

## Emerging Issues

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## **Smart Meter Safety**



## Smart Meter Safety Michigan Public Service Commission

- Staff investigation finds:
  - "After careful review of the available literature and studies, the Staff has determined that the health risk from the installation and operation of metering systems using radio transmitters is insignificant."
  - "... appropriate federal health and safety regulations provide assurance that smart meters represent a safe technology."



## **Smart Meter Safety UTC and EPRI**

- The Utilities Telecom Council (UTC)
  - "...smart meters did not pose a health or safety threat. ... computers using Wi-Fi transmit at levels similar to smart meters, although laptop transmitters are always "on" or transmitting and smart meters transmit for short intervals periodically throughout the day."
    - www.utc.org/utc/no-health-threat-smart-meters-says-latest-utc-study
- Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI)
  - "(1) exposure levels from individual meters declined rapidly as distance from the meter increased
  - (2) meters transmitted for only a small fraction of time,
  - (3) RF exposure levels remained well below the FCC exposure limits."
    - https://www.nvenergy.com/NVEnergize/documents/EPRI\_1022270\_caseStudy.pdf



# **Smart Meter Safety Lawrence Berkley National Labs**

- Lawrence Berkley National Labs reviews County of Santa Cruz Health Services Agency Memorandum
  - "[T]he Agency memorandum does not appear to provide a balanced representation of research, the risks, or mitigation options. Instead ...largely focused on scientifically unsupported claims related to "electromagnetic hypersensitivity" (EHS)
  - "Individuals with EHS report real symptoms; however, health research has been unable to consistently attribute those symptoms to EMF exposure
  - "LBNL's review ... highlighted concerns with the methodology of the agency memorandum cited sources." MI PSC report
    - http://smartresponse.lbl.gov/reports/schd041312.pdf



# Smart Meter Safety World Health Organization (WHO)

- WHO's International Agency for Research on Cancer's (IARC)
   Monographs Working Group reviewed roughly 900 studies
   and found
  - "limited evidence linking glioma and acoustic neuroma to wireless phone use"
    - http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Publications/REF\_Poster2012.ppt

- Michigan PSC Staff Report
  - "WHO's decision to classify RF EMF ... based on studies involving wireless phones, not smart meters. ... major difference ... is the lower level of exposure to frequencies from smart meters"



# **Smart Meter Safety Expert Testimony**

- Dr. Valberg, testifying before the Maryland PSC stated
  - IARC has not found any "...adverse health consequences established from exposure to RF fields at levels below the international guidelines on exposure limits published by the International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection.
    - http://webapp.psc.state.md.us/Intranet/Casenum/CaseAction\_ new1.cfm?CaseNumber=9208
- Dr. Yakov Shkolnikov and Dr. William H. Bailey testifying before the Public Utility Commission of Nevada
  - "... the evidence is limited that cancer develops from exposures from RF fields." "... the indications of potential risk derive almost entirely from statistical associations in some studies between the use of mobile phones and certain types of cancer."



## RF Power Density in the Everyday Environment

In microwatts per square centimeter (µW/cm2)

Source: Richard Tell Associates, Inc.

FM radio / TV broadcast station signal	0.005 microwatts
SmartMeter <sup>TM</sup> device at 10 feet	0.01 microwatts
Cyber cafe (Wi-Fi)	10-20 microwatts
Laptop computer	10-20 microwatts
Cell phone held up to head	<b>30-10,000</b> microwatts
Walkie-Talkie at head	500-42,000 microwatts
Microwave oven, two inches from door	5,000 microwatts



### **EMF Exposure from Smart Meters**

- UTC participated in field measurements of Smart Meters and the associated pole mounted collector devices.
- Measurements shows emissions well within FCC guidelines for general population exposure to these signals.
  - Measurements
    - At 1 foot is 9.9% of the FCC Guidelines
    - At 3 feet is 2.5 % of the FCC Guidelines
    - At 10 feet is 0.5% of the FCC Guidelines



# EMF Exposure from Smart Meters UTC / EEI Report

- Exposure levels drop significantly with the distance from the transmitter and even further in living spaces due to the attenuation effects of building materials
- Due to shielding of the meter enclosure and signal patterns,
   RF exposure from the rear of a metering location is nominally 10 times less than in front of the meter and notably below FCC limits.
- At maximums, Smart Meter exposure results in 125 to 1250 times less exposure than a cell phone and 5 to 50 times less than a microwave oven.
- In practice, under common operational parameters for power (250 mWatt 1 Watt), duty cycle (2%-5%) and distance (10 feet) from the transmitter, Smart Meters cause minimal RF exposure to the consumer, typically well under 10 % of the FCC exposure limits.



