



NOAA, NATIONAL WEATHER SERVICE, WEATHER FORECAST OFFICE

Miami, Florida 33165

http://weather.gov/southflorida

...35th Anniversary of Snow in South Florida...



Picture Courtesy of Charles Trainor/Miami Herald

On January 19th, 1977, snow fell in South Florida for the first time in recorded history. Residents and visitors were both surprised and thrilled at the rare phenomena, and local newspapers ran headlines which were nearly as big as it would be for major national or world events. Snow was seen across all of southeast Florida as far south as Homestead and even on Miami Beach. Reports of snow were even received from Freeport, Grand Bahama Island on the other side of the Gulf Stream from southeast Florida.

Although snow in Florida is not as rare as it is believed to be, the farthest south snow had been previously observed was along a Fort Myers to Fort Pierce line in February 1899.

The snow came on the heels of a strong arctic cold front which moved rapidly down the Florida peninsula from late on January 18th through the pre-dawn hours of January 19th. A strong arctic high pressure area settled over the lower Mississippi Valley and pumped very cold air into Florida (Figure 1). At the same time, a band of clouds and of precipitation associated with an upper level trough (Figure 2) followed the passage of the arctic front, and every reporting station in north and central Florida recorded at least a trace of snow. Tampa measured .20 inches and Plant City, east of Tampa, measured up to 2 inches of the white stuff. West Palm Beach reported its first snowfall on record at 6:10 am and continued to report light snow through 8 am. Rain began to mix with snow over areas farther south, and eventually fell as snow flurries across Broward and Miami-Dade counties between 8 and 9:30 am. Miami International Airport, the official weather reporting site for Miami, did not observe the snowfall, and as a result an asterisk is included in the precipitation records to indicate the widespread reports of snow on the morning of January 19th.

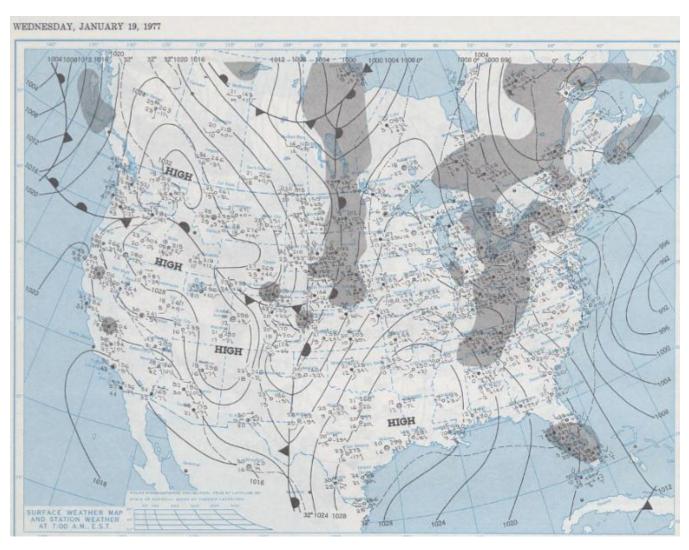


Figure 1: Weather Map at 7 AM January 19th, 1977

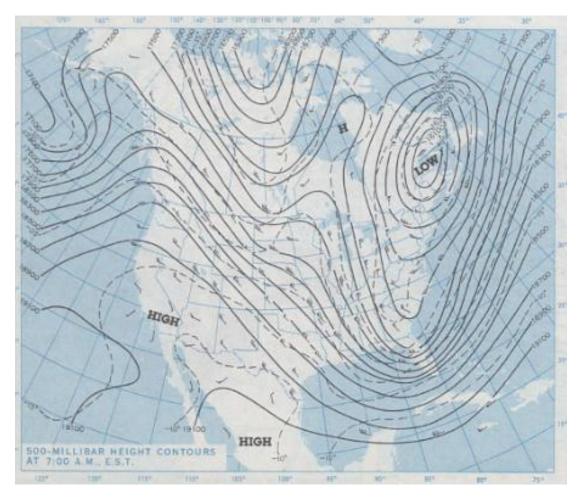


Figure 2: 500 millibar map at 7 AM January 19th, 1977 showing a strong low pressure trough over Florida

It is interesting to note that although air temperatures were slightly above freezing when the snow fell, the freezing level on the morning of the 19th was at only 1,500 feet above sea level, which is at a very low altitude for South Florida. This prevented the precipitation from melting before reaching the ground.

The snow occurred during a prolonged period of very cold temperatures in South Florida. The first arctic front moved through the region late on the afternoon of January 16th with temperatures failing to reach the 60 degree mark in Miami for four consecutive days from January 17th to the 20th. The coldest air and snow arrived with the second arctic front on the 19th, with the afternoon high only reaching the mid to upper 40s. Miami's afternoon high of 47 degrees that day stands as the second coldest afternoon high on record.

The most significant impact of the very cold air was felt on the night of the 19^{th} and morning of the 20^{th} when temperatures dropped to at or below freezing everywhere in South Florida.

Here are some of the low temperatures recorded across South Florida on the morning of January 20th:

LOCATION	LOW TEMPERATURE
LABELLE	19 *
DEVILS GARDEN	20 *
HOMESTEAD AGRICULTURAL O	CTR 23
IMMOKALEE	24
BELLE GLADE	24
MOORE HAVEN	25
NORTH MIAMI BEACH	25
NAPLES	26
WEST PALM BEACH	27 *
FORT LAUDERDALE	28 *
HOLLYWOOD	28
MIAMI INTERNATIONAL	31
MIAMI BEACH	32 *

^{*} Indicates all-time low temperature record at that location

Temperatures over interior and western sections of South Florida were at or below freezing for 10-14 hours, and some locations were at or below 28 degrees for 4 to 8 hours. The extended duration of freezing temperatures devastated the agricultural community in South Florida with estimated losses of \$350 million statewide and over \$100 million in Dade County alone. Skinned fruit such as tangerines,

tangelos and temple oranges were almost totally destroyed, as were tender vegetables such as beans, corn, tomatoes and squash. A total of 35 counties in Florida were declared disaster areas.

Sprinkles ran all night at most farms and nurseries, and some of the water also got on to some roadways, causing ice to form on some western Miami-Dade County roads.

Could snow fall again in South Florida? History has already shown us that it can, and if it's happened once, it can definitely happen again someday.

The forecast for January 19th, 2012 calls for partly sunny skies with high temperatures in the mid 70s. There's no doubt that tourists and most residents prefer this forecast to the one 35 years ago!