

## AMENDMENT AND LEGISLATION

### PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS, INITIATED LEGISLATION, AND LAWS CHALLENGED BY REFERENDUM, SUBMITTED TO THE ELECTORS

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## AMENDING THE CONSTITUTION

The people of Ohio participated directly in making their constitution, and it cannot be amended without their consent. In 1849 the General Assembly submitted to the people of the state a proposition to call a constitutional convention. A majority voted to do so. A constitutional convention was elected, it rewrote the constitution, and the new constitution was submitted to a vote of the people on June 17, 1851. Having received a majority vote, the new constitution went into effect on September 1, 1851, superseding Ohio's original constitution which had been adopted in 1802. The Constitution of 1851 has been amended many times since its adoption. Each of the procedures described below has been used.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION--A convention may be called to amend or revise the constitution, but any amendment or revision it proposes does not become effective unless adopted by the people by majority vote. There are two ways to call such a convention. First, it may be called at any time by a two-thirds vote of both houses of the General Assembly, which has never been done. Second, every twenty years a statewide election must be held on the question of calling a convention.

In 1871 the first election on this question was held, and the people voted for a convention, and consequently delegates were elected. This convention rewrote the constitution, but when the revised constitution was submitted to the people, they rejected it. In 1891 the people voted against calling a convention. In 1910 they voted to call a convention. The ensuing convention wrote 41 amendments, which were submitted to the people at the general election in November 1912. Thirty-three were adopted by the people, and eight were rejected. The 33 amendments amounted to a significant revision of the constitution. This was the last time, however, that the constitution was amended in this way. In 1932, 1952, 1972 and 1992, the people voted against calling a convention. The question will appear on the ballot again in 2012.

JOINT RESOLUTION--A second method of amending the constitution is for the General Assembly to pass a joint resolution proposing an amendment. Such a proposal becomes an effective amendment only if the people vote to accept it. The joint resolution must be passed by a three-fifths majority of the members elected to each house of the General Assembly.

INITIATIVE PETITION--The third method of amending the constitution was proposed by the constitutional convention in 1912 and adopted by the people by their vote on June 17. Essentially, it is a method whereby the people propose an amendment by petition, their proposal appears on the ballot, and if a majority vote favorably, the proposal becomes an amendment to the constitution. No action by the General Assembly is involved. Constitutional and statutory requirements must be followed.

Each of these various procedures provides a different method for proposing amendments. No amendment is adopted, however, except by vote of the people.

## INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM

A discussion of initiative and referendum must almost necessarily begin with definition of the terms. These words are often confused and used interchangeably. Initiative and referendum are not, however, the same thing. Each word has its own precise meaning.

Initiative is a process whereby the people make laws, directly and without action by a legislature. Ordinarily, the process involves the circulation of a petition asking for the law, and then an election on the question of whether the proposition shall become law.

Referendum is a process whereby the people block legislation enacted by a legislative body, preventing its going into effect. Most types of laws do not go into effect for some time after their passage--thirty to ninety days. If during that time a referendum petition is filed, the law does not go into effect until an election is held to determine the peoples' will in the matter. If a majority vote against it, it is killed.

STATE INITIATIVE--The Constitution of Ohio provides that interested citizens may, by petition, submit a proposed law to the General Assembly. A petition for that purpose must be signed by qualified electors of the state equal in number to 3% of the total votes cast for governor at the last preceding state election. Such a petition is filed with the Secretary of State, and if he finds it sufficient, he submits the proposed law to the General Assembly. If after four months the General Assembly has not passed the proposed law, a supplementary petition bearing the signatures of another 3% of the electors may be filed and in that case the proposed law will be submitted to the people at the next general election. If at that election a majority of the people vote for the proposal, it becomes a law without being enacted by the General Assembly.

STATE REFERENDUM--The Constitution of Ohio provides that, with certain exceptions, laws passed by the General Assembly and signed by the governor do not go into effect for ninety days. During that ninety days, a referendum petition may prevent their going into effect pending an election. If at the election a majority vote against the law, it never goes into effect.

It is important to note that certain types of laws are not subject to this procedure. Those types are: Laws providing for tax levies, appropriations for the current expenses of the state government and institutions, and emergency laws necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety. An emergency law must be enacted by a two-thirds majority, and the emergency clause must be voted on separately in the General Assembly. These three types of laws-tax levies, appropriations and emergency laws-go into effect immediately upon being signed by the governor, and they are consequently not subject to the referendum.

Assuming that the General Assembly has enacted a law which is subject to referendum, its opponents can file their referendum petition during the ninety day period before it goes into effect. Their petition must bear the signatures of 6% of the electors. If such a petition is filed with the Secretary of State, the law does not go into effect until an election can be held. If the majority vote against the law, it is dead. If the majority vote for it, it goes into effect.



JANUARY 4, 1915

The General Assembly which convened the above date had before it for consideration one bill proposed by initiative petition. This bill provided compulsory compensation to employees injured and to dependents of employees killed in the course of their employment. The bill was lost in the Assembly.

