

Sports and Recreation Areas

- 125 sports clubs, pools and associations
- 60 ha (=148,263 acres) sports facilities, including:
- Football stadium „Sparda-Bank-Hessen-Stadion“ (capacity at present: 20 500, 10 500 roofed seats, 10 000 roofed standing rooms)
 - Woodland swimming bath Rosenhöhe (summer season: outdoor bath, winter season: air dome)
 - Bathing pond Schultheisweiher with footpaths
 - 22 sports fields
 - 27 gymnasiums (including 26 school gyms and 3 club-owned facilities)
 - 15 Tennis facilities
 - 1 Keep-Fit paths
 - 1 roller-skating rink, 2 rinks for inline skaters, 4 playing fields for petanque (boules)
 - Opportunities for water sports on the river Main
 - 1 Beach-Volleyball-Court
 - 3 outdoor chess fields
 - Woodland zoo (Waldzoo)
 - 3 passenger-boat routes on the river Main
 - Recreation areas with footpaths, bicycle paths and playgrounds
 - River bank and embankment with footpaths and bicycle paths

Transport Conditions

- Rhein-Main-Airport just 15 min. away (by car), 25 min. by suburban railway
- Egelsbach airfield 20 km (=12.4 miles) away
- 4 motorway-connections, motorway crossing
- Street length in the urban area: 212 km (=131.73 miles)
- Train connections (ICE, InterRegio, town- / regional express, commuter trains)
- 4 suburban railway lines with 6 stations in the urban area
- 9 bus lines
- Harbour at the river Main

Economy

- Major urban center (Großstadt), ranking fifth among Hessian towns, civic center for 500,000 inhabitants
- More than 64,000 wage earners, approx. 45,000 thereof subject to social insurance contributions
- Gross value added approx. € 4 Billion, 3/4 thereof in the service sector
- More than 14,000 companies and enterprises
- European headquarters of many companies in the manufacturing sector
- Major industries in the manufacturing sector: mechanical engineering, vehicle manufacturing, chemical industry
- Attractive shopping center with weekly market
- above-average purchasing power
- Creative and innovative business climate due to design college, research and development centers as well as more than 1000 enterprises in the creative industry
- International fairs and conventions (e.g. International Leather Goods Fair)

Tourism

Hotels: 33, bed capacity: 2 796, Overnight stays (2011) 351 431

Public Authorities

District Court, German Weather Service (Central Office), Federal Monopoly Administration for Spirits, Procurement office of the Federal Board of Customs and Excise, Municipality, Local tax office

Elections

Municipal election '11:

	CDU	SPD	GRÜNE	FDP	Linke	REP	FWG	Piraten	FNO
Votes in %:	30,9	26,3	22,1	5,1	5,5	3,4	2,5	2,3	2,0

Municipal bodies

City parliament:

Seats: CDU: 22, SPD: 19, GRÜNE: 16, FDP: 3, Linke: 4, REP: 2, FWG: 2, Piraten: 2, FNO: 1

Chairman of the city parliament: Sieglinde Nöller

Foreigners Advisory Council: Chairman: Abdelkader Rafoud

Municipal authority (executive committee):

Lord Mayor:	Horst Schneider
Burgomaster (Mayor):	Peter Schneider
City Council:	Dr. Felix Schwenke
Honorary town councillors:	6

Important telephone numbers: Area code: 0 69

Municipality:	80 65-1
Citizen information centre:	80 65-42 22 or 115
Lost property office:	80 65-27 77
Complaints office (Beschwerdestelle):	80 65-43 21
Tourist information:	80 65-20 52
City clinic (Klinikum Offenbach):	84 05-0
Kettler Krankenhaus:	85 05-0
Klinik Dr. Frühauf:	85 00 10

