

Americans for Democratic Action



A Newsletter for Liberal Activists

ADA TODAY

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2008 Congressional Voting Record Inside

HOUSE MAKES PROGRESS, SENATE A BUST

The House of Representatives in 2008 proved to be a true ally to liberals, passing an extraordinary amount of good legislation only to be stymied by a small band of Republican obstructionists in the Senate.

Despite the continuation of wars in Iraq and Afghanistan and a bad economy that grew steadily worse, the second session of the 110th Congress, particularly the Senate, was unable to act. The drama played out time and again as Democratic Leaders tried repeatedly to address rising unemployment, tax reform, sky-rocketing energy costs, and most notably at the end of the session, the pending collapse of the U.S. auto industry. Not having learned their lesson in 2006 when the public gave Congress orders to address these issues, Senate Republicans chose to gamble the nation's future on the altar of their failed free-market ideology and unrestrained military spending and go-it-alone foreign policy. As the year progressed, the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan took a back seat to the economy with reports of rising unemployment each month and the catastrophic collapse of the once booming housing industry and troubles in the financial and banking sectors.

When Wall Street firms began collapsing from substantial losses in their mortgage and real estate investments, Republicans finally accepted that Congress needed to act. The Emergency Economic Stabilization Action of 2008 authorized Treasury Secretary Henry Paulson to buy up to \$700 billion worth of troubled assets and inject capital into banks to unfreeze credit markets. The bill failed to pass the House on the first try but, after some

modification in the Senate was enacted and signed into law. ADA supported the bill after progressive economists warned that, unless credit again began to flow, working people and middle class Americans needing loans for homes, cars and tuition would suffer the most. (However, there was some disagreement on whether this bill reflected accurately a liberal/conservative divide and therefore the ADA National Board chose not to include it in the 2008 voting record.)

It wasn't long before Senate Republicans abandoned working families. A particularly bitter defeat came during the lame duck session in December when Senate Republicans filibustered a government loan to the U.S. auto industry. ADA lobbied vigorously on behalf of workers in the auto industry, but a handful of conservative ideologues chose low wages and foreign automakers over hardworking Americans. Some, like Senators Bob Corker (R-TN) and Richard Shelby (R-AL), went so far as to brag about the low wages paid to their constituents working for Toyota, Honda

and other foreign corporations and went on to criticize the United Auto Workers for negotiating contracts that allowed their members to receive a better share of the profits during more prosperous times. ADA responded to these attacks with a series of blistering editorials defending workers and the benefits of union membership.

The overall House average was 58%, making 2008 the most liberal Congress since ADA began rating Members in 1947. Surprisingly, it is the GOP that turned left. The Republican overall average has more than doubled since 2006, reaching 22% this year, a high not seen since the 1970s. "While we are pleased to see more moderate Republicans, it is a shame it had to take a global economic meltdown and the catastrophic collapse of their anything-goes free market ideology for them to see reason," said ADA National Director Amy Isaacs. "In fact, I doubt the better score had anything to do with addressing the needs of working Americans and everything to do with their fear of another thrashing at the polls." (continued on page 2)

Snapshot

House of Representatives

Overall Average:
Democrats 89%
Republicans 22%

Perfect Scores 59
House Moderates 40
House Zeroes 16

Senate

Overall Average:
Democrats 90%
Republicans 20%

Perfect Scores 16
Senate Moderates 8
Senate Zeroes 4

How liberal are you?

Get your own score at www.adaction.org.

HIGH HOPES WITH NEW CONGRESS

The House Democrats' overall average was a solidly liberal 89%. Although slightly more moderate than the 92% achieved in 2007, the dip is likely due to the fact that Speaker Nancy Pelosi and the Democratic Leadership are more willing to allow votes on legislation and amendments offered by the liberal wing of the Party. For example, the vote on which the most Democrats disagreed with ADA's liberal position was number 5, a very progressive alternative budget introduced by the Congressional Black Caucus that never would have been allowed up for a vote while Republicans were in the majority. 103 Democrats opposed the bill in favor of a more moderate budget with a better chance of getting through the Senate and signed by President Bush.

The number of perfect scores increased by 6 in the House to 59 while the number of House moderates (scores between 40-60) nearly doubled to 40 and House zeroes plummeted from 43 last year to just 16 in 2008. This again reflects Republican attempts to curtail further losses on Election Day.

In the Senate, the 60 vote threshold necessary to end debate dashed any hope for passing liberal legislation.

Senate Democrats and the two Independents who caucus with the Democrats improved their overall average to 90%. Republicans matched their 2007 score of just 20%. Similar to House Republicans, Senate Republicans have more than doubled their overall average since losing badly in the 2006 election, yet because the approval of 60 Senators is needed to proceed to a vote on any legislation, a small group of Senators has been able to block progress on a number of ADA priorities such as ending wage discrimination, addressing climate change and investing in renewable energy.

A closer look at the voting record reveals some work is needed persuading our traditional allies in the Senate as well. Many left-leaning Senators disagreed with ADA on important votes such as authorizing warrantless wiretaps (vote 2), providing opportunities to renegotiate bad mortgages directly to homeowners to prevent foreclosures (vote 10) and the need

to address climate change (vote 14).

The 110th Congress reconvened at a time when the country was receptive to a re-ordering of our national priorities, in fact ADA would argue they were given a mandate to do just that. However, at the end of 2008 the wars continued, we had no new job creation plans and unemployment was at its highest in years, health care had grown increasingly unaffordable, and the country was no closer to energy independence. Voters noticed and handed a second major defeat to the Republicans.

It is with high hopes that we enter 2009 and await the convening of the 111th Congress and swearing in of President-elect Barack Obama.

JONTZ MEMORIAL CREATED



Former ADA President, Representative Jim Jontz (D-IN), who passed away in April 2007, will be honored permanently through the formation of the Jim Jontz Memorial Fund. With generous support from close friends, the Jontz Fund, which will operate through the ADA Education Fund, a 501 c(3) non-profit education organization, has been given \$10,000 in start-up funding. The funds will be used to honor Jim's memory and service to ADA and continue his philosophy for mobilizing the public, through education and training, in support of economic and social policies that benefit working families. In addition, an annual lecture will be named for Jim and feature a presentation that honors his contributions.

Jim was President of ADA from 1998-2002 and served as President Emeritus until his death. Before that, Jim served in the Indiana House of Representatives (1974-84), Indiana Senate (1984-86), and U.S. House of Representatives (1986-92). In 2003-04, he coordinated the "Regime Change 2004" and "Stop Outsourcing Our Future" campaigns of ADA to raise the visibility of economic globalization issues in the 2004 Presidential election.

The great success of those projects led to the creation of Jim's lasting legacy, ADA's Working Families Win project now headed by Don Kusler.

Working Families Win works to change the economy in favor of working families, provides education about economic decisions made in Washington and the impacts within our local communities, and engages individuals through neighbor to neighbor communication to hold our elected officials accountable. Contributions can be made at www.adaction.org.

ADA Heroes		
Senate		
Akaka	Klobuchar	
Bingaman	Lautenberg	
Cantwell	Leahy	
Cardin	Levin, C.	
Dodd	Menendez	
Durbin	Sanders	
Feingold	Schumer	
Feinstein	Stabenow	
House		
Ackerman	Holt	Price, D.
Baldwin	Jackson Lee	Richardson
Becerra	Jackson, J.	Rothman
Brady, R.	Johnson, E.	Sanchez,
Butterfield	Johnson, H.	Linda
Capps	Kaptur	Sarbanes
Clarke	Kennedy, P.	Schakowsky
Clay	Kildee	Scott, R.
Cohen	Langevin	Serrano
Conyers	Lee	Sutton
Crowley	Lofgren	Towns
Cummings	Lowey	Tsongas
DeLauro	Markey	Van Hollen
Ellison	Matsui	Velazquez
Farr	McCollum	Wasserman
Filner	McGovern	-Schultz
Frank, B.	Miller, B.	Watson
Green, A.	Neal	Watt
Grijalva	Olver	Weiner
Hare	Pallone	
Hirono	Pastor	

ADAction: The 2009 Liberal Agenda

ADA presents an urgent agenda for the Obama Administration and the 111th Congress to promote peace and restore America's moral leadership in the world, to rejuvenate our economy and our democracy at home, and to focus the nation's attention once again on the needs of American families. After the damage wrought by the Bush Administration, achieving all these goals will take a long time. We offer this agenda of the most pressing needs that should be the nation's top priorities.

