



## National Teams at Major International Tournaments

The Kookaburras and Hockeyroos have an enviable record at world level events, and with both teams being consistently ranked in the world's top four teams, hockey is one of Australia's most successful team sports.

The four major international hockey tournaments that the Kookaburras and Hockeyroos compete in are the Olympic Games, the World Cup, the Champions Trophy and the Commonwealth Games.

Both national junior teams, the Burras (men's) and the Jillaroos (women's), compete in the Junior World Cup which is held every four years.

The national indoor teams have also competed in the inaugural and most recent Indoor World Cups in 2003 and 2007 respectively.

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## OLYMPIC GAMES

The Olympic Games is regarded as the most prestigious hockey event in the world and as such an Olympic gold medal is considered the greatest prize in international hockey. Men's hockey was first played at the Olympics at the 1908 London games. After being dropped and reinstated twice, hockey was again contested at the 1928 Olympic Games in Amsterdam and has remained an Olympic sport since.

Since joining Olympic competition, Australian teams have produced impressive results with Australia first represented, by the men's team, at the Melbourne games in 1956. Women's hockey was not introduced as an Olympic sport until 1980, however due to boycott of the 1980 Moscow Olympics; the Australian women's team first competed in the Olympic Games in 1984 at Los Angeles.

Both the men's and women's Olympic hockey competitions are comprised of 12 teams. In order to participate, each team must qualify. Automatic qualifiers are the winners of each continental championship (Oceania, Pan America, Europe, Asia and Africa), with the remaining places determined through qualification tournaments.

### *Olympic Games Results – Men*

The men's team have competed in 13 of the 14 Olympic Games, with the exception being the boycotted Moscow games of 1980. In this time they have accumulated eight medals including their breakthrough win at Athens in 2004. The other podium finishes were winning three silver medals and four bronze medals

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1956	Melbourne	5 <sup>th</sup>	India	Pakistan	Germany
1960	Rome	6 <sup>th</sup>	Pakistan	India	Spain
1964	Toyko	3 <sup>rd</sup>	India	Pakistan	<b>Australia</b>
1968	Mexico City	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Pakistan	<b>Australia</b>	India
1972	Munich	5 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	Pakistan	India
1976	Montreal	2 <sup>nd</sup>	New Zealand	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1980	Moscow	Did not compete	India	Spain	Russia
1984	Los Angeles	4 <sup>th</sup>	Pakistan	Germany	Great Britain
1988	Seoul	4 <sup>th</sup>	Great Britain	Germany	Netherlands
1992	Barcelona	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1996	Atlanta	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Netherlands	Spain	<b>Australia</b>
2000	Sydney	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Netherlands	Korea	<b>Australia</b>
2004	Athens	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands	Germany
2008	Beijing	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Germany	Spain	<b>Australia</b>



### *Olympic Games Results – Women*

The Australian women's team has competed in seven of the eight Olympic Games, not competing due to a boycott of the Moscow games in 1980. They are the only team to have won the gold medal on more than two occasions, boasting a record three gold medals in 1988, 1996 and 2000.

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1980	Moscow	Did not compete	Zimbabwe	Czechoslovakia	USSR
1984	Los Angeles	4 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	West Germany	USA
1988	Seoul	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Korea	Netherlands
1992	Barcelona	5 <sup>th</sup>	Spain	Germany	Great Britain
1996	Atlanta	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	South Korea	Netherlands
2000	Sydney	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Argentina	Netherlands
2004	Athens	5 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	Netherlands	Argentina
2008	Beijing	5 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	China	Argentina



## WORLD CUP

The World Cup is the largest single hockey tournament in the world and the most prestigious FIH event, with the first men's competition being held in 1971 in Barcelona. The first women's World Cup was staged in 1981 in Buenos Aires.

Since 1978 the men's World Cup has been held every four years being in the two years before and after an Olympic Games. The women's World Cup has been conducted every four years from 1990.

The World Cup is open to all member nations of the FIH following qualification. The host nation, World Cup title holder and the winner of each continental championship (Europe, Oceania, the Americas, Africa and Asia) are automatic qualifiers with the remaining places filled through qualifying tournaments.

### *World Cup Results – Men*

The Kookaburras have competed in 11 of the 12 World Cups contested to date winning gold twice, silver twice and bronze on four occasions. They have won more medals than any other nation, including winning medals in eight out of the last nine tournaments.

