

Community Report Dhaka Zila June 2012





Population and Housing Census 2011 Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics Statistics and Informatics Division Ministry of Planning

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BANGLADESH POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS 2011

COMMUNITY REPORT

ZILA: DHAKA June 2012

POPULATION AND HOUSING CENSUS 2011
BANGLADESH BUREAU OF STATISTICS
STATISTICS AND INFORMATICS DIVISION
MINISTRY OF PLANNING
GOVERNMENT OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF
BANGLADESH

COMPLIMENTARY

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Foreword

The fifth population census was conducted over a period of five days starting at the zero hour of 15 March 2011 and completed on the 19 March 2011. Population census indeed is the only recognized source in Bangladesh for quality benchmark database pertaining to population size and its spatial distribution and for various basic demographic characteristics. Along with national level aggregates, the census has generated detailed segregated data at community levels (mahallas/mauzas/villages) of the country being a full-count statistical undertaking. The initiative of publishing zila community reports has been undertaken considering the importance of community level data and information apart from national level in the process of determining policy-strategy and decision-making. The **Dhaka** zila community report is one of those 64 "Community Reports" at zila level.

The census results "at a glance" table for each upazila of **Dhaka** zila have been presented in this report. Tables containing various statistics separately by mahallas, mauzas and villages are incorporated for readers' convenience. I believe that the wide array of census findings presented in this zila community report will be useful to planners and policy makers in formulating, implementing and evaluating responsive development plans and programmes for human resource advancement and overall development. In addition, the census data and information of this report will be helpful for researchers both at home and abroad.

Census is a massive operation. Its success depends on devoted endeavor of census workers and also on participation of people at all levels. We gratefully acknowledge the active participation of all government and private agencies, zila administrations, local governments at various levels including Union Parisads, Upazila Parishads, Paurashavas, Media Groups of the country. Their contribution and all-out support towards making the census a success will always be highly appreciated. I express my gratitude to the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA), European Union (EU), US Census Bureau and USAID for their financial and technical supports for completing this huge task. I am grateful to the Cabinet Secretary and the Secretary, Ministry of Public Administration for their active cooperation. I express my gratitude to the Honorable Minister, Ministry of Planning for his proper guidance and active cooperation in making this census a success.

ICR (Intelligent Character Recognition) machines and iCADE (Integrated Computer Assisted Data Entry) system were used in capturing the census data. CSPro software was used in analyzing and processing of data. It took almost six years to publish the final report of Population and Housing Census 2001 and four years for 1991 Census following the enumeration. For Population and Housing Census 2011, we had reduced the gap by publishing all reports including community and zila reports within the shortest possible time. This is the first time in the census history of Bangladesh that the census reports are being published within 15 months after the enumeration. I express my thanks to the Director General, BBS, Project Director, Mr. Ashim Kumar Dey and all those involved in the effort to finally bring the report out within the shortest time.

Dhaka Ashar, 1419 June, 2012 (Riti Ibrahim)
Secretary
Statistics and Informatics Division
Ministry of Planning
Government of the People's
Republic of Bangladesh

Preface

Bangladesh inherited the tradition of conducting the population census on decennial basis since 1872. The fifth population census of Bangladesh and fifteenth in the region, sequencing the decennial periodicity, was conducted during March 15-19, 2011. The main objective of the census was to collect information on the basic characteristics related to housing, households and population for developing a comprehensive database for all development planning and human resource development programmes as well as economic management.

As per decisions of the National Statistical Council (NSC), Population and Housing Census had been conducted in three phases. In phase I, basic data about all households and individual members of the households were gathered through using ICR formatted questionnaire during March 15-19, 2011. In phase II, quality and coverage of the main count were verified through a Post Enumeration Check (PEC) survey during April 10-14, 2011. For the first time in census history of Bangladesh, the PEC was conducted by an independent organization, Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS). In phase III, detailed socio-economic information was collected by adopting a long machine readable questionnaire in a sample survey held during October 15-25, 2011.

Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics (BBS) started the census preparatory activity from mid 2009 with the updating of maps and area Geo-codes. Several preliminary checks of the questionnaire were made locally. The census questionnaire was pre-tested in selected areas with participation of some experts of the "Technical Committee". Users' and experts' views were taken to finalize the questionnaire. The census field operation and quality of census inputs were tested by two Zonal operations. Accordingly the questionnaire was designed in machine readable format with the technical assistance from US Census Bureau and was printed abroad with the financial assistance from European Union (EU) through the United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA).

To ensure coverage, effective management and close supervision, the entire country was divided into 2,96,718 enumeration areas (EAs) by using enumeration maps. For every group of 6/7 enumerators there was one supervisor. The geo-coding system developed in the previous censuses was checked, updated and computerized.

Modified Defacto Method was adopted in counting the population. Zero hour of the night of 15 March, 2011 was considered as the census moment. On the other hand, the hours between census moment and the following morning (6.00 a.m.) i.e. morning of 15 March, 2011 was reconed as the census night. To avoid omission and duplication, people were counted where they were found in the census night.

For operational convenience all the available officers and staff members of BBS and other organization were mobilized as follows:

Functional Designation	<u>Designation</u>	<u>Number</u>
Chief Census Coordinator	Secretary, Statistics and Informatics Division	1
National Census Coordinator	Director General, BBS	1
Deputy National Census Coordinator	Joint Secretary/Deputy Director General	2
Census Zila Coordinator	Director/Deputy Secretary/Joint Director/Deputy Director/Statistical Officer	130
Upazila Census Coordinator	Upazila Statistical Officer/Assistant Statistical Officer	530
Zonal Officer	USO/ASO/TS/SI/SA/JSA/Officials from other Departments	2612

For actual enumeration 2,96,718 enumerators and 48,531 supervisors were employed from among the local educated unemployed persons of them 50% were females.

A verbatim training manual was prepared and used for imparting uniform training to all the census workers. Audio-Visual training was imparted for the trainees for making uniformity all over the country. Training was given at three levels:

- (i) Training of Master Trainers (Census Zila Coordinators) at Dhaka;
- (ii) Training of Zonal Officers at Zila levels and
- (iii) Training of Supervisors and Enumerators at the local levels.

A calendar of census activities was developed and was adhered to strictly in providing training, distribution of census materials, doing actual enumeration and returning all filled in questionnaire to Dhaka head office census control room.

A Centralized Processing System was developed constituting the census analysis and report writing team. Under the system, Computer editing, Data capture by ICR/iCADE and tabulation through CSPro software were systematically linked.

For ensuring participation of local administration and local bodies in census work census committees were formed at the Zila, Upazila, Paurashava and Union/Ward levels. In addition, Enumerators and Supervisors were appointed from amongst the local educated unemployed youths.

A Standing Technical Committee comprising of well-known local census experts and users of census data was formed at national level to provide technical support to BBS in planning, designing and executing the census. A seminar-cum-expert consultation was held at BBS with the census data users, experts, researchers and educationist to get their views on finalization of census questionnaire and policy related issues.

For creating public awareness and motivation a nation wide publicity campaign was carried out before the census through posters, banners, leaflets, brochures, features film, zingle, miking, radio, television, mobile message and newspaper.

I express my deepest gratitude to Secretary, Statistics and Informatics Division for her wholehearted support and cooperation to the census.

I express my deep gratitude to all Standing Technical Committee members and also to all participants of the Seminar-cum-Expert Consultation for their valuable contributions towards finalizing the questionnaire and the census programme.

I am thankful to all members of the sub-committees on publicity, sampling and report writing for their valuable contribution. I am also thankful to our mass media, local bodies and the people of all level for their wholehearted supports to the census.