NOVEMBER 2, 1915

Prohibition of the sale and manufacture for sale of intoxicating liquor as a beverage (Art. XV, Sec. 9):

Yes--484,969

No--540,377 (Failed)

To fix the terms of all county officers at four years, to provide for their election quadrennially, and applying the amendment to incumbents (Art. X, Sec. 2):

Yes--207,435

No--604,463 (Failed)

To limit elections on twice defeated constitutional proposals and to prevent the abuse of the initiative and referendum (Art. XVI, Sec. 4):

Yes--417,384

No--482,275 (Failed)

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To exempt bonds issued on or after January 1, 1916, of the State of Ohio, or any subdivision or district thereof authorized to issue bonds, from taxation (Art. XII, Sec. 12):

Yes--337,124

No--401,083 (Failed)

LAWS PASSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE BY REFERENDUM PETITION:

The Sprague Act-Congressional District Bill. An act to amend Section 4828-1 of the General Code, making an apportionment of the State of Ohio into congressional districts under the Thirteenth Census of the United States:

Yes--291,927

No--329,095 (Failed)

The McDermott Act-Amended Senate Bill No. 307. An act to provide for licenses to traffic in intoxicating liquors and to further regulate the traffic therein:

Yes--242,671

No-355,207 (Failed)

JANUARY 1, 1917

The General Assembly which convened the above date had before it one bill submitted by initiative petition. The bill, which made void contracts indemnifying employers against loss or liability for the payment of workmen's compensation, became a law by action of the General Assembly.

NOVEMBER 6, 1917

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Prohibition of the sale and manufacture for sale of intoxicating liquors (Art. XI, Sec. 9):

Yes--522,590

No--588,382 (Failed)

LAWS PASSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE BY REFERENDUM PETITION:

The Reynolds Act--Women may vote for, and be voted for presidential electors:

Yes--422,282

No--568,382 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 5, 1918

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Referendum provision, reserving to the people the power to approve or reject an action of the General Assembly ratifying any proposed amendment to the Constitution of the United States (Art. II, Sec. 1):

Yes--508,282 (Passed)

No-315,030

Prohibition of the sale and manufacture for sale of intoxicating liquors as a beverage (Art. XV, Sec. 9):  
 Yes--463,354 (Passed) No--437,895

The General Assembly shall classify property for taxation purposes (Art. XII, Sec. 2):  
 Yes--336,616 (Passed) No--304,399

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Law may be passed to provide against double taxation that results from the taxation of both the real estate and mortgage or the debt secured thereby, or other lien upon it (Art. XII, Sec. 2):  
 Yes--479,420 (Passed) No--371,176

(Note: The amendment to Art. XII, Sec. 2 of the Ohio Constitution submitted under authority of House Joint Resolution No. 34, adopted by the 82nd General Assembly March 12, 1917, received a larger number of votes than the amendment to such section which was proposed by initiative petition; therefore the above amendment submitted by the General Assembly was adopted although both amendments received a majority of the votes cast. State ex rel v. Fulton 99 O.S. 168)

NOVEMBER 4, 1919

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Defining the phrase "Intoxicating Liquor" (Art. XV, Secs. 9 and 1):  
 Yes--474,907 No--504,688 (Failed)

To repeal statewide prohibition (Art. XV, Sec. 9):  
 Yes--454,933 No--496,876 (Failed)

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Classification of property (Art. XII, Sec. 2):  
 Yes--439,987 No--517,245 (Failed)

LAWS PASSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE BY REFERENDUM PETITION:

S.J.R. No. 4--Ratifying national prohibition:  
 Yes--499,971 No--500,450 (Failed)

H.B. No. 24--The Crabbe Act. To provide for state prohibition and its enforcement:  
 Yes--474,078 No--500,812 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 2, 1920

Law passed by the general assembly submitted to the people by referendum petition:

H.B. No. 620--The Crabbe Act. To provide for state prohibition and its enforcement:  
 Yes--1,062,470 (Passed) No--772,329

NOVEMBER 8, 1921

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To provide for a soldier bonus (Art. VIII, Sec. 2A):  
 Yes--949,109 (Passed) No--324,447

To provide for the apportionment of the members of the General Assembly by dividing the state into twenty-six senatorial districts (Art. XI, Sec. 7):  
 Yes--336,574 No--518,524 (Failed)

To authorize the levying of a poll tax (Art. XII, Sec. 1):  
 Yes--244, 509 No--672,581 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 7, 1922

CONSTITUTIONAL AMEMDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To provide for 2.75 per cent beverage (Art. XV, Secs. 9 and 1):  
 Yes--719,050 No--908,522 (Failed)

To provide for debt limitation, etc., for counties, school districts, townships, municipal corporations, or other political subdivisions (Art. VIII, Sec. 13):  
 Yes--499,203 No--691,471 (Failed)

To provide a limitation on tax rates of 15 mills, but additional levies may be authorized by vote. State tax rate limited to 1 mill (Art. XII, Sec. 1):  
 Yes--475,740 No--720,237 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 6, 1923

CONSTITUTIONAL AMEMDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To amend the Workmen's Compensation law increasing the authority of the Industrial Commission (Art. II, Sec. 35):  
 Yes--588,851 (Passed) No--528,572

Eliminating the words "white male" from the Ohio Constitution to conform to federal amendments (Art. V, Sec. 1):  
 Yes--536,762 (Passed) No--421,744

Authorizing publication of notice of constitutional amendments and proposed laws in newspapers (Art. II, Sec. 1g):  
 Yes--351,513 No--493,786 (Failed)

LAWS PASSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY SUBMITTED TO THE PEOPLE BY REFERENDUM PETITION:

H.B. No. 20--Mr. Taft. Providing for changes in the law relative to tax limitations:  
 Yes--367,277 No--728,087 (Failed)

H.B. No. 330--Mr. Albaugh. Making the county the unit for assessment of personal property, and abolishing the office of elective assessor:  
 Yes--231,152 No--765,163 (Failed)

PROPOSED LAW BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Providing for a system of old age pensions:  
 Yes--390,599 No--777,351 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 3, 1925

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Restrictions on the incurring of indebtedness by political subdivisions (Art. VIII, Sec. 13):  
 Yes--450,218 No--535,251 (Failed)

Taxation by uniform rule of real property and all tangible personal property except motor vehicles and a different rate for intangible personal property (Art. XII, Sec. 2):  
 Yes--435,944 No--501,221 (Failed)

Four year terms for state and county officers (To amend Art. III, Sec. 2 and Art. X, Sec. 2: and to repeal Art. XVII, Sec. 2 and Art. X, Sec. 3):  
 Yes--325,451 No--543,183 (Failed)

AUGUST 10, 1926

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Authorizing municipalities to levy assessments for entire cost of public improvements (Art. XVIII, Sec. 11):  
 Yes--234,754 No--352,301 (Failed)



## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To provide a ten mill tax limitation on real estate (Art. XII, Sec. 2):  
 Yes--979,061 (Passed)                      No--661,151

Relative to county and township organizations and government, and granting counties home rule government (Repealing existing Sec. 16 of Art. IV and existing Secs. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7 of Art. X, and adopting new Secs. 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Art. X):  
 Yes--846,594 (Passed)                      No--742,925

## RATIFICATION OF PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION:

Proposing to repeal the 18th Amendment:  
 For ratification-1,444,033 (Passed)                      Against ratification-584,238

NOVEMBER 6, 1934

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Prohibiting the taxation as property of motor vehicles on which license taxes have been imposed and paid, and restricting the use of such licenses to public thoroughfares and related purposes (Art. XII, Sec. 5a):  
 Yes--825,157                                      No--883,373 (Failed)

Requiring motor vehicle fuel excise taxes to be measured by a sum for each gallon or other like unit, and limiting the amount thereof to three cents per gallon and restricting the use of such excise taxes to public thoroughfares and related purposes (Art. XII, Sec. 5b):  
 Yes--760,589                                      No--859,525 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 3, 1936

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To eliminate the additional liability of stockholders of corporations authorized to receive money on deposits (Art. XIII, Sec. 3):  
 Yes--1,078,170 (Passed)                      No--824,968

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Prohibiting the levy or collection of an excise tax on the sale or purchase of food for human consumption off the premises where sold (Art. XII, Sec. 12):  
 Yes--1,585,327 (Passed)                      No--719,966

NOVEMBER 8, 1938

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To provide for the original appointment of judges of the Supreme Court and Courts of Appeals (Art. IV, Sec. 1 to be supplemented by adding Secs. 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 1e, 1f and 1g; and amending Secs. 2, 6, 10, 13, 14, 15 and 18):  
 Yes--621,011                                      No--1,237,443 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 7, 1939

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Relative to a State Board of Education (Art. IV, Sec. 4):  
 Yes--747,545                                      No--1,137,054 (Failed)

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Relative to old age pensions (Art. XII, Sec. 13):  
 Yes--464,670                                      No--1,546,207 (Failed)

Requirements necessary to qualify initiative petitions (Art. II, Sec. 1h):  
 Yes--406,612                                      No--1,485,919 (Failed)

Law passed by the general assembly submitted to the people by referendum petition:





To provide that the compensation of judges of the Supreme Court, the Court of Appeals, Probate Court, and the Court of Common Pleas, and of other courts inferior to the Court of Appeals, may be increased or diminished during their term of office (Art. IV, Sec. 14):

Yes--849,677 No--1,107,646 (Failed)

PROPOSED LAW BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To increase unemployment compensation:

Yes--865,326 No--1,481,339 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 6, 1956

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To pay a bonus to veterans of the Korean conflict (Art. VIII):

Yes--2,202,510 (Passed) No--889,245

Increasing the terms of members of the State Senate to four years (Art. II, Sec. 2 and Art. XI, Sec. 1, 6, 9, 10 and 11):

Yes--1,636,449 (Passed) No--1,214,643

NOVEMBER 5, 1957

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To permit the appointment to state offices of persons not possessing the qualifications of an elector of the state (Art. XV, Sec. 4):

Yes--696,372 No--1,040,638 (Failed)

To permit new residents of the state, who have not yet attained the qualifications of electors by one year's residence, to vote for President and Vice President only (Art. V. Sec. 1):

Yes--1,072,396 (Passed) No--658,244

To permit the electors of counties to adopt county charters (Art. X, Sec. 3):

Yes--832,912 (Passed) No--799,094

NOVEMBER 4, 1958

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To permit the electors of the counties to form metropolitan federations (Art. X, Sec. 5):

Yes--1,108,383 No--1,410,277 (Failed)

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To forbid labor contracts which established union membership as a condition for continuing employment (called "right to work") (Art. I, Sec. 1a):

Yes--1,160,324 No--2,001,512 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 3, 1959

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To remove the limitation on the sale of water and sewage services by municipalities outside their corporate limits (Art. XVIII, Sec. 6):

