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**Statistics &
Research**
Agency

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND PERSONNEL

Census 2011

Key Statistics for Northern Ireland

December 2012



An Agency within the Department of

**Finance and
Personnel**

www.dfpni.gov.uk



The Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency

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- Provide a statistical and research service to support the decision making by Government in Northern Ireland and to inform the Assembly and the wider Community through the dissemination of reliable official statistics; and
- Administer the marriage laws and to provide a system for the civil registration of births, marriages, civil partnerships, adoptions and deaths in Northern Ireland.

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- meet identified user needs;
- are well explained and readily accessible;
- are produced according to sound methods; and
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This report has been prepared by the Census Office of the Northern Ireland Statistics and Research Agency.

All queries relating to its statistical or data content and requests for further information should be addressed to Customer Services. All of the data included in this report is available on the NISRA website at: www.nisra.gov.uk or can be obtained in electronic format from Customer Services, NISRA.

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Census 2011 Key Statistics for Northern Ireland

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Section 4(1) of the Census Act (Northern Ireland) 1969**

by the

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11 December 2012

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Introduction

This publication is the third report from the 2011 Census of Population for Northern Ireland. It provides key statistics for the majority of Census questions and topics for Northern Ireland. They are mainly presented as percentages of population totals. The tables presented in this report are available electronically on the Northern Ireland Neighbourhood Information Service (NINIS) website at: www.nisra.gov.uk/ninis

Equivalent tables for Northern Ireland's Local Government Districts, Health and Social Care Trusts, Education and Library Boards and NUTS Level III areas may also be found on the NINIS website.

This report is produced in accordance with the provisions of the Census Act (Northern Ireland) 1969. As a statutory report it therefore relates only to the conduct of the Census in Northern Ireland. The Censuses in England and Wales and in Scotland are the responsibilities of the National Statistician and the Registrar General for Scotland, respectively.

This publication will be followed by the release of Key Statistics and Quick Statistics at all geographical levels including Electoral Ward and Small Areas. In turn, this will be followed by further reports (Local Characteristics tables, Detailed Characteristics tables and Detailed Theme tables) that will provide more detailed cross-tabular output. A timetable for the release of these results is included in the 2011 Census Output Prospectus, which can be obtained on request from Census Customer Services or from the NISRA website at: www.nisra.gov.uk.

As with all Census outputs, this report was made possible by the co-operation of members of the public in responding to the Census; the commitment of the Census Field Staff in delivering and collecting forms; and the assistance of many other people and organisations throughout all aspects of the Census. The Registrar General would like to thank all those who have contributed to this work.

Background to the 2011 Census

Legislation

The Census Act (Northern Ireland) 1969 allows for the carrying out of a Census no less than five years after the previous Census. However various other legislative requirements need to be fulfilled before a Census can be held. Following detailed consultation, development work and testing, the legislative process was initiated through the publication, in March 2010, of a proposals document, "The 2011 Census of Population in Northern Ireland". This informed the debate around the Census Order 2010, which was debated and approved by the Northern Ireland Assembly in June 2010. The Census Order determined the date of the Census, the people required to complete the form, those to be included on the form and the topics on which questions would be asked. The operational aspects of the Census also required legislative approval. This

information was set out in the Census Regulations, which contained details of how the Census was to be conducted and included a copy of the Census form.

Fieldwork

The Census was designed to collect information on the resident population on Census Day - 27 March 2011. Ahead of this day there was a postal delivery of questionnaire packs to households and enumerator delivery to communal establishments. The single exception to this was households in rural Fermanagh, where addressing issues led NISRA to use enumerator delivery.

Residents were asked to complete the forms with their information, as correct on Census Day, and to return the completed forms by post or complete online. Where Census Office did not receive a form through the post or an online response, an enumerator visited the address in order to encourage the return of the completed Census form. Special arrangements were made to enumerate the Armed Forces and people sleeping rough.

Processing

Returned forms were fed through scanning machinery which captured all the ticked responses and stored written answers in digital form. The latter were coded into categories either by automatic systems which recognise terms given in response to questions, or by manual coding. These data then underwent an edit process to ensure that the data were consistent, and an imputation process to supply responses for questions which had not been completed on the original form.

Coverage of the population

The results in this report relate to the usually resident population of Northern Ireland on Census Day, 27 March 2011. Students are recorded at their term-time address. The Census placed a legal obligation on every household in which someone was usually resident on Census Day, and on every person who was a usual resident of a communal establishment, to complete a Census form. As no Census of Population succeeds in collecting information from every resident, a methodology was developed to adjust the results to take account of any undercount and thus provide an accurate estimate of the total population and its characteristics. The coverage methodology was developed with the assistance of academic experts and was subject to consultation and peer review. The work involved matching the results of the Census enumeration with those of an independent large scale Census Coverage Survey of approaching 15,000 households, conducted shortly after the Census. This enabled the number and characteristics of those not enumerated in the Census to be estimated and this information was used to produce Census results, that cover the complete population, making an adjustment for those who did not participate in the Census. Accordingly, the figures presented here, as with all reports on the 2011 Census, have been adjusted to

take account of under-enumeration. Administrative registers and demographic estimates were used along with information from the 2001 Census to quality assure the final estimates. Further details on the methodology to adjust for under-enumeration can be found at: www.nisra.gov.uk

Comparability with 2001

The Census is designed to provide the most accurate possible picture of the population on the day the Census is taken. Further, both the 2001 and 2011 Censuses were adjusted for under enumeration and consequently both reflect the whole Northern Ireland population on Census Day 2001 and Census Day 2011, facilitating some comparisons between 2001 and 2011. However, such comparisons will be affected by differences, in particular, between the Census questionnaires in 2001 and 2011. Further detail on this can be found in the Comparability of the Census questionnaire in Northern Ireland between 2001 & 2011 document on the NISRA website at: www.nisra.gov.uk. It is recommended that changes over time in the number of the usual resident population are based on mid-year population estimates.