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1971	Barcelona	8 <sup>th</sup>	Pakistan	Spain	India
1973	Amsterdam	Did not compete	Netherlands	India	Germany
1975	Kuala Lumpur	5 <sup>th</sup>	India	Pakistan	Germany
1978	Buenos Aires	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Pakistan	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>
1982	Bombay	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Pakistan	Germany	<b>Australia</b>
1986	London	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	England	Germany
1990	Lahore	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Netherlands	Pakistan	<b>Australia</b>
1994	Sydney	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Pakistan	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>
1998	Utrecht	4 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Spain	Germany
2002	Kuala Lumpur	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Korea
2006	Monchengladbach	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Spain
2010	New Delhi	1st	<b>Australia</b>	Germany	Netherlands



### World Cup Results – Women

The Hockeyroos have competed in all eight of the World Cups held, winning the tournament twice, and finishing on the podium for a further two silver medals and one gold medal.

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1981	Buenos Aires	4 <sup>th</sup>	West Germany	Netherlands	USSR
1983	Kuala Lumpur	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Netherlands	Canada	<b>Australia</b>
1986	Amsterdam	6 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Germany	Canada
1990	Sydney	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	Korea
1994	Dublin	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Argentina	USA
1998	Utrecht	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands	Germany
2002	Perth	4 <sup>th</sup>	Argentina	Netherlands	China
2006	Madrid	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	Argentina



## CHAMPIONS TROPHY

The Champions Trophy is the FIH's premier annual tournament bringing together the top six nations in the world. The tournament was created as a men's competition by the Pakistan Hockey Federation in 1978 and has been played as an annual competition since 1980. It was introduced as a women's tournament in 1987 and has been played annually since 1999.

The Champions Trophy is used as the benchmark event in the years when there is neither an Olympic Games nor World Cup. The six nations invited to participate at a Champions Trophy are selected from the rankings of the previous Olympic Games, World Cup and Champions Trophy.

### *Champions Trophy Results – Men*

The Kookaburras have competed in every Champions Trophy tournament except one (2004), and claimed the title on ten occasions collecting a record further fourteen medals, being ten silver and four bronze.

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1978	Lahore	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Pakistan	<b>Australia</b>	Great Britain
1980	Karachi	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Pakistan	Germany	<b>Australia</b>
1981	Karachi	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	Germany
1982	Amsterdam	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	India
1983	Karachi	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan	Germany
1984	Karachi	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan	Great Britain
1985	Perth	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Great Britain	Germany
1986	Karachi	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1987	Amsterdam	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Germany	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>
1988	Lahore	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Germany	Pakistan	<b>Australia</b>
1989	Berlin	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands	Germany
1990	Melbourne	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands	Germany
1991	Berlin	4 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	Pakistan	Netherlands
1992	Karachi	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1993	Kuala Lumpur	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Germany	Netherlands
1994	Lahore	4 <sup>th</sup>	Pakistan	Germany	Netherlands
1995	Berlin	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1996	Madras	6 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Pakistan	Germany
1997	Adelaide	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1998	Lahore	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Netherlands	Pakistan	<b>Australia</b>
1999	Brisbane	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	South Korea	Netherlands
2000	Amstelveen	5 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Germany	Korea
2001	Rotterdam	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands
2002	Cologne	5 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Germany	Pakistan
2003	Amstelveen	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan





<b>2004</b>	Lahore	Did not compete	Spain	Netherlands	Pakistan
<b>2005</b>	Chennai	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands	Spain
<b>2006</b>	Terassa	4 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Germany	Spain
<b>2007</b>	Kuala Lumpur	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands
<b>2008</b>	Rotterdam	1st	<b>Australia</b>	Spain	Argentina
<b>2009</b>	Melbourne	1st	<b>Australia</b>	Germany	Korea

### *Champions Trophy Results – Women*

The Hockeyroos have competed in all fifteen women's Champions Trophy tournaments and are the most successful team in the competitions history winning six titles, including five in a row during the nineties. They have won a further four silver and two bronze medals, only finishing outside of the medals on five occasions.

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
<b>1987</b>	Amsterdam	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	South Korea
<b>1989</b>	Frankfurt	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Korea	<b>Australia</b>	Germany
<b>1991</b>	Berlin	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Germany	Netherlands
<b>1993</b>	Amsterdam	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands	Germany
<b>1995</b>	Mar del Plata	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Korea	USA
<b>1997</b>	Berlin	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Germany	Netherlands
<b>1999</b>	Brisbane	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands	Germany
<b>2000</b>	Amstelveen	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Netherlands	Germany	<b>Australia</b>
<b>2001</b>	Amstelveen	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Argentina	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>
<b>2002</b>	Macau	4 <sup>th</sup>	China	Argentina	Netherlands
<b>2003</b>	Sydney	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	China	Netherlands
<b>2004</b>	Rosario	4 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Germany	Argentina
<b>2005</b>	Canberra	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	Argentina
<b>2006</b>	Amsterdam	5 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	China	Netherlands
<b>2007</b>	Quilmes	4 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Argentina	Germany
<b>2008</b>	Monchengladbach	5th	Argentina	Germany	Netherlands
<b>2009</b>	Sydney	2nd	Argentina	<b>Australia</b>	Netherlands