Yes--1,085,378 (Passed) No--775,610

To permit the General Assembly to create additional judgeships in Courts of Appeals where the press of business requires (Art. IV, Sec. 6):

Yes--1,028,914 (Passed) No--809,957

NOVEMBER 7, 1961

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To establish a different method of filling vacancies in the General Assembly (Art. II, Sec. 2):

Yes--1,251,105 (Passed) No--650,064

Continuity of state government in case of emergency caused by enemy attack (Art. II, Sec. 42):

Yes--1,394,429 (Passed) No--516,992

To increase the age limits for the militia, provide for calling out the militia in time of disaster, and to conform the Constitution of Ohio to federal law (Art. IX, Secs. 1, 3 and 4):

Yes--947,130 (Passed) No--944,705

To provide for appointments being made subject to the advice and consent of the Senate (Art. III, Sec. 21):

Yes--1,168,831 (Passed) No--642,512

NOVEMBER 6, 1962

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To limit the power of the state to forbid the sale of certain goods and services on Sunday (Art. I, Sec. 21):

Yes--1,274,792 No--1,697,433 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 5, 1963

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To raise the public debt limit by 250,000,000 dollars to permit the state to issue bonds in that amount for public improvements (Art. VIII, Sec. 2f):

Yes--1,397,971 (Passed) No--922,687

MAY 5, 1964

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To raise the public debt limit by 500,000,000 dollars to permit the state to issue bonds in that amount for highways (Art. VIII, Sec. 2g):

Yes--1,011,817 (Passed) No--538,684

MAY 4, 1965

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To guarantee loans to residents attending institutions of higher education (Art. VI, Sec. 5):

Yes--847,927 (Passed) No--438,945

Bond issue for development (Art. VIII, Sec. 2h):

Yes--715,642 (Passed) No--548,557

To apportion the House of Representatives (Art. XI, Secs. 1, 3, 8, 10 and 11; Art. XI, Secs. 4 and 5):

Yes--595,288 No--681,283 (Failed)

To guarantee loans for industrial development (Art. VIII, Sec. 13):

Yes--711,031 (Passed) No--542,802

NOVEMBER 2, 1965

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To authorize the same person to serve as judge of more than one court in counties of less than 40,000 population (Art. IV, Sec. 23):

Yes--1,194,966 (Passed) No--1,073,671

To authorize the creation of an urban service authority (Art. X, Secs. 5 and 6):

Yes--892,657 No--1,346,597 (Failed)

PROPOSED LAW BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To amend the school foundation program and to increase taxes to support it:

Yes--805,762 No--1,717,724 (Failed)



NOVEMBER 2, 1971

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To require newspaper in lieu of mail notice of laws, proposed laws, or proposed amendments to the constitution (Art. II, Sec. 1g):  
 Yes--1,645,961 (Passed)                      No--900,549

NOVEMBER 7, 1972

## MANDATORY SUBMISSION OF CONSTITUTIONAL QUESTION:

Shall there be a convention to revise, alter or amend the constitution:  
 Yes--1,291,267                                      No--2,142,534 (Failed)

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Conditions for Prohibitions Upon the Levy of a Tax on Income, Except a Municipal Income Tax, or Increasing the Rates Thereof, Without the Approval of a Majority of the Voting Electors (Art. XII, Sec. 8):  
 Yes--1,164,653                                      No--2,571,516 (Failed)

MAY 8, 1973

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To authorize the state to conduct lotteries, the net proceeds of which shall be paid into the general revenue fund of the state (Art. XV, Sec. 6):  
 Yes--973,956 (Passed)                              No--547,655

To permit the obtaining of possession before payment in the taking of property for water and sewage purposes (Art. I, Sec. 19):  
 Yes--405,035    No--993,245 (Failed)

To repeal a section of the Ohio Constitution relative to disqualification from holding public office (Art. II, Sec. 5):  
 Yes--530,232    No--848,743 (Failed)

To repeal a section of the Ohio Constitution relative to a Supreme Court Commission (Art. IV, Sec. 22):  
 Yes--563,919    No--692,623 (Failed)

\*Relative to Amendments to Court rules of practice and procedure (Art. IV, Sec. 5):  
 Yes--580,106    No--679,223 (Failed)

\*Relative to the Compensation of Judges (Art. IV, Sec. 6):  
 Yes--646,384    No--677,787 (Failed)

Relative to the administration, organization and procedures of the General Assembly (Proposing to amend Sections 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 14 and 16 of Art. II, to enact new Sections 8 and 15 or Art. II, and to repeal Sections 8, 15, 17, 18, 19 and 25 of Art. II):  
 Yes--680,870 (Passed)                              No--572,980

NOVEMBER 6, 1973

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To permit agricultural land to be valued for taxation in accordance with its agricultural use (Art. II, Sec. 36):  
 Yes--1,810,630 (Passed)                              No--567,189

To authorize the General Assembly to provide by law for the amount of income which is exempt from taxation (Art. XII, Sec. 8):  
 Yes--1,299,882 (Passed)                              No--883,123

Relative to the Administration and Organization of the Courts of Ohio  
(Art. IV, Secs. 1, 4, 5 and 6):

Yes--1,317,379 (Passed) No--778,466

To authorize the issuance of bonds or notes to provide a veterans bonus for  
Vietnam and other military service (Art. VIII, Sec. 2j):

Yes--1,650,120 (Passed) No--647,629

\*Presented as separate questions request of legislature.