Information in this Report

As outlined earlier, this report provides Census results for Northern Ireland on Census Day, 27 March 2011. A full list of definitions and output classifications will be contained in the 2011 Census Definitions and Output Classifications report which will be published alongside this release and will be available on the NISRA website at: www.nisra.gov.uk

All questions included in the 2001 Census were included in the 2011 Census with the exception of questions relating to amenities, lowest floor level of accommodation, whether all rooms in a household were located on a single floor and number of employees at place of work. The answer categories in some questions, such as educational qualifications, were updated. Other questions on, for example, marital and same-sex civil partnership status and hours worked have been restructured. Further detail can be found in the Comparability of the Census questionnaire in Northern Ireland between 2001 & 2011 document on the NISRA website at: www.nisra.gov.uk. There were also new questions on household adaptations, last country lived in, date arrived in Northern Ireland, passports held, national identity, main language, use of English as a main language, ability in Ulster-Scots, adapted accommodation, nature of long-term conditions and voluntary work.

The Census questions asked of all people covered:

- relationship to others in the household;
- sex, age (date of birth) and marital and same-sex civil partnership status;
- whether schoolchild/full-time student;
- term-time address (where applicable);
- Irish language and Ulster-Scots language;
- main language;

- religion or religion brought up in;
- country of birth;
- ethnic group, national identity and passports held;
- general health, long-term health problem or disability and nature of long-term conditions;
- provision of unpaid care;
- intention to stay and whether lived outside Northern Ireland;
- usual address one year ago.

Further questions asked of those aged 16 and over covered:

- educational qualifications;
- economic activity and employment status;
- occupation and industry of employment;
- address of workplace or place of study;
- method of travel to work or place of study;
- voluntary work;
- hours worked.

In addition, the person filling in the form in each household was asked about:

- type of accommodation and whether it was self-contained;
- number of rooms;
- presence and type of central heating;
- availability of cars or vans;
- whether accommodation adapted;
- tenure;
- landlord.

Finding Information in this Report

This report contains 45 tables, covering the majority of topics contained in the Census. Within each table, results are presented for Northern Ireland. The actual counts underlying the percentages in this report are available on the Northern Ireland Neighbourhood Information Service (NINIS) website. Complementary statistics for Northern Ireland's Local Government Districts, Health and Social Care Trusts, Education and Library Boards, NUTS level III (European Union Nomenclature of Units for Territorial Statistics) areas are also available at: www.nisra.gov.uk/ninis.

Census Definitions

Key Census definitions on persons, households and communal establishments are given below.

Usual resident of the UK: A usual resident of the UK is anyone who, on Census Day 2011, was in the UK and had stayed or intended to stay in the UK for a period of 12 months or more, or had a permanent UK address and was outside the UK and intended to be outside the UK for less than 12 months.

Household: A household comprises one person living alone, or a group of people (not necessarily related) living at the same address who share cooking facilities and share a living room, sitting room or dining area.

Communal establishment: A communal establishment is an establishment providing managed residential accommodation. 'Managed' in this context means full-time or part-time supervision of the accommodation.

Household size: A household's size is the number of people resident in the household who are usual residents of the UK. People are included at their usual place of residence in the UK, so visitors staying at an address do not contribute to the household size.

Household space: A household space is the accommodation occupied by an individual household or, if unoccupied, available for an individual household.

Dwelling: A dwelling is a unit of accommodation in which all rooms - including the kitchen, bathroom and toilet - are behind a door that only that household can use.

A dwelling may comprise of one or more household spaces (the accommodation occupied, or available for occupation, by an individual household).

A dwelling may be classified as shared or unshared. A dwelling is shared if:

- the household spaces it contains have the accommodation type 'part of a converted or shared house';
- not all of the rooms (including kitchen, bathroom and toilet, if any) are behind a door that only that household can use, and
- there is at least one other such household space at the same address with which it can be combined to form the shared dwelling.

Dwellings that do not meet these conditions are unshared dwellings.

Fuller details of these terms and other Census definitions can be found on the NISRA website at: www.nisra.gov.uk

Quality of the results

The use of the Coverage Assessment and Adjustment methodology means that the results of the 2011 Census cover the entire population of Northern Ireland. The results are nonetheless subject to potential errors from a variety of sources including incorrect information provided on forms, sampling error relating to estimates derived through the adjustment process, and errors introduced during processing and imputation. Some elements of incorrect information have been corrected during an edit process and, following this, the results have undergone an extensive quality assurance process including checks against other sources.

Further information on accuracy, coverage and imputation rates is provided on the NISRA website in the 2011 Census Quality Assurance reports that have accompanied each of the releases to date.

Confidentiality

The Registrar General has taken steps to ensure that the confidentiality of respondents is fully protected. Accordingly all published results from the Census have been subject to statistical disclosure control processes.

Further details can be found at:
<http://www.ons.gov.uk/ons/guide-method/census/2011/census-data/2011-census-prospectus/new-developments-for-2011-census-results/statistical-disclosure-control/index.html>

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Further Information

More detailed results from the 2011 Census will be published over the coming months. These will include results for the range of Census topics for smaller areas; supporting information on Census quality and methodology; and an evaluation of the conduct of the Census.