Emergency Calls

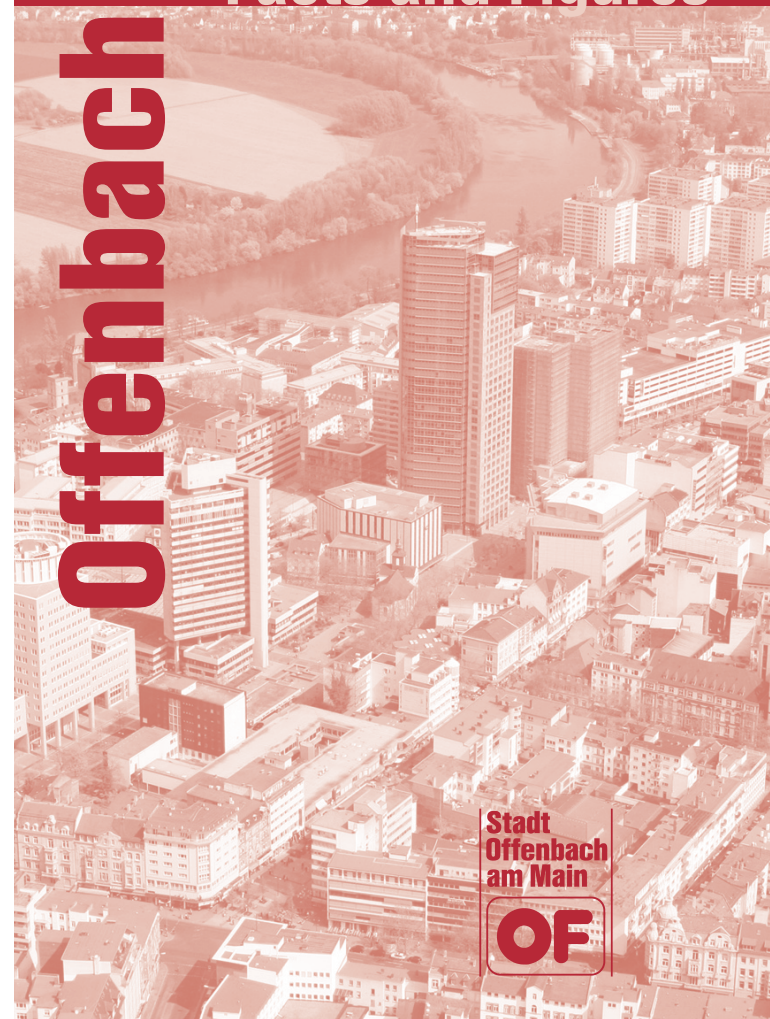
Police:	110
Rescue Service, fire-department, first-aid doctor:	112
Ambulance:	1 92 92
Police headquarters:	80 98-0
1st Police Station (Mathildenplatz)	80 98-51 00
2nd. Police Station (Berliner Straße)	80 98-52 00

Further Information

Stadt Offenbach am Main, Amt für Öffentlichkeitsarbeit,
Berliner Straße 60, 63065 Offenbach am Main
Telefon: 0 69/80 65-28 46, Internet: www.offenbach.de

Offenbach am Main

Facts and Figures



Stadt
Offenbach
am Main

OF

History	
977	First mentioned in a document by Emperor Otto II
1486	Offenbach becomes the property of Count von Isenburg-Büdingen through purchase
1556-1559	The Isenburger Castle is built, which is completed in 1578 after a fire
1699	First settlement of the Huguenots, founding of the French Reformed Community
1705	Decree of privileges for the Huguenots
1707/1708	Municipal statute of the settlement of Jews in Offenbach
1791	Opening of the Royal Theatre of Isenburg
1799	With the help of Alois Senefelder, Anton André introduces lithography into his “Factory of Letters”
1803	Abolishment of the Jewish Body Tax
1816	Offenbach falls to the Grand Duchy of Hessen Darmstadt
1832	Offenbach becomes a district town
1848	Start-up of the local railway to Frankfurt-Sachsenhausen (ran until 1955)
1873	Opening of the Frankfurt-Bebraer Train / Opening of the main train station
1884	Opening of the streetcar line to Frankfurt
1908	The incorporation of Bürgel
1917	Founding of the German Leather Museum
1938	Offenbach becomes an urban municipality, incorporation of Bieber Offenbach
1942	The incorporation of Rumpenheim
1954	Offenbach becomes a city
1971	Inauguration of the new city hall
1974	Inauguration of the new building of the Municipal Clinics of Offenbach
1984	The re-built Büsing Palace is formally inaugurated
1995	Opening of the streetcar line through Offenbach
2003	The City Tower is completed
2005	Opening of the Weather Park, Opening of the Justice Centre
2007	Start of the ten year program to renovate schools
2008	Opening of the new headquarters of the German Weather Service
2009	Development of the new residential area “An den Eichen”, beginning of improvement measures to develop the new city quarter “Hafen Offenbach”
2010	Completion of the rebuilding of Wilhelmsplatz, opening of the Offenbach Clinic new building
2012	Opening of the new Sparda-Bank-Hessen-Stadium, start of construction on the new city quarter Hafen Offenbach