MAY 7, 1974

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To equalize the compensation of Public Officers and Members of the General  
Assembly (Art. II, Secs. 20 and 31):

Yes--611,726 No--747,518 (Failed)

To permit increases in the compensation of Public Officers with more than  
two years remaining in their terms (Art. II, Sec. 20a):

Yes--365,921 No--992,978 (Failed)

To provide for preparation of ballot language on constitutional amendments  
proposed by the General Assembly, to provide procedures for timely  
challenges to such language, and to provide information to voters about such  
amendments (Art. XVI, Sec. 1):

Yes--964,885 (Passed) No--376,022

NOVEMBER 5, 1974

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To permit laws reducing real estate taxes on the homesteads of permanently  
and totally disabled residents (Art. XII, Sec. 2):

Yes--2,266,355 (Passed) No--492,813

To repeal a section of the Ohio Constitution which requires the Governor to  
appoint a Superintendent of Public Works for a one-year term (Art. VII, Sec.  
12):

Yes--1,463,408 (Passed) No--995,748

To include the following among the purposes for which public industrial  
development revenue bonds may be issued and loan guarantee programs  
undertaken, without obligating or pledging moneys raised by taxation: 1.  
The preservation of existing jobs; 2. The control of air, water and thermal  
pollution; 3. The disposal of solid waste, and 4. The construction of  
electric and gas utility services facilities for pollution control or solid  
waste disposal (Art. VIII, Sec. 13):

Yes--1,613,444 (Passed) No--882,778

NOVEMBER 4, 1975

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To create and preserve jobs by the authorization of tax incentives to  
industrial plants (Art. XII, Sec. 13):

Yes--573,874 No--2,164,957 (Failed)

To authorize the issuance of bonds and notes in an amount not to exceed one  
billion seven hundred fifty million dollars (\$1,750,000,000) to be paid from  
an additional levy of nine-tenths (9/10) of one cent (1¢) per gallon  
gasoline tax, commencing April 1, 1976 and from other highway funds and the  
general revenue fund if the additional gasoline tax moneys are insufficient,  
for the development, restoration, and upgrading of highways and other  
transportation facilities (Art. VIII, Sec. 2k):

Yes--439,041 No--2,304,854 (Failed)

Relative to the authority of the state, municipal corporations and counties  
to provide assistance with respect to housing and nursing, extended care and  
other health facilities (Art. VIII, Sec. 14):

Yes--869,437 No--1,882,454 (Failed)

To authorize the issuance of bonds and notes in the amount not to exceed two billion seven hundred fifty million dollars (\$2,750,000,000), with the principal and interest to be paid by an additional levy of seven-tenths (7/10) of one (1) per cent sales and use tax commencing July 1, 1976, and from the general revenue fund, if such additional tax moneys are insufficient, for capital improvements for cities, villages, counties, and other subdivisions and for other capital improvements including energy facilities and heart and cancer facilities (Art. VIII, Sec. 21):

Yes--487,326

No--2,219,093 (Failed)

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To authorize laws to be passed which permit land that is devoted exclusively to outdoor recreation to be valued for tax purposes at its current value for recreational use, except land which is utilized and controlled or owned by an organization or person who discriminates against or violates the civil rights of individuals (Art. II, Sec. 36a):

Yes--1,014,425

No--1,539,423 (Failed)

To require the General Assembly to provide by law methods to give each candidate's name reasonably equal treatment on the ballot by rotation or other methods appropriate to the voting procedure used (Art. V, Sec. 2a):

Yes--1,619,219 (Passed)

No--915,599

To require delegates to national conventions of political parties to be chosen by the voters in a manner provided by law (Art. V, Sec. 7):

Yes--1,653,931 (Passed)

No--906,156

To permit the state, or any city, village, county, township or regional transportation authority to give or loan its credit to aid federal corporations and state agencies for reorganization of rail systems in the state. Laws may be passed to reduce the taxation on property used to provide the state with rail transportation service and to permit the state to reimburse local governments for revenue lost as a result of such tax reductions. Moneys raised by taxation shall not be obligated or pledged for the payment of bonds or other obligations issued pursuant to this section (Art. VIII, Sec. 14):

Yes--871,726

No--1,614,597 (Failed)

To permit the general assembly to authorize and regulate the operation of bingo conducted by charitable organizations for charitable purposes (Art. XV, Sec. 6):

Yes--1,405,453 (Passed)

No--1,205,009

JUNE 8, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To require the Lieutenant Governor to be elected jointly with the Governor, and to provide for the duties of the Lieutenant Governor (Art. III, Sec. 3; Art. V, Sec. 2a; adopt Art. III, Sec. 1a, 1b; repeal Art. III, Sec. 16):

Yes--1,085,175 (Passed)

No--689,244

To provide rail transportation services (Adopt Sec. 14 of Art. VIII):

Yes--775,697

No--953,322 (Failed)

To authorize issuance of bonds for projects to conserve energy or energy resources (Art. VIII, Sec. 13):

Yes--819,424

No--833,454 (Failed)

Relative to the qualifications of electors and to remove unconstitutional and unnecessary language (Art. V, Secs. 1 and 4; repeal Art. V, Secs. 3 and 5):

Yes--975,196 (Passed)

No--743,060

Relative to elections, terms of office and vacancies and to remove unnecessary language (Art. XVII, Secs. 1 and 2):