Any enquiries regarding this document should be sent to:

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This publication is also available to download from our website at: www.nisra.gov.uk

Other Censuses in the UK

Separate Censuses were carried out, on the same day using similar methodologies, in England and Wales and Scotland, under the authority of, respectively, the National Statistician and the Registrar General for Scotland. Information on these Censuses is available from:

England and Wales
Census Customer Services
ONS
Titchfield
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Hants
PO15 5RR

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Facsimile: +44 (0)1633 652981
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Key Statistics Tables

Table KS101NI: Usual Resident Population

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents who are:		Percentage of all usual residents who:	
		Male	Female	Live in a household	Live in a communal establishment
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	49.00	51.00	98.76	1.24

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Table KS102NI: Age Structure

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents aged:																Mean age of population	Median age of population
		0-4	5-7	8-9	10-14	15	16-17	18-19	20-24	25-29	30-44	45-59	60-64	65-74	75-84	85-89	90 and over		
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	6.87	3.74	2.41	6.57	1.36	2.84	2.77	6.96	6.85	20.65	19.21	5.21	8.04	4.79	1.17	0.56	37.59	37

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Notes:

- 'Age' is age at last birthday.
- 'Mean age' and 'Median age' are calculated using age in years at last birthday. To estimate 'Mean age' including part-years, add 0.50 to the value shown in the table.

Table KS103NI: Marital and Civil Partnership Status

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 and over

Area	All usual residents aged 16 and over	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16 and over who are:					
		Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership)	Married	In a registered same-sex civil partnership	Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership)	Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved	Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership
Northern Ireland	1,431,540	36.14	47.56	0.09	3.98	5.45	6.78

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Table KS104NI: Living Arrangements

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 and over in households

Area	All usual residents aged 16 and over in households	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16 and over in households who are:						
		Living in a couple		Not living in a couple				
		Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership	Cohabiting	Single (never married or never registered a same-sex civil partnership)	Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership	Separated (but still legally married or still legally in a same-sex civil partnership)	Divorced or formerly in a same-sex civil partnership which is now legally dissolved	Widowed or surviving partner from a same-sex civil partnership
Northern Ireland	1,409,368	47.03	6.20	31.47	1.08	3.42	4.51	6.28

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Notes:

- The living arrangements variable is different to marital or same-sex civil partnership status. It combines information from both marital or same-sex civil partnership status and the relationship matrix. Therefore, for example, a person living as part of a 'cohabiting couple' could in fact be married (to someone else) but will not appear as married or separated in this classification.
- A person not living in a couple can be classified as married or in a same-sex civil partnership if they denote their marital or same-sex civil partnership status as married or in a same-sex civil partnership but have no spouse or partner resident in the household.

Table KS105NI: Household Composition

Table population: All households

Area	All households	Percentage of all households comprising:														
		One person		One family and no other people										Other household types		
		Aged 65 and over	Other	All aged 65 and over	Married or in a registered same-sex civil partnership couple			Cohabiting couple			Lone parent		With dependent children	All full-time students	All aged 65 and over	Other
Northern Ireland	703,275	11.11	16.82	6.66	10.28	19.72	8.31	2.92	2.30	0.26	9.13	5.12	2.70	0.29	0.47	3.91

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Note:

- A 'dependent child' is a person in a household aged 0-15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16-18 who is a full-time student and in a family with parent(s).

Table KS106NI: All Households with: No Adults in Employment; Dependent Children; and Persons with Long-Term Health Problem or Disability

Table population: All households

Area	All households	Percentage of all households:					
		With no adults in employment		With dependent children		One or more people in household with a long-term health problem or disability	
		With dependent children	Without dependent children	All ages	Aged 0-4	With dependent children	Without dependent children
Northern Ireland	703,275	5.79	29.67	33.86	13.65	9.25	31.04

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Note:

1. A 'dependent child' is a person in a household aged 0-15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16-18 who is a full-time student and in a family with parent(s).

Table KS107NI: Lone Parent Households with Dependent Children

Table population: All lone parent households with dependent children where the lone parent is aged 16 to 74

Area	All lone parent households with dependent children where the lone parent is aged 16-74	Percentage of all lone parent households with dependent children:			Male lone parent households with dependent children where the lone parent is aged 16-74	Percentage of male lone parent households with dependent children:			Female lone parent households with dependent children where the lone parent is aged 16-74	Percentage of female lone parent households with dependent children:		
		Lone parent aged 16-74 in part-time employment	Lone parent aged 16-74 in full-time employment	Lone parent aged 16-74 not in employment		Lone parent aged 16-74 in part-time employment	Lone parent aged 16-74 in full-time employment	Lone parent aged 16-74 not in employment		Lone parent aged 16-74 in part-time employment	Lone parent aged 16-74 in full-time employment	Lone parent aged 16-74 not in employment
Northern Ireland	63,921	31.30	21.82	46.89	5,639	12.64	43.34	44.01	58,282	33.10	19.73	47.16

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Notes:

1. A 'dependent child' is a person in a household aged 0-15 (whether or not in a family) or a person aged 16-18 who is a full-time student and in a family with parent(s).
2. 'Part-time employment' is defined as working 30 hours or less a week. 'Full-time employment' is defined as working 31 or more hours a week.
3. 'Lone parent households' refers to those households where there is one family and no other people.