Ending Poverty. Thirty-seven million Americans live in poverty, an outrageous number in a country that boasts of its economic growth. While the poverty rate for the general population is 12.3 percent, the poverty rate is much higher for women who live independently from men and men's wages. With a poverty rate of 37 percent, single mothers are especially vulnerable. Single mothers of color are more vulnerable than white women, with poverty rates of 43.9 percent for African American single mothers and 46.6 percent for Latinas. Gender and race inequality reside at the core of income inequality and poverty, reflecting discrimination in the labor market and the economic neglect of caregiving work within families.

Almost 3 million persons now living in poverty work full time year round. Another 6.3 million work full time for part of the year. A full-time minimum wage does not lift a family above poverty, so full-time labor market work does not cure poverty. While low-income workers barely make ends meet, Fortune 500 CEOs average pay of \$37 million, and more than 300,000 millionaires file tax returns to the IRS (and that's the income they actually report).

Something is amiss, and the following actions will begin to turn the nation around:

- Establish a national living wage.
- Reform the welfare system (Temporary Assistance to Needy Families) to restore the social safety net and support low-income mothers in meeting the care needs of their children. A reformed TANF system should assure quality child care to low-income families; provide income assistance to caregiver parents; assist survivors of domestic violence, substance abuse, and mental health issues in overcoming barriers to employment; promote education, and the development of job skills; and offset transportation costs for workers who must travel long distances to a job.
- Strengthen unemployment insurance programs by expanding coverage and extending benefits in areas of high unemployment, as well as by broadening coverage to include workers who must leave jobs due to sexual harassment and/or intimate violence.
- Provide paid family and maternity leave, universal access to affordable, high quality child care, and allowances for caregivers, including Social Security credit for caregivers.
- Ensure the availability of affordable housing to meet the nation's goal established more than half a century ago: a decent home for all Americans. The housing needs of low-income families will remain unmet if we rely solely on vouchers and the private market. Once again, the Federal government, in cooperation with localities, must assume its responsibility to build and fund decent low-income housing. We commend the 110th Congress for creating a Housing Trust Fund, despite President Bush's threatened veto, the right start toward increasing the nation's supply of housing for low-income families.

Almost 3 million persons now living in poverty work full time year round

Guaranteeing Universal Health Care. High quality health care should be a right of all Americans. Yet 47 million Americans lack health insurance, and another 50 million are under-insured, while the cost of health care and the cost of private health insurance soar. (Were it not for Medicare, SCHIP, Medicaid, and employer-provided insurance, millions more would be uninsured.) The answer is not to subsidize the purchase of costly, inefficient private insurance, proliferating paperwork, and wasting money on high salaries, profits, and marketing. Health care is not a consumer product amenable to price control by market forces. Nor can we control the high costs pervading the entire health care system by squeezing providers of

health care to elderly and disabled patients under Medicare, the cost of which is not rising as fast.

- Enact a single-payer, Improved Medicare for All health care system, the only way to provide affordable, comprehensive, accessible, high quality health care on an equal basis for all. Benefits must include medical, dental, vision, hearing, mental health, nursing home, and home health care, including prescription drugs, preventive care, and guaranteed patient rights.
- Finance health care by a progressive income tax. Doing so will eliminate any need for means testing benefits, as some conservatives have proposed for Medicare.
- Strengthen the Food and Drug Administration, including provision of comprehensive data to monitor post-approval safety and efficacy of prescription drugs via a single-payer system.
- Provide electronic medical records, as part of a single-payer system, reducing medical errors, promoting cost-control, and enhancing quality by permitting experts to evaluate best practices: what treatments work under what conditions, at least cost.

Reforming Education. America's economic future and the revival of a broad middle class require the nation to combat educational inequality. Many school districts, particularly those with higher-income families and high property value, provide excellent education and a broad choice of after-school programs,

Education should
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participation

while many big city and rural districts, especially those with an inadequate property tax base and particularly high social costs, suffer from substandard education and after-school opportunities. High-income families have access to high quality college preparation and high quality pre-school education while less endowed school districts do not. Therefore:

- Enact universal public voluntary pre-school education and after-school care that offers supervised study, sports, and other extra-curricular activities.
- Ensure universal excellent elementary and secondary education that meets the needs of all students, including those with special needs, staff development and teachers salaries consistent with their professional importance to the community. Education should prepare all children for civic participation.
- Guarantee access to public post-secondary academic and vocational education and training for all qualified high school graduates to meet their personal needs and the needs of a high-tech economy.
- Increase funding for the arts, humanities, and social sciences.
- Ensure a diversified pool of students qualified for graduate education in fields where women and minorities are underrepresented, fostering diversity in the professions.
- End the funding of schools based on the value of property of a community. Instead, finance elementary and secondary education by means of general taxes.

Reforming Immigration. The presence of 12 million undocumented workers in the US reflects employers' demand for workers combined with insufficient opportunities for legal immigration. Yet, policies applied to legal immigration and policies applied to undocumented immigrants have become conflated, despite presenting entirely different concerns. While too few legal immigrants are being admitted today, undocumented workers have been subject to abuse in the workplace and in our prisons. At the same time, the nation has yet to devise a temporary worker program that does not expose the immigrants to workplace and community discrimination and harassment. The workers have a well-founded fear of deportation if they complain of abuse. Policies to address the needs of these two kinds of immigrants must be treated separately and distinctly.

- Promote family unification as a top priority for legal immigration. "Merit," skills, advanced degrees, and being an English-speaker should no longer be preference categories.
- Admit much larger numbers of legal immigrants each year. Criteria for granting asylum and refugee status should include various kinds of social and cultural oppression, abjuring racism and nativism.
- Affirm the full and inviolable citizenship of children born in the US, regardless of the immigration status of their parents.
- Enforce the Constitutional rights and economic entitlements of all people residing in the US, regardless of

US citizenship and immigration status. Raids and roundups that criminalize undocumented workers must stop, and the right of undocumented immigrants to equal treatment in prison must be enforced.

- Enforce the right of undocumented immigrants to participate in unions and to the benefit of all Labor rights.

Enforcing Our Constitutional Right to Vote. Americans' right to vote is being threatened on multiple fronts, primarily to the detriment of minorities and the poor. Congressional districts are gerrymandered for partisan purposes and to protect incumbents, limiting voters' choices. The poor and minorities can be under-counted in the decennial census if the Census Bureau is not adequately funded in a timely manner, applying scientific principles. The voting rights of minorities and the poor are under assault from arbitrary registration requirements, tactics such as deceptive "robocalling," dissemination of deliberately misleading information, insufficient election equipment in minority precincts, Voter ID laws, and felon disenfranchisement. The Department of Justice, not least the Civil Rights Division, was politicized by the Bush Administration, such that the Voting Rights Act has not been enforced. And, of critical importance, the entire population of the District of Columbia has been denied voting representation in Congress. Therefore:

- Enact legislation to prevent the use of voter identification and other unnecessary, discriminatory tactics to suppress the vote of certain groups. Voter impersonation is in fact extremely rare. Reasonably reliable identity requirements should be permitted only for initial registration.
- Restore the statutory purpose of the Voting Rights section of the Civil Rights Division of the Department of Justice, the vigorous enforcement of voting rights, investigating intimidation and other vote-suppression tactics.
- Explore executive and legislative means to promote the enfranchisement of felons who have paid their debt to society.
- Strengthen the Help America Vote Act to ensure that all eligible voters can exercise their right to vote and so every vote is accurately counted. That requires a verifiable paper trail available for a recount, as needed. Funding should be provided for states to acquire optical scan equipment, rather than insecure electronic voting units. It also requires monitoring the improper purging of voting rolls and the use of deceptive ballots.
- Make Election Day a national holiday, so work requirements do not prevent voters from exercising the franchise. Make available a larger pool of non-partisan and bi-partisan voting officials.
- Enact legislation forthwith to fully enfranchise residents of the District of Columbia. Congress should at least pass the legislation currently before Congress providing a voting Member of Congress to the District along with an extra Representative for Utah.