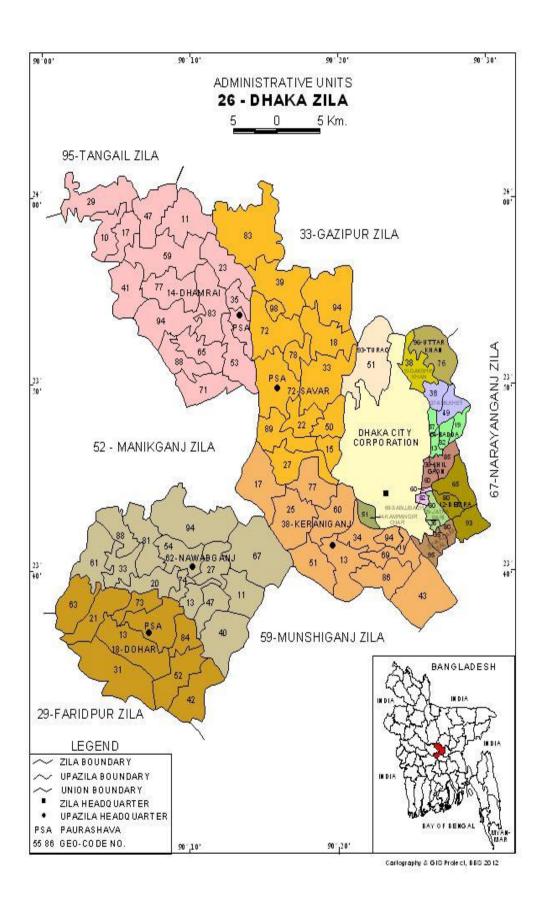
Finally, I thank the Project Director Mr. Ashim Kumar Dey and other officers and staff members of Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics for their untiring efforts in making the census a success within a very short period of time and in publication of this report.

Dhaka Ashar, 1419 June, 2012 (Golam Mostafa Kamal)

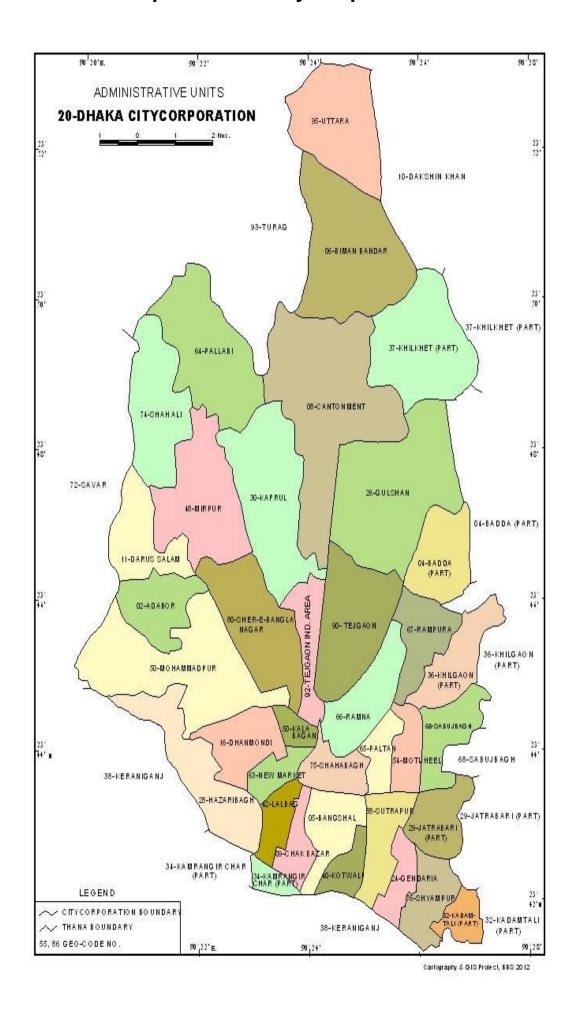
Director General

Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics

Map of Dhaka Zila



Map of Dhaka City Corporation



26 - Dhaka Zila Upazila/Thana and Union with Geo-Code 2011

02-Adabor Thana	26- Gulshan Thana	63- Newmarket Thana
43- Ward No-43	18- Ward No-18	52- Ward No-52
46- Ward No-46 (Part)	19- Ward No-19 (Part)	C4 Polloki Thoma
04- Badda Thana	20- Ward No-20 (Part)	64- Pallabi Thana 02- Ward No-02
13-Badda Thana 13-Badda Union	28- Hazaribagh Thana	02- Ward No-02 03- Ward No-03
13-Badda Offion 17- Ward No-17 (Part)	46- Ward No-46 (Part)	05- Ward No-05
19- Beraid Union	48- Ward No-48 (Part)	06- Ward No-06
21- Ward N0-21	58- Ward No-58	07- Ward No-07(Part)
57- Bhatara Union	oo wala no oo	15- Ward No-15 (Part)
82- Satarkul Union	29- Jatrabari Thana	ro mara no ro (r art)
	35-Dhania (Part) Union	65- Paltan Thana
5- Bangshal Thana	76- Ward No-76 (Part)	36- Ward No-36
63- Ward No-63 (Part)	80- Matuail (Part) Union	
66- Ward No-66 (Part)	84- Ward No-84	66- Ramna Thana
67- Ward No-67 (Part)	85- Ward No-85	53- Ward No-53
68- Ward No-68 (Part)	86- Ward No-86	54- Ward No-54
69- Ward No-69		55- Ward No-55
70- Ward No-70	30- Kafrul Thana	
71- Ward No-71 (Part)	04- Ward No-04	67- Rampura Thana
	14- Ward No-14 (Part)	22- Ward No-22
6- Bimanbandar Thana	15- Ward No-15(Part)	23- Ward No-23
01- Ward- 01 (Part)	16- Ward No-16	
38- Dashin Khan (Part) Union		68- Sabujbagh Thana
98- Ward N0- 98 (Restricted Area -Part)	32- Kadamtali Thana	27- Ward No-27
	35-Dhania (Part) Union	28- Ward No-28
8- Cantonment Thana	80- Matuail (Part) Union	29- Ward No-29
15- Ward N0- 15 (Part)	88- Ward No-88	30- Ward No-30
98- Ward N0- 98 (Restricted Area -Part)	89- Ward No-89	60- Dakshingaon (Part) Union
a al al Barantia d	95- Shyampur Union	82- Manda Union
9- Chak Bazar Thana	00 1/31s1 see The see	70.0
63- Ward N0- 63 (Part)	33- Kalabagan Thana	72- Savar Upazila
64- Ward NO- 64	50- Ward No-50	15- Aminbazar Union
65- Ward NO- 65	51- Ward No-51 (Part)	18- Ashulia Union
66- Ward N0- 66 (Part) 67- Ward N0- 67 (Part)	34- Kamrangir Char Thana	22- Banogram Union 27- Bhakurta Union
07 - Wald NO- 07 (Fait)	51- Sultanganj Union	33- Biralia Union
0- Dakshinkhan Thana	31- Sultanganj Onion	39- Dhamsona Union
38- Dakshinkhan (Part) Union	36- Khilgaon Thana	50- Kaundia Union
30- Daksillikilari (i art) Officir	24- Ward No-24	72- Pathalia (part) Union
1- Darus Salam Thana	25- Ward No-25	78- Savar Union
09- Ward No-09	26- Ward No-26 (Part)	83- Shimulia Union
10- Ward No-10	60-Dakshingaon (Part) Union	89- Tetuljhora Union
10 114140 10	85- Nasirabad Union	94- Yearpur Union
2- Demra Thana	oo madaad omon	or realput eritett
65- Demra Union	37- Khilkhet Thana	Savar Paurashava
80- Matuail (Part) Union	17- Ward No-17 (Part)	01- Ward No-01
93- Saralia Union	38- Dakshinkhan (Part) Union	02- Ward No-02
	49- Dumni Union	03- Ward No-03
4- Dhamrai Upazila		04- Ward No-04
10- Amta Union	38- Keraniganj Upazila	05- Ward No-05
11- Baisakanda Union	11- Aganagar Union	06- Ward No-06
17- Balia Union	13-Basta Union	07- Ward No-07
23- Bhararia Union	17- Hazratpur Union	08- Ward No-08
29- Chauhat Union	25- Kalatia Union	09- Ward No-09
35- Dhamrai Union	34- Kalindi Union	
41- Gangutia Union	43- Konda Union	74- Shah Ali Thana
47- Jadabpur Union	51- Ruhitpur Union	07- Ward No-07(Part)
53- Kulla Ünion	60- Sakta Union	08- Ward No-08
59- Kushura Union	69- Subhadya Union	
65- Nannar Union	77- Taranagar Union	75- Shahbagh Thana
71- Rowail Union	86- Tegharia Union	56- Ward No-56(Part)
77- Sanora Union	94- Zinjira Union	57- Ward No-57
83- Sombhog Union		
88- Suapur Union		76- Shyampur Thana
94- Sutipara Union		83- Ward No-83
		87- Ward No-87