Table KS201NI: Ethnic Group

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents in ethnic group:											
		White	Chinese	Irish Traveller	Indian	Pakistani	Bangladeshi	Other Asian	Black Caribbean	Black African	Black other	Mixed	Other
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	98.21	0.35	0.07	0.34	0.06	0.03	0.28	0.02	0.13	0.05	0.33	0.13

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Table KS202NI: National Identity (Classification 1)

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents with national identity:							
		British only	Irish only	Northern Irish only	British and Irish only	British and Northern Irish only	Irish and Northern Irish only	British, Irish and Northern Irish only	Other
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	39.89	25.26	20.94	0.66	6.17	1.06	1.02	5.00

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Table KS203NI: National Identity (Classification 2)

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents with national identity:						
		British	Irish	Northern Irish	English	Scottish	Welsh	Other
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	48.41	28.35	29.44	1.00	0.52	0.10	3.42

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Table KS204NI: Country of Birth

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents born in:							
		Northern Ireland	England	Scotland	Wales	Republic of Ireland	Other EU		Other
							Member countries prior to 2004 expansion	Accession countries 2004 onwards	
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	88.84	3.57	0.85	0.14	2.09	0.54	1.97	1.99

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Notes:

- 'EU' is the European Union and is as defined on Census day (27 March 2011).
- 'Member countries prior to 2004 expansion' includes United Kingdom (part not specified) and Ireland (part not specified).

Table KS205NI: Passports Held (Classification 1)

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents holding passports for:										
		No passport	United Kingdom	Ireland	Other Europe		Africa	Middle East and Asia	North America and the Caribbean	Central America	South America	Antarctica and Oceania
					EU countries	Non EU countries						
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	18.85	59.11	20.75	2.18	0.06	0.12	0.51	0.33	0.01	0.03	0.13

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Notes:

- 'EU' is the European Union and is as defined on Census day (27 March 2011).
- 'United Kingdom' includes British Overseas Territories.

Table KS206NI: Passports Held (Classification 2)

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents holding passports for:							
		No passport	United Kingdom only	Ireland only	United Kingdom and Ireland only	United Kingdom and other (not Ireland)	Ireland and other (not United Kingdom)	EU/EEA (not United Kingdom or Ireland)	Other
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	18.85	57.18	18.94	1.67	0.24	0.13	2.16	0.84

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Notes:

- 'EU' is the European Union and is as defined on Census day (27 March 2011).
- 'EEA' is the European Economic Area and is as defined on Census day (27 March 2011).
- 'Other' includes British Overseas Territories.

Table KS207NI: Main Language**Table population: All usual residents aged 3 and over**

Area	All usual residents aged 3 and over	Percentage of all usual residents aged 3 and over whose main language is:												
		English	Polish	Lithuanian	Irish (Gaelic)	Portuguese	Slovak	Chinese	Tagalog/Filipino	Latvian	Russian	Malayalam	Hungarian	Other
Northern Ireland	1,735,711	96.86	1.02	0.36	0.24	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.11	0.07	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.75

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Note:

1. The languages included are those with over 1,000 responses.

Table KS208NI: Household Language**Table population: All households**

Area	All households	Percentage of all households where:			
		All people aged 16 and over have English as a main language	At least one but not all people aged 16 and over have English as a main language	No people aged 16 and over but at least one person aged 3 to 15 has English as a main language	No people have English as a main language
Northern Ireland	703,275	96.43	1.23	0.22	2.13

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Table KS209NI: Knowledge of Irish**Table population: All usual residents aged 3 and over**

Area	All usual residents aged 3 and over	Percentage of all usual residents aged 3 and over who:						
		Understand but cannot read, write or speak Irish	Speak but do not read or write Irish	Speak and read but do not write Irish	Speak, read, write and understand Irish	Other combination of skills	Have some ability in Irish	Have no ability in Irish
Northern Ireland	1,735,711	4.06	1.42	0.43	3.74	1.01	10.65	89.35

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Note:

1. An ability to speak, read or write Irish does not imply an ability to understand Irish unless stated. Persons in these categories may or may not have the ability to understand Irish.

Table KS210NI: Knowledge of Ulster-Scots**Table population: All usual residents aged 3 and over**

Area	All usual residents aged 3 and over	Percentage of all usual residents aged 3 and over who:						
		Understand but cannot read, write or speak Ulster-Scots	Speak but do not read or write Ulster-Scots	Speak and read but do not write Ulster-Scots	Speak, read, write and understand Ulster-Scots	Other combination of skills	Have some ability in Ulster-Scots	Have no ability in Ulster-Scots
Northern Ireland	1,735,711	5.30	0.59	0.45	0.94	0.79	8.08	91.92

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Note:

1. An ability to speak, read or write Ulster-Scots does not imply an ability to understand Ulster-Scots unless stated. Persons in these categories may or may not have the ability to understand Ulster-Scots.

Table KS211NI: Religion**Table population: All usual residents**

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents stating religion as:							Percentage of usual residents who did not state religion
		Catholic	Presbyterian Church in Ireland	Church of Ireland	Methodist Church in Ireland	Other Christian (including Christian related)	Other religions	No religion	
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	40.76	19.06	13.74	3.00	5.76	0.82	10.11	6.75

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Notes:

1. 'Religion' indicates religion, religious denomination or body.
2. 'Catholic' includes those who gave their current religion as Catholic or Roman Catholic.

Table KS212NI: Religion or Religion Brought Up In**Table population: All usual residents**

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents with religion or religion brought up in:			
		Catholic	Protestant and Other Christian (including Christian related)	Other religions	None
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	45.14	48.36	0.92	5.59

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Notes:

1. 'Religion' is religion, religious denomination or body.
2. 'Catholic' includes those who gave their religion or their religion brought up in as Catholic or Roman Catholic.

