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rates compared to other technologies.³⁻⁵ The result is highly accurate base-by-base sequencing that virtually eliminates sequence-context-specific errors, even within repetitive sequence regions and homopolymers.^{4,5} The quality and accuracy of NGS data are important in forensic genomics, particularly when reporting results for mixed DNA samples, mtDNA heteroplasmy, or SNP data.

4. Data Analysis—During data analysis and alignment, the sequence reads are aligned to a reference genome. Following alignment, different types of analysis are possible such as single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP), STR typing, mtDNA analysis, phylogenetic or metagenomic analysis, and more.

A detailed animation of SBS technology is available at www.youtube.com/watch?v=womKfikWlxM.

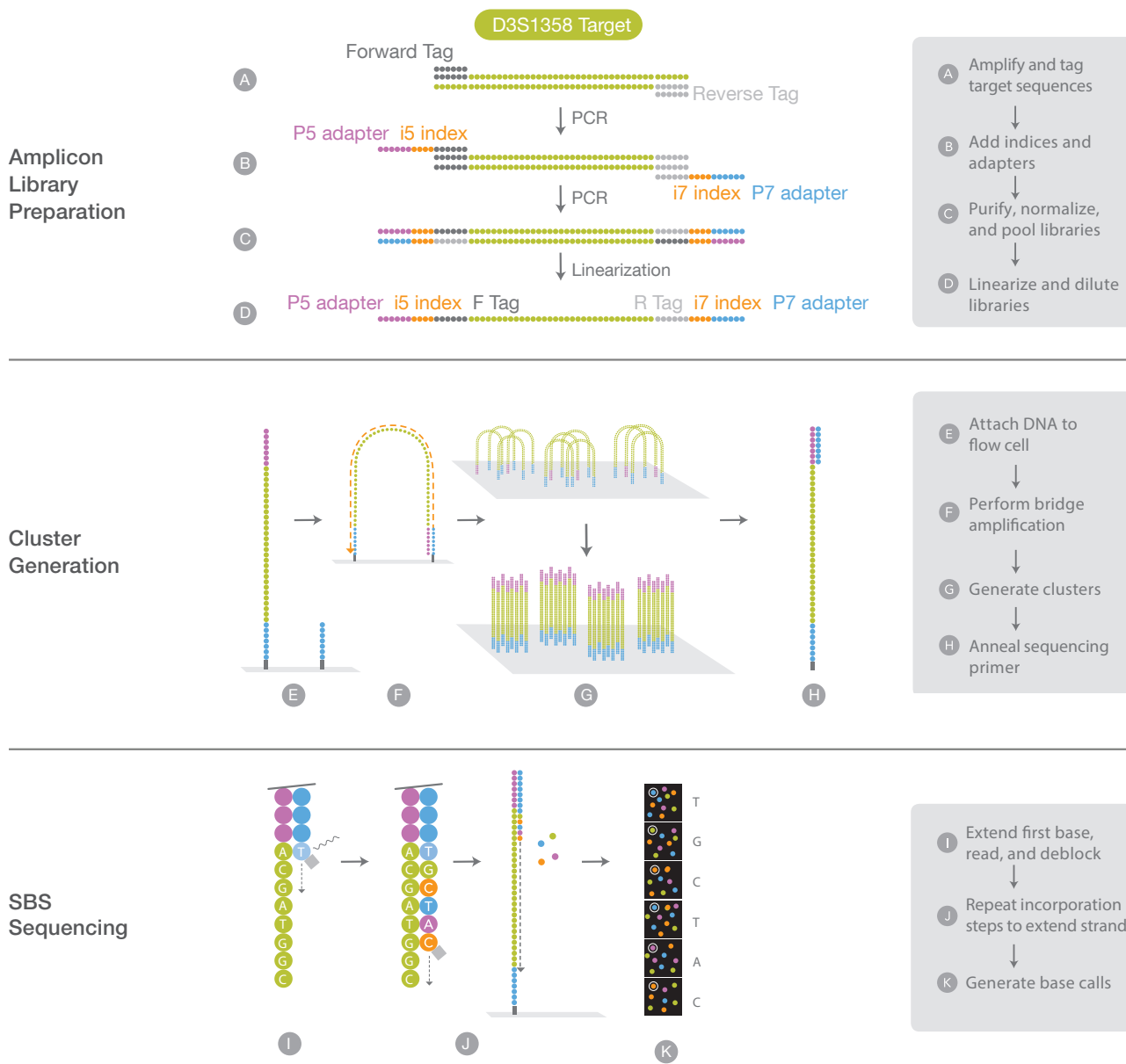


Figure 1: Basic NGS Amplicon Sequencing Overview.