Preserving Our Civil Rights and Civil Liberties. In the name of "national security" and the "threat of terrorism," our civil liberties have been under assault during the Bush Administration. Thwarted only by the thinnest five-vote majority of the Supreme Court, that Administration tried to deny detainees their Constitutional right to the writ of habeas corpus, which requires the prompt review by a court of the reason police or prosecutor have detained any prisoner. The Administration impinged on every American's right to privacy by assuming authority to expanded telephone and electronic surveillance of Americans who communicate with anyone abroad or with any suspected "terrorist." The Administration has insisted on granting legal immunity to telephone companies that cooperated with the government's surveillance program. Court decisions have whittled away the right to equal educational opportunity.

- Nominate and confirm appointees to the Supreme Court, district, and appellate courts who are devoted to Constitutional rights to privacy and due process of law.
- Appoint to all levels of the Federal judiciary persons devoted to equal opportunity on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, and sexual orientation. ADA questions whether people who have opposed civil rights and civil liberties have the judicial temperament to be qualified to serve the

Court decisions have whittled away the right to equal educational opportunity

cause of justice under the Constitution.

- Preserve our constitutional rights to read, speak, hear, view, and dissent.

Ensuring A Scientific Census. A fair, scientific, adequately funded decennial census that includes all residents of the US is vital to fair Congressional districting. Yet the consequences of the 2010 Census count go far beyond reapportionment and redistricting. Most Federal (and some state) formulas for funding depend upon the Census count. If groups such as the poor and minorities are undercounted, as they typically are, these groups and the jurisdictions in which they reside do not receive their fair share of funding for important programs.

- Adequately fund the Census and enact “fair count” legislation.
- Ensure a fair and scientific Census count.

Integrating Policies for Energy, the Environment, and Transportation. Policies toward energy, the environment, and transportation have been treated as distinct issues with different constituencies and opponents, which has not served the national interest. ADA calls upon Congress and the Obama Administration to:

- Develop a comprehensive national policy response to the interrelated challenges of energy, the environment, and transportation. Together, they will present some of the most serious and difficult public policy issues of the new century. Yet, these investments will provide the most significant boost we can make to America’s economic growth and the creation of good jobs.
 - Limit our dependency on foreign oil by investing in alternative energy sources. Toward that end, the US should develop and subsidize adequate, affordable public transportation, ranging from long-distance rail travel to urban bus and subway systems, all severely neglected as a policy priority at all levels of government. Transportation policies also directly affect the environment, energy usage, and the nation’s ability to travel and move goods conveniently, safely, and affordably.
 - Enact and fund legislation to repair the nation’s infrastructure of highways, streets, bridges, public transit, clean water and sewer projects, essential to a thriving economy, over and above the current need for a massive economic stimulus program. The stimulus program should include funds for job training and retraining for displaced or unemployed workers to fill those jobs.
- Strengthen the air transportation industry, which is experiencing an extreme crisis, affecting passengers and airline workers alike. Dramatically rising fuel costs in 2008 underscored the urgent need to reduce our dependence on oil and to develop affordable and safe alternative fuel sources.
- Ratify the global climate change treaty that requires industrial nations to take responsibility for working towards long-term solutions. The alarming environmental and public health threat of global climate change strongly relates to economic, environmental, and transportation concerns.

Limit our
dependency
on foreign oil
by investing in
alternative energy
sources

Restoring Progressive Taxation. In the interest of fairness and raising adequate revenue, our government must be financed based on ability to pay. Legislative and executive action should eliminate tax evasion and avoidance.

- Restore progressivity to our personal and corporate income tax systems.
- Expand and Increase the Earned Income Tax Credit.
- Greatly enhance enforcement capabilities of the IRS to ensure that taxes owed are paid.
- End corporate and personal tax loopholes that have undermined our tax structure.

Implementing Fair Trade Policy. In the realm of trade policy, liberals have been limited largely to opposing bad trade legislation. However, that is no longer necessary. ADA urges the new Congress and Administration to

- Enact the Trade Reform Accountability Development and Employment Act (TRADE Act), principally co-

sponsored by Senator Sherrod Brown (D-OH) and Representative Michael Michaud (D-ME). The TRADE Act redefines American trade policy to support fair trade principles, such as improving the living conditions of people in all nations, providing enforceable standards to protect workers and the environment, and adopting processes that are transparent and not subject to Presidential “fast track” authority.

Reforming Labor Law and Revitalizing the NLRB. A resurgent Labor movement is essential to securing a living wage and health care for all, and reducing, if not eliminating, poverty. Labor has endured more than a quarter century of union-busting by corporations, abetted by Republican administrations, anti-labor NLRB decisions, and ineffective enforcement of Labor laws by the NLRB. ADA advocates:

- Prompt enactment of the Employee Free Choice Act, a critically important piece of Labor law reform legislation that will require recognition and bargaining with a union when a majority of employees in a bargaining unit sign cards of their intent to join a union. EFCA requires strict timelines to ensure effective collective bargaining toward a first contract. EFCA also provides meaningful penalties when employers commit unfair labor practices, such as illegally firing employees for pro-union activities.
- Appoint to the National Labor Relations Board commissioners who support the letter and spirit of laws guaranteeing the rights to join unions and to bargain collectively as provided by the National Labor Relations Act and other Federal labor laws.
- Appoint administrators and enforce policies that ensure safe and healthy workplaces and strict adherence to labor standards.

Promoting Diplomacy and International Agreements.

The Bush Administration abandoned its commitment to the people of Afghanistan and engaged the US in an unnecessary war of choice in Iraq that has severely damaged America’s moral standing in the world, multiplied support for terrorists, and depleted our military so we are unprepared to meet real future threats or to engage in peacekeeping activities. The Iraq war demonstrates that military action can make us less safe. The Administration has shunned international agreements and diplomacy, dividing the world into countries we communicate with and enemy countries with which we will not speak, or with which we will speak under only limited circumstances, especially if they concede negotiating positions as a condition for diplomatic relations. ADA calls upon the Obama Administration to:

- Open diplomatic relations and unconditional multilateral negotiations with any country, and oppose military action or threats of military action.
- Withdraw US troops from Iraq promptly, leaving no remaining US military bases. The vast sums we are spending for the Iraq war - \$10 billion every month - impedes necessary investment in our own country.
- Take adequate care of our returning veterans, who have borne the brunt of our misguided policies. ADA commends the 110th Congress for its passage of a decent GI Bill for Iraq and Afghanistan veterans, despite opposition from the Bush Administration.
- Shift US foreign policy to increase action through multinational organizations, such as the United Nations and NATO.
- In cooperation with other nations, increase support for nonproliferation and controls on weapons of mass destruction. The US must increase the use of incentives to enhance dialogue with other countries.
- Become a responsible world leader on issues of global concern, such as global warming, the environment, workers’ rights, income inequality, world hunger, public health, and gender equality.

Withdraw US troops
from Iraq

HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

1. HR 3524. HOPE VI Housing Reauthorization – Prevailing Wages King (R-IA) amendment that would allow substandard wages by barring the use of funds in the bill to pay for local “prevailing wage” requirements under the Davis-Bacon Act for public housing projects. Rejected 136-268. Jan. 17, 2008. A no vote is a +.

2. HR 3963. Children’s Health Insurance (SCHIP) Passage, over President Bush’s Dec. 12, 2007, veto, of a bill to reauthorize and expand the State Children’s Health Insurance Program for five years, expanding the program by \$35 billion. The \$60 billion cost over 5 years would be offset by raising the tax on cigarettes by 61 cents, to \$1 per pack, and raising taxes on other tobacco products. Families earning up to three times the Federal poverty level would be eligible. It also would require the Social Security Administration to verify the citizenship of all applicants and require states to phase out coverage of childless adults by the end of 2008. The House was unable to override President Bush’s second veto, confounding Democrats’ plans to expand publicly funded health coverage to an additional 4 million low-income kids. Not having received 275 votes, a two-thirds majority of those present and voting, the override failed. 260-152. Jan. 23, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

3. HR 5351. Energy Tax Passage of a bill to extend and create several tax incentives for energy conservation and renewable-energy production, including a new tax credit for plug-in hybrid vehicles and an extension of expiring tax credits for wind and solar energy, and authorize \$5.6 billion in tax credit bonds to finance renewable energy and energy conservation. The costs would be paid for by eliminating or reducing the tax deduction for oil and gas refining, and would change the way oil and gas companies calculate foreign oil and gas income. Passed 236-182. Feb. 27, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