Table KS301NI: Health and Provision of Unpaid Care

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Long-term health problem or disability						General health					Provision of unpaid care			
		Percentage of all usual residents whose day-to-day activities are:			Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-64 whose day-to-day activities are:			Percentage of all usual residents whose general health is:					Percentage of all usual residents who provide unpaid care:			
		Limited a lot	Limited a little	Not limited	Limited a lot	Limited a little	Not limited	Very good	Good	Fair	Bad	Very bad	No unpaid care	1-19 hours per week	20-49 hours per week	50 or more hours per week
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	11.89	8.80	79.31	9.55	7.35	83.10	47.72	31.79	14.85	4.45	1.19	88.18	6.75	1.95	3.11

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Notes:

- 'Provision of unpaid care' covers looking after, giving help or support to family members, friends, neighbours or others because of long-term physical or mental ill-health/disability, or problems related to old age.
- 'Day-to-day activities limited' covers any health problem or disability (including problems related to old age) which has lasted or is expected to last for at least 12 months.

Table KS302NI: Type of Long-Term Condition

Table population: All usual residents

Area	All usual residents	Percentage of all usual residents with long-term condition:											
		Deafness or partial hearing loss	Blindness or partial sight loss	Communication difficulty	A mobility or dexterity difficulty	A learning, intellectual, social or behavioural difficulty	An emotional, psychological or mental health condition	Long-term pain or discomfort	Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing	Frequent periods of confusion or memory loss	A chronic illness	Other condition	No condition
Northern Ireland	1,810,863	5.14	1.70	1.65	11.44	2.22	5.83	10.10	8.72	1.97	6.55	5.22	68.57

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Notes:

- 'Communication difficulty' means a difficulty with speaking or making yourself understood.
- 'A mobility or dexterity difficulty' means a condition that substantially limits one or more basic physical activities such as walking, climbing stairs, lifting or carrying.
- 'An emotional, psychological or mental health condition' includes conditions such as depression or schizophrenia.
- 'Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing' includes conditions such as asthma.
- 'A chronic illness' includes illnesses such as cancer, HIV, diabetes, heart disease or epilepsy.
- 'Long-term' refers to a condition which has lasted, or is expected to last, at least 12 months.

Table KS401NI: Dwellings, Household Spaces and Accommodation Type

Table population: All dwellings; all household spaces

Area	Dwellings			Household spaces			Percentage of all household spaces which are of accommodation type:						
	All dwellings	Unshared dwelling	Shared dwelling	All household spaces	Household spaces with usual residents	Household spaces without usual residents	A whole house or bungalow that is:			A flat, maisonette or apartment that is:			Caravan or other mobile or temporary structure
							Detached	Semi-detached	Terraced (including end-terraced)	In a purpose-built block of flats or tenement	Part of a converted or shared house (including bed-sits)	In a commercial building	
Northern Ireland	748,048	747,968	80	748,235	703,275	44,960	37.04	27.79	25.08	8.62	0.99	0.33	0.15

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Note:

- 'In a commercial building' includes in an office building, or hotel, or over a shop.

Table KS402NI: Tenure and Landlord

Table population: All households

Area	All households	Percentage of all households:								
		Owner occupied:			Shared ownership	Rented from:				Lives rent free
		Owns outright	Owns with a mortgage or loan	Northern Ireland Housing Executive		Housing association or charitable trust	Private landlord or letting agency	Other		
Northern Ireland	703,275	32.11	34.79	0.60	11.50	3.41	13.54	1.54	2.51	

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Notes:

- 'Shared ownership' is part owns and part rents.
- 'Rented from: Other' includes rented from an employer of a household member or relative or friend of a household member.

Table KS403NI: Household Size

Table population: All households

Area	All households	Percentage of all households with:								Average household size
		1 person	2 people	3 people	4 people	5 people	6 people	7 people	8 or more people	
Northern Ireland	703,275	27.93	30.19	16.77	14.67	7.02	2.59	0.56	0.29	2.54

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Table KS404NI: Central Heating

Table population: All households

Area	All households	Percentage of all households with:						Two or more types of central heating
		Central heating type						
		No central heating	Gas	Electric (including storage heaters)	Oil	Solid fuel (for example wood, coal)	Other	
Northern Ireland	703,275	0.54	17.20	3.51	62.18	2.58	0.58	13.42

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Table KS405NI: Car or Van Availability

Table population: All households

Area	All households	Percentage of all households with:					All cars or vans
		No cars or vans	1 car or van	2 cars or vans	3 cars or vans	4 or more cars or vans	
Northern Ireland	703,275	22.70	41.38	27.04	6.29	2.58	884,589

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Notes:

1. Car or van availability includes any company car or van when available for private use.
2. 'All cars or vans' includes only those cars owned by, or available for use by, households. This count is not exact as households with more than 20 cars or vans are counted as having 20 cars or vans.

Table KS406NI: Adaptation of Accommodation

Table population: All households

Area	All households	Percentage of all households whose accommodation has been designed or adapted for:					No adaptation
		Wheelchair usage	Other physical or mobility difficulties	Visual difficulties	Hearing difficulties	Other	
Northern Ireland	703,275	6.40	6.48	0.27	0.55	0.20	87.96

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Table KS407NI: Communal Establishment Residents and Long-Term Health Problem or Disability

Table population: All communal establishments and all usual residents in communal establishments

Area	All communal establishments	All usual residents in communal establishments	Percentage of all communal establishment usual residents living in:									
			Medical and care establishments							Education establishments	Other establishments	
			Health and Social Care Trust			Housing Association	Other management type					
			General hospital	Mental health hospital/unit (including secure units)	Other establishment		Care home with nursing	Care home without nursing	Children's home (including secure units)			Other
Northern Ireland	1,143	22,524	0.75	2.21	8.93	3.25	34.11	11.98	0.18	1.51	21.05	16.04