III. NGS Solutions for Forensic Genomics

a. Human Identification with STRs and SNPs

Developed in collaboration with the forensic community and leveraging the proven technology of the MiSeq[®] System, Illumina created the MiSeq FGx™ Forensic Genomics System—the first fully validated⁷ sequencing system designed for forensic genomics applications. The system provides a complete workflow for the analysis of forensic DNA samples from DNA-to-Data (Figure 2).

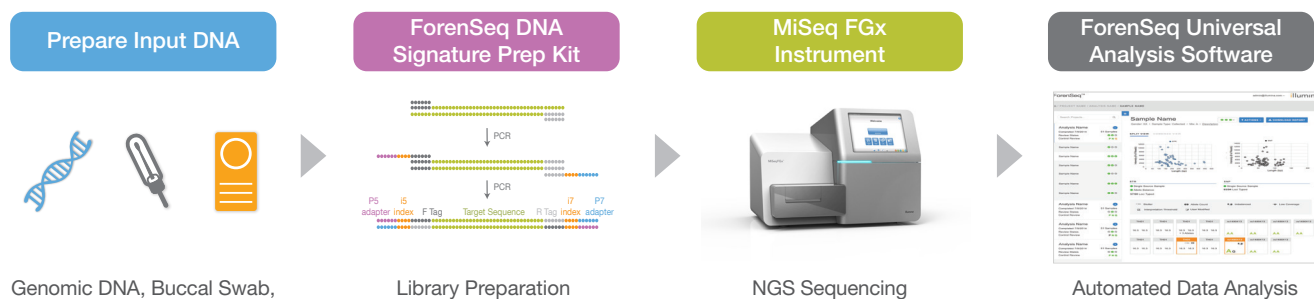


Figure 2 MiSeq FGx Forensic Genomics System Workflow. The MiSeq FGx Forensic Genomics System is a fully integrated, DNA-to-Data solution, including library preparation, DNA sequencing platform, and data analysis software designed for forensic genomics. The MiSeq FGx System offers the most complete, integrated workflow currently available.

The workflow begins with the ForenSeq™ DNA Signature Prep Kit, which includes reagents required to prepare the DNA library for sequencing using a simple, plate-based format and standard lab equipment. The ForenSeq DNA Signature Prep Kit includes over 200 forensically relevant genetic markers in a single, streamlined workflow (Table 1), eliminating the need for multiple STR kits.⁸ The kit not only consolidates the autosomal STR markers currently utilized around the world for casework and criminal DNA databasing, it also includes Y- and X-STRs and SNP marker sets not routinely available with traditional CE-based methods. These include a dense set of identity-informative single nucleotide polymorphisms (iSNPs)^{9,10} that are informative for source attribution, especially with degraded, mixed, or PCR-inhibited samples. They also include phenotypic-informative SNPs (piSNPs),¹¹ which provide estimates of eye color (blue, intermediate, brown) and hair color (brown, red, black, blond), as well as biogeographical ancestry-informative SNPs (aiSNPs).^{12,13}

Table 1. Forensic Loci Included in ForenSeq DNA Signature Prep Kit

Feature	Number of Markers ^a	Amplicon Size Range (bp)
Global Autosomal STRs	27	61–467
Y-STRs	24	119–390
X-STRs	7	157–462
Identity SNPs	95	63–231
Phenotypic SNPs ^b	22	73–227
Biogeographical Ancestry SNPs ^b	56	67–200

a. SNP and STR chromosome locations can be found in the ForenSeq DNA Signature Prep Kit User Guide (support.illumina.com/downloads/forenseq-dna-signature-prep-guide-15049528.html).

b. Two piSNPs used for hair/eye color are also used in the aiSNP marker set.

