MacKerricher State Park

The mission of California State Parks is to provide for the health, inspiration and education of the people of California by helping to preserve the state's extraordinary biological diversity, protecting its most valued natural and cultural resources, and creating opportunities for high-quality outdoor recreation.

Our Mission





California State Parks supports equal access. Prior to arrival, visitors with disabilities who need assistance should contact the park at (707) 937-5804. This publication can be made available in alternate formats. Contact **interp@parks.ca.gov** or call (916) 654-2249.

> **CALIFORNIA STATE PARKS** P.O. Box 942896 Sacramento, CA 94296-0001

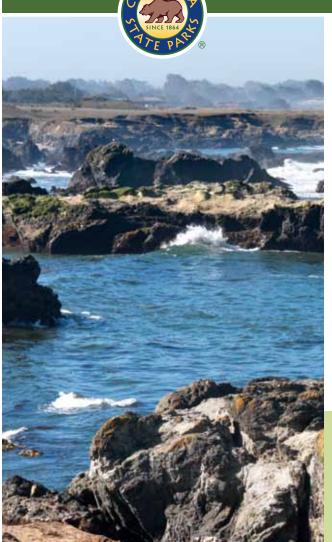
For information call: (800) 777-0369 (916) 653-6995, outside the U.S. 711, TTY relay service

www.parks.ca.gov

Discover the many states of California.™

MacKerricher State Park 24100 MacKerricher Road (off Hwy. 1) Fort Bragg, CA 95437 (707) 937-5804

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Wild harbor seals sun offshore while scores of shorebirds forage in mounds of beached kelp at these pristine beaches and secluded coves

acKerricher State Park's wild beauty, diverse habitats and moderate climate make this special place on the Mendocino Coast a gem among California's state parks. Watch harbor seals and migrating gray whales, stroll on secluded beaches, bicycle along an old seaside logging road, and find solitude on one of Northern California's most pristine stretches of sand dunes.

PARK HISTORY

For thousands of years, the Northern Pomo and the Coast Yuki thrived on the natural riches of this area. The resources were so plentiful that other local native groups were routinely permitted to travel through Pomo and Yuki lands to fish and to collect seaweed, shellfish, acorns and other foods. Today Native American descendants still gather foods and other resources in the practice of their tribal traditions.

Duncan MacKerricher and his wife moved to this area from Canada in 1864. A few years later, he bought 1,000 acres and named the land Rancho de la Laguna. He raised cattle, hogs and draft horses. After a wharf was



The lake area and campgrounds host a forest of Bishop and shore pine, Douglas-fir and other types of vegetation that thrive in the favorable soil and climate. Dunes topped with sand verbena, sea rocket, sand primroses, beach morning-glories and grasses produce a palette of yellows, reds and greens rolling gently across the sand hills.

Alongside an isolated stretch of beach, the Inglenook Fen Ten Mile Dunes Preserve—an unusual sand dune complex—contains several



Inglenook Fen Ten Mile Dunes Preserve



Bishop pine

terrestrial, wetland and freshwater ecosystems. At their widest point, the dunes extend three-quarters of a mile from the beach to Highway 1. Please avoid stepping on plants. Walk on the beach, rather than the dunes, to avoid harming a number of sensitive, threatened or endangered dune species.

The headlands leading to Laguna Point are blanketed with a thick mat of grasses. Velvet grass, sweet vernal and several other varieties of grasses and wildflowers cover the headlands that extend to Pudding Creek, site of a popular beach and the Pudding Creek Trestle.

built at Laguna Point, MacKerricher allowed a gravity-fed railway to be built on his land from Cleone to Laguna Point. MacKerricher's holdings became the core of the park when

his heirs sold the property to the State in 1949.

MAIOR FEATURES

The park extends approximately nine miles along the coast. The shoreline of its southern portion consists of rocky headlands, separated by sandy beaches and coves, while miles of gently sloping beach make up the northern half.