4. HR 5563. National and Community Service Programs Passage of Miller (D-CA) motion to suspend the rule and allow

a simple majority to pass a bill authorizing \$51 million in fiscal 2008 for such national service programs as AmeriCorps and Volunteers in Service to America (VISTA). Failing to get required two-thirds majority (278), the motion was rejected 277-140. March 12, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

5. H Con Res 312. Fiscal 2009 Budget Resolution – Congressional Black Caucus Substitute Kilpatrick (D-MI) substitute amendment that would achieve a budget surplus of \$183 billion in fiscal 2012 by repealing the 2001 and 2003 tax cuts for households with incomes over \$200,000 and by repealing certain corporate tax breaks, while increasing funds for health care, education and job training programs, and veteran benefits and services. Rejected 126-292. March 13, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

6. H Con Res 312. Fiscal 2009 Budget Resolution Adoption of the concurrent resolution to allow discretionary spending of up to \$1 trillion in fiscal 2009, plus \$70 billion for the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan, and \$5.8 billion for hurricane recovery, while assuming a budget surplus in fiscal 2012 and 2013. It would call on the Ways and Means Committee to report two bills: one to reduce fiscal 2009 revenue by \$70 billion, allowing for an AMT patch, offset over five years; and the other to reduce mandatory spending by \$750 million over six years. Adopted 212-207. March 13, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

7. H Res 1092. Colombia Trade “Fast Track” Requirement Adoption of a resolution that would suspend “fast track” requirements for considering a bill (HR 5724), thus permitting amendments to the U.S.-Colombia free-trade agreement. Adopted 224-195. April 10, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

8. S 2739. Omnibus Public Lands. Rahall (D-WV) motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill designating new park, wilderness and scenic areas and authorizing programs and activities in the Forest Service, the Departments of Interior and

Energy, the Bureau of Reclamation, the U.S. Geological Survey, and the Bureau of Land Management. It would add 106,000 acres in Washington State to the National Wilderness Preservation System, to be known as the “Wild Sky Wilderness.” It would also apply federal immigration laws to the Northern Mariana Islands and give the commonwealth a nonvoting House delegate. Passed by required two-thirds majority, 291-117. April 29, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

9. HR 2642. Supplemental Appropriations Obey (D-WI) motion agreeing to Senate amendments, with a House amendment to provide \$162.5 billion for the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan, with \$96.6 billion for fiscal 2008 and \$65.9 billion for fiscal 2009. The bill did not include a timeframe for withdrawal. Motion rejected 141-149. May 15, 2008. A no vote is a +.

10. HR 2642. Supplemental Appropriation Obey (D-WI) motion agreeing to Senate amendments, with a House amendment to appropriate \$21.2 billion for domestic programs, military construction and foreign aid. It would provide \$4.6 billion for military construction and \$5.8 billion for levee building in Louisiana. The amendment would also permanently expand education benefits for post-Sept. 11 veterans, with the cost offset by a surtax on wealthy taxpayers. It would temporarily extend Federal unemployment benefits and place a moratorium, through March 2009, on seven Medicaid regulations proposed by the Administration. Motion passed 256-166. May 15, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

11. HR 5658. Fiscal 2009 Defense Authorization – Missile Defense Budget Franks (R-AZ) amendment that would authorize an additional \$719 million for the Missile Defense Agency, offsetting the cost by a decrease of the same amount for the Defense Department’s research, development, testing and evaluation activities. Rejected 186-229. May 22, 2008. A no vote is a +.

12. HR 5749. Extension of Unemployment

HOUSE VOTE DESCRIPTIONS

Benefits Rangel (D-NY) motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill to extend Federal unemployment benefits 13 weeks for people who have exhausted their 26 weeks of compensation, plus an additional 13 weeks in states with high unemployment rates. Motion rejected for failing to receive a required two-thirds majority. 279-144. June 11, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

13. HR 6124. Farm Bill Reauthorization – Veto Override Passage by required two-thirds majority, over President Bush's June 18, 2008 veto, of a bill to reauthorize Federal farm and nutrition programs for five years, including crop subsidies, food stamps, conservation, rural development, and agricultural trade programs. It would authorize a \$10.4 billion increase for nutrition programs, offset by extending customs user fees. It also would cut direct payment subsidies by \$313 million, partly by reducing the percentage of acres for which a farmer can collect those payments from 85 percent to 83.3 percent. Farmers making more than \$750,000 a year in farm-related income and those with more than \$500,000 a year in non-farm-related income would not be eligible for subsidies. It would provide a \$65,000 limit for counter-cyclical payments, authorize \$1.3 billion to add new acreage in the Wetlands Reserve Program and reduce the Conservation Reserve Program to 32 million acres, and require country-of-origin labels for all meat by September 2008. It also would extend the Milk Income Loss Contract program through fiscal 2012 and provide a subsidy for the purchase of excess sugar in the U.S. market to make sugar-based ethanol. Passed 317-109. June 18, 2008. Became Public Law 110-246. A yes vote is a +.

14. HR 5781. Paid Parental Leave for Federal Employees Passage of a bill to provide Federal and Congressional employees with pay for 4 of their 12 weeks of parental leave. Employees could also use accrued annual or sick leave for parental leave without being required to demonstrate a medical need for using their sick time for that purpose. The bill authorized the Office of Personnel Management to extend the parental leave period for up to eight

weeks. Passed 278-146. June 19, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

15. HR 6331. Medicare Physician Payments Passage of Pallone (D-NJ) motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill to prevent a 10.6 percent cut in payments to physicians treating Medicare patients, scheduled for July 1; hold payments at current rates for 18 months; and provide a 1.1 percent increase in 2009. The bill would provide an additional \$16.6 billion over 10 years for changes to Medicare beneficiary programs, with the costs partially offset by phasing out bonus payments to Medicare Advantage plans and by requiring private "fee for service" plans to form networks with health care providers, in order to slow growth of the plans. Motion passed by the required two-thirds majority, 355-59. June 24, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

16. HR 1338. Paycheck Equality Passage of a bill to allow women who are paid less than their male counterparts to bring suits against their employers and receive compensation within 180 days of receiving the last discriminatory paycheck. Employers seeking to justify unequal pay would have to prove that disparities are job-related and required by a business necessity. Workers winning wage discrimination cases could collect compensatory damages, and punitive damages, if they can prove intentional discrimination. In effect, the bill would undo the Supreme Court Ledbetter decision. Passed 247-178. July 31, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

17. HR 6842. District of Columbia Gun Laws Passage of a bill to repeal District of Columbia laws prohibiting firearms possession, including the possession of semiautomatic firearms. It would repeal the District's requirements that firearm be registered and that firearms be disassembled or secured with a trigger lock in the home. It would eliminate criminal penalties for possessing firearms in the home and allow the District's residents to purchase firearms in Maryland and Virginia. Passed 266-152. September 17, 2008. A no vote is a +.

18. HR 5244. Credit Card Billing Practices Passage of a bill to prohibit most retroactively increasing interest rates on existing balances on credit cards, issuing finance charges on balances for days not included in the most recent billing cycle, charging fees on outstanding balances created only from interest accrued in the previous billing period until the end of the current bill period. The measure also would require companies to send statements at least 25 days before payment is due and give at least 45 days notice before increasing rates. Passed 312-112. September 23, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

19. HR 7110. Supplemental Appropriations Passage of a bill to appropriate \$60.8 billion to extend unemployment benefits and provide additional fiscal 2009 funds for food assistance programs, infrastructure projects, energy development, public housing, state Medicaid plans and other programs, including \$12.8 billion for highway infrastructure investment; \$5 billion for the Army Corps of Engineers; \$7.5 billion for grants for drinking water and sewer projects; \$3 billion to modernize and repair schools; \$3.6 billion for grants to expand public transportation; and \$2.6 billion for food assistance for seniors, people with disabilities and low-income families. Passed 264-158. September 26, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

20. HR 6867. Unemployment Benefits Extension Rangel (D-NY) motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill to provide seven weeks of additional unemployment benefits for workers who have exhausted their benefits by March 31, 2009, plus an additional 13 weeks for workers in states with an unemployment rate of 6 percent or higher. Passed by required two-thirds majority 368-28. October 3, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