Yes--954,446 (Passed)

No--668,159

To require political divisions to make provisions for payment of debt from taxation or other sources and to specify property tax limitations (Adopt Art. XII, Sec. 7; repeal Art. XII, Sec. 11):

Yes--675,012 No--890,896 (Failed)

To require a return of not less than 50% of the estate taxes to political subdivisions, etc. (Art. XII, Secs. 4 and 9):

Yes--951,310 (Passed) No--699,823

To consolidate into one section provisions for imposition of taxes and to clarify language (Adopt Art. XII, Sec. 3; repeal Art. XII, Secs. 7, 8, 10 and 12):

Yes--918,450 (Passed) No--712,489

NOVEMBER 2, 1976

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Relative to limiting the rates which may be charged to residential consumers for fixed amounts of gas and electricity (Adopt Art. XIX):

Yes--1,247,388 No--2,334,816 (Failed)

Relative to providing for representation of residential utility regulatory actions affecting their interests (Adopt Art. XX):

Yes--1,092,781 No--2,557,265 (Failed)

Relative to establishing procedures for legislative hearings and approval of safety features of nuclear power plants and related facilities (Adopt Art. XV, Sec. 11):

Yes--1,150,360 No--2,462,000 (Failed)

Relative to simplifying the procedures for initiative and referendum (Adopt Sec. 1 of Art. II and Art. XIV; repeal Secs. 1a, 1b, 1c, 1d, 1e, 1f and 1g of Art. II):

Yes--1,175,410 No--2,407,960 (Failed)

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To provide for certain provisions in regard to the Governor and Lieutenant Governor (Adopt Secs. 15, 16 and 17 of Art. III; repeal Secs. 15 and 17 of Art. III):

Yes--2,388,184 (Passed) No--1,048,967

To eliminate from the Constitution obsolete and unnecessary provisions (Repeal Secs. 2, 5 and 8 of Art. XV):

Yes--2,284,178 (Passed) No--1,129,165

To require the declaration of election results for state executive officers at the next regular session of the General Assembly (Art. III, Sec. 3; repeal Sec. 4 of Art. III):

Yes--2,297,422 (Passed) No--1,103,822

NOVEMBER 8, 1977

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To provide that a person is entitled to vote if he has been registered for thirty days. Elector failing to vote at least once in four consecutive years must register again before voting. (Amends Sec. 1 of Art. V):

Yes--1,964,361 (Passed) No--1,225,852

Prohibits use of leghold traps or any trapping device causing prolonged suffering (Adopts Art. XIX):

Yes--1,169,068 No--2,027,642 (Failed)

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Authorizes state, municipal corporations and counties to lend aid and credit and issue bonds or notes for housing; validates bond authority of Sub. H.B. 870 (Amends Art. VIII by adopting Sec. 14):

Yes--1,120,885 No--1,773,779 (Failed)

Revises limitations upon state indebtedness (Adopt Sec. 1 of Art. VIII; repeal Secs. 1, 2, 2b, 2c, 2d, 2e, 2f, 2g, 2h, 3, 7, 9 and 10 of Art. VIII and Sec. 6 of Art. XII):

Yes--759,327

No--1,999,791 (Failed)

JUNE 6, 1978

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Requires the Ohio Ballot Board to write ballot language for the state issues; limits advertising of proposals and make requirements for circulating and signing initiative and referendum petitions (Amends Sec. 1g of Art. II):

Yes--720,661 (Passed)

No--379,067

NOVEMBER 7, 1978

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To modify the procedures by which the voters of a county may adopt, amend, or repeal a charter form of county government (Amends Sec. 4 of Art. X):

Yes--1,297,846 (Passed)

No--1,039,259

Allows the General Assembly to regulate prison labor by law; removes Constitutional restrictions on sale of prison-made goods (Amends Sec. 41, of Art. II):

Yes--1,281,941 (Passed)

No--1,083,814

NOVEMBER 6, 1979

PROPOSED LAW BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To provide mandatory deposits on all bottles and prohibits sale of beverages in metal cans that have detachable pull-tabs.

Yes--768,898

No--2,019,834 (Failed)

JUNE 3, 1980

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To authorize public financing of electric generating facilities by allowing non-profit corporations to become political subdivisions to operate electric utilities; permits the legislature to pass laws regulating such utilities; allows such political subdivisions to issue bonds (Art. VIII, Sec. 14):

Yes--793,256

No--1,124,596 (Failed)

To authorize the State, municipal corporations and counties to borrow money for the purpose of making available lower cost financing of privately owned housing for persons of low and moderate income (Art. VIII, Sec. 14 (or 15)):

Yes--797,020

No--1,137,028 (Failed)

To authorize the issuance of bonds and notes for construction, restoration or other permanent improvements of bridges, highways, roads, streets and highway rest areas (Art. VIII, Sec. 2k):

Yes--815,011

No--1,084,438 (Failed)

To change the method by which copies of proposed municipal or county charters, or changes to existing charters, are delivered to registered voters (Art. X, Sec. 4 and Art. XVIII, Sec. 8):

Yes--868,199

No--956,204 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 4, 1980

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To authorize the general assembly to classify real property for tax purposes (Art. XII, Sec. 2a):

Yes--1,973,344 (Passed)

No--1,751,277



## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Permit the state to finance or assist local governments in financing the construction of improvement of roads and bridges, waste water treatment systems, water supply systems, solid waste disposal facilities, and storm water and sanitary collection, storage, and treatment facilities (Art. VIII, Sec. 2k):

Yes--1,674,913 (Passed)                      No--689,383

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

Change the way Ohio selects its Supreme Court and Appeals Court Judges by abolishing the direct election method and replacing it with an appointment system. (Adopt Sec. 7 and amend Secs. 6 and 13 of Art. IV.