Three miles north of Fort Bragg on Highway 1, the entrance road leading to the Laguna Point boardwalk passes three campgrounds and Lake Cleone. The picturesque overpass near Lake Cleone once carried steam-driven trains to the former Union Lumber Company mill in Fort Bragg. Today, walkers, joggers, equestrians and bicyclists use the haul road, as it is historically called. This road once extended from Fort Bragg to the





Ten Mile River watershed. Thirty-acre Lake Cleone, formerly a brackish water marsh, received high-tide doses of salt water. When the haul road was built, it blocked off incoming seawater and created the present freshwater lake.

WILDLIFE

Rocky shorelines are home to tide pool organisms that have adapted to their specific intertidal homes. They can die if moved or overturned, so please don't endanger these protected resources. Kelp forests line the water along the north side of the point. On the beaches, you may see shorebirds foraging amid kelp on shore. Harbor seals sun themselves on the rocks near the point. From



mid-December to early April, crowds are drawn to the overlooks as gray whales migrate between the Bering Sea and Baja California. The headlands, shoreline, lake, wetlands, woods and sand dunes attract more than 90 bird species.

Black-tailed deer are often seen near the lake, as are raccoons and gray foxes. Osprey, ring-necked and mallard ducks, and great blue herons are found yearround at the lake, which also serves as a resting habitat for migratory waterfowl. Though rare, mountain lions have also been sighted in the area.

RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES

Scheduled or guided activities—including hikes, Junior Rangers and campfire programs—are posted on bulletin boards throughout the park. During gray whale migration seasons, docent-led whale watch groups meet at the visitor center.

Staffed by volunteers, the center features interpretive displays and publications. A private concession near the park offers horse rides in designated areas of the park.

CAMPING AND PICNICKING

More than 140 campsites accommodate tents and recreational vehicles. Family campsites have restrooms nearby, tables, food storage lockers and fire rings. Two group tent-only sites can accommodate up to 40 and 60 campers. To reserve between March and September, call (800) 444-7275 or visit www.parks.ca.gov.

Ten walk-in campsites offer a pack-in experience without a long hike. Walk-in campers park in a designated area at the south edge of Surfwood Campground and carry supplies about 50 yards to campsites.

The Lake Cleone picnic area has tables, restrooms, running water and a great view of the 30-acre lake. A 1.3-mile trail circles the lake; anglers may fish from shore or non-motorized boats for bass or crappie.



NEARBY STATE PARKS

All parks listed are along Highway 1.

- Westport-Union Landing State Beach
 2 miles north of Westport 95488
 (707) 937-5804
- Russian Gulch State Park
 2 miles north of Mendocino 95460
 (707) 937-5804
- Point Cabrillo Light Station SHP 13800 Point Cabrillo Dr. off Hwy. 1 Mendocino 95460 (707) 937-5804

ACCESSIBLE FEATURES &

The visitor center, boardwalk at Laguna Point, the Haul Road, restrooms, picnic tables and several paved campsites are accessible. A beach wheelchair is available for loan at the kiosk. Call (707) 964-9112 for details. Accessibility is continually improving. For updates, visit http://access.parks.ca.gov.



 Do not disturb tide pool residents in any way. The park's natural wonders are protected by State law.

- The ocean can be very dangerous.
 Always keep an eye on the surf and never turn your back on the ocean.
- All park
 cultural features
 are protected by law and may not be
 removed or disturbed, including glass
 found at Glass Beach.
- Keep dogs under control and on a leash no longer than six feet. Dogs must be enclosed in a tent or vehicle at night.
- Bicyclists under age 18 must wear helmets. Bicycles and horses are not allowed on boardwalks or the lake trail.
- Keep campfires in the rings provided.
 Purchase firewood at the park entrance and at camp host sites. Do not collect dead or down wood; it provides important soil nutrients.

This park is supported in part through a nonprofit organization. For more information contact: Mendocino Area Parks Association, P.O. Box 1387, Mendocino, CA 95460 • (707) 937-4700 http://mendoparks.org

