

Fort Smith - Statistical Profile

	Fort Smith	Northwest Territories		Fort Smith	Northwest Territories
POPULATION					
<i>Population (2012)</i>			<i>Number of Births</i>		
Total	2,450	43,349	2001	29	613
Males	1,274	22,460	2002	27	635
Females	1,176	20,889	2003	34	701
0 - 4 Years	172	3,316	2004	39	698
5 - 9 Years	156	3,095	2005	40	712
10 - 14 Years	163	2,848	2006	37	687
15 - 24 Years	392	7,060	2007	46	725
25 - 44 Years	686	13,583	2008	38	721
45 - 59 Years	507	8,831	2009	30	711
60 Yrs. & Older	374	4,616	2010	50	700
Aboriginal	1,542	22,065	<i>Teen Births</i>		
Non-Aboriginal	908	21,284	2001	6	70
<i>Population Dependency Ratio (2012)</i>			2002	4	72
< 15 Yrs.	0.31	0.31	2003	3	72
60 Yrs. & Older	0.24	0.16	2004	5	86
<i>Historical Population</i>			2005	7	68
2001	2,326	40,844	2006	4	73
2002	2,374	41,665	2007	6	65
2003	2,437	42,561	2008	3	56
2004	2,498	43,301	2009	1	61
2005	2,445	43,399	2010	3	65
2006	2,465	43,198	<i>Number of Deaths</i>		
2007	2,501	43,551	2000	14	156
2008	2,457	43,692	2001	8	163
2009	2,466	43,637	2002	13	169
2010	2,439	43,873	2003	16	202
2011	2,490	44,212	2004	13	153
2012	2,450	43,349	2005	12	148
<i>Avg. Annual % Growth (01-12)</i>			2006	12	182
Total Population	0.7	0.5	2007	15	174
< 15 Yrs.	-1.1	-1.4	2008	16	201
60 Yrs. & Older	4.5	5.6	2009	10	186
HEALTH & VITAL STATS			<i>Injury Deaths (inc. suicides)</i>		
<i>% of Population that Currently Smoke</i>			2000	1	31
2009	39.4	35.2	2001	1	31
			2002	1	24
			2003	3	36
			2004	2	23
			2005	2	21
			2006	1	36
			2007	1	32
			2008	1	29
			2009	-	28
			<i>Suicides</i>		
			2000	-	7
			2001	-	8
			2002	1	8
			2003	-	10
			2004	2	11
			2005	1	4
			2006	-	5
			2007	1	9
			2008	-	10
			2009	-	7

	Fort Smith	Northwest Territories		Fort Smith	Northwest Territories
HOUSEHOLDS & FAMILIES			<i>Other Criminal Code</i>		
<i>% of Households with 6 or More People</i>			2002	260	3,934
1981	13.5	13.9	2003	323	4,068
1986	8.8	11.5	2004	341	5,233
1991	9.1	9.8	2005	378	6,475
1996	8.3	8.6	2006	279	5,695
2001	4.9	7.2	2007	278	5,942
2004	5.4	7.0	2008	309	6,377
2006	4.0	6.2	2009	371	5,949
2009	3.5	6.7	2010	331	6,895
2011	3.9	5.6	2011	290	7,167
<i>Family Structure (2011)</i>			<i>Federal Statutes</i>		
Total Family Structure	565	10,930	2002	29	655
Husband-Wife	300	5,470	2003	17	595
Common-law	155	3,135	2004	27	632
Lone Parent	115	2,330	2005	44	742
% Lone-Parent Families	20.4	21.3	2006	25	534
<i>Tenure (2009)</i>			2007	50	665
Total	883	14,522	2008	70	815
Owned	546	7,623	2009	69	832
Rented	336	6,899	2010	96	1,017
% Owned	61.8	52.5	2011	89	939
<i>% of Households in Core Need</i>			<i>Traffic</i>		
1996	24.5	19.7	2002	41	568
2000	18.6	20.3	2003	33	642
2004	11.7	16.3	2004	39	768
2009	18.1	19.0	2005	35	884
CRIME			2006	35	829
<i>Violent Crimes</i>			2007	23	813
2002	273	3,179	2008	46	1,051
2003	255	3,698	2009	21	813
2004	232	3,857	2010	36	882
2005	251	3,711	2011	34	760
2006	175	3,527	<i>Violent Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>		
2007	230	4,025	2002	115.0	76.3
2008	204	3,839	2003	104.6	86.9
2009	305	3,740	2004	92.9	89.1
2010	305	3,717	2005	102.7	85.5
2011	272	3,712	2006	71.0	81.6
<i>Property Crimes</i>			2007	92.3	92.4
2002	353	6,397	2008	82.9	87.9
2003	367	8,179	2009	104.7	85.7
2004	418	9,018	2010	103.8	84.8
2005	356	8,357	2011	92.9	85.0
2006	343	8,292	<i>Property Crime Rate (per 1,000 persons)</i>		
2007	461	8,807	2002	148.7	153.5
2008	311	8,881	2003	150.6	192.2
2009	306	8,639	2004	167.3	208.3
2010	375	9,814	2005	145.6	192.6
2011	516	10,099	2006	139.1	192.0
			2007	185.1	202.3
			2008	126.3	203.2
			2009	105.1	198.0
			2010	127.6	223.9
			2011	176.2	231.2

