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FOREWORD

N THE late spring of the year A.D. 30, fifty days after the resurrection of our Lord, on the Day of Pentecost, while the disciples were in the upper room praying and worshiping God, "suddenly there came a sound from heaven as of a rushing mighty wind, and it filled all the house where they were sitting. And there appeared unto them cloven tongues like as of fire, and it sat upon each of them. And they were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues, as the Spirit gave them utterance."

The people, upon hearing of this phenomenon, assembled and were amazed. Peter in explaining said, "This is that which was spoken by the prophet Joel," stating further that, "the promise is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call."

Approximately thirty-six years later, Jude noticed a falling away, and urged the people to "earnestly contend for the faith which was once delivered unto the saints." Through the centuries that followed, there were only a few who received this wonderful experience of the infilling of the Holy Ghost. Truly it was a day that was neither clear nor dark. (See Zechariah 14:6.)

At various intervals throughout the past centuries, the followers of the apostolic faith and doctrines have become prominent through great revivals that have appeared in Great Britain, United States, and Canada.

In the days of Tertullian (A.D. 207) Chrysostom (fourth century), Christians of the thirteenth century, the early Quakers, Wesley, Whitefield and Irving, the gifts and manifestations of the Apostolic church were much in evidence as the revival spirit swept over the country.

During the last twenty-one days of the l9th century, a band of earnest, hungry-hearted ministers and Christian workers in Bethel Bible College, Topeka, Kansas, called a fast, praying earnestly for a great outpouring of the Holy Spirit, which, to their joyful surprise, came upon them in the early hours of the morning on January 1, 1901. The people were heard speaking in other languages as the Holy Spirit gave them utterance, just as it had happened on the day of Pentecost in the year A.D. 30. A great revival immediately broke forth, which soon reached to the state of Texas, and thence west to Los Angeles, where in the year 1906 it centered in an old building on Azusa Street. Ministers and evangelists gathered in Los Angeles from every section of the United States and Canada, and missionaries returned from the foreign fields to learn more about this new experience. Many who came were soon filled with the Holy Ghost. From here it spread throughout the whole earth, penetrating even into the heathen darkness of India, Africa, China, and the isles of the sea, thus fulfilling the great commission of our Lord: "Go ye into all the world, and preach the gospel to every creature."

With the coming of the Holy Spirit, the Word of the Lord became a new book. Truths which had been hidden for many years were made clear. In the year 1914 came the revelation of the name of the Lord Jesus Christ. The pivotal doctrines of the absolute deity of Jesus Christ and the baptism in His name became tenets of faith. God marvelously confirmed our message as the gospel was preached in its fulness. The power which was hidden in the name of Jesus began to be revealed. Literally thousands were rebaptized into the name of Jesus Christ, and multitudes received the baptism of the Holy Spirit while in the water. Great numbers were healed of incurable diseases; demons were cast out as in the days of the apostles. In many cities where this message had gone, the report of the Samaritan revival was duplicated.

"But when they believed Philip preaching the things concerning the kingdom of God, and the name of Jesus Christ, they were baptized, both men and women" (Acts 8:12).

The number of those who believed the full Pentecostal message grew rapidly, and soon it was realized that in order to properly reach the world with this great gospel message, "how that Christ died for our sins according to the scriptures; and that he was buried, and that he rose again the third day according to the scriptures" (I Corinthians 15:3-4) and that God "now commandeth all men everywhere to repent" (Acts 17:30) "and be baptized . . . in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and . . . receive the gift of the Holy Ghost" (Acts 2:38), it was necessary to have a proper basis of cooperation and fellowship.

During the early half of this century, various groups were organized. Among them two of the major bodies known as The Pentecostal Assemblies of Jesus Christ, Inc., and The Pentecostal Church, Inc., became so closely associated in doctrine and fellowship that in 1944 steps were taken to unite the two bodies into one organization known as the United Pentecostal Church. The purpose of this united body was to preach the gospel of Christ Jesus; to publish and distribute religious literature; to establish new churches; to send forth missionaries; to perform any other duties connected with religious work, and to help in any way possible to meet the needs of local churches. To this end, we now pledge our prayers, our faith, our life and love, our earthly means of support, and our time, in the fear of God and for His glory alone.

UNITED PENTECOSTAL CHURCH INTERNATIONAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ANTIGLES OF FAITH		General Secretary-freasurer	
PREAMBLE		General Executive Presbyters	.44
FUNDAMENTAL DOCTRINE		Resignation of Executives or Officials.	.44
THE ONE TRUE GOD	31	ARTICLE VI	
THE SON OF GOD	31	BOARDS AND COMMITTEES	.45
THE NAME		Board of General Presbyters	.45
CREATION OF MAN AND HIS FALL	32	Executive Board	
REPENTANCE		Board of Publication	.46
WATER BAPTISM		Credentials Committee	
THE BAPTISM OF THE HOLY SPIRIT.	32	ARTICLE VII	
DIVINE HEALING		MINISTRY	.46
SACRAMENT OR COMMUNION		Christian Worker's License	
FOOTWASHING		Qualifications and Requirements for	
HOLINESS		Organizational Licenses and	
THE GRACE OF GOD		Certificate of Ordination	.46
RESTITUTION OF ALL THINGS		Local License	
CONSCIENTIOUS SCRUPLES		General License	
SECRET SOCIETIES, ETC	36	Certificate of Ordination	
TRANSLATION OF SAINTS	36	Validity of Licenses and Certificate of	
MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE	36	Ordination	.49
TITHING		Obligations and Rules	.49
SECOND COMING OF JESUS	36	Marriage and Divorce—Innocent Party.	
THE MILLENNIUM	37	Immoral Conduct	.55
FINAL JUDGMENT		Moral Obligations	
PUBLIC SCHOOL ACTIVITIES		ARTICLE VIII	
RELIGIOUS HOLIDAYS		DIVISION OF PUBLICATION	.55
GENERAL CONSTITUTION	39	Name	
ARTICLE I		Purpose	55
PURPOSE	39	The Officers	
ARTICLE II		The Officers shall be selected	.56
MEMBERSHIP	.39	Divisional Structure	
ARTICLE III		Departmental Structure	
THE GENERAL CONFERENCE	.39	Editorial Department	.57
Meetings		Departmental Structure	
Date and Place		Pentecostal Publishing House	.50
Business Sessions	39	Departmental Structure	
ARTICLE IV		Marketing Department	.60
GENERAL OFFICERS	40	Departmental Structure	
Names of Officers		The Pentecostal Herald Department	.60
Election of Officers		ARTICLE IX	
Qualifications and Restrictions		DIVISION OF EDUCATION	.60
Voting Constituency		Name	
Method of Election		Purposes	
Objections to Nominees		Function	
Expiration of Office	.43	General Officers	
Vacancies		Selection of Officers	
ARTICLE V		Qualifications and Restrictions	
RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF GENERAL		Duties of Officers	
OFFICERS AND RULES	-	Recognized Colleges	
APPERTAINING THERETO	43	Christian Schools	
General Superintendent		Advisory Councils	
Assistant General Superintendents		Privileges and Obligations of Colleges.	.64
		- 3 ganono o. oonogoo.	_

New Colleges and Established Colleges	Regulations Governing Investment of	
Seeking Endorsement65	Funds for Property	
Support of Endorsed Bible Colleges65	Definition of a Home Missions Work	
Chaplains66	Evangelism Commission	.91
ARTICLE X	Prison Ministry	.93
MISSIONS CONCEPT66	ARTICLE XIII	
Definition66	YOUTH DIVISION	
World Missions Plan67	Name	
ARTICLE XI	Mission Statement	
FOREIGN MISSIONS POLICY67	The Officers	.95
Foreign Missions Policy67	The Officers shall be selected	
Foreign Missions Board67	Qualifications	
Qualifications and Appointment69	Duties of Officers	
General Director of Foreign Missions69	Committees	.96
Secretary of Foreign Missions70	Ministries of the General Youth	
Director of Education and Associates	Division	.97
in Missions70	Organization of District Youth	
Director of Promotions70	Department	.97
Regional Directors71	Suggested Form of Local Youth	
Foreign Missions Candidates71	Department	.98
Licenses and Credentials73	Finance	.99
Foreign Missions Support73	Sheaves for Christ	.99
Foreign Missions Promotion75	ARTICLE: XIV	
Foreign Missions Property75	SUNDAY SCHOOL DIVISION	
Foreign Missions Fellowship76	Name	101
Foreign Missions Service76	Purpose	101
Foreign Missions Recommendations	The Officers	101
or Complaints77	The Officers shall be selected	101
Field Organization77	Qualifications	102
Foreign Missions Schools77	Duties of Officers	102
Adoption of Children77	Boards and Committees	103
Foreign Missions Evangelism77	Ministries of the General Sunday	
Compassion Services78	School Division	104
Foreign Missions Agreement79	The General Sunday School Division	
ARTICLE XII	shall be funded through the	
HOME MISSIONS POLICY80	following sources	105
Name80	Departmental Structure	
Purpose80	Word Aflame	105
Qualifications81	District Organization	105
General Organization and Government81	ARTICLE XV	
General Home Missions Director81	LADIES MINISTRIES POLICY	
General Home Missions Secretary81	Name	107
General Home Missions Promotions	Purpose	
Director82	Officers	107
Regional Home Missions Directors82	Qualifications	108
General Home Missions Board82	Duties of General President	108
General Home Missions Executive	Duties of General Secretary	108
Committee83	Organization of District Ladies	
General Home Missions	Ministries Department	108
Administrative Committee83	Financial Policy	109
District Organization and Government83	Safeguard of Funds	109
Finances85	ARTICLE XVI	
Metro Evangelism86	APOSTOLIC MAN POLICY	
Christmas for Christ88	Name	109

Purpose109	ARTICLE III	
Officers110	DISTRICT CONFERENCE	123
Qualifications110	Resolutions	
Duties of President110	Rules of Order	124
Duties of Vice President110	QUALIFICATIONS FOR DISTRICT	
Duties of Secretary110	OFFICERS	125
Organization of District Men's	LOCAL CHURCH GOVERNMENT	
Ministries110	PREAMBLE	
Finances111	PURPOSE	127
Safeguard of Funds111	ARTICLE I	
ARTICLE XVII	THE ASSEMBLY	
DISTRICTS111	The Name	
Formation of New Districts111	The Purpose	127
Consolidation of Districts112	ARTICLĖ II	
The District Constitution112	MEMBERSHIP	
Sections of the District112	Eligibility	127
ARTICLE XVIII	Obligations	127
LOCAL ASSEMBLIES113	Admission	
Affiliation113	Church Discipline	128
Local Church Government115	ARTICLE III	
Services115	OFFICERS	
Identification115	Names of Officers	128
ARTICLE XIX	Eligibility	128
POLICY FOR ENDORSEMENT115	Pastor	129
Definition115	Assistant Pastor	
Terms and Conditions116	Church Board	
Procedure for Endorsement116	Trustees	
Continued Responsibilities117	Secretary-Treasurer	
ARTICLE XX	Dismissal of Officers	
AMENDMENTS117 DISTRICT CONSTITUTION119	Sunday School Superintendent	101
PREAMBLE119	Young People's PresidentARTICLE IV	101
PURPOSE119	PROPERTY	121
ARTICLE I	ARTICLE V	101
DISTRICT OFFICERS119	BUSINESS MEETINGS	121
Names of Officers119	ARTICLE VI	101
District Board119	RECORD OF ADOPTION	132
Qualifications119	JUDICIAL PROCEDURE	
Voting Constituency119	INTRODUCTION	
Representation120	ARTICLE I	
Objections to Nominees120	DEFINITIONS AND GUIDELINES	134
Method of Election120	Terms, Persons, and Committees	
Term of Office121	Type of Actions	135
Death, Resignation, and Removal121	General Guidelines	136
ARTICLE II	ARTICLE II	
RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF	REGIONAL PRESIDING OFFICER	
OFFICERS, AND RULES	Appointment	136
APPERTAINING THERETO121	Qualification	
District Superintendent	Duties	137
(General Presbyter)121	ARTICLE III	
District Presbyters122	APPEAL FROM DISTRICT BOARD	
District Secretary-Treasurer122	ACTION	137
District Board123	District Board Action	137
Safeguard of funds123	District Board Procedure	137

Appeal138	Trial, and Appeal1	
ARTICLE IV	POSITION PAPERS1	
RESOLUTION OF A GRIEVANCE138	ABORTION1	54
Meeting Together138	CHURCH AND STATE RELATIONS1	
Arbitration Panel138	CHURCH SCHOOLS1	
Appeal of Decision139	COMING OF THE LORD, THE1	
ARTICLE V	COMPUTERS AND THE INTERNET1	
INVESTIGATION OF A	ETHICS (MINISTERIAL)19	57
COMPLAINT139	My Code of Ethics1	
ARTICLE VI	FAMILY, THE1	
HEARING140	GAMBLING1	
Purpose140	HOLINESS10	60
Notice140	Holiness in the New Testament	
Procedure141	Dispensation10	60
Disposition141	Holiness Demonstrated and Typified in	
ARTICLE VII	the Personal Life1	61
NOTICE OF TRIAL143	New Testament Teaching10	61
Counselors144	Holiness in the Character of Man10	61
ARTICLE VIII	Inward and Outward Holiness1	61
SELECTION OF THE JURY144	Holiness and Modesty10	62
ARTICLE IX	Holiness and Make-Up10	
THE TRIAL145	Holiness and Jewelry10	62
Attendance145	Holiness and Separation10	
Order145	Holiness and Television Programs10	63
Records145	Holiness and Morality10	63
Procedure145	Holiness and Physical	
Deliberation of the Jury146	Education10	64
Verdict147	HOMOSEXUALITY10	64
ARTICLE X	JUDICIAL PROCEDURE10	65
APPEALS147	RACIAL AND ETHNIC AFFIRMATION10	66
District Board Action147	RESTORATION OF MINISTERS10	67
A Grievance147	THE REVISED STANDARD VERSION17	70
A Hearing148	SPORTS (ORGANIZED)1	71
The Verdict of a Trial148	TECHNOLOGY1	
A Sentence149	TRANSCENDENTAL MEDITATION1	72
Notification150	TRUE HUMANITY OF JESUS	
ARTICI F XI	CHRIST, THE1	72
GENERAL OFFICERS150	Introduction1	
Resolution of a Grievance150	The Union of Deity and Humanity in	
Investigation of a Complaint150	Christ1	74
Hearing150	Scriptural Truths about Christ's	
Trial of a General Officer151	Humanity1	75
Notification151	Summary1	
	UNITY OF ONENESS BELIEVERS1	79
	VIDEO (RESTRICTIONS)17	
ARTICLE XII	- (···	•
HOME MISSIONS DISTRICTS151		
ARTICLE XIII		
FOREIGN MISSIONS AREAS152		
Definition and Scope152		
Appeal from Board Action, Grievance,		
Investigation, Hearing, Charge,		

ARTICLES OF FAITH PREAMBLE

WE believe the Bible to be inspired of God, the infallible Word of God. "All scripture is given by inspiration of God, and is profitable for doctrine, for reproof, for correction, for instruction in righteousness" (II Timothy 3:16).

The Bible is the only God-given authority which man possesses; therefore, all doctrine, faith, hope, and all instruction for the church must be based upon, and harmonize with, the Bible. It is to be read and studied by all men everywhere, and can only be clearly understood by those who are anointed by the Holy Spirit (I John 2:27). "No prophecy of the scripture is of any private interpretation. For the prophecy came not in old time by the will of man: but holy men of God spake as they were moved by the Holy Ghost" (II Peter 1:20-21).

FUNDAMENTAL DOCTRINE

The basic and fundamental doctrine of this organization shall be the Bible standard of full salvation, which is repentance, baptism in water by immersion in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and the baptism of the Holy Ghost with the initial sign of speaking with other tongues as the Spirit gives utterance.

We shall endeavor to keep the unity of the Spirit until we all come into the unity of the faith, at the same time admonishing all brethren that they shall not contend for their different views to the disunity of the body.

THE ONE TRUE GOD

We believe in the one ever-living, eternal God: infinite in power, holy in nature, attributes and purpose; and possessing absolute, indivisible deity. This one true God has revealed Himself as Father; through His Son, in redemption; and as the Holy Spirit, by emanation (I Corinthians 8:6; Ephesians 4:6; II Corinthians 5:19; Joel 2:28).

The Scripture does more than attempt to prove the existence of God; it asserts, assumes and declares that the knowledge of God is universal (Romans 1:19, 21, 28, 32; 2:15). God is invisible, incorporeal, without parts, without body, and therefore free from all limitations. He is Spirit (John 4:24), and "a spirit hath not flesh and bones" (Luke 24:39).

"The first of all the commandments is, Hear, O Israel: The Lord our God is one Lord" (Mark 12:29). (See also Deuteronomy 6:4.) "One God and Father of all, who is above all, and through all, and in you all" (Ephesians 4:6).

Before the incarnation, this one true God manifested Himself in divers ways. In the incarnation, He manifests Himself in the Son, who walked among men. As He works in the lives of believers, He manifests Himself as the Holy Spirit.

THE SON OF GOD

The one true God, the Jehovah of the Old Testament, took upon Himself the form of man, and as the Son of man, was born of the virgin Mary. As Paul says, "And without controversy great is the mystery of godliness: God was manifest in the flesh, justified in the Spirit, seen of angels, preached unto the Gentiles, believed on in the world, received up into glory" (I Timothy 3:16).

"He came unto his own, and his own received him not" (John 1:11). This one true God was manifest in the flesh, that is, in His Son Jesus Christ. "God was in Christ, reconciling the world unto himself, not imputing their trespasses unto them" (II Corinthians 5:19).

We believe that, "in him [Jesus] dwelleth all the fulness of the Godhead bodily" (Colossians 2:9). "For it pleased the Father that in him should all fulness dwell" (Colossians 1:19). Therefore, Jesus in His humanity was man; in His deity was and is God. His flesh was the lamb, or the sacrifice of God. He is the only mediator between God and man. "For there is one God, and one mediator between God and men, the man Christ Jesus" (I Timothy 2:5).

Jesus on His Father's side was divine, on His mother's side, human; thus, He was known as the Son of God and also the Son of man, or the God-man.

"For he hath put all things under his feet. But when he saith, all things are put under him, it is manifest that he is excepted, which did put all things under him. And when all things shall be subdued unto him, then shall the Son also himself be subject unto him that put all things under him, that God may be all in all" (I Corinthians 15:27-28).

"I am Alpha and Omega, the beginning and the ending, saith the Lord, which is, and which was, and which is to come, the Almighty" (Revelation 1:8).

THE NAME

God used different titles, such as "God Elohim," "God Almighty," "El Shaddai," "Jehovah," and especially "Jehovah Lord," the redemptive name in the Old Testament

"Unto us a child is born, unto us a son is given: . . . and his name shall be called Wonderful, Counseller, The mighty God, The everlasting Father, The Prince of Peace" (Isaiah 9:6). This prophecy of Isaiah was fulfilled when the Son of God was named. "And she shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt call His name JESUS: for he shall save his people from their sins" (Matthew 1:21).

"Neither is there salvation in any other: for there is none other name under heaven given among men, whereby we must be saved" (Acts 4:12).

CREATION OF MAN AND HIS FALL.

In the beginning, God created man innocent, pure, and holy; but through the sin of disobedience, Adam and Eve, the first of the human race, fell from their holy state, and God banished them from Eden. Hence by one man's disobedience, sin entered into the world (Genesis 1:27; Romans 3:23, 5:12).

REPENTANCE

Pardon and forgiveness of sins is obtained by genuine repentance, a confessing and forsaking of sins. We are justified by faith in the Lord Jesus Christ (Romans 5:1). John the Baptist preached repentance, Jesus proclaimed it, and the apostles emphasized it to both Jews and Gentiles (Acts 2:38, 11:18, 17:30).

The word *repentance* means a change of views and purpose, change of heart, change of mind, change of life, transformation, etc.

Jesus said, "Except ye repent, ye shall all likewise perish" (Luke 13:3).

Luke 24:47 says, "And that repentance and remission of sins should be preached in his name among all nations, beginning at Jerusalem."

WATER BAPTISM

The scriptural mode of baptism is immersion and is only for those who have fully repented, having turned from their sins and a love of the world. It should be administered by a duly authorized minister of the gospel, in obedience to the Word of God, and in the name of our Lord Jesus Christ, according to the Acts of the Apostles 2:38, 8:16, 10:48, 19:5; thus obeying and fulfilling Matthew 28:19.

THE BAPTISM OF THE HOLY SPIRIT

John the Baptist, in Matthew 3:11, said, "He shall baptize you with the Holy Ghost, and with fire."

Jesus, in Acts 1:5, said, "Ye shall be baptized with the Holy Ghost not many days hence."

Luke tells us in Acts 2:4, "They were all filled with the Holy Ghost, and began to speak with other tongues [languages], as the Spirit gave them utterance."

The terms "baptize with the Holy Ghost and fire," "filled with the Holy Spirit," and the "gift of the Holy Ghost" are synonymous terms used interchangeably in the Bible.

It is scriptural to expect all who receive the gift, filling, or baptism of the Holy Spirit to receive the same physical, initial sign of speaking with other tongues.

The speaking with other tongues, as recorded in Acts 2:4, 10:46, and 19:6, and the gift of tongues, as explained in I Corinthians, chapters 12 and 14, are the same in essence, but different in use and purpose.

The Lord, through the Prophet Joel, said, "I will pour out my spirit upon all flesh" (Joel 2:28).

Peter, in explaining this phenomenal experience, said, "Having received of the Father the promise of the Holy Ghost, he [Jesus] hath shed forth this, which ye now see and hear" (Acts 2:33).

Further, "the promise is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call" (Acts 2:39).

DIVINE HEALING

The first covenant that the Lord (Jehovah) made with the children of Israel after they were brought out of Egypt was a covenant of healing. The Lord said, "If thou wilt diligently hearken to the voice of the Lord [Jehovah-Rapha, the Lord that healeth] thy God, and wilt do that which is right in his sight, and wilt give ear to his commandments, and keep all his statutes, I will put none of these diseases upon thee, which I have brought upon the Egyptians: for I am the Lord that healeth thee" (Exodus 15:26).

Our Lord Jesus Christ went about Galilee, preaching the gospel of the kingdom and healing all manner of sickness and disease among the people (Matthew 4:23-24).

"Jesus Christ the same yesterday, and to day, and for ever" (Hebrews 13:8).

The vicarious suffering of the Lord Jesus Christ paid not only for the salvation of our souls but also for the healing of our bodies. "With his stripes we are healed" (Isaiah 53:5). Matthew 8:17 reads, "Himself took our infirmities, and bare our sicknesses." (See also I Peter 2:24.) We see from this that divine healing for the body is in the atonement.

Jesus said of believers, "They shall lay hands on the sick, and they shall recover." Later, James wrote in his epistle to all the churches: "Is any sick among you? let him call for the elders of the church; and let them pray over him, anointing him with oil in the name of the Lord: and the prayer of faith shall save the sick, and the Lord shall raise him up; and if he have committed sins, they shall be forgiven him. Confess your faults one to another, and pray one for another, that ye may be healed. The effectual fervent prayer of a righteous man availeth much" (James 5:14-16).

SACRAMENT OR COMMUNION

On the night of our Lord's betrayal, He ate the Passover supper with His apostles, after which He instituted the sacrament. "And he took bread, and gave thanks, and brake it, and gave unto them, saying, This is my body which is given for you: this do in remembrance of me. Likewise also the cup after supper, saying, This cup is the new testament in my blood, which is shed for you" (Luke 22:19-20).

Paul instructed the church how to observe it (I Corinthians 11:23-34).

Thus was instituted the use of literal bread and the fruit of the vine, which are partaken of literally, as emblems of His broken body and shed blood. There is also a spiritual significance and blessing in partaking of the sacrament.

FOOTWASHING

When the Passover supper was ended, we read in John 13:4-5, "He riseth from supper, and laid aside his garments; and took a towel, and girded himself. After that he poureth water into a bason, and began to wash the disciples' feet, and to wipe them with the towel wherewith he was girded."

Jesus said, "If I then, your Lord and Master, have washed your feet; ye also ought to wash one another's feet. For I have given you an example, that ye should do as I have done to you" (John 13:14-15).

This first example was given by our Lord, and it is a divine institution. It is well to follow His example and wash one another's feet; thus manifesting the spirit of humility.

HOLINESS

Godly living should characterize the life of every child of the Lord, and we should live according to the pattern and example given in the Word of God. "For the grace of God that bringeth salvation hath appeared to all men, teaching us that, denying ungodliness and worldly lusts, we should live soberly, righteously, and godly, in this present world" (Titus 2:11-12). "For even hereunto were ye called: because Christ also suffered for us, leaving us an example, that ye should follow his steps: who did no sin, neither was guile found in his mouth: who, when he was reviled, reviled not again; when he suffered, he threatened not; but committed himself to him that judgeth righteously" (I Peter 2:21-23).

"Follow peace with all men, and holiness, without which no man shall see the Lord" (Hebrews 12:14).

"But as he which hath called you is holy, so be ye holy in all manner of conversation; because it is written, Be ye holy; for I am holy. And if ye call on the Father, who without respect of persons judgeth according to every man's work, pass the time of your sojourning here in fear: forasmuch as ye know that ye were not redeemed with corruptible things, as silver and gold, from your vain conversation received by tradition from your fathers; but with the precious blood of Christ, as of a lamb without blemish and without spot" (I Peter 1:15-19).

We wholeheartedly disapprove of our people indulging in any activities which are not conducive to good Christianity and godly living, such as theaters, dances,

mixed bathing or swimming, women cutting their hair, make-up, any apparel that immodestly exposes the body, all worldly sports and amusements, and unwholesome radio programs and music. Furthermore, because of the display of all these evils on television, we disapprove of any of our people having television sets in their homes. We admonish all of our people to refrain from any of these practices in the interest of spiritual progress and the soon coming of the Lord for His church.

THE GRACE OF GOD

"For the grace of God that bringeth salvation hath appeared to all men, teaching us that, denying ungodliness and worldly lusts, we should live soberly, righteously, and godly, in this present world" (Titus 2:11-12).

"For the law was given by Moses, but grace and truth came by Jesus Christ" (John 1:17).

"For by grace are ye saved through faith; and that not of yourselves: it is the gift of God: not of works lest any man should boast" (Ephesians 2:8-9).

A Christian must walk with God and keep himself in the love of God (Jude 21) and in the grace of God. When a person transgresses and sins against God and does not repent, he will eventually be lost and cast into the lake of fire. (See John 15:2, 6; II Peter 2:20-21.) Jude speaks of the backsliders of his day, and their reward. (See also Hebrews 6:4-6.)

RESTITUTION OF ALL THINGS

We understand the Scripture to teach the "restitution of all things, which God hath spoken by the mouth of all his holy prophets since the world began" (Acts 3:21). But we cannot find where the devil, his angels, and all sinners are included. (See Revelation 20:10).

CONSCIENTIOUS SCRUPLES

We recognize the institution of human government as being of divine ordination, and, in so doing, affirm unswerving loyalty to our Government; however, we take a definite position regarding the bearing of arms or the taking of human life.

As followers of the Lord Jesus Christ, the Prince of Peace, we believe in implicit obedience to His commandments and precepts which instruct as follows: "That ye resist not evil" (Matthew 5:39); "Follow peace with all men" (Hebrews 12:14). (See also Matthew 26:52; Romans 12:19; James 5:6; Revelation 13:10.) These we believe and interpret to mean Christians shall not shed blood nor take human life.

Therefore, we propose to fulfill all the obligations of loyal citizens, but are constrained to declare against participating in combatant service in war, armed insurrection, property destruction, aiding or abetting in, or the actual destruction of human life.

Furthermore, we cannot conscientiously affiliate with any union, boycott, or organization which will force or bind any of its members to belong to any organization, perform any duties contrary to our conscience, or receive any mark, without our right to affirm or reject same.

However, we regret the false impression created by some groups of so-called conscientious objectors that to obey the Bible is to have a contempt for law or magistrates, to be disloyal to our Government and in sympathy with our enemies, or to be unwilling to sacrifice for the preservation of our commonwealth. This attitude would be as contemptible to us as to any patriot. The Word of God commands us to do violence to no man. It also commands us that first of all we are to pray for rulers of our country. We, therefore, exhort our members to freely and willingly respond to the call of our Government except in the matter of bearing arms. When we say service, we mean service—no matter how hard or dangerous. The true church has no more place for cowards than has the nation. First of all, however, let us earnestly pray that we will with honor be kept out of war.

We believe that we can be consistent in serving our Government in certain noncombatant capacities, but not in the bearing of arms.

We further believe that our military personnel must live in a manner consistent with the Articles of Faith.

SECRET SOCIETIES, ETC.

According to the Word of God, we firmly believe and hold that the people of God should have no connection whatever with secret societies or any other organization or body wherein there is a fellowship with unbelievers, bound by an oath (James 5:12: II Corinthians 6:14-18).

TRANSLATION OF SAINTS

We believe that the time is drawing near when our Lord shall appear; then the dead in Christ shall arise, and we who are alive and remain shall be caught up with them to meet our Lord in the air (I Thessalonians 4:13-17; I Corinthians 15:51-54; Philippians 3:20-21).

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE

"Whosoever shall put away his wife, except it be for fornication, and shall marry another, committeth adultery" (Matthew 19:9). (See also Matthew 5:32.) When this sin has been committed, the innocent party may be free to remarry only in the Lord. Our desire being to raise a higher standard for the ministry, we recommend that ministers do not marry again.

Judgment begins at the house of God.

TITHING

We believe tithing is God's financial plan to provide for His work, and has been since the days of Abraham. Tithing came with faith under Abraham; Moses' law enjoined it, and Israel practiced it when she was right with God; Jesus indorsed it (Matthew 23:23); and Paul said to lay by in store as God has prospered you. Do not rob God of His portion, viz., tithes and offerings. (Read Malachi 3.)

SECOND COMING OF JESUS

That Jesus is coming again the second time in person, just as He went away, is clearly set forth by the Lord Jesus Himself, and was preached and taught in the early Christian church by the apostles; hence, the children of God today are earnestly, hopefully, looking forward to the glorious event (Matthew 24; Acts 1:11, 3:19-21; I Corinthians 11:26; Philippians 3:20-21; I Thessalonians 4:14-17; Titus 2:13-14).

THE MILLENNIUM

We believe that the distress upon the earth is the "beginning of sorrows" and will become more intense until there "shall be a time of trouble, such as never was since there was a nation even to that same time" (Daniel 12:1). (See also Matthew 24:3-8.) and that period of "tribulation" will be followed by the dawn of a better day on earth and that for a thousand years there shall be "peace on earth and good will toward men." (See Revelation 20:1-5; Isaiah 65:17-25; Matthew 5:5; Daniel 7:27; Micah 4:1-2; Hebrews 2:14; Romans 11:25-27.)

FINAL JUDGMENT

When the thousand years are finished, there shall be a resurrection of all the dead, who will be summoned before the great white throne for their final judgment, and all whose names are not found written in the Book of Life shall be cast into the lake of fire, burning with brimstone, which God hath prepared for the devil and his angels, Satan himself being cast in first (Matthew 25:41; Revelation 20:7, 15; 21:8).

PUBLIC SCHOOL ACTIVITIES

We disapprove of school students attending shows, dances, dancing classes, theaters, engaging in school activities against their religious scruples, and wearing gymnasium clothes which immodestly expose the body.

We disapprove of school students being forced to take coeducational classes which involve boys and girls being mixed together in swimming, calesthenics, baseball, and other mixed athletics while clothed in ungodly attire which immodestly exposes the body.

We disapprove of school students being forced to take any classes in which, under the guise of health classes, sex education is taught coeducationally or films or lectures are given that promote amoral or unnatural behavior.

We disapprove of school students being forced to be taught by or listen to those who promote or advocate sexual activity of any kind other than that within the bonds of the marriage relationship of husband and wife.

RELIGIOUS HOLIDAYS

The annual conference is declared to be an international religious holiday for all members, and all members are urged to attend. Furthermore, since the founding of the church occurred on the Day of Pentecost, Pentecost Sunday is also a recognized religious holiday.



GENERAL CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I **PURPOSE**

The purpose of the United Pentecostal Church International is to carry the whole gospel to the whole world by the whole church; to establish an effective organized effort; to encourage the opening and establishing of new works; to evangelize the world by every means possible; and to produce and maintain a clean ministry and fellowship.

ARTICLE II MEMBERSHIP

Membership in the United Pentecostal Church International shall consist of all ministers and missionaries holding an accredited credential or license, and all members of local assemblies which are affiliated with us, and shall be called "Organization."

ARTICLE III THE GENERAL CONFERENCE

Section 1. *Meetings.*

 A regular session of our organization shall be held annually, the same to be called a General Conference, which is the highest authority in declaration of the Articles of Faith, and determines the policy and bylaws by which all aspects of the General Organization shall operate.

Section 2. Date and Place.

1. The date and place for General Conference will be decided by the General Board.

Section 3. Business Sessions.

- 1. All sessions shall open with prayer.
 - The regular order of business shall be as follows:
 - (a) Meeting called to order by the General Superintendent.
 - (b) Reading of the minutes of the last General Conference.
 - (c) Report of the General Superintendent.
 - (d) Report of the General Secretary-Treasurer.
 - (1) All reports shall be printed.
 - (2) Printed reports shall be distributed to ministers and delegates who are present at conference.
 - (e) Committee reports.
 - (f) Unfinished business.
 - (g) Election of officers.
 - (h) New business.
 - (i) Adjournment.
- 2. All resolutions and amendments to this Constitution, except those affecting the Articles of Faith, shall first be presented to the Resolutions Committee, and such committee shall pass upon such resolutions or amendments prior to the submission thereof to the General Conference. Proper notification will be given the ministerial constituency by publishing a deadline date and address for the submission of resolutions. All resolutions that will be presented to the

General Conference shall be mailed to all ministers no later than sixty (60) days prior to the General Conference, with the Resolutions Committee meeting set to accommodate this mailing deadline. A resolution must have the author's signature. If the Resolutions Committee shall fail to act upon such resolution or amendment or shall refuse or fail to report its action thereon to the General Conference, or if the Resolutions Committee shall have failed to report favorably on any such resolution or amendment, then by a vote of twothirds of those in attendance at the General Conference entitled to vote thereat may force such resolution or amendment to a vote of the General Conference. The General Board may submit resolutions to the Resolutions Committee for consideration while the conference is in session. Resolutions presented by the General Board, while the conference is in session, will be published and distributed to the voting constituency in attendance at least twenty-four (24) hours before being presented to the conference for consid-

- 3. All resolutions that remove or change a portion of text from the Manual of the United Pentecostal Church International must be presented in such a way that the removed or changed text appears in context, and the removed text is printed in "strike-through" character text format, added text appears in underlined character text format, and unaltered text appears in normal character text format.
- 4. All resolutions affecting the Articles of Faith of the United Pentecostal Church International shall be presented to the Resolutions Committee and the General Board of said organization before going to the General Conference floor. Should the majority of the General Board and the majority of the Resolutions Committee vote to present the resolution to the conference floor, said resolution shall be properly advertised among the constituents and brought to the next General Conference for action, thus making it possible for a greater representation to be there to take part in the voting.
- 5. All resolutions passed at General Conference affecting the Articles of Faith shall be taken to every district conference to be voted on, requiring two-thirds of the district's voting constituency present for ratification, as well as twothirds of the districts ratifying before it can be implemented.
- 6. All resolutions affecting the method of election, requirements to hold office, or length of term in office may be passed in any conference, but in an election conference they may be passed only after the elections are complete.
- 7. All business meetings in the General Conference shall be conducted according to and in harmony with Robert's Rules of Order Revised.

ARTICLE IV GENERAL OFFICERS

Section 1. Names of Officers.

1. The organization shall have the following general officers: a General Superintendent, two (2) Assistant General Superintendents, a General Secretary-Treasurer, a Director of Foreign Missions, a Director of Home Missions, an Editor in Chief, a Director of Sunday School, a General Youth President, a Superintendent of Education, a General Executive Presbyter for each region and Canada, and a General Presbyter for each district.

Section 2. Election of Officers.

1. The General Superintendent, the Assistant General Superintendents, the General Secretary-Treasurer, the Director of Foreign Missions, the Director of Home Missions, the Director of Sunday School, and the General Youth President shall be elected by the General Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years. All the above offices shall be full time with the exception of the Assistant General Superintendents. After any general official has served four (4) consecutive terms in an elected office, the official would be required to be elected by a two-thirds vote to a fifth term and all consecutive terms. In the event the incumbent does not receive a two-thirds vote on the nominating ballot, a new nominating ballot would be called for and the incumbent's name would be deleted.

- The General Superintendent and the General Secretary-Treasurer shall be elected on alternating years. The Division Secretaries shall be elected (or appointed) concurrent with the General Secretary-Treasurer.
- 3. The General Executive Presbyters shall be elected for a term of two (2) years. The General Executive Presbyters shall be elected according to the following procedure:
 - (a) The General Presbyters of each region and Canada shall nominate two (2) candidates from within each region and Canada to be presented to the General Conference, and the General Executive Presbyters shall be elected from these nominees by the General Conference.
 - (b) The General Presbyters shall nominate two (2) District Superintendents from the Eastern Zone and two (2) District Superintendents from the Western Zone. The nominees from within each zone shall be presented to the General Conference. These General Executive Presbyters shall be elected from the nominees by the General Conference. The term of each office shall be for a two (2) year period.
 - (c) The General Executive Presbyter shall not be allowed to serve two (2) consecutive full terms with the exceptions of the Canadian Regional Executive Presbyter who shall be allowed to succeed himself. The name of the Executive Presbyter for Canada who is elected by the General Conference shall be forwarded to the Canadian conference to be ratified by the directors of the United Pentecostal Church of Canada as the National Presbyter of the United Pentecostal Church of Canada.
 - (d) In the event that a Regional Executive Presbyter no longer resides in the region for which he was elected, he may continue to serve until the next General Conference, at which time his successor shall be elected.
 - (e) In the event a District Superintendent who is serving as a Regional Executive Presbyter in the Eastern Zone or the Western Zone no longer resides in the zone for which he was elected or no longer holds the office of a District Superintendent, he may continue to serve until the next General Conference, at which time his successor shall be elected.
- 4. The General Presbyters shall be elected by their respective District Conference for a term of two (2) years, or until their successors are elected.

Section 3. *Qualifications and Restrictions.*

- 1. In order to hold a general office in our organization, the following qualifications are required: A general officer must be at least thirty (30) years of age, must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine, must have been a minister in good standing with us for at least five (5) years, must have been ordained at least one (1) year prior to election, and must have proven loyal to the organization by cooperation in the up-building of the work. The only exception to the above is that the General Youth President does not have to meet the thirty (30) year age requirement.
- 2. No person can hold two executive offices at the same time.

Section 4. *Voting Constituency*.

- 1. Those who shall be entitled to vote for the election of officers, or upon any proposal, resolution, or any other business that properly comes before the General Conference, shall be accredited ministers in good standing. All accredited ministers who vote must be in actual attendance at the General Conference with the following exceptions:
 - (a) The Foreign Missions Division shall prepare and send to each authorized missionary on the foreign field a ballot for the missionary to list his or her preference for each office to be filled at the General Conference.
 - (b) Said ballot is to be enclosed in a sealed envelope and mailed to the Tabulating Committee of the General Conference in care of the General
 - (c) Said ballot is to be opened only by the Tabulating Committee, and the names submitted are to be used in the election of each officer as long as that name is before the conference.
- 2. Any and all accredited national ministers under the auspices of the Foreign Missions Division shall be welcome to be a part of our General Conferences and shall be granted the same privileges as all accredited ministers with the exception of voting.

Section 5. Method of Election.

- 1. All voting for officers shall be by secret ballot.
- 2. The presiding officer shall appoint a committee of not less than three (3) members who shall act as a Tabulating Committee, which committee shall collect the votes after the first ballot, which shall be known as the nominating ballot. and return the names of the three (3) persons receiving the highest number of votes to the presiding officer unless one person should receive at least a twothirds (2/3) majority of the votes on the nominating ballot, in which event the presiding officer shall declare an election. In the event that the one receiving the two-thirds (2/3) majority declines to serve, a new nominating ballot shall be taken. Each officer shall be voted upon separately in the order mentioned in Article IV. Section 1 hereof.
- 3. In the event that no candidate receives a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote on the nominating ballot, the presiding officer shall present the names of the three (3) persons receiving the highest number of votes for that particular office, together with the number of votes received by each. The General Conference shall thereupon vote upon these three (3) persons, and such vote shall be termed "electoral ballot." Any one of these persons receiving a simple majority of the votes cast on such ballot shall be deemed elected to the particular office involved.
- 4. If no such candidate shall receive a simple majority of such votes cast on the first electoral ballot, the names of the two (2) persons receiving the highest number of votes shall be returned to the presiding officer and another ballot taken on those two (2) names. The balloting shall continue until a simple majority is obtained by one of these two (2) candidates.
- 5. In the event that three (3) names are presented on the first electoral ballot and one name is withdrawn leaving two (2) names on the ballot, voters shall be permitted to write "NO" on their ballots. If the majority of votes cast shall be "NO" votes, a new nominating ballot must be taken. This shall apply only to the first electoral ballot.

Section 6. Objections to Nominees.

1. If there is any objection to any nominee, a request may be made to the chair that the same be referred to a Qualifying Committee. No details of the objection or questions shall be discussed from the floor. The Qualifying Committee may determine a nominee's qualifications only according to that specified in

- the Manual under the qualifications given for the office under consideration.
- 2. The Qualifying Committee Chair shall be appointed by the officer presiding at the time of the objection to the nominee. The committee shall consist of at least three (3) members, but not more than five (5), including the chair of the committee. The Conference Chair shall, prior to the conference, prepare a list of potential members for the Qualifying Committee. This list shall be composed from the current voting membership. The presiding officer shall select from this list in the event this committee is needed.

Section 7. Expiration of Office.

The term of office for all officials elected by the General Conference and all
officials appointed by the General Board or the Executive Board shall expire
on or before January 1 following the election or appointment of their respective successors.

Section 8. Vacancies.

- 1. If a vacancy occurs by the death, resignation, or removal of the General Superintendent, the General Secretary shall be authorized to call a special session of the Board of General Presbyters who will appoint a replacement to serve until the next General Conference. If there remains a year unexpired in the term of the former General Superintendent, the General Conference shall elect a General Superintendent to serve for that year.
- 2. In the event a vacancy shall occur in any other office, the Board of General Presbyters shall fill such vacancy only until the next General Conference. If there remains a year unexpired in the term of said office, the General Conference shall elect a replacement to serve for that year.

ARTICLE V

RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF GENERAL OFFICERS AND RULES APPERTAINING THERETO

Section 1. General Superintendent.

- 1. The duties of the General Superintendent shall be as follows:
 - (a) To preside at all General Conferences.
 - (b) To call General Board meetings.
 - (c) To preside at all sessions of the General Board.
 - (d) To appoint all committees pertaining to the general work.
 - (e) To sign every credential, license, fellowship card, and church certificate.
 - (f) To be overseer of all general work in cooperation with the General Board.
 - (g) To attend all annual district conferences or in the event that he cannot attend, to delegate another general official to represent him.
 - (h) To withhold the issuance of license, credential, or fellowship card when he has reason to believe the applicant may be in question. The application is to be referred back to the District Board or to the Credentials Committee.
 - (i) To be General Overseer and General Manager of all divisions.
- 2. The General Superintendent shall act as President of the Corporation in all legal matters.
 - (a) He shall be authorized to sign all official and legal documents, deeds, and mortgages.
 - (b) He shall act as a trustee of all corporation property.

Section 2. Assistant General Superintendents.

- 1. There shall be two (2) Assistant General Superintendents, each with equal status.
- One Assistant General Superintendent shall reside in the Eastern Zone, one in the Western Zone. The Eastern Zone shall consist of all districts east of the

Mississippi River in the United States of America and the Province of Saskatchewan in Canada; the Western Zone shall consist of all districts west of the Mississippi River in the United States of America and the Province of Manitoba in Canada.

- 3. The duties of the Assistant General Superintendents shall be as follows:
 - (a) To work under the supervision of the General Superintendent.
 - (b) To represent the General Organization at the various district conferences in the absence of the General Superintendent.
 - (c) To perform such other duties as the work of the organization demands under the direction of the General Superintendent.
- 4. The General Superintendent shall be authorized at all times to delegate either Assistant General Superintendent to serve anywhere.

Section 3. *General Secretary-Treasurer.*

- 1. The duties of the General Secretary shall be as follows:
 - (a) To take minutes and to preserve records of business proceedings and all other papers belonging to the organization.
 - (b) To direct the business of his department under the direction of the Executive
 - (c) To withhold the issuance of license, credential, or fellowship card when he has reason to believe applicant may be in question. The application is to be referred back to the District Board or to the Credentials Committee.
 - (d) To sign every credential, license, fellowship card, and church membership
 - (e) To represent the General Organization at the various district conferences in the absence of the General Superintendent or an Assistant General Superintendent.
- 2. The General Secretary shall be authorized to sign all official and legal documents, deeds, and mortgages.
 - (a) He shall act as a trustee of all corporation property.
- 3. The duties of the General Treasurer shall be as follows:
 - (a) To receive and care for all general funds of the organization and to make all disbursements; to keep an accurate record of all such transactions; to hold the books open for inspection by officers or members of the organization; to make a report at each General Conference.
 - (b) To have the books of the General Treasurer audited once each year by a qualified public accountant and finally passed upon by the General Board.

Section 4. *General Executive Presbyters.*

- 1. The duties of the General Executive Presbyters shall be as follows:
 - (a) To work under the supervision of the General Superintendent.
 - (b) To be a member of, and attend, all regular and specially called meetings of the Board of General Presbyters.
 - (c) To be a member of, and attend, all regular and specially called meetings of the Executive Board.
 - (d) To represent the General Organization at the various District Conferences in the absence of the General Superintendent or the Assistant General Superintendent.
 - (e) To perform such other duties as the work of the organization demands under the direction of the General Superintendent.
 - (f) To maintain a spirit of harmony and cooperation between the region he represents and the general work.

Section 5. Resignation of Executives or Officials.

1. When an executive or official tenders his or her resignation, it shall become effective within thirty (30) days of the date tendered. The resignation shall be presented in written form to the respective Division Head and then to the General Superintendent. Resignation of Division Heads shall be presented in written form to the General Superintendent. If either the Division Head or General Superintendent feels that the termination needs to be postponed, the executive who is resigning may be asked to extend the date of termination; otherwise the thirty (30) day rule applies. All benefits will be prorated to the official date of termination. Benefits for the executive's or official's replacement will be prorated from his or her official date of hire.

ARTICLE VI BOARDS AND COMMITTEES

Section 1. Board of General Presbyters.

- 1. The Board of General Presbyters shall consist of the General Superintendent, the Assistant General Superintendents, the General Secretary-Treasurer, the Director of Foreign Missions, the Director of Home Missions, the Editor in Chief, the Sunday School Director, the General Youth President, a General Executive Presbyter for each region, a General Presbyter from each zone, and a General Presbyter for each district.
- 2. The duties of the Board of General Presbyters shall be as follows:
 - (a) To have the general oversight of all activities of the organization, both spiritual and material.
 - (b) To care for all general business and to be the final authority on any question during the interim between conferences.
 - (c) To see that the business of the organization is carried out according to this Constitution.
- When deemed necessary by the General Board, such Board shall have the authority to recommend amendments to this Constitution to be voted upon at the next General Conference.
- 4. Any changes made in the bylaws must be referred to the next General Conference for ratification.
- 5. The Board of General Presbyters shall be authorized to appoint a District Superintendent in unorganized sections or districts that are to be formed. District Superintendents appointed by the Board of General Presbyters shall be ex officio members of the General Board and shall be appointed for a term of one (1) year. In the event said district is organized before the year is expired, the term of office shall cease as of such district organization.
- 6. A candidate for the position of Honorary General Board member may be nominated by any General Board member while the General Board is in session. A standing committee appointed by the General Superintendent will pass on all nominees. To be accepted, nominees that clear this committee must be approved by the General Board and ratified by the General Conference. To be eligible for the position of Honorary General Board member, one must have served at least a total of twenty (20) years (not necessarily continuous) as a General Presbyter, or at least ten (10) years as an Executive Board member. He must be at least sixty-five (65) years of age. Exceptions to the rule concerning the length of service shall be permitted for men who have not served on the General Board long enough to qualify, but who have made other outstanding contributions to God's cause in the line of missionary work, etc. They shall be given the same financial remuneration as General Board members in attending General Board meetings. They shall also comprise an advisory Board of Elders, to be available to the General Superintendent at his discretion, for counsel concerning matters of importance to the organization. They shall be

- accorded all the privileges of General Board members, with the exception of voting in General Board meetings.
- 7. Any or all of the members of the General Board shall be welcome to visit any of the districts at any time and shall be granted the same privileges as members living in the district, with the exception of voting.

Section 2. Executive Board.

- 1. The Board of General Presbyters, while in session, shall be the Executive
- 2. The General Superintendent, Assistant General Superintendents, General Secretary-Treasurer, Director of Foreign Missions, Director of Home Missions, and the General Executive Presbyters shall constitute the Executive Board between the meetings of the General Board and conduct the business of the organization according to these bylaws. The Executive Board may be called into session as frequently as deemed necessary by the General Superintendent.

Section 3. Board of Publication.

- 1. This board shall consist of six (6) ordained ministers from various areas of the field. They shall be appointed by the General Board and ratified by the General Conference for a three (3) year term. Their appointments shall be staggered, with two (2) new members being appointed each year. No minister at Headquarters shall serve on this board, with the exception of the Editor in Chief and the Administrator of the Pentecostal Publishing House, who shall be ex officio members.
- 2. The duties of the Board of Publication are listed in Article VIII, Section 6. Paragraph 5.

Section 4. Credentials Committee.

- 1. The Executive Board shall act as a credentials committee.
- 2. Every credential, license, fellowship card, or church certificate of a questionable nature should have the Committee's approval before being issued.

ARTICLE VII **MINISTRY**

Section 1. Christian Worker's License.

1. A Christian Worker's License may be issued by the pastor for local workers in his or her own assembly.

Section 2. Qualifications and Requirements for Organizational Licenses and Certificate of Ordination.

- 1. Anyone desiring to be affiliated with the United Pentecostal Church International must believe in the Oneness of God as taught in Mark 12:29, John 14:6-11, and I Timothy 3:16; must have the baptism of the Holy Ghost with the initial sign of speaking with other tongues as in Acts 2:4, 10:46, and 19:1-6; must have been baptized by immersion in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ, as in Acts 2:38; must be living a holy and godly life according to the Scriptures as described in the Articles of Faith of the United Pentecostal Church International; and must believe in, teach, and preach the same.
- 2. The acceptance, deferral, or rejection of any application shall be the prerogative of the District Board.
- 3. An application must be properly completed, all questions being carefully answered. The same must be endorsed by a majority of the District Board including the District Superintendent.
 - (a) All applicants who reside and/or labor in unorganized districts shall be

examined by the District Superintendent and District Secretary who in turn shall refer their decision to the Executive Board for final decision.

- 4. All applicants shall be required to appear before their District Board for examination, having made application at least sixty (60) days prior to meeting the Board and must have met any training or seminar requirements set forth by their District Board. The applicants must have the recommendation of their local pastor, having proven themselves faithful to their home church. In the event that they have no local pastor, the matter shall be left to the discretion of the District Board.
- 5. All applicants shall be willing to submit to questioning and, if necessary, investigation by the District Board relative to their financial stewardship.
- 6. No minister shall be permitted to hold license or ordination with any other religious organization or association. Exceptions to this rule shall be made in the case of ministers residing where they cannot receive proper governmental recognition without belonging to an organization in that country. In such a case, special permission shall be obtained from the Executive or General Board, in writing, for said ministers to belong to an organization in that country for this purpose only.
- 7. License or Certificate of Ordination shall not be issued to anyone who teaches the doctrine of unconditional eternal security, and/or annihilation of the wicked dead, and/or the divine (or heavenly) flesh of Christ (defined as that the flesh of Jesus Christ had no biological or genetic relationship to other human beings), and/or all forms of preterism. (Please see the pertinent position paper for a more detailed definition.)
- 8. All applications and all information submitted with the applications, together with the action of the District Board, shall become the property of the organization.
- 9. All applicants must have completed at least one (1) year in a Bible college endorsed by the United Pentecostal Church International (see paragraph 10) or have completed the required reading schedule established by the General Board. The required reading schedule may be obtained from the District Board or from the office of the General Secretary. All applicants, including Bible college students, must read the Bible through at each level of ministry and must read the *Manual* of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 10. If the applicant has attended a Bible college endorsed by the United Pentecostal Church International, the applicant must request the respective college to send the Bible College Report by certified mail, return receipt requested, from the college to the District Superintendent. This report must be received and reviewed by the District Board before a license can be granted. The Bible college shall comply with this request within sixty (60) days. If no report is received within this time period, it is assumed the applicant is in good standing with the Bible college.
- 11. Any U.S. or Canadian citizen residing in a foreign field and desiring ministerial license or credentials shall be examined by the Regional Director and the Missionary Superintendent of the particular field in which he or she is residing and laboring. The names of all applicants endorsed by the Regional Director and the Missionary Superintendent shall be forwarded to the Foreign Missionary Board for its decision. Notification shall be given to the District Superintendent where the applicant previously resided.
 - (a) All applicants in a Foreign Missionary District shall meet the requirements of Article VII, Sections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6.
 - (b) All national ministers residing and laboring outside North America shall be examined and granted license or credentials by their respective national church only.

Section 3. Local License.

- 1. All applicants must be seventeen (17) years of age or over.
- 2. All applicants must have preached an average of one (1) sermon each week for a period of six (6) months or more before being examined by the District Board in relation to their call to the ministry. Exceptions to this requirement would be left to the discretion of the District Board. (It is understood that teaching a Sunday school class or leading services does not meet this requirement.)
- 3. All local licensed ministers are to labor in full cooperation with, and under the supervision of, their local United Pentecostal Church pastor until they enter into ministerial responsibilities severing them from their local assembly.

Section 4. General License.

- 1. All applicants must be nineteen (19) years of age or over.
- 2. All applicants must be presently engaged in the ministry as pastor, full-time evangelist, assistant pastor, assistant to the pastor, elected or appointed official, full-time Bible school administrator, or instructor, except those qualifying under Paragraph 3. Exceptions to this requirement would be left to the discretion of the District Board.
- 3. Theological students (majoring in religion) who complete three (3) years of Bible training in any Bible college endorsed by the United Pentecostal Church International, and who otherwise qualify, may be granted either a Local or General License at the discretion of the District Board of the district in which they establish their legal residence. These students shall request their respective colleges to send the Bible College Report form to the District Superintendent. In no event shall the students be granted a license from the district in which the Bible college is located unless they are actively engaged in the ministry in that district prior to and at the time of licensing.
- 4. All applicants who are not Bible college graduates must have held Local License for at least one (1) year. They must also have proven their ministry for a period of one (1) year or more. During said time, applicants must have preached an average of one (1) sermon each week. (It is understood that teaching a Sunday school class or leading services does not meet this requirement.) Exceptions may be made for applicants who are being accepted from another church organization. (See Section 5, Paragraph 4.)