87- Ward No-87 90- Ward No-90

26 - Dhaka Zila Upazila/Thana and Union with Geo-Code 2011

Dhamrai Paurashava	42-Lalbagh Thana	80- Sher-E-Bangla Nagar Thana
01- Ward No-01	56- Ward No-56 (Part)	40- Ward No-40 (Part)
01- Ward No-01 02- Ward No-02	59- Ward No-59	40- Ward No-40 (Fait) 41- Ward No-41
		41- Wald NO-41
03- Ward No-03	60- Ward No-60	OO Outrous Thomas
04- Ward No-04	61- Ward No-61	88- Sutrapur Thana
05- Ward No-05	62- Ward No-62	74- Ward No-74
06- Ward No-06	91- Ward No-91	75- Ward No-75
07- Ward No-07	92- Ward No-92	77- Ward No-77
08- Ward No-08		78- Ward No-78
09- Ward No-09	48- Mirpur Thana	79- Ward No-79
	7- Ward No-7 (Part)	80- Ward No-80 (Part)
16- Dhanmondi Thana	11- Ward No-11	
47- Ward No- 47 (Part)	12- Ward No-12	90- Tejgaon Thana
48- Ward No- 48 (Part)	13- Ward No-13	38- Ward No-38 (Part)
49- Ward No- 49	14- Ward No-14 (Part)	39- Ward No-39
		40- Ward No-40 (Part)
18- Dohar Upazila	50- Mohammadpur Thana	
13- Bilaspur Union	42- Ward No-42	92- Tejgaon Industrial Area Thana
21- Kushumhati Union	44- Ward No-44	20- Ward No-20 (Part)
31- Mahmudpur Union	45- Ward No-45	37- Ward No-37
42- Muksudpur Union	46- Ward No-46 (Part)	38- Ward No-38 (Part)
52- Narisha Union	47- Ward No-47 (Part)	00 11414 110 00 (1 411)
63- Nayabari Union	51- Ward No-51 (part)	93- Turag Thana
73- Roypara Union	0: 11a.a.10 0: (pa.1)	51- Harirampur Union
84- Sutarpara Union	54- Motijheel Thana	or mannampur omon
or ediarpara emen	31- Ward No-31	95- Uttara Thana
Dohar Paurashava	32- Ward No-32	01- Ward No-01 (Part)
01- Ward No-01	33- Ward No-33	or ward no or (rait)
02- Ward No-02	34- Ward No-34	96- Uttar Khan Thana
03- Ward No-03	35- Ward No-35	76- Uttar Khan Union
04- Ward No-04	oo wala no oo	70 Gital Wilan Gillon
05- Ward No-05	62- Nawabganj Upazila	
06- Ward No-06	11- Agla Union	
07- Ward No-07	13- Bakshanagar Union	
08- Ward No-08	20- Bandura Union	
09- Ward No-09	27- Barrah Union	
US- WAILLING-US	33- Baruakhali Union	
24- Gendaria Thana		
	40- Churain Union	
76- Ward No-76 (Part)	47- Galimpur Union	
80- Ward No-80 (Part)	54- Jantrail Union	
81- Ward No-81	61- Joykrishnapur Union	
82- Ward No-82	67- Kailail Union	
40 Katasali Thana	74- Kalakopa Union	
40- Kotwali Thana	81- Nayansree Union	
68- Ward No-68 (Part)	88- Shekaripara Union	
71- Ward No-71 (Part)	94- Sholla Union	
73- Ward No-73		

Main Census Results at National, Division and Zila Levels

			Dhaka Zila	
Items	Bangladesh	Dhaka Division	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	14,40,43,697	4,74,24,418	1,20,43,977	85,11,228
Male	7,21,09,796	2,41,72,317	65,55,792	47,12,330
Female	7,19,33,901	2,32,52,101	54,88,185	37,98,898
Urban	2,74,68,789	1,27,15,797	74,23,137	77,34,825
Other Urban	60,94,394	28,69,038	18,93,906	59,261
Rural	11,04,80,514	3,18,39,583	27,26,934	7,17,142
Annual growth rate	1.47	1.93	3.48	3.84
Sex Ratio				
Total	100	104	119	124
Urban	110	116	125	127
Other Urban	105	112	118	111
Rural	98	99	107	98
Households (HH)				
Total	3,21,73,630	1,08,49,315	27,86,133	17,96,950
Urban	61,33,012	29,10,693	16,84,986	16,39,806
Other Urban	13,69,028	6,69,994	4,52,261	12,719
Rural	2,46,71,590	72,68,628	6,48,886	1,44,425
Average HH Size	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , ,	-, -,	, , , -
Total	4.44	4.32	4.21	4.66
Urban	4.36	4.25	4.26	4.64
Other Urban	4.42	4.24	4.15	4.52
Rural	4.46	4.36	4.15	4.93
Area sq. km	147569.06	31177.74	1463.60	1459.55
Area sq. mile	56976.00	12037.00	565.00	563.00
Density per sq. km	976	1521	8229	5831
Density per sq. mile	2528	3940	21313	15103
Urbanization (%)	23.30	32.86	77.36	91.57
` ′	23.30	32.80	77.30	91.57
Literacy (%)	54.0	510	70.5	04.0
Both Sex	51.8	54.2	70.5	64.8
Male	54.1	57.0	73.6	69.6
Female	49.4	51.3	66.9	58.7
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	52.7	50.7	47.3	38.2
Male	54.6	52.5	49.6	40.1
Female	50.8	48.9	44.8	36.2
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	14,97,72,364	4,93,21,688	1,25,17,361	90,36,647
Male	7,49,80,386	2,51,40,072	68,13,453	50,03,350
Female	7,47,91,978	2,41,81,616	57,03,908	40,33,297
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	545	163	46	27
Union	4,562	1,256	86	75
Mauza	54,327	15,517	974	1019
Village	87,191	25,213	1,999	1,864
City Corporation	6	1	1	1
City Ward	283	92	92	90
City Mahalla	1,909	855	855	731
Paurashava	310	85		2
Paura Ward	2,914	795	3 27	18
Paura Mahalla	8,667	2,499	133	99

Note: No. of mauzas in Population and Housing Census 2011 refers to the inhabited mauzas only.

CHAPTER - 1

Introduction:

The population and housing census is the unique source of reliable and comprehensive data about the size of the population of the country, major socio-economic and socio-demographic characteristics.