## **Opt-Out**



## **Opt-Out Decisions Impact Others**

- Not a personal decision like choosing not to have a cell phone, microwave or WiFi
- Each opt-out increases costs and limits financial, operational and environmental benefits
- Opt-out requires a non-standard service which regulatory precedents support – "payments by cost causers"
- Impacts system reliability and restoration efforts



### **Opt-Out Impacts**

#### Special utility visits for

- Monthly meter reading
- Beginning, ending or temporarily interrupting service
- Changing service providers

#### Limits optimization and environmental savings for all

- No conservation voltage reduction (more fuel and emissions)
- No use of appliances to balance renewables (need spinning reserves)
- Limits utility ability to understand power demands across the grid, distribution transformer loading, forecast problems
- Limits utility ability to avoid rolling or unintended blackouts by implementing emergency shut-offs for high current appliances
- Limits utility ability to avoid expensive infrastructure investments through programs that engage consumers to allow cycling of devices



### **Opt-Out Impacts**

#### Limits on consumer choices

- No usage data available for customers to track, manage and control their own energy usage
- No ability to know energy usage/costs to-date
- Limits ability to easily implement home energy management systems
- Limits ability participate in PUC approved cost reducing programs
  - Discounts for controlled electric vehicle chargers, water heaters, air-conditioning and other consumer devices
- No meter to smart device communications and programmed responses

#### Slows restoration efforts undermines reliability

- Limits utility ability to identify problems, take preventive actions
- 1000s of needless truck rolls, need customers to call in outages



#### **Costs for Non-Standard Service**

- Central Maine Power estimates
  - Hard wired meters
    - ~ \$70 million over life of project if 1-2% opt-out
    - At 10% opt-out costs exceed total cost of smart meter project
  - Just turn off smart meter radios
    - ~\$60 million over life of project
- Commissions typically charge customers for non-std service
  - Real cost about \$250 initial charge plus ~\$60/month



## **Privacy**



### **Privacy Issues**

#### Colorado PUC Recommended Decision (8/2011)

- Lists recommended smart grid data privacy rules that subject utilities to a whole range of requirements, and penalties up to \$2000 per violation.
- The rules would require utilities to explain their data collection processes, the frequency of data collection and the security measures that will be taken to ensure privacy of customers. Additionally, the utilities would be expected to provide this data to anyone authorized by the customers, with no charge to the customers or recipients.

#### California PUC Smart Meter Decisions (9/11 and 10/2011)

- Orders utilities to allow customers to delay installation of smart meters, pending final decision in ongoing proceeding.
- ALJ Orders PG&E to report by Oct. 28<sup>th</sup> estimated cost and technical feasibility of various opt-out alternatives.



## **Cyber Security**



## **Cyber Security**

- Two sides
  - Cyber espionage for financial gain / criminal activity
  - Cyber warfare for disabling national defense, economic system and public services
- Value of intellectual property already stolen est. ~\$1T
- Stuxnet launched cyber warfare onto world stage
- Threats continuous, always changing, traveling at speed of light
- Everyone agrees that better information sharing is a good thing, but first need to address
  - FOIA, transparency laws, antitrust, liability, regulatory impact and privacy protections

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## **How High A Cyber Standard?**

- Congress seeking a higher standard for electric and nuclear industries - but they already are!
  - Only sectors currently subject to mandatory compliance with CS standards by FERC, NERC and NRC
- Importantly
  - Compliance with mandates doesn't equal greater security!



### State of Play in Congress

- House passed CISPA which focused strictly on info sharing
- Senate failed to reach agreement before August recess
  - If no agreement in September, legislation will be dead for the year



### Summary

- Opt-out those who opt-out should pay their own way
  - Direct costs labor and equipment
  - Indirect costs lost benefits
- Utilities have been keeping customer data safe, secure and private for decades. State commissions have set up rules to protect consumers.
- Cyber Security is one of the most important issues for all critical infrastructure industries. We need security not more mandates.