c. Higher Sensitivity with Digital Data

CE-based systems produce analog metrics such as peak color, size, shape, and height, whereas all Illumina NGS systems deliver precise digital data (ie., discrete read counts). The digital nature of NGS and the ability to tune the sensitivity of an experiment by increasing or decreasing coverage level supports an unlimited dynamic range. Digital read counts and deep sequencing provide high sensitivity for quantitative applications such as detection of minor DNA contributors in complex mixtures, which can be missed or only partially detected using CE-based methods. For example, when performing mtDNA heteroplasmy analysis, NGS deep sequencing can detect minor variant frequencies of ~1% of the major compared to > 10–20% minor variant frequencies with CE-based sequencing.

d. Higher Throughput with Library Multiplexing

NGS enables library multiplexing through the attachment of unique barcodes (index sequences) to support scalable throughput at a level not possible with CE methods (Figure 7). Forensic libraries can be pooled in a controlled fashion to simultaneously sequence up to 96 libraries with the ForenSeq DNA Signature Prep Kit (384 potential) or 384 libraries with the Nextera XT DNA Library Prep Kit.

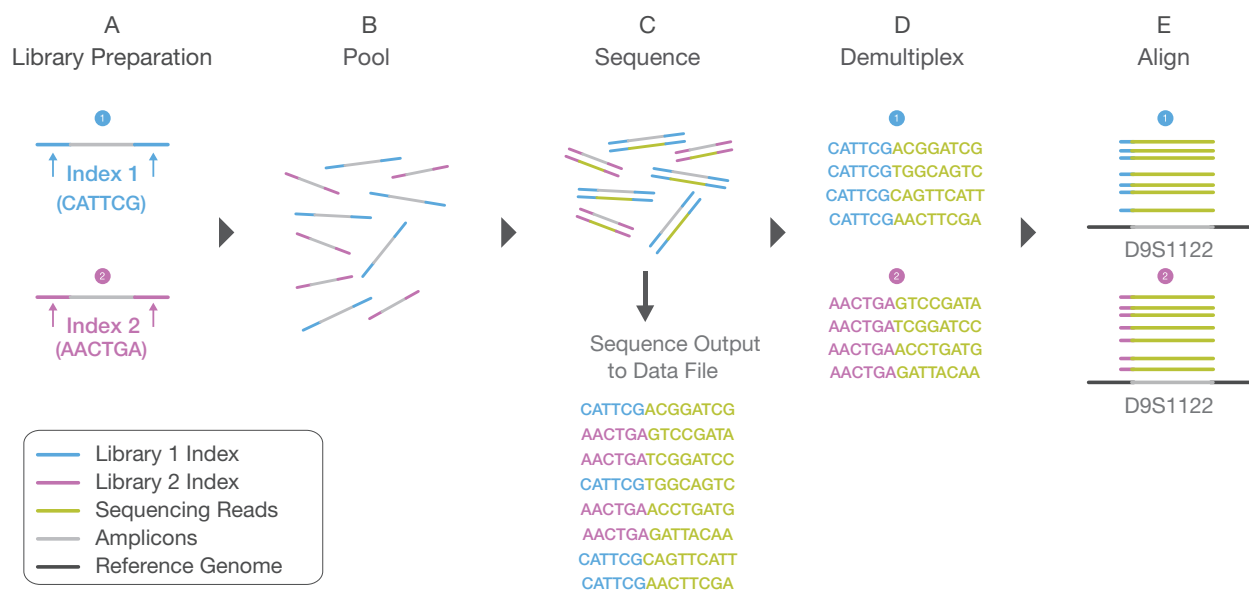


Figure 7: Library Multiplexing Overview.

- Unique index sequences are attached to two distinct samples. Index sequences are attached during library preparation.
- Indexed libraries are pooled together and loaded into the flow cell for the MiSeq FGx instrument.
- Libraries are sequenced together during a single instrument run. Sequences are exported to a single output file.
- De-multiplexing sorts the reads into different files according to their indexes.
- Each set of reads is aligned to the appropriate ForenSeq target sequence.

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16. Illumina (2012) By digging deeper into the genome, next-generation sequencing may yield more forensic clues. Interview. (applications.illumina.com/content/dam/illumina-marketing/documents/products/other/interview_budowle.pdf).
17. Claes P, Hill H, and Shriver MD. Toward DNA-based facial composites: preliminary results and validation. *Forensic Sci Int Genet.* 2014;13:208–16.

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