It is the total process of collecting, compiling, evaluating, analyzing and publishing or otherwise disseminating demographic, economic and social data pertaining, at a specified time, to all persons in a country. The essential features of a population census are individual enumeration, universality within a defined territory, simultaneity and defined periodicity.

The population and housing census provides information on the geographic and administrative distribution of the population and household in addition to the demographic and socioeconomic characteristics of all the people in the country. The data from the census are classified, tabulated and disseminated so that political leaders, election officials, planners, national organizations including NGOs and civil society, regional and international organizations can use the data in decision-making.

The purpose of community report is to disseminate census data by communities (ward/mahalla in urban area and union/mauza/village in rural area). Data on all key variables namely area, household, population by sex and age group, ethnic population, literacy rate, marital status, school attendance, employment status and religion as well as physical facilities such as source of drinking water, sanitation, electricity and dwelling units have been presented in this report. The planners, researchers and policy makers as well as development partners and community administrators will find this report as a valuable reference for use in advising plans and programs for advancing welfare and well-being of the common people, in particular and the community in general.

Census and its Periodicity:

Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics is in charge of conducting the Population and Housing Census. The practice of census taking in the area, now Bangladesh, started in 1872. Thereafter, another census was conducted in 1881 and from then on the decennial periodicity of census was maintained with the exception of 1971 cycle which was held up and delayed till the year 1974 because of liberation war. The 1974 census was the first census in Bangladesh after her emergence as a new independent nation in 1971. Bangladesh went back to the decennial periodicity and held the second, third, and fourth censuses in the years 1981, 1991 and 2001. The 2011 census is the 5th after independence of Bangladesh.

Objectives: The population census was carried out to achieve the following objectives:

- ► To determine the population and the number of households of the country;
- ► To obtain data on demographic characteristics by gender;
- ▶ To obtain data on disability;
- ▶ To collect information on housing, household structure and other selected facilities;
- ► To generate data on gender specific occupation and participation in economic activities;
- ► To gather basic information on ethnic people and
- ▶ To prepare socio-economic database for policy makers, planners and researchers etc.

Census Phasing: The census data collection was completed in three phases.

Phase I - Main Count: Collection of basic information for all households and individuals using an ICR formatted Questionnaire.

Phase II- Post Enumeration Check (PEC): A PEC survey was carried out to measure quality and coverage of the main census count. The survey was conducted immediately after receiving filled-in census questionnaires in Dhaka head office. For the first time in census history of Bangladesh, the PEC was conducted by an independent organization, Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS).

Phase III- Sample Census: A sample census (large scale sample survey) was carried out at the last phase. For this undertaking, ICR formatted long questionnaire was adopted to supplement the data of the main census. Being a programme of much wider information coverage, the sample census provided detailed data relating to population and household characteristics including fertility, mortality, morbidity, migration etc.

Census Operation:

Census Planning: The census preparatory work programme was mounted in mid 2009. A census work-plan was prepared defining in details the activities to be performed and completed by specific dates in each calendar year. Field instruction manual and training manual were produced for census workers of different stages. These manuals provided precise guidelines regarding: (i) duties and responsibilities to be performed at all levels, (ii) lessons to be given when imparting trainings to field supervisors and enumerators, (iii) mapping and geo-coding operation to be done, (iv) questionnaire to be filled-up, (v) enumeration and supervision disciplines to be adhered to, (vi) census workers to be put in place (vii) census materials to be distributed and (viii) publicity plan to be implemented.

Mapping:

The updated and well furnished map is one of the basic instruments to the success of any population and housing census. The primary objectives of the mapping operation is (i) to update the produced GIS maps and delineate enumeration areas (EA) in the country to facilitate the smooth counting of inhabitants during enumeration and (ii) fundamentally to ascertain that all areas are covered and that everyone in the country is counted with minimal possibility of under or over counting.

Household counting for EA demarcation and concurrent EA mapping activities were carried out in two phases beginning from May, 2009. The First phase, confined to exclusively rural areas, necessitated updating and preparing union, mauza, and control maps. The second phase was initiated only for urban coverage in view of the complex task associated with household and EA boundary identifications due to quite dense habitations in urban localities. All urban ward, mahalla, and control maps were updated and/or newly prepared showing current boundaries. BBS used GIS Maps for field operation for the first time in census history of Bangladesh. GIS Maps Project of BBS produced the maps from aerial photography. The updated maps were used for zonal operations. All maps were finally checked and updated during zonal operations. The updated EA maps were used for main census, PEC and sample census.

Designing and Pre-testing of Questionnaire: The contents of census questionnaire were determined based on data needs assessed on government current priorities and also recommendations of technical committee experts. Several preliminary checks of the questionnaire were made locally. Lastly, the questionnaire was pre-tested in selected areas with participation of some experts of the technical committee. Satisfactory pre-test results were resolved finalising a two moduled questionnaire for adoption in the census. Accordingly the questionnaire was designed in machine readable format with the technical assistance from US Census Bureau and was printed abroad with the financial assistance from European Union (EU) through United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA).

Questionnaire: A two moduled questionnaire was used for the main census. As many as 25 questions were included in it. Of them 11 questions relating to housing and household characteristics were covered in household module. The remaining 14 questions focusing on household individuals were incorporated in individual module. The questionnaire items were identification, address of household, number and structure of house including tenancy, toilet facility, access to electricity, ethnicity, individual age, sex, religion, marital status, literacy, disability, education and working status. All data on the items were collected through visiting house to house and interviewing head of the household or responsible member in absence of head of the household.

Zonal Operation: Two zonal operations were executed in both urban and rural areas. These operations allowed setting up a system germane to: (i) involve local people in the census, (ii) interact with local bodies, and (iii) ensure efficient field work arrangements.

The first zonal operation was held during May-July 2010 in 3 (three) phases. In first phase it covered 39 zilas, second phase 17 zilas and third phase 8 zilas. During first zonal operation the following tasks were completed:

- a) Updating geo-code list;
- b) Updating Mauza and Mahalla maps with demarcation of EA boundaries;
- c) Preparing Supervisor sketch maps;
- d) Preparing primary list of local enumerators and supervisors with names and addresses and
- e) Identifying depopulated Mauzas and Mahallas

Besides, Zonal Officers introduced themselves to the public representatives of different bodies and local administration and sought their support and cooperation in completing census activities successfully.

The second zonal operation was mounted just three months prior, i.e. November-December 2010, to conduct the main census in March, 2011. This schedule ensured the smooth flow of census activities including field management system. The second zonal operation featured completing tasks such as:

- (a) instituting census committees in zilas, upazilas/thanas, wards/unions, paurashavas and city corporations,
- (b) interacting with local bodies,
- (c) verifying supervisor maps and getting those finalised,
- (d) finalising the lists of supervisors and enumerators and
- (e) checking and endorsing locations and available facilities of training centres selected to train enumerators and supervisors. All these activities were performed by 2,612 Zonal Officers under supervision of 130 Census Zila Coordinators who were engaged from BBS and other ministries.

In forming EAs, the terrains and habitation patterns of localities were taken into consideration. Mauza/Ward maps were used for exact identifications of EAs within mauzas and wards. During census enumeration final base maps and supervisor maps were used by the zonal officers, enumerators and supervisors for field control and overcoming coverage errors.

Organization: The lowest unit of census was enumeration area (EA). All over the country as many as 2,96,718 EAs were delineated. Above them there were 48,531 supervisors' areas (SAs) with every SA having 6-7 EAs. For each EA one enumerator and each SA one supervisor were appointed temporarily from amongst local educated youths. Females were given priority in selecting enumerators and supervisors. Enumerators and supervisors were controlled by 2,612 Zonal Officers. Immediately above zonal officers there were 130 Census Zila Co-coordinators deployed from Class-I officers of BBS and other ministries. The Project Director of Population and Housing Census Project was the co-ordinator of field activities and maintained liaison with higher authority and different organisations. The Director General of Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics acted as the National Coordinator. The Secretary of Statistics and Informatics Division was the Chief Census Coordinator who guided the whole system of census programme and implementation.