Sister Cities	
Esch-sur-Alzette (Luxembourg)	Rivas (Nicaragua)
Kawagoe (Japan)	Saint-Gilles-lez-Bruxelles (Belgium)
Köszeg (Hungary)	Tower Hamlets (England)
Mödling (Austria)	Velletri (Italy)
Orel (Russia)	Yangzhou (China)
Puteaux (France)	Zemun (Yugoslavia)

City friendships	
Nahariya (Israel)	Vsetin (Czech Republic)

Urban area	
Geographic position: (City Center / Marktplatz)	
Latitude: 50° 6’ 19,5” N, Longitude: 8° 45’ 56” E	
Length of city boundary:	42 km (= 26,09 miles)
Expanse of urban area:	4 489,44 ha (= 11093,64 acres)
thereof: farmland:	383,29 ha (= 947,13 acres)
Garden plots:	132,06 ha (= 326,32 acres)
Grass land:	112,77 ha (= 278,66 acres)
Wooded area:	1 497,13 ha (= 3699,48 acres)
Water area:	137,11 ha (= 338,80 acres)
Buildings and open space:	1 199,79 ha (= 2964,74 acres)
Circulation area:	602,16 ha (= 1487,96 acres)
Commercial and industrial area:	31,48 ha (= 76,97 acres)
Recreation area, sports:	255,37 ha (= 631,03 acres)
Cemeteries:	31,15 ha (= 77,78 acres)
Other kinds of utilization:	107,11 ha (= 364,67 acres)
Greatest East-west extension:	8,4 km (= 5,21 acres)
Greatest north-south extension:	10 km (= 6.21 acres)
Altitude of central area:	100 m above sea level
Peak of urban area:	166 m (Schneckenberg)
Lowest point of urban area:	97 m (palace)

Population (Dec. 2011)		
Inhabitants:	121 970	Percentage of Foreign Citizens: 31,8 %
thereof: Males:	60 802	
Females:	61 168	

Buildings / Housing (Dec. 2011)	
Buildings:	13 404
Dwelling stock:	60 425
Rooms:	229 526

Public Health and Social Services	
3	hospitals with 1175 beds
218	medical practices
95	dentists / orthodontists
28	pharmacies
79	play schools (kindergarten) and day-nurseries with 5768 places about 600 wheelchair accessible apartments, 4 of which provide „living with service“
9	nursing homes with 954 places
6	clubs and day-nurseries for senior citizens
1	apartment building for community living

Schools / College	
16	primary schools
3	primary, elementary and middle schools with mixed ability classes
4	elementary and middle schools with mixed ability classes
4	secondary schools
4	schools for mentally/physically handicapped children
3	vocational schools
3	comprehensive schools
4	schools not administered by the city
1	art academy (design college)

Culture / Education	
Museums:	City Museum and Archive
	Klingspor Museum for international modern book and writing arts
	German Leather Museum and German Shoe Museum
	Kickers-Fan Museum
	City Archive, Public library with „Artothek“ (municipal gallery), Adult education classes, Municipal hall, Music school Offenbach am Main Inc., School of arts for children and young people, Cinemas, Capitol theatre and concerts, more than 100 cultural clubs and associations

Attractions	
	Isenburg Palace with renaissance facade and art nouveau fountain
	Neo-baroque Büsing Palace
	Rumpenheim palace with palace gardens
	Lili-Park with historical bath temple and „Lili-House“
	French-reformed church and parsonage
	Evangelic town parish church
	Fleamarket on the Main embankment (Sat.)
	Weekly market on Wilhelmsplatz (Tue., Fr., Sat.)