ADA CONGRESSIONAL VOTING RECORD 2008

U. S. House of Representatives

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ	
ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%	
ALABAMA																						
4	Aderholt (R)	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	25%	
6	Bachus, S. (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
1	Bonner (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
5	Cramer (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	75%
7	Davis, A. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	85%
2	Everett (R)	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	10%
3	Rogers, Mike D. (R)	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	50%
ALASKA																						
AL	Young, D. (R)	+	+	-	X	X	X	-	+	X	+	X	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	55%
ARIZONA																						
6	Flake (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
2	Franks, T. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8	Giffords (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	80%
7	Grijalva (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5	Mitchell (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	75%
4	Pastor (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
1	Renzi (R)	+	+	-	X	X	X	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	X	35%
3	Shadegg (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
ARKANSAS																						
1	Berry (D)	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	75%
3	Boozman (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	25%
4	Ross (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
2	Snyder (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
CALIFORNIA																						
43	Baca (D)	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
31	Becerra (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
28	Berman (D)	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
50	Bilbray (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
45	Bono Mack (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	X	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	40%
44	Calvert (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
48	Campbell (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5%
23	Capps (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
18	Cardoza (D)	X	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
20	Costa (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	X	+	80%
53	Davis, S. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
4	Doolittle (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%
26	Dreier (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	10%
14	Eshoo (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	90%
17	Farr (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
51	Filner (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
24	Galleghy (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	X	15%
36	Harman (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%

ADA CONGRESSIONAL VOTING RECORD 2008

U. S. House of Representatives

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ
ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
2 Herger (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	10%
15 Honda (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
52 Hunter (R)	X	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	15%
49 Issa (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	10%
12 Lantos (D)	X	X	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	*
9 Lee (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
41 Lewis, Jerry (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
16 Lofgren (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3 Lungren (R)	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5%
5 Matsui (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
22 McCarthy, K. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	10%
25 McKeon (R)	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	5%
11 McNerney (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
42 Miller, Gary (R)	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	5%
7 Miller, George (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	95%
38 Napolitano (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
21 Nunes (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8 Pelosi (D)	X	+	+	X	X	+	+	X	+	+	X	+	+	X	X	X	X	X	+	+	S
19 Radanovich (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	20%
37 Richardson (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
46 Rohrabacher (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	10%
34 Roybal-Allard (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
40 Royce (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	0%
39 Sanchez, Linda (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
47 Sanchez, Loretta (D)	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	80%
29 Schiff (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
27 Sherman (D)	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
32 Solis (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
12 Speier (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	X	60%
13 Stark (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
10 Tauscher (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
1 Thompson, M. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
35 Waters (D)	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
33 Watson (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
30 Waxman (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
6 Woolsey (D)	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	80%
COLORADO																					
1 DeGette (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	80%
5 Lamborn (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
4 Musgrave (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	X	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	25%
7 Perlmutter (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
3 Salazar, J. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
6 Tancredo (R)	-	-	-	X	X	X	-	-	X	-	-	X	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	+	5%

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Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ
ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
COLORADO (cont.)																					
2	Udall, M. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	90%
CONNECTICUT																					
2	Courtney (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
3	DeLauro (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
1	Larson, J. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
5	Murphy, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
4	Shays (R)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%
DELAWARE																					
AL	Castle (R)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	65%
FLORIDA																					
9	Bilirakis (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	30%
2	Boyd, A. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	75%
3	Brown, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
5	Brown-Waite, G. (R)	+	-	X	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	X	-	+	+	+	35%
13	Buchanan (R)	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	50%
11	Castor (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
4	Crenshaw (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	10%
21	Diaz-Balart, L. (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	55%
25	Diaz-Balart, M. (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	55%
24	Feeney (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	5%
23	Hastings, A. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	95%
8	Keller (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	15%
22	Klein, R. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
14	Mack (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	10%
16	Mahoney (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	75%
17	Meek, K. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	95%
7	Mica (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	10%
1	Miller, J. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	5%
12	Putnam (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
18	Ros-Lehtinen (R)	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	65%
6	Stearns (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	15%
20	Wasserman Schultz (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
15	Weldon (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	5%
19	Wexler (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	90%
10	Young, C.W. (R)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	X	25%
GEORGIA																					
12	Barrow (D)	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	75%
2	Bishop, S. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
10	Broun (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
9	Deal (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	5%
11	Gingrey (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	10%
4	Johnson, H. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

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Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ
ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
GEORGIA (cont.)																					
1	Kingston (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	10%
5	Lewis, John (D)	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
7	Linder (R)	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
8	Marshall (D)	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	70%
6	Price, T. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	10%
13	Scott, D. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
3	Westmoreland (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	0%
HAWAII																					
1	Abercrombie (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	95%
2	Hirono (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
IDAHO																					
1	Sali (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%
2	Simpson (R)	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	35%
ILLINOIS																					
8	Bean (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	65%
13	Biggert (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	35%
12	Costello (D)	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
7	Davis, Danny (D)	X	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	80%
5	Emanuel (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
14	Foster (D)	I	I	I	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	65%
4	Gutierrez (D)	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
17	Hare (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2	Jackson, J. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
15	Johnson, Timothy (R)	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	50%
10	Kirk (R)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	X	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	-	55%
18	LaHood (R)	+	X	+	+	X	X	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	X	55%
3	Lipinski (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
16	Manzullo (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	20%
6	Roskam (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%
1	Rush (D)	+	X	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	30%
9	Schakowsky (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
19	Shimkus (R)	X	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	20%
11	Weller (R)	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	X	30%
INDIANA																					
5	Burton (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	10%
4	Buyer (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	X	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	25%
7	Carson, A. (D)	I	I	I	I	I	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%
2	Donnelly (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	70%
8	Ellsworth (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	75%
9	Hill (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	75%
6	Pence (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	5%
3	Souder (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	20%

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	ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
INDIANA (cont.)																						
1	Visclosky (D)	X	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	80%
IOWA																						
3	Boswell (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	95%
1	Braley (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
5	King, S. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	5%
4	Latham (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	30%
2	Loebsack (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
KANSAS																						
2	Boyda, N. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
3	Moore, D. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
1	Moran, Jerry (R)	-	X	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
4	Tiaht (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	X	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
KENTUCKY																						
6	Chandler (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
4	Davis, G. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
2	Lewis, R. (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	X	10%
5	Rogers, H. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	20%
1	Whitfield (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	X	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	X	+	35%
3	Yarmuth (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
LOUISIANA																						
5	Alexander, R. (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	25%
6	Baker (R)	X	X	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	NA
7	Boustany (R)	-	-	-	+	X	X	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	20%
6	Cazayoux (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	45%
2	Jefferson (D)	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
1	Jindal (R)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	NA
4	McCrery (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	X	5%
3	Melancon (D)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
1	Scalise (R)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5%
MAINE																						
1	Allen (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
2	Michaud (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
MARYLAND																						
6	Bartlett (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	15%
7	Cummings (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4	Edwards, D. (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	NA
1	Gilchrest (R)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	X	65%
5	Hoyer (D)	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
2	Ruppersberger (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
3	Sarbanes (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
8	Van Hollen (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
4	Wynn (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	NA

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ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
MASSACHUSETTS																					
8	Capuano (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
10	Delahunt (D)	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
4	Frank, B. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
9	Lynch (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
7	Markey (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3	McGovern (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2	Neal (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
1	Olver (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6	Tierney (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	95%
5	Tsongas (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
MICHIGAN																					
4	Camp (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	20%
14	Conyers (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
15	Dingell (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
3	Ehlers (R)	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	40%
2	Hoekstra (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	20%
5	Kildee (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
13	Kilpatrick (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	95%
9	Knollenberg (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	40%
12	Levin, S. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
11	McCotter (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	40%
10	Miller, C. (R)	+	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	50%
8	Rogers, Mike (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	25%
1	Stupak (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
6	Upton (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	60%
7	Walberg (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
MINNESOTA																					
6	Bachmann (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
5	Ellison (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2	Kline, J. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
4	McCollum (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
8	Oberstar (D)	+	+	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
7	Peterson, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	80%
3	Ramstad (R)	-	+	+	+	-	-	X	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	65%
1	Walz (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
MISSISSIPPI																					
1	Childers (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	NA
3	Pickering (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	X	X	15%
4	Taylor (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	75%
2	Thompson, B. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	X	+	90%
MISSOURI																					
2	Akin (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	10%

