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Performance tests

Test report

Test report n° SFY01 14WC031002

Customer	ROSCH Innovations AG
Product under test	Kinetisches Power Plant
Type - Model	Prototype 250 W

The above described product sample is tested to measure his power performance

Tribano, 20/12/2014

The laboratory Manager Ing. Roberto Bolzonaro

No Boleono

Safety Laboratory In compliance with UNI CEI EN ISO/IEC 17025





Testing laboratory	WTLAB Srl Via Mantegna 3-5 35020 Tribano (PD) Italy				
Customer	ROSCH Innovations AG				
Order confirmation nr.	14WC031002				
Order confirmation date	27/11/2014				
Sample receipt date	Tested in Teknik Zentrum Rosch-tech Troisdorf (DE)				
Test execution period	10/12/2014				

1. Requirements and Agreements

Request of testing was the efficiency measurement of a special electric central, made by ROSCH Innovations AG, generating electric power using a complex systems of tanks water immersed.

The customer request is related only to verify the performance of the machine, not the quality of the generated power (IEC 50160 requirements). There are not specific standard to do this for this special machine, thus we will follow some applicable parts of the standard:

IEC/ EN 62040-3 Uninterruptible power systems (UPS) Part 3: Method of specifying the performance and test requirements

The measurements and the performances are considered only in the maximum power generation condition

2. Information about the devices under test (DUT)

The tested product, named Kinetisches Power Plant, is composed by:

Tanks mechanism (18 thanks with valves for air compressed input with 4,8 liter of volume –each tank)

Power generator (GEN): Ametek Lamb electric Division Typ 120587K7 30 V DC nominal @8 A

Motorcompressor: ALITA linear air pumps model AL 120 max power 120W rated power 97W 230V 50Hz. Rated pressure 270 mbar

Battery pack for start-up (Start battery - BAT VS) and Battery pack for maintaining stable the system (Working battery - BAT VR):

36 pieces Samsung SDI ICR18650-26F Cells 3.7 V 2600 mAh, associated with nine pieces in a series (9 \times 3.7 V = 33.3 V) and in four series of parallel (4 x 2.6 Ah = 10.4 Ah).

Four power relais (Relay1, Relay 2, Relay 3, Relay 5)

Electrical box





Photo of the tested Kinetics machine.



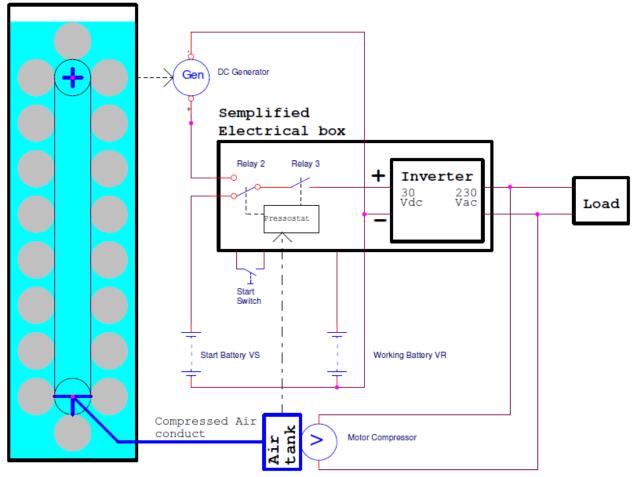
Generator view

Electrical box during test





3. Semplified schematic design of the "Kinetisches Power Plant"



Kinetics machine



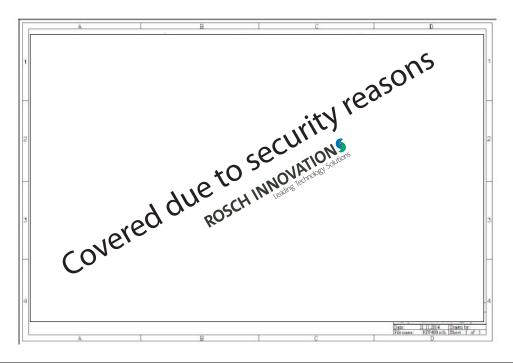


4. Design of Electrical box.



5. Functional sequence

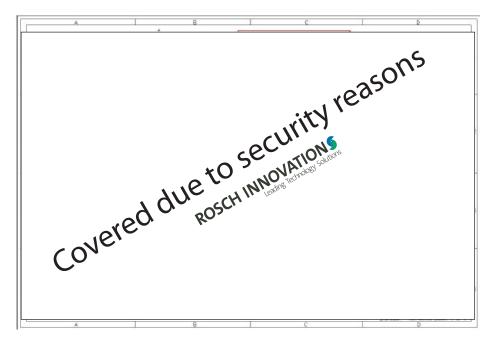
When the main switch is turned on, pressing the Start button includes the (self-holding relays) RL-3 and begins operation. RL-3 activates the air compressor and consumers.



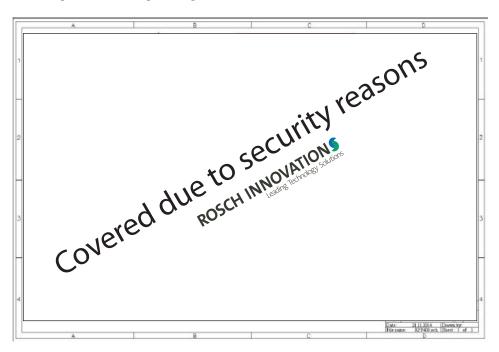




When the compressor air pressure is reached, differential pressure switch is activated. Differential pressure switch activates RL-4 and gives a condition for the start of the generator.



