		1 1 •	4 • T	D PI
Paul	7	tatis		Profile

	Paulatuk	Northwest Territories		Paulatuk	Northwest Territories
POPULATION			Number of Births		
D 1 :: (2012)			2001	3	613
Population (2012)	220	12.210	2002	5	635
Total	329	43,349	2003	4	701
			2004	3	698
Males	182	22,460	2005	5	712
Females	147	20,889	2006	5	687
			2007	5	725
0 - 4 Years	29	3,316	2008	2	721
5 - 9 Years	14	3,095	2009	5	711
10 - 14 Years	18	2,848	2010	8	700
15 - 24 Years	75	7,060			
25 - 44 Years	105	13,583	Teen Births		
45 - 59 Years	47	8,831	2001	1	70
60 Yrs. & Older	41	4,616	2002	3	72
			2003	3	72
Aboriginal	275	22,065	2004	2	86
Non-Aboriginal	54	21,284	2005	2	68
		, -	2006	3	73
Population Dependency Ratio (2012)			2007	2	65
< 15 Yrs.	0.27	0.31	2008	-	56
60 Yrs. & Older	0.18	0.16	2009	2	61
oo 113. & Older	0.10	0.10	2010	1	65
Historical Population			2010	1	03
2001	319	40,844	Number of Deaths		
2002	314	41,665	2000	_	156
2002	323	42,561	2001	1	163
2004	305	43,301	2002	-	169
2004	303		2002	1	202
		43,399			
2006	305	43,198	2004	2	153
2007	309	43,551	2005	2	148
2008	314	43,692	2006	1	182
2009	310	43,637	2007	1	174
2010	327	43,873	2008	2	201
2011	345	44,212	2009	2	186
2012	329	43,349			
			Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)		
Avg. Annual % Growth (01-12)			2000	-	31
Total Population	0.8	0.5	2001	-	31
< 15 Yrs.	-6.8	-1.4	2002	-	24
60 Yrs. & Older	12.2	5.6	2003	1	36
			2004	-	23
			2005	1	21
HEALTH & VITAL STATS			2006	-	36
			2007	-	32
% of Population that Currently Smoke			2008	_	29
2009	63.2	35.2	2009	-	28
			Suicides		
			2000	-	7
			2001	_	8
				_	
			2002	- 1	8
			2002 2003	1	8 10
			2002 2003 2004	1	8 10 11
			2002 2003 2004 2005	- 1 - -	8 10 11 4
			2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	- 1 - -	8 10 11 4 5
			2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007	1 - - -	8 10 11 4 5 9
			2002 2003 2004 2005 2006	1 - - - -	8 10 11 4 5

	Paulatuk	Northwest Territories		Paulatuk	Northwest Territories
HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES			Other Criminal Code		
			2002	19	3,934
% of Households with 6 or More People			2003	41	4,068
1981	60.0	13.9	2004	38	5,233
1986	25.0	11.5	2005	23	6,475
1991	40.0	9.8	2006	33	5,695
1996 2001	45.5 21.4	8.6 7.2	2007 2008	35 18	5,942 6,377
2004	22.2	7.2	2008	22	5,949
2006	20.0	6.2	2010	17	6,895
2009	18.7	6.7	2011	28	7,167
2011	17.6	5.6			,,,
			Federal Statutes		
Family Structure (2011)			2002	2	655
Total Family Structure	80	10,930	2003	-	595
Husband-Wife	35	5,470	2004	3	632
Common-law	35	3,135	2005	9	742
Lone Parent	15	2,330	2006	2	534
% Lone-Parent Families	18.8	21.3	2007	3	665
Tenure (2009)			2008 2009	2 4	815 832
Total	75	14,522	2009	5	1,017
Owned	19	7,623	2010	2	939
Rented	56	6,899	2011	2	737
% Owned	25.3	52.5	Traffic		
			2002	7	568
% of Households in Core Need			2003	12	642
1996	38.1	19.7	2004	5	768
2000	43.9	20.3	2005	3	884
2004	34.6	16.3	2006	3	829
2009	53.3	19.0	2007	1	813
			2008	6	1,051
CDUAR			2009	1	813
CRIME			2010	4	882
Violent Crimes			2011	7	760
2002	80	3,179	Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)		
2003	88	3,698	2002	254.8	76.3
2004	56	3,857	2003	272.4	86.9
2005	59	3,711	2004	183.6	89.1
2006	82	3,527	2005	195.4	85.5
2007	54	4,025	2006	268.9	81.6
2008	20	3,839	2007	174.2	92.4
2009	38	3,740	2008	63.9	87.9
2010	41	3,717	2009	123.0	85.7
2011	54	3,712	2010	134.4	84.8
Durante Crimon			2011	179.4	85.0
Property Crimes	34	6 207	Proporty Crima Pata (nov. 1.000 noveme)		
2002 2003	35	6,397 8,179	Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons) 2002	108.3	153.5
2003	76	9,018	2002	108.3	192.2
2005	87	8,357	2004	249.2	208.3
2006	77	8,292	2005	288.1	192.6
2007	68	8,807	2006	252.5	192.0
2008	43	8,881	2007	219.4	202.3
2009	51	8,639	2008	137.4	203.2
2010	51	9,814	2009	165.0	198.0
2011	88	10,099	2010	167.2	223.9
			2011	292.4	231.2