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INCOME ASSISTANCE

Beneficiaries (monthly average)

2003	125	2,136
2004	118	2,058
2005	112	1,909
2006	108	1,912
2007	109	2,024
2008	140	2,067
2009	124	2,402
2010	135	2,314
2011	125	2,313
2012	140	2,240

Cases (monthly average)

2003	75	1,111
2004	70	1,110
2005	67	1,051
2006	68	1,060
2007	65	1,121
2008	79	1,172
2009	77	1,415
2010	85	1,429
2011	84	1,468
2012	91	1,453

Payments (\$000)

2003	524	8,945
2004	487	9,270
2005	489	8,610
2006	466	8,534
2007	525	9,783
2008	740	12,048
2009	750	14,573
2010	768	15,116
2011	757	15,810
2012	867	15,984

TRADITIONAL ACTIVITIES (2008)

Hunted & Fished (%)	43.9	39.4
Trapped (%)	7.8	6.2
Produced Arts & Crafts (%)	11.2	8.7
Households Consuming Country Food (Half or More) (%)	22.2	28.1

ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

% Aboriginals that Speak an Aboriginal Language

1984	36.0	59.1
1989	27.3	55.6
1994	33.7	50.1
1999	23.3	45.1
2004	28.5	44.0
2009	20.4	38.0

EDUCATION

% with High School Diploma or More

1986	58.1	51.6
1989	61.0	59.8
1991	63.3	59.9
1994	61.6	63.2
1996	66.0	63.5
1999	70.7	66.1
2001	69.3	64.8
2004	74.4	67.5
2006	72.0	67.0
2009	72.5	69.3

Employment Rates (2009)

Less than High School Diploma	33.4	35.4
High School Diploma or Greater	73.4	81.2

LABOUR FORCE

Participation Rate

1986	79.3	74.5
1989	69.2	74.9
1991	76.2	78.2
1994	70.1	77.2
1996	75.5	77.2
1999	72.1	78.3
2001	75.8	77.1
2004	68.2	75.6
2006	74.3	76.5
2009	69.5	75.1

Unemployment Rate

1986	12.9	11.2
1989	15.4	13.2
1991	9.8	11.3
1994	13.7	14.8
1996	12.2	11.7
1999	12.5	13.7
2001	11.7	9.5
2004	8.3	10.4
2006	8.3	10.4
2009	10.2	10.3

Employment Rate

1986	69.1	66.2
1989	58.5	65.0
1991	68.8	69.3
1994	60.5	65.7
1996	66.0	68.2
1999	63.1	67.5
2001	67.6	69.8
2004	62.6	67.8
2006	68.2	68.6
2009	62.5	67.3

