DTC	P0710	Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit
DTC	P0712	Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit Low Input
DTC	P0713	Transmission Fluid Temperature Sensor "A" Circuit High Input

DESCRIPTION

The ATF (Automatic Transmission Fluid) temperature sensor converts the fluid temperature into a resistance value which is input into the ECM. The No. 2 ATF temperature sensor is on the transmission and just before the oil cooler inlet pipeline. HINT:

• The ATF temperature is liable to increase under conditions such as towing, climbing hills and in traffic. The symptoms and recovery conditions, when the sensor is normal or there is a short malfunction in the sensor, are as shown in the table below.

No. 2 ATF temperature sensor Status	Detection Condition	Symptom	Recovery Condition
Sensor is normal	ATF temperature more than 130°C (266°F)	Shift point too low	ATF temperature less than 125°C (257°F)
Sensor is normal	When conditions (a) and (b) are satisfied continuously. (a) ATF temperature more than 130°C (266°F) (b) Engine coolant temperature more than 98°C (208.4°F)	Lock-up in 4th or 3rd gear *1	ATF temperature less than 110°C (230°F) and engine coolant temperature less than 98°C (208.4°F)
Sensor circuit is short	Any conditions	Shift point too low	Symptom still occurs
Sensor circuit is short	Engine coolant temperature more than 95°C (203°F)	Lock-up in 4th or 3rd gear *1	Symptom still occurs

HINT:

*1: When the ATF temperature is normal, the transmission locks up in 4th gear with the shift lever in the D position and in 3rd gear with the shift lever in the 3rd position.

DTC No.	DTC Detection Conditions	Trouble Areas
P0710	(a) and (b) are detected momentarily within 0.5 seconds when neither P0712 nor P0713 is detected. (1-trip detection logic) (a) No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance is less than 79 Ω . (b) No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance is more than 156 k Ω . HINT: Within 0.5 seconds the malfunction changes from (a) to (b) or from (b) to (a).	Open or short in No. 2 ATF temperature sensor circuit No. 2 ATF temperature sensor ECM
P0712	No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance is less than 79 Ω for 0.5 seconds or more. (1-trip detection logic)	Short in No. 2 ATF temperature sensor circuit No. 2 ATF temperature sensor ECM
P0713	No. 2 ATF temperature sensor resistance is more than 156 $k\Omega$ for 0.5 seconds or more 15 minutes or more after starting engine. (1-trip detection logic)	Open in No. 2 ATF temperature sensor circuit No. 2 ATF temperature sensor ECM

MONITOR DESCRIPTION

The Automatic Transmission Fluid (ATF) temperature sensor converts the ATF temperature to an electrical resistance value. Based on the resistance, the ECM determines the ATF temperature, and detects any open or short malfunctions in the AFT temperature circuit. If the resistance of the ATF temperature is less than 79 Ω or more than 156 k Ω , the ECM interprets this as a fault in the ATF temperature sensor or its wiring. The ECM turns on the MIL and stores a DTC.

MONITOR STRATEGY

Related DTCs	P0710: ATF temperature sensor/Range check (Fluttering) P0712: ATF temperature sensor/Range check (Low resistance) P0713: ATF temperature sensor/Range check (High resistance)
Required sensors/Components	ATF temperature sensor
Frequency of operation	Continuous
Duration	0.5 seconds
MIL operation	Immediate
Sequence of operation	None

TYPICAL ENABLING CONDITIONS

P0710: Range check (Fluttering)

The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present.	None
The typical enabling condition is not available.	-

P0712: Range check (Low resistance)

The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present.	None
The typical enabling condition is not available.	-

P0713: Range check (High resistance)

The monitor will run whenever the following DTCs are not present.	None
Time after engine start	15 minutes or more

TYPICAL MALFUNCTION THRESHOLDS

P0710: Range check (Fluttering)

	Less than 79 Ω
TFT Sensor resistance	or
	more than 156 k Ω

P0712: Range check (Low resistance)