Section 5. Certificate of Ordination.

- 1. All applicants must be twenty-one (21) years of age or over and must have held General License for at least two (2) years. Any exception to this would be left to the discretion of the District Board.
- All applicants must have proven their ministry for two (2) consecutive years and must presently be an active pastor, full-time evangelist, assistant pastor, appointed or elected official, full-time Bible college administrator or instructor.
- 3. All applicants for Ordination to Military Chaplaincy must fulfill all doctrinal and other qualifications except the specified time of active ministerial service and the need to hold General License prior to applying.
- 4. All applicants who have previously been ordained by another church organization shall appear before the District Board and be thoroughly examined to determine the merits of their ordination and their qualifications for the ministry. The District Board shall determine whether to accept their former ordination, recommend ordination by the United Pentecostal Church International, or grant Local or General License.
- 5. All applicants endorsed for ordination shall be notified by the District Secretary as to the next official meeting where they may be ordained.
- 6. An ordination may be held at any district meeting and must be presided over

by a member of the Board of General Presbyters. A district meeting includes regular or special called District Conferences, conventions, or camp meetings to which all of the ministers of the district are invited. It does not include fellowship meetings, youth rallies, or other sectional gatherings.

Section 6. Validity of Licenses and Certificate of Ordination.

- All Certificates of Ordination, Licenses, and fellowship cards must be signed by the General Superintendent, the General Secretary, and the District Superintendent of the district in which the minister is a member.
- All Licenses and Certificates of Ordination are void without a current fellowship card.
- 3. Ministers who for a period of two (2) consecutive years have not been actively engaged in the ministry shall be called before the District Board for a review of their ministerial status according to Article VII, Section 7, paragraph 27. It is understood that the above shall not apply to those who, because of ill health or advanced age, qualify for honorary membership in the United Pentecostal Church International. (See Article VII, Section 7, Paragraph 15.)
- Any minister withdrawing from our fellowship shall be required to return his
 or her license or Certificate of Ordination and fellowship card to the District
 Superintendent.

Section 7. *Obligations and Rules.*

- Ministers should not accept the invitation of a member or members of any assembly to hold a meeting in any church where there is a pastor without first obtaining said pastor's consent. Where there is no pastor, the consent of the church officials in charge must be obtained.
- 2. Any minister affiliated with us, desiring to hold a meeting in a town or community where there is an affiliated church or pastor shall first consult and obtain the consent of the pastor before conducting a revival or crusade on his or her own or for another assembly that is not in fellowship. He or she may appeal the pastor's decision to the nearest District Presbyter.
- 3. No minister affiliated with the UPCI shall endeavor to start a new work without the written consent of the District Board. Furthermore, any minister wishing to establish a preaching point, begin a daughter work, or start a church in a district other than the one in which he or she resides or holds license, must comply with all policies governing such activity in said district.
- 4. No minister, or church congregation pastored by one of our ministers, shall relocate or move an existing church into a city or neighborhood where there is another United Pentecostal Church, without written permission from the District Board. All applications for permission to relocate or move an existing church congregation in a city or neighborhood where there is another United Pentecostal Church must be submitted in writing thirty (30) days prior to the Board meeting. The District Secretary shall notify the Sectional Presbyter of the application at least twenty (20) days prior to the Board meeting. The presbyter shall notify the neighboring pastors, if needed and necessary, at least ten (10) days before the Board meeting.
- 5. Ministers shall not accept the invitation of a member or members, or the pastor of any assembly, to preach in any church that is held in question without first getting the consent of the District Superintendent.
- 6. In interpersonal relationships of ministers and saints of different congregations, in the matter of volunteer services or religious activities, the pastor of local church saints will be first contacted for approval. In the event of rejection, the decision shall be held in confidence. This applies on the national, district, or sectional level.

- 7. Any minister holding license or credentials who resigns the pastorate of a church, shall be expected to sever all connection with the said church and shall have no fellowship or visitation with any members who are held in question by his or her successor without his or her consent.
- 8. Each minister holding a Local License is required to pay \$374 annually into a budget fund, which will entitle said minister to a Manual, a Ministerial and Church Directory, a subscription to the Forward, a subscription to the Pentecostal Herald, and a ten-thousand-dollar group life insurance policy with double indemnity and dismemberment provisions as specified.
- 9. Each minister holding a General License is required to pay \$386 annually into a budget fund, which will entitle said minister to a Manual, a Ministerial and Church Directory, a subscription to the Forward, a subscription to the Pentecostal Herald, and a ten-thousand-dollar group life insurance policy with double indemnity and dismemberment provisions as specified.
- 10. Each minister holding a Certificate of Ordination is required to pay \$398 annually into a budget fund, which will entitle said minister to a Manual, a Ministerial and Church Directory, a subscription to the Forward, a subscription to the *Pentecostal Herald*, and a ten-thousand-dollar group life insurance policy with double indemnity and dismemberment provisions as specified.
- 11. All ministers accepted into our fellowship after the first of any quarter (January 1. April 1. July 1, or October 1) shall be required to pay for that year beginning from the first of the quarter during which they are accepted. Thereafter all ministers shall be required to pay their budget fee at least one quarter (three months) in advance.
- 12. All ministers are to pay their budget fee on at least a quarterly basis in advance. Ministers failing to keep their budget fee paid in advance shall be notified by a final notice statement that they have thirty (30) days during which time remittance may be made before a ministerial termination notice is issued. If a minister receives a termination notice, he or she may be reinstated provided remittance plus a \$50 service fee is received within twenty (20) days of the termination date and the reinstatement meets with district approval. Otherwise, the minister must complete a new application form and appear before the District Board before he or she can be reinstated.
- 13. All ministers licensed or ordained shall be required to fully cooperate with the ministerial financial plan of the districts of which they are members. (See paragraph 28.) Any minister failing to fully cooperate with the ministerial financial plan of the district of which he or she is a member shall be notified by the District Board that after thirty (30) days he or she will be suspended unless a satisfactory remittance is made or a satisfactory explanation is given. In the event that a minister is suspended in this manner, he or she must fill out a new application for license or credentials and appear before the District Board before he or she can be reinstated.
- 14. All ministers, licensed or ordained, during the same year as the normally scheduled election of the General Superintendent (biennially), shall be required to sign a statement reaffirming their loyalty to the Fundamental Doctrine as stated in the Articles of Faith and the holiness standards as stated in the Articles of Faith of the United Pentecostal Church International, Said statement shall be sent to each minister at least sixty (60) days prior to the expiration of the current fellowship card. Any minister failing to sign and return the statement within this sixty-day period shall be notified that after thirty (30) days the membership fellowship card will be suspended. After this thirty (30) day grace period, a suspended minister must fill out a new application for license or credentials together with a signed statement and appear before the District Board before he or she may be considered for reinstatement.

- 15. Ministers of the United Pentecostal Church International who are at least sixtyfive (65) years of age shall be eligible to become honorary ministers in the United Pentecostal Church International, after having faithfully served for twenty (20) years in the ministry, and having made a substantial contribution to the work of God, so long as they shall live and remain in the faith, upon recommendation by their respective District Boards and approval of the Executive Board of the United Pentecostal Church International. Such ministers shall be exempt from budget fees if deemed necessary by the District Board. Such ministers shall be required to pay their full premiums on their group insurance at the prevailing rate of premium. The budget fee of such a minister must be paid in full at the time the honorary membership is granted. An honorary minister's license or credentials shall be kept intact. An annual fellowship card, a *Manual*. a Ministerial and Church Directory, the Pentecostal Herald, and the Forward shall be mailed to honorary ministers without charge. Any minister who reaches age seventy (70), has a financial need, and is not an honorary member at the time, may be exempt from budget fees upon approval of the District Board. Such ministers shall be required to pay the full premium on their group insurance at the current prevailing rate of premium.
 - (a) Any minister who becomes disabled due to illness or injury may be exempted from paying budget fees upon approval of the District Board. Said exemption may continue for the duration of the disability. Such minister shall be required to pay the full premium on his or her group insurance at the current prevailing rate of premium.
- 16. Any minister holding or seeking to hold credentials or a license with us who speaks or writes in opposition to any Articles of Faith shall be called before the District Board who shall decide upon the penalty to be inflicted.
- 17. No minister, whether licensed or ordained, can be a member of any secret lodge society (exclusive of labor unions) and hold license or credentials with the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 18. The United Pentecostal Church International requires all of its members to avoid mixed bathing or swimming in public places or any other time when there are those of the opposite sex present outside of the immediate family.
- 19. Ministers holding local license may not perform marriage ceremonies unless they are serving as pastors or are specifically authorized to do so by their respective pastor.
- 20. Any minister who has been dropped or disfellowshipped or has withdrawn from our fellowship and said action has been accepted by the district and general officials shall not be received back into our fellowship under one (1) year and then not without first appearing before the district with which he or she was formerly affiliated, for a thorough investigation and acceptance by them, having made application to meet said Board at least sixty (60) days prior. The District Secretary shall notify the board members of such application at least forty-five (45) days before the meeting. Exception to the above sixty (60) and forty-five (45) day periods shall be left to the discretion of the District Board. No license or credential of any minister being dropped or disfellowshipped or who has withdrawn shall be accepted by the Headquarters office unless accompanied by the decision of the District Board and the reason for the action of the District Board in dropping or disfellowshipping said minister, or the reason why said minister has withdrawn.
- 21. No minister who withdraws or is dropped from our fellowship, whose conduct is under question, shall be allowed to preach for any of our ministers, nor pastor any of our churches. Neither shall any minister of the United Pentecostal Church International fellowship be allowed to preach or participate in any form in services (except funerals and weddings) sponsored or conducted by any minister who

- has withdrawn or been dropped, whose conduct is under question. This does not apply to anyone being used in any capacity in his or her local assembly, with the exception of the position of associate pastor or assistant pastor.
- (a) The term "under question" shall be taken to mean a formal decision by a District Board reflecting a concern that conduct in flagrant violation of the Manual of the United Pentecostal Church International has occurred.
- (b) The term "conduct unbecoming a minister" shall be taken to mean any conduct of a moral, financial, or ethical nature that would cause reproach upon the ministry.
- 22. Any minister committing an offense in any district other than his or her home district may be tried in the district in which the offense is committed.
- 23. Any minister belonging to our organization who commits an offense that the District Board, after proper investigation, feels affects more than that particular district, may refer the matter to the Board of General Presbyters for a final decision.
- 24. Any minister committing sins that are a great hindrance to the body and continuing to preach and fill the pulpit shall be silenced indefinitely.
- 25. Any minister having knowledge of one being so silenced and admitting such a one to preach and fill the pulpit shall be silenced until proper restitution is made.
- 26. Any minister who formerly has held license or credentials with the United Pentecostal Church International and has been dropped, or has withdrawn under question from our fellowship, having fallen into sin, and later claims to have repented and seeks reinstatement, shall be required to first prove to be faithful in a local church for at least two (2) years and secure the endorsement of his or her pastor the same as all applicants entering the ministry for the first time. Such applicant shall apply for reinstatement at least sixty (60) days prior to meeting the District Board, and the District Secretary shall notify the Board members of such application at least forty-five (45) days before the applicant appears before the Board. Exception to the above sixty (60) and forty-five (45) day periods shall be left to the discretion of the District Board.
- 27. All ministers not actively engaged in pastoring, evangelizing, or teaching shall be required to have a regular place of worship, pastored by a United Pentecostal Church International minister, work in perfect harmony with their pastor, pay their tithes into the assembly, and make an effort to become actively engaged in the ministry, or forfeit their license or credentials. A District Board may grant an exception to this provision to a minister who is licensed in said district.
- 28. All ministers, ordained or licensed, shall affiliate with the district in which they labor and reside, and work in cooperation with the same.
 - (a) All evangelists and teachers shall affiliate with the district with which they may desire to be a member and work in harmony and cooperation with the same.
 - (b) All evangelists and teachers shall choose the section with which they desire to be affiliated and register the desired section with the District Secretary. They shall work in harmony and cooperation with the selected section. The evangelists and teachers may vote only in that sectional conference as well as their District and General Conferences.
 - (c) If a pastor resides in one district and pastors in another, he or she shall affiliate and cooperate with the district wherein the church he or she pastors is located, unless by mutual agreement between the two (2) districts involved, further exception shall be made in special cases. An assistant pastor must be a member of the same district as the pastor whom he or she assists; exception shall be made in special cases by mutual agreement between the two (2) districts involved.

- (d) A minister who is the founding or duly elected official pastor of two or more churches will vote with the section in which the churches are located. In the event that the churches are located in separate districts, the minister must vote in the district wherein he or she is licensed. In the event that the churches are located in separate sections, the minister must choose which section in which he or she will vote. Any exception to the above will be by the mutual agreement between districts or by the District Board when involving more than one section.
- 29. A certificate of transfer shall be issued by the District Secretary for a minister who is leaving his or her home district to establish residence in another district.
- 30. No licensed minister who is a student in a recognized Bible school shall be permitted to transfer from his or her home district into the district where he or she is a student in said Bible school as long as he or she is enrolled as a student in same.
- 31. No minister having a television in his or her home shall be permitted to hold license or credentials with the United Pentecostal Church International. This does not preclude the option to use television for advertising.
- 32. The use of video must strictly be limited to those areas in which motion picture cameras and projectors are traditionally permitted to be used: namely, in taking of pictures of families, friends, and church activities and the viewing of educational, religious, and inspirational films that are consistent with wholesome Christian principles. Furthermore, we strongly oppose the viewing of all worldly motion pictures and video films that are shown commercially in theaters and on television for entertainment purposes. All video receivers must be altered so that they are not able to receive television channels.
- 33. No minister affiliated with us shall accept any individual recognized as a member from a church pastored by another United Pentecostal Church International minister without a letter of release or transfer. No minister affiliated with us shall refuse a letter of release or transfer to an individual recognized as a member desiring to withdraw from his or her assembly unless proven guilty of misconduct by confession or conviction prior to his or her request for transfer.
- 34. A minister shall not be the sole trustee or owner of real property of the local church. Neither shall the majority of the trustees be from the minister's immediate family. Any extenuating circumstances that warrant an exception to this trustee policy shall be made by the District Board.
- 35. When a minister receives information that is a privileged communication, the minister shall not divulge or repeat any part of such communication to any other person unless compelled to do so by law or if the communicant waives the privilege. Privileged communication shall be defined as any confession or communication made to a minister in confidence by a person seeking spiritual advice or consolation and who expects that such information will not be divulged by the minister to another person.

Section 8. Marriage and Divorce—Innocent Party.

1. Inasmuch as the ministry is the highest office on earth, no person shall be eligible as a minister if after having been filled with the Holy Ghost said person has been divorced for any cause save fornication or adultery on the part of the one from whom he or she has been divorced, and has remarried; or after having been filled with the Holy Ghost said person has married a person who has been divorced for any cause save fornication or adultery on the part of the one from who he or she has been divorced. Further, if fornication or adultery is claimed as the grounds of divorce, sufficient evidence other than his or her own personal testimony must be presented to the District Board. The following procedure shall apply to all ministers applying for license who have been divorced or whose spouse has been divorced since

receiving the Holy Ghost, but it shall not apply to currently licensed ministers seeking a license upgrade. Every minister should expect full investigation and give wholehearted cooperation to the District Board. The minister shall provide the following items to the District Board.

- (a) Court records for the case being considered.
- (b) Minister's written personal testimony, stating the improper conduct of his or her former spouse.
- (c) At least two written testimonies of reliable witnesses, stating their personal knowledge of any improper conduct of the former spouse. Also two written testimonies attesting to the fact the party involved has lived a life of integrity and has conducted himself or herself above reproach, both before and after the time of the divorce.
- (d) When a minister's spouse has been divorced, the spouse is to provide the same documentation as required of ministers.
- 2. The responsibility of the District Board in all cases shall be as follows:
 - (a) The District Board must determine whether or not the party involved has lived a life of integrity and has conducted himself or herself above reproach, both before and after the time of the divorce.
 - (b) The District Board must remember always that the Bible gives as the only grounds for divorcement and remarriage, adultery or fornication (Matthew 5:32: 19:9).
 - (c) The District Board must fill out the United Pentecostal Church International form of "INSTRUCTIONS FOR MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE CASES" and forward it to headquarters for final disposition according to Paragraph 3.
- 3. Final Disposition
 - (a) If the District Board is unanimous in approving the case, the entire file shall be referred to the Executive Board for the final decision.
 - (b) If the District Board is not unanimous in approving the case, the entire file shall be referred to the Board of General Presbyters for the final decision.
 - (c) If after investigation the District Board does not approve a new minister's application, the case is not sent any further.
- 4. Remarriage. We recommend that divorced ministers do not remarry. (See Articles of Faith—Marriage and Divorce.) However, if remarriage is desired, the minister should wait at least one (1) year from the date of the divorce becoming final. If a divorced person has remarried or wishes to remarry, the District Board must determine that adultery or fornication has occurred on the part of the person's former spouse. The personal testimony and the testimonies of two witnesses must support this determination.
- 5. Currently Licensed Minister. If a minister desires to marry a person who is divorced he or she shall meet the District Board. If a minister of the UPCI is divorced or estranged for any reason from his or her spouse after receiving his or her license, he or she shall request a meeting with the District Board within 60 days of the divorce or estrangement. If a minister fails to make this request within 60 days, then the District Board shall summons the minister according to the UPCI Judicial Procedure, Article III, Section 2, Paragraph 1. The investigation and disposition shall be conducted according to the UPCI Constitution, Article VII, Section 8, Paragraphs 1-4 (except that in cases of estrangement there may be no court records). If the District Board determines that the minister was at fault or was complicit with or contributed significantly to the divorce or estrangement, he or she shall not be eligible as a minister, and the District Board shall recommend to the credentials committee that the minister be dropped from the fellowship of the UPCI. The minister shall be informed of the District Board's decision in writing and all

investigative documents shall be placed in the minister's file in the District Office.

Section 9. Immoral Conduct.

- 1. For the purpose of ministerial membership in the United Pentecostal Church International or for ministering in a United Pentecostal Church International church, immoral conduct shall be defined as adultery, fornication, homosexuality, incest, and/or any other sexual acts determined by the District Board to be perverted or immoral (Matthew 5:32; Matthew 19:9; I Corinthians 6:9; Romans 1:24-28).
- Any minister affiliated with our organization proven guilty of adultery or fornication, or committing any other immoral offense, shall forfeit his or her papers immediately. Immoral offense shall include sexual molestation of minors.
- 3. In the event a minister confesses in writing to immoral conduct and surrenders his or her fellowship card, no trial shall be granted. In either case, such minister shall never be qualified for reinstatement into the ministry of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 4. Any minister formerly affiliated with any other organization, (or any other minister) who has been proven guilty of committing the act of adultery or fornication, or committing any other immoral offense, either by confession or conviction, shall not be eligible for license or ordination in the United Pentecostal Church International.

Section 10. Moral Obligations.

- 1. "This is a true saying, If a man desire the office of a bishop, he desireth a good work. A bishop then must be blameless, the husband of one wife, vigilant, sober, of good behaviour, given to hospitality, apt to teach; not given to wine, no striker, not greedy of filthy lucre; but patient, not a brawler, not covetous; one that ruleth well his own house, having his children in subjection with all gravity; (for if a man know not how to rule his own house, how shall he take care of the church of God?) Not a novice, lest being lifted up with pride he fall into the condemnation of the devil. Moreover he must have a good report of them which are without; lest he fall into reproach and the snare of the devil" (I Timothy 3:1-7).
- 2. "If any be blameless, the husband of one wife, having faithful children not accused of riot or unruly. For a bishop must be blameless, as the steward of God; not selfwilled, not soon angry, not given to wine, no striker, not given to filthy lucre; but a lover of hospitality, a lover of good men, sober, just, holy, temperate; holding fast the faithful word as he hath been taught, that he may be able by sound doctrine both to exhort and to convince the gainsayers" (Titus 1:6-9).

ARTICLE VIII DIVISION OF PUBLICATIONS

Section 1. Name.

1. The name of this division shall be the Division of Publications of the United Pentecostal Church International.

Section 2. Purpose.

- The Division of Publications shall serve as the channel for publishing Biblecentered Christian literature on behalf of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 2. In cooperation with the other divisions, the Division of Publications shall promote evangelism through books, periodicals, tracts, and other printed matter.

Section 3. The Officers.

1. President

- Vice President
- 3. Editor in Chief
- 4. Associate Editor
- 5. Publishing House Administrator
- 6. Director of Marketing
- 7. Pentecostal Herald Editor
- 8. Trustees

Section 4. The Officers shall be selected as follows:

- 1. The General Superintendent of the United Pentecostal Church International shall serve as President (ex officio) of the Division of Publications.
- 2. The General Secretary-Treasurer of the United Pentecostal Church International shall serve as Vice President (ex officio) of the Division of Publications.
- 3. Editor in Chief:
 - (a) He shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters for a two (2) year term, the appointment to be ratified by the General Conference, concurrent with the term of the General Superintendent. His or her term of office shall expire on or before January 1, following the appointment of a successor.
- 4. Associate Editor/Editors:
 - (a) The Associate Editor shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters for a term of two (2) years, alternating with the term of the Editor in Chief.
 - (b) Other editors shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters as the need arises.
- 5. The Publishing House Administrator shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters for a period of two (2) years, concurrent with the term of the General Secretary-Treasurer.
- 6. The Marketing Director shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters for a period of two (2) years, concurrent with the term of General Superintendent.
- 7. The Editor of the Pentecostal Herald shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters for a period of two (2) years, concurrent with the term of the General Secretary-Treasurer.
- 8. The General Superintendent, the General Secretary, and the (2) Assistant General Superintendents of the United Pentecostal Church International shall be the trustees of the Division of Publications.

Section 5. Divisional Structure.

- 1. The President (ex officio) shall represent the Division of Publications in all legal matters, and shall have authority to sign all papers, writs, and contracts that might be necessary in the safe conduct of the business of the Division of Publications.
- 2. The Vice President (ex officio) shall act in the place and stead of the President during his absence or disability. The Vice President shall have the same authority vested as the President may have.
- 3. The Editor in Chief shall serve as the head of the Division of Publications and shall work closely and in harmony with the president and the vice-president in all matters concerning the division.
- 4. The Division of Publications shall be made up of four departments:
 - (a) Editorial
 - (b) Pentecostal Publishing House
 - (c) Marketing
 - (d) The Pentecostal Herald
- 5. Each department shall be managed by its respective officers under the direction of the Editor in Chief. Together, the department heads shall constitute the

Executive Committee, chaired by the Editor in Chief. The Executive Committee shall meet as called by the chairman to share information, provide council, arrive at decisions, and ensure cooperation between the departments.

Section 6. Departmental Structure—Editorial Department.

- 1. Purpose.
 - (a) The Editorial Department shall offer editorial assistance to the divisions in their publications.
 - (b) The Editorial Department shall scan all publications to assure the correct doctrinal position according to the Articles of Faith of the United Pentecostal Church International and to maintain acceptable standards of editorial excellence.
 - (c) When a publication is likely to be distributed internationally, the Editorial Department shall scan the publication as to its international acceptance.
- 2. Qualifications of Officers.
 - (a) The Editor in Chief and the Associate Editor shall have the same qualifications as in Article IV, Section 3, Paragraph 1 of the General Constitution, and further shall have an adequate educational background.
 - (b) Other editors shall have an adequate educational background.
- 3. Board of Publication and Executive Publication Committee.
 - (a) The Board of Publication shall consist of six (6) ordained ministers from various areas of the field. They shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters and ratified by the General Conference for a three (3)- year term. Their appointments shall be staggered, with two (2) members being appointed each year. No minister at Headquarters shall serve on this board, with the exception of the Editor in Chief.
 - (b) The Executive Publication Committee shall be made up of the Editor in Chief, the General Secretary, the Associate Editor in the Editorial Department, the Pentecostal Publishing House Administrator, the Word Aflame® Editor and Associate Editor, the Editor of the Pentecostal Herald, and the Division Head or his or her appointed representative when the publication is related to his or her division.
- 4. Duties.
 - (a) Editor in Chief.
 - (1) He shall serve as the head of the Division of Publications, and shall work in harmony with the president and the vice-president in all matters concerning the division.
 - (2) He shall scan all divisional manuscripts prepared for periodicals and other publications, with the exception of divisional promotional material. This includes all Sunday school literature. The Editor in Chief shall have the right to request changes in any publication. If and when there is a difference of opinion between any editor and the Editor in Chief, and no agreement can be reached, he shall take the matter to the Executive Publication Committee. If necessary, he may refer the matter to the Board of Publication, whose decision shall be appealed only to the Executive Board.
 - (3) He shall call for, and preside over, all Board of Publication meetings. When deemed necessary, he or she shall counsel with this board concerning any doubtful materials.
 - (4) He shall serve as chair of the Executive Publication Committee.
 - (5) He shall represent the Division of Publications on the General Board.
 - (6) He shall serve as an ex officio member of the Word Aflame® Curriculum Committee.
 - (7) He shall serve as a member of the committee to select writers for

- Sunday school literature. Other members of this committee shall be the General Sunday School Director and the Editor of Word Aflame® Publications.
- (8) He shall make an annual report to the General Board, making any recommendations deemed necessary to better the work or to increase the scope of the Division of Publications.
- (9) He shall receive and be responsible for the safekeeping of all book manuscripts, which may be assigned to an associate editor for an evalnation.

5. Board of Publication.

- (a) The Board of Publication shall implement the general policy for all publications edited by the United Pentecostal Church International.
- (b) At the request of the Editor in Chief, the Board of Publication shall pass upon any periodical (or part thereof) and upon any article of questionable nature. Its decision upon any of the aforementioned items shall be final.
- (c) The Editorial Department shall send members of the Board of Publication copies of all books, tracts, etc., after they have been produced by the United Pentecostal Church International. This shall be for the purpose of evaluation and communication. The Editorial Department shall send an evaluation sheet to be filled out and returned to the Executive Publication Committee after the item has been reviewed.
- (d) The Board of Publication shall meet at least twice annually. In these meetings, the board members shall evaluate all publications of the United Pentecostal Church International. They shall evaluate publications to determine if all the publication needs of the fellowship are being met. They shall give to the Executive Publication Committee any advice they deem necessary. The Board of Publication shall, in these semi-annual meetings, make suggestions and offer advice concerning any United Pentecostal Church International periodical or publication, including setting standards for costs and quality control.
- (e) All divisions desiring to publish new periodicals must receive approval from the Board of Publication at its regularly scheduled meetings. The Board of Publication should determine the need for the requested publication, its feasibility, and that it does not infringe upon or duplicate an existing publication.
- (f) The head of each division and/or a representative appointed by him shall meet with the Board of Publication at least twice annually for critique. direction, and instruction for the purpose of increasing and improving our publications for evangelizing the world. The Board of Publication may also sponsor a writers' seminar, open to our constituency, in conjunction with these meetings.
- (g) If, at any time, the Editor in Chief or a division head feels that books, tracts, etc., already printed and being distributed by the United Pentecostal Church International, should be revised, He shall present his opinion in writing to the Board of Publication, whose decision concerning the item or items in question shall be final, with the consent of the author.
- (h) If, at any time, the Editor in Chief or a division head feels that books, tracts, etc., already printed and being distributed by the United Pentecostal Church International should be discontinued, he shall present his recommendation in writing to the Board of Publication, whose decision shall be final. If such material is copyrighted, the author shall have the option of taking up the copyright.

6. Executive Publication Committee.

(a) All manuscripts for publication are to be submitted to the Editor in Chief, who may at his discretion assign said manuscripts to an associate editor for analysis and recommendation for publication. Manuscripts shall then be returned to the Executive Publication Committee for approval or disapproval. In the event the Editor in Chief or division head does not agree with the decision of the Executive Publication Committee, or with the recommended changes in the manuscript, he may appeal to the Board of Publication at its next meeting.

- (b) All manuscripts deemed unacceptable shall be returned to the author with a suitable explanation.
- (c) The Publishing House Administrator shall keep the Editor in Chief informed of the progress of the manuscript through production.

Section 7. Departmental Structure—Pentecostal Publishing House.

1. Name.

(a) There shall be a publishing house at the headquarters of the United Pentecostal Church International, to be called the Pentecostal Publishing House.

2. Purpose.

(a) The purpose of the Pentecostal Publishing House shall be to advance the cause of spreading the whole gospel to the whole world through the production and dissemination of religious knowledge, useful literature, and spiritual information in the form of books, tracts, periodicals, etc.

3. Officers.

- (a) President
- (b) Vice President
- (c) Editor in Chief
- (d) Publishing House Administrator
- (e) Trustees

4. Qualifications.

- (a) The Pentecostal Publishing House Administrator shall conform to the fundamental doctrine, be of unquestionable character and integrity, and further have an adequate background in the following fields:
 - (1) Administration
 - (2) Personnel Management
 - (3) Production Management and Cost Accounting

5. Duties of Officers.

- (a) The Administrator shall work under the direction of the Editor in Chief and in harmony with the other members of the Executive Committee of the Division of Publications.
- (b) The Administrator, under the direction of the Editor in Chief, shall have charge of the property of the Publishing House and shall be responsible for the prudent use and safe management of everything committed to him or her.
- (c) The Administrator shall prepare biannual reports to the General Board, showing the exact condition of the business of the Publishing House.
- (d) All reports and exhibits shall be audited at least once a year by a qualified public accountant.
- (e) The Administrator shall publish only the books and tracts of whose publication the Executive Publication Committee shall approve.
- (f) The Administrator shall supply, as far as is practicable, the demands of the organization for Bibles, books, tracts, and periodicals, availing himself of all the facilities of other establishments for their publication at the cheapest rates; and in all their investments for the manufacture of books, tracts, etc., he shall be governed strictly by good business practice.
- (g) The Administrator shall make no investments in grounds, houses, or permanent fixtures, without the consent of the Board of General Presbyters;

nor have the authority to involve the Publishing House in debt without the consent of the Board of General Presbyters.

Section 8. Departmental Structure—Marketing Department.

- 1. Purpose.
 - (a) The purpose of the Marketing Department shall be to serve the Division of Publications, and if asked, any other division, by endeavoring to make available the right material, to the right people, at the right time. These guidelines will assist the Marketing Department in tracking opportunities for greater ministry and market awareness within the UPCI, sister organizations, bookstores in general and the larger retail market.
- 2. Officers.
 - (a) Marketing Director
- 3. Qualifications.
 - (a) The qualifications for the Marketing Director shall be the same as Article IV, Section 3, Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the General Constitution.
- 4. Duties of Officers.
 - (a) The Marketing Director shall work under the direction of the Editor in Chief and in harmony with the other members of the Executive Committee of the Division of Publications.
 - (b) The Marketing Director shall be in charge of the marketing effort for the Pentecostal Publishing House, Word Aflame, and the *Pentecostal Herald*.
 - (c) The Marketing Department will offer its expertise to other divisions who wish to take advantage of the offer to help market their own products.

Section 9. Departmental Structure—The Pentecostal Herald Department.

- 1. Purpose.
 - (a) The purpose of the *Pentecostal Herald* Department shall be to publish in an effective way what God is doing, who God is blessing, where God is directing, how God is leading, what we believe, why we believe it, and other helpful articles.
- 2. Officers.
 - (a) The Editor of the *Pentecostal Herald*.
- 3. Qualifications.
 - (a) The qualifications for the Editor of the *Pentecostal Herald* shall be the same as Article IV, Section 3, Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the General Constitution.
- 4. Duties of Officers.
 - (a) The Editor of the Pentecostal Herald shall work under the direction of the Editor in Chief and in harmony with the other members of the Executive Committee of the Division of Publications.
 - (b) The Editor of the Pentecostal Herald shall be responsible for the editing of the Pentecostal Herald (our official organ) and any other publications as the United Pentecostal Church International may direct.
 - (c) The Editor of the Pentecostal Herald shall actively publicize the Pentecostal Herald in meetings and through the mail, urging ministers to give their support to our official organ and to distribute it each month to all families in their assemblies.

ARTICLE IX DIVISION OF EDUCATION

Section 1. Name.

1. The name of this division shall be called the "Division of Education."

Section 2. Purposes.

- 1. To preserve apostolic doctrine, experience, and practice in the educational systems of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 2. To maintain a system of supervision and endorsement for the educational systems within the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 3. To encourage the consistent upgrading of our educational systems.
- 4. To serve as a resource agency, assisting and making available educational materials, and information regarding governmental and social trends.
- 5. To assist in any problem area that may arise in the school or institution.
- 6. To encourage active financial support for religious education.

Section 3. Function.

- 1. The division shall function as an integral part of the United Pentecostal Church International and shall be responsible to the General and Executive Boards and to the General Conference.
- 2. The Division of Education shall be responsible for the following:
 - (a) Bible Colleges and Graduate Schools:
 - (1) To have the jurisdiction of all endorsed Bible colleges and Graduate schools according to the Manual of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (2) To direct the policies of the educational program, and shall make such recommendations to the General Board as they deem advisable.
 - (3) To bring a written report to the General Conference concerning the status of the educational program.
 - (4) To have the authority to recommend the endorsement of a Bible college or a Graduate school, or they may recommend that endorsement be withdrawn from any endorsed educational institution to the General Board. The Bible college or Graduate school shall be informed of the recommended action of the Division of Education and permitted to defend its present position and/or present reasons for continued endorsement.
 - (5) To inspect colleges and graduate schools that are endorsed or seeking endorsement.
 - (b) Liberal Arts Colleges:
 - (1) To have the jurisdiction of all endorsed Liberal Arts colleges according to the Manual of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (2) To examine the policies of the educational program, and shall make such recommendations to the General Board as they deem advisable.
 - (3) To bring a written report to the General Conference concerning the status of the educational program.
 - (4) To have the authority to recommend to the General Board the endorsement of a Liberal Arts college or the withdrawal of endorsement; the decision of the General Board to be final.
 - (5) To inspect Liberal Arts colleges that are endorsed or seeking endorsement
 - (c) Christian Schools:
 - (1) To act in an advisory capacity to all Christian Schools.
 - (2) To provide a directory of said schools.
 - (3) To provide structure for an Association of UPC Christian Schools.
 - (d) Correspondence Schools:
 - (1) Any endorsed college may exercise its privilege in offering correspondence courses.

- (2) To maintain standards of excellence, any correspondence school offering courses contributing toward the earning of a diploma or degree must also be related to a residence study program in an endorsed college.
- (e) Chaplaincy Corps:
 - (1) To serve in an advisory capacity to the Superintendent of Education in the endorsement and placement of chaplains within the military.
- 3. The Division of Education shall initiate projects with the approval of the General Board that shall further the cause of education.

Section 4. General Officers.

- 1. General Officers of the Division of Education shall be as follows:
 - (a) Superintendent of Education
 - (b) Secretary of Education
 - (c) Three (3) other members:
 - (1) Superintendent and Secretary of Education shall be members of the Board of Education by virtue of their office.
 - (2) Three (3) other members shall be appointed by the General Board and ratified by the General Conference.
 - (3) No member of the Board of Education shall be a member of the faculty, dean, principal, president, board member, or any other employee of any Bible or Liberal Arts college.

Section 5. *Selection of Officers.*

- 1. The Superintendent and Secretary shall be appointed by the General Board and ratified by the General Conference for a two (2) year period or until their successors are chosen.
- 2. The three (3) members of the Board of Education other than the Superintendent and Secretary shall be chosen by the General Board and ratified by the General Conference for a period of three (3) years, or until their successors in office are appointed.
- 3. The appointments shall be so arranged that one (1) member will be appointed each year, leaving a majority of senior members at all times.
- 4. All members of the Board of Education shall be appointed only upon their consent and with the assurance that they will actively serve.

Section 6. *Qualifications and Restrictions.*

- 1. The qualifications for the general officers of the Division of Education shall be the same as Article IV, Section 3, Paragraph 1.
- 2. Must sign that they believe in the divine inspiration of the whole Bible, the infallibility of the original writings, and that the Bible is truth without error and is inspired even to the very words and is therefore the inscripted Word of God.

Section 7. Duties of Officers.

- 1. The duties of the Superintendent of Education shall be as follows:
 - (a) To preside over all meetings of the Board of Education.
 - (b) To preside over all meetings of the Advisory Council.
 - (c) To initiate ideas for the advancement of education within the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (d) To supervise and execute the policy of the Division of Education.
 - (e) To serve as endorsing agent for the Chaplaincy Corps.
- 2. The duties of the Secretary of Education shall be as follows:
 - (a) To serve as the recording secretary for the Division of Education, and to keep a record of all official acts of this department.
 - (b) To conduct correspondence relative to the Division of Education.
 - (c) To perform such other duties as pertains to the Division of Education under the supervision of the Superintendent of Education.

- 3. The duties of the Board of Education shall be as follows:
 - (a) To execute the functions and purposes of the Division of Education as described in the *Manual* of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (b) To approve requirements for entry into any Bible college or educational institution approved or endorsed by the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (c) To receive a curricular outline and shall be empowered to order a discontinuation of any course of study that they deem contrary to our Articles of Faith and Fundamental Doctrine. Any school having been judged to present such a course shall have the right to appeal the order of discontinuation to the General Board. Said course cannot be taught while appeal is being processed.

Section 8. Recognized Colleges.

- 1. The Division of Education shall recognize two classes of colleges: (1) Bible colleges and (2) Liberal Arts colleges.
 - (a) Bible college: An educational institution whose primary purpose is the training of students in Bible related fields and whose curriculum is Bible centered.
 - (b) Liberal Arts college: An educational institution whose curriculum is centered in secular field. No theological degree may be offered by a Liberal Arts college.

2. District Colleges:

- (a) Definition: Any college that is founded or established by the will or action of, and under the direction of any district organization of the United Pentecostal Church International, and whose property, both real and/or personal, belongs to the said district organization, either by appointment by the District Board, or resolution by the district conference, may be said to be owned by the district organization.
- (b) All district colleges shall be incorporated and owned and operated by the district on a nonprofit basis. All money solicited for district colleges must be used for educational purposes and not for personal gain.
- (c) The District Board shall be the board of trustees of the district college owned and operated by said district. All property of the college shall be held by the board of trustees of the district in the name of the college corporation. The said board of trustees shall be authorized to sign all legal documents, deeds, and mortgages as trustees of the corporation property.

3. Nondistrict Colleges Incorporated:

- (a) Incorporated colleges shall only be those who are fully incorporated according to the laws of the state where the college is located, and whose board of trustees or directors is made up of a majority of members outside the family of the college head, and whose board of trustees alone have the authority to sign all legal documents, deeds, and mortgages as trustees for the corporation property.
- (b) All incorporated colleges shall be operated on a nonprofit basis, and all money solicited must be used for educational purposes and not for personal gain.
- (c) All endorsed, nondistrict colleges shall be answerable to the Board of Christian Education at all times and to the District Board in which the school is located in matters relating to licensed ministers and local churches.
- 4. Branch Programs: Should an endorsed college operate off-campus teaching programs, the following procedures apply.
 - (a) The branch operation must be only nonresident.
 - (b) All requirements for certificate, diploma, or degree be the same as sponsoring college.

- (c) Branch operations must be applied for in the same procedure as regular college endorsement.
- (d) Board of Directors of parent college must have directorship of branch.
- (e) The final year of college instruction be resident at the parent college, in order to receive regular diploma or degree.
- (f) No branch program will be permitted to solicit and receive funds or solicit students by any promotional methods from any churches or districts of the UPCI other than their immediate section.

Section 9. Christian Schools.

- 1. It is requested that each United Pentecostal Church International Christian School seek recognition from the Division of Education.
- 2. This recognition shall provide the Christian school the benefits as outlined in Section 3 regarding the "Function," of the Division of Education to Christian Schools.

Section 10. Advisory Councils.

- 1. Separate advisory councils shall be established for:
 - (a) Bible colleges
 - (b) Liberal Arts colleges
- 2. Membership of each respective Advisory Council shall be the General Superintendent, the General Secretary, the Board of Education, one (1) representative of each endorsed college.
- 3. The Advisory Council shall meet annually at an agreeable time set forth by the Superintendent of Education, Administrative representation is required from each college for continued endorsement.
- 4. The Advisory Council shall discuss educational problems and needs, and shall make recommendations to the Division of Education.
- 5. The Advisory Council for the Christian Schools shall be the Board of Education and three (3) appointed representatives from endorsed Christian Schools.

Section 11. Privileges and Obligations of Colleges.

- 1. All endorsed colleges must adhere to the Articles of Faith and Fundamental Doctrine of UPCL
- 2. All endorsed colleges must, upon request, make available a complete financial report to the Board of Education.
- 3. Any college accepting an application from a student transferring from one endorsed college to another must secure a transfer from the college formerly attended. Transfer form shall be supplied by the Division of Education.
- 4. A college shall not withhold a transfer from any pupil desiring to enroll in another college except on the grounds of misconduct. Failure to meet financial obligations without satisfactory arrangements constitutes misconduct. Should the recommendation be refused, the college shall notify the student stating the reason for refusal. Said student shall have the right to appeal to the Board of Education regarding the refusal of transfer.
- 5. All endorsed colleges shall furnish the Board of Education with a copy of the current bylaws governing them and a statement of ownership.
- 6. All college students shall be required to submit a certified certificate of health before admission to the college.
- 7. Each college shall submit the End-of-Year Report prescribed by the Division of Education to the Superintendent of Education and the Secretary of Board of Education within thirty (30) days after the completion of the annual school term.
- 8. All colleges shall procure the written endorsement of the pastor before enrolling a student from a United Pentecostal Church.
- 9. No students in a recognized Bible school shall be permitted to transfer from

- their home church or their home district into the church or district where they are students as long as they are enrolled as students in the same. All students who are attending a United Pentecostal Church are to attend a local church in fellowship with the UPCI while attending Bible school. Students remaining on campus during summer vacation are subject to jurisdiction of the Bible school and must continue attending the local church during that time.
- 10. No endorsed college shall be permitted to use ministers either to teach or preach in the college who have been disfellowshipped by the United Pentecostal Church International or who are under question by any District Board of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 11. Endorsed Bible colleges shall confine their efforts to religious education, college leadership, and prescribed curriculum in accordance with the Manual of the United Pentecostal Church International. The president and faculty members shall refrain from including in their teaching, leadership, and college publications anything of a personal inference that would tend to engender political inter-church activity within the student body and the college directed against any official of the general, district, and local organization, or that would reflect upon the integrity and teaching of another Bible college.
- 12. Ministerial staff, including faculty members, must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine and attend a church in fellowship with the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 13. Trustees and administrators of all endorsed schools of the United Pentecostal Church International or other schools affiliated with or supported by the United Pentecostal Church International only employ and continue the employment of faculty members and professional staff members who sign annually that they believe in the divine inspiration of the whole Bible, the infallibility of the original writings, and that the Bible is truth without any error and is inspired even to the very words and is therefore the inscripted Word of God.

Section 12. New Colleges and Established Colleges Seeking Endorsement.

- 1. Incorporated colleges must secure concurrent recommendation of the District Board of the district wherein the college is located and, after receiving such recommendation, must secure the approval of the Board of Education.
- 2. All colleges, in order to receive endorsement of the Board of Education, must be strategically located, and must provide adequate facilities for the protection of the health and safety of our young people.
- 3. The Board of Education shall be given authority to refuse any new college's application where they deem it unnecessary and where circumstances prove the inadvisability of a college venture. However, if said applicant desires to do so, said college may appeal this decision in writing to the General Board.
- 4. The procedure for application for endorsement can be obtained from the Division of Education.
- 5. Any school or seminar when scheduled weekly classes exceed four (4) weeks of training other than the local church training program, sectional training program, or district sponsored seminars must receive approval of the Board of Education.
- 6. Any contemplated college must first obtain the approval of the Board of Education before purchasing property, obligating themselves in any way to commitments, entering into contracts for real estate or personal property, employing faculty, or activating college curriculum and classes.

Section 13. Support of Endorsed Bible Colleges.

1. In keeping with the scriptural admonition, "Study to shew thyself approved

- unto God," and desiring to encourage religious training among our youth, it is requested that each minister and church in our fellowship pray earnestly for the success of this necessary and important work.
- 2. No unendorsed school or resident training program will be permitted to solicit and receive funds or solicit students by any promotional methods from any churches or districts of the United Pentecostal Church International other than their immediate section. Said sectional solicitation must have the authorization of the District Board
- 3. A Bible school started contrary to the forgoing procedure forfeits its rights to apply for endorsement.

Section 14. Chaplains.

- 1. All chaplains are to be endorsed by the Superintendent of Education, who is recognized by the United States government as the official endorsing agent of the United Pentecostal Church International. To receive endorsement, a letter of approval is required from the District Superintendent and the pastor of the applicant.
- 2. The educational requirements which are set by the Department of Defense for the Military, Civil Air Patrol, and Federal and State hospitals are 120 undergraduate hours and 90 graduate hours (a Master of Divinity degree). Civil Air Patrol is often lenient regarding the Master of Divinity degree. Each requires
- 3. United Pentecostal Church International services which are conducted on military installations are often required to have denominational endorsement. The requirement for endorsement is a letter of approval from the District Superintendent and the sponsoring church pastor. Civilian ministry conducting services on military installations are to recognize the chaplains on said installations that grants them the privilege to conduct services. The Chaplains should be honored, and nothing negative should be said about the chaplains or other denominations.
- 4. The Military chaplains shall pay their tithes into a special fund in the Division of Education, one-half to be used for the expenses of the Chaplaincy program and one-half to be given back to the chaplain for General Conference expense. Chaplains are required to attend the General Conference of the United Pentecostal Church International. If a Chaplain should not be able to attend the General Conference, the one-half shall be retained for the expense of the Chaplaincy program.
- 5. The Military Chaplain's first responsibility is to the military. Chaplains are not to be responsible to any local church or district where they are stationed. They are, however, to attend a local church whenever possible. They are to work in harmony with the District Superintendent. They are to attend district functions only as these do not interfere with their military duty.
- 6. The Superintendent of Education will make periodic visits to endorsed chaplains to do staff visits and staff coordination with endorsed chaplain command.

ARTICLE X MISSIONS CONCEPT

Section 1. Definition.

- 1. The United Pentecostal Church International considers itself a missionary organization. Its missions endeavors shall be operated under the following concept:
 - (a) According to Jesus, "The field is the world" (Matthew 13:38). We must "pray . . . the Lord of the harvest, that he will send forth labourers into his harvest" (Matthew 9:38).
 - (b) Our world vision includes both the home and foreign fields.

- (c) The ability of the church to reach the whole world with the gospel is in direct proportion to the strength of the church at home.
- (d) The two direct evangelism divisions of the United Pentecostal Church International shall be Foreign Missions and Home Missions.
- (e) God blesses "giving." His blessing is generous for all missions giving.

Section 2. World Missions Plan.

- 1. The "World Missions" plan of missions support recognizes the three separate identities and fund-raising programs of the Foreign Missions, and Home Missions of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 2. Local churches and individuals are encouraged to give vigorous and substantial support to each division.
- 3. In addition, pastors and churches are offered the option of combining the actual receiving of funds under a "World Missions" giving plan. The "Faith Promise," "Covenant of Sacrifice," "Mission of Hope" or any other similar method may be used to solicit pledges from the local church.
- 4. The funds received by the local church under the "World Missions" giving plan shall be divided on a local level according to the wishes of the local church and shall be sent to the respective division.
- 5. Local missions conventions may include a presentation of the missionary and evangelism programs of the Foreign Missions and Home Missions Divisions.
- 6. It is recommended that any church choosing to use the World Missions Plan should be careful that the present level of contributions to existing commitments be maintained or increased.
- 7. The World Missions Plan shall be considered to be completely optional but may be encouraged by any of the three divisions so long as such promotional publications do not use suggestive examples of percentages of distributions of offerings.

ARTICLE XI FOREIGN MISSIONS POLICY

Section 1. Foreign Missions Policy.

- 1. Inasmuch as we are called of God to go into all the world and preach the gospel to every creature, it is the purpose of the United Pentecostal Church International to seek out and to carry the gospel to the whole world, and to help establish self-supporting, self-governing, and self-propagating national churches.
- 2. The Foreign Missions Policy of the United Pentecostal Church International is a cooperative effort between local assemblies, the Foreign Missions Division, and missionaries. Experience teaches us that definite agreement of support and regulations mutually agreed upon by the constituency of our fellowship are essential to successful implementation of our purpose.
- 3. Inasmuch as foreign missions work is so far-reaching, covering many cultures and varied ways of life, all divisions becoming involved in the foreign missions fields must coordinate their activities under the supervision of the Foreign Missions Division.

Section 2. Foreign Missions Board.

1. The Foreign Missions Board shall consist of the General Director of Foreign Missions, the Secretary of Foreign Missions, the Director of Education and Associates in Missions, the Director of Promotions, the six (6) Regional Directors, eleven (11) active pastors, and two District Foreign Missions Directors. These shall be persons who have demonstrated a strong burden for the Foreign Missions cause as evidenced by deep concern, generous support,

- and the ability to inspire others to do the same. They shall meet all other qualifications of a general official. Because of the heavy Foreign Missions Board meeting schedule, they shall not hold another general office.
- (a) The Secretary of Foreign Missions shall be elected by the General Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years. The Director of Education and Associates in Missions and the Director of Promotions shall be appointed for a two (2) year term by the Board of General Presbyters and ratified by the General Conference. The terms of the Secretary of Foreign Missions and the Director of Promotions shall alternate with the term of the General Director of Foreign Missions. The term of the Director of Education and Associates in Missions shall run concurrently with the General Director of Foreign Missions.
- (b) The eleven (11) pastoral members of the Foreign Missions Board shall be appointed for a term of four (4) years with a maximum of three (3) consecutive terms. When appointing a pastoral member who represents a geographic region, each District Superintendent in that region shall present one name from his District to the Foreign Missions Board. When appointing a pastoral member "at large", all District Superintendents shall present one name from their Districts to the Foreign Missions Board. The Foreign Missions Board shall present three of the nominees to the Board of General Presbyters. The Board of General Presbyters shall appoint the pastoral member to be ratified by the General Conference. If the incumbent has not served three terms, his name shall be one of the three names. Canada and the other six (6) geographic regions shall each be represented by at least one (1) member. The appointments shall be so arranged that three (3) positions shall expire every year for three (3) years and the remaining two (2) positions shall expire on the fourth year. If a pastoral member of the Foreign Missions Board ceases to meet the qualification for this office for one (1) year by virtue of a change of ministry or should he or she change location leaving a region or Canada without representation, he or she shall be ineligible to continue to serve beyond the next General Conference, at which time another shall be appointed to fill the position and unexpired term. Exception shall be made in the event a pastoral member retires as pastor emeritus of the church from which he or she retired, in which case he or she shall be allowed to serve for the balance of the term but shall not be qualified for reappointment.
- (c) Two (2) District Foreign Missions Directors, who are currently pastoring, shall be appointed to the Foreign Missions Board to represent the Eastern and Western Zones respectively. They shall be nominated by the District Foreign Missions Directors in their annual meeting from their respective zones for one (1) four (4) year term, appointed by the Board of General Presbyters and ratified by the General Conference. In the event they no longer hold the position of District Foreign Missions Director, their replacement shall be appointed at the next General Conference to fill the unexpired term.
- (d) Honorary members may be appointed to the Foreign Missions Board by the Board of General Presbyters upon recommendation of the Foreign Missions Board. To be eligible for the position of Honorary Foreign Missions Board member, one must be at least sixty-five (65) years of age, must have served as a member of the Foreign Missions Board, and contributed a minimum of fifteen (15) years service to foreign missions as a member of the Foreign Missions Board, Regional Director, missionary or District Foreign Missions Director. They shall be accorded all of the privileges of the

- Foreign Missions Board members, with the exemption of voting in Foreign Missions Board meetings.
- (e) The Foreign Missions Administrative Committee shall consist of the General Director of Foreign Missions, Secretary of Foreign Missions, Director of Education and Associates in Missions, Director of Promotions, and the six (6) Regional Directors. Said committee shall be authorized to act in all matters not specifically required of the Foreign Missions Board.
- 2. The duties of the Foreign Missions Board shall be as follows:
 - (a) To have the general oversight of all activities of this organization outside the United States and Canada, working in harmony with and under the supervision of the General Superintendent and the Executive Board in accordance with Article V, Section 1, Paragraph 1(f).
 - (b) To examine candidates (in person or by application) for foreign missionary service and make recommendation to the Executive Board for missionary appointment.
 - (c) To endorse candidates for short-term assignment or ministries other than full-time missionary service in foreign fields.
 - (d) To approve the budget of the Foreign Missions Division and establish policies for solicitation and disbursement of funds.
 - (e) To serve as a board of appeals concerning problems that cannot be resolved by the Field Superintendent, Regional Director, or the Director.
 - (f) To take action with regard to false doctrine or misconduct on the foreign mission field in harmony with the bylaws and Judicial Procedure of the organization.
 - (g) To approve the organizing and proposed constitutions of missions fields.
 - (h) To make recommendations to the Executive Board for appointment of Field Superintendents, where field constitutions provide for this action.
 - (i) To perform any other responsibilities assigned to it by Foreign Missions policy.

Section 3. *Oualifications and Appointment.*

- 1. Qualifications for the General Director of Foreign Missions, the Secretary of Foreign Missions, the Director of Education and Associates in Missions, and the Director of Promotions shall be the same as found in Article IV, Section 3, Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the General Constitution.
- 2. The Foreign Missions Board through the General Director of Foreign Missions shall offer one (1) or two (2) names to the Board of General Presbyters for consideration in filling each vacancy in an appointed position on the Foreign Missions Board, it being understood that the power of appointment rests with the Board of General Presbyters.

Section 4. General Director of Foreign Missions.

- 1. The duties of the General Director of Foreign Missions shall be as follows:
 - (a) To act as the head of the Foreign Missions Division under the supervision of the Foreign Missions Board.
 - (b) To be the chair of the Foreign Missions Board.
 - (c) To conduct correspondence with prospective missionaries and with those already on the field.
 - (d) To perform such other functions as may be directed by the Foreign Missions Board not in conflict with these bylaws.
 - (e) To have the authority to recall missionaries as directed by the Foreign Missions Board. All cases involving the missionary's ministerial status shall be handled according to the Judicial Procedure.

- (f) To supervise and direct the receiving and disbursing of all foreign missionary funds. In no case shall any foreign missionary funds be disbursed without the authorization of the General Director of Foreign Missions, who shall be directed by these bylaws, the Foreign Missions Board or the donors. All foreign missionary funds shall be received and disbursed by the General Treasurer.
- (g) To visit each foreign mission field as he or she deems it necessary.
- (h) To have the authority to sign all foreign missionary credentials and fellowship cards.
- 2. The General Director of Foreign Missions shall be authorized to sign all legal documents, deeds, and mortgages as a trustee of the corporation property.