	Fort Smith	Northwest Territories		Fort Smith	Northwest Territories
<i>Selected Employment Rates (2009)</i>			<i>Average Personal Income (\$)</i>		
Males	63.3	68.1	2001	35,535	39,186
Females	61.6	66.4	2002	37,985	42,047
			2003	38,230	42,572
Aboriginal	51.1	49.8	2004	40,524	44,080
Non-Aboriginal	78.9	83.1	2005	41,669	46,170
			2006	44,063	48,396
15-24	40.0	42.0	2007	46,081	51,072
25-34	68.0	75.5	2008	48,145	52,943
35-44	83.3	81.9	2009	48,031	52,998
45-54	85.2	84.3	2010	49,820	53,978
55-64	63.1	74.6			
65 & Over	21.2	17.1	<i>Employment Income (\$000)</i>		
			2001	47,590	935,854
<i>Labour Force Activity (2009)</i>			2002	51,752	1,016,653
Population 15 & Over	1,966	33,730	2003	55,344	1,058,922
Employed	1,228	22,702	2004	56,458	1,101,853
Available Labour Supply	139	2,616	2005	57,977	1,145,168
Not in the Labour Force	599	8,412	2006	64,406	1,208,376
			2007	66,045	1,294,015
			2008	71,890	1,356,780
<i>Potential Available Labour Supply (2009)</i>			2009	69,575	1,356,890
Available Labour Supply	323	4,847	2010	74,085	1,388,490
% Do Rotational	42.1	57.1			
% Male	60.4	59.1	<i>% Change in Emp. Inc. (2001-2010)</i>		
% Aboriginal	78.6	77.2		55.7	48.4
% Less than High School Diploma	49.5	55.9			
			<i>Average Employment Income (\$)</i>		
<i>Employment Profile (2009)</i>			2001	33,993	38,497
% Gov't, Health, Social Serv, Educ	55.4	43.2	2002	36,445	41,428
% Goods Producing	10.8	15.5	2003	36,411	41,904
% Other Industries	30.5	39.2	2004	39,759	43,969
			2005	40,262	45,843
<i>Annual Work Pattern (2008)</i>			2006	43,518	47,856
% Worked	77.6	79.2	2007	45,236	50,627
% Worked More than 26 weeks	75.8	77.4	2008	47,927	52,650
			2009	47,330	52,983
			2010	48,740	53,630
PERSONAL INCOME					
<i>Total Income (\$000)</i>			<i>Percent Taxfilers Less than \$15,000</i>		
2001	57,211	1,058,019	2001	30.4	28.8
2002	62,296	1,148,300	2002	27.4	27.6
2003	66,521	1,199,686	2003	28.7	28.0
2004	67,675	1,246,589	2004	28.1	27.3
2005	70,838	1,297,842	2005	27.1	26.0
2006	77,550	1,384,602	2006	26.7	24.9
2007	79,260	1,469,865	2007	26.2	23.3
2008	86,180	1,542,755	2008	25.1	23.7
2009	85,015	1,557,610	2009	24.3	23.9
2010	90,175	1,599,920	2010	24.3	23.3
			<i>Percent Taxfilers More than \$50,000</i>		
% Change in Total Inc. (2001-2010)	57.6	51.2	2001	29.8	31.4
			2002	31.7	34.4
			2003	32.2	35.1
			2004	35.3	36.5
			2005	36.5	38.3
			2006	38.6	39.9
			2007	39.5	42.7
			2008	41.3	43.7
			2009	41.8	43.6
			2010	42.5	44.2

	Fort Smith	Northwest Territories
FAMILY INCOME		
<i>Average Family Income</i>		
2001	72,156	80,225
2002	77,935	87,143
2003	77,947	88,244
2004	80,899	91,362
2005	83,022	96,171
2006	88,129	101,622
2007	94,072	107,252
2008	98,127	111,796
2009	99,884	112,119
2010	102,944	113,934
<i>Percent Families Less than \$30,000</i>		
2001	23.8	20.8
2002	21.5	19.4
2003	22.1	20.3
2004	22.4	20.2
2005	20.6	19.0
2006	21.4	18.0
2007	18.8	16.6
2008	19.7	17.0
2009	17.4	16.7
2010	19.7	16.4
<i>Percent Families More than \$75,000</i>		
2001	42.9	47.4
2002	46.2	50.4
2003	45.6	50.7
2004	47.8	52.7
2005	50.0	55.3
2006	52.9	57.1
2007	56.5	59.5
2008	57.7	60.8
2009	56.5	60.7
2010	60.6	61.9

	Fort Smith	Northwest Territories
PRICES		
2009 Living Cost Diff. (Edm = 100)	132.5	..
2010 Food Price Index (YK = 100)	108.5	..
ENVIRONMENT		
<i>Average Temperature (°C)</i>		
January 2003	-23.2	..
January 2004	-25.5	..
January 2005	-23.8	..
January 2006	-16.8	..
January 2007	-18.4	..
July 2003	17.5	..
July 2004	18.1	..
July 2005	16.2	..
July 2006	17.2	..
July 2007	19.2	..
COMMUNITY LIVING		
% Who Volunteered in 2008	46.0	37.7
% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008	76.0	73.5

SYMBOLS		
-	zero or too small to be expressed	
..	not available	
x	data suppressed	

SOURCES & NOTES

Population

Population and Historical Population: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Estimates are calculated by allocating the demographic components of growth, down to a community level. Sex, age and ethnicity estimates developed by NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Population Dependency Ratio: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Ratios for < 15 years refer to the number of people less than 15 years of age divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59. Ratios for 60 years and older refer to the number of people 60 years of age or older divided by the number of people between the ages of 15 and 59.