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	ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
MISSOURI (cont.)																						
7	Blunt (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
3	Carnahan (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
1	Clay (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5	Cleaver (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	90%
8	Emerson (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	65%
6	Graves (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	40%
9	Hulshof (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	X	X	X	X	-	X	X	X	-	X	X	X	+	X	10%
4	Skelton (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
MONTANA																						
AL	Rehberg (R)	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	40%
NEBRASKA																						
1	Fortenberry (R)	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	40%
3	Smith, Adrian (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	15%
2	Terry (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
NEVADA																						
1	Berkley (D)	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
2	Heller (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	25%
3	Porter (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	65%
NEW HAMPSHIRE																						
2	Hodes (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
1	Shea-Porter (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
NEW JERSEY																						
1	Andrews (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
7	Ferguson (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	X	+	X	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	X	30%
11	Frelinghuysen (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
5	Garrett (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5%
12	Holt (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2	LoBiondo (R)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	60%
6	Pallone (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
8	Pascrell (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
10	Payne (D)	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
9	Rothman (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3	Saxton (R)	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	+	X	X	30%
13	Sires (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
4	Smith, C. (R)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	X	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	65%
NEW MEXICO																						
2	Pearce (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
3	Udall, T. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
1	Wilson, H. (R)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	+	-	+	25%
NEW YORK																						
5	Ackerman (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
24	Arcuri (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%

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ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
NEW YORK (cont.)																					
1	Bishop, T. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
11	Clarke (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
7	Crowley (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
17	Engel (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	95%
13	Fossella (R)	X	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
20	Gillibrand (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	X	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	70%
19	Hall, J. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
27	Higgins (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-	+	+	80%
22	Hinchey (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	95%
2	Israel (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
3	King, P. (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	45%
29	Kuhl (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	40%
18	Lowey (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
14	Maloney (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
4	McCarthy, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
23	McHugh (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	60%
21	McNulty (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	95%
6	Meeks, G. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
8	Nadler (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
15	Rangel (D)	+	+	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
26	Reynolds (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	-	-	20%
16	Serrano (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
28	Slaughter (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	95%
10	Towns (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
12	Velazquez (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
25	Walsh (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	X	+	+	-	+	-	-	+	+	50%
9	Weiner (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
NORTH CAROLINA																					
1	Butterfield (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
6	Coble (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
2	Etheridge (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	85%
5	Foxx (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	5%
8	Hayes (R)	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	55%
3	Jones, W. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	50%
10	McHenry (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	10%
7	McIntyre (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	85%
13	Miller, B. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
9	Myrick (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	10%
4	Price, D. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
11	Shuler (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	75%
12	Watt (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%

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	ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%	
NORTH DAKOTA																							
AL	Pomeroy (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%	
OHIO																							
8	Boehner (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	0%	
1	Chabot (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
11	Fudge (D)	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	NA	
7	Hobson (R)	X	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	X	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	X	20%	
4	Jordan (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	
9	Kaptur (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%	
10	Kucinich (D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%	
14	LaTourette (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	60%	
5	Latta (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
15	Pryce, D. (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	X	-	-	+	X	-	-	X	-	+	25%	
16	Regula (R)	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	X	+	-	+	40%	
17	Ryan, T. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%	
2	Schmidt (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
18	Space (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%	
13	Sutton (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%	
12	Tiberi (R)	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	35%
11	Tubbs Jones (D)*	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	I	I	I	I	75%	
3	Turner (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	+	55%	
6	Wilson, Charlie (D)	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%	
OKLAHOMA																							
2	Boren (D)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	65%	
4	Cole (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	10%
5	Fallin (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
3	Lucas (R)	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
1	Sullivan (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	20%
OREGON																							
3	Blumenauer (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%	
4	DeFazio (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%	
5	Hooley (D)	+	+	+	X	X	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	80%	
2	Walden (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	X	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	30%	
1	Wu (D)	X	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%	
PENNSYLVANIA																							
4	Altmire (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%	
1	Brady, R. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%	
10	Carney (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%	
15	Dent (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	55%	
14	Doyle (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%	
3	English (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	65%	
2	Fattah (D)	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%	
6	Gerlach (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	X	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	60%	

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ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
PENNSYLVANIA (cont.)																					
17	Holden (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
11	Kanjorski (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
8	Murphy, P. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
18	Murphy, T. (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	60%
12	Murtha (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
5	Peterson, J. (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	X	X	+	X	-	-	+	X	20%
16	Pitts (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	5%
19	Platts (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	55%
13	Schwartz (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
7	Sestak (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
9	Shuster (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	20%
RHODE ISLAND																					
1	Kennedy, P. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
2	Langevin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
SOUTH CAROLINA																					
3	Barrett (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%
1	Brown, H. (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	20%
6	Clyburn (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
4	Inglis (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	5%
5	Spratt (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
2	Wilson, J. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	10%
SOUTH DAKOTA																					
AL	Herseth Sandlin (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	70%
TENNESSEE																					
7	Blackburn (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%
9	Cohen (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
5	Cooper (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	X	60%
1	Davis, David (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	15%
4	Davis, L. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	X	+	+	80%
2	Duncan (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	15%
6	Gordon (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	X	+	+	80%
8	Tanner (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
3	Wamp (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	15%
TEXAS																					
6	Barton (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	10%
8	Brady, K. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	X	-	-	10%
26	Burgess (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	10%
31	Carter (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%
11	Conaway (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%
28	Cuellar (D)	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
7	Culberson (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	5%
25	Doggett (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%

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	ADA Position	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
	TEXAS (cont.)																					
17	Edwards, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
1	Gohmert (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	10%
20	Gonzalez (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
12	Granger (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5%
9	Green, A. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
29	Green, G. (D)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
4	Hall, R. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	30%
5	Hensarling (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5%
15	Hinojosa (D)	+	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	80%
18	Jackson Lee (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
30	Johnson, E. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3	Johnson, S. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	0%
22	Lampson (D)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-	+	60%
24	Marchant (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	0%
10	McCaul (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	25%
19	Neugebauer (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%
27	Ortiz (D)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	75%
14	Paul (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%
2	Poe (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	10%
16	Reyes (D)	+	+	X	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	-	X	+	+	70%
23	Rodriguez (D)	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
32	Sessions, P. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	5%
21	Smith, L. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
13	Thornberry (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	5%
	UTAH																					
1	Bishop, R. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	X	-	-	-	-	X	0%
3	Cannon (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	X	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	0%
2	Matheson (D)	+	+	X	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	55%
	VERMONT																					
AL	Welch (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
	VIRGINIA																					
9	Boucher (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	X	80%
7	Cantor (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	5%
11	Davis, T. (R)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
2	Drake (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	25%
4	Forbes (R)	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	25%
5	Goode (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	25%
6	Goodlatte (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
8	Moran, James (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	95%
3	Scott, R. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
1	Wittman (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	+	35%
10	Wolf (R)	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	30%

ADA CONGRESSIONAL VOTING RECORD 2008

U. S. House of Representatives

Vote Number		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ
ADA Position		N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	%
WASHINGTON																						
3	Baird (D)	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
6	Dicks (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
4	Hastings, D. (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	15%
1	Inslee (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
2	Larsen, R. (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
7	McDermott (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
5	McMorris Rodgers (R)	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	20%
8	Reichert (R)	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	60%
9	Smith, Adam (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
WEST VIRGINIA																						
2	Capito (R)	+	+	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	60%
1	Mollohan (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
3	Rahall (D)	+	X	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
WISCONSIN																						
1	Ryan, P. (R)	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	15%
2	Baldwin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
3	Kind (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	80%
4	Moore, G. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
5	Sensenbrenner (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	10%
6	Petri (R)	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	40%
7	Obey (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	95%
8	Kagen (D)	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	90%
WYOMING																						
AL	Cubin (R)	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	X	X	X	X	X	5%

This voting record is offered only as a guide in judging the legislative performance of Members of Congress (MOC), and has several inherent limitations. It is no measure of a legislator’s work in committee. It does not reflect the failure of Congress to deal with major issues, or the individual’s degree of responsibility. It does not reflect a legislators lifetime of work.

The methodology of the ADA Voting Record calls for Members who miss a vote, for whatever reason, to be penalized in their final score. Therefore, a Member who agreed with ADA’s position on 19 votes but was absent on the 20th would receive a score of 95%. This is most evident in the unusually low score of liberal stalwart and close ADA ally, Senator Edward Kennedy (D-MA) who missed several votes due to illness. In an election year, MOC often miss votes while campaigning. Thus, the 2008 voting record may not reflect accurately the scores of some Members, particularly Senators Biden, Clinton, McCain, and Obama, who frequently missed votes while running for President. Legislators who were not eligible to vote for at least 60% of the session, are not given a score.

