

## UNHCR Sub-Office MAZAR-i-SHARIF DISTRICT PROFILE

DATE: April 09, 2002

PROVINCE		Na	Name: Baghlan		Geo-Code:				DATE: April 09, 200.		
<b>DISTRICT</b> N			ame: Pul-i -Khomri		Geo-Code:						
Population in 1990: 13			34966								
T-4-1	D-t	DD-	CURRENT EST					None	le a u a Caralal acces		
Total	Returned I	DPS	Recent Returnees 297	IDPs	47183		der 12	489	ber of widows		
ETHNIC (	COMPOSITIO	)N·aı	round 30% Pashtun	10 % Ha			Tajik		Uzbek		
LIIINIC	JOINT OST TIC	it. ai	Tourid 30 /0 Fasilium	10 /0 116	ızara	JU /0	ıajık	10 /0	UZDEK		
			EXPECTED RETUR	RNING PO	PULAT	ION 2	002				
	IDPS				JRNEES				483		
_				JTHORIT'							
Governo	r of Baghlan:			Ziaul haq ,Haqyar , military and member of Jamiat Islami Party							
Other Information:			There is provincial Shura with 16 members, police department with 8 police stations, courts first and second instances, attorney office, municipality office, the departments of the ministries of public health, finance, repatriation, education, agriculture, telecommunication, power and irrigation, rural rehabilitation, defence, coal and mine, information and culture, TV.  GENERAL SITUATION								
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the City. Be functioning	esides police, a in the City and	detacl I taking	hment of the Ministry of C I care of all districts of this no incidents are reported.	Defence (Ga s province.	arrison) th	nat lead	ls by Gen	eral Ha	bib, is also		
			SECTORA	AL INFOR	MATIO	V					
SHELTER	R: Pe	ercent	age and Number of F				3%				
							They live with their relatives in rental				
	П	Housing Situation of Returning Pop				houses and some of the population have not returned yet from Pakistan and Iran.					
	the Sh So	Comments: some of the houses are made of cement and bricks in the city but most of the houses in the village and city made of mud, bricks and roof beams. Shelter material is available: straw, mud home, roof beams, bricks and cement. Some houses were destroyed in Shamarq and Kelagai during the Taliban government, these houses were the Property of Ismailits.									
WATER:		Type of Potable Water Sources (and distance):			People who live in smooth areas use water from wells, deep wells but people who live on top of hills and mountains they have to fetch water form far located						
						areas and carryout by donkeys 3-4 km.					
	Av	Availability of Potable water (%):			20 %						
	Sa	Sanitation and Drainage:			Latrines						
		<b>Comments:</b> There isn't potable water in the villages most of the population get their water from river and stream.									
AGRICUL	TURE: Ma	Main crops:			Wheat and rice Other Production: corn, and vegetation						
	Cı	Current Land Condition:			95% land in use						
	Ex	Existing Irrigation schemes:			80% Irrigated 20% Rain field						

Tractor and Animal (OXEN)

Sheep-Goat-cows

Agri/tool Banks:

**Animal Husbandry** 

SECTORAL INFORMATION										
INCOME GENERATION:	Main Sources of Income:	organisation and farming Private Busi Working in fagovernmenta organisation Labours (10) Farming land	dustrial di governmental s, as labours lands. ness (20%) actories and al s. (50%) %) ds (15%)	% of <b>No</b> ind in the distri	rct r	5% population is with no means of income. (it also contains disables)				
	Comments: 50 % people are busy with the working in governmental offices and factories such as textile, coal, cements factory and two power stations.  15 % of people are busy with farming, cultivating, husbandry and gardening.  20 % are working in the bazaar doing business of shopping, workshops and physical works (loading and working with carts) for example.									
HEALTH:	Health	Types		Currently fur	ctioning	Before 1998				
	Centre:	No. of Clinic	):	5		5				
		No. of Mobi	le Clinic:	2		2				
		No. of Hospital:		2		2				
	Comments: two	Nurses and		80		70				
textile factory's hospital.  Textile hospital is just for the workers of this factory and public hospital the citizen of Pul-I-khomri and mobile clinics treat the patients in the where is no clinics and hospital. WHO, MSF and UNICEF support both hospitals.						n the villag				
EDUCATION:	Education	Types		Currently functioning		Before 19	Before 1998			
	Centre:	No. of High School:		6		6				
		No. of Primary School:		22		22				
		No. of Home Based Sch:		30		60				
	Teacher:	Female: Male:	Female:       486         Male:       815		Pupils: Girls: Boys:		10194 33044			
	Literacy Rate %	60%								
	<b>Comments:</b> At the time of Taliban schools were almost not functioning, the furniture of the schools were damaged. Now there is need for educational items and furniture. Some of the school's buildings are need to be rehabilitated.									
MINE/UXOs:	Existence of mi	No								
	Identified priori	No								
	Comments.									
		PR	OTECTION							
Population Mover	ment: No	PR	OTECTION							
Population Mover Minority Issue:	ment: No No	PR	OTECTION							

SECTORAL INFORMATION				
House Occupation:	No			
Others:				
	NGOs Working in the District			

UNHCR works in IDP, Refugee and Returnee issues, UNICEF and SCA work in health and education , MSF (health programmes), ACTED ( IDP issues), FOCUS (distribution of food for vulnerable) , WHO (health and vaccinations programmes), PINF (Rehabilitation of Schools), Hello Trust (Mine clearance), LRO (IDPs and educational projects for the rehabilitation of schools).

## Other Comments (including accessibility)

The water supply system needs to be repaired, Schools need to be rehabilitated (in fact some were rehabilitated). Last year the harvest was eaten by the locusts, there is a need to start big campaign against locusts. Stream and canals need to be cleaned.