Section 5. Secretary of Foreign Missions.

- 1. The duties of the Secretary of Foreign Missions shall be as follows:
 - (a) To serve as the recording secretary of the Foreign Missions Board and keep a record of all decisions and official acts of the Foreign Missions Board, a copy of same to be sent to all members of the Executive and Foreign Missions Board.
 - (b) To keep an accurate record of all receipts and disbursements of foreign missionary funds and make all necessary reports of such funds to the General Director of Foreign Missions.
 - (c) To conduct correspondence relative to the Foreign Missions Division under the supervision of the General Director of Foreign Missions.
 - (d) To have the authority to write foreign missionary vouchers as directed by the General Director of Foreign Missions and the Foreign Missions Board.
 - (e) To perform such other duties as the work of the Foreign Missions Division demands under the supervision of the General Director of Foreign Missions.

Section 6. *Director of Education and Associates in Missions.*

- 1. The duties of the Director of Education and Associates in Missions shall be as follows:
 - (a) To coordinate the development of a program for the training of national ministers abroad.
 - (b) To assist in the implementation of such a training program which assistance may include on-site involvement, at the direction of the General Director of Foreign Missions.
 - (c) To coordinate the involvement of short-term personnel.
 - (d) To represent the work of Education and Associates in Missions to the home constituency.
 - (e) To make available printed materials for evangelism, indoctrination, Christian living and growth, as well as other pertinent needs.

Section 7. Director of Promotions.

- 1. The duties of the Director of Promotions shall be as follows:
 - (a) To maintain the proper flow of information to the home constituency in order to keep it challenged and involved in its responsibility toward world evangelism.
 - (b) To coordinate the deputational ministry of missionaries and missionary
 - (c) To promote the foreign missions cause in general.
 - (d) To edit the divisional promotional publications and provide material for the Pentecostal Herald and such other publications as might require foreign missions information.
 - (e) To serve as coordinator of the Foreign Missions Division to the District Foreign Missions Directors.

Section 8. Regional Directors.

and French Guiana

1. To more effectively and efficiently administrate and coordinate the growing work of the Foreign Missions Division of the UPCI, the foreign missions fields are divided into six (6) geographical regions as follows:

Africa—excluding the countries bordering the Mediterranean Sea

Asia—Sri Lanka, Taiwan, Japan, and continental Asia excluding Malaysia and Singapore

Central America/Caribbean-including Mexico, Guyana, Suriname, and French Guiana

Europe/MiddleEast-including countries of Africa bordering the Mediterranean Sea and the former USSR countries of central and western Asia Pacific—Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Australia, New Zealand, Philippines, and all other islands of the Pacific excluding Japan and Taiwan South America—continental South America excluding Guyana, Suriname,

Upon recommendation of the Foreign Missions Board, six (6) men are appointed by the Board of General Presbyters to serve as Regional Directors over each of the respective regions for four (4) year terms. By virtue of appointment, it is understood that Regional Directors will be supported through the Partners in Missions program as missionaries while at the same time serving as executives within the Foreign Missions Division.

- 2. The duties of the Regional Director shall be as follows:
 - (a) To fulfill duties under the direction of the Foreign Missions Board and the General Director of Foreign Missions.
 - (b) To represent his or her region to the Foreign Missions Board and General Director of Foreign Missions, making regular reports and recommendations.
 - (c) By virtue of his or her responsibilities, he or she shall be a voting member of the Foreign Missions Administrative Committee and the Foreign Missions Board.
 - (d) To represent his or her region and the Foreign Missions Division to the constituency in North America through promotions and publications.
 - (e) To act as a liaison between the Foreign Missions Board, General Director of Foreign Missions, the missionaries and national churches, and to coordinate the personnel, activities, and ministries through his or her region. It is understood that this shall not in any way impede direct access or appeal by the missionaries to the General Director of Foreign Missions.
 - (f) To work in cooperation with the missionaries and national leadership to establish priorities in the region and to promote the evangelization of unreached nations and territories by surveying the needs, contacts, and possibilities for personnel to these areas. He or she shall seek qualified candidates for the region.

Section 9. Foreign Missions Candidates.

- 1. Prospective missionaries must be thoroughly examined by the Foreign Missions Board, which shall be governed in its selection and nomination of missionaries by following requirements:
 - (a) Personal experience—

In view of the fact that missionaries are more or less isolated in their fields of labor and inasmuch as it is physically impossible to supervise their doctrinal positions, such as a minister operating under the careful supervision of a district, we believe the following to be a blessing to the Foreign Missions Division. One must have the personal experience of full New Testament salvation according to our Fundamental Doctrine (Acts 2:38) namely, repentance of sins, baptism in water in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins, and the receiving of the gift of the Holy Ghost, evidenced by speaking with other tongues as the spirit gives utterance. Said candidates must believe this to be essential to salvation.

- (b) Doctrinal teaching and conviction— Said candidates will teach the essentiality of this same born again experience to all converts.
- (c) Definite call to foreign work.
- (d) Physical, mental, and spiritual fitness for the work.
- (e) Christian standing and general qualifications.
- 2. Categories of Appointment:
 - (a) Career Missionary—

This shall be an ordained minister with the full intention of lifetime commitment to a foreign missions career. He or she must meet all qualifications set forth in Section 9, Paragraph 1.

(b) Intermediate Missionary—

This shall be one who fulfills all the qualifications for a Career Missionary except that he or she may hold general or local license. The Intermediate Missionary will be sent to the field under the oversight of a Career Missionary or the Regional Director and shall serve with a limited budget of support and without certain benefits provided for Career Missionaries.

(c) Vocational Missionary—

This shall be a person qualified in secular fields such as a professional in medicine, education, aviation, agriculture, etc. The Vocational Missionary must fulfill the qualifications of an Intermediate Missionary except ministerial license shall not be required.

(d) Associates in Missions-

This shall be one fulfilling all requirements outlined in Section 9, Paragraph 1, who desires to serve for a short term of two (2) to twelve (12) months per endorsement, is willing to serve with a very limited budget and without most benefits accruing to Career or Intermediate Missionaries. He or she may or may not have ministerial license or credential. The Associate in Missions will serve under the oversight of a Career Missionary, Regional Director, or national official.

- 3. Missionaries and spouses shall be required to pass an examination by a competent physician, as to physical and mental fitness, before preparing to go to their field of appointment as a foreign missionary. A copy of the examination shall be sent to the Foreign Missions Division before deputation work begins.
- 4. Anyone desiring appointment as a foreign missionary should file a foreign missionary application on forms provided by the Foreign Missions Division with the Secretary of Foreign Missions at least three (3) months prior to a meeting of the Foreign Missions Board. The Secretary of Foreign Missions shall then secure recommendations from the applicant's District Board, the written opinion of the Missionary Field Superintendent of their prospective field of labor, and other personal references. Applicants should be examined by the Foreign Missions Board which will make recommendation of appointment for approved candidates to the General Board. Final appointment as a foreign missionary shall be by the action of the General Board, except in emergency cases. Such cases shall be handled by the Executive Board.
- 5. Any missionary already in a foreign country who desires to be affiliated with the United Pentecostal Church International and appointed as a missionary shall obtain a letter of recommendation from the Missionary Field Superintendent and apply to the General Director of Foreign Missions who

- shall submit his or her application to the Foreign Missions Board and Executive Board.
- Anyone going to a foreign field as a missionary shall not be given credentials or license as such without first receiving the endorsement of the Foreign Missions Board.
- 7. Newly appointed missionaries going to the field shall apply themselves, as a first consideration, to the study of the language, the customs of the people, and the conditions of the country in order to intelligently enter into definite missionary work. All missionaries shall be subject to and work under supervision of the Superintendent of the field where they are laboring. Upon arrival in the field, a meeting between the missionary and the Field Superintendent will be held to establish a general job description for the missionary (which is acceptable to both). If possible, the Regional Director shall assist in the drafting of same. If the Regional Director cannot assist, a jointly signed copy of said job description shall be sent to him or her for approval after which it shall be sent to the General Director of Foreign Missions.
- 8. No foreign missionary of the United Pentecostal Church International shall be permitted to be a member of any other religious organization, except it be necessary for the purpose of performing religious or ministerial duties where the United Pentecostal Church International is not recognized by the government of that country.

Section 10. Licenses and Credentials.

- 1. Any U.S. or Canadian citizen residing in a foreign field and desiring ministerial license or credentials shall be examined by the Regional Director and the Missionary Superintendent of the particular field in which they are residing and laboring. All applications endorsed by the Regional Director and Missionary Superintendent shall be forwarded to the Foreign Missions Board for final approval or denial. The recommendation of the District Superintendent where the applicant previously resided shall be requested.
- 2. All applicants in a Foreign Missionary District shall meet the requirements of Article VII. Sections 2, 3, 4, and 5.
- 3. All national ministers residing and laboring outside North America shall be examined and granted license or credentials by the respective national church unless it is deemed advisable to make exception and grant affiliation with the North American church, after seeking the recommendation of the field superintendent.
- 4. Ministers desiring to go to the foreign field to become involved in ministerial activity on a continuing basis and establishing their residence abroad must transfer their district ministerial affiliation to the jurisdiction of the Foreign Missions Division.

Section 11. Foreign Missions Support.

- 1. All money given for fares and shipping expenses or projects of missionaries which is deposited with the Foreign Missions Division shall be held until needed for the purpose for which it was given. Should a missionary for any reason be unable to go to the field or cease to do missionary work the money shall be available for other missionary purposes except in such cases where it is necessary to return the same to donors.
- 2. No systematic canvass of assemblies for pledges of support or for funds for fare and projects should be made without first securing the permission of the Foreign Missions Division.
- 3. In order to establish a regular and consistent source of missionary income at the local church level, each local church is encouraged to use the Faith Promise Plan on an annual basis. All money raised by the use of this concept shall be

for the purpose of funding the missionary (outreach) ministries of the United Pentecostal Church International, namely, Foreign Missions and Home Missions, with the allocation of such funds to be determined at the local church level. It is suggested that the foreign missions portion of these funds be allocated to one or more of the following:

- (a) The pledged support of United Pentecostal Church International foreign missionaries and their fields of labor according to the policy of the General Foreign Missions Division.
- (b) Special projects which have the prior approval of the General Foreign Missions Division.
- (c) Special needs of missionaries on furlough or under appointment and while on deputation as authorized by the General Foreign Missions Division.
- (d) The Foreign Missions General Fund.
- 4. In order to establish a regular and consistent source of support for duly appointed foreign missionary personnel of the United Pentecostal Church International and their fields of labor, the Partners in Missions program shall be considered the program of the General Foreign Missions Division.
- 5. All missionary monies pledged and raised at our General and District Conferences shall be raised for endorsed or appointed missionaries and their projects only. If any money is given to other missionaries not endorsed by nor appointed by the Foreign Missions Board, it shall not be credited, nor shall it be published in the *Pentecostal Herald*, except under special circumstances.
- 6. Local churches are advised to engage missionaries in cooperation with the District Promotional Representatives to avoid offerings to any missionary not endorsed by our board.
- 7. Undesignated foreign missionary offerings shall be placed in the Foreign Missions General Fund to be used only for the support of the United Pentecostal Church International foreign missionary enterprise wherever the need exists. Designated foreign missionary offerings shall be expended as designated
 - (a) In the event that the designated funds received for any missionary shall exceed the regular allowance for that missionary, the Foreign Missions Division shall hold such funds in a reserve fund for said missionary to be applied on the future needs of the missionary or his or her work.
 - (b) In the event that one of our missionaries should cease to be a missionary under appointment of the United Pentecostal Church International by reason of resignation, withdrawal, death, or for any other reason, said funds held in reserve shall be at the disposal of the Foreign Missions Division for use in any foreign missionary endeavor of the United Pentecostal Church International with the exception of Partners in Missions bonus and severance pay to be paid at the time of severance.
 - (c) Ten percent (10%) of all funds may be allocated to the Foreign Missions General Fund to defray its proportionate share of divisional operational
- 8. Missionaries shall not appeal to local churches or individuals in the homeland, by correspondence or otherwise, for finances for any new undertaking without first getting the approval of the Foreign Missions Division.
- 9. All money intended for the support of national ministers shall be sent to the Foreign Missions Division for disbursement through the missionary on the field and not directly to the worker except by special authorization.
- 10. Basic compensation for personal support, housing allowance, transportation, and other needs shall be established on an equitable basis by the Foreign Missions Board on the basis of current international money values.
- 11. In order to maintain missionary interest, it is most essential that the missionary

- on the field cooperate by acknowledging all offerings to the donors as promptly as possible. For this purpose, the Foreign Missions Division will give to the missionary the name and address of each donor, together with the amount contributed. It is requested that missionaries do not encourage people to send offerings to them directly.
- 12. It is important that the report forms which are sent to the missionary with the monthly remittance should be filled in as far as possible and returned promptly to the General Director of Foreign Missions.
- 13. Any individual soliciting funds for foreign missions must have a letter of recommendation from the Foreign Missions Division.

Section 12. Foreign Missions Promotion.

- 1. Each district shall have a District Foreign Missions Director.
- 2. The District Foreign Missions Director shall be elected by the district conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years, running concurrently with the office of the District Superintendent.
- 3. Qualifications of the District Foreign Missions Director shall be the same as that of a presbyter plus a deep burden for the Foreign Missions endeavor of the United Pentecostal Church International as demonstrated by cooperation with the programs of this division and an ability to inspire such a burden in others.
- 4. The duties of the District Foreign Missions Director shall be as follows:
 - (a) To educate in and to promote the cause of Foreign Missions through the Faith Promise and Partners in Missions programs.
 - (b) To arrange the itineraries for missionaries under appointment and on furlough in the district in cooperation with the District Superintendent.
 - (c) To work in harmony with the Foreign Missions Division and his own district officials.
- 5. The District Foreign Missions Director shall not receive or disburse Foreign Missions funds. The expenses of his office shall be financed by a tithe of the personal offerings received by missionaries on deputational travel in his district.
- 6. It is recommended that all districts send their District Foreign Missions Directors to the General Conference and midyear promotional seminar sponsored by the General Foreign Missions Division with their expenses to be paid out of the district Foreign Missions account. Daily allowance at General Conference and motel and meals at midyear seminar will be provided by the General Foreign Missions Division. If a district cannot provide travel expenses to either of these meetings, the District Superintendent should correspond with the Foreign Missions Division regarding this matter.
- 7. At its discretion, the District Board in a larger district may appoint one or more persons on a district regional basis to assist the District Foreign Missions Director in arranging missionary deputational schedules.

Section 13. Foreign Missions Property.

- Missionaries are advised not to purchase or undertake new developments of the work which would involve much expense until the approval of the Foreign Missions Board is obtained; otherwise, the Foreign Missions Division cannot be held responsible for the undertaking.
- 2. In order for the office to have proper records so as to be able to give accurate advice and information concerning mission property, a copy of the property deeds, titles, and other legal papers relating to all mission properties which have been purchased or leased shall be forwarded to the Foreign Missions Division for filing.
- 3. No funds shall be made available for missionary homes, stations, schools, etc.,

- until adequate and proper safeguards shall have been provided, such as: complying with the laws of the respective countries for the legal holding of property, and establishing and maintaining a proper relationship between these missionary projects and the Foreign Missions Division.
- 4. Missionaries contemplating the purchase of property or erection of buildings should cooperate with the Field Superintendent, and secure his or her endorsement before submitting their proposition to the Foreign Missions Division.
- 5. All musical instruments, furniture, furnishings, motor cars, other vehicles, machinery, etc., in connection with the missionary work, which have been purchased with missionary funds, shall be regarded as the property of the United Pentecostal Church International and shall not be disposed of without the written consent of the Foreign Missions Division; missionaries' personal effects and belongings excepted.

Section 14. Foreign Missions Fellowship.

1. Inasmuch as our missionaries are often alone and desire fellowship with other missionaries, it is recommended that whenever possible, missionaries be given the opportunity of visiting fellow missionaries either in their own field or in other nearby fields.

Section 15. Foreign Missions Service.

- 1. Foreign Missions appointment shall be on a continuing basis for an indefinite period of time as determined by the Foreign Missions Board and the missionary in consideration of the needs of the field, health factors, family considerations, and other factors pertaining to foreign service.
- 2. Missionaries shall be entitled to twelve (12) months of furlough in one or two segments for each five (5) years of service after initial arrival on the field. Missionaries are not to plan furloughs or other extensive moves or financial outlays without first getting written approval of the Foreign Missions Board. The Foreign Missions Division will not be responsible for financial obligations of missionaries when these principles are not adhered to. Furlough may not be taken faster than furlough entitlement accrues on the following schedule:
 - (a) Six (6) months furlough after two (2) years on the field.
 - (b) Nine (9) months furlough after three (3) years on the field.
 - (c) Twelve (12) months furlough after four (4) years on the field.
- 3. Each missionary under appointment shall be interviewed by the Foreign Missions Board a minimum of once in every five (5) years for a complete evaluation of ministry and future involvement. Additional evaluation of a missionary's ministry and accomplishments shall be performed by the General Director of Foreign Missions and the Regional Director on a continuing basis.
- 4. Each missionary shall attend School of Missions once each five (5) years of continuing service.
- 5. It is required that a missionary have a physical examination as soon as possible after returning from the field for the five (5) year interview and evaluation by the Foreign Missions Board.
- 6. If a missionary returns home with no intention of returning to the field, he or she will be expected to tender to the General Director of Foreign Missions a written resignation from foreign missions appointment. Acceptance of said resignation by the Foreign Missions Division will constitute termination with the Foreign Missions Division. Thereafter, Foreign Missions offering receipts cannot be issued by said missionary. With the termination of service, the minister shall choose to affiliate with one of the districts in the homeland and request a transfer of credentials from the Foreign Missions Division to said

district. Upon termination, Partners in Missions of said missionary will be notified of same by Foreign Missions Division.

Section 16. Foreign Missions Recommendations or Complaints.

1. A missionary having a recommendation or complaint should take it up with the Missionary Field Superintendent or Area Coordinator (if there is no Missionary Field Superintendent) and submit said recommendation or complaint in writing. If the problem is not properly solved, the missionary may present it to the Regional Director with the privilege of appeal to the Foreign Missions Board through the General Director of Foreign Missions, and a final appeal to the Board of General Presbyters, if so desired. In the case of a Missionary Field Superintendent or Area Coordinator having a recommendation or complaint, he or she must follow the same procedure beginning with the Regional Director.

Section 17. Field Organization.

- 1. Foreign fields may be organized where there are sufficient missionaries and qualified national preachers, provided the approval of the Foreign Missions Division shall first have been secured. Where numbers are not sufficient to warrant the organization of the field, the missionaries shall be amenable to the Regional Director, the General Director of Foreign Missions, and the Foreign Missions Board.
- 2. Each organized field shall have a Field Superintendent who shall be recommended by the Foreign Missions Board and appointed by the Executive Board (if such action is in accord with the field constitution) for a period of one (1) year or until his or her successor is appointed.
- 3. Duties of the Missionary Field Superintendent:
 - (a) The Missionary Field Superintendent shall supervise the work of his or her field and make regular reports and recommendations to his or her Regional Director and the Foreign Missions Division.
 - (b) Shall transact all legal business and sign deeds, mortgages, and all legal documents for the United Pentecostal Church International (Incorporated in the U.S.A.), as directed by the Foreign Missions Board.
 - (c) Shall be subject to the recommendations and decisions of the Foreign Missions Board.
- 4. It is recommended that any of our national churches desiring to send missionaries into other countries coordinate their plans with the Foreign Missions Division through their Regional Director. It is further recommended that the Regional Director shall have the general oversight of the activities in his or her region, including the foreign outreach of national churches.

Section 18. Foreign Missions Schools.

1. Any missionary or foreign missions field desiring to operate a school requiring support from missionary funds shall first make application to the Foreign Missions Board through the General Director of Foreign Missions, stating the purpose of the school, what the curriculum will be and the monthly cost of maintenance, after which it must have the approval of the Foreign Missions Board.

Section 19. Adoption of Children.

1. Foreign missionaries, while under appointment of the Executive Board, shall not adopt, or "take to bring up" in any legal way as their own, any children without consulting with and having the agreement of the Foreign Missions Board.

Section 20. Foreign Missions Evangelism.

1. Anyone desiring to become engaged in short term evangelism or any other

ministry on the foreign field and desiring to raise funds for this purpose outside his or her own church shall first have the approval of the District Board and shall then meet the following requirements:

- (a) After receiving a written invitation from the Superintendent of the field concerned through the Foreign Missions Division, he or she shall obtain the written endorsement of the District Board on the basis of his or her ministerial ability, proven evangelistic results, cooperation with the general and district programs of the church, general relationship with fellow ministers, and any other facet of consideration that would qualify him or her as a proper representative of the United Pentecostal Church International to those on the foreign field.
- (b) Following this endorsement, he or she as a minister, the proposed program of ministry, and the means of financing the program shall be approved by the Foreign Missions Board.
- (c) Any minister receiving such endorsement must agree that the promotional value of this ministry will accredit to the general foreign missionary work of the United Pentecostal Church International and not be for personal gain.
- (d) Any minister receiving such endorsement must agree to furnish an accounting of funds related to the program if any part has been raised by offerings from churches other than his or her own.
- (e) Any minister engaging in foreign ministry without following the above procedure may be called in question by the Foreign Missions Board and/or the District Board and shall not receive the cooperation of foreign missionaries on the field.
- (f) All reports of evangelistic results must have the written endorsement of the Superintendent of the field in which the meetings were conducted.
- (g) Visiting ministers are expected to pay all their own expenses plus the expenses of the missionary related to the meeting.

Section 21. Compassion Services.

1. Statement of Purpose:

(a) The purpose of Compassion Services shall be to provide a program of relief from human suffering resulting from famine, disaster, and disease overseas where the spiritual ministry of the church can be enhanced by providing food, clothing, medical services, aid to orphans, and assistance with education, agrarian development, and sanitation according to James 2:15-16, I John 3:17-18, and Matthew 25:40-45.

2. Board of Directors:

- (a) The Board of Directors shall consist of the Foreign Missions Board, General Superintendent, and General Secretary.
- (b) The Board of Directors shall have final authority over this program within the Foreign Missions Division.
- (c) The Board of Directors shall approve all projects which shall call for or require continuous involvement and expenditures.
- (d) The Board of Directors shall appoint members to the Coordinating Committee who are not members by virtue of other offices held.

3. Coordinating Committee:

- (a) A Coordinating Committee shall consist of the Foreign Missions Administrative Committee, two (2) pastoral members from the Foreign Missions Board, three (3) concerned pastors, and three (3) concerned laypeople.
- (b) Pastoral members from the Foreign Missions Board shall be appointed by the Foreign Missions Board to two (2) year terms alternately with one (1) appointment each year.

- (c) The pastors shall be appointed by the Foreign Missions Board for three (3) year terms with one appointment each year. Said pastors must have the approval of the General Superintendent and the District Superintendent and have an expressed burden for the full Foreign Missions program including the purposes of this program.
- (d) The laypeople shall be appointed by the Foreign Missions Board to three (3) year terms with one (1) appointment each year. Said laypeople shall fulfill the scriptural qualifications of a deacon, have the approval of their pastors, District Superintendents, and the General Superintendent and have demonstrated a burden and concern for the entire Foreign Missions program including the defined purpose of this program.
- (e) The Coordinating Committee shall be empowered to make recommendations to the Board of Directors and Administrative Committee, actively plan and participate in promotion and fund-raising from sources within and without the church, and otherwise concentrate its energies to the development and coordination of the program.
- (f) The General Director of Foreign Missions shall serve as chair of the Coordinating Committee.

4. Administrative Committee:

- (a) The Foreign Missions Administrative Committee shall be the Administrative Committee of this program.
- (b) The Administrative Committee shall direct the daily administration of the program.
- (c) It shall be empowered to make decisions in response to sudden emergencies involving expenditures up to \$20,000 if involvement will not exceed ninety (90) days duration. If funds are specifically designated, more may be expended.

5. Finances:

- (a) Finances shall be managed through the structure and accounting procedures of the Foreign Missions Division.
- (b) Administrative expenses shall be covered in the same manner as any other Foreign Missions activity.
- (c) Foreign Missions offering credit shall be given for monetary contributions to this program and the true value of equipment, merchandise, and medical supplies within allowable guidelines.
- (d) Finances shall be solicited from within and without the church.
- (e) Promotion and solicitation of finances shall encourage that contributions to Compassion Services be over and above regular Faith Promise and PIM giving. Compassion Services shall not be enrolled under the Partners in Missions program.
- (f) The last Sunday of February each year shall be designated as Compassion Sunday for the purpose of raising a special offering of compassion from the United Pentecostal Church International fellowship worldwide.

6. Overseas Administration:

(a) As much as possible distribution, oversight, and reporting will be managed by Foreign Missions related personnel already on location.

Section 22. Foreign Missions Agreement.

- The Foreign Missions Division shall renew the fellowship card of all foreign missionaries in good standing the first of the year and shall pay the required budget fee to the General Organization for same.
- 2. Missionaries shall be expected to read carefully the above rules and regulations which have been mutually agreed upon by our fellowship and subscribe to same before receiving missionary appointment.

- 3. In the event that any missionary under appointment of the United Pentecostal Church International should violate this agreement by returning home without the written consent of the General Director of Foreign Missions, the Foreign Missions Division shall be automatically released of any and all obligation to pay said missionary's return fare, or the fares of his or her dependents, and to give further support.
 - (a) Exceptions to this rule shall be as follows:
 - (1) Attending funerals of loved ones such as mother, father, sister, brother, daughter, or son.
 - (2) Attending the General Conference if he or she has notified and received permission from the Foreign Missions Board providing the missionary has been on the field at least two (2) years in his or her current term and confines his or her visit to the policies governing same as established by the Foreign Missions Board.
 - (b) It shall be absolutely necessary that the missionary bear his or her own financial cost without solicitation for funds if these exceptions be used.

AGREEMENT

__, do hereby certify that I have carefully read the foregoing Foreign Missions Policy, and that I am wholeheartedly in favor of the principles and policy of the United Pentecostal Church International as set forth in the Constitution and Bylaws of the organization.

I further certify that, by the grace of God, I shall do my best to live up to the high standards as set forth in the Foreign Missions Policy and the Bylaws and Constitution of the United Pentecostal Church International; further, that I will preach and teach only those doctrines which the organization endorses.

I shall work in peace and harmony with all ministers and missionaries and shall cooperate with all efforts of the organization.

Inasmuch as our Lord and Savior, Jesus Christ, suffered, bled, and died for our sins, I am willing to suffer for His name and shall consider it a privilege to endure hardship and self-denial, for His sake and a lost world, whenever the call of service

I shall recognize the elected and appointed heads of the Foreign Missions Division, and I hereby agree to abide, at all times, by their decisions. I shall live a life of dependence upon God, receiving thankfully such support as the Foreign Missions Division is able to supply, knowing that the Lord shall supply all our needs.

I am going to the field with one supreme purpose to glorify Christ, to win souls for Him, and to hasten His coming.

Witnesses:	 (Signed)	
	(Signed)	

ARTICLE XII HOME MISSIONS POLICY

Section 1. Name.

1. The name of this division shall be called the General Home Missions Division.

Section 2. Purpose.

1. Whereas there is a great need to extend the gospel to neglected and unevange-

lized areas of the United States and Canada, and to create a framework of operation in which our entire constituency can participate, and that the purpose of the General Home Missions Division shall be to strengthen our base for world evangelization by:

- (a) Opening and establishing new works in underevangelized areas of the United States and Canada.
- (b) Determining and promoting specific missions, revival, and evangelism needs at home.
- (c) Appointing, training, and overseeing missionaries.
- (d) Raising funds for approved projects through a workable plan of finance.
- (e) Enlisting districts, local church, and pastor involvement in home base expansion.
- (f) Providing leadership training.
- (g) Providing recognition and guidance to evangelists.

Section 3. *Qualifications*.

- 1. The qualifications for the General Home Missions Director and General Home Missions Secretary shall be the same as Article IV, Section 3, Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the General Constitution.
- 2. The qualifications for the General Home Missions Promotions Director shall be as follows: at least twenty-five (25) years of age and must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.

Section 4. General Organization and Government.

1. The General Home Missions Division shall consist of a General Home Missions Director, a General Home Missions Secretary, General Home Missions Promotions Director, seven (7) Regional Directors, a General Home Missions Board, a General Home Missions Executive Committee, and a General Home Missions Administrative Committee.

Section 5. General Home Missions Director.

- 1. The General Home Missions Director shall be elected by the General Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years and shall become a member of the Executive and General Boards.
- 2. The duties of the General Home Missions Director shall be as follows:
 - (a) To act as chair of the General Home Missions Board, the Administrative Committee, and the Evangelism Commission.
 - (b) To keep a record of all official acts of said Board and Committees.
 - (c) To perform such other functions as may be directed by the General Home Missions Board not in conflict with the bylaws of the Manual.
 - (d) To supervise and to direct the receiving and disbursing of all Home Missions funds sent to World Evangelism Center.
 - (e) To keep each District Home Missions Director, Regional Director, and District Superintendent informed of the work in general, and may visit any district meetings to assist the District Director in promoting the Home Missions Program.
 - (f) To give a report at the General Conference concerning the work of the division

Section 6. *General Home Missions Secretary.*

- 1. The General Home Missions Secretary shall be elected by the General Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years, said election alternating with the election of the General Home Missions Director.
- 2. Duties of the General Home Missions Secretary shall be as follows:
 - (a) To serve as the recording secretary of the General Home Missions Division and

keep a record of all decisions and official acts of the Home Missions Board.

- (b) To keep an accurate record of all receipts and disbursements of the Home Missions funds and make a complete report of such funds to the Director of Home Missions and to the General Home Missions Board.
- (c) To conduct the correspondence relative to the Home Missions Division under the supervision of the Director of Home Missions.
- (d) To write Home Missions vouchers as directed by the Director of Home Missions and the Home Missions Board.
- (e) To perform such other duties as the work of the Home Missions Division demands under the supervision of the Director of Home Missions.

Section 7. General Home Missions Promotions Director.

- 1. The General Home Missions Promotions Director shall be appointed by the General Home Missions Director with the approval of the General Home Missions Executive Committee.
- 2. Duties of the General Home Missions Promotions Director shall be as follows: He or she shall perform duties assigned him or her by the General Home Missions Director to promote all phases of Home Missions endeavors.

Section 8. Regional Home Missions Directors.

1. Method of Appointment of Regional Directors:

The General Home Missions Director shall nominate one from each of seven (7) regions. The District Directors of each region shall have the opportunity to ratify the name by a secret yes or no ballot, who in turn shall be ratified by the General Board.

2. Term of office:

The Regional Directors shall serve a term of two (2) years or until their successor is chosen. They shall be chosen on the alternate year to the election of the General Home Missions Director.

- 3. Duties of the Regional Directors:
 - (a) The Regional Directors shall work under the direction of the General Home Missions Director and in cooperation with the District Home Missions Director and District Superintendent.
 - (b) They shall serve as a liaison between the General Home Missions Division and the District Home Missions Department.
 - (c) They shall be informed of all Home Missions policy and procedures.
 - (d) They shall attend all meetings of the General Home Missions Board and Administrative Committee.
 - (e) They shall assist the District Home Missions Directors and Superintendents in conducting the annual District Evangelism Council in each district.
 - (f) They shall promote Home Missions efforts in their respective regions.

Section 9. General Home Missions Board.

- 1. The General Home Missions Board shall consist of the General Home Missions Administrative Committee and the elected District Home Missions Directors
- 2. The duties of the General Home Missions Board shall be as follows:
 - (a) To assist in the work of the Home Missions Division.
 - (b) To attend all duly called meetings and conduct such business as deemed necessary in accordance with the Home Missions Policy.
 - (c) To hear a full report of all special committees and approve of any major projects to be undertaken by the General Home Missions Division.
 - (d) To promote evangelization of the United States and Canada.

Section 10. *General Home Missions Executive Committee.*

- The General Home Missions Executive Committee shall be composed of the General Superintendent, the General Secretary, and the General Home Missions Director.
- The duties of the General Home Missions Executive Committee shall be as follows:
 - (a) To act upon Home Missions matters between meetings of the General Home Missions Board.
 - (b) To administrate all General Home Missions funds invested in Home Missions projects under their supervision.

Section 11. General Home Missions Administrative Committee.

- The General Home Missions Administrative Committee shall consist of the General Home Missions Director, the General Home Missions Secretary, the General Home Missions Promotions Director, and seven (7) Regional Directors.
- 2. Duties of the Administrative Committee shall be as follows:
 - (a) To review and develop Home Missions policy, procedures, programs, and promotion.
 - (b) To allocate funds received through the Christmas for Christ program.

Section 12. District Organization and Government.

- 1. Each organized district shall have a District Home Missions Director, a District Home Missions Board, and a District Home Missions Executive Committee. The district may or may not have a District Home Missions Secretary.
- 2. District Home Missions Director:
 - (a) Qualifications:
 - (1) The District Home Missions Director shall be at least thirty (30) years of age, must have been a minister in good standing with the organization for at least two (2) years, must have been ordained at least one (1) year, must have proven loyal to the organization and the cause of Home Missions by cooperation with the upbuilding of the work, and must have been a cooperating member of the district for at least one (1) year.
 - (2) Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (b) Shall be elected by the District Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years, alternating with the office of District Superintendent.
 - (c) Duties of the District Home Missions Director shall be as follows:
 - (1) To act as chair of the District Home Missions Board.
 - (2) To promote Home Missions work throughout the district, including time in a District Conference annually.
 - (3) To make an annual or semi-annual report of the activities of his or her department to the District Conference, and to send a report of his or her activities to the General Home Missions Director at least thirty (30) days prior to each General Conference.
 - (4) To assist in the raising of funds for Home Missions projects.
 - (5) To secure all available materials designed for him or her in the promotion of Home Missions in his or her district.
 - (6) To attend all duly called meetings of the General Home Missions Board.
 - (7) To inform the board relative to the program of the General Home Missions Division and train them in techniques of administering the same.
 - (8) To work with the District Superintendent and the Regional Director in conducting an annual "District Evangelism Council" in order to develop

- a District Plan of Action for meeting the missions and evangelism needs
- (9) To conduct whatever meetings he or she and the District Superintendent deem necessary to plan and administrate the missions and evangelism affairs of the district. These meetings shall be called with the permission of the District Superintendent and shall be conducted in cooperation with him.
- (10) To lead the board and district in raising Christmas for Christ and other Home Missions funds.
- 3. District Home Missions Secretary:
 - (a) Qualifications:
 - (1) Must have been a minister in good standing with the organization for at least one (1) year, must have a General License or Certificate of Ordination, must have proven loval to the organization and the cause of Home Missions by cooperation with the upbuilding of the work, and must be a cooperating member of the district.
 - (2) Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (b) Term of Office:
 - The District Home Missions Secretary shall be either elected by the District Conference or appointed by the District Home Missions Director and District Board and ratified by the District Conference for a two (2) year term, alternating with the office of District Home Missions Director. (If elected, it shall be for a maximum of eight [8] consecutive years.)
 - (c) The duties of the District Home Missions Secretary shall be as follows:
 - (1) To take minutes and preserve records of all District Home Missions Board proceedings.
 - (2) To receive all funds sent to the Home Missions Department when not in conflict with the existing district practice, and shall be authorized to write Home Missions vouchers as directed by the Director of Home Missions and the Home Missions Board.
 - (3) To keep an accurate record of all monetary transactions. He or she shall hold the books open for inspection at all times by officials and ministers of the district. He or she shall make an annual report to the District Conference, a quarterly report to the District Home Missions Board, and a monthly report to the District Home Missions Director and District Superintendent.
 - (4) To make a financial report to the District Board when requested.
- 4. District Home Missions Board:
 - (a) The District Home Missions Board shall consist of the District Home Missions Director, District Home Missions Secretary, and Sectional Home Missions Directors. In unsectionalized districts, the District Home Missions Director and District Superintendent shall function in lieu of such a board.
 - (b) The duties of the District Home Missions Board shall be as follows:
 - (1) To meet as often as necessary, at least twice each year, to conduct business and plan the programs for the department. All programs outlined and recommended by the District Home Missions Board shall be presented to the District Board for their approval.
 - (2) To promote evangelism in each section of the district and the establishment of new churches.
 - (3) To formulate District Home Missions policy, subject to the District Board and District Conference approval. This policy shall not conflict with the General Policy as outlined in this Manual.

- 5. District Home Missions Executive Committee:
 - (a) The District Home Missions Executive Committee shall consist of the District Superintendent, the District Home Missions Director, the Sectional Home Missions Director, and the Sectional Presbyter in whose section the particular project or individual under consideration is located. The District Superintendent shall act as chair of this committee. The Sectional Director shall be included in all matters except his or her own appointment.
 - (b) The duties of the District Home Missions Executive Committee shall be as follows:
 - (1) To act upon Home Missions matters between meetings of the District Home Missions Board
- 6. Sectional Home Missions Directors:
 - (a) Oualifications:

All Sectional Home Missions Directors should hold license or credentials with the United Pentecostal Church International, be in good standing with their district, and conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.

(b) Selection and term of office:

The Sectional Home Missions Director shall either be elected by the Sectional Conference or appointed by the District Home Missions Executive Committee.

- (c) The duties of the Sectional Home Missions Director shall be as follows:
 - (1) To promote Home Missions work throughout the section.
 - (2) To work in full cooperation with and under the supervision of the District Home Missions Director at all times.
 - (3) To secure all available materials designed for him or her in the promotion of Home Missions in his or her section.
 - (4) To attend all duly called meetings of the District Home Missions Board.
 - (5) To conduct whatever meetings he or she and the District Home Missions Director deem necessary to plan and administrate the missions and evangelism affairs of the section. These meetings shall be called with the permission of the Sectional Presbyter and shall be conducted in cooperation with him or her.
 - (6) To lead his or her section in raising Christmas for Christ and other Home Missions funds.

Section 13. Finances.

- 1. To finance the Home Missions program in each district:
 - (a) The missions and evangelism needs of the district shall be determined at a District Evangelism Council.
 - (b) A budget to finance this plan of action will be determined in this meeting and submitted to the District Board for its approval.
 - (c) This district missions budget will be raised by an approved district financial
- 2. The above-mentioned offerings shall be sent in total to the District Home Missions Secretary, unless otherwise designated by District Policy.
- 3. Ten percent (10%) of the total of all such Home Missions offerings, except designated offerings, shall be sent once a month to the General Home Missions Division for its operation.
- 4. All money raised throughout our ranks under the banner of "Home Missions" shall be used for home missions work exclusively.
- 5. Any individual soliciting funds for a home missions work must have a letter of recommendation from the District Home Missions Executive Committee of the district in which his or her work is located, or if in no organized district, from the General Home Missions Division.

- 6. In the event an individual goes into a district other than his or her own to solicit funds, he or she must first request permission from the District Superintendent of said district who shall or shall not grant permission after conferring with the District Home Missions Director.
- 7. It is recommended that all districts send their District Home Missions Director to the General Conference and to any General Home Missions Board meeting. The expenses shall be paid out of the District Home Missions Department treasury.

Section 14. Metro Evangelism.

1 Name:

(a) The name of this missions endeavor shall be Metro Evangelism. A Metro Evangelism shall be a population center of one million or more residents.

2. Purpose:

- (a) To establish churches in metropolitan areas of North America.
- (b) To secure financial assistance necessary for the implementation and development of evangelism in the metropolitan areas of North America.
- (c) To encourage each district to establish and develop a Metro Commission for its metropolitan areas.

3. Administration:

- (a) The General Home Missions Division shall administrate the Metro Evangelism Program.
- (b) The General Home Missions Administrative Committee shall approve applicants and areas for sponsored projects, establish the budget for each missionary endeavor, make necessary appropriations for the project, and give general direction in the implementation of the project.
- (c) The General Home Missions Administrative Committee shall review annually the progress of each project to determine present needs and to make necessary adjustments.
- (d) After a minister and the project has been approved by the Administrative Committee, the project shall be under the supervision of a committee composed of the General Home Missions Director, the District Superintendent, and the District Home Missions Director. The General Home Missions Director shall be the chair of this committee.

4. The Metro Missionary:

(a) Selection of the Missionary:

Metro missionary applicants shall complete the application form, including a financial statement. The completed application shall be submitted through the District Home Missions Director to his or her district.

- (1) The applicant must have the approval of the District Superintendent and District Home Missions Director before the application is sent to the General Home Missions Administrative Committee for consideration.
- (2) The District Superintendent and the District Home Missions Director of the applicant's home district shall complete a questionnaire on the applicant and return it to the General Home Missions Administrative Committee.
- (3) Additional written recommendations shall be solicited from ministers and others acquainted with the applicant.
- (4) The District Board and the District Home Missions Director of the district to which the missionary shall be assigned must give their approval in writing before a missionary is appointed.
- (5) It is recommended that an applicant have pastoral experience.
- (6) The missionary and spouse shall meet with the General Home Missions Administrative Committee before approval.
- (7) The General Home Missions Administrative Committee shall recom-

- mend approved applicants to the Executive Board for appointment. Final appointment as a metro missionary shall be the action of the Executive Board.
- (8) No application shall be considered for an area unless the District Board has requested a metro missionary.
- (b) Duties and Responsibilities of the Missionary:
 - (1) The missionary's purpose is to build and establish a congregation.
 - (2) The missionary shall raise support by soliciting monthly commitments under the General Home Missions banner.
 - (3) Missionaries shall conscientiously give full service to the stewardship for which they are commissioned. They may take time away from the new church to attend district meetings, to have one week of vacation each year, and have one week for General Conference. They will so arrange their schedule that they will not be away from their church two (2) consecutive weekends.
 - (4) Inasmuch as the missionary and spouse work as a team and are commissioned as a unit, neither the spouse nor the missionary shall work on a secular job as long as the missionary is receiving full-time sponsorship.
 - (5) The missionary shall send a monthly report to the General Home Missions Director, District Superintendent, District Home Missions Director, and monthly sponsors.
 - (6) Shall work in harmony with his or her district and section, and under the direction of the General Home Missions Director, District Superintendent, and District Home Missions Director.
 - (7) Shall submit an annual financial statement of the project to the General Home Missions Administrative Committee.
 - (8) No missionary will be allowed to begin a parochial school or operate a day care center for children without permission from the General Home Missions Administrative Committee.
 - (9) Nothing in this policy shall inhibit, change, or limit the power or right of a District Superintendent and District Board from approving qualified ministers to start new churches in any city or town in their district, including metro areas. Only ministers who have made application to the General Home Missions Committee for support as a missionary to a metro area will be under the jurisdiction of the policy.

(c) Missionary Tenure:

- (1) The missionary term shall be five (5) years, with yearly evaluation and approval given by the General Home Missions Administrative Committee.
- (2) A missionary shall not move on location until permission is granted by the General Home Missions Division.
- (3) The missionary's term begins when the budget is raised and he or she is on location.
- (4) The missionary's support shall not be terminated after his or her appointment except by majority agreement of the District Superintendent, the District Home Missions Director, and the General Home Missions Director.
- (d) Missionary Finance:
 - (1) The budget of the missionary shall be determined by the General Home Missions Administrative Committee, District Superintendent, and District Home Missions Director.
 - (2) Monthly commitments raised by the missionary for the budget shall be sent by the contributing churches to the General Home Missions Division.

- (3) Support after appointment and before his or her term begins shall come from freewill offerings received while raising the budget. He or she shall provide the contributor and the General Home Missions Division with a receipt for each offering.
- (4) The General Home Missions Division shall report all offerings received in a district to the District Secretary.
- (5) No budgeted funds will be released to the missionary until the term begins.
- (6) All the budgeted monies raised by the missionary shall be held by the General Home Missions Division for disbursement. In case of termination of the missionary, said funds shall be reallocated by the General Home Missions (Executive) Committee within the Metro Evangelism program.
- (7) In case of termination of a metro missionary, all sponsors of said missionary shall be notified immediately.
- (e) Missionary Scheduling:
 - (1) The General Home Missions Divisional Secretary and the District Home Missions Director shall coordinate deputational schedule for the missionary.

Section 15. Christmas for Christ.

- 1. Name:
 - (a) The name of this missions program shall be Christmas for Christ.
- 2. Purpose:
 - (a) The Christmas for Christ program shall be a fund-raising endeavor of the General Home Missions Division.
 - (b) The funds shall be derived from special offerings received during the Christmas season.
 - (c) The funds shall be used to enlist, train, and financially support the sending of men into unevangelized and underevangelized areas to establish new assemblies and places of worship, especially in smaller districts, and to provide means for support of General Home Missions Division programs.
- 3. Directors:
 - (a) The General Home Missions Administrative Committee shall administer the Christmas for Christ program.
 - (b) It shall be their duty to approve applicants and areas for sponsored projects, recommend appropriations, and give general direction by recommending policies and practices.
 - (c) When a project is to be implemented in an established district, after approval by the Administrative Committee, they shall transfer the oversight of the project to the General Home Missions Director, the District Superintendent. and the District Home Missions Director of the district involved.
- 4. Raising of Funds:
 - (a) Each district is requested to cooperate financially with the Christmas for Christ effort.
 - (b) Each local church is requested to promote and contribute annually to the Christmas for Christ drive in their district.
 - (c) Each family is requested to give the money normally spent on Christmas cards, trees, decorations, superfluous gifts, or their equivalent, or to reduce the amount spent for these items and give the difference. In a special service during the Christmas season, each individual is requested to bring his or her personal gift of love to the altar, presenting it as unto the Lord.
- 5. Holding of Funds:
 - (a) The Christmas for Christ offering shall be sent by the church directly to the

District Home Missions Department, or the District Secretary/Treasurer whichever one is designated by the district.

6. Allocation of Funds:

- (a) Forty percent (40%) of the total Christmas for Christ offerings received by the District Home Missions Department shall be retained in the District Home Missions account. These funds are to be disbursed according to a joint agreement of the District Board and the District Home Missions Board.
 - (1) These Christmas for Christ funds shall be utilized exclusively for the starting and funding of new churches, training and supporting district approved home missionaries, underwriting travel expenses of district approved home missionaries to the annual Christmas for Christ Training Seminar, and underwriting the District Home Missions administrative costs.
 - (2) If any district Christmas for Christ funds are not used as previously specified, after a period of two (2) years these funds may be made available for a big-brother program to be allocated by the District Superintendent, the District Secretary, and the District Home Missions Director in the district where applicant resides.
 - (3) A report of District Home Missions allocations shall be sent by the District Home Missions Director to the General Home Missions Division annually, prior to General Conference.
- (b) Sixty percent (60%) of the total Christmas for Christ funds received by the District Home Missions Department shall be sent to the General Home Missions Division. These funds shall be held in a special Christmas for Christ fund and allocated as follows:
 - (1) Starting and funding new churches.
 - (2) The selection and training of Christmas for Christ and other approved missionaries.
 - (3) The administration and funding of evangelism of the metropolitan areas.
 - (4) Special projects approved by the Administrative Committee.
 - (5) Funds necessary for administrative purposes and related promotional expenses shall be retained for the operation of the General Home Missions Division. A minimum of \$10,000 being held in reserve as a contingency fund.

7. Selection of Missionaries:

- (a) Applicants requesting consideration as missionaries shall complete a detailed application along with a financial statement, which shall be considered by the Administrative Committee. Applicants must make application through the District Home Missions Director of their home district.
- (b) A questionnaire relative to the prospective missionary shall be completed by the Superintendent and the Home Missions Director of his or her home district which shall provide the Administrative Committee with further material for their information on the prospect.
- (c) Recommendations shall be solicited from ministerial and other acquaintances of the prospective missionary.
- (d) Permission shall be secured from the District Superintendent and/or the District Board of the district to which the missionary will be assigned.
- (e) When necessary, the Administrative Committee shall require an appearance of the applicant before the Committee.
- 8. Missionary Options and Continued Support:
 - (a) The appointed missionary may request the manner of his or her support from several options such as full time, partial, delayed, extended, or property support.
 - (b) If continued support is desired after the initial allocation, the missionary

shall apply to the District Home Missions Director. After a thorough investigation and consultation with the District Superintendent, a letter of application from the District Home Missions Director and District Superintendent shall accompany the applicant's request to the Administrative Committee. A copy shall be sent to the District Secretary.

- 9. Responsibilities of the missionary shall be as follows:
 - (a) To send a monthly report to the General Home Missions Director, his or her District Superintendent, and District Home Missions Director.
 - (b) To work in harmony with the Administrative Committee and support General Home Missions programs.
 - (c) To lend cooperation to his or her district and section, working in harmony and under the direction of the District Superintendent and District Home Missions Director.
 - (d) To understand that his or her purpose is to establish a church and that their services are not to be terminated under three (3) years except by mutual agreement between themselves, the District Superintendent, and District Home Missions Director.
 - (e) To conscientiously give full service to the stewardship for which he or she is commissioned. Any departure from this, such as revivals, should only be with the consent of the District Home Missions Director.
 - (f) Inasmuch as the missionary and spouse work as a team and are commissioned as a unit, the spouse should not work on a secular job when the missionary is receiving full-time sponsorship.
- 10. Safeguarding of Property:
 - (a) All church property purchased with Christmas for Christ funds or under the direction of an appointed missionary shall be subject to Article XIII, Section 16, Paragraphs 1-7 (Regulations Governing Investment of Funds for Property).
 - (b) It is recommended that all church property holdings by a Christmas for Christ missionary be in a manner approved by the District Home Missions Executive Committee.
 - (c) As a part of the missionary's approval for appointment, he or she must agree to affiliate the new assembly immediately.

Section 16. Regulations Governing Investment of Funds for Property.

- 1. All applications for loans and grants must have the endorsement of the District Home Missions Executive Committee. When the application pertains to a new work or the purchasing of property, it shall be the responsibility of the District Home Missions Executive Committee to investigate the property, check city regulations, and all other matters relative to church property.
- 2. Churches must be set in order according to the Manual of the United Pentecostal Church International, Article XIX, Section 1, Paragraph 1. It is advisable that churches be locally incorporated.
- 3. Home Missions funds shall not be invested in property, etc., in which the title of ownership is held in question or where the ownership is in the name of an individual.
- 4. All loans and grants from the United Pentecostal Church International, whether from the General Home Missions Division, or District Home Missions Department, must be secured by an attachment or lien to the property deed. The attachment or lien should stipulate that if such church agrees to withdraw or fellowship be terminated with the United Pentecostal Church International for any reason, or be dissolved, the said church through its duly elected board of trustees and pastor must pay the unpaid balance of loans and the full amount of grants immediately or make arrangements to do so to the satisfaction of the

- District Home Missions Department or the General Home Missions Division. The amount of the lien attachment against a grant shall be reduced by each offering given to the District or General Home Missions Division. Loans must be repaid unless debt is forgiven.
- 5. Recognizing that the success of our Home Missions program to a large extent is dependent upon the missionaries who are sponsored in a new field, it shall be the duty of the District Home Missions Executive Committee to determine in the fear of God the qualifications of those desiring Home Missions assis-
- 6. The District Home Missions Executive Committee shall have the right to refuse an application if they have good reason to believe it is not in the best interest of the district work.
- 7. It shall be the responsibility of the General Home Missions Executive Committee to review and act upon applications for loans and grants presented to the General Home Missions Division.
- 8. All funds allocated for property by the General Home Missions Division shall be held in the General Home Missions fund until such time that money is to be disbursed for the purpose of an approved business transaction. All property funds disbursed by the General Home Missions Division through the District Treasury for missionary property shall be returned to the General Home Missions Division within ninety (90) days in the event the business transaction involved is not completed. This time may be extended if mutually agreed upon by the General Home Missions Director and the district involved.
- 9. All property funds allocated by the General Home Missions Division shall be released for reallocation by the General Home Missions Division in the event that funds are not discreetly used within a period of two (2) years from time of allocation. In the case of Sheaves for Christ funds, they shall be returned to the General Home Missions Division to be reallocated by the General Home Missions Director and the General Youth President. Said Sheaves for Christ funds shall be returned to the General Youth Division until reallocation.
- 10. When a church property is sold, in which General Home Missions funds have been invested and the outreach terminated, the funds received by the district from the sale shall be reallocated by the General and District Home Missions Executive Committee. In the event of the involvement of Sheaves for Christ grants, the General Youth President shall also be a part of this committee.

Section 17. *Definition of a Home Missions Work.*

- 1. A home missions work shall be defined as a work not over five (5) years in existence. Any funds requested for a work other than the above described may be reviewed by the District Home Missions Board for special consideration, with final approval resting with the District Board. The home missionary status shall be determined as follows:
 - (a) After home missions application has been approved by the District Home Missions Board and the District Board.
 - (b) After the missionary has been on site.
 - (c) At the time of drawing first funds from Home Missions except in the case of moving expense.
 - (d) If funds are not requested, Home Missions time will be counted six (6) months from when he or she came into the city.

Section 18. Evangelism Commission.

- 1. Purpose:
 - (a) The purpose of the Evangelism Commission is to serve as a designated avenue by which evangelistic needs of the local church and every member therein can be definitely met. It shall be a stronger and shorter link between

evaluated needs and the field of remedy and execution.

- (b) A further object of this Commission is to study and seek ways and means of injecting "The Outreach for the Unreached" into the heart and mind of every member of the United Pentecostal Church International; to establish and promote a Christ-centered program, geared to meet the needs of our time.
- (c) It is also the intent of this Commission to encourage every member to train in personal work by providing training and evangelistic material for this purpose. By means of rallies, seminars, and other avenues, it will seek to provide inspiration and incentive on a local level so that this great work may be executed.
- (d) Through fervent evangelistic activity they will attempt to stimulate the mission spirit so that every district will grow up into the structure of the Home Missions Policy and execute its purposes forthrightly.

2. Structure:

The Evangelism Commission shall be another phase of the General Home Missions Division.

(a) Chair:

The General Home Missions Director shall be the chair of the Commission. He or she shall be the point of contact between the General Home Missions Board, the General Home Missions Executive Committee, and the Commission. He or she shall report the activity and progress of the Commission.

(b) Membership:

The Evangelism Commission shall be appointed by the General Home Missions Director and ratified by General Home Missions Board for a term of three (3) years. Each term shall be rotated, as nearly as possible, with one-third (1/3) of the members being replaced each year.

No member shall be able to immediately succeed himself or herself in a consecutive term, but may be reappointed after at least one (1) year off the Commission.

They shall be chosen according to their ability and the need of the program. The Commission members shall serve without salary except that the General Home Missions Division shall endeavor to defray expenses they may incur in their activities.