Table KS407NI: Communal Establishment Residents and Long-Term Health Problem or Disability (continued)

Area	All communal establishments	All usual residents in communal establishments	Percentage of all communal establishment usual residents living in:			
			Medical and care establishments		Other establishments (including education establishments)	
			Day-to-day activities are limited a lot	Day-to-day activities are limited a little	Day-to-day activities are limited a lot	Day-to-day activities are limited a little
Northern Ireland	1,143	22,524	50.36	9.72	2.44	2.70

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Notes:

1. 'Residents' excludes staff and families of staff. 'Residents' includes 427 staff or owners and 1,318 family members or partners of staff or owners. (Original footnote amended through an addendum, 15 April 2013.)
2. 'Health and Social Care Trust' (HSCT) was referred to as NHS/HSSB in the 2001 Census.
3. 'Long-term health problem or disability' is a different statistic to that reported in the 2001 Census.

Table KS501NI: Qualifications and Students

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 and over

Area	All usual residents aged 16 and over	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16 and over with highest level of qualification:						
		No qualifications	Level 1 qualifications	Level 2 qualifications	Apprenticeship	Level 3 qualifications	Level 4 qualifications and above	Other qualifications
Northern Ireland	1,431,540	29.12	11.51	14.92	4.22	12.30	23.65	4.28

Table KS501NI: Qualifications and Students (continued)

Area	All usual residents aged 16 and over	Total number of full-time students:		Percentage of full-time students aged 18-74:		
		Aged 16-17	Aged 18-74	Economically active		Economically inactive
				In employment	Unemployed	
Northern Ireland	1,431,540	48,119	78,748	39.98	7.57	52.46

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Notes:

1. No qualifications: No academic or professional qualifications.
2. Level 1: 1-4 O Levels/CSE/GCSEs (any grades), Entry Level, Foundation Diploma, NVQ level 1, Foundation GNVQ, Basic/Essential Skills.
3. Level 2: 5+ O Level (Passes)/CSEs (Grade 1)/GCSEs (Grades A*-C), School Certificate, 1 A Level/ 2-3 AS Levels/VCEs, Intermediate/Higher Diploma, Intermediate Diploma, NVQ level 2, Intermediate GNVQ, City and Guilds Craft, BTEC First/General Diploma, RSA Diploma.
4. Apprenticeship.
5. Level 3: 2+ A Levels/VCEs, 4+ AS Levels, Higher School Certificate, Progression/Advanced Diploma, NVQ Level 3; Advanced GNVQ, City and Guilds Advanced Craft, ONC, OND, BTEC National, RSA Advanced Diploma.
6. Level 4+: Degree (for example BA, BSc), Higher Degree (for example MA, PhD, PGCE), NVQ Level 4-5, HNC, HND, RSA Higher Diploma, BTEC Higher level, Foundation degree, Professional qualifications (for example teaching, nursing, accountancy).
7. Other: Vocational/Work-related Qualifications, Qualifications gained outside the UK (Not stated/ level unknown).
8. All students and schoolchildren are counted at their term-time address.
9. All full-time students includes schoolchildren.

Table KS601NI: Economic Activity

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-74:										Percentage of unemployed persons aged 16-74:				
		Economically active					Economically inactive					Carried out voluntary work	Aged 16-24	Aged 50-74	Never worked	Long-term unemployed
		Employee		Self-employed	Unemployed	Full-time student	Retired	Student (including full-time students)	Looking after home or family	Long-term sick or disabled	Other					
Part-time	Full-time															
Northern Ireland	1,313,420	13.11	35.62	8.88	4.96	3.65	12.94	6.18	4.45	7.27	2.94	15.65	28.94	16.61	16.81	44.98

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Notes:

1. 'Part-time' is defined as working 30 hours or less per week. 'Full-time' is defined as working 31 or more hours per week.
2. 'Unemployed' excludes full-time students.
3. For 'Long-term unemployed' year last worked is 2009 or earlier.

Table KS602NI: Economic Activity – Males

Table population: All male usual residents aged 16 to 74

Area	All male usual residents aged 16-74	Percentage of all male usual residents aged 16-74:										Percentage of unemployed males aged 16-74:				
		Economically active					Economically inactive					Carried out voluntary work	Aged 16-24	Aged 50-74	Never worked	Long-term unemployed
		Employee		Self-employed	Unemployed	Full-time student	Retired	Student (including full-time students)	Looking after home or family	Long-term sick or disabled	Other					
Part-time	Full-time															
Northern Ireland	647,369	5.16	42.26	13.72	6.80	3.24	11.13	6.27	1.18	7.39	2.86	14.35	29.55	17.66	16.16	43.96

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Notes:

1. 'Part-time' is defined as working 30 hours or less per week. 'Full-time' is defined as working 31 or more hours per week.
2. 'Unemployed' excludes full-time students.
3. For 'Long-term unemployed' year last worked is 2009 or earlier.

Table KS603NI: Economic Activity – Females

Table population: All female usual residents aged 16 to 74

Area	All female usual residents aged 16-74	Percentage of all female usual residents aged 16-74:										Percentage of unemployed females aged 16-74:				
		Economically active					Economically inactive					Carried out voluntary work	Aged 16-24	Aged 50-74	Never worked	Long-term unemployed
		Employee		Self-employed	Unemployed	Full-time student	Retired	Student (including full-time students)	Looking after home or family	Long-term sick or disabled	Other					
		Part-time	Full-time													
Northern Ireland	666,051	20.83	29.16	4.18	3.18	4.05	14.71	6.09	7.62	7.15	3.02	16.91	27.69	14.41	18.15	47.10

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Notes:

- 'Part-time' is defined as working 30 hours or less per week. 'Full-time' is defined as working 31 or more hours per week.
- 'Unemployed' excludes full-time students.
- For 'Long-term unemployed' year last worked is 2009 or earlier.