When generator reach the defined voltage (>24V.D.C.) through resistor R1 is activate RL-1. Relay RL-1 through reley RL-2 deactivates the starting battery and at the same time activates the working battery. In this way, the device is placed in the operating mode.



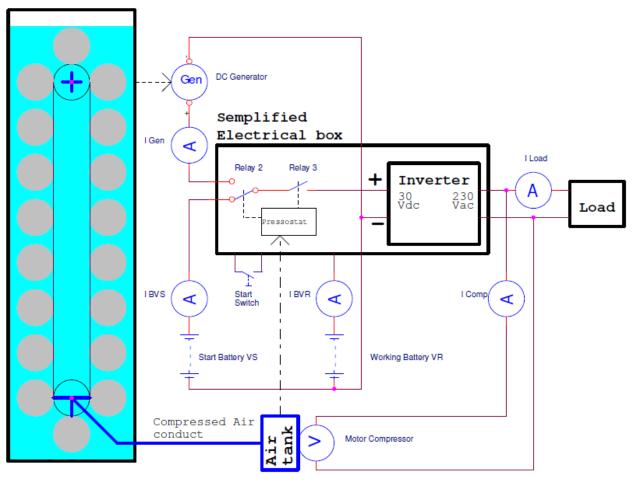




6. Description of the Test Set-up

The test results contained in this test report relate to the tested samples only. It is forbidden to partially reproduce the test report without WTlab Srl authorization. Tests were requested by the customer

Semplified schematic of measure circuit



Kinetics machine





Total Measurements

	Description	Current (A)	Type of current	Voltage (V)	Power factor Cos φ	Power (W)	Type of power	
I Load	Load (resistive)	-1,47	ас	232	1	-341,04	Passive	Mesured in the 1st method
I Comp	Motor compressor	-1,18	ас	232,2	0,35	-95,8986	Passive	Mesured in the 1st method
I Gen	DC Generator	9,5	dc	29,4	1	279,3	Generated	Mesured in the 2nd method
I BVS	Start battery	18,5	dc	29,9	1	553,15	Generated	Only during start period (for about 5 s). Normally I _{BVS} = 0A
I BVR	Working battery	5,5	dc	29,45	1	161,975	Generated	Mesured in the 1st method
I lamp	Load lamps	-1,07	ас	232	1	-248,24	Passive	Mesured in the 2nd method

1st method: with resistive load, calculating the Output power of DC power generator

	Description	Current (A)	Type of current	Voltage (V)	Power factor Cos φ	Power (W)	Type of power
I Load	Load (resistive)	-1,47	ас	232,2	1	-341,33	Passive (measured)
I Comp	Motor compressor	-1,18	ас	232,2	0,35	-95,90	Passive (measured)
I BVS	Start battery	0	dc	29,45	1	0	Generated (measured After start time, about 5 s)
I BVR	Working battery	5,5	dc	29,45	1	161,98	Working battery output power (measured)
I Gen	DC Generator			1	1	275,26	DC Generator output power (Calculated)

Power of DC Generator used for load	Efficiency
179,36	65,2%

Note





2nd method: with lamps as load, calculating the external power (from system battery) needed to maintain the system

	Description	Current (A)	Type of current	Voltage (V)	Power factor Cos φ	Power (W)	Type of power
I lamp	Load lamps	-1,07	ac	232	1	-248,24	Passive (measured)
I Comp	Motor compressor	-1,18	ас	232,2	0,35	-95,90	Passive (measured)
I Gen	DC Generator	9,5	dc	29,4	1	279,3	DC Generator output power (Measured)
I BVS	Start battery	0	dc	29,9	1	0	Generated (measured After start time, about 5 s)
I BVR	Working battery					64,84	<i>Working battery output power (Calculated)</i>

Power of DC Generator used for load	Efficiency
183,40	65,7%

T amb. during test: 15,9 °C T water: during test: 14,8 °C





ENERGY/POWER GENERATION

Being the control circuit is not well defined, the generation of energy can be estimated by the following formula:

 $E_{out} = E_{load} - E_{BVS} - E_{BFR}$

Where:

 E_{out} = Energy measured on the load E_{BVS} = Energy generated by Start battery after the start event. E_{BFR} = Energy generated by Working battery

Considering that the plant fully operational after the start time (few seconds) runs without changing voltage and current, the energy generated can be considered equal to the:

 $Eout = (P_{load} - P_{BVS} - P_{BFR}) x t = P_{out} x t$

Where: P_{out} = Power measured on the load P_{BVS} = Power generated by Start battery after the start event. P_{BFR} = Power generated by Working battery t = time

thus: Pout = $P_{load} - P_{BVS} - P_{BFR} = 179 \text{ W}$ for the first method (resistive load) Pout = $P_{load} - P_{BVS} - P_{BFR} = 183 \text{ W}$ for the second method (lamps load)

The Kinetics machine examinated can generate about 180 W





Test equipment and uncertainty of measurement							
Tests	Equipm	Uncertainty of measuremen t					
Input current and power	Elspec Blackbox G4500 + Current probes: LEM IT-200S Ultrstb	ELSPW001 SLEMW001-2-3	0,1A 1,5 V 1,5 W				
Temperature measurement	Multilogger CHy 502A11 Thermocouple (K)	MLTHW001 TRCPW001	1,5°C				

Responsabile del Laboratorio /Laboratory Manager

Roberto Bolzonaro lious

Tribano, 20/12/2014

Operatore /*Technician*

Andrea Sartorato nol 7000

End of test report