The local administration and public representatives participated in the census through census committees formed for City Corporations, Paurashavas, Zilas, Upazilas, Wards, and Union Parisads. The Mayors of City Corporations and Paurashavas, Deputy Commissioners, Upazila Chairmen, Ward Commissioners and Chairmen of Union Parishads headed respective census committees with BBS officials being the Member-Secretaries.

Central census control room was established at Dhaka headquarters of BBS (Parishankhan Bhaban) under active supervision of the Project Director. Similarly control rooms were established in each spheres of administrative levels namely zila, upazila and union. These control rooms functioned round the clock during entire field enumeration period. A number of officials were engaged to provide logistics during census field activities, monitored constantly the

census performance, informed the National Coordinator and Chief Census Co-ordinator about performance status and obtained their instructions for successful completion of the census.

Enumeration: The population across all over of the country was counted at a stretch in five days from 15-19 March 2011 using machine readable questionnaires. The counting began at zero hour of 15 March 2011. Floating people were counted from zero-hour till 6.00 am (the hours called census night) at the places where they were detected passing the night. In case of households, on the other hand, all members were enumerated in their residences. The modified de-facto method was followed in counting, i.e. every person was counted at the place where he/she stayed in the census night except the people on board and on duty, counted at their residence.

Data Capturing/Processing: The adoption of Intelligence Character Recognition (ICR) strategy was planned for census data capturing. As such, ICR machines were procured. BBS had gathered experience in OMR and OCR techniques data capturing from earlier censuses of 1981, 1991 and 2001. The ICR technology was introduced at this census in BBS. US Census Bureau supported BBS in using CapturePro and iCADE (Integrated Computer Assisted Data Entry) system for data capturing. For analyzing and tabulating census data CSPro software was used.

iCADE: Integrated Computer Assisted Data Entry provides digital images of respondent questionnaires. Data is processed through OMR, OCR, and KFI, quality assurance, and automated detailed tracking of each step in the process.

Steps:

- 1. **Batching and Batch Identification:** Completed Census Questionnaires are batched for processing. An identifying batch cover sheet is created. Batch status numbers are kept in the database along with other relevant metadata.
- 2. **Scanning:** Each page from the batched Census Questionnaires is scanned into a TIFF Image. In each step status info is kept in the database.
- 3. **Autoregistration:** Autoregistration relates images to the Master Template, registers Form barcodes, and reads checkboxes. There may be preliminary "mini" OCR processing here. Autoregistration then creates a script with data captured so far.
- 4. **Manual Registration:** Images where auto-registration detected positional tolerance errors are sent to a clerk, who resolves skewing and bar code issues and repairs checkbox ambiguities. The OMR clerk examines all checkboxes.
- 5. **Batch Completeness/Exception Review:** Batch Completeness identifies batches with problems, forms with missing, loose, or duplicate pages, batched not scanned, scanned not batched. In Exception Review, the clerk researches each issue (checking paper forms if needed) and takes appropriate action.
- 6. **OCR Review:** Converts designated handwritten and printed text fields to electronic data, with greater than 99% accuracy for numbers. A clerk then reviews OCR results, verifying all 1s, 2s, etc. Any rejected field must be reprocessed using KFI.
- 7. Key From Image (KFI): The OMR portion of the program will capture check box data prior to KFI. KFI technology guides a keying clerk to the write-in fields on the form where the system detects presence. Furthermore, a keyer will not be taken to any fields already read by the OCR engine. Keyers may also re-register skewed pages or correct checkbox answers.
- 8. **Quality Assurance (QA):** Two samples are drawn, one from the OCR read "universe" and one from the KFI keyed-in "universe". They are sent to an independent keyer to be rekeyed. OCR and KFI may have different sampling rates and different accept/reject quality rates. These results are then verified against the earlier captured data, and discrepancies are presented and corrected by analysts.
- 9. Sample Verification, Classification and Adjudication: A sample of the fields is keyed in by an independent verifier. A classifier reviews images and data from OCR/KFI and compares with verifier's data. An adjudicator determines final truth and decides if the batch is acceptable, and determines the cause of discrepancies, which may be charged against the original keyer.
- 10. **Remainder Verifier, Classifier and Adjudicator:** If batch quality for either universe is unacceptable, all remaining fields are rekeyed by a verifier, and results are compared and corrected by a classifier, and adjudicated by a final adjudicator.

All records were subject to an efficient computer edit and imputation programme. The errors and inconsistencies, if detected, were imputed by applying both 'hot-deck' and 'cold-deck' methods. For all zilas, separate files were maintained. The census tabulation plan was finalised through technical committee recommendations admitted of options for comparing most of the individual cells with 2001 census results. The tabulation programme was developed in CSPro and thoroughly tested before adopting for census tabulation. All tables generated were transferred to MS Excel/MS Word format for ensuring correct headings and footnotes.

Publication: The census reports to be published will provide population information at the national, zila and community levels. Besides the Community Reports, National, Analytical, Zila Reports, Socio- economic & Demographic Report, Administrative Report and some Thematic Area Reports will be published during the coming months.

Post Enumeration Check (PEC): To assess coverage of the census an effectively designed Post Enumeration Check (PEC) survey was conducted just a month after completing the census. Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) conducted the PEC survey. The PEC survey data were collected during 10-14 April 2011. The net under coverage rates estimated separately for national level aggregate and also for rural, urban, other urban (Upazila Headquarters) and City Corporation areas are given below:

Locality	Net error rate (%)
National	3.97
Rural	3.80
Urban	5.26
Other Urban (UHQ)	4.07
City Corporation	3.86

The full PEC survey report can be obtained from Bangladesh Institute of Development Studies (BIDS) and the following online addresses of Bangladesh Bureau of Statistics and BIDS respectively:

www.bbs.gov.bd and www.bids.org.bd

Chapter -2

Concepts and Definitions:

The concepts and definitions adopted for the census and those presented in this report are as follows:

2.1 Census Moment

It is the precise time hour fixed for starting up census enumeration nationwide. In the census the zero hour of 15 March 2011 was the census moment.

2.2 Census Night

The time span from census moment to 6:00 am of 15 March 2011 was the census night.

2.3 Census Period

It denotes the days devoted to complete the census enumeration activities. In this census 15-19 March 2011 made up the census period.

2.4 Reference period

It is reference time cut off to which particular sets of census date items relate. In this census two reference periods were used. These are:

- i) Field of Economic Activity: One week preceding census moment (8 to 14 March 2011)
- ii) For other variables: Census night.

2.5 Modified De-facto Method

It means the system of enumerating people at places of their stay in the census night. Adhering to this method the counting of floating population across the country was completed during census night by interviewing them just at places of their night stay except the people on duty or on board. The remaining vast number of people found in usual residences were counted (including people on duty or on board) during 5 (five) days census period by fixing places of their stay during census night.

2.6 Floating Population

People detected passing the census night at railway stations, launch ghats, bus terminals, boats, temples, pagodas, mosques, hotels (boarders), footpaths, under building-stairs, overpass/underpass and some other unusual places. Also the people who were fishing at deep sea and hiving in the forest especially in the Sundarbans were treated as floating population.

2.7 Household

Persons, either related or unrelated, living together and taking food from the same kitchen constitute a household. A single person living and eating alone forms one-person household. Households are classified into three groups as defined below:

- i) **General (dwelling) Household:** Includes all households having usual dwelling places. In 2001 census it was used as dwelling household.
- ii) Institutional Household: Hospitals, clinics, jails, barracks, orphanages, hostels/halls of educational institutions etc. were treated as Institutional Households.
- iii) **Other Household:** Includes those households other than general and institutional found in census night such as messes, shops, offices etc.