(c) Coordinator:

The work of the Commission shall be correlated with the other phases of the General Home Missions Division by a Coordinator. The Coordinator shall be appointed by the Director of Home Missions and ratified by the General Home Missions Executive Board and the General Home Missions Board for a term of one (1) year. He or she shall be an ex officio member of the Evangelism Commission. His or her duties shall be in the area of promotion rather than administration, except as he or she may be authorized otherwise by the Director of Home Missions who may authorize him or her as follows:

(1) In case of absence of the Director of Home Missions, the Coordinator may be authorized to preside over the Commission as it sits in committee session to plan, evaluate, and explore possibilities. He or she shall report to the Director of Home Missions all procedures and all findings and conclusions of the committee session. These shall be subject to the approval of the Director of Home Missions. Matters of major importance shall require the presence of the Director of Home Missions. The Evangelism Commission Coordinator and the Director of Home Missions are to communicate on a proposed agenda prior to each meeting that the Director is not able to attend.

3. Duties of the Commission:

- (a) In harmony with national and district policies, the Commission shall outline and define objectives relative to each local need having as its main purpose the stirring of the laity to personal evangelism and motivating the ministers to see how they can more completely do their duty toward saving the lost.
- (b) The Commission shall emphasize the importance of all phases of evangelism, offering suggestions and creative ideas; encourage publishing of special evangelistic tracts; encourage the training of soulwinners; provide literature for personal workers; and encourage apostolic outreach and results.
- (c) It shall promote its program through official publications; it shall recruit teams of pastors to assist in the evangelization of needy districts or areas; encourage organized revival efforts; conduct evangelism rallies for the purpose of stirring both laity and ministry; promote an international day of prayer and fasting for spiritual revival; promote inner-city evangelism; and any other activity reasonable and possible in the field of evangelism not in conflict with other facets of organizational work.

4. Finances:

(a) The Evangelism Commission shall be financially sponsored from the General Fund of the General Home Missions Division and Evangelism Seminar offerings.

Section 19. Prison Ministry.

1. Name:

The name of this ministry shall be Christian Prisoner Fellowship.

2. Purpose:

- (a) To encourage and assist churches to begin prison ministries.
- (b) To provide assistance to local churches with prison ministries.
- (c) To make available effective teaching materials for the prison ministry.
- (d) To provide credentials for local prison chaplains.
- (e) To coordinate nationally the prison ministries.
- 3. General Organization:

The Christian Prisoner Fellowship is a ministry directed by the General Home Missions Division. A General Chaplain shall serve under the direction of the General Home Missions Director.

- 4. Christian Prisoner Fellowship General Chaplain:
 - (a) The qualifications for the General Chaplain.
 - (1) Shall be at least thirty (30) years of age, must have been a minister in good standing with the organization for at least two (2) years, must have been ordained at least one (1) year, must have proven loyal to the organization and the upbuilding of the work and must be a cooperating member of the district.
 - (2) Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (3) Must have participated in Prison Ministry for at least one (1) year.
 - (b) Term of Office:
 - (1) The General Chaplain shall be appointed by the General Home Missions Executive Committee and ratified by the General Conference, for a term of two (2) years.
 - (c) Duties of Chaplain shall be as follows:
 - (1) To lead Christian Prisoner Fellowship in a progressive way under the direction of the General Home Missions Division.
 - (2) To inspire, assist, and coordinate evangelization of those incarcerated and in release centers.

(3) To work under the direct supervision of the General Home Missions

5. District Organization:

(a) Fellowship:

The District Chapter shall be identified by placing the name of the District, State or Province, with Christian Prisoner Fellowship.

(Example: Western Christian Prisoner Fellowship.)

(b) District Chaplain Qualifications:

- (1) Must have been a minister in good standing with the organization for at least one (1) year, must have proven loyal to the organization and the cause of Home Missions by cooperation with the upbuilding of the work, and must be a cooperating member of his or her district.
- (2) Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- (3) Must have participated in Prison Ministry for at least one (1) year.

(c) Term of Office:

The District Chaplain shall be recommended by the District Home Missions Committee and appointed by the District Board for a one (1) year term. (Section 12, Paragraph 4—District Home Missions Board [a] In unsectionalized districts, the District Home Missions Director and the District Superintendent shall function in lieu of such a board.)

- (d) Duties of the District Chaplain shall be as follows:
 - (1) To work under the direction of the District Home Missions Director and in cooperation with the District Board.
 - (2) To lead the District Chapter of Christian Prisoner Fellowship in a progressive way.
 - (3) To inspire, assist, and coordinate the evangelization of those incarcerated and in release centers within his or her district.
 - (4) To assist the church in starting a Christian Prisoner Fellowship Chapter when requested by a local pastor.

6. Local Christian Prisoner Fellowship Chaplains:

(a) Qualifications:

- (1) The local chaplain must be a licensed minister with the United Pentecostal Church International or hold a Christian Worker's License issued by the pastor and in good standing with a local church.
- (2) The chaplain must be actively involved in prison and jail ministry.
- (3) Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrines of the United Pentecostal Church International.

(b) Appointment and Certification:

- (1) Chaplains will be appointed by their pastor for a period of one (1) year and approved by the District Home Missions Executive Committee.
- (2) Application for certification shall be mailed to the General Home Missions Division.
- (3) Only one chaplain may be certified from a local church for each penal institution in which a local church ministers.
- (4) Each certified chaplain is required to pay an annual fee of \$10 per calendar year to the General Christian Prisoner Fellowship. This entitles the chaplain to an annual Prisoner Ministry Chaplain's Card and publications of Christian Prisoner Fellowship.
- (c) Duties of the Chaplain shall be as follows:
 - (1) To work under the authority and supervision of the pastor.
 - (2) To minister to inmates in penal systems available within his or her local
 - (3) To work under the direction of his or her pastor in establishing released

- prison converts within the local church structure.
- (4) To aid in areas of follow up, prison transfers, referrals, monthly reports, and newsletter distribution.
- (5) The chaplain shall not solicit help for services without the pastor's permission. Neither shall he or she solicit help from any church without the pastor's consent.
- (6) To maintain a good relationship with the prison administrative staff.
- (7) To minister to the spiritual needs of inmates.
- (8) To become acquainted with the rules of the penal institution with which he or she is working and strive to work within the framework of these rules.

ARTICLE XIII YOUTH DIVISION

Section 1. Name.

1. The members of this division shall be called Pentecostal Conquerors.

Section 2. Mission Statement.

 The mission of the General Youth Division is to serve the local churches of the United Pentecostal Church International, assisting them in fulfilling the great commission given by Jesus Christ which is to evangelize the lost and disciple the converted.

"Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost [which is the name of Jesus]: Teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you alway, even unto the end of the world. Amen" (Matthew 28:19-20).

- 2. The method of assisting local churches is by:
 - (a) Providing training programs for youth and those involved in ministry.
 - (b) Providing youth mission opportunities for exposure to evangelism.
 - (c) Providing resources to youth for evangelism and discipleship.
 - (d) Promoting revival through ministries and events geared toward youth.
 - (e) Investing Sheaves for Christ funds in the work of God.

Section 3. The Officers.

- 1. General President
- 2. General Secretary
- 3. Director of Promotion

Section 4. The Officers shall be selected as follows:

- 1. The General President shall be elected by the General Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years concurrent with the General Superintendent.
- The General Secretary shall be elected by the General Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years concurrent with the General Secretary-Treasurer.
- 3. The Director of Promotion shall be appointed for a two (2) year term by the General Youth President, as approved by the General Youth Committee, and ratified by the Executive Board. Said term to be concurrent with the term of the General President.

Section 5. Qualifications.

1. The qualifications for the General President and the General Secretary of the Youth Division shall be the same as Article IV, Section 3, Paragraph 1, except they shall be at least twenty-five (25) years of age and not beyond their thirty-

- ninth (39th) birthday at the time of their election.
- 2. The qualifications of the Director of Promotion of the Youth Division shall be as follows: must be at least twenty-one (21) years of age and not beyond the thirty-ninth (39th) birthday at the time of appointment; must hold General License or be ordained, must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.

Section 6. Duties of Officers.

- 1. Duties of the President shall be as follows:
 - (a) To preside over all youth services at General Conference.
 - (b) To aid District Presidents in youth work under the supervision of the District Superintendent, and to foster unity among the districts.
 - (c) To call for and to preside over all committee meetings of the General Youth Division.
 - (d) To devote his or her full time to the work of the Youth Division and shall work under the direction and supervision of the General Superintendent and the Executive Board at all times.
 - (e) To endeavor to visit each district, whenever possible, at the request of the District President.
 - (f) The President shall give direction and oversight to the annual Sheaves for Christ fund-raising drive and all other ministries of the General Youth Division.
- 2. Duties of the General Secretary shall be as follows:
 - (a) To take minutes of proceedings of Committee Meetings of the General Youth Division.
 - (b) To represent the Youth Division and assist in the work of the division whenever called upon by the General President.
- 3. Duties of the Director of Promotion shall be as follows:
 - (a) To direct promotion of the General Youth Division under the supervision of the General President.
 - (b) To represent the Youth Division and assist in the work of the division whenever called upon by the General President.

Section 7. Committees.

- 1. General Youth Committee.
 - (a) This Committee shall be composed of the General President, the General Secretary, the Director of Promotion, and the District Presidents of the Youth Division.
- 2. Duties of the General Youth Committee shall be as follows:
 - (a) To assist and counsel with the President in all matters pertaining to the general youth work.
 - (b) This committee's actions shall be subject to the General Board.
- 3. Meetings of the General Youth Committee shall be as follows:
 - (a) General Conference Youth Committee Meeting.
 - (b) Midwinter Youth Committee Meeting.
 - (c) Special called meetings by the General President as necessary with the approval of the Executive Board.
- 4. Executive Youth Committee.
 - (a) This committee shall be composed of the General President, the General Secretary, and one or more members of the General Youth Committee as may be deemed advisable by the General President.
- 5. Duties of the Executive Youth Committee.
 - (a) To assist the General President in any business necessary during the Conference year.
- 6. Meetings of the Executive Youth Committee.
 - (a) Meetings called by the General President as necessary.

- 7. Youth Evangelism Ministries Commission.
 - (a) The Youth Evangelism Ministries Commission will be made up of the General Youth President, who will serve as chair, General Youth Secretary, Director of Promotion, six (6) District Pentecostal Conquerors Presidents one (1) from each of six (6) regions. The District Pentecostal Conquerors Presidents to be appointed by the General Youth President with the approval of the General Superintendent for a two (2) year term. No District President can succeed himself or herself
- 8. Duties of the Youth Evangelism Ministries Commission.
 - (a) The Youth Evangelism Ministries Commission will act on matters relative to the Youth Evangelism Ministries. Those members present at a duly called meeting shall constitute a quorum.
- 9. Meetings of the Youth Evangelism Ministries Commission.
 - (a) The Youth Evangelism Ministries Commission will meet annually to formulate plans and give direction for each of the evangelistic Youth Ministries.

Section 8. *Ministries of the General Youth Division.*

1. Youth Mission Involvement:

Trips within North America and abroad will be periodically offered to Pentecostal youth. These trips will be designated to give them opportunity to share in evangelism of the lost, to broaden exposure to the world's needs, and to develop experience in Christian service.

2. Bible Quizzing:

The ministry's purpose is to promote Bible knowledge among our youth and to serve as a means of developing Christian character and leadership skills.

3. Campus Ministry:

The General Youth Division will develop training and resources for high school and college campus evangelism.

4. International Youth Day of Prayer and Fasting:

Each year a day will be set aside by the General Youth Division for all Pentecostal youth to join in prayer and fasting. Every local church is encouraged to participate.

5. Preserving Christian Homes Ministries:

The General Youth Division will develop training and resources to promote strong Christian families.

6. Publications:

Through printed literature, the General Youth Division will seek to inform and inspire the UPCI and its youth.

7. Youth Workers Ministries:

Training and resources for local church youth workers will be provided.

Section 9. Organization of District Youth Department.

- 1. Officers:
 - (a) District officers shall consist of a District President and a District Secretary.
- 2. Elections and appointments:
 - (a) The District President and the District Secretary shall be either elected by the District Conference, or appointed by the District Board and ratified by the District Conference for a term of two (2) years or until their successors are chosen. (If elected it shall be for a maximum of eight [8] consecutive years.) The two (2) officers shall be elected on alternating years, the President being elected the same year as the District Superintendent and the Secretary being elected the same year as the District Secretary-Treasurer.
- 3. Qualifications:
 - (a) All district officers of the Youth Department must hold license or creden-

tials with the United Pentecostal Church International, be in good standing in their district, and be under their thirty-sixth (36th) birthday, unless in special cases, the District Board agrees to lift the age limit. Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.

4 Duties:

- (a) Duties of the District President shall be as follows:
 - (1) To efficiently develop and administrate the district youth work.
 - (2) To serve as a member of the General Youth Committee and diligently endeavor to promote the General and District Youth Programs.
 - (3) To be subject to the District Board at all times.
 - (4) To attend all meetings of the General Youth Committee. The district is to financially assist him or her as far as possible.
- (b) Duties of the District Youth Secretary shall be as follows:
 - (1) To take minutes and preserve District Youth Records.
 - (2) To work in complete harmony with the District Youth President and help facilitate the District Youth Program.
- (c) Duties of the Sectional Director shall be as follows:
 - (1) To serve as a member of the District Youth Committee.
 - (2) To attend all duly called meetings of the District Youth Committee. Attend all other district youth functions as far as possible.
 - (3) To cooperate with the pastors in fostering youth work in the churches throughout the section.
 - (4) To be in charge of the rallies of his or her section.
 - (5) To be under the supervision of the Sectional Presbyter, and be responsible to the District Youth President at all times.

5. District Youth Committee:

- (a) This Committee shall be composed of the District President, the District Secretary, and the Sectional Directors.
- (b) Sectional Directors shall be either elected by the Sectional Conference or appointed by the District Youth President, the District Superintendent, and the District Presbyter of the section concerned, and ratified by the ministers of that section, for a term of two (2) years or until a successor is chosen. The method of selection shall be left to the discretion of the District Board.
- (c) All Sectional officers of the Youth Department should hold license or credentials with the United Pentecostal Church International, be in good standing in their district, and be under their thirty-sixth (36th) birthday, unless in special cases, the District Board agrees to lift the age limit. Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.
- 6. Duties of the District Youth Committee shall be as follows:
 - (a) To assist and counsel with the District President in all matters pertaining to the district youth work.
 - (b) To diligently endeavor to promote the District Youth Programs.
 - (c) This committee's activities shall be supervised by the District Board.

Section 10. Suggested Form of Local Youth Department.

- 1. Officers:
 - (a) Youth Leader
 - (b) Secretary
- Duties.
 - (a) Duties of the Local Officers shall be as follows:
 - (1) The Youth Leader shall supervise and promote the local youth activities.
 - (2) The Secretary shall assist the local Youth Leader.
- 3. Local Youth Committee.
 - (a) This Committee will consist of the pastor, youth leader, youth secretary and

- one or more Conquerors from the local assembly as may be deemed advisable by the pastor.
- (b) The method of selection is left to the discretion of the pastor. This may be by election or appointment.
- 4. Duties of the Local Youth Committee:
 - (a) To assist the pastor and youth leader in planning, promoting, and conducting all youth ministries of the local church as requested by the pastor.
- 5. Eligibility for membership in local Pentecostal Conquerors groups.
 - (a) All young persons (single and married) between his or her twelfth (12th) and thirty-sixth (36th) birthdays; and who is living a clean and godly life.

Section 11. Finance.

- 1. General Youth Funds.
 - (a) All funds of the General Youth Division shall be received and disbursed by the General Secretary-Treasurer of the United Pentecostal Church International. Such funds shall be disbursed only upon the request of the General Youth President.
 - (b) The General Youth Division shall be funded by tithes from the District Youth Departments, the Pentecostal Conquerors Day Offerings received during Youth Week and General Conference and all allocation from the annual Sheaves for Christ fund drive.
 - (c) The expenses of the General Youth Officials to the General Conference shall be paid out of the General Youth Division Treasury.
 - (d) Any special called Youth Committee meetings in addition to the General Conference and Midwinter meetings will be funded out of the General Youth funds.

2. District Youth Funds.

- (a) All District Youth Funds shall be received and disbursed, and an annual report made to the District Board by the District Secretary of the Youth Department or by the District Secretary-Treasurer of the District, whichever one is designated by the district. In the event the District shall designate that the District Secretary-Treasurer shall handle the funds, all monies sent to the District Youth Secretary shall be receipted and recorded by the same and then sent to the District Secretary-Treasurer.
- (b) Disbursement of funds shall be made upon the written request of the District Youth President subject to district policy.
- (c) All local Pentecostal Conquerors groups shall tithe their offerings into the District Youth Department fund, subject to the approval of the local pastor.
- (d) All District Youth Department treasuries shall tithe all funds received, except specially designated offerings, into the General Youth Division Treasury.
- (e) It is recommended that all districts send their District Youth President to the General Conference and Midwinter meetings to represent the district to the General Youth Committee, his or her expenses to be paid out of the District Youth Fund in cooperation with the General Youth Division.

Section 12. *Sheaves for Christ.*

1. History:

(a) In 1952 the General President of the Pentecostal Conquerors was authorized to appoint a committee to investigate the possibility of establishing an international united effort among the youth to aid in the program and its general policy. This was presented to, and approved by, the General Board of the United Pentecostal Church International at the General Conference

convening at Little Rock, Arkansas, in the fall of 1952.

2. Name:

(a) The name of this international youth mission program shall be Sheaves for Christ.

3. Purpose:

(a) The name, "Sheaves for Christ," expresses the purpose of this program. The Pentecostal Conquerors feel that they must share in the great commission. "Go ye therefore, into all the world." This program unites the youth in a great world-wide effort and focuses their attention on the evangelization of the world. It builds stronger and more spiritual youth.

4. Directors:

- (a) The General Youth Committee shall be in charge of the general planning and promoting of the program. As much as is possible, the Committee will care for this in session at the annual General Conference of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- (b) The Sheaves for Christ program shall be conducted subject to the approval of the General Board.
- (c) The District President shall direct the effort in his or her district. He or she shall be assisted by the District Youth Committee. The district program shall be conducted subject to the approval of the District Board.
- (d) The General President shall be responsible to coordinate and implement the general plans for Sheaves for Christ. He or she shall seek to assist the districts in their fund-raising efforts.

5. Raising of Funds:

- (a) Each district is requested to cooperate financially with the Sheaves for Christ effort.
- (b) Each local church is requested to contribute to the annual Sheaves for Christ drive promoted in their district.

6. Allocation of Funds:

- (a) Forty percent (40%) of the total offerings received by the District Youth Secretary shall be retained in the District Youth Division Fund. These funds are to be disbursed according to a joint agreement of the District Board and the District Youth Committee. It is recommended that the funds be used for projects such as: Foreign Mission equipment, Home Mission churches, campground buildings and equipment, aid to youth camps, and other District Youth Ministries.
- (b) Sixty percent (60%) of the total offering received by the District Youth Secretary shall be sent to the General Secretary-Treasurer of the United Pentecostal Church International. These funds shall be held in a special Sheaves for Christ treasury and allocated as follows:
 - (1) Funds necessary for administrative purposes and related expenses shall be retained for each year's program.
 - (2) The remaining funds shall be allocated to:
 - a. Foreign Missions Division.
 - b. Home Missions Division.
 - c. Tupelo Children's Mansion.
 - d. Any other projects designated by the General Youth Committee and approved by the General Board.

7. Manner of Accepting Projects:

(a) The General Director of Foreign Missions, the General Director of Home Missions, the Representative of the Tupelo Children's Mansion, and any other department desiring to receive funds shall appear before the General Youth Committee.

- (b) The General Youth Committee shall decide by vote the projects for which they are able to pay.
- (c) A report of the projects accepted shall be made to the General Board.
- (d) Whenever a project has been accepted by the General Youth Committee and approved by the General Board, the petitioner shall be notified and upon the petitioners request the General Youth President shall make written request of the General Secretary-Treasurer of the United Pentecostal Church International to make available the funds of the division.

ARTICLE XIV SUNDAY SCHOOL DIVISION

Section 1. Name.

 The name of this arm of the United Pentecostal Church International shall be General Sunday School Division.

Section 2. Purpose.

- 1. The purpose of this division shall be as follows:
 - (a) To promote the teaching of God's Word through Sunday school work in every church; to assist all Sunday schools, both home and foreign; to secure their full cooperation in matters related to our Sunday school program.
 - (b) To assist in the creation, development, and promotion of all Sunday school literature.
 - (c) To promote continued evangelization of our communities through outreach visitation, bus ministry, and attendance drives.
 - (d) For encouragement and guidance in efficient work and influence in our Sunday schools through general and regional Sunday school conventions, teacher and worker training programs, educational and leadership seminars, various publications, and other such efforts as deemed wise by the General Sunday School Board.
 - (e) To conduct and promote Junior Youth Camps as called for by the Junior Crusaders guidelines, and to provide materials and staffing for the same, unless other arrangements are made by the district conducting the camp.
 - (f) To be a service division for the churches by promoting B.R.E.A.D., Junior Bible Quizzing, Save Our Children Attendance and Offering Drive, Scouting Ministry, Outreach, Singles, Teacher Training, Save Our Children revivals, and Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum.

Section 3. The Officers shall be as follows:

- 1. General Sunday School Director
- 2. General Sunday School Secretary
- 3. General Sunday School Promotions Director
- 4. Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum
- 5. Associate Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum

Section 4. *The Officers shall be selected as follows:*

- 1. The Director and the Secretary shall be elected by the General Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years.
 - (a) The Director and the Secretary shall be elected on alternating years.
- 2. The Promotional Director shall be appointed by the Executive Board for a period of two (2) years.
- 3. The Editor and the Associate Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum shall be appointed by the Board of General Presbyters for a period of two (2) years, concurrent with the term of the General Superintendent.

Section 5. *Qualifications.*

- Qualifications for the General Sunday School Director and the General Sunday School Secretary shall be as Article IV, Section 3, Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the General Constitution.
- 2. Qualifications for the General Sunday School Promotional Director shall be at least twenty-five (25) years of age and conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.
- 3. The qualifications for the Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum shall be the same as Article IV, Section 3, Paragraphs 1 and 2 of the General Constitution and further he shall have an adequate educational background.
- 4. The qualifications for the Associate Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum shall be as follows: (1) he shall be a licensed minister of the United Pentecostal Church International, and (2) shall have an adequate educational background.

Section 6. Duties of Officers.

- l. The Director shall:
 - (a) Superintend the Sunday School Division according to the authority granted in this constitution.
 - (b) Carry out the instructions of the Board of General Presbyters and the General Sunday School Board at all times.
 - (c) Preside over all the meetings of the General Sunday School Board and perform such other duties as are incident to said office.
- 2. The Secretary shall:
 - (a) Take minutes and preserve the records of business transactions and proceedings of the General Sunday School Board and shall be the custodian of all records and other papers belonging to the General Sunday School Division.
 - (b) To issue vouchers for the disbursement of funds as instructed by the General Sunday School Director.
 - (c) Keep an accurate record of all receipts and disbursements of the General Sunday School Division and make all necessary reports of said funds to the General Sunday School Director, the General Sunday School Board, and the Board of General Presbyters.
 - (d) Assist in the General Sunday school work and transact any other business incident to said office.
- 3. The Promotional Director shall:
 - (a) Create and develop promotional material.
 - (b) Be the editor of the *Christian Educator* magazine. He or she shall compile and edit material for the *Pentecostal Herald*, the *Forward* magazine, and any other related periodicals.
 - (c) Coordinate convention programs, organize and supervise exhibits and displays.
 - (d) Assist the Director and the Secretary.
- 4. The Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum shall:
 - (a) Work under the direction of the general Sunday school director.
 - (b) Edit all Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum publications.
 - (c) Call for, and preside over, all Sunday school curriculum editorial meetings.
 - (d) Supervise the work of all associate and departmental editors of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum.
 - (e) Serve as an ex officio member of the Literature Curriculum Development Committee.
- 5. The Associate Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum shall:
 - (a) Work in cooperation with the Editor and share in editing and preparing of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum.

- (b) Assist the Editor in any editorial staff meetings.
- (c) Serve as an ex officio member of the Literature Curriculum Development Committee.

Section 7. Boards and Committees.

- 1. The General Sunday School Board shall be composed of the Director, the Secretary, the Promotional Director, and the District Sunday School Director of each organized district. The Editor and the Associate Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum shall serve as ex officio members of the General Sunday School Board. They shall meet at each General Conference and at each General Sunday School Convention to formulate annual programs to further the Sunday school endeavor throughout our fellowship. They shall aggressively promote the Word Aflame® Literature, providing training opportunities for better use and recommend changes.
- 2. The Executive Sunday School Committee shall be composed of the Director, the Secretary, and one or more members of the General Sunday School Board as may be deemed advisable by the General Sunday School Director. They shall handle any necessary business for the General Sunday School Board between regular business meetings, submitting all transactions in a report to the General Sunday School Board at its next regular session.
 - All meetings shall be presided over by the Director. The Director shall be the spokesperson for the same when the committee is not in session.
- 3. The Literature Curriculum Development Committee shall be composed of ten (10) members, appointed by the General Board for a period of five (5) years. The General Sunday School Director shall serve as chair of this committee; and the Editor in Chief together with the Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum shall be ex officio members.
 - It is further recommended that this committee consist of a good cross-section of the constituency: people of varied ages, pastors of small and large churches, from various areas of the fellowship, a wide range of education and experience is desirable. A meeting of the Curriculum Development Committee shall be held twice each year. Special-called meetings shall be determined by the General Sunday School Director. The services of this committee shall be made available to the Sunday School Board for consultation with the Editors of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum during the course of these meetings.
 - The basic function of this committee shall be to direct the further development, revisions, and/or recycling of the Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum. They shall make a thorough study of present projected curriculum cycles on each level and the total program of study. They shall evaluate as to the comprehensive coverage of the Bible, determine areas to be included and the emphasis on certain vital portions of Scripture; such as doctrine and other present day needs.
- 4. The Writers Selection Committee shall be composed of the General Sunday School Director, the Editor in Chief, and the Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum. The General Sunday School Director shall serve as chair. It shall be the responsibility of this committee to approve all writers of the Word Aflame® literature.
- 5. General Planning Committee.
 - (a) Shall consist of the chair of each of the General Sunday School Board committees. The General Sunday School Director and General Sunday School Secretary will serve as co-chairs of the committee.
 - (b) To help coordinate all of the activities of the General Sunday School Division.

- (c) To be responsible to help develop and offer suggestions concerning materials of the committees.
- (d) To determine the proper time and means of promotion.
- (e) Shall initially be responsible for the General Conference program.

Section 8. *Ministries of the General Sunday School Division.*

1. Save Our Children:

- (a) To encourage the saving of our children through crusades for children in the local church, revival in the Sunday school, and district Crusader camps.
- (b) To encourage commitment to God and the church through the various children's programs of the General Sunday School Division.
- (c) To encourage attendance growth at Easter by setting attendance goals for each district.
- (d) To promote the Save Our Children fund drive from January to Easter to support the programs of the General Sunday School Division.

2. B.R.E.A.D. (Bible Reading Enriches Any Day):

- (a) To provide a yearly systematic Bible reading program for adults and children.
- (b) To provide Bible reading charts in English and Spanish and other languages when feasible.
- (c) To provide posters and promotional materials to encourage Bible reading.
- (d) To provide completion certificates at the end of the year for adults and children.

3. Junior Bible Quizzing:

- (a) To encourage Bible knowledge and memorization among our children through the age of eleven (11) years.
- (b) To encourage local, district, national, and international participation.
- (c) To develop teamwork and a good attitude in competition.
- (d) To conduct North American Bible Quizzing finals.

4. Scouting Ministry:

- (a) To provide wholesome activity for our Pentecostal youth.
- (b) To encourage good moral development.
- (c) To provide activities to help develop learning skills.
- (d) To provide an outreach into the community to influence others for the Lord Jesus Christ.

5. Outreach:

- (a) To provide materials to enhance junior camps, Save Our Children revivals, bus ministry, Enroll to Grow, retreats, and attendance drives.
- (b) To encourage revival and growth in the Sunday school.

6. Singles:

- (a) To provide opportunity to minister to singles through Sunday school classes and singles meetings.
- (b) To help meet needs of specific groups of singles: never married, divorced or separated, and those who have lost a companion in death.
- (c) To encourage local, district, and regional singles gatherings for ministry of encouragement and fellowship.
- (d) To encourage singles to become an active, integral working force to enhance the local church.

7. Teacher Training:

- (a) To provide materials for the purpose of adequately training teachers to work in the local church.
- (b) To encourage and promote at least one (1) yearly training session in the local church.
- (c) To assist in seminars on the local, district, and national levels.
- 8. To develop Word Aflame® Publications Sunday school curriculum.

Section 9. The General Sunday School Division shall be funded through the following sources:

- Each District Sunday School Department shall tithe from its total tithing income. Such amount should be forwarded to the General Sunday School Division monthly.
- 2. The Board of General Presbyters shall allocate funds to the division from Church Administration in accordance with its approved annual budget.
- 3. Fifty percent (50%) of the annual Save Our Children Easter offering shall be forwarded to the General Sunday School Division by the districts. This offering shall be used to support the special ministries of the division and an amount not to exceed twenty-five percent (25%) may be used for administrative purposes. The remaining fifty percent (50%) will be retained by the district.
- 4. A percentage of the gross sales of the Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum and other products developed by Word Aflame® Publications shall be allocated to the General Sunday School Division and transferred on a monthly basis. The percentage will be determined by the General Board.

Section 10. Departmental Structure—Word Aflame.

- Purpose.
 - (a) The purpose of Word Aflame shall be to provide Christian literature that meets the following criteria: (1) doctrinally correct, (2) spiritually perceptive to the times, (3) inspirational, (4) aesthetically attractive, (5) educationally and grammatically sound, (6) flexible to varying needs, and (7) delivered to the classroom on time.
- 2. Officers.
 - (a) Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum
 - (b) Associate Editor of Word Aflame® Sunday School Curriculum

Section 11. District Organization.

- District Officers shall consist of a Sunday School Director, a Secretary, and Sectional Directors. Additional officers may include an educational director, rally and convention superintendent, a publicity director, and any other assistants as approved by the District Board.
- 2. Qualifications:
 - (a) The District Sunday School Director must be an ordained or General licensed minister of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (b) The District Sunday School Secretary must be an affiliated minister of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (c) The Sectional Sunday School Director shall be a minister of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 3. Elections and Appointments of Officers:
 - (a) The District Sunday School Director shall be elected by the District Conference for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years. The District Sunday School Director shall be elected the same year as the District Superintendent.
 - (b) The District Sunday School Secretary shall be either elected by the District Conference or appointed by the District Sunday School Director and the District Board and ratified by the District Conference for a term of two (2) years or until his or her successor is chosen. The District Sunday School Secretary shall be elected or appointed the same year as the District Secretary-Treasurer. (If elected it shall be for a maximum of eight [8] consecutive years.)
 - (c) The Sectional Sunday School Director shall be either appointed by a committee composed of the District Sunday School Director, the Sectional Presbyter, and the District Superintendent and ratified by the Sectional Conference, or

elected by the Sectional Conference for a two-year term. The method of selection shall be left to the discretion of the above mentioned committee. (If elected it shall be for a maximum of eight [8] consecutive years.)

4. Duties of Officers:

- (a) The duties of the District Sunday School Director shall be as follows:
 - (1) To actively promote the General and District Sunday school programs.
 - (2) To attend all General Sunday School Board meetings and preside at all District Sunday School Board sessions.
 - (3) To work in cooperation with the District Board at all times.
 - (4) To compile field reports as requested by the General Sunday School Division.
 - (5) To promote the Word Aflame® Literature assisting the local Sunday schools in the use thereof and to supply the General Sunday School Division with helpful information relating to the literature.
 - (6) To conduct tours, rallies, seminars, and other training programs throughout the district.
- (b) The duties of the District Sunday School Secretary shall be as follows:
 - (1) To serve as recording secretary for the District Sunday School Department and to keep a record of all decisions of official action.
 - (2) To keep an accurate record of all receipts and disbursements of the District Sunday School Funds, submitting a monthly report to the District Sunday School Director.
 - (3) To present an annual financial report to the District Conference.
 - (4) To assist the Director in compiling field reports for the District and General Sunday School purposes and any other business incidental to said office.
- (c) The duties of the Sectional Sunday School Director shall be as follows:
 - (1) To actively promote the General and District Sunday School programs throughout the section.
 - (2) To attend all District Sunday School Board meetings when called upon to do so.
 - (3) To work in cooperation with the District Sunday School Board.
 - (4) To compile field reports as requested by the General Sunday School Division and the District Sunday School Director.
 - (5) To promote the Word Aflame® Literature, assisting the local Sunday schools in the use thereof, and to supply the District Sunday School Department with helpful information relating to the literature.
 - (6) To conduct tours, rallies, seminars and other training programs throughout the section with the approval of the District Sunday School Director.

5. Boards and Committees:

- (a) It is recommended that the District Sunday School Board be composed of the Director, the Secretary, and the Sectional Director of each section. It is recommended that they meet at each District Conference and at each District Sunday School Convention to formulate annual programs to further the Sunday school endeavor on the sectional level. They shall aggressively promote the Word Aflame® Literature, provide training opportunities for better use, and recommend changes.
- (b) The District Executive Sunday School Committee shall be composed of the District Sunday School Director, the District Sunday School Secretary, and the District Superintendent.
 - They shall handle any necessary business for the District Sunday School Board between regular business meetings, submitting all transactions in a report to the District Sunday School Board at its next regular session.
 - All meetings shall be presided over by the Director. The Director shall be

the spokesperson for the same when the committee is not in session.

6. Finances:

- (a) All District Sunday School Funds shall be received by the District Sunday School Secretary, or the District Secretary-Treasurer, whichever one is designated by the district.
- (b) The disbursement of all District Sunday School Funds shall be made upon the request of the District Sunday School Director with the approval of the District Board.
- (c) Each Sunday school shall tithe monthly to the District Sunday School Department, which in turn, shall tithe of such income to the General Sunday School Division.
- (d) It is recommended that all districts shall send their District Sunday School Director to the General Conference to represent them on the General Sunday School Board, his or her expenses to be paid out of the District Sunday school funds as far as possible.
- (e) A percentage of the District Sunday School Funds, as determined by the District Board and/or the District Conference, may be returned to the respective sections for the advancement of the Sectional Sunday school program.
- 7. District Sunday School Promotion.
 - (a) It is recommended that the District Sunday school program include:
 - (1) Annual District Sunday School Convention.
 - (2) Sectional Rallies.
 - (3) General Sunday School Teacher Training Programs.
 - (4) General Sunday School Financial Program.
 - (5) General Sunday School Promotional Program and any other program as may be instituted by the General or District Sunday School Department.

ARTICLE: XV

LADIES MINISTRIES POLICY

Section 1. Name.

 Whereas we see a great need of assistance in various churches and both home and foreign missionary fields, be it resolved that we organize a General Ladies Ministries Policy.

Section 2. *Purpose*.

1. We recommend the Ladies Ministries be organized in all districts and churches where the pastor deems it profitable.

Section 3. Officers.

- 1. The Ladies Ministries shall consist of:
 - (a) General President.
 - (b) Secretary.
 - (c) A committee consisting of the District Presidents.
 - (d) The General President and General Secretary of the Ladies Ministries shall be elected by the General Conference. The President shall be elected concurrent with the General Superintendent's office, and the Secretary concurrent with the General Secretary-Treasurer.
 - (e) The Ladies Ministries presidents from each district, during their annual pre-General Conference Ladies Ministries meeting, shall nominate three (3) candidates (or one [1] candidate if that name receives a nominating majority) for the office of the Ladies Ministries General President or the Ladies Ministries General Secretary, to be presented to the General Board for their review and approval. After approval, the General Board will then present the nominee(s) to the General Conference for an election.

Section 4. Qualifications.

 General President and Secretary must be ladies at least thirty (30) years of age, of unquestionable character and integrity, shall be loyal to the organization and in good standing in their local church, and conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.

Section 5. Duties of General President.

- 1. To act as chair of all General Ladies Ministries committee meetings.
- To keep all Ladies Ministries District Presidents informed of the work in general and have the privilege to visit district camp meetings and conferences to promote Ladies Ministries progress when invited.
- 3. To work under the direction and supervision of the General Board at all times.

Section 6. Duties of General Secretary.

- 1. To keep a record of all official meetings of the Ladies Ministries.
- 2. To give a report at the General Conference.

Section 7. Organization of District Ladies Ministries Department.

- 1. Officers:
 - (a) Each organized district shall have a Ladies Ministries Committee consisting of District President, District Secretary, Sectional Presidents, and Secretaries when necessary.
- 2. Elections and Appointments:
 - (a) The District Ladies Ministries officials shall be elected by the District Conference for a two (2) year term or appointed by the District Board and ratified by the District Conference. The election of the District Ladies Ministries President shall be the same year as that of District Superintendent. (If elected it shall be for a maximum of eight [8] consecutive years.)
 - (b) The Sectional President shall be elected by the Sectional Conference or appointed by the District Superintendent, Sectional Presbyter, and Ladies Ministries President. (If elected it shall be for a maximum of eight [8] consecutive years.)
- 3. Qualifications:
 - (a) The District President and the District Secretary must be ladies at least twenty-five (25) years of age, of unquestionable character and integrity, shall be loyal to the organization and in good standing in her local church, and conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.
 - (b) The Sectional President and the Sectional Secretary must be ladies of unquestionable character and integrity, shall be loyal to the organization and in good standing in her local church, and conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.
- 4 Duties:
 - (a) Duties of District President:
 - (1) To act as chair of committee meetings under the supervision of the District Superintendent.
 - (2) To promote Ladies Ministries work throughout the district.
 - (3) To visit various churches of the district when invited to promote individual Ladies Ministries organizations.
 - (b) Duties of District Secretary:
 - (1) To keep a record of all committee meetings.
 - (2) To give a report of Ladies Ministries activities at the District Conference
 - (c) Duties of Sectional President:

- (1) To promote Ladies Ministries work throughout the section.
- (2) To visit various churches of the section when invited to promote individual Ladies Ministries organizations.
- (d) Duties of Sectional Secretary:
 - (1) To keep a record of all sectional rallies and meetings.
 - (2) To inform the local church presidents of any Ladies Ministries activities in the section.

Section 8. Financial Policy.

- 1. It is recommended that with the consent of the pastor, each lady contribute one dollar per month into the local Ladies Ministries. The tithing of the contribution and any other funds received by projects of the local Ladies Ministries should be sent to the Sectional Secretary-Treasurer. The remaining ninety percent (90%) is to be kept in the local church.
- 2. It is recommended that fifty percent (50%) of all money received by the section be sent to the District Secretary of the Ladies Ministries, or the District Secretary-Treasurer, whichever one is designated by the district.
 - (a) In turn, the District Secretary of the Ladies Ministries or the District Secretary-Treasurer, as appropriate, shall tithe into the General Ladies Ministries Treasury.
 - (b) The General Ladies Ministries Treasury shall tithe all funds received into the General Treasury of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (c) The expense of the General President and Secretary to the General Conference shall be paid from the General Ladies Ministries Treasury.
 - (d) It is recommended that all districts where possible send their District President to the General Conference to represent them on the General Ladies Ministries committee. The expense to be paid from the District Treasury of the Ladies Ministries.
 - (e) It is recommended that the districts defray expenses of the President's official visit to the district as far as possible.

Section 9. Safeguard of Funds.

- 1. The General Ladies Ministries officials with the General Board shall be responsible for the safeguarding of all General Ladies Ministries Funds invested in Ladies Ministries projects under their supervision.
- The District Ladies Ministries committee together with the District Board shall be responsible for the safeguarding of all Ladies Ministries projects in their district.

ARTICLE XVI APOSTOLIC MAN POLICY

Section 1. Name.

1. The church of our Lord Jesus Christ has a biblical duty to educate, equip, and enlist godly men in developing and displaying Christ-centered perspectives in their homes, churches, and communities. The apostolic men's ministry in the United Pentecostal Church International shall be known as Apostolic Man.

Section 2. *Purpose.*

1. We recommend that a ministry to and for men be organized in all districts and local churches, pursuant to the purpose of informing and inspiring apostolic men, by developing and disseminating information pertinent to being men of moral and spiritual power. Apostolic Man will seek to unite apostolic men (Psalm 133:1); moreover, the ministry will strive to motivate and mobilize apostolic men to find their place in kingdom service.

Section 3. Officers.

- 1. The leadership of the Apostolic Man ministry will consist of:
 - (a) President
 - (b) Vice President
 - (c) Secretary
 - (d) Apostolic Man Steering Committee
 - The steering committee will consist of the officers, an administrative assistant/editor, and the regional representatives of the Apostolic Man ministry.
- 2. The President, Vice President, Secretary, and regional representatives will be nominated by the Executive Board, and ratified by the General Board.

Section 4. Qualifications.

 The President, Vice President, Secretary, and regional representatives must be men of at least thirty (30) years of age, men of integrity, cooperative and loyal to their districts and/or local churches; all leaders must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine of the United Pentecostal Church International and hold either general license or credentials of ordination.

Section 5. *Duties of President shall be as follows:*.

- 1. To chair all Apostolic Man committee meetings.
- To communicate with regional representatives, as well as District Men's Ministries Directors, to keep them informed with regard to the work of the ministry.
- To aid existing men's ministries and to encourage the establishment of the same in each of the districts of the United Pentecostal Church International where none exists.
- 4. To have the privilege of attending relevant district meetings for the purpose of promoting the work of the Apostolic Man ministry.
- 5. To work under the supervision of the General Superintendent, and be accountable to the Executive and General Boards.

Section 6. Duties of Vice President shall be as follows.

- To work under the direction of the president by assisting him in promoting the establishment of ministries to men in each of our districts, as well as aiding those that now exist.
- To preside at meetings of the Apostolic Man steering committee in the absence of the President.

Section 7. Duties of Secretary shall be as follows.

- To keep a record of all official meetings of the Apostolic Man steering committee.
- To give a report to the General Board and General Conference concerning the status of the ministry.

Section 8. Organization of District Men's Ministries.

- 1. Officers:
 - (a) Each organized district shall have a Men's Ministries Director.
- 2. Elections and Appointments:
 - (a) The District Men's Ministries Director shall either be nominated by the District Board and ratified by the District Conference or be elected by the District Conference, and serve for a term of two (2) years.
- 3. Qualifications:
 - (a) The District Men's Ministries Director must be a man of unquestionable character and integrity, at least twenty-five (25) years old, and hold General License or Credentials of Ordination.

4. Duties:

- (a) The District Men's Ministries Director shall be under the supervision of the District Superintendent.
- (b) He will be responsible for developing, and promoting the work of the District Men's Ministries. We recommend that each District Director encourage the establishment of a men's conference and/or retreat, either sponsored, or endorsed, by the district.
- (c) The District Director of Men's Ministries shall do all possible to inspire each local congregation to establish and maintain a ministry to men, as the pastors determine the need and deem appropriate.
- (d) He will be responsible for reporting to the District Board and the District Conference on the status of District Men's Ministries

Section 9. Finances.

- 1. It is recommended that revenue be obtained through the registration of men for membership in the Apostolic Man ministry. That registration will entitle one to receive the *Apostolic Man* magazine, online e-zine updates, as well as have access to any members-only area of the ministry Web site.
- 2. It is recommended that all men's conferences, either sponsored or endorsed by the districts, consider including a small amount in their registration fees to help underwrite the efforts of the national ministry.

Section 10. Safeguard of Funds.

- 1. The Apostolic Man steering committee, together with the General Board, shall be responsible for directing the use of and safeguarding ministry funds.
- The District Men's Ministries Director, together with his District Board, shall be responsible for the collection, disbursement, and safeguarding of all district monies connected to Men's Ministries efforts.

ARTICLE XVII DISTRICTS

Section 1. Formation of New Districts.

- 1. Any group consisting of a minimum of seven (7) ordained ministers and at least ten (10) churches desiring to form a new district may apply to the Executive Board.
- 2. The application must include a statement concerning the purpose and expected advantages of the move; the geographical location of the area involved; the projected financial situation and the prospective leadership of the area according to the qualifications of the *Manual*. The respective district office shall provide the requesting group information relative to finances, ministerial and church status, addresses and locations, and other pertinent information as requested by them for the application.
- 3. The Executive Board upon the receipt of the above application and information will formulate a report concerning the geographical location of the area involved, the relative strength of the works, the financial standing of those churches, the number of churches, the number of ministers involved (ordained, general, local licensed), the past accomplishments of the area, and the future plans of the district. The respective district office shall provide the Executive Board any pertinent information requested. A copy of this report and information received with the application shall be forwarded to the District Board.
- 4. The Executive Board will review all information and make a comprehensive study of all factors involved, including the future impact upon the district and the entire fellowship. Before making its recommendation to the General Board,

the Executive Board shall authorize a meeting within ninety (90) days of the receipt of the application with all the ministers of the parent district, conducted by the General Superintendent or an Assistant General Superintendent. The Executive Board shall receive the report and take the vote of the ministers into consideration. This report, along with all other information and reports, including the Executive Board's recommendations, shall be presented to the General Board for a final decision.

- 5. Upon a favorable ruling by the General Board, a committee shall be formed to implement the new district. A committee shall consist of the Assistant General Superintendent of the zone as chair, the District Superintendent, two (2) other members of the District Board, and three (3) members of the original application group. They shall report their plans to the General Superintendent, who shall arrange for an organizational meeting and elections in the new district within sixty (60) days.
- 6. In each stage of the consideration of the application by the Executive Board and the General Board, the parties making application and the respective District Board shall be equally included, not to exceed three (3) representatives each.
- 7. The present districts holding unorganized status should become organized as soon as possible.
 - (a) A minimum of ten (10) churches, to form a financial base, and at least seven (7) ordained ministers to fill necessary district offices are required before consideration for district status.
 - (b) Upon the division of any additional areas or the establishing of a new district, the area should go to a home missions district status or pass directly to an organized district when the *Manual* is complied with, the preceding qualifications are met, and upon the approval of the General Board.
- 8. Any region having applied for new district status according to the foregoing procedure, and having received a negative ruling by the General Board, shall be required to wait for a period of at least three (3) years before another application may be submitted for consideration. This time frame may be amended by a majority vote of the District Conference over said region.

Section 2. Consolidation of Districts.

1. When the consolidation of districts is deemed necessary or beneficial by the officers of said districts, the consolidation must be ratified by a joint conference of the members of the districts. The action of the conference shall be referred to the General Conference for final decision.

Section 3. The District Constitution.

- All districts shall adopt our District Constitution set out in this Manual after this Constitution.
- 2. Each district shall have the right to adopt such bylaws as it deems needful to enforce or handle matters not mentioned in the District Constitution and amendments thereto; and any such bylaw shall not be construed to enlarge upon, change, or waive any article or provision of the General Constitution or bylaw, or any amendments thereto.
- 3. Each district shall pay the expenses of its District Superintendent to and from the General Conference.

Section 4. *Sections of the District.*

- A district may be divided into sections with the approval of the District Conference. The number of sections shall correspond with the number of District Presbyters on the District Board.
- 2. All sectional officers must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.
- 3. As far as possible the District Presbyter shall be a resident of the section from which he is elected.

- 4. A Sectional Secretary-Treasurer may be elected at a regular sectional conference to serve a term of two (2) years. Qualifications shall be the same as required of district officers, with the exception that he or she may hold a General License and must be at least twenty-five (25) years of age.
- The duties of the Sectional Secretary-Treasurer shall be to keep records of all Sectional Conferences and the care of all sectional funds raised and designated for the sectional work.
- The section shall be an integral part of the district and is under the jurisdiction of the District Conference and District Board.
- 7. No section in any of our districts shall be permitted to buy or lease real estate for sectional purposes. They shall not hold any sectional camp meetings or youth encampments without the annual permission of the District Board. When such permission is obtained, the District Superintendent and the Presbyter of the said section shall act as a committee to supervise the meeting under the direction of the District Board.
- 8. No resolutions or bylaws shall be adopted at a sectional conference conflicting with either the General or District Constitution.
- 9. The District Superintendent shall preside at all elections of District Presbyters and sectional officers at the sectional conference. In the event the District Superintendent cannot attend the sectional conference, the District Secretary shall preside.
- 10. If any elected office is vacated between regularly scheduled electoral conferences, the District Superintendent shall call a special election within thirty (30) days of the vacancy, and the eligible voters of the section shall choose a replacement for the office vacated.

ARTICLE XVIII LOCAL ASSEMBLIES

Section 1. Affiliation.

Preamble: All true Pentecostal believers associating themselves in local assemblies and accepting their full personal share of responsibility for maintenance and promotion of scriptural order in the local body shall have a standard for membership. This standard may be determined altogether by the local assembly itself, providing it does not conflict with the Articles of Faith of the United Pentecostal Church International.

It is recommended that each such assembly affiliate itself with the United Pentecostal Church International for the sake of identification, fellowship, cooperation, and protection.

Each local assembly so affiliated has the right of self-government under Jesus Christ, the Head of the Church. It shall have the power to select its pastor according to the form of local church government it has adopted and which was approved by the District Board at the time of its affiliation. It shall transact all other business pertaining to its life as a local unit. It shall have the right to administer discipline to its members according to the Scriptures. It shall have the right to acquire and hold title to its property, either through the trustees or in its corporate as a self-governing unit.

The fact that a local assembly is affiliated with the United Pentecostal Church International shall in no wise destroy its rights as above stated.

- 1. The affiliation of the local church is to be understood as not compulsory for fellowship, but rather it shall be entirely optional. This does not affect Article XII, Section 16, Paragraphs 2 and 3.
- Any assembly to be affiliated with and under the protection of the general body must publicly announce a specially called meeting for the purpose of consid-

- ering whether or not they desire to be affiliated with the organization. Should a majority of the recognized members of the assembly who are present at the meeting vote their approval for accepting our *Articles of Faith* and affiliating with us, an application must be filled in. The application must be endorsed by at least three (3) officers of the local church.
- 3. The Articles of Faith and government adopted by the assembly must be presented to the District Board for their consideration. If acceptable to the Board, the application shall be endorsed by a majority of the Board including the District Superintendent.
- 4. The procedure to be used in affiliation of new churches shall be as follows: The pastor, or Director of Home Missions if there is not a pastor, shall notify the District Superintendent or District Presbyter of the section in which the church is located, who shall set a date to have the church set in order and in harmony with the Local Church Government as set forth in the *Manual*, after which a certificate of affiliation shall be granted.
- 5. A certificate of membership will be issued to every affiliated assembly, the cost of same being \$5.
- 6. Any church affiliated with the United Pentecostal Church International must be pastored by a UPCI minister.
- 7. Any church desiring to withdraw its membership from the United Pentecostal Church International must abide by the following procedure:
 - (a) Arrange for and announce a business meeting for said purpose at least ten (10) days in advance of said meeting. The same shall be announced at three (3) regular public services.
 - (b) Advise and invite the District Superintendent or his designee and District Presbyter to speak as representatives of the district at said meeting. No Superintendent or Presbyter shall be the representative for the District at the disaffiliation of the church he pastors.
 - (c) In the event a church decides to take steps to withdraw its membership in the United Pentecostal Church International, no words derogatory to the United Pentecostal Church International shall be spoken by the pastor, and no words derogatory to the church and pastor shall be spoken by an official of the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (d) After a fair representation of both the church and district is heard, then a majority vote of legal members of the church present voting shall be the deciding factor.
 - (e) The fellowship of a minister who withdraws from the United Pentecostal Church International is determined on the basis of the grounds or reason for which he or she withdrew. The same rule shall apply to a church, and the fellowship status of a church which has disaffiliated shall be determined by the District Board on said basis. In the event there are no grounds or reason for which the church should be dropped from fellowship before the church instituted said action to disaffiliate, said disaffiliation shall not cause the church or pastor to lose or forfeit fellowship with the United Pentecostal Church International.
 - (f) Any church voting to disaffiliate shall complete a disaffiliation form giving the reasons for the action and send the form to the District Board. The District Board shall forward the form to the United Pentecostal Church International, Hazelwood, Missouri.
 - (g) Any pastor having been duly notified of a written complaint against him or her which places him or her under judicial action shall not be permitted to allow disaffiliation of the church he or she pastors until the complaint is resolved.
- 8. Any district desiring to withdraw its approval of affiliation of a church within its district shall abide by the following procedures:

- (a) Arrange for a business meeting of the District Board and advise the affiliated church of the meeting at least ten (10) days in advance of said meeting, giving written notice of reasons for withdrawing its approval of affiliation.
- (b) Advise and invite any officials of the church to speak as representatives of the church at the meeting.
- (c) After a fair representation of the District Board and church officials is heard, a majority vote of the District Board including the District Superintendent shall be the deciding factor.
- (d) Any church that is disaffiliated by the action of the District Board shall be out of fellowship until the reasons for the necessity of such action have been corrected and accepted by the District Board.
- (e) Any District Board voting to disaffiliate a church shall fill out a disaffiliation form giving the reasons for their actions and forward same to United Pentecostal Church International, Hazelwood, Missouri. The District Board shall give written notice of their action to the church being disaffiliated.

Section 2. Local Church Government.

- The assembly may use our adopted form of local church government, or any form which a majority of the members voting shall endorse, so long as its provisions do not conflict with the constitution of the General Body.
- 2. The assembly shall have the right to adopt such additional bylaws as it deems needful or necessary to enforce or handle any matter which may arise, so long as all new bylaws shall be in harmony with the Constitution of the General Body.
- 3. The Internal Revenue Code 501(c) (3) mandates some form of provision of disposition of assets in the event of a dissolution of nonprofit organizations, each local assembly shall provide in its local constitution a provision for dissolution of property assets in the event it ceases to function as a church. Such clause should provide that all such assets be assigned to another religious, nonprofit organization and the disposition of these assets be reviewed and approved by the District Board.
- 4. It is recommended that each local church pay its pastor's expenses, as far as possible, to attend the annual General Conference of the United Pentecostal Church International.

Section 3. Services.

- 1. "Let us come before His presence with thanksgiving, and make a joyful noise unto him with psalms" (Psalm 95:2).
 - "O come, let us worship and bow down: let us kneel before the LORD our maker" (Psalm 95:6).
- We do not approve of plays, pantomimes, or similar programs given merely for entertainment

Section 4. Identification.

 Each church that is either affiliated with the United Pentecostal Church International or is pastored by a minister who holds license or credentials with the United Pentecostal Church International shall identify by sign or otherwise on the outside of its church building that it is associated with the United Pentecostal Church International.

ARTICLE XIX

POLICY FOR ENDORSEMENT OF ORGANIZATION AND ENTITIES BY UNITED PENTECOSTAL CHURCH INTERNATIONAL

Section 1. Definition.