## COMMONWEALTH GAMES

The Commonwealth Games were first held in Hamilton, Canada in 1930 and since then they have been held every four years, being two years after each Olympic Games. Hockey was introduced as a Commonwealth Games sport in 1998 at Kuala Lumpur along with the other team sports of cricket, netball, and rugby sevens.

Automatic qualifiers are the host nation, the defending champion and the winner of each Commonwealth Games Region of which there are six (Oceania, Africa, Europe, Asia, The Americas and the Caribbean).

The hockey events in both the men's and the women's competition at Kuala Lumpur in 1998 were between the top 12 Commonwealth nations, with that number dropping to eight in Manchester in 2002 and rising to ten teams for the Melbourne games of 2006.

Australia have been the dominant teams at the Commonwealth Games with the men winning all three gold medals to date and the women collecting two gold medals and bronze medal.

### *Commonwealth Games Results – Men*

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1998	Kuala Lumpur	1 <sup>st</sup>	Australia	Malaysia	England
2002	Manchester	1 <sup>st</sup>	Australia	New Zealand	Pakistan
2006	Melbourne	1 <sup>st</sup>	Australia	Pakistan	Malaysia

### *Commonwealth Games Results – Women*

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1998	Kuala Lumpur	1 <sup>st</sup>	Australia	England	New Zealand
2002	Manchester	3 <sup>rd</sup>	India	England	Australia
2006	Melbourne	1 <sup>st</sup>	Australia	India	England





## JUNIOR WORLD CUP

The FIH Junior World Cup is the premier international event for players aged 21 years and under. Created to provide young players with the opportunity of international competition, the event is held every four years.

The Junior World Cup uses a format identical to that of the World Cup; played every four years and featuring 12 nations. Qualification is also conducted in a similar fashion to the senior event, with the previous winner, the host nation and winners of continental under 21 championships qualifying automatically and the remaining places being determined through qualification tournaments.

### *Junior World Cup Results – Men*

The Australian under 21 men's team are known as the Burras and have competed at eight of the nine Junior World Cups held, winning one gold medal, in addition to collecting three silver medals and two bronze medals.

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1979	Versailles	Did not compete	Pakistan	Germany	Netherlands
1982	Kuala Lumpur	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1985	Vancouver	4 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	Netherlands	Pakistan
1989	Ipoh	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Germany	<b>Australia</b>	Pakistan
1993	Barcelona	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Germany	Pakistan	<b>Australia</b>
1997	Milton Keynes	1 <sup>st</sup>	<b>Australia</b>	India	Germany
2001	Hobart	6 <sup>th</sup>	India	Argentina	Germany
2005	Rotterdam	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Argentina	<b>Australia</b>	Spain
2005	Johor & Bahru	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Germany	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>

### *Junior World Cup Results – Women*

The Australian under 21 women's team are known as the Jillaroos and they have taken part in all but one of the six Junior World Cups held, winning two silver medals and one bronze.

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
1989	Ottawa	Did not compete	Germany	Korea	URS
1993	Terrassa	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Argentina	<b>Australia</b>	Germany
1997	Seongnam	2 <sup>nd</sup>	Netherlands	<b>Australia</b>	Argentina
2001	Buenos Aires	3 <sup>rd</sup>	Korea	Argentina	<b>Australia</b>
2005	Santiago	4 <sup>th</sup>	Korea	Germany	Netherlands
2009	Boston	5 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Argentina	Korea



## INDOOR WORLD CUP

The inaugural Indoor World Cup was held for men and women at Leipzig in 2003 with the event held again four years later in Vienna. The Indoor World Cup is now held every four years with the next tournament being in 2011.

Australia has competed in both Indoor World Cups with the highlights being the men's team achieving a seventh place finish in 2003 and the women's team finishing sixth in 2007.

### *Indoor World Cup Results – Men*

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
2003	Leipzig	7 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	Poland	France
2007	Vienna	8 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	Poland	Spain

### *Indoor World Cup Results – Women*

Year	Venue	Australia	Gold	Silver	Bronze
2003	Leipzig	9 <sup>th</sup>	Germany	Netherlands	France
2007	Vienna	6 <sup>th</sup>	Netherlands	Spain	Germany