Yes--878,683                                      No--1,600,588 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 7, 1989

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

Whenever there is a vacancy in the office of the Lieutenant Governor, the Governor shall nominate a Lieutenant Governor who shall take office upon confirmation by vote of a majority of the members elected to each house of the general assembly (Art. III, Sec. 17a)

Yes--1,641,719 (Passed)                      No--873,114

NOVEMBER 6, 1990

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To allow the state and political subdivisions to provide or assist in providing housing and housing assistance by grants, loans, subsidies, guarantees, or other means as determined by the general assembly. The state may provide funding by issuing obligations, including obligations backed by appropriations of state revenues, but the state's full faith and credit shall not be pledged to retire obligations issued for this purpose. (Art. VIII, Sec. 16)

Yes--1,705,528 (Passed)                      No--1,517,466

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To permit the general assembly to allow surviving spouses of persons who were receiving a homestead tax reduction at the time of death to continue receiving the reduction if the surviving spouse: (Article XII, Sec. 2)

November 6, 1990

1. Is 60 years old or older, and
2. Continues to live in a qualifying homestead.

Yes--2,967,935 (Passed)                      No--372,950

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

1. To authorize the licensing of a casino resort hotel, including games by electronic and mechanical devices, for profit, in the City of Lorain as a pilot project for a period not yet specified, but for not less than five years, if approved by the voters of the City of Lorain pursuant to laws required to be enacted by the general assembly.
2. To allow the voters of the City of Lorain to vote on the continuation of the casino after the expiration of the pilot period.
3. If after three years the Lorain pilot project is determined by the general assembly to be a success, then the state shall be divided into seven districts. A license to establish a single casino facility in each district may be issued if approved by the voters both in the district and in the political subdivision in which the facility would be located.



NOVEMBER 7, 1995

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

To limit the governor's authority to reduce criminal sentences by requiring the governor to follow regulations prescribed by law when granting commutation to a person convicted of a crime.

Yes--1,816,213 (Passed) No--742,590

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

In order to preserve and expand public infrastructure of local governments and the state including highways and to improve Ohio's economic well-being.

Yes--1,408,834 (Passed) No--865,698

NOVEMBER 5, 1996

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To Authorize the establishment of River Boat Casino Gambling in Ohio.

Yes--1,639,955 No--2,659,076 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 4, 1997

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY

To Provide that a Court may Deny Bail to a Person Charged with a Felony Offense where the Proof is evident or the presumption great that the Person Committed the Offense and that the person Poses a Substantial Risk of Serious Physical Danger to Others.

(Art. I, Sec. 9)

Yes--2,168,949 (Passed) No--803,658

Am. S.B. No. 45--Relating to and Amending Ohio's Workers' Compensation Laws.

Yes--1,305,040 No--1,730,502 (Failed)

MAY 5, 1998

## CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT PROPOSED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY

To adopt Sections 2(n) and 17 of Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to authorize the state to issue bonds and other obligations to pay for or assist in paying for capital facilities of local public school districts and state-supported and state assisted institutions of higher education.

Yes--714,823 No--1,101,625 (Failed)

EDUCATION LEGISLATION SUBJECT TO VOTER APPROVAL  
(PROPOSED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY)

To enact the provisions of House Bill 697 levying a statewide one percent sales and use tax, to be used one-half for school operations, education technology, school facilities and debt service for school facilities, and one-half for additional property tax relief for homesteads.

Yes--383,913 No--1,527,536 (Failed)

November 3, 1998

## PROPOSED LAW BY INITIATIVE PETITION:

To amend Ohio Revised Code sections 1531.01 and 1531.02 to prohibit the hunting or taking of mourning doves in Ohio.

Yes--1,348,533 No--1,976,981 (Failed)



PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 3  
(Proposed by Initiative Petition)

To adopt Section 5 of Article XVII of the Constitution of the State of Ohio in order to establish revised limits on political contributions, establish prohibitions regarding political contributions and provide for revised public disclosure requirements of campaign contributions and expenditures.

Yes-955,334 No-1,927,502 (Failed)

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 4  
(Proposed by Initiative Petition)

To amend Article XI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide for the creation of a state redistricting commission with responsibility for creating legislative districts.

Yes-871,898 No-2,005,952 (Failed)

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 5  
(Proposed by Initiative Petition)

To adopt Section 4 of Article XVII of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to create a newly appointed board to administer elections.

Yes-854,918 No--2,001,983 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 7, 2006

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 2  
(Proposed by Initiative Petition - Minimum Wage)

To adopt Section 34a of Article II of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to raise the state minimum wage rate.

Yes-2,205,850 (Passed) No-1,687,996

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - ISSUE NO. 3  
(Proposed by Initiative Petition - Ohio Learn & Earn)

To adopt Section 12 of Article XV of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide moneys for scholarships/education funding by permitting limited gaming.