Average Annual Growth Rate: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Average annual growth rate (AAGR) is calculated as:

$$AAGR = \left(\sqrt[11]{\frac{Pop_{2012}}{Pop_{2001}}} - 1 \right) * 100$$

Population Projections: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Population projections incorporate assumptions regarding fertility, mortality & migration patterns. These assumptions are reflective of historical patterns, as well as recent trends observed for the Northwest Territories.

Health & Vital Stats

% of Population that Smoke: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that smoke.

Number of Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada.

Teen Births: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Refers to births to women aged 19 or less.

Number of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada

Cause of Deaths: Health Statistics Division, Statistics Canada. Injury deaths are deaths due to accidents, homicide and suicides.

Household & Families

Percent of Households with 6 or More People: Census, Statistics Canada (1981, 1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (2004 & 2009). A household refers to an occupied private dwelling.

Family Structure: Census, Statistics Canada. Refers to the classification of census families into husband-wife couples, common-law couples, and lone parent families.

Tenure: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to whether some member of the household owns or rents the dwelling.

Percent of Households in Core Need: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. If a household has any one housing problem (suitability, adequacy, or affordability) or a combination of housing problems, *and* the total household income is below the Community Core Need Income Threshold, the household is considered to be in core need. The core need income threshold is an income limit for each community that represents the amount of income a household must have to be able to afford the cost of owning and operating a home or renting in the private market without government assistance.

Income Assistance

Note: Due to program changes in 2007, data prior to this year is not directly comparable.

Beneficiaries (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of recipients of income assistance and their dependents, if any, over the year.

Cases (monthly average): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the monthly average number of people requesting and receiving social assistance over the year.

Payments (\$000): Department of Education Culture & Employment, GNWT. Refers to the total amount of payments over the year. Payments are recorded for the month for which assistance was received.

Traditional Activities

Hunted & Fished (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT, Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that hunted or fished during the year.

Trapped (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that trapped during the year.

Produced Arts & Crafts (%): NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older that made arts and crafts during the year.

Households Consuming Country Food: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of households reporting that half, most or all (50% or more) of the meat or fish consumed is harvesting in the NWT.

Aboriginal Languages

Percent of Aboriginal that Speak an Aboriginal Language: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the percent of aboriginal people 15 years of age or older that can speak an aboriginal language well enough to carry on a conversation. Aboriginal languages include Inuktitut, Inuvialuktun, Inuinnaqtun, Dogrib, Cree, Chipewyan, North Slavey, South Slavey, and Gwich'n.

Education

Percent with High School Diploma or More: Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009). Refers to the percent of population 15 years of age or older that have a high school diploma.

2009 Employment Rates: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT. Refers to the employment rate for two groups of people: those who do not have a high school certificate, and those with at least a high school certificate. Employment rate refers to the percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are working at a job.

Labour Force

Census, Statistics Canada (1986, 1991, 1996, 2001 & 2006); NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT (1989, 1994, 1999, 2004 & 2009).

Participation Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who are in the labour force. See below for definition of labour force.

Unemployment Rate: The percentage of the labour force that was unemployed during the week prior to the survey. See below for definition of labour force.

Employment Rate: The percentage of persons 15 years of age and over who were employed during the week prior to the survey.

Employed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) did any work at all, excluding housework, maintenance around the home and volunteer work; or (ii) were absent from their job or business because of vacation, illness, on strike or locked out, etc.

Unemployed: Refers to persons who during the week prior to the survey: (i) were without work, had actively looked for work in the previous four weeks and were available for work; or (ii) had been on temporary lay-off and expected to return to their job; or (iii) had definite arrangements to start a new job within the next four weeks.

Labour Force: Refers to persons who were either employed or unemployed during the week prior to the survey.

Not in the Labour Force: Refers to persons who do not participate in the labour force, they are neither employed or unemployed.

Potential Available Labour Supply: Refers to those persons who are unemployed. They can be classified into various categories, including, those who want to do rotational work, gender, ethnicity, or level of schooling.

Annual Work Pattern: Work pattern measures the amount of work over a given year. Worked in 2008 refers to the percent of people 15 years of age or older who worked in 2008, while worked more than 26 weeks refers to the percent of workers who worked more than 26 weeks in the year. The weeks need not be consecutive.

Environment

Average Temperature (°C): Environment Canada. Calculated as the mean daily temperatures, averaged over the reference month. The mean daily temperature is the average between the daily maximum and minimum.

Community Living

% Who Volunteered in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics. Refers to the population 15 years of age and over who volunteered during the year.

% of Homes with Internet Access in 2008: NWT Bureau of Statistics.

Prices

Living Cost Differentials: Price Division, Statistics Canada.

Food Price Index: NWT Bureau of Statistics, GNWT.