TFT Sensor resistance	Less than 79 Ω	

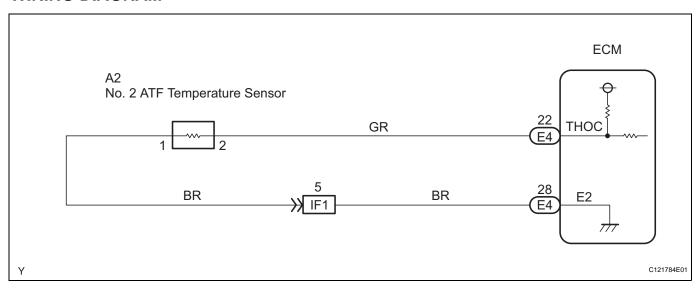
P0713: Range check (High resistance)

TFT Sensor resistance More than 156 $k\Omega$

COMPONENT OPERATING RANGE

ATF temperature sensor	Atmospheric temperature - approximately 130°C (266°F)

WIRING DIAGRAM



1. DATA LIST

HINT:

According to the DATA LIST displayed on the intelligent tester, you can read the values of components, such as the switches, sensors and actuators, without removing any parts. Reading the DATA LIST as the first step of troubleshooting is one method of shortening labor time.

NOTICE:

In the table below, the values listed under "Normal Condition" are for reference only. Do not depend solely on these reference values when judging whether a part is faulty or not.

- (a) Warm up the engine.
- (b) Turn the ignition switch off.
- (c) Connect the intelligent tester together with the CAN VIM (controller area network vehicle interface module) to the DLC3.
- (d) Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- (e) Push the "ON" button of the tester.
- (f) Select the items "DIAGNOSIS/ ENHANCED OBD II/ DATA LIST/ A/T".
- (g) According to the display on the tester, read the "DATA LIST".

Item	Measurement Item/ Range (display)	Normal Condition
A/T OIL TEMP3	ATF Temperature Sensor Value/ min.: -40°C (-40°F) max.: 215°C (419°F)	After Stall Test; Approximately 80°C (176°F) Equal to ambient temperature when cold soak

HINT:

When DTC P0712 is output and the intelligent tester reading is 150°C (302°F) or more, there is an short circuit.

When DTC P0713 is output and the intelligent tester reading is -40°C (-40°F), there is a open circuit.

Measure the resistance between terminal THOC and the body ground.

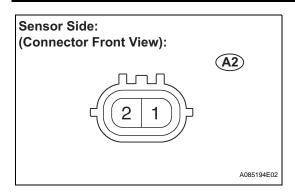
Temperature Displayed	Malfunction
-40°C (-40°F)	Open circuit
160 °C (320°F) or more	Short circuit

HINT

If a circuit related to the ATF temperature sensor becomes open, P0713 is immediately set (in 0.5 seconds).



1 INSPECT TEMPERATURE SENSOR



- (a) Disconnect the ATF temperature sensor connector from the transmission.
- (b) Measure the resistance between the sensor connector terminals.

Standard resistance

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
1 - 2	79 Ω to 156 k Ω
1 - Body ground	10 k Ω or higher
2 - Body ground	10 k Ω or higher

HINT:

If the resistance is outside the specified range at either of the ATF temperatures shown in the table below, the driveability of the vehicle may decrease.

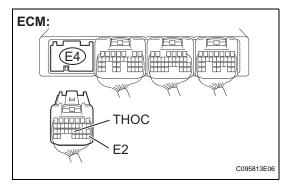
ATF Temperature:	Resistance:
20 °C (68°F)	10.3 to 13.9 kΩ
110°C (230°F)	0.68 to 0.88 kΩ



REPAIR OR REPLACE TRANSMISSION WIRE



2 CHECK HARNESS AND CONNECTOR (ATF TEMPERATURE - ECM)



- (a) Connect the transmission wire connector.
- (b) Disconnect the ECM connector.
- (c) Measure the resistance.

Standard resistance

Tester Connection	Specified Condition
E4-22 (THOC) - E4-28 (E2)	79 Ω to 156 k Ω
E4-22 (THOC) - Body ground	10 k Ω or higher
E4-28 (E2) - Body ground	10 k Ω or higher

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REPAIR OR REPLACE HARNESS OR CONNECTOR

OK

REPLACE ECM