1. This policy is established to set forth the procedure to be followed for the endorsement of an organization or entity other than a local assembly or a

- specific ministry of a local assembly.
- 2. An endorsement made pursuant to the policy herein set forth shall be deemed to constitute a recognition by United Pentecostal Church International of a need for a ministry provided or to be provided by the organization or entity so endorsed. In no event, however, shall any endorsement constitute a guarantee of financial or other responsibilities of such organization or entity by United Pentecostal Church International or an acceptance, adoption, or assumption of any responsibility or liability whatsoever either from a fiscal standpoint or according to any rule or principle of law. In no event shall any such endorsement constitute a representation or recognition by United Pentecostal Church International as to any legal or moral responsibility whatsoever for the day-to-day operations of the ministry or ministries of an organization or entity which shall be endorsed.
- 3. In all events, the endorsement of any organization or entity shall be conditioned upon compliance with the procedures set forth herein.

Section 2. Terms and Conditions.

- 1. Any questions or allegation as to non-compliance with the terms and conditions of any endorsement made pursuant to the procedure set forth herein shall be directed in writing to the Executive Board. If it shall be determined by the Executive Board that non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the endorsement shall have occurred, the organization or entity shall be placed on probation and the matter shall be referred to the General Board for its consideration at its regular meeting to be held in the Spring of each year. If the General Board shall determine in its sole discretion that the endorsed organization or entity is not in compliance with the terms and conditions of the endorsement, the endorsement shall be withdrawn, effective immediately upon such determination having been made.
- 2. No provisions of this policy shall be construed to limit the authority vested in the Division of Education pursuant to any provisions of the *Manual* of United Pentecostal Church International with respect to any educational institution heretofore endorsed by United Pentecostal Church International.
- 3. If any organization or entity shall have been endorsed by the General Conference prior to the adoption of this policy, such organization or entity shall not be required to reapply for endorsement. However, any such organization or entity shall be required to satisfy the requirements hereinafter set forth as to the filing of annual written progress reports and annual financial reports, which shall be filed in the same manner hereinafter directed with respect to any organization or entity which shall be endorsed subsequent to the adoption of this policy.

Section 3. *Procedure for Endorsement.*

- 1. At least ninety (90) days before any regularly scheduled meeting of the Executive Board an organization or entity seeking endorsement shall prepare, execute, and file a written proposal on a form to be obtained from the Office of the General Secretary of the United Pentecostal Church International. The proposal must contain the following information:
 - (a) Proof of the need for the existence of this ministry.
 - (b) An existing or proposed structure, including provision for incorporation under the laws of the state or province in which the principal office of such organization or entity shall be located, must be described in detail.
 - (c) A plan showing the proposed financial support for the ministry.
 - (d) A plan for future viability and growth of the ministry.
 - (e) A specific plan for the dissolution of the ministry, including provision for distribution of monies and other assets in the event of the dissolution of the ministry for any reason whatsoever.
 - (f) Proof of the not-for-profit nature of the ministry.

2. All applications for endorsement shall be submitted to the Executive Board. If the application is approved by the Executive Board, it shall be submitted to the General Board for its approval. If the General Board shall approve the application, it shall be submitted to the next General Conference for ratification and approval. Following ratification and approval of the endorsement of an organization or entity by the General Conference the endorsement shall become effective at the close of the General Conference.

Section 4. Continued Responsibilities of an Endorsed Organization or Entity.

- An annual written progress report and an annual financial report shall be submitted to the General Board not less than thirty (30) days prior to each regularly scheduled General Conference.
- 2. The financial report must be prepared and signed by a professional accountant.
- A representative of the General Board appointed by the General Superintendent may attend any meeting of the board of directors of the organization or entity endorsed.
- 4. All such entities shall accept the decision of the General Board in regard to all requirements addressed in this policy.

ARTICLE XX AMENDMENTS

Section 1.

1. This Constitution may be amended at any General Conference by a majority of the votes cast thereon in favor of any such amendment and each amendment shall be voted upon separately. Only those amendments shall be considered at the General Conference which have first passed the Resolutions Committee as provided in Article III, Section 3, Paragraph 2.

Section 2.

1. Wherever the term "General Constitution" and the term "Bylaws" are used herein, they shall be considered to be synonymous terms.



DISTRICT CONSTITUTION

PREAMBLE

In order to establish our work on a more efficient basis, to promote greater cooperation, and to secure closer fellowship, we here and now organize ourselves into the district of the United Pentecostal Church International.

PURPOSE

Our purpose shall be to use greater effort toward evangelizing the underdeveloped territory, and to care for all needy fields in a more efficient manner.

ARTICLE I **DISTRICT OFFICERS**

Section 1. Names of Officers.

1. The officers of the district shall be as follows: District Superintendent, three (3) to seven (7) District Presbyters, and a District Secretary-Treasurer (may be one [1] or two [2] persons). Other additional Presbyters may be added where needed in a large district, with the permission of the Executive Board.

Section 2. District Board.

1. The District Board shall consist of District Superintendent, District Secretary, and the District Presbyters.

Section 3. *Qualifications.*

1. The qualifications for members of the District Board are as follows: Must be a male at least thirty (30) years of age, must have been a minister in good standing with the organization for at least two (2) years, must have been ordained at least one (1) year, must have proven loyal to the organization by cooperation in the upbuilding of the work, and must have been a cooperating member of the district for at least one (1) year. The only exception to this is that the District Superintendent must have been a minister in good standing with the organization for at least five (5) years. Must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine.

Section 4. Voting Constituency.

- 1. Those who shall be entitled to vote for the election of officers, or upon any proposal, resolution, or any other business that properly comes before the District Conference, shall be accredited ministers in good standing. All accredited ministers who vote must be in actual attendance at the District Conference.
- 2. Those who shall be entitled to vote for the election of officers, or upon any proposal, resolution, or any other business that properly comes before the Sectional Conference, shall be accredited ministers in the following categories:
 - (a) Pastors
 - (b) Assistant pastors and assistants to the pastor
 - (1) No assembly shall be permitted more than one (1) voting assistant pastor or assistant to the pastor who derives his or her livelihood from sources other than the ministry. Assistant pastors or assistants to the pastor, who derive their livelihood from sources other than the ministry, must present a letter to the Roster Committee from the church where they have been assistant pastors or assistants to the pastor for a minimum of six (6) months. The letter must be signed by the pastor or

church secretary and will be in effect as long as he or she remains in the position at the same church.

- (c) Evangelists
 - (1) An evangelist must be on the field and regularly engaged in preaching revivals, deriving his or her livelihood from the ministry.
- (d) All elected or appointed officials who are listed in the *Manual*.
- (e) Honorary ministers
- (f) Retired ministers
 - (1) A retired minister is a minister who, due to advanced age or physical impairment, has retired from active ministry.
- (g) Full-time administrators and instructors in all religious projects endorsed by the United Pentecostal Church International.
- (h) Full-time administrators and instructors in Christian schools, owned and operated by our churches.
 - (1) All Christian school administrators and instructors must present a letter to the Roster Committee from their local church signed by the pastor or church secretary, stating their active involvement in ministerial service. This letter will be in effect as long as they remain in this position at the same church.
- (i) Missionaries under appointment
- (j) Accredited ministers who are between appointments shall be entitled to vote if the time of inactivity has not exceeded ninety (90) days.
- (k) All accredited ministers who vote must be in actual attendance at the Sectional Conference

Section 5. Representation.

1. District Presbyters should be elected from different sections of the district.

Section 6. Objections to Nominees.

- 1. If there is any objection to any nominee, a request may be made to the chair that the same be referred to a Qualifying Committee. No details of the objection or questions shall be discussed from the floor. The Qualifying Committee may determine a nominee's qualifications only according to that specified in the *Manual* under the qualifications given for the office under consideration.
- 2. The Qualifying Committee Chair shall be appointed by the officer presiding at the time of the objection to the nominee. The committee shall consist of at least three (3) members, but not more than five (5), including the chair of the committee. The Conference Chair shall, prior to the conference, prepare a list of potential members for the Qualifying Committee. This list shall be composed from the current voting membership. The presiding officer shall select from this list in the event this committee is needed.

Section 7. *Method of Election.*

- 1. The method of election of district officers by the District Conference shall be the same as that used by the General Conference in the election of officers unless the individual district desires to be divided into sections. In the event the district desires to be divided into sections, either of the following methods may be used: Each section within the district may nominate its District Presbyter from within the section at the District Conference and a District Presbyter shall be elected from the nominees by the District Conference; or, each section within the district may elect its District Presbyter from within the section at a sectional conference preceeding the annual District Conference, said officers to take office at the annual District Conference.
- 2. The election of district officers shall be conducted by the General Superin-

tendent or his representative.

Section 8. Term of Office.

1. All officers elected by the District Conference (or sectional conference) shall remain in office for a term of two (2) years, for a maximum of eight (8) consecutive years. After any district or sectional official has served four (4) consecutive terms in an elected office, he or she would be required to be elected by a two-thirds (2/3) vote to a fifth (5th) term and all consecutive terms. In the event the incumbent does not receive a two-thirds (2/3) vote on the nominating ballot, a new nominating ballot would be called for and the incumbent's name would be deleted. Each district by the voting voice of the District Conference may determine which district office should be full time. In the event that a new superintendent is elected in any district, the out-going superintendent shall continue in office for a period of thirty (30) days following the date of said election. The District Superintendent and the District Secretary-Treasurer shall be elected on alternating years, with the Conquerors President, the Sunday School Director, and the Ladies Ministries President being elected the same year as the District Superintendent and the Conquerors Secretary, Director of Home Missions, Sunday School Secretary, and Ladies Ministries Secretary being elected the same year as the District Secretary-Treasurer. Should a district so desire, the Ladies Ministries President and Secretary may be appointed by the board and ratified by the conference rather than elected.

Section 9. Death, Resignation, and Removal.

- 1. Any district officer taking a pastorate or establishing a residence outside of his or her district between conferences must resign his or her office.
- 2. If vacancies happen by death, resignation, removal, or establishment of a residence outside of the district, the District Board may fill such vacancies, with the exception of the office of District Superintendent, only until the next District Conference. If there remains a year unexpired in the term of said office, the District Conference shall elect a replacement to serve for that year. In the event a vacancy occurs in the office of District Superintendent, the General Superintendent shall be authorized to preside over district business until the election of a District Superintendent at a special district conference called by the General Superintendent, or an Assistant General Superintendent authorized by the General Superintendent, for the purpose of conducting an election to fill this office. Said election shall be held within sixty (60) days after the vacancy occurs.

ARTICLE II RIGHTS AND DUTIES OF OFFICERS, AND RULES APPERTAINING THERETO

Section 1. District Superintendent (General Presbyter).

- 1. He shall be a member of and shall attend all regular and specially called meetings of the Board of General Presbyters.
- 2. In the event he is unable to attend a regular or specially called meeting of the Board of General Presbyters, the District Board, should it be in session, shall select one of its members to act as its representative. Should the District Board not be in session, the District Superintendent of said district is authorized to appoint a representative from the District Board.
- 3. The duties of the District Superintendent shall be as follows:
 - (a) To be overseer of the district work in cooperation with the District Board.
 - (b) To maintain a spirit of harmony and cooperation between the district and general work, thereby working in harmony and unity with all other districts.
 - (c) To encourage the raising of missionary money.

- (d) To assist, when called upon by the pastor or local church board, in dealing with any difficulties which may arise within local assemblies.
- (e) To assist in securing pastors for assemblies in the district.
- (f) To investigate all applicants of the district for credentials or license before signing the applications.
- (g) To sign each credential, license, fellowship card, and church membership certificate issued to applicants in the district.
- (h) To preside as chair of District Conferences.
- (i) To encourage a series of Bible and Missionary Conferences in the various assemblies throughout the district.
- 4. In the furtherance of the work in the district, he shall have the right to appeal to any minister who is a member of the district and any evangelist or missionary currently working in the district.
- He must be consulted in regard to the organization of new churches within the district.
- He shall be empowered to ordain ministers in any district meeting or General Conference.

Section 2. District Presbyters.

- 1. The duty of the District Presbyter shall be as follows:
 - (a) To work under the direction of and in cooperation with the District Superintendent in carrying out district work.
 - (b) In the event the district is divided into sections and a District Presbyter is elected from each section, said District Presbyter shall oversee the work of the section in which he is elected under the supervision of the District Superintendent.
 - (1) He shall preside as chair of all sectional business meetings.
 - (2) He shall endeavor to maintain a spirit of harmony and cooperation in the section with all departments of the district and general work.
 - (3) He shall be in charge of all sectional fellowship meetings or appoint a chair to serve in said capacity.
 - (4) He shall notify the District Superintendent of all resignations or impending resignations of pastors in the section and consult with him concerning any complaints which have been brought to his attention regarding any minister in the section, or any difficulty arising between pastors or churches.
 - (5) He shall assist the District Superintendent in securing pastors for assemblies in his section.
 - (6) As a member of the District Board, he shall examine all applications for license or credentials in his section in advance of their appearance before the District Board.
 - (7) He shall supply the District Superintendent with whatever assistance or information he may have which would assist him in carrying out the district work.
 - (8) In the furtherance of the work in his section, he shall have the right to appeal to any minister who is a member of his section and any evangelist or missionary currently working in his section.

Section 3. District Secretary-Treasurer.

- 1. The duties of the District Secretary shall be as follows:
 - (a) To take minutes of District Conferences and District Board meetings.
 - (b) To preserve records of business proceedings and all other papers belonging to the district.
- 2. The duties of the District Treasurer shall be as follows:
 - (a) To receive and care for all district funds and, if required by the district, the

funds of all departments of the district; and make all district disbursements, and department disbursements when he holds their funds; to keep an accurate account of all such transactions; to hold the books open for inspection by officers or members of the district; and to make a report at each District Conference.

(b) No money should be paid out without the consent of the District Board.

Section 4. District Board.

- 1. The duties of the District Board shall be as follows:
 - (a) To take action with regard to false doctrine in the district, so long as the action taken does not conflict with the bylaws of the General Body.
 - (b) To handle any grievance or complaint against a minister according to Article VII, Section 7, Paragraphs 18-32 and Sections 8 and 9 of the General Constitution, and that it shall be according to the Judicial Procedure.
 - (c) To pass upon all applications for credentials, licenses, or church membership certificates issued in the district.
 - (d) To own as trustees, real estate and personal property which may be acquired by purchase, devise, or bequest by the district and for the benefit of the district; to use and deal with such real estate and personal property in such manner as may be consistent with the Constitution and Bylaws of the United Pentecostal Church International; to sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, and otherwise encumber such real estate and personal property for the benefit of the district; and to authorize, by proper resolution, its District Superintendent and District Secretary-Treasurer to execute and deliver on behalf of the District Board, as trustee, any such deeds of conveyance, notes, mortgages, deeds of trust, or pledges.
 - (e) To deal with all other matters pertaining to the district which do not infringe upon the power and privileges of the General Body.

Section 5. Safeguard of Funds.

- 1. Centralization of Funds:
 - (a) The district funds and, when specified by the district, the funds of every department shall be deposited with and held by the District Treasurer.
 - (b) The District Treasurer shall release said funds after proper authorization and a written request signed by the respective departmental treasurer.
- 2. Standardization of Books:
 - (a) The financial records of all departments shall be standardized by a uniform system of bookkeeping approved by the District Board.
 - (b) The duties of the Auditing Committee shall be as follows:
 - (1) To secure and audit annually the financial records of every department of the district and section that receives and disburses funds and shall report their findings to the District Board prior to the annual district or sectional conference.
 - (2) To make recommendations to the District Board regarding any improvement of the district bookkeeping system.

ARTICLE III DISTRICT CONFERENCE

Section 1. Resolutions.

All resolutions to be presented to the District Conference and all amendments
to this constitution shall first be presented to the Resolutions Committee and
such committee shall pass upon such resolutions or amendments prior to the
submission thereof to the District Conference. The resolutions must have the

author's signature before being considered by the Resolutions Committee. If the Resolutions Committee shall fail to act upon such resolution or amendment or shall refuse or fail to report its action thereon to the District Conference, or if the Resolutions Committee shall have failed to report favorably on any such resolution or amendment, then by a vote of two-thirds (2/3) of those in attendance at the District Conference entitled to vote thereat may force such resolution or amendment to a vote of the District Conference.

Section 2. Rules of Order.

1. All business in the District Conference shall be conducted according to and in harmony with *Robert's Rules of Order Revised*.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR DISTRICT OFFICERS

(For Quick Reference)

All sectional, district, and general officials must conform to the Fundamental Doctrine of the United Pentecostal Church International.

SUPERINTENDENT—

Male, 30 years old, member of organization 5 years, ordained 1 year, loyal to organization, cooperating member of district 1 year. 2-year term. (See page 119)

SECRETARY-TREASURER—

Male, 30 years old, member of organization 2 years, ordained 1 year, loyal to organization, cooperating member of district 1 year. 2-year term alternating with District Superintendent. (See page 119)

PRESBYTERS-

Male, 30 years old, member of organization 2 years, ordained 1 year, loyal to organization, cooperating member of district 1 year. 2-year term. (See page 119)

FOREIGN MISSIONS DIRECTOR—

Male, 30 years old, member of organization 2 years, ordained 1 year, loyal to organization, cooperating member of district 1 year, plus a demonstrated interest in the foreign missionary endeavor. Elected by conference. 2-year term concurrent with District Superintendent.

(See page 75)

HOME MISSIONS DIRECTOR-

30 years old, member of organization 2 years, ordained 1 year, loyal to organization, cooperating member of district 1 year. 2-year term alternating with District Superintendent. (See page 83)

HOME MISSIONS SECRETARY—

General licensed or ordained, loyal to organization, elected by conference or appointed by board and ratified by conference. 2-year term concurrent with District Superintendent. (See page 84)

SUNDAY SCHOOL DIRECTOR—

General License or ordained, 2-year term concurrent with District Superintendent. (See page 101)

SUNDAY SCHOOL SECRETARY—

Local, General or ordained. 2-year term concurrent with District Secretary-Treasurer. (See page 101)

YOUTH PRESIDENT—

Under 36th birthday, licensed or ordained. Elected by conference or appointed by board and ratified by conference. 2-year term concurrent with District Superintendent. (See page 95)

YOUTH SECRETARY—

Under 36th birthday, licensed or ordained. Elected by conference or appointed by board and ratified by conference. 2-year term concurrent with District Secretary-Treasurer.

(See page 95)

LADIES MINISTRIES PRESIDENT—

Lady, 25 years of age, elected by conference or appointed by board and ratified by conference. 2-year term. The president concurrent with District Superintendent.

(See page 108)

LADIES MINISTRIES SECRETARY—

Lady, 25 years of age, elected by conference or appointed by board and ratified by conference, 2-year term. The secretary concurrent with District Secretary-Treasurer.

(See page 108)

APOSTOLIC MAN MEN'S MINISTRIES-

The District Men's Ministries Director must be a man of unquestionable character and integrity, at least twenty-five (25) years old, and hold General License or Credentials of Ordination. (See page 110)

MINISTERS APPEAL COUNCIL-

Nominate one ordained minister.

(See page 134-135)

LOCAL CHURCH GOVERNMENT

(The following is provided as a SAMPLE FORM for the local church government. It is necessary that each church have its own written set of bylaws which have been approved by the local congregation and signed by the local church officials. This is being offered as a guideline for the local church to use in establishing the documents as required by various governmental agencies.)

PREAMBLE

In order to establish our work on a	a more efficient and permanent basis, we, the
members of the local	
assembly at	, affirm our belief that
God's people should be scrupulously s	set in order, and that it is needful for them to
be efficiently organized to successfully	carry on the gospel work and properly han-
dle their business affairs.	

PURPOSE

A house divided against itself cannot stand. The main purpose of this constitution is to provide rules to govern the assembly, according to the Scriptures, so that we may advance in the will of God. (Titus 1:5; I Corinthians 12:28).

ARTICLE I THE ASSEMBLY

Section 1. The Name.

1. The name of this assembly shall be known as

Section 2. *The Purpose.*

- 1. To establish and maintain a place of worship.
- 2. To unite a people of like faith in the bonds of brotherly love and fellowship. (Hebrews 13:1).
- 3. To meet together to truly worship God in spirit and in truth and to receive spiritual teaching. (John 4:24: Ephesians 4:11-15).
- 4. To point the lost to the way of life by publishing at home and abroad the true plan of salvation, exhorting believers to be filled with the Holy Spirit. (John 1:29; Luke 11:13; Acts 1:8 and 2:38).
- 5. To provide rules of Christian conduct, based upon the Word of God. (Titus 2).

ARTICLE II MEMBERSHIP

Section 1. Eligibility.

1. Anyone believing in and accepting the apostolic doctrine as set forth in our *Articles of Faith* is eligible to become a member.

Section 2. Obligations.

- 1. As a member of the assembly, each one must accept the following obligations:
 - (a) To cleanse one's self from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in the fear of God. (II Corinthians 7:1). (Tobacco in any form is considered filthy).

- (b) To conduct one's self everywhere as becometh a Christian.
- (c) To endeavor to manifest a spirit of brotherly love and fellowship toward all of God's people.
- (d) To forsake not attending services, as the manner of some is. (Hebrews 10:25).
- (e) To support the work of the assembly with one's prayers and financial aid, as God prospers. (Malachi 3:10; I Corinthians 16:2).
- (f) To maintain family and secret devotion.
- (g) To avoid all ungodly and worldly amusements (all amusements and recreations are not harmful), that one may be blameless and harmless amidst an evil generation and thus bring no reproach upon the name of Christ.
- (h) To abide by the bylaws of the assembly as prescribed in this form of local church government. (Titus 2:1-8; Hebrews 13:17).
- (i) To secure, in case of moving, a letter of membership from the former church, and unite with another church of the same faith as soon as possible.

Section 3. Admission.

- 1. Anyone who is eligible and accepts the foregoing obligations shall become a member of the assembly by registering his or her name and address with the pastor or secretary, and receiving the right hand of fellowship from the church.
- 2. No person being a member of another church in our organization shall be received as a member into another assembly without a letter of membership.
- 3. No person desiring to withdraw their membership shall be refused a letter of membership unless proven guilty of misconduct by confession or conviction. When said person has made satisfactory restitution to the church they are leaving, they shall be cleared of all foregoing matters and be ready to be accepted into the fellowship of a local United Pentecostal Church assembly.

Section 4. Church Discipline.

- Any member failing or refusing after the first and second admonitions to keep the obligations and abide by the rules of the assembly may be automatically suspended (II Thesalonians. 3:6), or dealt with according to the following methods:
 - (a) If any member of this church be overtaken in a fault, he or she shall be dealt with according to Galatians 6:1; I John 5:16-17; and James 5:19-20.
 - (b) Any grievance arising between individual members of this assembly shall be dealt with according to Matthew 18:15-18. Should the accused be found guilty by the church, he or she may be disfellowshipped from the membership roll unless he or she truly repents and makes public confession.

ARTICLE III OFFICERS

Section 1. Names of Officers.

1. The officers of the church shall be as follows: a pastor, an assistant pastor (when deemed necessary by the pastor), board members (at least one [1] and not more than seven [7]), Board of Trustees (this board shall consist of three [3] members when property is owned), and Secretary-Treasurer.

Section 2. Eligibility.

Pastor: Must have a recommendation from the District Superintendent. A recommendation shall not be withheld from any minister of the United Pentecostal Church International if he or she holds a current fellowship card. However, if there is any question concerning his or her conduct and/or qualifications, the District Superintendent shall make proper contact to the church

and minister.

2. Other officers: Must have been members in good standing at least one (1) year, except in the case of newly organized assemblies.

Section 3. Pastor.

- The pastor shall be chosen by the church board, whose decision must be endorsed by the church.
 - (a) However, if there are less than three (3) members on the church board, the District Superintendent and/or the District Presbyter, who may be authorized by the District Superintendent, shall call for the election of a pastor. In such case the method of election shall be the same as Article IV, Section 5, Paragraphs 1 through 4 of the General Constitution.
- 2. In case of alleged misconduct, same shall be reported in writing, sent by certified mail return receipt requested, by any member of the church board to the District Superintendent and also to the pastor. The District Superintendent, District Presbyter, and one (1) other member of the District Board shall investigate said report and take further action as they deem necessary.
- 3. Resignation or dismissal and rules relating thereto:
 - (a) A pastor desiring to leave a church must give the church board thirty (30) days notice. By mutual agreement, the time may be changed. In any event, it shall be considered the church's responsibility to pay his or her stipulated income for the thirty (30) days following his or her resignation. Furthermore it is understood that in this event, the church is immediately at liberty to start negotiations for a new pastor as outlined in Article III, Section 5, Paragraph 3.
 - (b) A church desiring to change pastors shall express this desire according to the following procedure:
 - (1) Any member of the church board may request in writing to the pastor that a church board meeting be called for the purpose of discussing the office of pastor. The reason for the requested meeting must be set forth. The letter must be certified mail with return receipt requested to the pastor, and a copy must be sent to the District Superintendent.
 - (2) The pastor shall call a church board meeting within thirty (30) days to discuss the situation and if possible to resolve the matter.
 - (3) In the event that this meeting cannot resolve the existing problems or differences given as the cause for desiring the change, then the pastor and/or church board shall notify the District Superintendent.
 - (4) The District Superintendent or his designee shall then arrange a meeting with the pastor and church board to assist in mediation.
 - (5) If the District Superintendent deems it necessary, the matter shall be brought to the church membership in a duly called meeting, presided over by the District Superintendent, in which meeting a vote of confidence on the pastor may be taken.
 - (6) In the event that the pastor does not receive a majority vote, he or she is dismissed as pastor and shall have thirty (30) days from the date of this meeting. By mutual agreement, the time may be changed.
 - (7) In the event that the pastor received the confidence of the people and is retained as pastor, the pastor shall have the right to appoint a new church board at this time.
 - (c) However, where a church is established by a minister of our organization, he or she shall have the oversight of same until said pastor and membership jointly agree to change.
 - (d) After any pastor is duly notified that the church desires to change pastors, or the pastor notifies the church that he or she desires to change pastorates, there shall be no changes made in the bylaws, membership roll, or officers.

- 4. The support shall be such as he or she and the assembly shall agree upon. (Luke 10:7: I Corinthians 9:7-14).
- 5. The duties of the pastor shall be as follows:
 - (a) To preach and teach the Word as God gives him or her ability.
 - (b) To visit and pray for the sick.
 - (c) To encourage the weak.
 - (d) To reprove and warn the unruly. (I Thessalonians 5:14; II Timothy 4:1-2).
 - (e) To give advice as needed, and be ready to every good work.
- 6. The pastor's authority shall be as follows:
 - (a) He or she shall have the oversight and superintendence of all interests of the church and of all departments of its work, both spiritual and temporal, not as Lord over God's heritage, but as feeder of the flock of God, taking the oversight thereof, not by constraint, but willingly; not for filthy lucre, but of a ready mind (I Peter 5:2-3), inasmuch as he or she is responsible for the guardianship and watch-care of all who are committed to his or her trust.
 - (b) He or she should be consulted in regard to all business of any importance pertaining to the spiritual, moral, and material affairs of the church.
 - (c) He or she shall call for and preside over business and church board meetings, and shall, with the approval of the assembly, appoint committees.

Section 4. Assistant Pastor.

- 1. The assistant pastor shall be appointed by the pastor and endorsed by the church.
- 2 His or her duty shall be to assist the pastor in all matters as directed by the pastor.

Section 5. Church Board.

- 1. The deacons or members of the church board shall be appointed by the pastor and endorsed by the church for a term of one (1) year.
- 2. They, together with the pastor, shall care for the business affairs of the assembly, submitting all transactions to the assembly for its approval or disapproval.
- 3. In case of a resignation or dismissal of the pastor, the church board shall immediately notify the District Superintendent of such a vacancy, and under his direction, call a business meeting, over which the District Superintendent or the District Presbyter whom he may authorize, shall preside, to choose a pastor or transact any other necessary business; however, be it understood that their decision for a pastor must be endorsed by a majority vote of the members present, this by secret ballot. All other business must be endorsed by a majority vote of the members present.

Section 6. Trustees.

- 1. The board of trustees shall be elected by a majority vote of the assembly and shall serve until their successors are elected.
- 2. Their duties shall be as follows:
 - (a) To hold all property belonging to the assembly in trust for the assembly.
 - (b) To make all legal acquirements and transactions which the assembly shall dictate and look after all repairs as directed by the assembly.

Section 7. *Secretary-Treasurer.*

- 1. The Secretary-Treasurer may be one (1) or two (2) persons, and shall be appointed by the pastor and endorsed by the church for a term of one (1) year.
- 2. The duties of the secretary shall be as follows: to take minutes and to preserve records of business proceedings and all other papers belonging to the assembly.
- 3. The duties of the treasurer shall be as follows: to receive and care for all funds of the assembly and make all disbursements; to keep an accurate record of all

- such transactions; and to hold the books open for inspection by the members of the assembly.
- 4. The assembly may call for monthly, quarterly, or annual reports from the treasurer, and may audit the books once each year.
- 5. One member of the church shall endorse all bills before the treasurer shall pay them with the exception of such regular payments as salaries, light, water, fuel, and janitor bills. All bills should be paid by check.

Section 8. Dismissal of Officers.

Any officer manifesting a lack of interest and failing to attend services a reasonable amount of time shall be removed.

Section 9. Sunday School Superintendent.

1. The Sunday School Superintendent shall be appointed by the pastor and endorsed by the church for a term of one (1) year.

Section 10. Young People's President.

1. The Young People's President shall be appointed by the pastor and endorsed by the church for a term of one (1) year.

ARTICLE IV **PROPERTY**

- 1. If at any time the assembly decides to purchase property, the pastor and church board shall look after the business matters and present their views to the assembly. Then, when a majority decides upon the purchase of a site, three (3) trustees must be elected according to Article III, Section 6, Paragraph 1.
- The title of the property shall be in the name of the church at the town where the assembly is located, and shall be held in trust by said trustees until their successors are elected.
- 3. In the event this assembly ceases to function as a church, all assets shall be assigned to another religious, nonprofit organization. and the disposition of these assets will be reviewed and approved by the District Board.

ARTICLE V BUSINESS MEETINGS

- 1. A business meeting of the church must be announced publicly in at least three (3) services, the first announcement being ten (10) days previous to the meeting date.
- 2. A majority vote of the members present and voting at any business session shall be the deciding factor.
- 3. The minimum age of a member voting in a local church business meeting shall be sixteen (16) years.

ARTICLE VI, RECORD OF ADOPTION continued on next page.

ARTICLE VI **RECORD OF ADOPTION**

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		Pastor
		Secretary
		Deacon

JUDICIAL PROCEDURE

CONTENTS

Introduction

Article I Definitions and Guidelines
Article II Regional Presiding Officer

Article III Appeal from District Board Action

Article IV Resolution of a Grievance
Article V Investigation of a Complaint

Article VI Hearing

Article VII Notice of Trial
Article VIII Selection of the Jury

Article IX The Trial Article X Appeals

Article XI General Officers

Article XII Home Missions Districts
Article XIII Foreign Missions Areas

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the judicial procedure is to resolve grievances and complaints of ethical, moral, and doctrinal violations brought against ministers in the United Pentecostal Church International.

Since the Bible instructs us to resolve ministerial and church problems within the church (I Corinthians 6:1-8), the United Pentecostal Church International does not approve of any minister in this organization resorting to the civil courts to seek resolutions of conflicts that arise within the structure of the organization. This judicial procedure is designed to be the instrument by which the organization resolves grievances between ministers and complaints about the conduct of ministers.

Since it is the desire of the fellowship to protect the rights of the accused, it must always be presumed that the accused is innocent until proven guilty. Moreover, the judicial procedure makes provision for an appeal to correct errors that affect a judgment.

The United Pentecostal Church International strongly condemns any attempt to prejudice the fellowship for or against the accused through any process outside this judicial procedure. Moreover, any attempt to obstruct the judicial process or to intimidate, malign the character of, or threaten recrimination of the accused minister, the person making the complaint, the district representative, the presiding officer, jurors, counselors, witnesses, or any others involved in the judicial process may result in substantial disciplinary action subject to judicial process.

This judicial procedure seeks a simple means of resolving ministerial problems in an orderly and Christian atmosphere without requiring any legal training. No person should attempt to use its provisions to evade guilt or to bend its authority to create confusion. It is to be administered by firm, competent hands, governed by truth and holiness, and clothed with respect, brotherly kindness, and love.

ARTICLE I DEFINITIONS AND GUIDELINES

Section 1. Terms. Persons. and Committees.

- Pronouns, nouns, and terms used in this judicial procedure shall include the masculine, feminine, neuter, singular, and plural forms thereof whenever appropriate to the context.
- 2. *Evidence* refers to objects, statements by witnesses, or any other primary information presented at a hearing or trial to establish a point in question.
- 3. A *witness* is someone who has personal knowledge of facts relevant to the truth of a complaint or charge. Each witness must be able to testify to a fact that establishes truth about the alleged violation. A witness may testify to the character of the accused on issues related to the complaint or charge.
- 4. A *counselor* is a person selected by the District Board, the Executive Board, or a minister to assist, advise, and speak during a District Board action, hearing, trial, or appeal. He or she must be a licensed or ordained minister of the United Pentecostal Church International. He or she need not reside in the district in which the accused minister is tried. A counselor cannot be a member of the General Board unless he or she is assisting an executive representative.
- 5. The *ministers appeal council* consists of a regional presiding officer as defined in Article II, an executive presbyter, and five (5) ordained ministers. Each district conference may nominate one (1) ordained minister and submit it to the General Board; then the General Board shall select two (2) names from those nominated for each office that is open. These names shall then be presented to the General Conference for election. The term of service for the five (5) elected ministers shall be two (2) years, and they shall be elected on alternate years. They may not

- succeed themselves. The regional presiding officer shall be the chair of the council. This council hears appeals from action of District Boards (Article III), from the decision of an arbitration panel (Article IV), from District Board sentences (Article VI), and from verdicts and sentences given at trials (Article X).
- 6. Official notice refers to a written communication sent by certified mail with return receipt requested, or delivered in person by someone who obtains a written receipt or who is accompanied by another person as a witness. The date of official notice is the date of receipt.
- 7. The *district representative* is a member of the District Board designated by the District Superintendent to represent the District Board at a trial or appeal. The District Superintendent may designate himself.
- 8. The *executive representative* is a member of the Executive Board designated by the Executive Board to present the case in the trial of a general officer. The General Superintendent shall not serve in this capacity.
- 9. A *conflict of interest* is a conflict between a person's self-interest and his or her obligation to act for the benefit of the fellowship.
 - (a) To avoid a conflict of interest, no official working at Headquarters shall serve as a counselor or as a member of an investigative committee or jury. Exceptions are members of the Home Missions Division and Foreign Missions Division when they function under Articles XII and XIII.
 - (b) No immediate relative of the accused minister, the accusers, the district representative, or the executive representative shall serve on the jury, on the investigative committee, on the ministers appeal council, or as the regional presiding officer. An *immediate relative* is a spouse, parent, child, grand-parent, grandchild, brother, sister, brother-in-law, or sister-in-law of a person or his or her spouse.
 - (c) A person shall disqualify himself or herself from serving in any part of the judicial process if he or she lacks impartiality or if his or her serving could create the appearance of partiality.

Section 2. Type of Actions.

- 1. A grievance is a problem, disagreement, or offense between ministers.
- 2. A *complaint* is a written allegation that a minister has failed to abide by the ministerial rules and obligations, broken his or her ministerial trust, violated ministerial ethics, deviated from a tenet of faith, or exhibited conduct unbecoming to a minister of the gospel. Such complaint must be signed by two (2) or three (3) accusers who state they have personal knowledge of the alleged misconduct. (See Matthew 18:16; II Corinthians 13:1; I Timothy 5:19.) The complaint shall state:
 - (a) Who committed the alleged act.
 - (b) What the alleged act was.
 - (c) Who the alleged act was with or against.
 - (d) Where the alleged act took place.
 - (e) When the alleged act took place.
- 3. An *investigation* is an official search or examination to uncover facts relative to a complaint.
- 4. A *hearing* is a meeting at which evidence is presented and testimony is given relative to a complaint to determine if the evidence warrants referring the case to a trial.
- 5. A *charge* is a formal written allegation by the District Board that a minister has failed to abide by the ministerial rules and obligations, broken his or her ministerial trust, violated ministerial ethics, deviated from a tenet of faith, or exhibited conduct unbecoming to a minister of the gospel. It is the basis for a trial. It shall identify the alleged violation(s), specifying who committed it, where it

- occurred, and when it occurred. Multiple charges may be submitted at the same trial if they are based on violations of the same nature or if they arise from the same events. The District Board must determine that each charge can be supported by evidence from two (2) or three (3) witnesses.
- 6. A *trial* is the process by which evidence is examined by a jury to determine the truth of a charge brought against a minister.
- 7. A *verdict* is the formal and official finding of a jury concerning the matter submitted to it in a trial.
- 8. A *sentence* is the consequence imposed upon a minister who has committed a violation.

Section 3. General Guidelines.

- 1. The scheduled time periods within this judicial procedure are designed to insure a fair and orderly processing of judicial matters, and all officers are required to adhere to the scheduled dates. However, exceptions may be made by the officer in charge of the committee, board, hearing, trial, or appeal process in the event of unanticipated or unavoidable interruptions such as illness, disability, or other valid reason.
- In the case of an appeal, any disciplinary action shall be suspended until the appeal has been resolved.
- It is the responsibility of each minister to become familiar with the judicial procedure.
- 4. All trial officials, witnesses, jurors, counselors, and others involved in the investigation, trial, or appeal process must keep confidential all matters pertaining to the case.
- 5. All evidence, including names of witnesses, to be presented by both sides at the hearing and trial shall be made readily available to the accused minister, his or her counselors, the district representative, and his counselors.
- 6. In all judicial proceedings, testimony shall be limited to what is relevant to the matter under consideration. No one shall attack the character of the accused, the accusers, or the witnesses. No one shall seek to intimidate any of them, introduce irrelevant information about them, or speak to them discourteously.
- 7. In all judicial proceedings, the highest duty of every participant is to seek the truth about the matter under consideration. No one shall deliberately withhold or conceal information that is relevant to ascertaining the truth about the matter. No counselor shall knowingly present a witness who will testify falsely. If a counselor knows or discovers that any witness he or she has presented has testified falsely, he or she shall correct the false information in the judicial proceeding.
- In all judicial proceedings, no participant, including a counselor, shall receive compensation for his or her services. He or she may be reimbursed for actual expenses incurred.
- 9. Anyone who persists in violating any of the guidelines of the judicial procedure may be barred from a proceeding by the chair or presiding officer. He or she may also be barred from future proceedings within a district by action of the District Board and from future proceedings in all districts by action of the General Board.

ARTICLE II REGIONAL PRESIDING OFFICER

Section 1. Appointment.

- A regional presiding officer shall be appointed from each region by the General Board of the United Pentecostal Church International for a term of two (2) years.
- In the event he or she should resign, become disabled, or move from the region, the Executive Board shall declare the office vacant and appoint a successor to fill the unexpired term.

Section 2. Qualification.

- 1. Shall be a resident of the region for which he or she is appointed.
- Shall meet the same qualifications as those established for general officers in Article IV, Section 3, Paragraph 1 of the General Constitution of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 3. Shall be of wise judgment, oriented in the judicial procedure, and capable of discreetly and honorably presiding over a trial.

Section 3. Duties.

- 1. The duties of the regional presiding officer shall be as follows:
 - (a) To preside over the ministers appeal council.
 - (b) To preside over trials in his or her region and in other regions when designated by the Executive Board. In the event a trial involves the district in which he or she resides, the General Superintendent shall select another regional presiding officer to preside over the trial.
 - (c) To set the place, date, and time of a trial under his or her jurisdiction. He or she is to notify in writing all persons involved in the trial of the place, date, and time of the trial. In case of a trial postponement or other changes, he or she is to reset the place, date, and time and to notify in writing all persons involved of the changes.
 - (d) To follow the procedure in Article VIII in selecting a jury, notifying veniremen of their selection, and securing their commitment to serve.
 - (e) To appoint an ordained minister from the region to serve as recording secretary for a trial. The recording secretary cannot be a member of the District Board that referred the case to trial.
 - (f) To conduct a fair and impartial trial in accordance with Article IX, and to conduct himself or herself in a manner that will not prejudice the jury.
 - (g) To instruct the jury on their responsibility as jurors and on the proper procedure in reaching a verdict.
 - (h) To announce the verdict of the jury and take appropriate post-trial actions according to Article IX, Section 6, Paragraphs 4, 6, and 9.

ARTICLE III APPEAL FROM DISTRICT BOARD ACTION

Section 1. District Board Action.

- The District Board may request a meeting with any minister to discuss matters
 of ministerial and district concerns.
- 2. The District Superintendent and the presbyters are encouraged to communicate and counsel privately with a minister about whom questions have surfaced in an attempt to clear any misunderstanding and resolve any problems without board action. Our first obligation is to create a Christian atmosphere in which misunderstandings and problems can be cleared and resolved by brotherly love and concern.

Section 2. District Board Procedure.

- 1. The District Board may summon a minister for alleged failure to comply with the ministerial obligations as described in the General Constitution of the United Pentecostal Church International. When a minister is summoned to appear before the board he or she has the right to have two (2) counselors to appear with him or her.
- 2. The District Board may be the district of the minister or the district in which the failure or violation allegedly occurred.
- 3. The summons shall be by official notice. (See Article I, Section 1, Paragraph 6.)

- 4. The summons shall cite the alleged violation and give the place, date, and time the summoned minister is to meet with the District Board. Failure to comply with the summons may result in the minister being dropped from the ministry of the organization.
- 5. If the District Board determines that the minister has violated one of his or her obligations, it may recommend to the credentials committee that the minister be dropped, or it may take other appropriate disciplinary action.

Section 3. Appeal.

- The minister may appeal being dropped or other disciplinary action to the ministers appeal council. Such appeal must be made by official notice to the regional presiding officer within twenty (20) days after the minister has received the decision of the District Board.
- 2. The regional presiding officer shall deliver a copy of the appeal to the District Superintendent by official notice.
- 3. The regional presiding officer shall set the place, date, and time for the meeting of the ministers appeal council to review the appeal, notifying the members of the council, the minister making the appeal, and the District Superintendent. He or she shall also appoint a member of the council to serve as recording secretary.
- 4. The ministers appeal council may review the district and other records pertaining to the case. The minister making the appeal, his or her counselors, a representative from the District Board, and counselors for the board shall have the right to appear before the council to present their case.
- 5. After examining the appeal, the ministers appeal council may:
 - (a) Sustain the District Board's action.
 - (b) Reverse the District Board's action.
 - (c) Modify the discipline if it determines that the discipline is inappropriate for the infraction. In this case, the ministers appeal council may alter the discipline, impose a different discipline, or remand the case to the District Board with guidelines for an acceptable discipline.
- 6. Within ten (10) days after the council reaches a decision, the regional presiding officer shall communicate the decision by official notice to the minister who has appealed and to the District Board.

ARTICLE IV RESOLUTION OF A GRIEVANCE

The following steps shall be taken to resolve a grievance between ministers.

Section 1. *Meeting Together.*

First, ministers should meet together alone in an effort to resolve a grievance between them. (See Matthew 18:15.)

Section 2. Arbitration Panel.

1. If the ministers fail to resolve the grievance between them, each minister shall select an ordained minister who is neutral and unbiased about the grievance and who is not a member of a District Board to serve as a member of an arbitration panel. These two (2) selected ministers shall then jointly select a third ordained minister who is also uninformed about the grievance and who is not a member of a District Board to serve as the chair of the arbitration panel. He or she shall affirm that he or she is neutral and unbiased concerning the grievance. Two (2) additional ministers shall be chosen to serve with the chair on the arbitration panel. They shall be chosen in the same manner as the chair and shall affirm that they are neutral and unbiased concerning the grievance.

- 2. The chair of the arbitration panel shall set the place, date, and time for the arbitration panel to meet with the two (2) ministers involved in the grievance and communicate this information to them and to the other four (4) members of the panel.
- 3. The arbitration panel shall meet with the two (2) ministers without any other person present. After hearing each side, it shall present a solution, which shall be binding upon both ministers. (See Matthew 18:16.)
- 4. The chair of the arbitration panel shall send by official notice a copy of the arbitration panel's decision to the two (2) involved ministers and to the District Superintendent of each minister.

Section 3. Appeal of Decision.

Either minister may appeal the decision of the arbitration panel to the District Board, whose decision shall be final. In the event the two (2) ministers are from two (2) districts, the appeal shall be to the ministers appeal council, whose decision shall be final. The appeal shall be made by notifying the District Superintendent (or regional presiding officer) within twenty (20) days after receiving the decision of the arbitration panel. (See Matthew 18:17.) The District Superintendent (or regional presiding officer) shall arrange a meeting to hear the appeal. Only the two (2) involved ministers and the chair of the arbitration panel or a member of the arbitration panel designated by the chair may meet with the District Board (or the ministers appeal council) during the appeal process.

Section 4. Failure to abide by the decision of the arbitration panel, or, in the case of an appeal, the District Board (or ministers appeal council), shall be considered insubordination and grounds for a complaint.

ARTICLE V INVESTIGATION OF A COMPLAINT

- **Section 1.** The District Superintendent is encouraged to communicate and counsel privately with a minister about whom any question has surfaced in an attempt to resolve the problem.
- **Section 2.** Upon the receipt of a complaint that does not have the required information (see Article I, Section 2, Paragraph 2), the District Superintendent shall inform the signatories of the need of further appropriate information to meet the requirements.
- **Section 3.** For the purposes of an investigation, hearing, and trial (Articles V, VI, VII, VIII, and IX), the district taking action may be the district of the accused minister or the district in which the violation allegedly occurred.
- **Section 4.** When a complaint of an alleged violation is received in writing, within thirty (30) days the superintendent of the district that receives the complaint shall appoint two (2) ordained ministers of the district to serve with him as the investigative committee. The District Superintendent shall serve as the chair of the committee. If the District Superintendent so desires, or if he has a conflict of interest according to Article I, Section 1, Paragraph 9, he shall disqualify himself and appoint another member from the District Board to take his place as chair. (See Article I, Section 2, Paragraph 2 for the definition of a complaint.)
- **Section 5.** The District Board and the accused minister may each have two (2) qualified counselors to assist, advise, and speak for them in the investigation, representation, and defense of a properly received complaint by the District Superintendent.

Section 6. The committee shall investigate the alleged violation, taking care to safeguard the welfare of all concerned: the person making the complaint, the minister, the church, the district, and the international organization.

Section 7. In the investigation of the complaint, the committee is authorized to take the following steps in the order given.

- 1. The chair shall notify the accused minister that a complaint of a ministerial violation has been received, stating the nature of the complaint.
- 2. The chair shall give the accused minister an opportunity to meet with him alone to respond to the complaint. This meeting is an attempt to resolve the complaint in a spirit of brotherly love and concern. The accused minister may also respond in writing.
- 3. Two (2) or three (3) committee members shall conduct an interview with the person reporting the alleged violation to ascertain the factual basis of the alleged violation.
- 4. The committee may interview other persons who may have personal knowledge of the alleged violation. If it becomes necessary to interview a member of a United Pentecostal congregation, under no circumstances shall the investigative committee interview that person without giving adequate and advance notification to the pastor. If the pastor is not the accused minister, he or she shall have the right to be present at the interview.
- 5. The committee may seek information from any other source that could possess knowledge concerning the alleged violation.
- 6. If the accused minister confesses in writing to a violation during this phase of the investigation, the accused minister shall appear before the District Board for disposition of this violation according to Article VI, Section 4, Paragraphs 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7.

Section 8. At the conclusion of the investigation, the committee shall take one of the following actions:

- Dismiss the complaint and notify the accused minister and the persons who initiated the complaint.
- 2. Refer its findings to the District Board for a hearing.

ARTICLE VI HEARING

Section 1. Purpose.

The hearing is a part of the investigative process of a complaint against a minister. Its purpose is to decide if the evidence included in the investigative report and presented at the hearing warrants a trial.

Section 2. Notice.

- If the investigative committee determines that the investigation indicates a need for a hearing, the chair shall submit to the District Board a written investigative report setting forth the nature of the alleged violation as the basis of a hearing.
- 2. The District Board shall conduct the hearing.
- 3. The District Superintendent shall set the date, place, and time for the hearing that will be heard by the District Board. The date for the hearing shall not be less than fifteen (15) days and not more than sixty (60) days from the time the accused minister receives notice of the hearing.
- 4. The District Superintendent or District Secretary shall issue a summons to the accused minister of the designated place, date, and time of the hearing. The summons shall be by official notice. (See Article I, Section 1, Paragraph 6.) He shall also provide him or her a copy of the investigative report and the complaint(s) by official notice.

- (a) If the accused minister is unable to attend the hearing on the date set because of illness, disability, or any other legitimate reason, he or she must notify the District Superintendent in writing, stating his or her reason. Such notice must be received by the District Superintendent at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the designated time of the hearing. If the investigative committee determines that the reason is valid, the District Superintendent shall contact the accused minister and reschedule the hearing.
- (b) If the investigative committee determines that the reason given by the accused minister is not valid, the District Superintendent shall notify the minister that the hearing is still scheduled at the originally designated time, and the minister shall appear at the hearing.
- (c) If an emergency prevents the accused minister from attending (see Article I, Section 3, Paragraph 1), the accused minister shall obtain two (2) unbiased ordained ministers as witnesses to the emergency. In this case, the hearing shall be rescheduled.
- (d) If a minister fails to attend the hearing, the District Board may recommend to the credentials committee that the minister be dropped from the ministry without recourse to a trial.

Section 3. Procedure.

- The hearing before the District Board gives the accused minister an opportunity
 to respond to the evidence and the District Board an opportunity to question
 and discuss the matter with him or her. The hearing should be conducted with
 brotherly love, with respect for all present, and as informally as the occasion
 will permit.
- 2. The accused minister may have one (1) or two (2) counselors to assist him or her during the hearing. He or she shall notify the District Superintendent in writing of the names of his or her counselors at least five (5) days before the date of the hearing. Failure to notify the District Superintendent in this manner may cause the accused minister to forfeit his or her right to counselors during the hearing.
- 3. The District Superintendent shall preside at the hearing and the District Secretary shall serve as recording secretary.
- 4. Only the members of the District Board, the two (2) counselors chosen by the District Board, the members of the investigative committee, the accused minister, and his or her counselors may attend the hearing. A witness shall be present at the hearing only during his or her testimony.
- 5. A designated member of the investigative committee shall read the investigative report before the presentation or discussion of the evidence.
- 6. The accused minister and his or her counselors may respond to the complaint.
- 7. The accused minister and his or her counselors may present witnesses and other evidence on his or her behalf.
- 8. The District Board may hear other witnesses who have personal knowledge about the evidence stated in the investigative report.
- 9. Members of the District Board, the two (2) counselors chosen by the District Board, and the two (2) counselors for the accused minister may question any witness. In the event the accused minister does not have a counselor, he or she may question witnesses himself or herself.

Section 4. Disposition.

- 1. If the District Board determines that the evidence does not warrant a trial, it shall dismiss the complaint against the minister.
- 2. If the District Board determines by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote that the evidence warrants a trial, then:

- (a) The District Superintendent may meet with the accused minister, his or her counselors, and two (2) ministers selected by the District Superintendent in an attempt to resolve the matter without a trial to the satisfaction of the accused minister and the District Board.
- (b) If there is no such resolution of the matter, the District Board shall draft a charge or multiple charges according to Article I, Section 2, Paragraph 5. It shall then forward the charge or charges to the regional presiding officer as the basis of a trial. The accused minister cannot appeal this decision of the District Board.
- 3. If the accused minister confesses in writing to a violation of the ministerial rules and obligations, a breach of his or her ministerial trust, a violation of ministerial ethics, a deviation from a tenet of faith, or conduct unbecoming to a minister, then there shall be no trial on the matter to which he or she has confessed. The District Board shall take one or more of the following actions on this confession.
 - (a) Warn and advise the minister.
 - (b) Take appropriate disciplinary action, which may include a rehabilitation program.
 - (c) Place the minister on probation. Any minister placed on probation shall submit his or her fellowship card to the District Superintendent for the duration of the probation. He or she shall support the district and pay his or her budget fees. He or she shall not be permitted to preach or to transfer his or her membership to another district. He or she may be required to participate in a rehabilitation program.
 - (d) Recommend to the credentials committee that the minister be dropped from the ministry of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 4. The action taken by the District Board may be explained to the minister orally, and it shall be communicated to him or her by official notice. In the case of disciplinary action, the District Board shall specify what is expected of the minister to remedy the violation. In the case of probation, the District Board shall inform the minister of the restrictions and specify the date the probation ends or is reviewed.
- 5. Within twenty (20) days after he or she receives official notice of the action taken by the District Board, the minister who confesses may appeal the sentence to the ministers appeal council. (For the appeal process, see Article X, Section 5.)
- 6. In the event that the ministers appeal council overturns the decision of the District Board, the District Board may appeal to the General Board, whose decision shall be final.
 - (a) The appeal shall be a review of the decision of the ministers appeal council.
 - (b) The General Secretary shall send by official notice a copy of the appeal of the District Board to the accused minister.
 - (c) The General Superintendent shall set the place, date, and time for reviewing the appeal, preferably but not necessarily at the next General Board meeting, and shall communicate the same by official notice to the accused minister, regional presiding officer, the District Superintendent, and if a special General Board meeting is necessary, to the members of the General Board. He shall be the presiding officer at the appeal.
 - (d) At the appeal, only the members of the General Board, the District Superintendent, his counselors, the accused minister, and his or her counselors may be present.
 - (e) During the appeal process, the District Superintendent shall present the side of the District Board first.

- (f) The counselors for the accused minister shall be allowed to present the side of the accused minister.
- (g) The General Board shall (1) sustain the decision of the ministers appeal council or (2) overturn the decision of the ministers appeal council in favor of the action by the District Board.
- (h) The General Secretary shall communicate by official notice the decision of the General Board to the accused minister and the District Superintendent.
- 7. In case of an alleged violation of the restrictions imposed on a minister for discipline or probation, the matter shall be handled by the District Board.

ARTICLE VII NOTICE OF TRIAL

Section 1. When the District Board refers the accused minister to the regional presiding officer for trial, the regional presiding officer shall designate the place, date, and time for the trial. The date for the trial shall be set not less than thirty (30) days and not more than ninety (90) days from the date the accused is referred for trial. With the approval of the General Superintendent, the regional presiding officer may extend the time of ninety (90) days in the event of interruptions such as illness, disability, or other valid reasons.

Section 2. Within fifteen (15) days after the District Board refers the minister to a trial, the regional presiding officer shall summon to trial the accused minister by official notice and send a copy of the charge against him or her.

The summons shall give the place, date, and time of the trial. The regional presiding officer shall send a copy of the summons to the District Superintendent. In case of postponement, the regional presiding officer can make an exception to the time of notice with the approval of the General Superintendent.

Section 3. The accused minister has fifteen (15) days after receipt of the summons to trial to state whether or not he or she will appear at the trial. If the accused minister does not respond to the summons or states that he or she will not appear at the trial, he or she shall forfeit his or her license or credentials without right of appeal.

