEHOLDS BY NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLD MEMBERS AND PROVINCE: 2011 (Percent)

5 and 2 3 4 1 **Province** Total more person persons persons persons persons Total ..... 100 7.14 20.97 18.43 27.11 26.34 East Azerbayejan..... 100 7.08 18.29 29.64 27.95 17.04 West Azerbayejan ...... 100 5.94 15.41 26.38 27.19 25.07 24.69 100 5.45 27.32 16.03 26.51 Ardebil ..... Esfahan.... 100 7.59 19.96 29.01 27.72 15.72 100 6.27 19.78 30.31 28.28 Alborz..... 15.36 100 22.84 24.06 35.19 Ilam..... 3.9. 14..00 Bushehr ..... 100 4.86 15.26 24.51 25.07 30.3 100 9.15 20.22 28.86 27.46 14.32 Tehran.... Chaharmahal and 100 5.16 16.32 24.01 25.86 28.65 Bakhtiyari..... 100 10.13 20.1 23.45 23.12 23.2 South Khorasan..... Khorasan-e-Razavi..... 100 7.68 18.87 26.95 26.02 20.48 North Khorasan..... 100 7.82 18.67 25.36 24.58 23.56 100 4.54 14.5 22.68 24.1 34.17 Khuzestan.... 100 6.08 19.06 28.11 26.67 20.07 Zanjan..... 100 8.66 20.58 28.34 27.3 15.12 Semnan..... 100 7.05 15.39 18.26 40.45 18.85 Sistan and Baluchestan Fars..... 100 6.33 17.38 25.74 26.3 24.25 100 19.54 28.92 27.33 17.55 Qazvin..... 6.65 100 5.45 27.38 26.91 Qom..... 18.5 21.76 100 5.11 16.55 27.28 26.49 24.57 Kurdestan.... 100 7.57 17.65 23.74 24.41 26.63 Kerman.... 100 25.89 24.32 Kermanshah..... 6.17 17.5 26.12 Kohgiluyeh and 100 3.93 13.79 20.65 22.63 38.99 Boyerahmad..... Golestan..... 100 5.67 16.54 26.77 26.93 24.09 100 8.84 21.5 31.1 26.04 12.52 Gillan..... 100 5.75 16.28 24.65 24.75 Lorestan ..... 28.57 100 6.86 19.93 30.86 28.93 13.42 Mazandaran.... 100 8.39 28.04 26.09 15.97 Markazi..... 21.51 100 Hormozgan..... 6.18 16.67 23.01 22.75 31.39 100 7.25 25.99 19.38 Hamedan..... 19.98 27.39 100 7.78 19.04 28.09 27.42 17.67 Yazd.....

TABLE 20. AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE BY PROVINCE: 2006 1 **AND 2011** 

Province	2006	2011
Total	4.0	3.5
East Azerbayejan	4.0	3.4
West Azerbayejan	4.4	3.7
Ardebil	4.4	3.7
Esfahan	3.7	3.4
Alborz	3.7	3.4
Ilam	4.9	4.1
Bushehr	4.7	4.2
Tehran	3.6	3.3
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	4.4	3.8
South Khorasan	4.0	3.6
Khorasan-e-Razavi	3.9	3.5
North Khorasan	4.1	3.6
Khuzestan	4.9	4.1
Zanjan	4.1	3.5
Semnan	3.7	3.4
Sistan and Baluchestan	5.1	4.3
Fars	4.2	3.7
Qazvin	3.9	3.4
Qom	4.0	3.6
Kurdestan	4.3	3.7
Kerman	4.3	3.7
Kermanshah	4.2	3.7
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	5.0	4.2
Golestan	4.3	3.7
Gillan	3.6	3.2
Lorestan	4.5	3.8
Mazandaran	3.7	3.3
Markazi	3.7	3.3
Hormozgan	4.6	4.0
Hamedan	4.0	3.5
Yazd	3.8	3.5

<sup>1.</sup> The average household sizes of the provinces of Alborz and Tehran for 2006 have been calculated based on the data of 2011 boundary.

TABLE 21. AVERAGE FLOOR AREA OF USUAL RESIDENTIAL **UNITS BY PROVINCE: 2011** 

	ı		(171)
Province	Total	Urban	Rural
Total	98.9	102.1	89.5
East Azerbayejan	100.5	103.0	94.0
West Azerbayejan	114.0	123.0	96.4
Ardebil	93.0	99.0	81.8
Esfahan	123.6	123.9	121.3
Alborz	91.3	92.0	84.3
Ilam	109.0	113.4	100.5
Bushehr	106.9	111.2	97.6
Tehran	85.4	85.8	79.3
Chaharmahal and Bakhtiyari	128.7	137.3	115.1
South Khorasan	97.2	110.5	81.5
Khorasan-e-Razavi	90.2	94.0	80.0
North Khorasan	86.6	97.2	74.8
Khuzestan	112.7	113.6	109.8
Zanjan	97.2	101.2	89.8
Semnan	109.8	114.4	93.9
Sistan and Baluchestan	88.9	116.2	63.1
Fars	120.2	125.6	107.8
Qazvin	86.1	87.0	83.6
Qom	94.8	95.2	86.6
Kurdestan	89.5	89.3	89.8
Kerman	100.1	116.8	75.5
Kermanshah	95.5	100.0	83.8
Kohgiluyeh and Boyerahmad	113.8	126.1	99.6
Golestan	92.3	100.3	83.1
Gillan	82.3	86.6	75.3
Lorestan	105.1	110.5	94.7
Mazandaran	94.1	98.9	88.1
Markazi	96.1	98.0	90.7
Hormozgan	93.7	95.6	91.6
Hamedan	98.0	101.6	92.1
Yazd	134.8	137.0	124.1

### **Average Floor Area of Usual Residential Units** by Province: 2011