KEY TO VOTING RECORD

Voted with ADA +

Did not vote with ADA -

Voted Present P

Did not vote X

Speaker’s privilege S

Ineligible voter/ not in office I

Deceased *

1. HR 5140. Economic Stimulus Motion to invoke cloture, limiting debate, on the Reid (D-NV) measure to provide a tax refund for most taxpayers of \$500 for individuals and \$1,000 for couples, with an additional \$300 for each child under 17, and expand eligibility for rebate checks to include low-income seniors and disabled veterans, phasing out the benefit for individuals with adjusted gross incomes above \$150,000 and married couples with incomes above \$300,000. Failed to get the required 60 votes to invoke cloture, so rejected 58-41. February 6, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

2. S 2248. Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Revisions Passage of a bill to amend the 1978 Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA) that authorizes warrantless surveillance of foreign targets, even if they are communicating with someone in the United States. The amendment would authorize the FISA court to approve several aspects of how such surveillance is conducted and grant retroactive legal immunity to telecommunications companies that participated in the National Security Agency's warrantless surveillance program. It would sunset in six years. Passed 68-29. February 12, 2008. A no vote is a +.

3. HR 2082. Fiscal 2008 Intelligence Authorization Adoption of the conference report on a bill to authorize classified amounts in fiscal 2008 for 17 U.S. intelligence activities and agencies, including the CIA, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, and the National Security Agency and for the intelligence portion of the fiscal 2008 emergency supplemental for the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan. It would prohibit the use of any interrogation treatment not authorized by the U.S. Army Field Manual on Human Intelligence Collection Operations against any individual in the intelligence community's custody. Adopted (thus cleared for the President) 51-45. Feb. 13, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

4. HR 4040. Overhaul of the Consumer Product Safety Commission Passage of

a bill to overhaul the Consumer Product Safety Commission, strengthen toy safety standards, and authorize \$88.5 million for the Commission in fiscal 2009, to be increased by 10 percent every year through 2015. It would increase civil penalties imposed on companies for manufacturing faulty products, create a public database of consumer safety incidents, and permit state attorneys general to get injunctions on behalf of residents to enforce product safety laws. Passed 79-13. March 6, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

5. S Con Res 70. Fiscal 2009 Budget Resolution – Alternative Minimum Tax Specter (R-PA) amendment to adjust the budget resolution to reduce the individual alternative minimum tax from its current, more progressive two-rate structure of 26 percent and 28 percent to the single 24 percent rate that was in effect prior to 1993. The revenue loss would not be offset. Rejected 49-51. March 13, 2008. A no vote is a +.

6. S Con Res 70. Fiscal 2009 Budget Resolution – English Literacy Alexander (R-TN) amendment that would shift \$670,000 from the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission to the Department of Education's English Literacy-Civics Education State Grant program. (The amendment restricts the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission from taking enforcement actions against English-only rules in the workplace where the employer's policy has no business justification.). Adopted 54-44. March 13, 2008. A no vote is a +.

7. S Con Res 70. Fiscal 2009 Budget Resolution – Parental Notification Ensign (R-NV) amendment to increase Justice Department funding by \$50 million for parental notification law enforcement, with assumed corresponding offsets. Rejected 49-49. March 13, 2008. A no vote is a +.

8. S Con Res 70. Fiscal 2009 Budget

Resolution – SCHIP Coverage Boxer (D-CA) amendment to permit legislation allowing pregnant women to be eligible for coverage under the State Children's Health Insurance Program (SCHIP). Adopted 70-27. March 14, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

9. S Con Res 70. Fiscal 2009 Budget Resolution Adoption of the concurrent resolution setting broad spending and revenue targets over the next five years (including provisions noted above). The resolution would allow up to \$1 trillion in discretionary spending for 2009, including a \$35 billion economic stimulus package, a one-year alternative minimum tax "patch," and allow for the extension of certain 2001 and 2003 tax cuts, including the 10 percent tax bracket and the child tax credit. Adopted 51-44. March 14, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

10. HR 3221. Renewable Energy – Mortgage Relief, Bankruptcy Dodd (D-CT) substitute for a Durbin (D-IL) amendment. Durbin sought to permit bankruptcy judges to modify the terms of subprime and non-traditional mortgages, including reducing the outstanding principal, during bankruptcy proceedings. Dodd's mortgage relief instead would include tax breaks for those buying foreclosed homes and for homebuilders, an overhaul of the Federal Housing Administration's mortgage insurance program, \$4 billion in Community Development Block Grants to purchase and rehabilitate foreclosed properties, and other provisions to alleviate the housing crisis. Dodd version adopted 58-36. April 3, 2008. A no vote is a +.

11. HR 2831. Wage Discrimination. Motion to invoke cloture, limit debate, and vote on a bill to amend the 1964 Civil Rights Act and allow employees to file charges of pay discrimination within 180 days of receipt of the last received paycheck affected by the alleged discriminatory decision (in effect undoing the Supreme Court's Ledbetter decision). Falling short of the required 60 votes, Motion rejected 56-42. April 23, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

12. HR 2419. Farm Bill Reauthorization Passage, over President Bush's May 21, 2008, veto, of the bill to reauthorize Federal farm and nutrition programs for five years, including crop subsidies, food stamps, conservation and rural development. It would authorize a \$10.4 billion increase for nutrition programs, offset by extending customs user fees. It would cut direct-payment subsidies overall by \$313 million, in part by reducing the percentage of acres for which a farmer can collect the payments. Farmers making more than \$750,000 a year in farm-related income and those with more than \$500,000 a year in non-farm-related income would not be eligible for Federal subsidies. Country-of-origin labels for all meat would be required by September 2008. Passed by more than the required two-thirds majority of those present and voting to override a veto 82-13. May 22, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

13. S Con Res 70. Fiscal 2009 Budget Resolution Adoption of the conference report on the concurrent resolution to allow up to \$1 trillion in discretionary spending for fiscal 2009, plus \$70 billion for the wars in Iraq and Afghanistan, and \$5.8 billion for hurricane recovery. It would assume \$1.9 trillion in mandatory spending and increase of the statutory debt limit to \$10.615 trillion. It would create a "trigger" mechanism that would reinforce pay-as-you-go rules in the House. The measure assumes a one-year alternative minimum tax "patch" that would be offset. It also would require 60 votes to increase the deficit by \$10 billion in a year. Adopted and sent to the House 48-45. June 4, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

14. S 3036. Climate Change Motion to invoke cloture and limit debate on the Boxer (D-CA) amendment to cap greenhouse gas emissions nationwide and set up a trading system for companies to buy and sell emissions allowances. Failing to receive 60 votes, Motion rejected 48-36. June 6, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

15. S 3044. Energy Prices Motion to invoke cloture to limit debate and allow a vote to repeal 2004 and 2005 tax benefits for oil companies worth \$17 billion over 10 years and direct the money to renewable energy. It also would impose a profits tax on the largest oil companies. Failing to receive the required 60 votes, Motion rejected 51-43. June 10, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

16. HR 6331. Medicare Payments to Physicians Motion to invoke cloture to limit debate and proceed to a vote on a bill to prevent a 10.6 percent cut in Medicare physician payments scheduled to take effect July 1, 2008, by holding payments at current rates for 18 months. It would give doctors a 1.1 percent increase in 2009 and provide \$16.6 billion over 10 years for changes to Medicare beneficiary programs. The costs would be partially offset by reducing the cost of Medicare Advantage plans. Receiving more than required 60 votes, motion agreed to 69-30, and the bill was passed. July 9, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

17. HR 3221. Mortgage Relief Reid (D-NV) motion to accept a House bill to grant authority to the Treasury Department to extend new credit and buy stock in Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac. It would create an independent regulator for the two mortgage giants and the Federal Home Loan Bank System, overhaul the Federal Housing Administration, allowing it to insure up to \$300 billion worth of new, refinanced loans for struggling mortgage borrowers. It also includes a \$7,500 tax credit for some first-time homebuyers, higher loan limits for FHA-backed loans, a standard tax deduction for property taxes and revenue-raisers to offset part of the costs. It also would authorize \$3.9 billion in grants to states and localities to purchase and rehabilitate foreclosed properties, and increase the federal debt limit to \$10.6 trillion. Motion agreed to, sending the bill to the President, 72-13. July 26, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

18. S 3335. Extension of Expiring Taxes Motion to invoke cloture and proceed to a vote on a bill to extend dozens of expired

or expiring tax provisions for one year and create new tax incentives for energy-related technology. It also would appropriate \$8 billion to the Highway Trust Fund, with tax offsets. Failing to receive the required 60 votes, motion was rejected 51-43. July 30, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

19. S 3001. Fiscal 2009 Defense Authorization – Missile Defense Vitter (R-LA) amendment to authorize an additional \$271 million for the Missile Defense Agency for programs to address and respond to near-term ballistic missile threats. The cost would be offset by unspecified cuts in other military programs. Rejected 39-57. Sept. 10, 2008. A no vote is a +.