Section 4. If the accused minister does not respond to the summons or states that he or she will not appear at the trial, the regional presiding officer shall recommend to the credentials committee that the accused minister be dropped.

Section 5. Should the accused minister receiving a summons to trial be unable to appear at the trial because of illness, disability, or any other legitimate reason, he or she must notify the presiding regional officer in writing, stating his or her reason. Such notice must be received by the regional presiding officer at least forty-eight (48) hours prior to the designated time of trial.

- If the regional presiding officer finds the reason to be valid, he or she shall
 reschedule the trial and notify the accused minister and others involved. After
 he or she resets the place, date, and time, he or she shall reissue the summons.
- 2. If the regional presiding officer determines that the reason given by the accused minister is not valid, he or she shall notify the minister that the trial is still scheduled at the originally designated time, and the minister shall appear at the trial.
- 3. If an emergency prevents the accused minister from attending (see Article I, Section 3, Paragraph 1), the accused minister shall obtain two (2) unbiased ordained ministers as witnesses to the emergency. In this case, the hearing shall be rescheduled.
- 4. An accused minister who fails to appear at a scheduled trial shall forfeit his or her license or credentials without right of appeal.

Section 6. Counselors.

- 1. The accused minister and the District Board shall both be allowed to have one (1) or two (2) counselors to assist and advise them during the trial proceedings.
- 2. The accused minister shall notify the regional presiding officer in writing of the names of his or her counselors at least five (5) days before the date of the trial. Failure to notify the regional presiding officer in this manner may cause the accused minister to forfeit his or her right to counselors during the trial.
- 3. The District Superintendent shall notify the regional presiding officer in writing of the names of the person who will represent the District Board at the trial (the district representative) and the counselors for the District Board at least five (5) days before the date of the trial. Failure to notify the regional presiding officer in this manner may cause the District Board to forfeit its right to counselors during the trial.

Section 7. The regional presiding officer shall appoint an ordained minister from the region to serve as recording secretary for the trial. The recording secretary shall not be a member of the District Board that referred the case to trial.

ARTICLE VIII SELECTION OF THE JURY

Section 1. The jury shall consist of nine (9) ordained ministers and two (2) alternate ordained ministers.

Section 2. Each District Board shall select and keep a venire of ten (10) to twenty (20) ordained ministers. If a district does not have ten (10) ordained ministers who are eligible, the District Board shall select as many veniremen as possible. They shall write the name of each veniremen on a paper, place each paper in a separate sealed envelope identified by the name of the district, and mail the envelopes to the General Secretary at Headquarters, who shall keep the envelopes on file until the regional presiding officer calls for them. The names of the veniremen shall be kept secret until they are requested to serve on a jury.

Section 3. The District Board shall update the names of veniremen each year, preferably changing the names when possible.

Section 4. At the request of the regional presiding officer, the General Secretary shall forward to the officer as many sealed envelopes from his or her region as he or she requires.

Section 5. A venireman who is a member of the accused minister's district or of the district in which he or she is being tried shall not serve on the jury.

Section 6. The regional presiding officer shall send a list of the names of the ministers so selected to the accused minister and to the superintendent of the district involved for their approval or disapproval not less than thirty (30) days before the trial date. The accused minister and the District Superintendent must indicate their approval or disapproval not less than twenty (20) days before the trial date. Failure to respond may cause forfeiture of the right to disapprove any name. The accused minister and the District Superintendent may each disapprove up to three (3) names. No reason needs to be given.

Section 7. A member of a District Board shall not serve on a jury.

Section 8. The regional presiding officer shall notify the ministers who have been selected to serve on the jury. If a selected minister has formed an opinion on the case or if he or she has a conflict of interest according to Article I, Section 1, Paragraph 9, the regional presiding officer shall disqualify him or her from serving. The regional presiding officer shall

admonish each selected member of the jury to keep his or her selection a secret, not to discuss the case, and to approach the trial with an unprejudiced mind.

ARTICLE IX **THE TRIAL**

Section 1. Attendance.

Only the regional presiding officer, the recording secretary, the jury and alternates, the accused minister and his or her counselors, and the district representative and his counselors may attend the trial. A witness may attend the trial only while giving his or her testimony.

Section 2. Order.

- The regional presiding officer shall preside over the trial. He or she has the authority to maintain order, rule on questions and objections, and act on any matter that will secure a fair and impartial trial.
- 2. In the event the accused minister, the district representative, or any counselor becomes unruly, the regional presiding officer may sequester the jury and warn the person misbehaving that a continuation of such behavior could result in serious consequences; he or she could be dismissed from the trial and he or she could be dropped from the ministry of the United Pentecostal Church International. Being unruly includes intimidation of witnesses, presiding officer, counselors, or other participants in the judicial process. (See Introduction.)
 - (a) If a counselor persists in being unruly, the regional presiding officer shall dismiss him or her from the trial.
 - (b) If the accused minister persists in being unruly, the regional presiding officer shall terminate the trial and recommend to the credentials committee that the minister be dropped.
 - (c) If the district representative persists in being unruly, the regional presiding officer shall dismiss him from the trial and recommend that the Executive Board take disciplinary action against the district representative. One of the District Board counselors shall then present the evidence against the accused minister.

Section 3. Records.

- The recording secretary shall keep a written record and shall make one (1) official tape recording of all the proceedings at the trial. No other tape recording of any part of the trial proceedings is permitted.
- 2. All records of the trial shall be the property of the United Pentecostal Church International and held in custody during the trial by the regional presiding officer, who shall make them available to the accused minister, the district representative, and their counselors, but only under his or her supervision.
- 3. No copies or tape recording shall be made of the court records.
- 4. After the final disposition of the case, the regional presiding officer together with the recording secretary shall seal the records and mail them to the General Secretary with a signed report of this action. These sealed records shall not be opened except by the approval of the Executive Board.

Section 4. Procedure.

- The district representative and his counselors shall present the case against the minister first, including all testimony intended to prove the charge made against the accused minister. No questions can be asked or evidence presented unless such questions and evidence have a bearing upon the charge already filed in writing.
- 2. The accused minister shall be given time and opportunity to present his or her side of the case. Statements by the minister or his or her counselors must be

- confined to the alleged violation and must not include counter accusations against anyone. All testimony must be pertinent to the charges on which the minister is being tried.
- 3. A witness for either side may be cross-examined by the opposing side with due respect; no discourteous acts or words shall be permitted. A witness may be cross-examined as to possible collusion, conspiracy, prejudice, motive, or bias. The regional presiding officer has the right to question the witness for clarification. No member of the jury shall be permitted to question the witness.
- Testimony of a witness not present may be read to the jury under the following conditions.
 - (a) The witness cannot be a signer of the complaint.
 - (b) The witness was unable to appear due to illness, physical disability, or extreme distance from the place of the trial, or was otherwise unable to appear.
 - (c) The testimony of the witness was obtained in writing, dated, and signed in the presence of an ordained minister or notary public who has no personal interest in the case and who is not an immediate relative of the accused minister or district representative. He or she shall sign and date the paper.
 - (d) The regional presiding officer is to instruct the jury to weigh the testimony in the light that the witness cannot be cross-examined in the trial.
- 5. The accused minister shall have the right to refuse to testify in his or her behalf on the grounds that he or she may tend to incriminate himself or herself. If he or she chooses to testify, he or she may be cross-examined. If he or she chooses not to testify, he or she shall not voice himself or herself in any manner during the trial.
- 6. Opportunity for rebuttal testimony shall be granted to both sides. After both sides have made a second rebuttal, the regional presiding officer may end the rebuttals, even if one or both sides wish to continue. After rebuttals, each side shall be granted an opportunity for a closing statement, with the accused minister's side being last. No new evidence and no witnesses may be presented in the closing statements.
- When both sides finish their closing statements, the regional presiding officer shall close the trial proceedings.

Section 5. *Deliberation of the Jury.*

- 1. At the close of the trial proceedings, the regional presiding officer shall give the jury a written copy of the charge.
- 2. The regional presiding officer shall instruct the jury on the procedure to reach a verdict. He or she shall also inform the jury that it shall reach one of the following verdicts on each charge:
 - (a) The accused minister is innocent of the charge.
 - (b) The accused minister is guilty of the charge as stated.
 - (c) The accused minister is guilty of a lesser violation that is not specified in the charge but is logically included in the charge by implication.
- 3. Only the members of the jury shall retire to themselves to consider the verdict. They shall elect a member of the jury to serve as foreperson.
- 4. The foreperson of the jury shall preside during the deliberations. He or she shall call for a vote at various intervals to determine if a verdict has been reached.
- 5. The vote shall be by secret ballot. No verdict can be reached except by a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote.
- 6. Only the regional presiding officer has the right to contact the jury, and then only regarding matters not pertaining to the case under consideration and in the presence of the accused minister and the district representative or their counselors.
- 7. The foreperson of the jury may come before the regional presiding officer and in the presence of the accused minister and the district representative or their

counselors ask questions concerning the General Constitution or the judicial procedure that may not be clear in the minds of the jury. Such conferences must be limited to the purpose of clarification and must not be used to discuss any evidence or testimony.

Section 6. Verdict.

- 1. When the jury reaches a verdict, the foreperson shall so inform the regional presiding officer, who shall call for the announcement of the verdict.
- The verdict must be in accordance with the instruction given to the jury by the regional presiding officer. If it is not, the regional presiding officer shall instruct the jury to resume deliberations.
- 3. When multiple charges are filed, the jury shall render a verdict on each charge.
- 4. The regional presiding officer shall present a written copy of the verdict signed by the jury foreperson to the accused minister and the district representative by official notice.
- 5. If the accused minister is found innocent, the verdict shall be final. He or she shall not be tried a second time on the same charge.
- 6. If the accused minister is found guilty of immoral conduct as defined by the General Constitution, Article VII, Section 9, Paragraph 1, the regional presiding officer shall recommend to the credentials committee that the minister be dropped from the ministry of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 7. If the accused minister is found guilty of any charge other than immoral conduct as defined by the General Constitution, Article VII, Section 9, Paragraph 1, the jury shall determine the sentence by taking one or more of the following actions.
 - (a) Warn and advise the minister.
 - (b) Take appropriate disciplinary action, which may include a rehabilitation program administered by the District Board.
 - (c) Place the minister on probation to be administered by the District Board. Any minister placed on probation shall submit his or her fellowship card to the District Superintendent for the duration of the probation. He or she shall support the district and pay his or her budget fees. He or she shall not be permitted to preach or to transfer his or her membership to another district. He or she may be required to participate in a rehabilitation program administered by the District Board.
 - (d) If the accused is found guilty only of a lesser charge than filed against him or her by the District Board, the jury must select one of the sentences in this paragraph, items a, b, and c, for that charge.
 - (e) Recommend to the credentials committee that the minister be dropped from the ministry of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 8. A minister who is found guilty may appeal the verdict and/or sentence to the ministers appeal council in accordance with Article X, Sections 4 and 5.
- 9. In the event the jury cannot reach a verdict, the regional presiding officer shall declare a mistrial. He or she shall then set the place, date, and time for a new trial, and follow the provisions of Articles VII, VIII, and IX of this judicial procedure. No member of the jury or alternate in the first trial shall serve in the second trial.

ARTICLE X APPEALS

Section 1. District Board Action.

A minister may appeal any disciplinary action by the District Board to the ministers appeal council. (For the procedure, see Article III, Section 3.)

Section 2. A Grievance.

A minister may appeal the decision of an arbitration panel to the District Board

(or ministers appeal council), whose decision shall be final. (For the procedure, see Article IV. Sections 3 and 4.)

Section 3. A Hearing.

There shall be no appeal from the decision of the District Board to refer a case to a trial.

Section 4. The Verdict of a Trial.

- 1. A minister who has been found guilty by a trial may appeal the verdict to the ministers appeal council.
- 2. A minister who appeals a verdict must do so within twenty (20) days after he or she receives the notification of the verdict or else he or she forfeits his or her right to appeal.
- 3. He or she must send this appeal by official notice to the General Secretary.
- 4. He or she may appeal this verdict on one or both of the following grounds.
 - (a) The trial was not conducted in accordance with the judicial procedure. An appeal on this ground must be based on an objection or objections raised in a timely manner during the trial (when the error may have been corrected).
 - (b) The evidence presented at the trial is insufficient to support the verdict.
- 5. The General Superintendent shall select another regional presiding officer for the appeal.
- 6. The General Secretary shall send by official notice a copy of the appeal to the district representative and the regional presiding officer.
- 7. The regional presiding officer shall set the place, date, and time for the ministers appeal council to hear the appeal. He or she shall communicate this information by official notice to the minister who has appealed, the district representative, and the regional presiding officer of the trial.
- 8. Both the district representative and the regional presiding officer of the trial may submit written responses to the appeal.
- 9. The ministers appeal council shall not conduct a trial but must limit its inquiry to the grounds allowed for an appeal.
- 10. Only the regional presiding officer of the trial, the district representative, his counselors, the accused minister, and his or her counselors may appear before the ministers appeal council. Their presentation must be pertinent to the grounds stated for appeal.
- 11. The counselors for the minister making the appeal shall present the case for the appeal first.
- 12. After the ministers appeal council hears the counselors, receives information from the regional presiding officer of the trial, and reviews the records of the trial, the appeal, and the written responses, it shall take one of the following actions.
 - (a) Uphold the verdict.
 - (b) Reverse the verdict if the evidence is insufficient to support the verdict.
 - (c) Order a new trial if it finds that the judicial procedure was not followed and that the error could have had a material effect on the outcome of the trial. In the case of a new trial, the Executive Board:
 - (1) Shall designate another regional presiding officer for the trial.
 - (2) Shall refer the case to the regional presiding officer, who shall set the place, date, and time for the new trial and follow the procedure in Articles VII, VIII, and IX.
- 13. The regional presiding officer of the ministers appeal council shall communicate the decision of the ministers appeal council to the minister who has appealed, to the District Superintendent, to the regional presiding officer of the trial, and to the General Secretary by official notice within ten (10) days of the decision

- 14. In the event the ministers appeal council overturns the verdict of the jury or rules a mistrial, the District Board may appeal the decision of the ministers appeal council to the General Board, whose decision shall be final.
 - (a) The appeal shall be a review of the decision of the ministers appeal council. (See this section, Paragraph 12, Items b and c.)
 - (b) The General Secretary shall send by official notice a copy of the appeal of the District Board to the accused minister and the regional presiding officer of the trial.
 - (c) The General Superintendent shall set the place, date, and time for reviewing the appeal, preferably but not necessarily at the next General Board meeting, and shall communicate the same by official notice to the accused minister, regional presiding officer of the trial, the District Superintendent, and if a special General Board meeting is necessary, to the members of the General Board. He shall be the presiding officer at the appeal.
 - (d) At the appeal, only the members of the General Board, the regional presiding officer of the trial, the district representative, his counselors, the accused minister, and his or her counselors may be present.
 - (e) During the appeal process, the district representative and his counselors shall present the side of the District Board first.
 - (f) The counselors for the accused minister shall be allowed to present the side of the accused minister.
 - (g) The General Board shall (1) sustain the decision of the ministers appeal council or (2) overturn the decision of the ministers appeal council in favor of the verdict by the jury.
 - (h) The General Secretary shall communicate by official notice the decision of the General Board to the accused minister, the district representative, and the regional presiding officer of the trial.

Section 5. A Sentence.

- 1. A minister who has been sentenced may appeal the sentence to the ministers appeal council. A minister who appeals a sentence must do so within twenty (20) days after he or she receives official notice of the sentences.
- 2. The procedure to appeal the sentence shall be the same as the procedure given for an appeal of a verdict in Article X, Section 4, Paragraphs 1-13 with the following changes:
 - (a) The references to the regional presiding officer of the trial shall be deleted.
 - (b) The minister may appeal on one (1) or both of the following grounds.
 - (1) The sentence is not consistent with the General Constitution.
 - (2) The sentence is too severe for the violation.
 - (c) In response to the appeal, the ministers appeal council shall take one (1) of the following actions:
 - (1) Uphold the sentence.
 - (2) Modify the sentence.
- 3. In the event the ministers appeal council modifies the sentence, the District Board may appeal to the General Board, whose decision shall be final.
 - (a) The procedure shall be the same as Article X, Section 4, Paragraph 14, Items a-f, except that the references to the regional presiding officer of the trial shall be deleted.
 - (b) The General Board shall (1) sustain the decision of the ministers appeal council or (2) overturn the decision of the ministers appeal council in favor of the sentence imposed by the jury.
 - (c) The General Secretary shall send by official notice the decision of the General Board to the accused minister, the District Superintendent, and the regional presiding officer of the ministers appeal council.

Section 6. Notification.

- Within thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the trial and appeal process, the General Secretary shall send a letter to the accused minister stating the verdict.
- If the accused minister is found innocent of all charges, the General Secretary shall send a copy of the letter to every minister in the district of the accused minister.

ARTICLE XI GENERAL OFFICERS

Section 1. Resolution of a Grievance.

1. When a general officer is one of the ministers involved in a grievance, the procedures of Article IV shall apply, with the following exceptions:

- (a) In implementing Section 2, the ministers on the arbitration panel shall not be members of the Executive Board.
- (b) In implementing Sections 3 and 4, an appeal of the decision of the arbitration panel shall be to the Executive Board, who shall take the place of the District Board and whose decision shall be final.

Section 2. *Investigation of a Complaint.*

- 1. A complaint against any general officer except the General Superintendent shall be filed with the General Superintendent.
- The General Superintendent is encouraged to communicate and counsel privately with a general officer about whom any question has surfaced in an attempt to resolve the problem.
- 3. Upon the receipt of a complaint that does not have the required information (see Article I, Section 2, Paragraph 2), the General Superintendent shall inform the signatories of the need of further appropriate information to meet the requirements.
- 4. The General Superintendent shall notify the general officer that a complaint has been received, stating the nature of the complaint.
- 5. Within thirty (30) days of receiving the complaint, the General Superintendent shall appoint five (5) members of the General Board, excluding himself, to serve as an investigative committee. The General Superintendent shall appoint one of the committee members to serve as chair. The committee shall follow Article V, Section 5 and Article V, Section 6, Paragraphs 2, 3, 4, and 5. (See also Article I, Section 1, Paragraph 9.)
- 6. A complaint against the General Superintendent shall be filed with the General Secretary, who shall designate one of the Assistant General Superintendents to serve as the investigative officer. He shall follow the guidelines given for the General Superintendent in this section, Paragraphs 1-5. He shall select five (5) members of the Executive Board to serve as an investigative committee, which shall follow Article V, Section 5 and Article V, Section 6, Paragraphs 2, 3, 4, and 5. (See also Article I, Section 1, Paragraph 9.)
- 7. At the conclusion of the investigation, the committee shall take one of the following actions:
 - (a) Dismiss the complaint and notify the accused minister and the persons who initiated the complaint.
 - (b) Refer its findings to the Executive Board for a hearing.

Section 3. *Hearing.*

- A hearing for general officers shall follow the procedure in Article VI, with the changes as noted in this section.
- 2. The General Superintendent and the General Secretary shall take the place of the District Superintendent and District Secretary respectively, and the Executive Board shall take the place of the District Board.

- 3. In a hearing of a complaint against the General Superintendent, an Assistant General Superintendent shall take the place of the District Superintendent. Consequently, he shall take the place of the General Superintendent in this article when necessary.
- 4. In implementing Article VI, Section 4, Paragraph 2, the charge or charges shall be given to the General Superintendent.
- 5. In implementing Article VI, Section 4, Paragraph 5, the minister who confesses in writing may appeal the sentence to the General Board.

Section 4. *Trial of a General Officer.*

- 1. If the Executive Board refers the case to a trial, the procedure shall be the same as in Articles VII and IX, with the following changes.
 - (a) The Executive Board shall take the place of the District Board, the General Superintendent shall take the place of the regional presiding officer, and the General Secretary shall be the recording secretary.
 - (b) The Executive Board shall select one member to present the evidence at the trial. This executive representative takes the place of the district representative.
 - (c) The jury shall consist of nine (9) members with two (2) alternates selected from the General Board by a drawing conducted by the General Secretary. Someone who has formed an opinion on the case or who has a conflict of interest according to Article I, Section 1, Paragraph 9 shall not serve on the jury. Members of the Executive Board and the superintendent of the district of which the officer is a member shall not serve on the jury. (This paragraph takes the place of Article VIII.)
 - (d) Only the General Superintendent, General Secretary, the jury and alternates, the accused officer and his or her counselors, and the executive representative and his counselors may attend the trial. A witness may attend the trial only while giving his or her testimony.
 - (e) Counselors may be members of the Executive Board or General Board.
 - (f) In the event the executive representative becomes unruly, and after being warned by the General Superintendent persists in being unruly, the General Superintendent may dismiss him or her from the trial and recommend that the Executive Board take disciplinary action against him or her. One of the counselors for the Executive Board shall then present the evidence against the accused general officer.
 - (g) A general officer who is found guilty may appeal the verdict or sentence in accordance with Article X, Sections 4 and 5, except that the appeal shall be made to the General Board.

Section 5. Notification.

- Within thirty (30) days after the conclusion of the trial and appeal process, the General Secretary shall send a letter to the accused minister stating the verdict.
- If the accused minister is found innocent of all charges, the General Secretary shall mail a copy of the letter to every minister in the district of the accused minister.

ARTICLE XII HOME MISSIONS DISTRICTS

The procedure for an appeal from board action, grievance, investigation, hearing, charge, trial, and appeal shall be the same as in Articles III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, and X, except that the Executive Board shall serve as the District Board, the General Secretary shall serve as the District Secretary, and the General Home Missions Director as the District Superintendent.

ARTICLE XIII FOREIGN MISSIONS AREAS

Section 1. Definition and Scope.

This article of the judicial procedure shall apply to anyone under appointment to serve in missionary work outside the continental United States and Canada and to any other minister licensed or holding credentials with the United Pentecostal Church International living outside the continental United States and Canada.

Section 2. Appeal from Board Action, Grievance, Investigation, Hearing, Charge, Trial, and Appeal.

The procedure shall be the same as in Articles III, IV, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX and X, except that the Foreign Missions Board shall serve as the District Board, the Director of Foreign Missions shall serve as the District Superintendent, and the Secretary of Foreign Missions shall serve as the District Secretary. Moreover, the regional judicial officer shall be from the region with which the accused minister was most recently affiliated unless otherwise decided by the General Superintendent.

Position Papers

United Pentecostal Church International

by United Pentecostal Church International Hazelwood, Missouri

Contents

Abortion Church and State Relations Church Schools Coming of the Lord, The Computers and the Internet Ethics (ministerial) Family, The Gambling Holiness Homosexuality Judicial Procedure Racial and Ethnic Affirmation Restoration of Ministers Revised Standard Version, The Sports (organized) Technology (usage of) Transcendental Meditation True Humanity of Jesus Christ, The Unity of Oneness Believers Video (restrictions)

ABORTION

(1)

Adopted by the General Conference in 1974

Be it resolved that the United Pentecostal Church International go on record as being opposed to legalized abortion.

(2)

Adopted by the General Conference in 1988

Whereas our world has been wracked for a number of years by the corporate sin of abortion, and

Whereas the United Pentecostal Church International must confront this moral and ethical challenge in our [North] American society, and

Whereas the Holy Bible does provide insight into this climate of sexual permissiveness prevalent in our generation, and

Whereas the Bible acknowledges God as totally involved in the creation of new life (Jeremiah 1:5; Psalm 139:13-16; Isaiah 44:24), and

Whereas the Bible further acknowledges that a woman is with child at conception (Luke 1:31-36), and

Whereas the church of the living God has a responsibility in protecting the rights of the unborn.

Be it therefore resolved that the United Pentecostal Church International go on record as opposing abortion on demand.

Be it further resolved that we voice our opposition to any legislation at provincial, state, or national levels which would bring about a climate designed to undermine the sanctity of human life, further destroying the moral fiber of our society.

Be it further resolved that we give ourselves to earnest prayer during the time of [the revival endeavor called Global] Conquest for an awakening in our North American society of moral consciousness concerning this issue.

Be it further resolved that we encourage and help provide for proper biblical solutions to this problem and that we continue to reach out through pastoral counseling, through biblically-based maternity care and adoption ministries, and through biblically-based crisis pregnancy services, to those who have been caught or blighted in any way by the effect or contemplation of abortion.

Be it further resolved that we encourage our ministers, churches and other counselors, who assist and counsel those who are faced with unplanned pregnancy situations, to offer a full range of biblically-based alternatives, including maternity care, foster care and adoption, so that more birthmothers will choose life for their babies.

Be it further resolved that we again reaffirm that we want to minister with compassion to those who may presently suffer the trauma of having had an abortion.

(3)

Adopted by the General Board 2009

"General Board declares the third Sunday in January of each year to be Sanctity of Life Sunday and urges all of our churches to join in commencing this year."

CHURCH AND STATE RELATIONS

Adopted by the General Conference in 1984

Inasmuch as there are referendums that are presented in local communities for public vote, and

Inasmuch as these referendums on occasion represent items of a moral and ethical nature, and

Inasmuch as pastors and/or churches have a scriptural obligation and Constitutional protection to speak out publicly about such matters in the printed news media and/or to offer appropriate support to certain organized efforts designed to influence the outcome of the referendums containing moral issues, and

Inasmuch as some churches who have already done this have been declared in some instances as "political action committees" and thereby have been instructed to file certain financial disclosure forms or face criminal prosecution, and they are now engaged in legal proceedings to determine the validity of such laws and directives,

Be it therefore resolved that we as an organization reaffirm our position of maintaining that churches and ministers have scriptural precept and Constitutional protection for freedom of speaking on matters of moral and ethical nature.

Be it further resolved that we deny the designation of churches as "political action committees" when voicing opinions on public referendums of moral and ethical consequence and that we disapprove of filing financial disclosure forms.

Be it further resolved that we authorize whatever action be taken in support of our opposition to the progressive intrusions into the ministries of churches by governmental agencies with these actions being directed by general and executive boards to be sure that they are in harmony with our purpose as a church.

CHURCH SCHOOLS

Adopted by the General Conference in 1983

Inasmuch as the United Pentecostal Church International is a worldwide organization of more than 9,000 local assemblies existing to propagate the gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ, and

Inasmuch as this proclamation includes the discipling of constituents and the training of children, and

[Inasmuch as it is] furthermore our firm conviction that this training of children can be extended to their proper education within a Christian environment, and

Whereas it is within our rights as citizens of these United States [of America] to consider our parochial Christian schools an extension of our local church ministry, and

Whereas there are areas of these United States [of America] where this freedom of choice concerning the education of our children is being assailed and denied by certain states within this union.

Be it resolved that this 59th General Conference of the United Pentecostal Church International go on record as upholding this basic liberty of a local church to provide for its constituents a private parochial school without interference from any external authority with reference to its curriculum or teachers.

Furthermore, we go on record as opposing an effort by any governmental agency to impede this right; we dedicate ourselves this day as a unified body to protect, stand with, pray for, and lend assistance in all practical ways to any assembly whose right as described herein has been violated.

We further reiterate that inasmuch as our educational concepts are rooted in scriptural Judeo-Christian principles that it is not incumbent upon our schools to accept any curriculum imposed upon them by the education proponents of secular humanism that would violate these principles.

THE COMING OF THE LORD

Adopted by the General Board in 2005

In this increasingly post-denominational world, there is decreasing emphasis on doctrinal teaching. In such a climate, mention of the coming of the Lord is often absent from songs, teaching, and preaching. Even in the Oneness Pentecostal church, there has sometimes been a de-emphasis on this important doctrine, leading to apathy and in some cases acceptance of erroneous teaching. One false teaching, generally termed preterism, alleges that the coming of the Lord was fulfilled in the first century. Preterists teach that most if not all of the scriptural prophecies of the coming of the Lord addressed judgment upon the Jews, which culminated in the destruction of Jerusalem in A.D. 70.

While the UPCI allows diversity in views regarding the timing of the coming of the Lord, particularly with reference to the Tribulation, the expectation of the soon return of the Lord is integral to our identity as a movement. In fact, the modern Pentecostal movement was reborn at the beginning of the twentieth century, out of the anticipation that the Lord wanted to prepare His bride for His soon return. We believe that when the New Testament speaks of the "soon" return of the Lord, it gives the promise to assure the church of its future hope. Paul expressed this anticipation, for although he expected martyrdom, he promised that a crown was not merely waiting for him alone but for all those who love His appearing. (See II Timothy 4:8.)

We reject preterist notions that the prophecies of Revelation 4-19 were fulfilled prior to A.D. 70, that Satan is bound, and that we are now living during the thousand years described in Revelation 20. As Oneness Pentecostals, we believe New Testament prophecies of the return of Christ are literal, still to be fulfilled. Further, while Israel has been blinded in part, there will come a time when they will be grafted in again (Romans 11:17-26). We look forward to a time when the church will reign with Christ in the Millennium, a time when Christ will reign supreme and will restore peace on the earth.

The early church universally believed the prophecies of Revelation and the promise of the return of Christ to be future and not past. It was the medieval church that formally did away with a futurist reading of the Book of Revelation and taught that the church was living in the Millennium. As Oneness Pentecostals, we reject any new "revelation" which suggests that the consistent teaching of the ancient and modern Oneness Pentecostal church is in error and that the medieval teaching is in fact correct. We are looking for the catching away of the saints, the return of the Lord Jesus Christ to earth, the establishing of Christ's millennial kingdom, and ultimately the institution of the new heaven, the new earth, and the New Jerusalem.

COMPUTERS AND THE INTERNET

Adopted by the General Board in 1998

One of the new technologies that have been introduced to society in recent years is known as the Internet. This innovation literally brings the entire spectrum of information available in the world into any computer screen. While much of this information is wholesome and useful, a great amount is lewd, pornographic, or dangerous. In addition, the Internet provides a forum for direct interpersonal relationships via "chat rooms" and "e-mail." Many people have been unwittingly snared into corruption by participating in these forums.

The UPCI recognizes that the widespread use of the Internet among our people in the workplace and in the home may not be reversed. At the same time, the very

real dangers presented must not be ignored. We, therefore, submit the following guidelines to monitor the access and use of the Internet:

- Placement of the computer. Any computer used for Internet access should be located in an area of the home that is used by the entire family. This discourages the wrong use by the operator because he or she knows that others will have knowledge of all sites visited on the Internet and what files or pictures are downloaded.
- 2. Blocking software. A number of programs may now be purchased which prevent vulgar or sexually explicit material from appearing on the computer screen. We urge our people to protect themselves and their families by placing one or more of these programs on each computer used for Internet access.
- 3. Shared passwords. Unauthorized or unsupervised use of a computer by a minor or a person who is not a family member may be easily stopped by passwords. It is also possible for two people to compose the password with each knowing only a part, thus insuring that two are required to access or unlock a program or Internet site.
- 4. Log of visited sites. Nearly all Internet browsers include a function that records all sites a user accesses. This log may be reviewed at any time. We recommend that all users be apprised of this feature and a regular evaluation of sites visited be made.
- 5. *Time-consuming*. The interactive nature of the Internet lures many users into spending inordinate amounts of time exploring it. Not only does it waste time, it is addictive as well. We urge our people to exercise great caution and restraint in their use of this medium.

The word that best enables us to regulate the use of the Internet is *accountability*. Anyone who makes use of this technology ought to recognize the insidious nature of the Internet, and that it especially affects users who access the sites secretly or without the knowledge of others. There are few other areas where the biblical principle of accountability means more than Internet usage. We believe that every effort to establish and maintain accountability is vital to our people who are involved in the Internet.

ETHICS (MINISTERIAL)

Adopted by the General Conference in 1964

My Code of Ethics

(Not laws to govern but principles to guide)

Striving to be a good minister of the Lord Jesus Christ,

I will constantly prepare myself in body, mind, and spirit.

I will safeguard the good name of the ministry; [I will] speak the truth in love, live honestly, and avoid embarrassing debts.

I will hold as sacred all confidences shared with me.

I will exercise the authority of a spiritual leader rather than that of a dictator.

I will seek to minister rather than to be ministered unto, placing service above salary and personal recognition, and the unity and welfare of the church above my own personal welfare.

I will seek to lead my church to accept its full responsibility for community and world service.

I will seek to build my church without discrediting other churches, soliciting members therefrom, or casting reflection on other ministers.

I will not compete with another minister for a call to a pastorate in an unethical manner.

I will, with my resignation, sever my pastoral relations with any former parishioner and will not make pastoral contacts in the field of another pastor without his or her knowledge and consent.

I will not accept the pastorate of a United Pentecostal Church unless I am in accord with the Articles of Faith and Constitution of the general church body.

Having accepted a pastorate, I will not use my influence to alienate the church or any portion thereof from the fellowship or support of the United Pentecostal Church International. If my convictions change, I will be honorable enough to withdraw.

THE FAMILY

Adopted by General Conference in 1990

Inasmuch as modern society has eroded the biblical ideal of the family and its practical existence, and

Inasmuch as homosexual couples, unmarried heterosexual couples, and even groups of persons simply maintaining a common household are seeking to gain legal and social status as families, with all due rights and privileges given to families, including but not limited to social benefits or rights such as child rearing and custody, spousal or dependent insurance, inheritance rights, and tax exemptions.

Be it resolved that the United Pentecostal Church International uphold the biblical ideal of the basic family as one man and one woman (Genesis 2:24; Matthew 19:4-9; Ephesians 5:22-25, 28), married by law in accordance with all biblical injunctions; and all offspring of such a couple, biological or adopted (Psalm 127:3; Leviticus 14:29; James 1:27); with the extended family being comprised of the various relatives of blood and marriage resulting from the lawful union of a man and woman (Leviticus 25:25, 47-49; Numbers 27:6-11; Judges 18:19; Acts 10:2, 11-14; 16:31-32).

And be it further resolved that the United Pentecostal Church International and its constituent ministers uphold the biblical ideal of the family in doctrine and example, publicly defending the family as the most critical social institution ordained by God, while making all reasonable, practical efforts to resist legal recognition of persons or groups as families when such persons or groups contradict biblical teaching on morality and the family.

GAMBLING

Adopted by the General Board in 1994

Inasmuch as gambling is one of the greatest blights of our society and is an encroachment upon every segment of life, it becomes necessary for the General Board of the United Pentecostal Church International to address the issue of gambling.

The following is a position paper from the highest board of our church addressing this moral fungus that eats at the very core and fabric of our society.

Gambling has been defined as "to bet on an uncertain outcome, to stake something on a contingency, playing the game of chance for stakes."

There are those who do not feel the Bible clearly speaks out against this malady. Our consensus is that the Bible speaks to the gambling issue as it does to all the issues of life. The moral ideals of the Bible and the Bible's insistence on obedience to the will of God are crucial for our examination and assessment of any issue involving human behavior, including the issues of gambling. Biblical faith with its emphasis on loyalty to God and its call to a life of trust tolerates no bowing of the knee to luck and no dependence on chance. Gambling appears to offer something for nothing when in reality it is nothing for something.

The first clear and direct reference to gambling occurs in Isaiah 65:11: "But ye

are they that forsake the LORD, that forget my holy mountain, that prepare a table for that troop, and that furnish the drink offering unto that number." The prophet's protest was against those Israelites who trusted in the false gods of chance rather than in the living God.

Matthew 27:35 states they cast lots, or threw dice, for our Lord's garments. Could it be that one of the last things our Lord beheld during His cross experience was gamblers at Golgotha.

James 5:1-6 speaks of rich men who defraud the less fortunate for their personal gain.

Proverbs 23:4-5 is also a strong indictment. It reads, "Labour not to be rich; cease from thine own wisdom. Wilt thou set thine eyes upon that which is not? for riches certainly make themselves wings; they fly away as an eagle toward heaven."

I Corinthians 6:8-10 teaches us contentment. Gambling, lottery, casinos create a spirit of covetousness which opposes the plain teaching of the Scriptures. Jesus further underscored this in Luke 12:15 when He warned, "Beware of covetousness."

I Corinthians 10:21 declares you cannot drink of the cup of the Lord and eat at the devil's table. Is a gambling table anything less than that of Satan?

Gambling violates the biblical principles of stewardship with regard to property, money, and its appropriate use. The Bible blesses the use of money or property which are in accord with the intention of God. Thus, money may be used to provide for our basic needs (II Thessalonians 3:10), support of one's family (I Timothy 5:8), to contribute to the Lord's work (I Corinthians 16:1-3), to meet human need (Ephesians 4:28, II Corinthians 9:6-15), to give to the poor (John 13:29), and to pay taxes (Matthew 22:21, Romans 13:7). Such conscientious handling of one's resources precludes gambling. Giving to a game of chance with the blessings of God is not mentioned anywhere in the Holy Writ.

Gambling is greed and exploitation of others. It ignores the command to love our neighbor. We are enjoined to abstain from all appearance of evil (I Thessalonians 5:22), to hate what is evil (Romans 12:9). The actions of the individual Christian are to be disciplined toward the moral and spiritual welfare of others (Romans 14:13-21). Our influence as Christians is to be exerted in a positive, aggressive, and godly fashion for the building of a Christian influence in the community.

Gambling contributes nothing to the common good. It undermines values, mocks work, finances crime, robs children, enslaves its addicts, subverts government, and poisons whatever it touches. Biblical insights lead us to reject the false promise of gambling and to cleanse ourselves from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit.

There are those who state that the activity of gambling is no more than any other activity of life that involves risk. They will mention the purchasing of stock. They will mention the purchasing of property that may decline in value, insurance, or other investments. They say that since the outcome is unpredictable, loss can occur. This, they proclaim, is the same as gambling.

L. M. Starkey, Jr. made the following helpful observation: "Life does have its normal risk which one must accept with faith and courage. These normal risks are in no sense equivalent to the risk in a game of chance. Gambling devises artificial risks in the hope of excessive gain far beyond what the investment of time, money, or skill would justify. In gambling, the chance is unrelated to any creative effort called for by the farmer or stock broker in the responsible investment of mental, monetary, and physical funds."

It has been well-stated that gambling is recognized as any activity in which wealth changes hands, mainly on the basis of chance and with risk to the gambler. Creative effort, useful skills, and responsible investments are not integral factors.

The General Board of the United Pentecostal Church International, on behalf of our constituency, does firmly affirm its conviction that gambling is both un-biblical and morally wrong. Politicians may tell us that it is the way to raise revenue for the needs of education, roads, etc. If something is morally wrong it cannot possibly be politically right.

Gambling is wrong because it is addictive. Gambling is wrong because it is not consistent with the scriptural work ethic. Gambling is wrong because it ignores valid stewardship. Gambling is wrong because it involves monetary gain to the hurt and suffering of the less fortunate.

In the light of biblical revelation, we cannot sit idly by while this plague rips our nation apart. Neutrality is impossible. There are certain responsibilities to speak out. We cannot ignore them. We urge those who want to live in harmony with the Almighty and whose lives are dedicated to His pleasure to refrain from any form of gambling. We call upon our people everywhere to do all within their power to discourage the legalization of gambling.

HOLINESS

Adopted by the General Board September 25, 1977

"Speak unto all the congregation of the children of Israel, and say unto them, Ye shall be holy: for I the LORD your God am holy" (Leviticus 19:2). Webster's Dictionary defines holiness as "the quality or state of being holy; purity or integrity of moral character; freedom from sin; sanctity."

Since the Lord actually commands His people to become holy because He is holy, the question arises: How does a sinful person receive the holiness of God in order to become as holy as God?

In the Old Testament, God imputed His holiness to the priesthood, commanding them to engrave the words "HOLINESS TO THE LORD" upon a plate of pure gold and to place it upon the "forefront of the mitre" (Exodus 28:36-37). This sign of imputed holiness allowed the priest to come into the presence of God without dying.

Holiness in the New Testament Dispensation

II Corinthians 5:17 states, "Therefore if any man be in Christ, he is a new creature: old things are passed away; behold, all things are become new." The word *new* is translated from a Greek word that means "sanctified," carrying the meaning that the person become a spiritual creation of God.

This new creation is accomplished by the new birth of water and the Spirit as described in John 3:5-6: "Jesus answered, Verily, verily, I say unto thee, Except a man be born of water and of the Spirit, he cannot enter into the kingdom of God. That which is born of the flesh is flesh; and that which is born of the Spirit is spirit." Thus in the New Testament, man's holiness is God's character inborn into his or her nature by the infilling presence of the Spirit of God.

The birth of the Spirit makes a person a new creature. His old life is exterminated, obliterated, and buried; the power of sin in the flesh is destroyed. In the Old Testament, "HOLINESS TO THE LORD" was written across the priest's mitre; in the New Testament, "HOLINESS TO THE LORD" is written on the heart of the "new creature."

The baptism of the Spirit makes God's love a blessed reality to the soul, out of which come hope and peace and joy and all other foretastes of heaven. His coming into the heart brings such disclosures of the divine nature, such revelations of mercy and grace, and such exhibitions of infinite affections that the heart feels itself surrounded and bathed in the love of God.

Holiness Demonstrated and Typified in the Personal Life

Old Testament Separation

Holiness is not only an inward presence of God, but it is also reflected in the outward life of the Christian in his or her conduct in this world. Holiness was a demand placed upon the Israelites that had to do with almost every act of their daily performance. For example, an Israelite could not sow different seeds in his vineyard, for to do so was an act of defilement against Almighty God. (See Deuteronomy 22:9-11.) This command reminded the Israelites that they were different from other people in the world.

The principle of separation unto God was almost a continuous experience for the Israelites: in their working, dressing, eating, and fellowship, they were not to mix with the heathen or to indulge in the customs of heathenistic nations. This command from God was for the purpose of holiness: "For thou art an holy people unto the LORD thy God" (Deuteronomy 7:6).

New Testament Teaching

The New Testament is clear and certain about the necessity of holiness. The apostle Paul wrote, "For this is the will of God, even your sanctification, that ye should abstain from fornication" (I Thessalonians 4:3). A Christian who commits an act of fornication or adultery loses his or her sanctification. Thus Paul explained that every Christian "should know how to possess his vessel in sanctification and honour; not in the lust of concupiscence," which means unbridled sexual desires. It is the Holy Spirit within a human heart that gives a person the assistance he or she needs in restraining the forces of lust.

Another thing taught in this passage is that Christians are to be honest in matters of business and daily duties. Christians are so to practice the highest ideals of principle in monetary matters and social relationships that they will not be a reproach to God or the church.

Holiness in the Character of Man

Scripture references: (I Samuel 16, 17; Philippians 4:1-9; Romans 12:1-2)

Inward and Outward Holiness

Jesus spoke of the need of both inward and outward holiness when he scourged the scribes and Pharisees: "Woe unto you, scribes and Pharisees, hypocrites! for ye make clean the outside of the cup and of the platter, but within they are full of extortion and excess" (Matthew 23:25).

The apostle Paul wrote, "Having therefore these promises, dearly beloved, let us cleanse ourselves from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in the fear of God" (II Corinthians 7:1). This verse reveals the importance of both inner and outward holiness before God.

The apostle Peter also wrote of the need for inner sanctification: "But let it be the hidden man of the heart, in that which is not corruptible, even the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit, which is in the sight of God of great price" (I Peter 3:4). This is the "inner parts" of holiness about which David wrote in Psalm 51:6; it refers to the real person (motives and secretive thoughts) that nobody else sees.

Jesus taught that evil and goodness both emerge from the heart, which is the center of a person's life. Concerning evil, He said, "For from within, out of the heart of men, proceed evil thoughts, adulteries, fornications, murders, thefts, covetousness, wickedness, deceit, lasciviousness, an evil eye, blasphemy, pride, foolishness: all these evil things come from within, and defile the man" (Mark 7:21-23). Thus true holiness is not possible without an inner sanctification of the heart by the Holy Spirit.

Holiness and Modesty

One area of outward holiness is the matter of modesty. Modesty is not confined to dress alone. It also includes conversation and manners. The Bible teaches us, "Let your moderation be known unto all men. The Lord is at hand" (Philippians 4:5).

The apostle Peter admonished wives about both their behavior and appearance: "Likewise, ye wives, be in subjection to your own husbands; that, if any obey not the word, they also may without the word be won by the conversation of the wives; while they behold your chaste conversation coupled with fear. Whose adorning let it not be that outward adorning of plaiting the hair, and of wearing of gold, or of putting on of apparel; but let it be the hidden man of the heart, in that which is not corruptible, even the ornament of a meek and quiet spirit, which is in the sight of God of great price" (I Peter 3:1-4).

The Word of God teaches a distinction between the dress of a woman and a man: "The woman shall not wear that which pertaineth unto a man, neither shall a man put on a woman's garment: for all that do so are abomination unto the LORD thy God" (Deuteronomy 22:5). The word *abomination* used by God in this verse indicates that this rule will not change through all generations. Christian men are not to wear women's clothing, and Christian women are not to wear men's clothing.

Holiness and Make-Up

Today's Western society reveals a desire for a synthetic appearance; dye for the hair, paint for the face, mascara and liner for the eyes, and other forms of make-up create artificiality rather than reality. These practices of using make-up are not new, for Queen Jezebel, whose very image speaks of rebellion and opposition to all that is godly and Christ-like, used facial paint and other make-up in her vanity to attract the attention of men: "And when Jehu was come to Jezreel, Jezebel heard of it; and she painted her face, and tired her head, and looked out a window" (II Kings 9:30).

The prophet Jeremiah condemned the actions of Israel by describing the nation as a lewd woman: "And when thou art spoiled, what wilt thou do? Though thou clothest thyself with crimson, though thou deckest thee with ornaments of gold, though thou rentest thy face with painting, in vain shalt thou make thyself fair; thy lovers will despise thee, they will seek thy life" (Jeremiah 4:30).

The prophet Ezekiel wrote along the same lines: "And furthermore, that ye have sent for men to come from far, unto whom a messenger was sent; and, lo, they came: for whom thou didst wash thyself, paintedst thy eyes, and deckedst thyself with ornaments" (Ezekiel 23:40).

The New Testament also addresses this matter: "I will therefore that men pray every where, lifting up holy hands, without wrath and doubting. In like manner also, that women adorn themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness and sobriety; not with broided hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array" (I Timothy 2:8-9).

Holiness and Jewelry

The Scriptures teach us that the wearing of ornamental jewelry and expensive, showy clothing is not in harmony with the Christian lifestyle. Paul wrote, "In like manner also, that women adorn themselves in modest apparel, with shamefacedness and sobriety; not with broided hair, or gold, or pearls, or costly array" (I Timothy 2:9). Peter's writings agree: "Whose adorning let it not be that outward adorning of plaiting the hair, and of wearing of gold, or of putting on of apparel" (I Peter 3:3).

The apostle John described the harlot in Revelation by her attire: "And the woman was arrayed in purple and scarlet colour, and decked with gold and precious stones and pearls, having a golden cup in her hand full of abominations and filthiness of her fornication" (Revelation 17:4).

Holiness and Separation

We are entrusted with living in a world made by God but into which mankind's sinfulness has brought corruption to economic, political, religious, and social institutions. As pilgrims and strangers looking for a city whose builder and maker is God, the people of God are not to follow the fads and fashions of this world. On the contrary, they are to maintain holiness in their personal lifestyle even in a wicked and perverted generation. The Bible tells us, "Love not the world, neither the things that are in the world. If any man love the world, the love of the Father is not in him. For all that is in the world, the lust of the flesh, and the lust of the eyes, and the pride of life, is not of the Father, but is of the world" (I John 2:15-16).

There is some good achieved in bodily exercise while participating in some physical games and activities, but it must be done in a godly atmosphere. For example, the evils associated with competitive sports prohibits Christians from participating in this area.

Separation from worldliness also involves the length of hair for men and women. The apostle Paul wrote, "Be ye followers of me, even as I also am of Christ. Now I praise you, brethren, that ye remember me in all things, and keep the ordinances, as I delivered them to you. But I would have you know, that the head of every man is Christ; and the head of the woman is the man; and the head of Christ is God. Every man praying or prophesying, having his head covered, dishonoureth his head. But every woman that prayeth or prophesieth with her head uncovered dishonoureth her head: for that is even all one as if she were shaven. For if the woman be not covered, let her also be shorn: but if it be a shame for a woman to be shorn or shaven, let her be covered. For a man indeed ought not to cover his head, forasmuch as he is the image and glory of God: but the woman is the glory of the man. For the man is not of the woman; but the woman is of the man. Neither was the man created for the woman; but the woman for the man. For this cause ought the woman to have power on her head because of the angels. Nevertheless neither is the man without the woman, neither the woman without the man, in the Lord. For as the woman is of the man, even so is the man also by the woman; but all things of God. Judge in yourselves: is it comely that a woman pray unto God uncovered? Doth not even nature itself teach you, that, if a man have long hair, it is a shame unto him? But if a woman have long hair, it is a glory to her: for her hair is given her for a covering" (I Corinthians 11:1-15).

Holiness and Television Programs

It is very evident that spirituality and holiness are deeply entwined together. The Scriptures teach that carnality is enmity toward God. The use of media must therefore be carefully considered so that we do not take the beautiful truths of God unto areas that will contribute to the downfall of a child of God.

The use of television in the home has become a serious concern to parents, teachers, sociologists, politicians, and religious leaders. Statistically, evidence indicates that the increase in violence, sexual immorality, and destruction of the family is in part caused by the display of these evils on television. We must strive always for a spiritual position in our living, and wisely, the United Pentecostal Church International has warned its members of the evils displayed on television programs and admonished them not to have television sets in their homes for the sake of their spiritual welfare.

Holiness and Morality

The Bible teaches us that people are saved out of all kinds of sinful backgrounds, but they are not to continue to practice these sins after they become Christians: "Know ye not that the unrighteous shall not inherit the kingdom of God? Be not deceived: neither fornicators, nor idolaters, nor adulterers, nor effeminate, nor

abusers of themselves with mankind, nor thieves, nor covetous, nor drunkards, nor revilers, nor extortioners, shall inherit the kingdom of God. And such were some of you: but ye are washed, but ye are sanctified, but ye are justified in the name of the Lord Jesus, and by the Spirit of our God" (I Corinthians 6:9-11).

In this verse, the permissive, promiscuous, degenerative sins are clearly outlined as transgressions of the past life of Christians. The born-again person has been washed, sanctified, and justified, and no longer commits fornication, adultery, homosexuality, drunkenness, and all other sins.

We oppose the drinking of alcoholic beverages, either moderately or otherwise. Moreover, since the homosexual lifestyle is condemned in the Bible, we teach and preach against this sin just as we do other sins. Furthermore, the practice of aborting life is a serious violation of the sanctity of life, and the church therefore cannot condone the abortion of children.

Holiness and Physical Education

We are not opposed to physical education; we do not disqualify the possible good of physical exercise. However, since scriptural modesty is commanded in I Timothy 2:9, we stand against unduly exposing the body in public as an important matter to our Christian conscience. And since modesty in dress is taught and practiced in our churches, we cannot approve the integrating of male and female in physical education classes in which scanty clothing, on the gymnasium floor or in the swimming pool or in an outdoor stadium, is required.

When religious freedom is part of the Constitution of the United States and our people do their best to fulfill a scriptural role in behavior, we cannot accept the authoritarian declaration from the federal government program called Title IX that places our moral and scriptural conscience in jeopardy. We therefore strongly advise our pastors, ministers, educators, leaders, members of local churches, and all related believers either to request their children be excused from the physical education program in the school or to insist that their children be allowed to wear modest clothing when participating in the activities in the physical education program. This important position of Christian behavior will help to staunch the flow of nudity, perversion, degeneracy, and immodesty that threatens not only the nation but also the spiritual life of the church.

Note: In accordance with the action of the General Board on October 10, 1995, this position paper on holiness has been condensed.

HOMOSEXUALITY

Adopted by the General Conference in 1977

Inasmuch as some segments of liberal Christianity have expressed a willingness to accept the so-called "gay rights" movement as a legitimate lifestyle, and

Whereas the inerrant, inspired Word of God emphatically declares, in Romans chapter 1, homosexuality to be vile, unclean, unnatural, unseemly, and an abomination in the sight of God, and

Whereas the United Pentecostal Church International is a fundamental Biblebelieving organism entrusted with a divine destiny to provide spiritual direction to a wayward world,

Let us therefore resolve that the United Pentecostal Church International go on public record as absolutely opposed to homosexuality and condemn it as a moral decadence and sin, and do hereby encourage prayer for the deliverance of those enslaved by that satanic snare.

JUDICIAL PROCEDURE

Spirit of Intent

From the inception of the judicial procedure, neither the General Board nor the General Conference of the United Pentecostal Church International intended for the judicial procedure to supersede the Word of God. It was always the intent that grievances, complaints, charges, and other matters brought against a minister be handled with the utmost integrity and discretion within the bounds of the Bible. The judicial procedure is not intended to be the stream but merely the channel through which positive spiritual scriptural flow can be given to negative situations.

In both the older version of the judicial procedure as embodied in the 1989 *Manual* and the current version embodied in the 1992 *Manual*, provisions are made for the resolution of grievances before they erupt into complaints and charges. All parties are enjoined to follow the mandates of Matthew 18:15-16: "Moreover if thy brother shall trespass against thee, go and tell him his fault between thee and him alone: if he shall hear thee, thou hast gained thy brother. But if he will not hear thee, then take with thee one or two more, that in the mouth of two or three witnesses every word may be established."

The 1989 *Manual*, Article II, Section 2 stated: "In the event the differences are not resolved in the above suggested manner, the two or three witnesses should consult with the District Superintendent and give him an opportunity to settle the matter." It is quite apparent that the District Superintendent has always been enjoined to settle matters before they are locked into a full judicial procedure.

The 1992 Judicial Procedure further states: "This Judicial Procedure seeks a simple means of resolving ministerial problems in an orderly and Christian atmosphere without regard to any legal training. No person should attempt to use its provisions to evade guilt or to bend its authority to create confusion. We are further enjoined by this Procedure, "since the Bible instructs us to resolve ministerial and church problems within the church (I Corinthians 6:1-8), the United Pentecostal Church International does not approve of any minister in this organization resorting to the civil courts to seek resolutions of conflicts that arise with the structure of the organization."

The 1992 Judicial Procedure, Article V, Section 1, plainly states: "The District Superintendent is encouraged to communicate and counsel privately with the minister about whom any question has surfaced in an attempt to resolve the problem." It fully empowers the District Superintendent to try to resolve a matter before further action is taken.

The Judicial Procedure was never intended to supersede the obligations of the ministry as found in Article VII, Section 7 of our General Constitution. There are numerous challenges in this article that are left to arbitration by the District Superintendent or the District Board, such as the holding of a meeting in a town or community where there is an affiliated church or pastor, the starting of a new work in a specific area, the moving of a church from an existing location to a different neighborhood, and the accepting of an invitation to minister in a church that is held in question. It would appear from these that there is a spirit of brotherhood that would transcend any judicial procedure that should be adhered to by all parties involved. The District Superintendent or his designee does have the right to counsel with, assist, and even make preliminary judgment in obvious cases. Why would a District Superintendent want to subject a brother to the trauma of a full investigation and trial when it is obvious at the outset that there is insufficient evidence? One of the main criteria should be. "What would Jesus Christ do in this case?" Jesus individually told the woman caught in adultery, "Go, and sin no more." The strictures of the judicial structure must not take precedent over a District Superintendent or any official or any brother who is seeking to amicably before God settle a matter in the fear and love of the Lord.