2.8 Ownership and Tenancy of Dwelling Unit

Tenancy status of dwelling units distinguishes the following three classes:

- Owner: Dwelling unit found occupied and used by household owning it.
- ii) Rented: Dwelling unit found occupied and used under arrangement of contractually
- iii) Rent free: Dwelling unit found occupied and used without rent.

2.9 Literacy

It denotes ability to write a letter in any language. Literacy status assessment is made for population 7 years and over, 15 years and over, and also for population of all ages.

Community

It refers to the following five lower geographic, administrative or revenue units:

- i) **Union:** Smallest administrative rural geographic unit comprising of mauzas and villages and having union parishad institution.
- ii) Mauza: Smallest revenue geographic unit having Jurisdiction List (JL) number.
- iii) **Village:** Lowest rural geographic unit either equivalent to a mauza or part of a mauza.
- iv) **Ward:** Smallest administrative urban geographic unit comprising of mahallas and having ward council institution.
- v) **Mahalla:** Lowest urban geographic unit having identifiable boundaries.

2.10 Urban Area

It corresponds with area developed around a central place having such amenities as metalled roads, improved communication, electricity, gas, water supply, sewerage, sanitation and also having comparatively higher density of population with majority population in non-agriculture occupations.

- i) City Corporation: It includes city corporation area declared by the Ministry of Local Government.
- ii) Paurashava/Municipality Area (PSA): It includes paurashavas incorporated and administered by local government under Paurashava Ordinance, 1977.
- iii) Other Urban Area (OUA): It includes those upazila headquarters which are not paurashavas. The only exception is the 17 unions adjacent to Dhaka City Corporation under Dhaka Metropolitan Area. These unions are treated as other urban areas on the basis of their urban characteristics.

Chapter -3 About Dhaka Zila

Background, Geographic Area and Location: Dhaka zila, the site of capital city was formerly a subdivision of Dhaka zila. There are different views about the origin of the zila name. One opinion was that the name Dhaka was derived from the word Dhakka (meaning watch station) which was required to be set up to the water-ways near the present city of Dhaka. According to other opinion, the zila name originated from the name of the prominent temple Dhakeswari where large number of Hindus used to worship goddess kali. It is bounded on the north by Gazipur and Tangail zilas, on the east by Narayanganj zila, on the south by Munshinganj and Faridpur zilas and on the west by Manikganj zila. It lies between 23°53` and 24°06` north latitudes and between 90°01' and 90°37' east longitudes. The total area of the zila is 1463.60 sq. km. (565.00 sq. miles).

Annual Average Temperature and Rainfall: Maximum 34.5°C, minimum 11.5°C and rainfall 1931mm.

Main Rivers: Padma, Kaliganga, Dhaleshwari, Ichamati, Shitalakshya, Buriganga; small rivers are Bangshi, Turag, Balu, Elamjani, Alam, Bherujkha, Ramkrishnadi, Elisamari, Tulsikhali.

Noted Beels: Beels Belai, Saldaher, Labandaher, Churain, Damsharan and Kiranjir Beel.

Dhaka (Town) stands on the bank of the river Buriganga. It consists of forty one thanas namely ADABOR, GULSHAN, NEW MARKET, BADDA, PALLABI, HAZARIBAG, BIMANBANDAR, CANTONMENT, DEMRA, DHANMONDI, KAFRUL, KAMRANGIR CHAR, KHILGAON, SUTRAPUR, TEJGAON, SHYAMPUR, KOTWALI, LALBAGH, MIRPUR, MOHAMMADPUR, MOTIJHEEL, UTTARA, RAMNA, SABUJBAGH, BANGSHAL, CHAK BAZAR, DAKSHINKHAN, DARUS SALAM, GENDARIA, JATRABARI, KADAMTALI, KALABAGAN, KHILKHET, PALTAN, RAMPURA, SHAH ALI, SHAHBAGH, SHER-E-BANGLA NAGAR, TEJGAON INDUSTRIAL AREA, TURAG and UTTAR KHAN.

Dhaka municipality was established in 1864 and was turned into a Town Committee in 1960. The name of the Town Committee was changed to Dhaka Municipality in 1972. It was turned into a Municipal Corporation in 1983. Finally it was elevated to City Corporation in 1991. Dhaka is the capital city of Bangladesh. The town has 88 cinema halls, 351 clubs, 55 playground, 136 government and private hospitals and clinics, 4 parks, 4 national stadiums, 17 public and private universities, 4 government medical colleges, 11 private medical colleges. Other important establishments include Bangladesh Supreme Court, High Court, Judge Court, diplomatic missions of many countries, Bangladesh Secretariat, National Museum, National Zoo, and head offices of various sectors and corporations, government departments, business houses and NGOs.

Administration: Dhaka zila was established in 1772. The zila consists of 46 upazilas/thanas, 86 unions, 974 mauzas, 1999 villages, 1 City Corporation, 92 City Wards, 855 City Mahallas, 3 paurashavas, 27 wards and 133 mahallas. The upazilas are DHAMRAI, DOHAR, KERANIGANJ, NAWABGANJ and SAVAR.

Archaeological Heritage and Relics: LALBAGH FORT and the tomb of Bibi Pari (1668), BARA KATRA (1641), CHHOTA KATRA and the tomb of Bibi Champa (1663), Ancient Fort and the palace of the Nawab (Jail Hospital, 1638), AHSAN MANZIL (1872), HUSAINI DALAN (1642), Binod Bibi Mosque (1456 AD), Seven Domed Mosque (1676), Chawk Mosque (1676), Bibi Meher Mosque (1814), Armanitola Mosque (1716), Khawja Shahbaj Mosque (1679), Shayesta Khan Mosque (1664-78), Khawja Ambar Mosque (1677-78), Moriam Saleh Mosque (1706), Sitara Begum Mosque (1815), Farruk Shayer Mosque (1703-1704), Tara Mosque, Azimpur Mosque (1746), Kartalab Khan Mosque (1700-1704), Holy Rosary Church (1678), Setara Begum Mosque (1819), Bagmara Math (Nawabganj), Home stead of Raja Harish Chandra (eighteenth century, Savar), Shree Shree Sani Ashram and Math (1199 AD), Dhakeshwari Mandir (eventeenth century), Jaykali Mondir, Bahadur Shah Park, Nimtali Deuri (Asiatic Society of Bangladesh, 1765).

Historical Events: Once upon a time Dhaka was ruled by the Hindu Kings. The Pala and the Sena dynasties ruled Dhaka for many years. It was not until early fourteenth century when the Muslim rulers began to come to Bengal. Dhaka was made the capital of Bengal in 1608 and Islam Khan renamed Dhaka as Jahangirnagar after the name of Emperor Jahangir. In the eighteenth century Dhaka lost political importance when Murshid Quli Khan transferred the capital of Bengal from Dhaka to Murshidabad. But Dhaka never lost its commercial importance.

Dhaka is very closely related with the politics of the post 1947 political history. Mentions may be made of LANGUAGE MOVEMENT of 1952, six-point programme of 1966, mass upsurge in 1969, historic speech of BANGABANDHU SHEIKH MUJIBUR RAHMAN on 7 March 1971, signing the document of surrender of Pak army on 16 December 1971, etc. During the War of Liberation the Pak army conducted massive killings and plundering in Dhaka.

