



CLEAN DEVELOPMENT MECHANISM

- CIL Initiatives

- Realising the need of CDM, development of coal based nonconventional environment friendly energy resource is high on the agenda of CIL.
- CIL is pursuing the development of CBM, CMM, VAM, UCG & other Clean Technologies.

Underground Coal Gasification:



- CIL intends to develop UCG in the identified blocks under the collaborative regime preparatory to which EOI is invited.
- Eol for development of UCG was put on the website of CIL/CMPDI and India CBM/CMM Clearinghouse on 28.11.2009.
- CIL will provide available geological information, infrastructure facilities, but will not create any infrastructure for this purpose.

Kaitha Block (Ramgarh CF):	Approx Area (Sq Km) :	4	
	No. of Coal Seams :	12	
	Average thickness	:	3-16 m
	Depth of topmost seam :	>300 m	
	Coal Reserves of the Block	:	166 Mt
Thesgora 'C' blocks (Pench)	Approx Area (Sq Km) :	7.5	
	No. of Coal Seams :	5	
	Average thickness	:	2.5-6.5m
	Depth of topmost seam :	>300 m	

Coal Reserves of the Block

187 Mt

Coal Bed Methane:



- CIL/CMPDIL have been associated with development of CBM since early 90s.
- Till date 26 virgin CBM block have been allotted. 8 are under allotment by MOP&NG.
- CIL is involved in development of CBM / CMM through:
 - ☐ Generating CBM specific data for enhancing the existing resource of 3.4 TCM, in the country.
 - ☐ Implementation of DEMO project namely 'CBM Recovery and Commercial Utilisation' in collaboration with UNDP / GEF at Moonidih / Sudamdih mines of BCCL under the S&T projects of MOC.
 - □ Commecial development namely 'Collaborative Development of CBM' of 2 blocks, namely: Raniganj & Jharia CBM Blocks awarded to consortium of CIL-ONGC.

HYDROFRACTURING UNITS ARE UNDER OPERATION AT MOONIDIH









GAS BASED GENETRATORS OPERATING AT MOONIDIH &



UG Drill Unit at Sudamdih





CMM / AMM - A priority area of CIL



- Development of CMM is high on the agenda of CIL, to generate additional revenue and accrual of Carbon Credits.
- A CIL R&D project titled 'Development of capacity for delineation of viable CMM/AMM' is under progress. The prospective CMM areas in ECL, BCCL and CCL have been identified.
- EoI has been put on website of CIL/CMPDI and India CBM/CMM Clearinghouse on 22.01.10. 5 blocks identified (3 in BCCL and 2 in CCL):
 - □ Jharia Coalfield under leasehold of BCCL Moonidih, Pootkee Balihari,
 Mahuda Sub Basin
 - □ East Bokaro Coalfield under leasehold of CCL Asnapani-Jarangdih Shaft & North Kathara Phase-I-III, Uchitdih

Ventilation Air Methane



- Coal sector contributed about 388.14 MT of CO_2 e of methane emissions in 2005 globally. Expected to rise to 449.48MT CO_2 e by 2020 (USEPA estimate).
- In India, there are 18 Degree-III mines & 102 Degree-II mines. As per an estimate, the total annual methane emissions from UG mines is about 213.8 million m3.
- CIL intends to commercially develop VAM project(s) at the identified gassy UG mines with accrual of **Carbon Credit** benefits and for this purpose.
- An EoI for development of VAM has been put on the website of CIL/CMPDI and India CBM/CMM Clearinghouse on 29.01.10.
- Broad Scope of Work for collaborator:
 - To get the area examined for suitability of the identified UG mines.
 - To generate additional data for taking up VAM
 - Feasibility study to be carried out and if found potential, further commercialization may be taken up.
 - To examine the possibility of getting carbon credits from VAM project



Surface Coal Gasification (SCG):

CIL and GAIL are jointly setting up of a SCG project for production of synthesis gas, to be used

Coal Liquefaction:

CIL and OIL is scouting for possible sources of coal to the tune of 3.5 MTY in order to meet the requirement of a commercial liquefaction unit. The North Eastern Region coal is conducive for this process.



Thank You