This concern is redemptive in nature and protective of the rights and privileges of all persons accused of violations as well as those who file complaints in compliance with the judicial procedure.

Any effort to justify the guilty or to condemn the innocent is viewed with abhorrence. In view of these facts, we urge all officials involved in the judicial procedure to utilize any means proper and just to both protect the rights of the innocent and bring about the just judgment of the guilty.

The purpose of this position paper is to allow an amicable and mutually agreed settlement of any and all disagreements, complaints, and/or charges without initiation or furtherance of any judicial process. It is not intended to circumvent, obstruct, or deny any minister due process by judicial action.

RACIAL AND ETHNIC AFFIRMATION

Adopted by the General Board in 2008

Inasmuch as we are commanded to make disciples of every nation, and

Inasmuch as the Scriptures declare that "by one Spirit are we all baptized into one body, whether we be Jews or Gentiles, whether we be bond or free; and have been all made to drink into one Spirit." (1 Corinthians 12:12-13), and

Inasmuch as the stated mission of the United Pentecostal Church International is to take the "Whole Gospel to The Whole World"

We earnestly contend that the following is true: the United Pentecostal Church International practices and teaches racial equality and our fundamental conviction is that the "Whole Gospel" is to be preached to "every creature."

In support of this earnest contention, we submit the following:

- 1. The Word of God assures us that racial and cultural differences have no bearing on an individual's worth to God. "For there is no difference between the Jew and the Greek: for the same Lord over all is rich unto all that call upon him" (Romans 10:12).
- 2. Racial prejudice, bigotry, and/or discrimination are inconsistent with the truth of the Gospel. These do not represent God's design for the Apostolic church and must be boldly and lovingly confronted and universally denounced as unrighteous living, in the same manner as was declared by the apostle Paul when he observed Peter's behavior toward the Gentiles. "But when I saw that they walked not uprightly according to the truth of the gospel" (Galatians 2:14).
- 3. No person should be denied entry or membership, nor discouraged from attending churches or schools on the grounds of race, color, or ethnicity where there is a pastor licensed with the United Pentecostal Church International. "God is no respecter of persons: but in every nation he that feareth him, and worketh righteousness, is accepted with him" (Acts 10:34-35).
- 4. The use of racial slurs and other negative pejoratives used to describe people of a different race, color, or ethnicity is not conversation becoming of a Christian and undermines the holiness message and testimony of the United Pentecostal Church International. "But now ye also put off all these ... filthy communication out of your mouth" (Colossians 3:8).
- 5. Because acts of racial prejudice are a sin against both our brother and the body of Christ, we declare such behavior worthy of correction and rebuke. These things are to be observed without partiality. "But if ye show partiality, ye commit sin" (James 2:9 NKJV) and "Them that sin rebuke before all, that others also may fear. I charge thee before God, and the Lord Jesus Christ, and the elect angels, that thou observe these things without preferring one before another, doing nothing by partiality" (1 Timothy 5:20-21).

- 6. Because we are a body of Apostolic believers, the United Pentecostal Church International must continue to take deliberate, intentional steps toward inclusion in all areas of the fellowship and at all levels of the organization. We recognize that the need for inclusion is a basic human need that must not be ignored so that unity and harmony can be maintained as we see the numbers of disciples of diverse ethnic backgrounds being added to the church.
- 7. The United Pentecostal Church International is committed to making sure that it operates in harmony with its true passion and purpose by attempting within all reasonableness to ensure inclusion of all special events and other non-elected functions to reflect the unity and diversity of the United Pentecostal Church International.
- 8. As the largest and leading Apostolic holiness movement in the world, the United Pentecostal Church International is dedicated to overcoming any appearance of racism within the church by making a deliberate effort toward inclusion and a firm open stand against racial bigotry and segregation. "Prove all things; hold fast that which is good. Abstain from all appearance of evil" (1 Thessalonians 5:21-22).
- 9. Finally we declare that as children of God it is not enough to avoid evil. We must proactively take advantage of every opportunity to do what is right especially to those who are of the house hold of faith. (See 1 John 3:10, Galatians 6:9-10, James 4:17.) To do otherwise is sin.

RESTORATION OF MINISTERS

Adopted by the General Conference in 1990

From the Garden of Eden to the New Jerusalem, the Bible traces God's plan to restore fallen man to Himself. The focus of the plan is Jesus Christ, who as God manifest in flesh was the substitutionary sacrifice that opened the door to forgiveness, justification, regeneration, sanctification, and reconciliation. "To wit, that God was in Christ, reconciling the world unto himself" (II Corinthians 5:19).

The parables of the lost sheep, lost coin, and lost son illustrate that God wants to restore to Himself that which was lost by man's sin. All three parables emphasize the recovery of something lost, and while they may merely reflect God's desire to save lost humanity, they may equally reveal God's desire to restore backslidden Christians. This is especially true in the parable of the lost son, who left home, lived sinfully, repented, and returned to ask forgiveness and to be a servant. Of course, the father restored him to be his son, illustrating that restored backsliders have the same status as before they backslid.

John wrote, "My little children, these things write I unto you, that ye sin not. And if any man sin, we have an advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the righteous: and he is the propitiation for our sins: and not for ours only, but also for the sins of the whole world" (I John 2:1-2). In this passage, he stated that the same "propitiation" takes away the sins committed by both Christians and sinners who are coming to God for the first time.

John also wrote that Christians are to pray that a brother who sins be forgiven: "If any man see his brother sin a sin which is not unto death, he shall ask, and he shall give him life for them that sin not unto death. There is a sin unto death: I do not say that he shall pray for it. All unrighteousness is sin: and there is a sin not unto death." Since Jesus said that there was only one sin that cannot be forgiven, the sin of blasphemy against the Holy Ghost (Matthew 12:31; Mark 3:28-29), almost all fallen Christians can be restored.

Galatians 6:1 specifically instructs "spiritual" Christians to restore brethren who have been "overtaken in a fault." Prayer, perhaps the first and most important step in

restoring a fallen brother, should be followed by other steps to help the fallen person regain his standing with God and the church.

In I Corinthians 5:1-13, Paul addressed a problem in the church that concerned a brother who committed fornication with his father's wife. Apparently the church did not condemn the sin or remove the sinning brother from the church membership. Therefore Paul reproved them harshly and instructed them to "deliver such an one unto Satan for the destruction of the flesh . . . [to] Purge out therefore the old leaven, that ye may be a new lump . . . [and] not to company with fornicators: yet not altogether with the fornicators of this world . . . But now have I written unto you not to keep company, if any man that is called a brother be a fornicator, or covetous, or an idolater, or a railer, or a drunkard, or an extortioner; with such an one no not to eat." The church was to sever its relationship with the brother who fell into the sin of fornication.

The question arises: Should a fornicator be restored to the church if he or she repents? It appears that Paul's stern rebuke caused the church to shun the fornicator even after he or she repented. Thus Paul in his second letter to the church in Corinth instructed the church to restore the repentant fornicator to the church as a fellow Christian: "Sufficient to such a man is this punishment, which was inflicted of many. So that contrariwise ye ought rather to forgive him, and comfort him, lest perhaps such a one should be swallowed up with overmuch sorrow. Wherefore I beseech you that ye would confirm your love toward him" (II Corinthians 2:6-8).

Jesus told us that the forgiveness of our trespasses depends upon our forgiving others their trespasses (Matthew 6:14-15). The Bible admonishes us to be kind "one to another, tenderhearted, forgiving one another, even as God for Christ's sake hath forgiven you" (Ephesians 4:32). Only in a climate of kindness, tenderheartedness, and forgiveness can restoration be accomplished; a harsh, judgmental climate acts contrary to the love and mercy of God.

The Bible clearly teaches that every Christian who fails God, except those who blaspheme against the Holy Ghost, can be restored to salvation (Matthew 12:31; Mark 3:28-29). Restoration therefore includes both laypeople and ministers, even if they commit fornication, fall prey to greed, become a drunkard, lose self-control, or turn to the worship of idols. Moreover, all who are restored become free from condemnation before God and should be welcomed and trusted by the church.

The Bible is not so clear about restoring a person to a place of leadership in the church. Although the word *restore* indicates a return to the original position, favor, and acceptance, its use in Galatians 6:1 deals with the restoration to salvation and not with a restoration to a position in the church. To use this verse to teach more than a restoration to salvation extends it beyond its scriptural context.

Restoration of a fallen minister to his or her ministry finds at best weak support in the Old Testament. It is true that King David was restored to God after his sin with Bathsheba, including both adultery and murder, and that he was not removed from his role as king of the nation. But the position of king is not a type of the New Testament ministry, which is patterned more after the priests and the prophets. Although David prophesied and wrote prophetic Scripture after his restoration, even his psalm of repentance, David was not recognized as a prophet as was Nathan. He did not occupy the office of a prophet. In other words, during his life, David was known as a king, not as a prophet. Perhaps his prophetic writings can be compared with the spiritual gifts in I Corinthians 12 and 14, but it is doubtful that his life can serve as a type for the New Testament ministry.

One looks in vain for a prophet who backslid and was restored to his office or a priest who became corrupt and was restored to his priesthood. While some restoration of these religious leaders may have occurred, the Old Testament is silent on the restoration of prophets and priests.

The same silence prevails in the New Testament, for there is no example of a

minister who backslid away from God and the church being restored to his or her ministry. This does not mean that ministers did not fail, for all the disciples failed Jesus in some way during the time of His trial and crucifixion. John Mark left the mission field apparently because of a character flaw, and Peter showed prejudice against the Gentiles in order to appease Jewish Christians.

At the time of the Crucifixion, the failure of two disciples stands out, Judas' betrayal of Christ and Peter's denial of Him. To both of these men, Jesus apparently offered the opportunity to be restored, but only Peter found restoration. Judas tried to undo his deed and, having failed, he committed suicide. On the other hand, Peter wept bitter tears of sorrow and regret over his sin and was restored to God's favor and even to his apostleship. The restoration of Peter is the nearest example of a restored minister in the New Testament, but the example is not perfect since the sin and restoration predate the Day of Pentecost, the birth date of the church.

What can we infer from the silence of the Bible on the subject of restoring ministers? At least three answers are possible: (1) The silence indicates that ministers are to be restored to salvation in the same manner as other backsliders, and this restoration means to their ministry in the church. (2) The silence indicates that restoration of a fallen minister to the ministry is not possible. (3) The silence indicates that God has delegated authority to the church to set the limits and develop the process of restoring fallen ministers to the ministry. The United Pentecostal Church International has followed the third interpretation.

Several questions confront an organization in deciding who can be restored to the ministry: (1) Can a minister who commits a sexual sin such as fornication and adultery be restored to the ministry? In other words, are sexual sins so different from other sins that they forever disqualify a person from being restored to the ministry? Further, if a sexual sin committed by a minister forever disqualifies him or her from the ministry, does committing a sexual sin disqualify a sinner from becoming a minister? (2) Are all sexual sins to be treated the same? (3) Can a minister who commits a serious violent sin such as murder or attempted murder be restored to the ministry? (4) Can a minister who commits a serious crime against society be restored to the ministry? (5) Can a minister who turns from the faith to a false religion such as idolatry be restored to the ministry?

The New Testament lists several qualifications for ministers in I Timothy 3:1-7; 6:11, II Timothy 2:22-25, Titus 1:5-9, and various other places. These biblical qualifications serve as guidelines for issuing licenses and restoring a fallen minister to the ministry. Moreover, New Testament ministers serve as examples for us to follow. One minister, Demas, who forsook Paul and returned to worldly pursuits, serves as a warning against loving this present world. With these qualifications and examples, and with the guidance of the Holy Ghost, a church governing body can establish qualifications for the ministry and set limits and procedure for restoring fallen preachers to the ministry.

One of the qualifications for the office of bishop is that he "must have a good report of them which are without" (I Timothy 3:7), indicating the importance of the reputation of a minister. The committee noted that according to Proverbs 6:32-33 adultery brings a reproach that can never be erased: "But whoso committeth adultery with a woman lacketh understanding: he that doeth it destroyeth his own soul. A wound and dishonour shall he get; and his reproach shall not be wiped away."

If a comparison of I Timothy 3:7 and Proverbs 6:32-33 is interpreted to disqualify a fallen minister from being restored to the ministry, the same interpretation would also exclude any person who commits adultery before entering the ministry, even if the sin is committed before salvation. To interpret the phrase in I Peter 4:17, "For the time is come that judgment must begin at the house of God," to mean that

the reproach of adultery is removed by the blood of Jesus when a person comes into the church but the same blood cannot cleanse the reproach of a Christian who commits adultery fails to correctly interpret the verse. While the new convert begins a new life with his or her sins washed away, it is equally true that a Christian who sins and repents also has his or her sins washed away.

In the United Pentecostal Church International, restoration of a fallen minister is limited to those who do not commit sexual sins: "Any minister affiliated with our organization proven guilty of adultery or fornication, or committing any other immoral offense shall forfeit his or her papers immediately. . . . Such minister shall never be qualified for reinstatement into the ministry of the United Pentecostal Church International" (Article VII, Section 9, Paragraphs 2-3, UPCI Manual).

A fallen minister may be used in his or her local church under the direction of the pastor. Although he or she may never again hold ministerial credentials, he or she can feel restored not only to God but also to an active role in the church.

All ministers should extend a hand of mercy, compassion, and love in an effort to restore fallen ministers. We are to restore them not with harsh judgment but in a spirit of meekness and love, taking heed that we will not fail God ourselves. This is the admonition of the Bible.

"Brethren, if a man be overtaken in a fault, ye which are spiritual, restore such an one in the spirit of meekness; considering thyself, lest thou also be tempted. Bear ye one another's burdens, and so fulfil the law of Christ. But if a man think himself to be something, when he is nothing, he deceiveth himself. But let every man prove his own work, and then shall he have rejoicing in himself alone, and not in another. For every man shall bear his own burden. Let him that is taught in the word communicate unto him that teacheth in all good things. Be not deceived; God is not mocked: for whatsoever a man soweth, that shall he also reap. For he that soweth to his flesh shall of the flesh reap corruption; but he that soweth to the Spirit shall of the Spirit reap life everlasting. And let us not be weary in well-doing: for in due season we shall reap, if we faint not. As we have therefore opportunity, let us do good unto all men, especially unto them who are of the household of faith" (Galatians 6:1-10).

THE REVISED STANDARD VERSION

Adopted by the General Conference in 1953

Inasmuch as the United Pentecostal Church International believes in the inspiration of the holy Scriptures, given to us by holy men of God who spoke as they were moved by the Holy Ghost, and

[Inasmuch as] we believe the Scriptures to be the Word of God given to us by divine authority,

We hereby declare our position regarding the new translation of the Bible in modern speech known as the Revised Standard Version of the Bible, copyrighted by the National Council of Churches in America:

Whereas upon examining the Revised Standard Version of the Bible we find [that] many [passages concerning] the fundamentals of our Christian faith and doctrine have been changed and are very misleading, namely, the virgin birth of Christ, remission of sins as taught in the New Testament, the deity of Christ, and other truths, and

Whereas a majority of the committee of translators themselves, according to their associations, connections and records, are [shown] to be modernist and liberal scholars who do not believe or embrace the revealed truths of God's holy Word, including the plan of God's salvation, . . .

Be it therefore resolved that the United Pentecostal Church International declare its disapproval of the Revised Standard Version of the Bible, copyrighted by the National Council of the Churches of Christ in the U.S.A.

Be it further resolved that we continue to accept the King James Version of the Bible as the most accurate translation of the Scriptures to be used in our churches and among our people.

SPORTS (ORGANIZED)

Adopted by the General Board and presented to the General Conference in the form of a recommendation in 1984

Whereas the General Board has carefully and prayerfully considered the matter of organized sports and the effects it could have upon our churches, and

Whereas organized sports as the world knows it has an attitude and appearance that oppose Pentecostal principles, teachings, and standards, and

Whereas we would be entering into an area that could adversely affect our doctrine of separation, and

Whereas in the interest of preserving the beautiful things of holiness and dedication given to us by prayerful, godly men who sacrificed and suffered for the great cause we represent,

The General Board recommends that United Pentecostals refrain from participating in organized sports. This recommendation is not to restrict the local church in its recreational activities which offer good wholesome exercise and Christian fellowship.

TECHNOLOGY

Adopted by the General Conference in 1988

Holiness as a spiritual experience and a way of life is not an option for a Christian but a biblical injunction. We are to "cleanse ourselves from all filthiness of the flesh and spirit, perfecting holiness in the fear of God" (II Corinthians 7:1). We are urged, "Present your bodies a living sacrifice, holy, acceptable unto God" and "be not conformed to this world: but be ye transformed by the renewing of your mind" (Romans 12:1-2).

Jesus said that we are in the world but not of the world (John 17:14-16); therefore, we are not to love the world, neither the things in the world, for the world appeals to the lust of the flesh, the lust of the eye, and the pride of life (I John 2:15-16). A Christian is "to keep himself unspotted from the world" (James 1:27), for we are to so live that we may be "blameless and harmless, the sons of God, without rebuke, in the midst of a crooked and perverse nation, among whom ye shine as lights in the world" (Philippians 2:15). As a people who have been delivered from darkness, we are to walk as children of light and "have no fellowship with the unfruitful works of darkness, but rather reprove them" (Ephesians 5:11).

Since the "whole world lieth in wickedness" (I John 5:19) and we are no longer to live "according to the course of this world" (Ephesians 2:2), and since worldliness is often communicated throughout society by the media, the United Pentecostal Church International has expressed its concern that Christians may be influenced by the media to compromise biblical holiness. It has officially dealt with technology in three ways: (1) allowed its use without voicing caution or disapproval (telephone, automobile, microwave, central heating, printing press, photography, computer, etc.); (2) accepted its use with warning and restrictions (radio, video); and (3) rejected its use as being unsuitable for Christians or for their homes (movie theater, television).

The United Pentecostal Church International recognizes that technology is not evil in itself, but it feels that it must reject any use of technology that favorably displays a lifestyle of worldliness and ungodliness. Moreover, since technology continues to

accelerate in our times, the United Pentecostal Church International and Christians must evaluate each new use of technology, especially media technology, in the light of biblical holiness.

The United Pentecostal Church International accepts only the Bible and the Holy Spirit as its guides to determine the correct standards of conduct in this world, and it recognizes the responsibility to apply biblical principles in a changing world. Neither the Bible nor the United Pentecostal Church International teaches that salvation can be earned by good works, but both contend that holiness in behavior results from a transforming experience of the Holy Ghost, and is therefore incumbent upon each Christian.

The church has an obligation to establish standards of conduct when necessary, but it refuses to make rules for every aspect of daily living. Each Christian is responsible to God to maintain holiness in his or her life, for God alone is the judge, but the church is also responsible to teach biblical standards of holiness.

As new media appear in the marketplace, the Christian must not accept their usage without evaluation of their impact on his or her spiritual walk with God. We are to "walk circumspectly [looking around us], not as fools, but as wise, redeeming the time, because the days are evil" (Ephesians 5:15-16).

TRANSCENDENTAL MEDITATION

Adopted by the General Conference in 1976

Whereas the United States Constitution guarantees the separation of church and state, and

Whereas the program of Transcendental Meditation and the Science of Creative Intelligence is a religious system embracing Hindu principles and rituals, and

Whereas this religious system is detrimental to the Christian fundamentals of our American heritage, and

Whereas Transcendental Meditation promoted as only a system of mind relaxation has been funded by several thousand dollars from various federal agencies to be taught as a course of study in colleges, public schools, and armed forces, and

Whereas several Congressmen are promoting the further use of this subject in our nation's educational system,

Be it therefore resolved that the United Pentecostal Church International go on record as strongly objecting to the further funding, promotion, or teaching of this subject in the classrooms and institutions of America.

THE TRUE HUMANITY OF JESUS CHRIST

Adopted by the General Board in 2004

Introduction

Uncompromising monotheism is one of the clearest themes of Scripture. Simply stated, God is absolutely and indivisibly one. "Hear, O Israel: The LORD our God is one LORD" (Deuteronomy 6:4). There are no essential distinctions in His eternal nature. All names and titles of the Deity—such as God (Elohim), Jehovah (Yahweh), Lord, Father, Word, and Holy Spirit—refer to one and the same being. Any plurality associated with God merely relates to attributes, titles, roles, manifestations, or aspects of God's self-revelation to humans.

God is holy—pure, perfect, undefiled by sin or evil (Leviticus 11:45). Therefore, God cannot be defiled by matter or flesh. He is absolute, incorruptible, immutable, unchanging. (See Psalm 102:27; Malachi 3:6; Hebrews 1:12; 6:17-18; James 1:17.)

Jesus Christ is the one God "manifest in the flesh" (I Timothy 3:16). "God was

in Christ, reconciling the world unto himself' (II Corinthians 5:19). "For it pleased the Father that in him should all fulness dwell" (Colossians 1:19). "In him dwelleth all the fulness of the Godhead bodily" (Colossians 2:9).

"Manifest in the flesh" means much more than "inhabiting flesh." The use of the word *bodily* in Colossians 2:9 eliminates the idea of God merely dwelling in a fleshly container. Rather, all the fullness dwelt "in him" and "in him . . . bodily." "In him" is a reference to Christ in all the scriptural significance of the title and person. For this reason, we should avoid terminology that does not fit scriptural usage or reflect the full meaning. For example, it is erroneous to say that God dwells in flesh like water in a glass. The glass is merely a container, but when God came in flesh, deity and humanity were joined together in the one person of Jesus Christ. Christ was the Word become flesh (John 1:14). He was "conceived" by a virgin (Luke 1:31; 2:21), gestated in her womb (Luke 2:5-6), and born of her (Luke 1:35; 2:7; Matthew 1:16-25).

Jesus is God in the Old Testament sense; that is what New Testament writers meant when they called Jesus God. Jesus accepted Thomas's confession of Him as "My Lord and my God" (John 20:28-29). Many other scriptural passages reveal the identity of Jesus as God. (See Isaiah 7:14; 9:6; 35:4-6; 45:21-23; John 1:1-14; 8:56-58; 10:30-38; 14:9-11; Acts 20:28; Romans 9:5; II Corinthians 4:4; Colossians 1:15-19; Titus 2:13.) Some people maintain that only one of three divine persons, a second person who is called "God the Son," came in flesh, but the Bible does not make such a claim; it simply says that God was manifest in the flesh. Jesus is not the incarnation of one person of a trinity but the incarnation of all the identity, character, and personality of the one God.

When God came in the flesh, God did not become defiled, for He is unchanging in holiness and incorruptible (Romans 1:23). Instead, He made it possible for sinners to become pure, and indeed our salvation rests upon this truth. Therefore, when Jesus was conceived in the womb of the virgin Mary, He was not tainted by the nature of sin. Instead, the Spirit of God caused the child to be holy (Luke 1:35).

Jesus is unchanging as to His deity and holiness (Hebrews 13:8). He cannot be defiled by sin, flesh, or matter: "For such an high priest became us, who is holy, harmless, undefiled, separate from sinners, and made higher than the heavens" (Hebrews 7:26). When humans touch something unclean, it does not become holy; rather, they become unclean. (See Haggai 2:11-14.) For example, under Old Testament law, people became unclean when they touched a corpse, a leper, or someone with a discharge of bodily fluid (Numbers 5:1-3). Because Jesus was God manifested in the flesh, however, when He touched something unclean, He did not become unclean: instead the unclean thing became clean. When Jesus touched a leper, the leper was healed. When He touched the bier of a dead man, the man was raised from the dead. When a woman with an issue of blood touched Jesus, He was not defiled, but the woman was healed. When Jesus took a dead girl by the hand, the girl came back to life. (See Luke 5:12-14; 7:14-15; 8:43-44, 53-55.) Thus Jesus could come "in the likeness of sinful flesh, and for sin" in order to become the sacrifice for sin, yet without being tainted by sin; instead He "condemned sin in the flesh" and "taste[d] death for every man." (See Romans 8:3; II Corinthians 5:21; Hebrews 2:9.) Although Jesus can be touched with the feeling of our infirmities, He is without sin (Hebrews 4:15).

The Scriptures proclaim the genuine and complete humanity of Jesus. (See Romans 1:3; Hebrews 2:14-17; 5:7-8.) "The Word was made flesh" (John 1:14). Here, "flesh" does not merely mean a physical body but true and complete human identity. In whatever way that we define the essential components of humanity, Christ had them. He was human in body, soul, spirit, mind, and will. (See Matthew 26:38-39; Luke 23:46; Acts 2:27-31.) Jesus was both the Son of God and the Son of man (Son of humanity). God's Spirit caused a virgin to conceive; therefore, the holy child to whom she gave birth is the Son of God (Luke 1:35). Because "that holy

thing" which was born of her was God manifest in the flesh, He is also the Son of man.

"Son of" also means "having the nature or character of," as in "sons of thunder," "sons of Belial," and "son of consolation." Jesus had the very character of God as well as that of perfect humanity, for no one can be like God in every way, be equal with God, or have God's complete character without being the one God Himself. (See Isaiah 46:9; 48:11; John 5:18.) The identification of Jesus as the unique Son of God signifies that He is God in flesh. Jesus was a perfect human. He was more than a visible appearance of God, and He was more than God animating a human body. He was actually God incarnate—God dwelling and manifesting Himself as a true human, with everything humanity includes except for sin. If He had anything less than full humanity, the Incarnation would not be genuine and the Atonement would not be complete.

Christ's true humanity does not mean He had a sinful nature, for sin cannot attach itself to deity. Moreover, a sinful nature was not originally part of the human race. (See Genesis 1:27, 31.) Christ was subject to all human temptations and infirmities, but He was without sin (Hebrews 4:15). He committed no sin, and sin was not in Him (I Peter 2:22; I John 3:5).

The Union of Deity and Humanity in Christ

A true Christology must distinguish between God in His transcendence and God as manifested in the flesh. Otherwise, there is no way to explain the prayers of Christ, His submission to the Father's will, the Son's lack of independent knowledge and power, and so on. Oneness theology stresses that these examples and others like them do not prove a plurality of divine persons but simply demonstrate and arise from the authentic humanity of Jesus Christ. He was a real man in every way, and He underwent everything in the human experience, except for sin. His humanity, as well as His deity, was full and complete. In every way that we humans can speak of our humanity and our relationship to God, so could Jesus, except for sin. Yet He could also speak and act as God, for He was simultaneously God and man.

Sometimes He acted and spoke from the human perspective, as when He hungered; and sometimes He acted and spoke from the divine perspective, as when He fed a multitude from five loaves of bread and two fish. On the cross, He cried from the depths of His humanity, "I thirst," "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?" and "Father, into thy hands I commend my spirit." Yet on the cross He also exercised the prerogative of God alone when He promised the repentant thief, "To day shalt thou be with me in paradise." (See Matthew 27:46; Luke 23:43, 46; John 19:28.)

When the Bible says Christ died, it refers to the death of the human manifestation, for deity cannot die. When it says Christ dwells in the hearts of believers, it refers to His divine Spirit. Only as a human could Jesus be born, grow, be tempted by the devil, hunger, thirst, become weary, sleep, pray, be beaten, die, not know all things, not have all power, be inferior to God, and be a servant. Yet because He was also God, He could exist from eternity, be unchanging, cast out demons by His own authority, be the Bread of Life, give living water, give spiritual rest, calm the storm, answer prayer, heal the sick, raise His body from death, forgive sin, know all things, have all power, be identified as God, and be King of kings. In an ordinary person, these two contrasting lists would be mutually exclusive, yet the Scriptures attribute both to Jesus.

This distinguishing between deity and humanity explains the biblical difference in the use of the titles "Father" and "Son." Any attempt to identify two persons from these two titles falls into either the error of ditheism or the error of subordinationism.

Although we can recognize both deity and humanity, it is impossible to separate the two in Christ. It is apparent that Jesus was human in every way, but it is equally apparent that in Him dwells all the fullness of the Godhead bodily. Humanity and deity were inseparably joined in His one Spirit. (See John 1:1, 14; 10:30, 38; 14:10-11.) While there was a distinction between the divine will and His human will, He always submitted His human will to the divine will. (See John 5:19, 30; 8:28; 12:49-50; 14:10.)

There is no way to glorify God except through this union of deity and humanity we know as Jesus Christ, for He is God's permanent self-revelation (Romans 16:27). He will never cease to be God and man united. (See Hebrews 13:8; Revelation 22:3-4.)

While on earth Jesus was fully God, not merely an anointed man. At the same time, He was fully human, not just in the appearance of a human. He was God by nature, by right, by identity; He was not merely deified by an anointing or indwelling. (See John 3:34.) The humanity of Jesus was inextricably joined with all the fullness of God's Spirit. (See Colossians 1:19.)

Christ did not have two personalities. He had a unique personality that was the perfect union of deity and humanity. The divine personality permeated and colored every aspect of the humanity.

Scriptural Truths about Christ's Humanity

From Scripture we discover the following truths about Christ's humanity.

- 1. Jesus did not inherit sin, for deity cannot be tainted by sin. Instead, sinful flesh is made pure by the touch of deity. (See Isaiah 6:5-7.) The child Jesus was born holy because He was the Word become flesh and because His conception was the result of the overshadowing of the Holy Spirit. "And the Word was made flesh, and dwelt among us, (and we beheld his glory, the glory as of the only begotten of the Father,) full of grace and truth" (John 1:14). "And the angel answered and said unto her, The Holy Ghost shall come upon thee, and the power of the Highest shall overshadow thee: therefore also that holy thing which shall be born of thee shall be called the Son of God" (Luke 1:35).
- 2. Jesus was the biological descendant of Adam and Eve, Abraham, and David. He was born with the same kind of human identity that Adam and Eve had when they were first created. (See John 1:14; I John 4:2; I Timothy 3:16.) He was the seed of the woman, "the seed of Abraham," "the seed of David," and "the offspring of David." (See Genesis 3:15; John 7:42; Acts 13:23; Romans 1:3; Galatians 3:16; II Timothy 2:8; Hebrews 2:16; Revelation 22:16.) Jesus was a natural Israelite in the same way as Paul. (See Romans 9:3-5.) The Messiah was "of the fruit of his [David's] loins, according to the flesh" (Acts 2:30).

In the New Testament passages that say Jesus is the "seed" of Abraham and of David, the Greek word *sperma* is used, meaning biological offspring. It is erroneous to say that the word *seed* refers metaphorically to Jesus Christ without reference to physical descent. God gave promises to Abraham's seed, who are identified first and foremost as his physical descendants (plural). (See Genesis 17:7-13.) Galatians 3:16 points out that Jesus is the supreme descendant (singular) of Abraham through whom these promises would be fulfilled in the ultimate sense and made available all who have faith in Christ.

From a study of many passages, we see that both the Hebrew and Greek words translated "seed" in the Bible refer primarily to biological offspring of men and women and only secondarily serve as a metaphor for spiritual offspring. Jesus Himself identified the Jews, even those who sought to kill Him, as being Abraham's seed (John 8:37). Mary understood Abraham's seed to include "the fathers," to whom God's promises were made (Luke 1:55). Stephen, the church's first martyr, identified Abraham's child Isaac and his offspring as Abraham's seed (Acts 7:5-6). Peter understood that the "men of Israel" were the covenant seed (Acts 3:12, 25). Paul wrote of "all the seed," demonstrating that the word applies to all believers as well as all of Abraham's physical offspring (Romans 4:16; 9:29). Paul included the many nations

that came from Abraham's offspring in the seed of which God spoke (Romans 4:18; 11:1; II Corinthians 11:22). Moreover, Paul extended the scope of the word *seed* to include all who would become believers in Christ as the spiritual offspring of Abraham and the children of God (Romans 9:7-8; Galatians 3:29).

Finally, God's Word specifically uses the word *sperma* as a reference to the sex cell of a woman as well as that of men. In fact, the Bible uses no other word to refer to the female sex cell. "Through faith also Sara herself received strength to conceive seed [*sperma*], and was delivered of a child when she was past age, because she judged him faithful who had promised" (Hebrews 11:11). Sara "conceived seed." While it is true that women do not have sperm, the meanings of the Hebrew word (*zera*) and the Greek word (*sperma*) are not limited to the male sex cell, or to Christ. Thus, Scripture clearly teaches that Jesus Christ was biologically and genetically related to Adam, Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, Judah, and David through Eve and the virgin Mary, His mother.

- 3. Jesus was the biological descendant of Mary. Mary was not an "incubator" for "divine flesh." She did not merely bear Christ, but she "conceive[d]" Christ in her womb (Luke 1:31). The Scriptures identify Mary as the mother of Jesus (Matthew 1:18; 2:11; Luke 2:34, 43, 48, 51). The angels specifically identified her as the true mother of Jesus (Matthew 2:13, 19-20). The word *mother* cannot be applied to a mere incubator. It demands a biological relationship. Jesus was "made of a woman, made under the law" (Galatians 4:4).
- 4. It was necessary for Jesus to come as one of us, to be genetically part of the human race, with human flesh and blood, and yet without sin, in order to be our High Priest and to reconcile us to God. "Forasmuch then as the children are partakers of flesh and blood, he also himself likewise took part of the same; that through death he might destroy him that had the power of death, that is, the devil; and deliver them who through fear of death were all their lifetime subject to bondage. For verily he took not on him the nature of angels; but he took on him the seed of Abraham. Wherefore in all things it behoved him to be made like unto his brethren, that he might be a merciful and faithful high priest in things pertaining to God, to make reconciliation for the sins of the people. For in that he himself hath suffered being tempted, he is able to succour them that are tempted" (Hebrews 2:14-18). "Seeing then that we have a great high priest, that is passed into the heavens, Jesus the Son of God, let us hold fast our profession. For we have not an high priest which cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmities; but was in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin" (Hebrews 4:14-15).
- 5. As a human, Jesus grew mentally, physically, spiritually, and socially. "And Jesus increased in wisdom and stature, and in favour with God and man" (Luke 2:52). "Who in the days of his flesh, when he had offered up prayers and supplications with strong crying and tears unto him that was able to save him from death, and was heard in that he feared; though he were a Son, yet learned he obedience by the things which he suffered; and being made perfect, he became the author of eternal salvation unto all them that obey him" (Hebrews 5:7-9).
- 6. There was a change in Christ's body at His resurrection. Before His resurrection, Jesus had a flesh-and-blood body capable of suffering, death, and decay, but in His resurrection His body was changed to be incorruptible (incapable of decay) and immortal (incapable of death). "Knowing that Christ being raised from the dead dieth no more; death hath no more dominion over him" (Romans 6:9). David prophesied of Christ, "Thou wilt not leave my soul in hell: neither wilt thou suffer thine Holy One to see corruption" (Psalm 16:10; Acts 2:27). Peter explained that this prophecy was fulfilled by the resurrection of Christ: "He seeing this before spake of the resurrection of Christ, that his soul was not left in hell, neither his flesh did see corruption" (Acts 2:31). Likewise, Paul quoted the same verse from Psalms, stating that Christ was resurrected from the dead "now no more to return to corruption" (Acts

13:34-35). According to this prophecy, as applied by both Peter and Paul, the body of Christ would have decayed except for the miracle of His resurrection.

In His resurrection, Christ is "the firstfruits of them that slept" (I Corinthians 15:20). Through Christ came "the resurrection of the dead" (I Corinthians 15:21). I Corinthians 15:42-44 explains what happens at "the resurrection of the dead": "It is sown in corruption; it is raised in incorruption: it is sown in dishonour; it is raised in glory: it is sown in weakness; it is raised in power: it is sown a natural body; it is raised a spiritual body. There is a natural body, and there is a spiritual body."

Our resurrection will be the same as His and will give us a body like His. In both cases, "resurrection" refers to the same process, so that Christ's resurrection made Him the "firstfruits" of believers. "Now this I say, brethren, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God; neither doth corruption inherit incorruption. Behold, I shew you a mystery; We shall not all sleep, but we shall all be changed, in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trump: for the trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed. For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality" (I Corinthians 15:50-53). "Beloved, now are we the sons of God, and it doth not yet appear what we shall be: but we know that, when he shall appear, we shall be like him; for we shall see him as he is" (I John 3:2).

In short, the Bible reveals that the humanity of Christ had to qualify for exaltation and glorification, which occurred by His death, resurrection, and ascension. (See Psalm 2:7 with Acts 13:32-34; Psalm 110:1-3 with Ephesians 1:19-23; Psalm 110:4 with Hebrews 5:1-11; Isaiah 28:16 with I Peter 2:6-8; John 7:39; 17:1; Acts 2:33; 3:13; 4:10-12; 5:31; Romans 1:3-4; Philippians 2:5-11.) If Jesus Christ were not truly human with full human potential for suffering, experience, obedience, growth, and transformation, then these texts would be meaningless when they speak of Him as becoming perfect through suffering and being exalted by resurrection. If His body had no biological or genetic relationship to other human beings, if He were "divine flesh" or otherwise exempt from human frailty, such qualifications would be meaningless, because deity does not need to qualify for glorification, exaltation, or any role He chooses to take in the affairs of His creation.

Only when we acknowledge Jesus was a true human being descended through the human race can we understand these statements. The man Christ Jesus had to demonstrate Himself worthy of the task and titles He was sent to fulfill. "Now I say, That the heir, as long as he is a child, differeth nothing from a servant, though he be lord of all; but is under tutors and governors until the time appointed of the father. Even so we, when we were children, were in bondage under the elements of the world: but when the fulness of the time was come, God sent forth his Son, made of a woman, made under the law, to redeem them that were under the law, that we might receive the adoption of sons" (Galatians 4:1-5). In this regard, Hebrews 5:5-9 explains, "So also Christ glorified not himself to be made an high priest; but he that said unto him, Thou art my Son, to day have I begotten thee. As he saith also in another place. Thou art a priest for ever after the order of Melchisedec. Who in the days of his flesh, when he had offered up prayers and supplications with strong crying and tears unto him that was able to save him from death, and was heard in that he feared; though he were a Son, yet learned he obedience by the things which he suffered; and being made perfect, he became the author of eternal salvation unto all them that obey him."

Summary

In denominational Christendom, Christology, or the doctrine of Christ, was defined by the Council of Chalcedon (A.D. 451) as follows: Christ has two natures in one person. The technical terms *nature* and *person*, however, are not suitable under all circumstances. Derived from Greek philosophy and colored by trinitarian usage,

they are inadequate to convey the full biblical concept of the Incarnation. For example, it is inaccurate to say one nature prayed to another or one nature loved another. It is more accurate to say simply that Christ prayed as an authentic human and that the Son loved the Father as all humans are to love God. We cannot speak of persons in the Godhead, but we can say Christ is a person who lived on earth.

In short, we cannot accept the trinitarian presuppositions and concepts of Chalcedon, nor do we endorse Chalcedon's designation of Mary as the mother of God. Neither can we accept any doctrine that espouses a corruptible deity or that divorces Jesus Christ from a biological and genetic relationship to humanity. But we do accept the basic idea that humanity and deity are inseparably united in the one person of Christ.

In the final analysis, rather than debating Christology in historical and philosophical terms, from the Oneness perspective it is preferable to pass over the ancient creeds and councils and go back to Scripture. Based on Scripture we can make five important affirmations regarding the doctrine of Christ:

- 1. Christ is full and perfect God, the one true God incarnate.
- 2. Christ is full and perfect human, without sin.
- 3. There is a distinction between the transcendent, eternal Deity and His manifestation in flesh as the man Christ Jesus. The Gospels reveal that Christ is both human and divine. Some scenes and sayings primarily demonstrate His humanity and some His deity. None of the demonstrations of His humanity deny His deity, and none of the demonstrations of His deity deny His humanity. His humanity did not exist separately from His deity, and His deity was not fully revealed without His humanity.
- 4. *Deity and humanity are inseparably united in Christ*. Christ is not a Spirit-filled person as we are, capable of living as a human apart from the Spirit. Rather, while we can recognize both deity and humanity in Christ, they are so united that Christ is one person in every way. Jesus is God manifest in the flesh—not God by an indwelling, but by incarnation, identity, and essence.
- 5. The genetic relationship of Christ to humanity was inherited through His mother, Mary. He is thereby part of the human race; the biological descendant of Adam and Eve, Abraham, and David; and qualified to reconcile sinful humans to God. Because the Holy Spirit overshadowed Mary, Jesus was the unique, holy union of the Word of God and true genetic humanity. The doctrine of the "divine flesh" or "heavenly flesh" of Christ—defined as the denial that Jesus Christ was biologically or genetically related to humanity through His mother Mary—is scripturally false. Moreover, the denial of the biological or genetic relationship of Jesus Christ to other human beings is contrary to both the Articles of Faith and the International Articles of Faith of the United Pentecostal Church International, which state, "Jesus on His Father's side was divine, on His mother's side, human; thus, He was known as the Son of God and also the Son of man, or the God-man."

Jesus Christ is the fullness of God dwelling as perfect humanity; God manifested Himself as a perfect human being. Jesus Christ is not a mere man, a demigod, a second person "in" the Godhead, a divine person temporarily stripped of some divine attributes, the transmutation of God into flesh, the manifestation of a portion of God, the animation of a human body by God, God manifesting Himself in an incomplete humanity, God coming in a "human" identity that is not biologically related to Adam and Eve, or God temporarily dwelling in a separate human person. Jesus Christ is the incarnation, the embodiment, the human personification and manifestation of the one God.

Adopted by the General Conference in 1975

Inasmuch as the return of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ is so near at hand and the church called by His name who are the elect of Christ, known as His bride, shall all, both the dead in Christ and those who remain and are alive, be caught up together to meet the Lord in the air and shall forever be with Him, and

Inasmuch as the Lord Himself prayed that we all be one (John 17:11, 15, 20-23). and the apostle Paul emphatically told us [that] the body is one and further [that] "there should be no schism [division] in the body; but that the members should have the same care one for another" (I Corinthians 12:12-13, 25), and in I Corinthians 1:13 he asked, "Is Christ divided?" thus admonishing us that as Christ prayed we be one and that we are one in spirit and body, and God is not the author of confusion and division, and we have knowledge of forty, fifty, or more different factions, organizations, and/or groups who believe the same gospel; also realizing [that] we the United Pentecostal Church International are one of these and probably the largest group of this number, thus making our position the "big brother" in the family and thus laying upon us the burden and responsibility of concern about this ill which violates the prayer, plan, and purpose of our Lord and the teachings of the apostle Paul and all of heaven and the Bible, our eternal road map, and

Inasmuch as we are taught to "do good unto all men, especially unto them who are of the household of faith" (Galatians 6:10), and "if any provide not for his own, and specially for those of his own house, he hath denied the faith, and is worse than an infidel" (I Timothy 5:8); and be it further acknowledged that there does exist among the people of God such ills as jealousy, pride, lack of brotherly love, disrespect, undue criticism, possibly hatred, slander, and numerous other such ills which should have no place in the body of true Christian believers, and which shall have no place in heaven.

Be it resolved that the United Pentecostal Church International in this conference take steps to endeavor to eliminate the division that is among brethren of like precious faith: first by humbling our hearts before God asking His forgiveness and mercy and help that we might have the right attitude toward all clean, holy Oneness people of God; [and second] by extending an open-door invitation to any who desire to meet any of our boards, officials, or ministers to discuss and consider grounds of fellowship; [and third] in the event of mutual agreement for basis of fellowship with the consent of the District Board each fellowship be approved.

Be it further resolved that we request our General Board to call a General Conference of Oneness Pentecostal ministers regardless of organization or independent persuasion for the purpose of striving together for true Christian fellowship with closer and more peaceful relationship, and if possible a reunion of oneness in body and effort toward preaching the gospel to the whole world as one united people with the same spirit [so] that we might wipe away the reproach of division and all its ills which our Lord is not pleased with and which brings due criticism from the world and religious denominations and which shall have no place in heaven; thus with one accord, one mind, and one spirit, [and] with boldness and real love, present one solid front against the devil and sin, and with the power of God and strength of unity reach arms around the world to help save the lost before the soon and certain coming of our Lord.

VIDEO (RESTRICTIONS)

Adopted by the General Conference in 1983

Inasmuch as the United Pentecostal Church International has taken a positive stand against television as an instrument of Satan to defile the church with worldliness through the viewing of movies and other programs which are contrary to holiness and separation unto the Lord, and

Inasmuch as this stand has proven to be ordained of God in contributing in great measure to the safeguarding of the purity of the constituency of the United Pentecostal Church International, [and]

Whereas many other movements which have not taken this position have sadly degenerated in their holiness standards and no longer live separated lives, and

Inasmuch as motion pictures are utilized by the world as the medium by which the basest and most corrupt passions and activities of men are portrayed on the screen, and the United Pentecostal Church International has traditionally opposed said movie films produced for the entertainment of the ungodly world and have permitted the use of this medium among God's people only in such areas as taking pictures of families and friends and the viewing of educational, religious, or inspirational films, and

Inasmuch as video has now come on the scene and is being used to bring in, preserve, and show television programs, movie films, and other impure and ungodly scenes which the United Pentecostal Church International has consistently opposed for many years, and if unrestricted use is permitted, it [video] will jeopardize and destroy the holiness standards of separation from the world which the United Pentecostal Church International [has] consistently upheld for many years relative to television and motion pictures, and

Inasmuch as there are video cassettes offered to the public free at libraries, and [since for a nominal cost video cassettes] are available at rental agencies and video stores consisting of every kind of film including those X-rated, which are the most corrupt, debased, depraved "imagination" of men's hearts which are on evil continually; [and since] video games of all kind are likewise available; [and since] most video sets are equipped with receivers which can show and tape the television channels

Be it therefore resolved that the use of video be strictly limited to those areas in which motion picture cameras and projectors are traditionally permitted to be used; namely, in taking of pictures of families, friends, and church activities, and the viewing of educational, religious, or inspirational films which are consistent with wholesome Christian principles.

Be it further resolved that we restate our strong opposition to the viewing of all worldly motion pictures and video films as are being shown commercially in theaters and on television for entertainment purposes for the ungodly masses, and the use of them in any form for God's people.

Be it further resolved that all video receivers be so altered as to be unable to receive television channels.

Be it further resolved that none of our ministers use video in any way except as herein provided.

INDEX

Abortion, 153, 154, 164 Abstain, 159, 161, 167 Abusers, 164 Account, 75, 89, 123 Accountability, 157 Accounting, 59, 78, 79 Accredited, 39, 42, 119, 120 Accusations, 146 Accusers, 135, 136 Acquirements, 130 Active, 48, 61, 67, 104, 120, 170 Activities, 34, 37, 45, 49, 53, 67, 69, 71, 77, 83, 92, 98, 103, 104, 108, 109, 163, 164, 171, 180 Adjournment, 39 Administrate, 71, 83-86, 98 Administration, 20, 59, 79, 86, 89, 92, 105, 203, 205 Administrative, 5, 13, 64, 69, 71, 79, 81-83, 86-90, 95, 100, 105, 110	Allocate, 83, 105 Allocation of Funds, 89, 100 Allow, 114, 166 Allowable, 79 Allowance, 74, 75 Allowed, 41, 51, 68, 87, 143, 144, 148, 149, 160, 164, 171 Alternate, 68, 82, 134, 144, 147 Amended, 112, 117 Amendment, 40, 117, 124 Amendments, 39, 45, 112, 117, 123 Amusements, 35, 128 Analysis, 59, 178 Annihilation, 47 Announce, 113, 114, 137 Announcement, 131, 147 Annual District Evangelism Council, 82, 83 Annual District Sunday School Convention, 107
Administrators, 65, 120	Annual General Conference, 100,
Admission, 64 Admitting, 52	115 Annual Sheaves for Christ Fund
Admonish, 35, 145	Drive, 99
Adopt, 77, 112, 115 Adoption, 116, 131, 132, 154, 177	Answerable, 63 Apostolic Man, 7, 109-111, 126
Adorn, 162	Apparel, 35, 162
Adorning, 162	Appeal, 5, 49, 59, 63-65, 71, 74, 77,
Adulterers, 163	122, 126, 133-139, 142, 143,
Adulteries, 161	147-152
Adultery, 36, 53-55, 161, 164, 165, 168-170	Appeal from District Board Action, 133, 137
Advantages, 111	Appeals, 69, 133, 135, 147-149, 171
Advisor, 13, 15 Advisory Councils, 64	Appearance, 89, 122, 135, 159,
Advocate, 37, 167	162, 167, 171, 174, 175
Affiliate, 35, 52, 76, 90, 113	Appearing, 51, 156, 157
Affiliating, 114	Applicant, 43, 44, 47, 52, 65, 66,
Affiliation, 73, 113-115	72, 73, 86, 89, 90
Affirm, 35, 127, 138, 159	Application, 43, 44, 46, 47, 49-52,
Agranment 52 52 57 67 77 70	54, 64, 65, 69, 72, 73, 77, 86, 87,
Agreement, 52, 53, 57, 67, 77, 79, 80, 87, 89, 90, 100, 129, 179	89-91, 94, 111, 112, 114, 117 Appointments of Officers, 105
Aid, 78, 95, 96, 99, 100, 110, 128	Appropriations, 86, 88
Aiding, 35, 110	Arbitration, 135, 138, 139, 147, 150,
Allegation, 116, 135	165
Alleged, 129, 134, 135, 137-140, 143, 146	Arbitration Panel, 135, 138, 139, 147, 150

182 *A-C* INDEX

Area Coordinator, 77 Bible-centered, 55 Arms, 35, 36, 179 Bible-centered Christian, 55 Articles of Faith, 3, 31-37, 39, 40, Biblical, 20, 109, 154, 157-160, 169, 46, 50, 51, 54, 57, 63, 64, 113, 171, 172, 174, 178 114, 127, 158, 178 Black Youth Evangelism Assemblies, 24, 39, 60, 67, 73, 88, Coordinator, 17 113, 122, 129, 155 Blameless, 55, 128, 171 Assembly, 46, 48, 49, 52, 53, 90, Blaspheme, 168 99, 113-116, 119, 127, 128, 130-Blasphemy, 161, 167 132, 155 Blessed, 160 Assets, 115, 116, 131 Blood, 34, 35, 158, 170, 173, 176, Assistant General Superintendent, 177 4, 43, 44, 112, 121, 151 Board, 4, 5, 8, 10, 12, 20, 39, 40, 43-87, 89-92, 94-103, 105-117, Assistant Pastor, 48, 52, 119, 128, 119, 121-123, 125, 126, 128-131, 133-145, 147-152, 154, 156, 158-Assistant Pastors, 119 Associate Editor, 10, 16, 56-58, 160, 164-166, 171, 172, 179 Board Action, 133, 134, 137, 147, 101-103, 105 Associating, 113 151, 152 Association of UPC Christian Board of Christian Education, 63 Board of Directors, 64, 78, 79, 117 Schools, 61 Associations, 170 Board of Elders, 45 Athletics, 37 Board of General Presbyters, 4, 43-Atonement, 33, 174 46, 49, 52, 54, 56, 57, 59, 60, 68, 69, 71, 77, 101, 102, 105, 121 Attendance, 40, 42, 101, 104, 119, 120, 124 Board of Publication, 10, 46, 57-59 Attire, 37, 162 Board of Trustees, 20, 63, 90, 128, Attitude, 36, 104, 171, 179 130 Audit, 123, 131 Boards, 45, 51, 61, 81, 106, 110, Auditing Committee, 123 135, 155, 179 B.R.E.A.D., 101, 104 Bookkeeping, 123 Backsliders, 35, 167, 169 Born-again, 164 Branch Programs, 63 Balloting, 42 Ballots, 42 Broided, 162 Baptism, 24, 29, 32, 33, 46, 72, 160 Brotherhood, 165 Baptize, 32, 33 Brotherly, 127, 128, 134, 137, 140, Baptized, 24, 32, 46, 166 141, 179 Baptizing, 95 Business Meetings, 40, 103, 106, 122, 131 Bathing, 35, 51 Bylaw, 112 Bearing Arms, 36 Believers, 31, 33, 113, 127, 153, Bylaws, 39, 45, 46, 64, 69, 70, 80, 164, 167, 174-177, 179 81, 112, 113, 115, 117, 123, 127-Believes, 170 129 Belonging, 44, 47, 52, 102, 122, Cameras, 53, 180 Camp, 49, 101, 108, 113 130 Bible College, 8, 21, 23, 47, 48, 61, Campground, 100 63, 65 Camps, 100, 101, 104 Bible College Report, 47, 48 Campus Ministry, 17, 97 Bible Colleges, 21, 61, 63-65 Canadian Regional Executive Bible Quizzing, 97, 101, 104 Presbyter, 41 Bible Reading Enriches Any Day, Candidate, 42, 45, 107 104 Career Missionaries, 72 Bible-believing, 164 Career Missionary, 72

INDEX C 183

Carnality, 163 Church and State Relations, 153 Casinos, 159 Church Board, 122, 129-131 Cast, 24, 35, 37, 42, 117, 159, 174 Church Directory, 50, 51 Church School Executive Casting, 157 Categories, 72, 119 Committee, 15 Categories of Appointment, 72 Church School Literature, 15 Certificate, 43, 44, 46, 47, 49, 50, Church School Literature Curriculum Committee, 15 53, 63, 64, 84, 114, 122 Certificate of Ordination, 47, 49, 50, Church Schools, 153, 155 Churches, 24, 33, 51, 53, 63, 64, 84 Certificates, 49, 104, 123 66, 67, 71, 74, 77, 78, 84, 86, 87, 89, 90, 93, 95, 98, 100, 101, 103, Certificates of Ordination, 49 107-112, 114, 120, 122, 154, 155, Certification, 94 157, 164, 166, 170, 171 Certified, 47, 64, 94, 129, 135 Chairman, 5, 8-10, 15, 17, 19, 57 Churches of Christ, 170 Chaplaincy, 8, 48, 62, 66 Circumvent, 166 Chaplaincy Corps, 62 Citizen, 47, 73 Chaplains, 9, 62, 66, 93, 94 Citizens, 35, 155 Character of Man, 161 Claims, 52 Charge, 49, 51, 59, 60, 98, 100, Code, 115, 157 122, 134-136, 142, 143, 145-147, Code of Ethics, 157 151, 152, 166 Coeducational, 37 Charges, 136, 142, 146, 147, 150, College, 8, 21, 23, 47, 48, 61-65, 97 151, 165, 166 Combatant, 35 Children, 16, 22, 23, 33, 37, 55, 77, Combining, 67 87, 100, 101, 104, 105, 155, 159, Commissioned, 87, 90 160, 164, 167, 171, 176, 177 Commitment, 72, 104, 137 Commits, 52, 161, 164, 169, 170 Choice, 155 Committee, 5, 10, 13, 15, 17, 18, Christ Jesus, 24, 31, 177, 178 39, 40, 42-46, 54, 57-60, 69, 71, Christ Training Seminar, 89 Christ-centered, 92, 109 78, 79, 81-83, 85-96, 98-103, Christian Educator, 102 105-113, 117, 119, 120, 123, 124, Christian Prisoner Fellowship, 14, 135, 136, 138-143, 145, 147, 150, 169, 170 93, 94 Christian Prisoner Fellowship Committee Meetings, 96, 99, 108, Chapter, 94 110 Christian Prisoner Fellowship Committee Reports, 39 General Chaplain, 93 Committees, 43, 45, 81, 82, 103, Christian Schools, 61, 64, 120, 155 104, 106, 130, 134, 155 Christian Worker, 46, 94 Commonwealth, 36 Christian Worker's License, 46, 94 Communicant, 53 Christians, 23, 35, 159, 161, 163, Communion, 34 164, 167, 169, 171, 172 Compassion Services, 78, 79 Christmas for Christ, 83-85, 88-90 Compassion Sunday, 79 Church, 3, 10-12, 14, 15, 21-24, 29, Compensation, 74, 136 33-37, 39-41, 43, 44, 46-68, 72-Compete, 157 81, 83-85, 87, 88, 90-95, 97-102, Competent, 72, 134 104, 105, 108-111, 113-116, 119, Competition, 104 120, 122, 123, 125, 127-132, 134, Competitive, 163 136, 137, 140, 142, 145, 147, Complaint, 77, 114, 123, 133-135, 152-159, 161, 163-172, 175, 178-139-141, 146, 150, 151 180, 203, 205 Compliance, 116, 166 Church Administration, 105, 203, Complied, 112 205 Complying, 76