20. HR7005. Automobile Industry Loan Motion to invoke cloture, limit debate, and vote on a bill related to the alternative minimum tax, which would serve as the vehicle for an emergency loan package for domestic automakers. Failing to receive the required 60 votes, the Motion was rejected 52-35. December 11, 2008. A yes vote is a +.

Gertrude Riger

Former Cleveland chapter chair and former ADA national development director, Gertrude Riger, passed away peacefully the evening of December 10, 2008. She will be sorely missed.

A celebration of her life will be held on Sunday, January 25, 2009 from 2PM to 4PM at Claret Hall 6020 Daybreak Circle Clarksville MD 21029.

Contributions in her memory may be made to ADA at www.adaction.org

ADA CONGRESSIONAL VOTING RECORD 2008

United States Senate

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ
ADA Position	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	%
ALABAMA																					
Sessions, J. (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	20%
Shelby (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	15%
ALASKA																					
Murkowski (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	+	+	-	+	-	25%
Stevens (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	+	+	-	+	X	30%
ARIZONA																					
Kyl (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
McCain (R)	X	-	-	X	-	X	X	+	X	X	X	X	X	-	X	X	X	X	X	-	5%
ARKANSAS																					
Lincoln (D)	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	80%
Pryor (D)	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
CALIFORNIA																					
Boxer (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
Feinstein (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
COLORADO																					
Allard (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	5%
Salazar, K. (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
CONNECTICUT																					
Dodd (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Lieberman (I)	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%
DELAWARE																					
Biden (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	X	X	80%
Carper (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	85%
FLORIDA																					
Martinez (R)	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	30%
Nelson, Bill (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
GEORGIA																					
Chambliss (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	25%
Isakson (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	25%
HAWAII																					
Akaka (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Inouye (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	85%
IDAHO																					
Craig (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	-	+	-	-	X	15%
Crapo (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	15%
ILLINOIS																					
Durbin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Obama (D)	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	X	+	-	X	+	X	X	X	I	45%
INDIANA																					
Bayh (D)	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	70%
Lugar (R)	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	25%

ADA CONGRESSIONAL VOTING RECORD 2008

United States Senate

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ	
ADA Position	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	%	
IOWA																						
Grassley (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	25%	
Harkin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	95%	
KANSAS																						
Brownback (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	20%	
Roberts (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	20%	
KENTUCKY																						
Bunning (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%	
McConnell (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	20%	
LOUISIANA																						
Landrieu (D)	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	65%
Vitter (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%	
MAINE																						
Collins (R)	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%	
Snowe (R)	+	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	80%	
MARYLAND																						
Cardin (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%	
Mikulski (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%	
MASSACHUSETTS																						
Kennedy, E. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	-	-	X	+	X	X	X	X	60%	
Kerry (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%	
MICHIGAN																						
Levin, C. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%	
Stabenow (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%	
MINNESOTA																						
Coleman (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	-	45%
Klobuchar (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%	
MISSISSIPPI																						
Cochran (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	15%	
Wicker (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	+	X	-	-	10%	
MISSOURI																						
Bond (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	X	X	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	20%	
McCaskill (D)	+	-	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	80%	
MONTANA																						
Baucus, M. (D)	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	80%	
Tester (D)	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	85%	
NEBRASKA																						
Hagel (R)	-	-	+	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	X	10%	
Nelson, Ben (D)	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	75%	
NEVADA																						
Ensign (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%	
Reid, H. (D)	-	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	-	70%	

ADA CONGRESSIONAL VOTING RECORD 2008

United States Senate

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ
ADA Position	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	%
NEW HAMPSHIRE																					
Gregg (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	+	-	+	-	15%
Sununu (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	+	X	25%
NEW JERSEY																					
Lautenberg (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Menendez (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
NEW MEXICO																					
Bingaman (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Domenici (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	X	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	20%
NEW YORK																					
Clinton (D)	+	X	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	X	-	X	+	+	+	+	+	70%
Schumer (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
NORTH CAROLINA																					
Burr (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	5%
Dole (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	+	X	+	-	+	40%
NORTH DAKOTA																					
Conrad (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
Dorgan (D)	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
OHIO																					
Brown, S. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
Voinovich (R)	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	25%
OKLAHOMA																					
Coburn (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Inhofe (R)	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	X	-	-	-	5%
OREGON																					
Smith, G. (R)	+	-	+	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	60%
Wyden (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	95%
PENNSYLVANIA																					
Casey (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
Specter (R)	+	-	-	+	-	-	+	+	-	-	+	+	-	X	-	+	+	-	-	+	45%
RHODE ISLAND																					
Reed, J. (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
Whitehouse (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	90%
SOUTH CAROLINA																					
DeMint (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	X	-	X	-	-	-	-	-	-	0%
Graham (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	X	X	-	X	-	-	-	15%
SOUTH DAKOTA																					
Johnson, Tim (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-	+	+	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	80%
Thune (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%
TENNESSEE																					
Alexander, L. (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-	25%
Corker (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	+	-	20%

ADA CONGRESSIONAL VOTING RECORD 2008

United States Senate

Vote Number	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	LQ	
ADA Position	Y	N	Y	Y	N	N	N	Y	Y	N	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Y	%	
TEXAS																						
Cornyn (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	X	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	20%
Hutchison (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	20%
UTAH																						
Bennett (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	+	-	-	15%
Hatch (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10%
VERMONT																						
Leahy (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Sanders (I)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
VIRGINIA																						
Warner (R)	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+	X	-	+	+	-	40%
Webb (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
WASHINGTON																						
Cantwell (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Murray (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	+	95%
WEST VIRGINIA																						
Byrd (D)	+	+	+	X	+	X	X	X	-	-	+	+	-	X	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	55%
Rockefeller (D)	+	-	+	X	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	X	+	+	+	85%
WISCONSIN																						
Feingold (D)	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	100%
Kohl (D)	+	-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	95%
WYOMING																						
Barrasso (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%
Enzi (R)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5%

AYE

EVER WONDERED HOW YOU WOULD SCORE?

NAY

www.adaction.org

ADA's new website is full of exciting new interactive features. You can calculate your own liberal score by answering yes or no on the same votes ADA used to rank your Member of Congress. Use ADA's lobby tools to easily send customizable e-mail messages to your lawmakers. Send letters to the editor of your local paper on the major issues. Receive special email alerts when your help is needed on the issues. Sign petitions, renew your membership, get all the latest news from Washington, and much, much more.

THERE ARE A NUMBER OF WAYS YOU CAN SUPPORT ADA

At this crucial time, please consider giving in one or more of the following ways

- I want to join ADA. My ADA membership dues are enclosed, or bill my credit card below.
 - \$80 family
 - \$55 individual
 - \$30 limited income
 - \$20 student
- I would like to join ADA's sustainer club and give \$ _____ a month for _____ months automatically by secure credit card.
- I want to start an ADA chapter in my community. Please send me information on how to get started!
- I want to host an ADA House Party. Please send me a starter kit.
- I want to make a tax deductible contribution to the ADA Education Fund. My contribution is enclosed.

Name: _____

Address: _____

City: _____ State: _____ Zip: _____

- Please charge \$ _____ to my Visa or Mastercard

Card Number: _____ Exp. Date: _____

Signature: _____

- I have enclosed a check made payable to **ADA** or the **ADA Education Fund**.

Please detach and return to:

**1625 K Street, Suite 210
Washington, DC 20006
or give online at www.adaction.org**



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