	Paulatuk	Territories		Paulatuk	Territories
INCOME ASSISTANCE			EDUCATION		
Beneficiaries (monthly average)			% with High School Diploma or More		
2003	60	2,136	1986	16.0	51.6
2004	48	2,058	1989	14.4	59.8
2005	54	1,909	1991	20.7	59.9
2006	56	1,912	1994	27.1	63.2
2007	47	2,024	1996	44.8	63.5
2008	55	2,067	1999	30.5	66.1
2009	47	2,402	2001	28.6	64.8
2010	47	2,314	2004	41.0	67.5
2011	61	2,313	2006	30.2	67.0
2012	66	2,240	2009	37.0	69.3
Cases (monthly average)			Employment Rates (2009)		
2003	19	1,111	Less than High School Diploma	31.9	35.4
2004	21	1,110	High School Diploma or Greater	72.2	81.2
2005	25	1,051			
2006	28	1,060			
2007	26	1,121	LABOUR FORCE		
2008	31	1,172			
2009	30	1,415	Participation Rate		
2010	29	1,429	1986	56.0	74.5
2011	37	1,468	1989	46.0	74.9
2012	43	1,453	1991	67.9	78.2
			1994	42.9	77.2
Payments (\$000)			1996	56.7	77.2
2003	182	8,945	1999	69.5	78.3
2004	171	9,270	2001	58.8	77.1
2005	203	8,610	2004	61.4	75.6
2006	220	8,534	2006	58.1	76.5
2007	229	9,783	2009	55.3	75.1
2008	330	12,048			
2009	289	14,573	Unemployment Rate	25.7	11.2
2010	277	15,116	1986	35.7	11.2
2011	376	15,810	1989	12.5	13.2
2012	435	15,984	1991	21.1	11.3
			1994	30.3	14.8
TED A DITTION AND A CITETATION OF	200		1996	23.5	11.7
TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (20	108)		1999	31.4	13.7
II 10 E. 1 1(0/)	60. 7	20.4	2001	20.0	9.5
Hunted & Fished (%)	68.7	39.4	2004	24.0	10.4
Trapped (%)	9.9	6.2	2006	28.0	10.4
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	16.0	8.7	2009	15.2	10.3
Households Consuming Country	74.7	28.1	E. J. O. D.		
Food (Half or More) (%)			Employment Rate	40.0	((2
			1986	40.0	66.2
A DODICINIAL LANGUA CEC			1989	40.3	65.0
ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES			1991	53.6	69.3
0/ About in all all at C I 41 · · · I			1994	29.9	65.7
% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal			1996	46.7	68.2
Language	20.6	50.1	1999	47.7	67.5
1984	28.6	59.1	2001	47.1	69.8
1989	32.1	55.6	2004	46.7	67.8
1994	25.4	50.1	2006	39.5	68.6
1999	27.0	45.1	2009	46.9	67.3
2004	X 22.4	44.0			
2009	23.4	38.0			