Table KS604NI: Hours Worked

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-74 in employment:				Male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment:				Female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment:			
		Part-time hours worked per week		Full-time hours worked per week			Part-time hours worked per week		Full-time hours worked per week			Part-time hours worked per week		Full-time hours worked per week	
		15 hours or less	16-30 hours	31-48 hours	49 or more hours		15 hours or less	16-30 hours	31-48 hours	49 or more hours		15 hours or less	16-30 hours	31-48 hours	49 or more hours
		Northern Ireland	795,263	8.28	20.73		61.24	9.75	412,130	4.90		9.77	70.00	15.33	383,133

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Note:

- 'In employment' includes economically active full-time students in employment.

Table KS605NI: Industry of Employment

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work in:								
		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles	Transport and storage	Accommodation and food service activities
Northern Ireland	795,263	2.24	0.25	9.69	0.44	0.73	8.18	17.53	4.02	5.37

Table KS605NI: Industry of Employment (continued)

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work in:								
		Information and communication	Financial and insurance activities	Real estate activities	Professional, scientific and technical activities	Administrative and support service activities	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	Education	Human health and social work activities	Other
Northern Ireland	795,263	2.55	3.27	0.94	4.56	4.08	7.97	9.38	14.21	4.59

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Notes:

- 'Other' includes: Arts, entertainment and recreation; Other service activities; Activities of households as employers; Undifferentiated goods (and services) producing activities of households for own use; Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies.
- The industry categorisation is based on the UK Standard Industrial Classifications of Economic Activities 2007 (SIC2007).

Table KS606NI: Industry of Employment – Males

Table population: All male usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment

Area	All male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work in:								
		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles	Transport and storage	Accommodation and food service activities
Northern Ireland	412,130	3.67	0.42	14.36	0.67	1.15	14.12	16.96	6.27	4.45

Table KS606NI: Industry of Employment – Males (continued)

Area	All male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work in:								
		Information and communication	Financial and insurance activities	Real estate activities	Professional, scientific and technical activities	Administrative and support service activities	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	Education	Human health and social work activities	Other
Northern Ireland	412,130	3.41	2.69	0.84	4.50	4.70	7.91	4.96	5.16	3.75

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Notes:

- 'Other' includes: Arts, entertainment and recreation; Other service activities; Activities of households as employers; Undifferentiated goods (and services) producing activities of households for own use; Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies.
- The industry categorisation is based on the UK Standard Industrial Classifications of Economic Activities 2007 (SIC2007).

Table KS607NI: Industry of Employment – Females

Table population: All female usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment

Area	All female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work in:								
		Agriculture, forestry and fishing	Mining and quarrying	Manufacturing	Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	Water supply; sewerage, waste management and remediation activities	Construction	Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles and motor cycles	Transport and storage	Accommodation and food service activities
Northern Ireland	383,133	0.71	0.06	4.67	0.19	0.27	1.79	18.14	1.61	6.36

Table KS607NI: Industry of Employment – Females (continued)

Area	All female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work in:								
		Information and communication	Financial and insurance activities	Real estate activities	Professional, scientific and technical activities	Administrative and support service activities	Public administration and defence; compulsory social security	Education	Human health and social work activities	Other
Northern Ireland	383,133	1.63	3.89	1.05	4.63	3.42	8.04	14.13	23.94	5.48

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Notes:

- 'Other' includes: Arts, entertainment and recreation; Other service activities; Activities of households as employers; Undifferentiated goods (and services) producing activities of households for own use; Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies.
- The industry categorisation is based on the UK Standard Industrial Classifications of Economic Activities 2007 (SIC2007).

Table KS608NI: Occupation**Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment**

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work as or in:								
		Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional occupations	Associate professional and technical occupations	Administrative and secretarial occupations	Skilled trades occupations	Caring, leisure and other service occupations	Sales and customer service occupations	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary occupations
Northern Ireland	795,263	8.04	17.15	8.64	14.06	14.02	9.28	10.05	7.96	10.80

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Notes:

1. 'In employment' includes economically active full-time students in employment.
2. The occupation classification is based on the Standard Occupation Classification 2010 (SOC2010).

Table KS609NI: Occupation – Males**Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment**

Area	All male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all male usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work as or in:								
		Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional occupations	Associate professional and technical occupations	Administrative and secretarial occupations	Skilled trades occupations	Caring, leisure and other service occupations	Sales and customer service occupations	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary occupations
Northern Ireland	412,130	9.77	14.09	9.73	7.80	24.26	2.67	6.81	13.47	11.39

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Notes:

1. 'In employment' includes economically active full-time students in employment.
2. The occupation classification is based on the Standard Occupation Classification 2010 (SOC2010).

Table KS610NI: Occupation – Females**Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74 in employment**

Area	All female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment	Percentage of all female usual residents aged 16-74 in employment who work as or in:								
		Managers, directors and senior officials	Professional occupations	Associate professional and technical occupations	Administrative and secretarial occupations	Skilled trades occupations	Caring, leisure and other service occupations	Sales and customer service occupations	Process, plant and machine operatives	Elementary occupations
Northern Ireland	383,133	6.17	20.44	7.47	20.80	3.01	16.40	13.53	2.02	10.16

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Notes:

1. 'In employment' includes economically active full-time students in employment.
2. The occupation classification is based on the Standard Occupation Classification 2010 (SOC2010).