Once indigo was being cultivated centring round Joypara of Dohar upazila. During 1920s the people of Dhaka were seriously influenced by the Non Co-operation Movement led by Mahatma Gandhi. Avay

Ashram was established at Dohar in 1922-23 following the ideals of Gandhi. The All India Convention of Gandhi Seba Sangha was held at village Malikandha of Dohar upazila in 1940. On this occasion Gandhi came here and stayed for two days.

Marks of the War of Liberation Mass grave: near Kalampur Bazar (Dhamrai), South Kamlapur (Dhaka), NATIONAL MARTYRS' MEMORIAL (Savar), mass killing site at Rayerbazar, Memorial Monument for intellectuals at Mirpur, Central Shaheed Minar, Amar Ekushey and Sangsaptak Sculptures (Jahangirnagar University), Aparajeyo Bangla and Soparjita Swadhinata (Dhaka University), Shahid Jahangir Gate, etc.

Noted Graveyards: Azimpur, Banani and Narinda Christian graveyard

Main Crops: Paddy, jute, wheat, potato, peanut, onion, garlic, chilly, ginger, betel nut, pulse, corn, sugarcane and vegetables. Extinct or nearly extinct crops are Asha Kumari and Koulgi paddy, linseed, sesame, jute, cotton, mustard seed, china, chhola and kaun.

Main Fruits: Mango, jackfruit, papaya, guava, olive, coconut, kul and banana.

Major Communication Hubs: Hazrat Shahjalal International Airport, Kamlapur Railway Station, Sadarghat Launch Terminal and the bus stands at Saidabad. Gabtali and Mahakhali.

Traditional Transport: Palanquin, horse carriage, goina boat and bullock cart. These means of transport are either extinct or nearly extinct.

Manufacturing Industries: Ceramic industry, beverage industry, press and publication, garments industry, foot ware, jute mills, textile mills, printing and dying factory, transformer industry, automobile industry, biscuit and bread factory, pharmaceutical industry, cosmetic industry, soap factory, rice mill, flour mill, ice factory, ball pen industry, polythene industry, saw mill, brick field, cold storage, weling, plant nursery, etc. Besides, there are many spare parts work shops at Nawabpur, Bangshal, Dholai Khal Par and Sutrapur areas of Dhaka.

Cottage industries weaving, jamdani sari, brass and bronze works, bamboo and cane works, goldsmith, blacksmith, potteries, wood work. Once MUSLIN of Dhaka was famous.

Hats Bazars and Fairs:

Noted Hats: Gabtali Cattle Market, Sarulia Hat (Demra Upazila), Dhamrai, Shreerampur, Kalampur (Dhamrai Upazila), Joypara, Kartikpur, Dohar, Medhula (Dohar Upazila).

Noted Bazars: Kawran Bazar, Captan Bazar, Waiz Ghat, Chawk Bazar, Tanti Bazar, Thatari Bazar, Naya Bazar, Bangla Bazar, Babu Bazar, Moulvi Bazar, Rayer Bazar, Siddique Bazar, Swari Ghat; Noted Markets and Shopping Centres: Dhaka New Market, Baitul Mukarram Super Market, Gulshan Market, Pir Eamini Market, Aziz Super Market, Eastern Plaza, Elephant Road, Banga Bazar, Mauchak, Dhanmondi Hawkers' Market, Gaochia Market.

Noted Fairs: Dhaka International Trade Fair, Ekushey Book Fair, Ramna Baishaki Mela, Dhamrai Rath Jatra Mela, Dhamrai Poush Samkranti Mela, Bahauttar Prahar Mela at Savar, Bairagi Mela at Nawabganj.

Residential Hotels: Ruposhi Bangla (Dhaka Sheraton) Hotel, Pan Pacific Sonargaon Hotel, Hotel Purbani, Hotel Sundar Ban, Hotel Westin, Hotel Raddison etc.

Main Exports: Rice, mustard seed, vegetables, peanut, banana, coconut, jackfruit, ready made garments, medicine, cosmetics, electronics, electrical goods etc.

Census Administration: For census operation Dhaka zila was divided into 14 census zilas, 24265 EAs, 3604 Supervisors Areas and 231 Zones. Each zone consisted of about 100 enumeration areas. The large mauzas/mahallah/villages were divided into two or more enumeration areas and small mauzas/mahallah/villages were merged to form an enumeration area consisting of about 120 households, keeping in view the terrain and habitation pattern of the locality.

Source: Banglapedia and BBS

BADDA THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	5,36,621	3,59,256
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	3.02.228	1,98,172
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	2,34,393	1,61,084
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	1,90,761	3.59.256
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	3,45,860	0,33,230
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0,45,000	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	4.03	0
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	٦.00	
Total	119	124	129	123
Urban	125	127	135	123
Other Urban	118	111	126	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)	101	00		Ů
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	1,29,673	79,359
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	46,066	79,359
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	83,607	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	3, 13,555	.,, .20		Ţ.
Total	4.21	4.66	4.08	4.51
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.06	4.51
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.10	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sg. km	1463.60	1459.55		49.85
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53		19.24
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	_	7207
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103		18663
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	72.3	62.3
Male	73.6	69.6	75.6	67.4
Female	66.9	58.7	67.9	55.9
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	55.5	33.7	0.10	00.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	43.4	33.6
Male	49.6	40.1	45.7	36.2
Female	44.8	36.2	41.0	30.9
Population (Adjusted)		33.2		00.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	5,58,066	3,83,871
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	3,14,301	2,11,722
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	2,43,765	1,72,149
Geographic Unit	33,33,33	,,		.,,
Upazila/Thana	46	26	_	-
Union	86	109	4	3
Mauza	974	585	10	16
Village	1,999	1,922	47	49
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	2
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	15

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Badda is an urban thana within Dhaka Metropolitan Area. It is created from Gulshan thana in 1993. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name has been derived from the name of Badda mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°46′ and 23°47′ north latitudes and between 90°25′ and 90°29′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Bimanbandar thana, on the east by Rupganj upazila of Narayanganj Zila, on the south by Khilgaon thana and on the west by Gulshan thana.

BIMANBANDAR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana					
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Population (Enumerated)	=5				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	10,626	5,079	
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	6,207	3,016	
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	4,419	2,063	
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	5,112	5,079	
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	5,514	0	
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0	
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	7.54		
Sex Ratio					
Total	119	124	140	146	
Urban	125	127	159	146	
Other Urban	118	111	126	0	
Rural	107	98	0	0	
Households (HH)					
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	2,262	1,021	
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	1,019	1,021	
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	1,243	0	
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0	
Average HH Size					
Total	4.21	4.66	4.10	4.47	
Urban	4.26	4.64	3.92	4.47	
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.24	0.00	
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00	
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	=	4.46	
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	1.72	
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	1136	
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	2936	
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00	
Literacy (%)					
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	82.7	78.9	
Male	73.6	69.6	86.2	82.2	
Female	66.9	58.7	77.7	73.9	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1		7 0.0	
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	58.2	37.1	
Male	49.6	40.1	54.8	38.1	
Female	44.8	36.2	62.3	35.8	
Population (Adjusted)		33.2		00.0	
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	11,072	5,423	
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	6,472	3,219	
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	4.600	2,204	
Geographic Unit	3.,00,000	.0,00,20.	.,000	_,	
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-	
Union	86	109	1	1	
Mauza	974	585	1	1	
Village	1,999	1,922	2	2	
Paurashava	3	2	0	0	
Paura Ward	27	18	0	2	
Paura Mahalla	133	99	1	2	
	100				

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Biman Bandar thana is the fourth smallest thana of Dhaka zila came into existence in 1999 and was named Biman Bandar thana. The thana was created on meeting up the demand accrued from proper maintaining the law and order situation of the Hazrat Shahjalal (R) International Airport. It is included in Dhaka Metropolitan Area.