Yes-1,753,452 No-2,286,840 (Failed)

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - ISSUE NO. 4  
(Proposed by Initiative Petition - Smoke Less)

To adopt Section 12 of Article XV of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide a smoking ban in enclosed areas with certain exceptions.

Yes-1,450,164 No-2,590,448 (Failed)

PROPOSED LAW BY INITIATIVE PETITION (SMOKE FREE) - ISSUE NO. 5

To enact Chapter 3794. of the Ohio Revised Code to restrict smoking in places of employment and most places open to the public.

Yes-2,370,314 (Passed) No-1,679,833

NOVEMBER 4, 2008

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 1  
(Proposed by Resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio)

To provide for earlier filing deadlines for statewide ballot issues.

Yes - 3,397,389 (Passed) No- 1,550,365

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 2  
(Proposed by Resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio)

To authorize the state to issue bonds to continue the Clear Ohio program for environmental revitalization and conservation.

Yes - 3,574,294 (Passed) No - 1,585,410

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 3  
(Proposed by Resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio)

To protect private property rights in ground water, lakes and other watercourses.

Yes - 3,631,380 (Passed) No - 1,415,933

REFERENDUM - Issue No. 5

Legislation making changes to check cashing lending sometimes known as "payday lending" fees, interest rates and practices.

Yes - 3,396,968 (Passed) No - 1,943,721

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 6

Proposed by initiative petition for a casino near Wilmington in Southwest Ohio and distribute to all Ohio counties a tax on the casino.

Yes - 2,092,074 No - 3,466,574 (Failed)

NOVEMBER 3, 2009

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 1

(Proposed by Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio)

To authorize the state to issue bonds to provide for compensation to veterans of the Persian Gulf, Afghanistan, and Iraq conflicts.

Yes - 2,277,521 (Passed) No- 876,520

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 2

(Proposed by Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio)

To create the Ohio Livestock Care Standards Board to establish and implement standards of care for livestock and poultry.

Yes - 2,020,851 (Passed) No- 1,148,538

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 3

(Proposed by Initiative Petition)

To allow for one casino each in Cincinnati, Cleveland, Columbus, and Toledo and distribute to all Ohio counties a tax on the casinos.

Yes - 1,713,288 (Passed) No- 1,519,636

May 4, 2010

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 1

(Proposed by Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio)

To extend the Ohio Third Frontier Program by authorizing the issuance of additional general obligation bonds to promote economic growth.

Yes - 1,050,265 (Passed) No- 650,988

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 2

(Proposed by Joint Resolution of the General Assembly of Ohio)

To change the location of the Columbus casino facility authorized by previous statewide vote.

Yes - 1,154,504 (Passed) No- 534,013

November 8, 2011

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 1

(Proposed by Joint Resolution of the General Assembly)

To increase the maximum age at which a person may be elected or appointed judge, to eliminate the authority of the General Assembly to establish courts of conciliation, and to eliminate the authority of the governor to appoint a Supreme Court Commission

Yes - 1,273,536 No- 2,080,207 (Failed)

REFERENDUM - Issue No. 2

(Law passed by the general assembly submitted to the people by referendum petition)

Referendum on new law relative to government union contracts and other government employment contracts and policies

Yes -1,373,724 No- 2,202,404 (Failed)

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT - Issue No. 3

(Proposed by Initiative Petition)

To preserve the freedom of Ohioans to choose their health care and health care coverage

Yes - 2,268,470 (Passed) No- 1,190,385



COMPILED BY:

Jon Husted  
SECRETARY OF STATESUMMARY OF ACTION ON CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS  
1913 - 2012  
(updated 1/24/13)

YEAR	SUBMITTED BY INITIATIVE PETITION		SUBMITTED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY		YEAR	SUBMITTED BY INITIATIVE PETITION		SUBMITTED BY GENERAL ASSEMBLY	
	ADOPTED	REJECTED	ADOPTED	REJECTED		ADOPTED	REJECTED	ADOPTED	REJECTED
1913		1	1	3	1963			1	
1914	1	3			1964			1	
1915		3		1	1965			4	2
1916					1966				
1917		1			1967			1	2
1918	3		1		1968			4	1
1919		2		1	1969			1	1
1920					1970			3	
1921			1	2	1971			1	
1922		3			1972		1		
1923			2	1	1973			6	5
1924					1974			4	2
1925				3	1975		4	3	2
1926		1		1	1976		4	8	3
1927					1977	1	1		2
1928		1			1978			3	
1929			1		1979				
1930			1		1980			1	4
1931				1	1981		2		
1932					1982		1	1	1
1933	2		1		1983		3		
1934		2			1984				
1935					1985			1	
1936	1		1		1986				
1937					1987		1	2	
1938		1			1988				
1939		2		1	1989			1	
1940					1990		1	2	
1941					1991				
1942			1		1992	3	1		1
1943					1993			1	
1944			2		1994	1		3	
1945					1995			2	
1946					1996		1		
1947	1		3		1997			1	
1948					1998		1		2
1949	1			1	1999			1	
1950					2000			1	
1951			1		2001				
1952					2002		1		
1953			9		2003				1
1954			1	1	2004	1			
1955			1	2	2005	0	4	1	0
1956			2		2006	2	2		
1957			2	1	2007				
1958		1		1	2008		1	3	
1959			2		2009	1	0	2	0
1960					2010	0	0	2	0
1961			4		2011	1	1	0	1
1962		1			2012		1		1
					GRAND TOTAL	19	53	102	51