Table KS611NI: National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC)

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-74 in:										
		1. Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations		2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	3. Intermediate occupations	4. Small employers and own account workers	5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	6. Semi-routine occupations	7. Routine occupations	L14.1 Never worked	L14.2 Long-term unemployed	Not classified: L15 Full-time students
		1.1. Large employers and higher managerial and administrative occupations	1.2. Higher professional occupations									
Northern Ireland	1,313,420	1.40	6.02	18.46	12.59	9.39	6.86	15.28	13.19	4.92	2.23	9.66

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- Notes:
1. For 'Long-term unemployed' year last worked is 2009 or earlier.
 2. In the NS-SeC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'Full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

Table KS612NI: National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) – Males

Table population: All male usual residents aged 16 to 74

Area	All male usual residents aged 16-74	Percentage of all male usual residents aged 16-74 in:										
		1. Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations		2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	3. Intermediate occupations	4. Small employers and own account workers	5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	6. Semi-routine occupations	7. Routine occupations	L14.1 Never worked	L14.2 Long-term unemployed	Not classified: L15 Full-time students
		1.1. Large employers and higher managerial and administrative occupations	1.2. Higher professional occupations									
Northern Ireland	647,369	1.82	7.71	15.50	7.48	14.63	9.72	11.03	15.59	4.16	2.99	9.38

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- Notes:
1. For 'Long-term unemployed' year last worked is 2009 or earlier.
 2. In the NS-SeC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'Full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

Table KS613NI: National Statistics Socio-economic Classification (NS-SeC) – Females

Table population: All female usual residents aged 16 to 74

Area	All female usual residents aged 16-74	Percentage of all female usual residents aged 16-74 in:										
		1. Higher managerial, administrative and professional occupations		2. Lower managerial, administrative and professional occupations	3. Intermediate occupations	4. Small employers and own account workers	5. Lower supervisory and technical occupations	6. Semi-routine occupations	7. Routine occupations	L14.1 Never worked	L14.2 Long-term unemployed	Not classified: L15 Full-time students
		1.1. Large employers and higher managerial and administrative occupations	1.2. Higher professional occupations									
Northern Ireland	666,051	1.00	4.37	21.35	17.57	4.30	4.08	19.40	10.85	5.66	1.50	9.93

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Notes:

1. For 'Long-term unemployed' year last worked is 2009 or earlier.
2. In the NS-SeC classification, all full-time students are recorded in the 'Full-time students' category regardless of whether they are economically active or not.

Table KS701NI: Method of Travel to Work (Resident Population)

Table population: All usual residents aged 16 to 74 (excluding students) in employment and currently working

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74 (excluding students) in employment and currently working	Percentage of all usual residents aged 16-74 (excluding students) in employment and currently working who usually travel to work by:										
		Do not travel: work mainly from or at home	Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Car or van pool, shared driving	Taxi	Bicycle	On foot	Other method
Northern Ireland	738,659	10.32	1.31	4.77	0.39	57.70	4.92	9.83	1.35	0.85	7.74	0.82

Table KS701NI: Method of Travel to Work (Resident Population) (continued)

Area	All usual residents aged 16-74 (excluding students) in employment and currently working	All usual residents aged 16-74 (excluding students) in employment and currently working, living in households			
		With access to a car or van		Without access to a car or van	
		Total	Percentage who use public transport to travel to work	Total	Percentage who use public transport to travel to work
Northern Ireland	738,659	674,565	4.82	62,192	19.86

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Note:

- 'Public transport' and 'car or van availability' are a different statistic to the 2001 Census.

Table KS702NI: Method of Travel to Work or Place of Study (Resident Population)

Table population: All usual residents of primary school age and over in full-time education or aged 16 to 74 in employment and currently working

Area	All usual residents of primary school age and over in full-time education or aged 16-74 in employment and currently working	Percentage of all usual residents of primary school age and over in full-time education or aged 16-74 in employment and currently working who usually travel to work or place of study by:										
		Do not travel: work or study mainly from or at home	Train	Bus, minibus or coach	Motorcycle, scooter or moped	Driving a car or van	Passenger in a car or van	Car or van pool, shared driving	Taxi	Bicycle	On foot	Other method
Northern Ireland	1,126,346	11.19	1.32	12.22	0.29	39.53	14.47	7.03	1.38	0.67	11.26	0.63

Table KS702NI: Method of Travel to Work or Place of Study (Resident Population) (continued)

Area	All usual residents of primary school age and over in full-time education or aged 16-74 in employment and currently working	All usual residents of primary school age and over in full-time education or aged 16-74 in employment and currently working, living in households			
		With access to a car or van		Without access to a car or van	
		Total	Percentage who use public transport to travel to work or place of study	Total	Percentage who use public transport to travel to work or place of study
Northern Ireland	1,126,346	1,004,281	12.54	115,267	22.51

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Note:

- 'Public transport' and 'car or van availability' are a different statistic to the 2001 Census.

Table KS801NI: Usual Residents Born in Northern Ireland Who Have Resided Elsewhere, and Short-Term Residents

Table population: All usual residents born in Northern Ireland and short-term residents

Area	All usual residents born in Northern Ireland	Percentage of all usual residents born in Northern Ireland who have:				Short-term residents
		Never resided elsewhere	Resided elsewhere and			
			Returned between 2007 and Census day	Returned between 2001 and 2006	Returned prior to 2001	
Northern Ireland	1,608,853	93.43	1.76	1.39	3.42	2,535

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Notes:

1. 'Short-term residents' are by definition born outside the United Kingdom.
2. 'Census day' is 27 March 2011.



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