Northwest

Northwest

	Paulatuk	Northwest Territories		Paulatuk	Northwest Territories
a.ll					
Selected Employment Rates (2009) Males	49.3	68.1	Average Personal Income (\$) 2001	25,079	39,186
Females	43.8	66.4	2001	22,527	42,047
Tentucs	43.0	00.4	2003	23,733	42,572
Aboriginal	38.7	49.8	2004	24,359	44,080
Non-Aboriginal	92.5	83.1	2005	24,438	46,170
-			2006	22,347	48,396
15-24	26.4	42.0	2007	24,353	51,072
25-34	54.3	75.5	2008	26,944	52,943
35-44	68.4	81.9	2009	27,375	52,998
45-54	77.8	84.3	2010	28,357	53,978
55-64	59.4	74.6	E 1 (0000)		
65 & Over	5.6	17.1	Employment Income (\$000)	2 701	025 054
Labour France Assistant (2000)			2001	2,701	935,854
Labour Force Activity (2009)	262	33,730	2002 2003	2,615 2,712	1,016,653
Population 15 & Over Employed	123	22,702	2003	3,236	1,058,922 1,101,853
Available Labour Supply	22	2,616	2004	2,945	1,101,833
Not in the Labour Force	117	8,412	2006	2,943	1,143,108
Not in the Labour Force	117	0,412	2007	3,180	1,294,015
Potential Available Labour Supply (2009))		2007	3,855	1,356,780
Available Labour Supply	65	4,847	2009	4,540	1,356,890
% Do Rotational	64.6	57.1	2010	4,965	1,388,490
% Male	73.8	59.1	2010	.,,, 00	1,500,170
% Aboriginal	100.0	77.2	% Change in Emp. Inc. (2001-2010)	83.8	48.4
% Less than High School Diploma	75.4	55.9			
			Average Employment Income (\$)		
Employment Profile (2009)			2001	22,508	38,497
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	69.9	43.2	2002	20,115	41,428
% Goods Producing	4.1	15.5	2003	20,862	41,904
% Other Industries	24.4	39.2	2004	23,114	43,969
			2005	22,654	45,843
Annual Work Pattern (2008)			2006	22,385	47,856
% Worked	69.8	79.2	2007	22,714	50,627
% Worked More than 26 weeks	53.0	77.4	2008	25,700	52,650
			2009	28,375	52,983
DEDCONAL INCOME			2010	29,206	53,630
PERSONAL INCOME			Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000		
Total Income (\$000)			2001	50.0	28.8
2001	3,511	1,058,019	2002	53.3	27.6
2002	3,379	1,148,300	2003	46.7	28.0
2003	3,560	1,199,686	2004	47.1	27.3
2004	4,141	1,246,589	2005	50.0	26.0
2005	3,910	1,297,842	2006	52.9	24.9
2006	3,799	1,384,602	2007	47.1	23.3
2007	4,140	1,469,865	2008	50.0	23.7
2008	4,850	1,542,755	2009	50.0	23.9
2009	5,475	1,557,610	2010	52.4	23.3
2010	5,955	1,599,920	D (T C) M (1 050,000		
9/ Changa in Total Inc. (2001-2010)	60.6	51.0	Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000	1.4.2	21 /
% Change in Total Inc. (2001-2010)	69.6	51.2	2001 2002	14.3	31.4
			2002	13.3 13.3	34.4 35.1
			2003	13.3	36.5
			2004	12.5	38.3
			2006	11.8	39.9
			2007	17.6	42.7
			2008	16.7	43.7
			2009	20.0	43.6
			2010	19.0	44.2

	Paulatuk	Territories		Paulatuk	Territories
FAMILY INCOME			PRICES		
Average Family Income			2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	177.5	
2001	48,267	80,225			
2002		87,143	2010 Food Price Index $(YK = 100)$	195.9	
2003	42,957	88,244			
2004	47,513	91,362			
2005	50,371	96,171	ENVIRONMENT		
2006	46,757	101,622			
2007	50,429	107,252	Average Temperature (°C)		
2008	61,214	111,796	January 2003	-24.7	
2009	60,000	112,119	January 2004	-28.2	
2010	59,563	113,934	January 2005	-24.2	
			January 2006	-24.9	
Percent Families Less than \$30,000			January 2007	-22.9	
2001	50.0	20.8			
2002	57.1	19.4	July 2003	10.7	
2003	57.1	20.3	July 2004	9.3	
2004	50.0	20.2	July 2005	6.5	
2005	42.9	19.0	July 2006	9.8	
2006	42.9	18.0	July 2007	12.8	
2007	42.9	16.6			
2008	42.9	17.0			
2009	37.5	16.7	COMMUNITY LIVING		
2010	50.0	16.4			
			% Who Volunteered in 2008	47.3	37.7
Percent Families More than \$75,000			% of Homes with Internet	61.3	73.5
2001		47.4	Access in 2008		
2002	-	50.4			
2003	-	50.7			
2004	25.0	52.7	SYMBOLS		
2005	28.6	55.3			
2006	-	57.1	- zero or too small to be expressed		
2007	_	59.5	not available		
2008	28.6	60.8	x data suppressed		
2009	25.0	60.7	11		
2010	25.0	61.9			

Northwest

Northwest

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[11]{\frac{Pop_{2012}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) *100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, and the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT, Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Crafts (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2009 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.