184 *C* INDEX

Computers and the Internet, 153 Converts, 72, 95 Conducting, 49, 66, 82, 83, 99, 101, Conviction, 53, 55, 72, 128, 155, 121 159, 166 Conference, 37, 39-46, 52, 56, 57, Convictions, 158 61-63, 66, 68, 75, 80, 81, 83-87, Cooperate, 50, 52, 75, 76, 80, 88, 89, 93, 95-101, 103-113, 115, 98, 100 117, 119-126, 134, 154, 155, 157, Cooperating, 83, 84, 93, 94, 119, 158, 164, 165, 167, 170-172, 179 125 Conferences, 42-45, 49, 52, 70, 74, Cooperative, 67, 110 108, 111, 113, 121, 122, 147 Coordinate, 67, 70, 71, 77, 88, 93, Confess, 33 94, 100, 102, 103 Confesses, 55, 140, 142, 151 Coordinating, 78, 79 Confessing, 32 Coordinating Committee, 78, 79 Confession, 53, 55, 128, 142, 173 Coordination, 66, 79 Confidential, 136 Coordinator, 9, 14, 17, 18, 70, 77, 92 Conflict, 69, 81, 84, 93, 113, 115, Corporate, 113, 154 123, 135, 139, 144, 151 Corporation, 43, 44, 63, 70 Conflicting, 113 Correction, 29, 166 Conflicts, 134, 165 Correspond, 75, 112 Confront, 154, 169 Correspondence, 61, 62, 69, 70, 74, Confusion, 134, 165, 179 82 Congregation, 49, 87, 111, 127, Correspondence Schools, 61 140, 160 Cost Accounting, 59 Conquerors, 17, 95, 97, 99, 100, Councils, 64, 178 Counsel, 45, 57, 96, 98, 137, 139, 121 Conquerors President, 121 150, 154, 165 Conquerors Secretary, 121 Counseling, 22, 154 Conquest, 154 Counseller, 32 Counselor, 134-136, 141, 145 Conscientious, 35, 36, 159 Conscientious Scruples, 35, 36 Counselors, 134, 136-139, 141-149, Consent, 49, 50, 58-60, 62, 76, 80, 151, 154 Course, 63, 103, 167, 171, 172 90, 95, 109, 123, 158, 179 Consolidation of Districts, 112 Courses, 61, 62 Constituency, 39, 40, 42, 58, 67, 70, Court, 54, 145 71, 81, 103, 119, 159, 180 Courts, 134, 165 Constituent, 158 Covenant, 33, 67, 175 Constituents, 40, 155 Covenant of Sacrifice, 67 Credential, 39, 43, 44, 46, 51, 72, Consult, 49, 122, 165 Consultation, 90, 103 Consulted, 122, 130 Credentials Committee, 43, 44, 46, 54, 138, 141-143, 145, 147 Consulting, 77 Contracts, 56, 65 Credit, 79 Contribute, 88, 100, 109, 159, 163 Credited, 74 Contributed, 54, 68, 75 Crime, 159, 169 Contributes, 159 Criminal, 155 Contributing, 62, 87, 180 Criticism, 179 Contribution, 51, 109 Crusade, 49 Contributions, 45, 67, 79 Crusader, 104 Contributor, 88 Crusaders, 101 Controversy, 31 Crusades, 104 Curriculum, 10, 15, 57, 63, 65, 77, Convening, 100 Convention, 102, 103, 105-107 101-105, 155 Conventions, 49, 67, 101 Curriculum Committee, 15, 57 Convert, 170 Customs, 73, 161

INDEX D 185

Directorship, 64 Dances, 34, 37 Dancing, 37 Directory, 50, 51, 61, 203, 205 Day of Pentecost, 23, 37, 169 Disability, 51, 56, 136, 141, 143, Deacon, 79, 132 Deacons, 130 Disabled, 51, 136 Deadline, 39, 40, 203, 205 Disaffiliate, 114, 115 Disaffiliated, 114, 115 Deaf, 14 Debt, 60, 91 Disaffiliation, 114, 115 Debts, 157 Disagreement, 135 Declaration, 39, 164 Disagreements, 166 Declare, 35, 42, 136, 147, 166, 167, Disapproval, 59, 130, 144, 170, 171 170 Disapprove, 34, 35, 37, 144, 155 Declared, 37, 155, 166 Disburse, 75 Disbursed, 70, 89, 91, 99, 100 Defend, 61 Defending, 158 Disbursement, 69, 74, 88, 99, 102, Defense, 66, 139 107, 111 Deferral, 46 Disbursements, 44, 70, 82, 102, Definitions and Guidelines, 133-135 106, 123, 130 Defraud, 159 Disburses, 123 Disbursing, 70, 81 Delegate, 43, 44 Delegated, 169 Discipleship, 95 Disciplinary, 134, 136, 138, 142, Delegates, 39 Deliberations, 146, 147 145, 147, 151 Department, 8-11, 16, 44, 56-58, Discipline, 113, 128, 138, 143 60, 62, 66, 82-84, 86, 89-91, 97-Disciplined, 159 100, 105-108, 123 Discipling, 155 Department of Defense, 66 Disclosure, 155 Departmental, 57, 59, 60, 102, 105, Disclosures, 160 123 Discontinuation, 63 Departments, 56, 57, 99, 122, 123, Discontinued, 58 130 Discrediting, 157 Dependents, 80 Discretion, 45, 47, 48, 51, 52, 58, Deputation, 72, 74 75, 98, 99, 106, 116, 165 Deputational, 70, 75, 88 Discuss, 64, 129, 137, 141, 145, Derogatory, 114 147, 179 Designate, 99, 135, 143, 148, 150 Discussed, 42, 120 Designated, 74, 79, 85, 89, 91, 97, Discussing, 129 99, 100, 107, 109, 113, 135, 137, Discussion, 141 139-141, 143 Disfellowshipped, 51, 65, 128 Designation, 155, 178 Disfellowshipping, 51 Determining, 81 Disloyal, 36 Dismiss, 140, 141, 145, 150, 151 Diploma, 62-64 Directives, 155 Dismissal, 129, 130 Director of Education, 12, 67-70 Dismissed, 129, 145 Director of Foreign Missions, 4, 12, Disobedience, 32 40, 45, 46, 67-73, 75-77, 79, 80, Disqualifies, 169 100, 152 Disqualify, 135, 139, 144, 164, 169 Director of Promotion, 15, 17, 95-97 Disrespect, 179 Director of Promotions, 12, 67-70 Dissemination, 59 Director of Sunday School, 40 Dissolved, 90 Directors, 7, 12, 18, 41, 63, 64, 67-Distribute, 24, 60 71, 75, 78, 79, 81-85, 88, 98, Distributed, 39, 40, 57, 58 100, 105, 110, 117 Distribution, 79, 95, 116

186 D INDEX

Distributions, 67 District Promotional District Board, 43, 44, 46-55, 63, Representatives, 74 65, 66, 72, 75, 78, 84-87, 89, 91, District Secretary-Treasurer, 97, 99, 94, 97-100, 105-115, 119, 121-105, 107, 109, 119, 121, 123, 123, 129, 131, 133-145, 147-152, 125, 126 165, 179 District Status, 112 District Board Action, 133, 134, 137 District Sunday School, 103, 105-District Chaplain, 94 107 District Chaplain Qualifications, 94 District Sunday School Board, 106 District Sunday School Convention, District Chapter, 94 106, 107 District Chapter of Christian Prisoner Fellowship, 94 District Sunday School Department, District Colleges, 63 105-107 District Sunday School Promotion, District Conference, 40, 41, 63, 75, 83, 84, 97, 105-108, 110-113, 119-121, 123, 124, 134 District Sunday School Secretary, District Conferences, 43, 44, 49, 74, 105-107 District Superintendent, 41, 45-49, District Constitution, 112, 113, 122, 66, 68, 73, 75, 79, 81-90, 94, 96-98, 105, 106, 108, 111-115, 119, 124 District Director, 81, 111 121-123, 125, 126, 128-130, 135, District Directors, 82 137-144, 147-152, 165 District Evangelism Council, 82, 83, District Superintendents, 41, 45, 68, 79 District Foreign Missions Director, District Treasurer, 122, 123 68, 75 District Treasury, 91, 109 District Foreign Missions Directors, District Youth, 97-100 67, 68, 70, 75 District Youth Committee, 98, 100 District Youth Department, 97, 99 District Home Missions, 81-91, 94 District Home Missions Committee, District Youth Departments, 99 94 District Youth Division Fund, 100 District Home Missions Department, District Youth Fund, 99 82, 86, 89-91 District Youth Ministries, 100 District Home Missions Directors, 82 District Youth President, 98, 99 District Home Missions Secretary, District Youth Program, 98 83-85 District Youth Records, 98 District Ladies, 18, 108, 109 District Youth Secretary, 98-100 Districts, 40, 43-46, 50, 52, 53, 64, District Ladies Ministries, 18, 108, 109 66, 68, 75, 76, 81, 84, 86, 88, 93, 94, 96, 99, 100, 105, 107, 109-District Ladies Ministries President, 113, 121, 133, 136, 139, 151 18, 108 Disunity, 29 District Officers, 97, 105, 113, 119, 120, 125 Divine Healing, 33 Division, 8, 10, 12-17, 41, 42, 45, District Organization, 45, 63, 94 District Pentecostal Conquerors 55-67, 69-83, 85-97, 99-107, 112, Presidents, 97 116, 135, 179 Division Head, 45, 57-59 District Plan of Action, 84 District Policy, 85, 99 Division of Education, 8, 60-66, 116 District Presbyters, 112, 113, 119, Division of Publications, 10, 55-60 Division Secretaries, 41 District President, 96-98, 100, 108, Divisional, 56, 57, 70, 74, 88 Divisions, 43, 55, 57, 58, 60, 67 109

Divorce, 36, 53, 54

District Presidents, 96, 107, 108

INDEX D-E 187

Divorced, 53, 54, 104 Endorse, 69, 115, 131, 178 Doctrinal, 48, 57, 71, 72, 134, 156 Endorsed Bible Colleges, 61, 65 Documents, 43, 44, 55, 63, 70, 77, Endorses, 80 Endorsing, 8, 9, 62, 66 127 Draft, 142 Endorsing Agent, 8, 9, 62, 66 Drafting, 73 Enforce, 112, 115 Dress, 162, 164 Enlisting, 81 Enroll, 64, 104 Dressing, 161 Drinking, 164 Enrolled, 53, 65, 79 Enrolling, 64 Dropped, 51, 52, 54, 114, 138, 141-143, 145, 147 Essential, 67, 72, 74, 172, 173 Dropping, 51 Essentiality, 72 Established, 47, 63-65, 74, 80, 88, Drunkenness, 164 115, 129, 137, 165 Duplicate, 58 Duplicated, 24 Established Colleges, 65 Duties of Chaplain, 93 Established Colleges Seeking Duties of District President, 108 Endorsement, 65 Establishes, 134 Duties of District Secretary, 108 Duties of Officers, 59, 60, 106, 121 Establishing, 39, 73, 76, 81, 94, 99, 112, 121, 127, 156 Duties of Sectional President, 108 Duties of Sectional Secretary, 109 Establishment, 84, 110, 111, 121 Duty, 66, 88, 91, 93, 109, 122, 130, Establishments, 59 136 Estranged, 54 Easter, 104, 105 Estrangement, 54 Edit, 70, 102 Ethic, 160 Edited, 58 Ethical, 52, 134, 154, 155 Editing, 60, 102 Ethics, 135, 142, 153, 157 Evaluate, 58, 92, 103, 172 Editorial, 10, 56-58, 102, 103 Editor in Chief, 4, 10, 11, 40, 45, 46, Evaluated, 92 56-60, 103 Evaluation, 58, 76, 87, 157, 172 Editors, 7, 56, 57, 102, 103 Evangelism, 8, 13, 14, 16, 17, 21, Education, 4, 8, 9, 12, 14, 37, 40, 55, 67, 70, 77, 81-86, 88, 89, 91-60-70, 72, 78, 103, 116, 155, 93, 95, 97, 203, 205 160, 164 Evangelism Commission, 81, 91-93 Educator, 102 Evangelism Commission Educators, 164 Coordinator, 92 Elders, 33, 45 Evangelism Seminar, 93 Elect, 43, 120, 121, 146, 166, 179 Evangelist, 14, 48, 120, 122 Elected, 41-43, 48, 53, 68, 75, 80-Evangelistic, 78, 91-93, 97 85, 90, 95, 97, 98, 101, 105-108, Evangelists, 23, 52, 81, 120 110, 112, 113, 120-122, 125, 126, Evangelization, 71, 81, 82, 93, 94, 130, 131, 134 100, 101 Election of Officers, 39, 42, 119, Evangelize, 39, 95 Evangelizing, 52, 58, 119 Elections, 40, 97, 105, 108, 110, Evidence, 23, 53, 134-136, 140, 112, 113 141, 145-148, 151, 163, 165 Electoral, 42, 113 Evidenced, 67, 72 Evident, 163 Eligibility, 99 Examination, 47, 72, 76, 135, 158 Eligible, 45, 51, 53-55, 68, 113, 127, 128, 144 Examine, 61, 69, 122 Encroachment, 158 Examined, 47, 48, 71-73, 136 End-of-year, 64 Examining, 138, 170

188 *E-F* INDEX

Exception, 41, 42, 46, 48, 51-53, 113-115, 119, 122, 127, 128, 134, 57, 68, 73, 74, 113, 119, 121, 135, 142, 147, 158, 161, 167, 131, 143 171, 179 Exceptions, 41, 42, 45, 47, 48, 80, Field Superintendent, 69, 72, 73, 135, 136, 150 76, 77 Executive, 4, 5, 10, 15, 40, 41, 43-Fields, 4, 18, 23, 59, 63, 66, 67, 69, 47, 51, 54, 57-61, 69, 70, 72, 73, 71, 72, 74, 76, 77, 107, 119 77, 81-83, 85, 87, 88, 90-96, 101, Final Judgment, 37 103, 106, 110-112, 116, 117, 119, Finance, 81, 85, 87 134-137, 145, 148, 150, 151, 155 Financed, 75 Finances, 74, 79, 93, 107, 111, 159 Executive Board, 5, 43-47, 51, 54, Financially, 88, 93, 98, 100 57, 69, 72, 73, 77, 87, 92, 95, 96, Financing, 78 101, 110-112, 116, 117, 119, Findings, 92, 123, 140, 150 134-137, 145, 148, 150, 151 Foreign, 4, 12, 23, 40, 42, 45-47, Executive Boards, 61, 155 66-80, 100, 101, 107, 125, 133, Executive Committee, 15, 57, 59, 135, 152 60, 81-83, 85, 88, 90-94 Foreign Mission, 69, 70, 100 Executive Presbyter, 40, 41, 45, 134 Foreign Missionary Board, 47 Executive Publication Committee, Foreign Missionary District, 47, 73 10, 57-59 Foreign Missions Administrative **Executive Sunday School** Committee, 69, 71, 79 Committee, 103, 106 Foreign Missions Areas, 133, 152 Executive Youth Committee, 96 Foreign Missions Board, 12, 67-80, Executives, 44, 71 Exempt, 51, 177 Foreign Missions Division, 12, 42, Exempted, 51 67, 69-80, 100, 135 Foreign Missions General Fund, 74 Exemption, 51, 69 Foreign Missions Policy, 67, 69, 71, Exemptions, 158 Exhibitions, 160 73, 75, 77, 79, 80 Exhibits, 59, 102 Foreign Missions Secretary, 69 Expenditures, 78, 79 Forfeiture, 144 Expense, 66, 75, 91, 109 Forgive, 168, 174 Expenses, 66, 73-75, 78, 79, 86, Forgiven, 33, 91, 167, 168 89, 92, 99, 100, 107, 109, 112, Forgiveness, 32, 167, 168, 179 115, 136 Forgiving, 168 Extension, 155 Forms, 47, 72, 75, 134, 155, 162, Extenuating, 53 203, 205 Facts, 134, 135, 166 Fornication, 36, 53-55, 161, 162, Factual, 140 164, 168-170 Faith Promise, 67, 73, 75, 79 Fornicator, 168 Faith Promise Plan, 73 Fornicators, 163, 168 Faithful, 47, 52, 55, 176 Forsake, 128, 159 False, 36, 69, 123, 136, 156, 159, Forsaking, 32 169, 178 Forum, 156 Falsely, 136 Forward, 37, 50, 51, 54, 102, 114, 115, 142, 144, 156 Families, 53, 60, 97, 157, 158, 180 Family, 22, 51, 53, 63, 76, 88, 128, Freedom, 22, 155, 160, 164 153, 157-159, 163, 179 Full-time, 48, 69, 87, 90, 120 Fast, 23, 55, 167, 176 Fundamental Doctrine, 29, 41, 50, Fellowship, 14, 24, 36, 39, 43, 44, 59, 63-65, 71, 81, 83-85, 93, 94, 46, 49-52, 54, 55, 58, 65-67, 70, 96, 98, 102, 108, 110, 112, 119, 76, 79, 90, 93, 94, 103, 104, 111, 125

INDEX F-G 189

Fundamental Doctrine of UPCI, 64 Funded, 99, 105, 172 Funding, 74, 89, 172 Fund-raising, 67, 79, 88, 96, 100

Funds, 44, 64, 66, 67, 69, 70, 73-86, 88-91, 95, 99-102, 105-107, 109, 111, 113, 122, 123, 130, 159 Furlough, 74-76 Gambling, 153, 158-160 General Board Meetings, 43, 45, 46 General Boards, 81, 110 General Body, 113, 115, 123 General Chaplain, 14, 93 General Christian Prisoner Fellowship, 94

General Conference, 39-46, 56, 57, 61, 62, 66, 68, 75, 80, 81, 83, 86, 87, 89, 93, 95, 96, 99-101, 103, 104, 107-110, 112, 115, 117, 120, 122, 134, 154, 155, 157, 158, 164, 165, 167, 170-172, 179

General Conference Youth Committee Meeting, 96

General Conferences, 42, 43, 52 General Director of Foreign

Missions, 12, 67-73, 75-77, 79, 80, 100

General Director of Home Missions, 13, 100

General Executive, 4, 40, 41, 44-46 General Executive Presbyter, 40, 41, 45

General Executive Presbyters, 4, 41, 44, 46

General Foreign Missions Division, 74, 75

General Fund, 74, 93

General Home Missions, 13, 14, 80-83, 85-94, 151

General Home Missions Committee, 87

General Home Missions Division, 13, 14, 80-83, 85-94

General Home Missions Executive Board, 92

General Home Missions Executive Committee, 81-83, 88, 91-93

General Home Missions Promotions Director, 81-83

General Home Missions Secretary, 81, 83

General Ladies Ministries, 18, 107-109 General Ladies Ministries Treasury, 109

General License, 48, 50, 84, 96, 110, 113, 125, 126

General Manager, 43

General Officer, 41, 135, 150, 151

General Officers, 8, 40, 41, 43, 62, 133, 137, 150

General Organization, 39, 44, 79, 93

General Overseer, 43

General Planning Committee, 103

General Policy, 58, 84, 99

General Presbyter, 40, 45, 121

General Presbyters, 4, 5, 41, 43-46, 49, 52, 54, 56, 57, 59, 60, 68, 69, 71, 77, 101, 102, 105, 121

General Secretary-Treasurer, 4, 39-41, 45, 46, 56, 95, 99-101, 107

General Sunday School, 15, 16, 58, 101-107

General Sunday School Convention, 103

General Sunday School Division, 15, 16, 101-107

General Sunday School Financial Program, 107

General Sunday School Promotional Program, 107

General Sunday School Promotions Director, 101

General Sunday School Secretary, 15, 101-103

General Sunday School Teacher Training Programs, 107

General Superintendent, 4, 39-41, 43-46, 49, 50, 56, 64, 69, 78, 79, 83, 95-97, 101, 107, 110, 112, 121, 135, 137, 142, 143, 148-152

General Treasurer, 44, 70

General Youth, 4, 17, 40, 41, 45, 91, 95-101

General Youth Division Treasury, 99 General Youth Funds, 99

General Youth Officials, 99 General Youth Secretary, 17, 97

Gift, 24, 33, 35, 72, 88 Gifts, 23, 88, 168

Giving, 67, 79, 114, 115, 140, 145, 151, 159

Godhead, 31, 173, 175, 178 Godliness, 31

Godly, 34, 35, 46, 99, 109, 159, 162, 163, 171

190 G-I INDEX

God-man, 31, 178 Home Mission Churches, 100 Gospel, 23, 24, 32, 33, 39, 59, 67, Home Missions Board, 81-86, 89, 80, 127, 135, 155, 166, 179 91, 92, 94 Government, 35, 36, 66, 73, 81, 83, Home Missions Department, 82, 84, 113-115, 127, 128, 130, 132, 159, 86, 89-91 Home Missions Director, 81-94, Governmental, 47, 61, 127, 155 125, 151 Grace, 34, 35, 50, 80, 160, 175 Home Missions Districts, 133, 151 Grace of God, 34, 35, 80 Home Missions Division, 13, 14, 80-Graduate, 8, 20, 21, 61, 66 83, 85-94, 100, 135 Graduate School, 8, 20, 21, 61 Home Missions Division Ministries, Grievance, 123, 128, 133, 135, 138, Home Missions Policy, 80-85, 87, 139, 147, 150-152 Grievances, 134, 165 89, 91-93 Grounds, 53, 54, 59, 64, 114, 139, Home Missions Program, 81, 85, 91 146, 148, 149, 166, 179 Home Missions Secretary, 81, 83-Group, 50, 51, 111, 112, 179 85, 125 Groups, 24, 36, 99, 104, 158, 179 Home Missions Work, 83, 85, 91 Growth, 14, 70, 104, 116, 177 Homosexual, 158, 164 Guarantees, 172 Homosexuality, 55, 153, 164 Guardianship, 130 Honest, 161 Guideline, 127 Honestly, 157 Guidelines, 60, 79, 101, 133-136, Honor, 36 138, 150, 157, 169 Honorary, 5, 12, 13, 20, 45, 49, 51, Guilt, 134, 165 68, 120 Guilty, 53, 55, 128, 134, 146-148, Honorary Foreign Missions Board, 151, 166, 170 68 Hardship, 80 Honorary General Board, 45 Harvest, 66 Hospitals, 66 Headquarters, 46, 51, 54, 57, 59, Human, 31, 32, 35, 47, 78, 154, 135, 144 158, 159, 161, 167, 173-178 Healing, 33 Humanism, 155 Hearing, 23, 133-136, 139-141, Humanity, 31, 153, 167, 172-178 143, 148, 150-152 Humility, 34 Heaven, 23, 32, 156, 159, 160, 179 Hungry-hearted, 23 Help, 24, 60, 67, 95, 98, 103, 104, Husband, 37, 55 111, 154, 164, 168, 179 Husbands, 162 Helpful, 60, 106, 159 Hypocrites, 161 Idolatry, 169 Hindrance, 52 Historical, 178 Idols, 168 Holding, 39, 50, 51, 55, 76, 88, 112, Immersion, 29, 32, 46 152, 165 Immodesty, 164 Holding of Funds, 88 Immoral, 55, 147, 170 Holdings, 90 Immoral Conduct, 55, 147 Holiday, 37 Immorality, 163 Holiness, 34, 50, 127, 134, 153, Impartial, 137, 145 160-164, 166, 167, 171-173, 180 Impartiality, 135 Holy Bible, 154 Impede, 71, 155 Holy Writ, 159 Inappropriate, 138 Home, 4, 9, 13, 14, 40, 45-47, 52, Incarnation, 31, 173, 174, 178 53, 65-67, 70, 74, 76, 80-94, 100, Incest, 55 101, 107, 112, 114, 121, 125, Incorporated, 63, 65, 77, 90 127, 133, 135, 151, 156, 157, Incorporated Colleges, 63, 65 163, 167 Incumbent, 41, 68, 121, 155, 172

INDEX I-L 191

Indemnity, 50	Investigation, 47, 51, 52, 54, 90,
Independent, 174, 179	133, 135, 136, 139, 140, 150-152,
Indictment, 159	165
Indivisible, 31	Investigation of a Complaint, 133,
Indoctrination, 70	139
Indorsed, 36	Investigative, 55, 135, 139-141, 150
Ineligible, 68	Investing, 95
Inerrant, 164	Investing Sheaves, 95
Infallibility, 62, 65	Investment, 90, 159
Infallible, 29	Investments, 59, 159
Infilling, 23, 160	Invitation, 49, 78, 165, 179
Infraction, 138	Invited 49, 109, 109
Infringe, 58, 123	Invited, 49, 108, 109
Innocent, 32, 36, 53, 134, 146, 147,	Issue, 102, 140, 154, 158, 173
150, 151, 166	Issued, 46, 47, 50, 53, 76, 94, 114,
Innocent Party, 36, 53	122, 123
Inquiry, 148	Issues, 134, 155, 158
Inspirational, 53, 105, 180	Issuing, 169
Inspired, 29, 62, 65, 164	Itineraries, 75
Institution, 34, 35, 61, 63, 94, 95,	Jehovah, 31-33, 172
116, 156, 158	Jehovah Lord, 32
Instruct, 35, 137, 146, 147	Jehovah-Rapha, 33
Instruction, 29, 58, 64, 147	Jesus, 14, 24, 29, 31-36, 46, 47, 66,
Instructor, 48	72, 80, 95, 104, 109, 113, 153,
Instructors, 120	155-157, 159-161, 164-179
Insubordination, 139	Jewelry, 162
Insufficient, 148, 165	Join, 97, 154
Insurance, 50, 51, 158, 159	Jointly, 73, 129, 138
Insure, 136	Judge, 163, 172
Integrity, 54, 59, 65, 108, 110, 126,	Judged, 63, 176
160, 165	Judicial, 3, 5, 54, 69, 114, 123, 134-
Inter-church, 65	138, 140, 142, 144-148, 150, 152,
Interim, 45	153, 165, 166
Intermediate, 72	Judicial Procedure, 3, 5, 54, 69,
Intermediate Missionaries, 72	123, 134, 136-138, 140, 142, 144,
Internal, 115	146-148, 150, 152, 153, 165, 166
Internal Revenue Code, 115	Junior Bible Quizzing, 101, 104
International, 3, 10, 11, 14, 21, 22,	Junior Crusaders, 101
24, 37, 39, 40, 46-67, 72-80, 83-	Junior Youth Camps, 101
85, 90, 92-95, 97-102, 104, 105,	Jurisdiction, 61, 65, 73, 87, 113,
109, 110, 113-116, 119, 120, 123,	137
125, 128, 134, 136, 137, 140,	Jurors, 134, 136, 137
142, 145, 147, 152-155, 158, 159,	Jury, 133, 135-137, 144-147, 149,
163-167, 169-172, 178-180, 203,	151
205	Justification, 167
International Youth Day of Prayer,	King James Version, 171
97	Kingdom, 24, 33, 109, 156, 160,
Internet, 19, 153, 156, 157	163, 164, 177
Interpretation, 29, 169	Kingdom of God, 24, 160, 163, 164,
Interview, 76, 140	177
Interviewed, 76	Labor, 46, 48, 51, 52, 71, 72, 74
Intimidate, 134, 136	Lacks, 135
Intimidation, 145	Ladies, 18, 107-109, 121, 126
Investigate, 90, 99, 122, 129, 140	Ladies Ministries, 18, 107-109, 121, 126

192 *L-M* INDEX

Ladies Ministries District Presidents, 157, 159-164, 166, 172, 173, 177, 179, 180 Ladies Ministries President, 18, Lord Jesus, 24, 29, 32, 33, 35, 36, 108, 121, 126 46, 104, 109, 155-157, 164, 166 Ladies Ministries Secretary, 18, Lottery, 159 121, 126 Lust, 161, 163, 171 Language, 73 Magistrates, 36 Languages, 23, 33, 104 Make-up, 35, 162 Lasciviousness, 161 Malign, 134 Laws, 63, 76, 116, 155, 157 Manager, 43 Leader, 98, 99, 157 Manifest, 31, 128, 167, 172-174, Leaders, 110, 163, 164, 168 178 Manifestations, 23, 172 Leadership, 65, 71, 81, 97, 101, 110, 111, 168 Manifested, 31, 173, 174, 178 Leading, 48, 60, 156, 167 Manifesting, 34, 131, 174, 178 Legislation, 154 Manifests, 31 Manner of Accepting Projects, 100 Liaison, 71, 82 Liberal, 61-64, 164, 170 Manuscripts, 57-59 Liberal Arts College, 61-63 Marriage, 37, 51, 54, 158 Liberty, 129, 155 Marriage and Divorce, 54 Libraries, 180 Married, 53, 99, 104, 158 License, 39, 43, 44, 46-55, 72, 73, Marry, 36, 54 84, 85, 94, 96-98, 110, 113, 115, Master of Divinity, 66 122, 125, 126, 143 Media, 155, 163, 171, 172 Licensed, 48, 50-54, 63, 94, 102, Mediation, 129 105, 111, 125, 134, 152, 166 Mediator, 31 Licenses, 46, 49, 123, 169 Medical, 78, 79 Licensing, 48 Medicine, 72 Lifestyle, 162-164, 171 Meeting, 39, 40, 47-49, 51, 52, 54, 59, 68, 72, 73, 78, 84-86, 92, 96, Limit, 87, 98, 116, 148 Limitations, 31 97, 103, 107, 112-117, 121, 122, Limited, 53, 72, 136, 147, 158, 170, 129-132, 135, 137-140, 142, 149, 176, 180 Limits, 169 Meetings, 40, 43-46, 49, 57, 58, 60, Literature Curriculum Development 62, 69, 75, 78, 81-85, 87, 96-99, Committee, 102, 103 102-104, 106, 108-110, 113, 121, Local, 24, 39, 46-53, 63, 65-67, 72-122, 130, 131 Members, 35-37, 39, 42-46, 49-52, 74, 81, 88, 91-95, 97-100, 104, 106, 108-111, 113-116, 120, 122, 57-60, 62, 63, 65, 68-70, 78, 92, 125, 127, 128, 130-132, 154, 155, 95-97, 103, 112-115, 119-121, 123, 127-132, 135, 138-142, 146, 164, 170, 171 149-151, 157, 163, 164, 179 Local Assemblies, 39, 67, 113, 122, Membership, 9, 39, 43, 44, 49-51, 155 Local Christian Prisoner Fellowship 55, 64, 92, 99, 111, 113, 114, Chaplains, 94 120, 122, 123, 127-129, 142, 147, Local Church Government, 113-166, 168 115, 127, 128, 130, 132 Method of Appointment of Regional Local License, 48, 50, 51, 72 Directors, 82 Local Officers, 98 Method of Election, 40, 120, 129 Local Youth Committee, 98, 99 Metro, 14, 86-88 Metro Commission, 86 Lodge, 51 Lord, 23, 24, 29, 31-36, 46, 66, 80, Metro Evangelism, 86, 88 88, 104, 109, 115, 130, 153, 155-Metro Evangelism Program, 86, 88

INDEX *M-N* 193

Metro Missionary, 86-88 Missionary Conferences, 70, 122 Missionary Field Superintendent, Metropolitan, 86, 89 Military, 9, 36, 48, 62, 66 72, 77 Military Chaplaincy, 48 Missionary Finance, 87 Millennium, 37, 156 Missionary Options, 89 Minister, 8, 22, 32, 41, 46, 47, 49-Missionary Scheduling, 88 55, 57, 66, 71, 72, 76, 78, 83, 84, Missionary Superintendent, 47, 73 86, 93-95, 102, 104, 105, 114, Missionary Tenure, 87 115, 119, 120, 122, 123, 126, Missions Concept, 66 128, 129, 134-152, 154, 157, 165, Missions Policy, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79-85, 87, 89, 91-93 166, 168-170 Ministered, 157 Mistrial, 147, 149 Ministerial, 8, 21, 39, 47-51, 55, 65, Misunderstandings, 137 69, 72, 73, 78, 89, 111, 120, 134, Moderately, 164 135, 137, 140, 142, 153, 157, Moderation, 162 165, 170, 203, 205 Modest, 162, 164 Ministerial Affiliation, 73 Modesty, 162, 164 Money, 63, 73, 74, 85, 88, 91, 109, Ministering, 55 Ministers, 5, 23, 36, 39, 40, 42, 46-121, 123, 159 54, 57, 60, 63, 65, 70, 73, 74, 78, Moral, 52, 104, 109, 116, 130, 134, 80, 84, 86, 87, 93, 94, 98, 111, 154, 155, 158-160, 164 112, 119, 120, 122, 126, 134, Morality, 158, 163 135, 137-139, 141-144, 147-150, Morally, 160 153-155, 157, 158, 164, 167-170, Motion, 53, 180 179, 180, 203, 205 Movies, 180 Ministers Appeal Council, 5, 126, Murder, 168, 169 134, 135, 137-139, 142, 143, Murders, 161 147-149 Music, 11, 35 Ministries, 7, 13, 14, 16-18, 22, 69, Musical, 76 71, 74, 93, 95-97, 99, 100, 105, Name, 24, 29, 32, 33, 41, 42, 46, 107-111, 116, 121, 126, 154, 155 55, 59, 60, 63, 68, 72, 75, 80, 82, Ministries Committee, 18, 108, 109 86, 88, 90, 93-95, 100, 101, 107, Ministries Department, 108 109, 121, 127, 128, 131, 144, Ministries Policy, 107 157, 164, 179, 203, 205 Ministries President, 18, 108, 121, Named, 32 126 Namely, 53, 71, 74, 170, 180 Ministry, 14, 16, 17, 22, 36, 39, 46-Names, 37, 42, 47, 68, 69, 134, 136, 141, 144, 172 49, 51-53, 55, 60, 66, 68, 70, 76, 78, 93-95, 97, 101, 104, 109-111, Nation, 36, 37, 160, 162, 164, 166, 116, 119, 120, 138, 141, 142, 168, 171, 172 145, 147, 155, 157, 165, 168-170 National Council of Churches, 170 Minor, 157 National Presbyter, 41 Minutes, 39, 44, 84, 96, 98, 102, Nationally, 93 122, 130 Negotiations, 129 Misconduct, 53, 64, 69, 128, 129, Neighboring, 49 New Districts, 111 Mission, 67, 69, 70, 75, 92, 95, 97, Nominate, 41, 82, 107, 120, 126, 100, 166, 169 Missionaries, 23, 24, 39, 67, 69-81, Nominated, 45, 68, 110, 134 87, 89, 91, 120 Nominating, 41, 42, 107, 121 Missionary, 42, 45, 47, 66-70, 72-Nomination, 71 80, 86-91, 107, 121, 122, 125, Nominee, 42, 43, 107, 120 Nominees, 41, 42, 45, 68, 120 152

194 *N-P* INDEX

Noncombatant, 36 Ordained, 41, 46, 48, 50-52, 57, 72, Nonprofit, 63, 115, 131 83, 93, 96, 105, 111, 112, 119, North American Bible Quizzing, 104 125, 126, 134, 137-139, 141, 143, Notice, 50, 115, 129, 133, 135, 137-144, 146, 158, 180 143, 147-149 Order, 11, 24, 39-42, 63-65, 70, 73-Notice of Trial, 133, 143 75, 83, 90, 113, 114, 119, 124, Notification, 39, 47, 140, 148 127, 140, 145, 148, 160, 169, Notified, 48, 50, 77, 80, 88, 101, 173, 176, 177, 203, 205 Orderly, 134, 136, 165 114, 129 Notifies, 129 Ordinances, 163 Ordination, 35, 46-50, 55, 84, 110, Notifying, 137-139 Oath, 36 126 Objecting, 172 Organ, 10, 60 Objection, 42, 43, 120, 148 Organization, 24, 29, 35, 36, 39-41, Objections, 145, 148 44-48, 52, 55, 59, 63, 65, 66, 69, 73, 77, 79-81, 83, 84, 93, 94, Objectives, 93 Objectors, 36 105, 108, 110, 114-117, 119, 122, Obligations, 35, 55, 64, 76, 127, 125, 128, 129, 131, 134, 138, 128, 135, 137, 138, 142, 165 140, 155, 165, 167, 169, 170, 179 Organizational, 46, 93, 112 Obligations of Colleges, 64 Off-campus, 63 Organizational Licenses, 46 Offense, 52, 55, 135, 170 Organizations, 60, 108, 109, 115, Offering, 18, 61, 62, 76, 79, 88, 91, 93, 100, 101, 105, 159 Organize, 102, 107, 119 Offering Drive, 101 Organized, 24, 39, 45, 77, 83, 85, Office, 18, 22, 40-43, 45, 47, 51, 53, 93, 103, 107-110, 112, 127, 129, 55, 56, 62, 68, 75, 82-85, 93, 94, 153, 155, 171 102, 106, 107, 111, 113, 116, Organizing, 69 120, 121, 129, 134, 136, 168, 169 Outpouring, 23 Officers, 5, 8, 10, 11, 39-44, 55-57, Outreach, 74, 77, 91-93, 101, 104 59, 60, 62, 95-98, 101, 102, 105, Outward Holiness, 161, 162 106, 108, 110, 112-114, 119-121, Overseas, 78, 79 123, 125, 128, 129, 131, 133, Overseas Administration, 79 136, 137, 150 Overseer, 43, 121 Officers Shall Be Selected, 56, 95, Oversight, 45, 69, 72, 77, 79, 88, 101 96, 129, 130 Offices, 3, 41, 78, 112 Ownership, 64, 90 Official, 10, 41, 43-45, 48, 53, 60, Parochial, 87, 155 Partners in Missions, 71, 74, 75, 77, 62, 65, 66, 68, 70, 72, 81, 82, 93, 106, 108-110, 114, 121, 135-140, 79 142, 143, 145, 147-149, 165 Passage, 161, 167 Official Organ, 10, 60 Passed, 40, 44, 117, 160, 176 Officials, 4, 5, 43, 44, 49, 51, 75, Pastoral, 13, 15, 68, 78, 86, 154, 84, 99, 108, 109, 115, 120, 125, 158 127, 136, 166, 179 Pastorate, 50, 121, 157, 158 One True God, 31, 178 Pastorates, 129 Pastored, 49, 52, 53, 114, 115 Oneness, 5, 46, 153, 156, 174, 178, 179 Pastoring, 52, 68 Pastors, 49, 51, 52, 67, 78, 79, 93, Oneness of God, 46 Oneness Pentecostal, 156, 179 98, 103, 111, 114, 119, 122, 129, One-third, 92 155, 164, 203, 205 Ordain, 122 Patriot, 36

INDEX P-Q 195

Paying, 51 Prayers, 24, 128, 174, 176, 177 Payments, 131 Prayeth, 163 Peace, 32, 34, 35, 37, 80, 156, 160 Praying, 23, 163 Peaceful, 179 Preach, 23, 24, 46, 49, 51, 52, 65, 67, 80, 130, 142, 147, 164 Penal, 94, 95 Penalty, 51 Preached, 24, 31, 32, 36, 48, 166 Pentecost, 14, 23, 37, 169 Preachers, 77, 169 Pentecostal, 3, 8, 10-12, 16, 17, 21, Preaching, 24, 33, 49, 120, 156, 22, 24, 39-41, 46-67, 70, 72-80, 179 83-85, 90, 92-95, 97-102, 104, Preamble, 113 105, 109, 110, 113-116, 119, 120, Precedent, 165 123, 125, 128, 134, 136, 137, Presbyter, 40, 41, 45, 49, 75, 85, 140, 142, 145, 147, 152-156, 158, 98, 105, 108, 112-114, 120-122, 159, 163-167, 169-172, 178-180, 129, 130, 134 203, 205 Presbyters, 4, 5, 41, 43-46, 49, 52, Pentecostal Conquerors, 17, 95, 97, 54, 56, 57, 59, 60, 68, 69, 71, 77, 101, 102, 105, 112, 113, 119-122, 99, 100 125, 137 Pentecostal Conquerors Day Preserving Christian Homes Offerings, 99 Pentecostal Herald, 10, 50, 51, 56, Ministries, 97 57, 60, 70, 74, 102 Presided, 48, 103, 106, 129 Pentecostal Message, 24 Prison Ministry, 93, 94 Pentecostal Publishing House, 11, Prisoner Ministry Chaplain, 94 46, 56, 57, 59, 60 Proceedings, 44, 84, 96, 102, 122, 130, 136, 144-146, 155 Pentecostals, 156, 171 Process, 134-136, 139, 140, 142, Periodicals, 55, 57-59, 102 Personnel, 36, 59, 70, 71, 74, 79 145, 149-151, 166, 169, 177 Personnel Management, 59 Production Management, 59 Project, 85-88, 101 Petitioners, 101 Physical Education, 164 Promotion, 15, 17, 75, 79, 83, 85, 92, 95-97, 101, 104, 107, 113, Pledge, 24, 123 Pledged, 74 172 Pledges, 67, 73, 123 Promotional Director, 101-103 Policies, 49, 61, 69, 80, 88, 93 Promotions, 9, 12, 67-71, 81-83, Policy for Endorsement, 115 Position Papers, 3, 154-180 Promotions Director, 81-83, 101 Prophecy, 29, 32, 176, 177 Position Papers Gambling, 159 Position Papers Holiness, 161, 163 Prophesied, 168, 176 Position Papers Judicial Procedure, Proposal, 42, 116, 119 165 Propose, 35 Position Papers Restoration of Prosecution, 155 Publications, 10, 16, 55-60, 65, 67, Ministers, 167, 169 Position Papers Video, 179 70, 71, 93, 94, 97, 101, 102, 104, 105 Positions, 68, 71 Postponement, 137, 143 Publicity, 105 Post-trial, 137 Publicize, 60 Pray, 33, 36, 66, 130, 155, 162, Publish, 24, 58-60 163, 167, 174 Published, 10, 18, 40, 74 Prayed, 178, 179 Publishing House, 10, 11, 46, 56, Prayer, 33, 39, 93, 97, 154, 164, 57, 59, 60 167, 174, 179 Qualification, 68 Qualified, 44, 55, 59, 68, 71, 72, 77, Prayerful, 171 Prayerfully, 171 87, 139, 170, 178

Q-R INDEX

INDEX R-S 197

Requirement, 41, 48, 66 Righteousness, 29, 166 Residence, 48, 53, 62, 73, 121 Rights, 43, 66, 113, 121, 134, 154, Resign, 121, 136 155, 158, 164, 166 Resignation, 43-45, 74, 76, 121, Rights and Duties of General 129, 130, 158 Officers, 43 Resignation of Division Heads, 45 Rights and Duties of Officers, 121 Resignations, 122 Roster, 119, 120 Resigning, 45 Roster Committee, 119, 120 Resigns, 50 Rules Appertaining Thereto, 43, 121 Resolution, 40, 42, 63, 119, 123, Rules of Order, 40, 124 124, 133, 138, 142, 165 Rules of Order Revised, 40, 124 Resolution of a Grievance, 133, 138 Sacrament, 34 Resolutions, 39, 40, 113, 117, 123, Sacrifice, 31, 36, 67, 167, 171, 173 Safeguard, 111, 140, 157 124, 134, 165 Resolve, 129, 134, 137-140, 142, Safeguard of Funds, 111 150, 164, 165 Safeguarding, 90, 109, 111, 180 Resolving, 134, 165 Safeguarding of Property, 90 Respect, 34, 116, 134, 141, 146 Safeguards, 76 Response, 79, 149 Safekeeping, 58 Saints, 23, 36, 49, 156 Responses, 148 Responsibilities, 48, 69, 71, 87, 90, Salaries, 131 116, 117, 160 Salary, 92, 157 Responsibility, 54, 66, 70, 90, 91, Salvation, 29, 32-35, 71, 72, 127, 103, 113, 116, 129, 136, 137, 168-170, 172, 173, 176, 177 154, 157, 172, 179 Sample Form, 127 Responsible, 58-61, 66, 75, 76, 98, Sanctification, 161, 167 100, 104, 109, 111, 130, 159, 172 Sanctity, 154, 160, 164 Restitution, 35, 52, 128 Satan, 37, 156, 159, 168, 179 Restitution of All Things, 35 Satanic, 164 Restoration, 153, 167-170 Save Our Children, 101, 104, 105 Save Our Children Attendance, 101 Restoration of Ministers, 153, 167-170 Save Our Children Easter, 105 Save Our Children Revivals, 101, Restore, 156, 167, 168, 170 Restoring, 168, 169 104 Restrict, 171 Savior, 80, 179 Restrictions, 41, 62, 142, 143, 153, Savior Jesus Christ, 80, 179 171, 179, 180 School of Missions, 76 Retire, 146 Schools, 61, 64, 65, 75, 77, 101, Retired, 9, 68, 120 106, 120, 153, 155, 166, 172 Retirement, 5 Scouting Ministry, 101, 104 Scruples, 35-37 Retires, 68 Secret Societies, 36 Revenue, 111, 115, 160 Secretaries, 41, 108 Review, 49, 83, 86, 91, 107, 111, 138, 142, 149 Secretary of Education, 62 Reviewed, 47, 58, 91, 115, 131, Secretary of Foreign Missions, 12, 142, 157 67-70, 72, 152 Reviewing, 142, 149 Secretary-Treasurer, 4, 39-41, 44-Reviews, 148 46, 56, 95, 97, 99-101, 105, 107, Revised Standard Version, 153, 170 109, 113, 119, 121-123, 125, 126, Revisions, 103 128, 130 Revival, 23, 24, 49, 81, 93, 95, 104, Sectional Conference, 52, 85, 98, 154 105, 106, 108, 113, 119-121, 123

Sectional Director, 85, 98, 106

Revivals, 23, 90, 101, 104, 120

198 S-T INDEX

Sectional Directors, 98, 105 Sunday School Board, 101-103, Sectional Home Missions Director, 106, 107 Sunday School Director, 4, 15, 45, 85 Sectional Officers, 98, 112, 113 58, 101-103, 105-107, 121, 125 Sectional Presbyter, 49, 85, 98, Sunday School Division, 15, 16, 101-107 105, 108 Sectional Presidents, 108 Sunday School Secretary, 15, 101-Sectional Rallies, 107, 109 103, 105-107, 121, 125 Sectional Secretary, 108, 109 Sunday School Superintendent, 131 Sectional Secretary-Treasurer, 109, Sunday Schools, 101, 106 Superintendent, 4, 8, 9, 39-41, 43-113 Sectional Sunday School, 105-107 50, 56, 62, 64, 66, 68, 69, 72, 73, Sectional Sunday School Director, 75-79, 81-90, 94-98, 101, 105-108, 110-115, 119, 121-123, 125, 105, 106 Sections, 45, 47, 53, 73, 107, 112, 126, 128-131, 135, 137-144, 147-120, 122, 123, 147, 148, 150, 151 152, 165 Sections of the District, 120 Superintendent of Education, 4, 9, Seeking Endorsement, 61, 65, 116 40, 62, 64, 66 Selection of Missionaries, 89 Superintendents, 40, 41, 43-46, 56, 68, 69, 79, 82, 150 Selection of the Jury, 133, 144 Shamefacedness, 162 Supervise, 62, 70, 71, 77, 81, 98, Sheaves for Christ, 91, 95, 96, 99, 102, 113 Supervised, 98 Signatories, 139, 150 Support, 16, 24, 54, 60, 61, 67, 72-74, 77, 80, 87-90, 104, 105, 116, Signature, 40, 124 128, 130, 142, 147, 148, 155, Singles, 16, 101, 104 Societies, 36 158, 159, 166, 168 Son of God, 31, 32, 173-176, 178 Sustain, 138, 143, 149 Souls, 33, 80 Tabulating, 42 Spanish, 13, 14, 16, 17, 104 Tabulating Committee, 42 Special-called, 103 Taxes, 159 Teacher Training, 101, 104, 107 Spirit of God, 160, 173 Spirit of Intent, 165 Teaching, 34, 35, 48, 52, 63, 65, 72, Sports, 35, 153, 163, 171 93, 95, 101, 127, 156, 158, 159, Statement of Purpose, 78 161, 172 Stewardship, 5, 47, 87, 90, 159, 160 Teachings, 171, 179 Technology, 153, 157, 171, 172 Stipulate, 90 Stipulated, 129 Television, 35, 53, 163, 171, 179, Subjection, 55, 162 180 Submission, 39, 123, 174 Television Programs, 163, 180 Submit, 18, 40, 47, 64, 73, 77, 87, Tenets, 24 134, 140, 142, 147, 148, 157, 166 Tenure, 87 Submitted, 42, 47, 49, 58, 85, 86, Term, 40, 41, 43, 45, 46, 52, 56, 57, 112, 117, 136, 175 64, 68, 72, 75, 77, 80-85, 87, 88, 92-95, 97, 98, 101, 105, 106, Submitting, 76, 103, 106, 130 108, 110, 113, 117, 121, 125, Subscribe, 79 126, 130, 131, 134, 136 Subscription, 10, 50 Summon, 137, 143 Term of Office, 43, 45, 56, 82, 84, Summoned, 37, 137, 138 85, 93, 94 Summons, 54, 137, 138, 140, 143 Terminated, 87, 90, 91 Sunday School, 4, 10, 11, 15, 16, Termination, 45, 50, 76, 77, 88 40, 45, 48, 57, 58, 101-107, 121, Territories, 71 125, 131 Territory, 119

INDEX *T-W* 199

Testify, 134, 136, 146 24, 39, 40, 46-67, 72-80, 83-85, 90, 92-95, 98-102, 105, 109, 110, Testimony, 53, 54, 135, 136, 141, 145-147, 151, 166 113-116, 119, 120, 123, 125, 128, Theological, 48, 63 134, 136, 137, 142, 145, 147, Tithe, 75, 99, 105, 107, 109 152-155, 158, 159, 163-167, 169-Tithes, 36, 52, 66, 99 172, 178-180, 203, 205 United Pentecostal Church Tithing, 36, 105, 109 Tobacco, 127 International Christian School, 64 Tongues, 23, 29, 33, 46, 72 United Pentecostal Church of Topeka, 23 Canada, 41 Tracts, 11, 55, 58, 59, 93 United States Constitution, 172 Training, 8, 14, 22, 47, 48, 63, 65, United States of America, 44, 155 66, 70, 81, 89, 92, 93, 95, 97, Unity of Oneness Believers, 153 101, 103, 104, 106, 107, 134, Unorganized, 45, 46, 112 155, 165 Unreached, 71, 92 Transferring, 64 Unsectionalized, 84, 94 Transfers, 95 Uphold, 148, 149, 158 Treasurer, 20, 44, 70, 89, 122, 123, Upholding, 155 Vacancies, 121 130, 131 Treasuries, 99 Vacancy, 43, 69, 113, 121, 130 Treasury, 86, 91, 99, 100, 109 Vacant, 136 Trial, 55, 133-137, 139-152, 165, Venire, 144 169 Veniremen, 137, 144 Trials, 135, 137 Verdict, 136, 137, 146-151 True God, 31, 178 Verdicts, 135, 146 Trustee, 10, 11, 43, 44, 53, 70, 123 Vice President, 7, 10, 11, 56, 59, Trustees, 20, 53, 56, 59, 63, 65, 90, 110 Video, 53, 153, 171, 179, 180 113, 123, 128, 130, 131 Violations, 134, 136, 166 Tupelo Children, 22, 100 UPCI, 3, 18, 49, 54, 60, 64, 65, 71, Visitation, 50, 101 97, 114, 156, 170, 203, 205 Visiting, 76, 78 U.S.A., 3, 77, 170 Vocational Missionary, 72 Unanimous, 54 Volunteer, 49 Underwriting, 89 Voted, 40, 42, 45, 117 Undesignated, 74 Voters, 42, 113 Unendorsed, 66 Votes, 42, 117 Unethical, 157 Voting Constituency, 40 Unevangelized, 81, 88 War, 35, 36 Unexpired, 43, 68, 121, 136 Weddings, 51 Unfinished Business, 39 Western Christian Prisoner Unified, 155 Fellowship, 94 Union, 35, 155, 158, 174, 175, 178 Wine, 55 Withdraw, 53, 90, 114, 128, 158 Unions, 51 United Pentecostal Church, 3, 10-Withdrawal, 61, 74 12, 21, 22, 24, 39-41, 46-67, 72-Withdrawing, 49, 115 80, 83-85, 90, 92-95, 98-102, Withdrew, 114 105, 109, 110, 113-116, 119, 120, Witness, 134-136, 141, 145, 146, 123, 125, 128, 134, 136, 137, 142, 145, 147, 152-155, 158, 159, Witnesses, 54, 80, 134, 136, 141, 163-167, 169-172, 178-180, 203, 143, 145, 146, 165 205 Word Aflame, 60, 105 United Pentecostal Church Worker Training Programs, 101

Workers, 23, 46, 93, 97

International, 3, 10, 11, 21, 22,

200 W-Y INDEX

World Evangelism Center, 81, 203, 205 World Missions, 67 World Missions Plan, 67 Worshiping, 23 Writer, 16, 18 Writers Selection Committee, 103 Young People, 65, 131 Youth Committee, 95, 96, 98-101 Youth Department, 97-99 Youth Division, 17, 91, 95-97, 99, 100 Youth Evangelism Ministries, 97 Youth Evangelism Ministries Commission, 97 Youth Leader, 98, 99 Youth Ministries, 97, 99, 100 Youth Mission Involvement, 97 Youth Planning Committee, 17 Youth Secretary, 17, 97-100, 125 Youth Week, 99 Youth Workers Ministries, 97

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