Location: It is located between 23°50′ and 23°51′-north latitudes and between 90°23′ and 90°45′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north and on the east by Uttara thana, on the south by Badda and Cantonment thanas and on the west by Pallabi thana.

CANTONMENT THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,31,864	1,17,464
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	75,201	69,677
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	56,663	47,787
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	1.31.864	1.17.464
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	1.15	(-)4.72
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	1.10	()4.12
Total	119	124	133	146
Urban	125	127	133	146
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)		J.	<u> </u>	,
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	25,956	19,627
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	25,956	19,627
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	1, 1,11	, , -	-	
Total	4.21	4.66	4.42	4.94
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.42	4.94
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	_	10.44
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	4.03
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	11251
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	29147
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	84.9	83.6
Male	73.6	69.6	88.8	88.4
Female	66.9	58.7	79.5	76.3
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	55.4	46.7
Male	49.6	40.1	54.4	46.2
Female	44.8	36.2	56.6	47.2
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,37,807	1,24,288
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	78,634	73,725
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	59,173	50,563
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	1
Paura Mahalla	133	99	5	8

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Cantonment, an urban thana within Dhaka city corporation, came into existence in 1976. In the past, it was a part of Tajgaon thana. After independence, new administrative arrangement was made to separate the cantonment area though creating a new thana.

Location: It is located between 23°46′ and 23°50′ north latitudes and between 90°23′ and 90°25′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Biman Bandar thana, on the east by Gulshan thana, on the south by the Tejgaon and Kafrul thanas and on the west by Mirpur and Pallabi thanas.

DEMRA THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,26,679	4,27,972
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	1,21,805	2,38,173
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,04,874	1,89,799
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	1,04,874	4.27.972
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	2,26,679	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	2,20,073	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-6.07	(-)1.95
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	0.07	()1.50
Total	119	124	116	125
Urban	125	127	0	125
Other Urban	118	111	116	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)	101			Ü
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	52,982	91,384
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	0_,552	91,384
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	52,982	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0_,552	0
Average HH Size	5, 15,555	.,,.=0		J. Company
Total	4.21	4.66	4.23	4.67
Urban	4.26	4.64	0	4.67
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.23	0
Rural	4.15	4.93	0	0
Area sg. km	1463.6	1459.55	-	39.65
Area sq. mile	565.1	563.53	-	15.31
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	_	10791
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	_	27954
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100	100
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	73.1	64.2
Male	73.6	69.6	75.3	67.7
Female	66.9	58.7	70.6	59.7
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	70.0	00.1
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	52.4	40.2
Male	49.6	40.1	55.1	41.7
Female	44.8	36.2	49.7	38.5
Population (Adjusted)	11.0	00.2	10.7	00.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,35,912	4,58,252
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,26,766	2,54,995
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,09,146	2,03,257
Geographic Unit	33,33,33		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_,
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	3	3
Mauza	974	585	19	27
Village	1,999	1,922	29	47
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	3
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	9

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Derma, an urban thana of Dhaka Statistical Metropolitan Area, came into existence in 1976. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. There is a general belief that the thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°41′ and 23°43′ north latitudes and between 90°27′ and 90°30′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Gulshan thana, on the east by Narayanganj Sadar thana, on the south by Shyampur thana and on the west by Motijheel and Sutrapur thanas.

DHAMRAI UPAZILA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Upazila					
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Population (Enumerated)	=\$11			2001	
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	4,12,418	3,50,168	
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	2,07,078	1,78,128	
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	2,05,340	1,72,040	
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	56,777	0	
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	4,025	43,464	
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	3,51,616	3,06,704	
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	1.62	1.14	
Sex Ratio					
Total	119	124	101	104	
Urban	125	127	104	0	
Other Urban	118	111	103	109	
Rural	107	98	100	103	
Households (HH)					
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	94,776	74,186	
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	14,380	0	
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	944	9,672	
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	79,452	64,514	
Average HH Size	, ,		,		
Total	4.21	4.66	4.29	4.69	
Urban	4.26	4.64	3.85	0.00	
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.27	4.40	
Rural	4.15	4.93	4.37	4.73	
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	307.41	303.36	
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	118.69	117.13	
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	1342	1154	
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	3475	2990	
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	14.74	12.41	
Literacy (%)					
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	50.8	43.9	
Male	73.6	69.6	55.1	49.6	
Female	66.9	58.7	46.5	38.0	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	10.0	00.0	
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	54.6	45.8	
Male	49.6	40.1	58.9	49.9	
Female	44.8	36.2	50.3	41.6	
Population (Adjusted)					
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	4,28,924	3,65,713	
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,15,373	1,86,031	
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	2,13,551	1,79,682	
Geographic Unit		, , ,		, -,	
Upazila/Thana	46	26		-	
Union	86	109	16	16	
Mauza	974	585	281	306	
Village	1,999	1,922	396	408	
Paurashava	3	2	1	0	
Paura Ward	27	18	9	0	
Paura Mahalla	133	99	44	0	

Background: Dhamrai thana was established in 1914 and turned into an upazila in 1985. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the upazila name. It is learnt that the area was named Dhamrai after the name of an influential man Dhama Khole and his wife Rai Goalini. There is a beautiful Ratha in the market at Dhamari. During Rathjatra festival of the Hindu community, Dhamrai turns into crowded area with Hindu devotees. It is also famous and well known for making bronze utensils. Panch Pirer Mazar, Dhamrai Madhab Bari, Bangladesh Betar relay station, Bata Shoe Factory, Monnu Ceramic Industry, Ekmi Laboratory, K & Q Factory, Deep Textile, Boyan Mills and Carpet Mills are also located here.

Area and Location: The upazila occupies an area of 307.41 sq. km. It is located between 23°49′and 24°03′ north latitudes and between 90°01′ and 90°15′-east longitudes. The upazila is bounded on the north by Mirzapur upazila of Tangail zila and Kaliakair upazila of Gazipur zila, on the east by Savar upazila, on the south by the Singair upazila as well as on the west by Saturia

DHANMONDI THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila	а	•	Гhana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,47,643	2,52,519
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	79,465	1,46,831
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	68,178	1,05,688
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,47,643	2,52,519
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-5.15	-2.28
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	117	139
Urban	125	127	117	139
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	33,169	47,642
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	33,169	47,642
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.45	5.27
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.45	5.27
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	6.23
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	2.40
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	40533
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	105216
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	83.8	78.8
Male	73.6	69.6	89.1	83.7
Female	66.9	58.7	77.6	71.7
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	77.0	71.7
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	60.7	45.3
Male	49.6	40.1	68.5	46.5
Female	44.8	36.2	52.4	43.9
Population (Adjusted)		00.2	02.4	40.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,53,338	2,67,190
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	82,530	1,55,362
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	70,808	1,11,828
Geographic Unit	07,00,000	10,00,201	70,000	1,11,020
Upazila/Thana	46	26		-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	5
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	31

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Dhanmondi, an urban thana of Dhaka city corporation, came into existence on the 1st February 1976. The thana took its name from the place where its headquarters is located. Dhanmondi Residential Area, Kalabagan Math, Bangu Bandhu Museum, Dhaka collage, Ibne Sina Hospital & college, Dhanmondi Lake, BDR HQ and New Market are located in this thana.

Location: It is located between 23°44′ and 23°45′ north latitudes and between 90°21′ and 90°23′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Mohammadpur thana, on the east by Tejgaon thana, on the south by Lalbag and Hazaribag thanas and on the west by Savar upazila.

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DOHAR UPAZILA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Upazila				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,26,439	1,91,423
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	1.07.041	94.046
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,19,398	97,377
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	36.434	61.793
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	01,735
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	1,90,005	1,29,630
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	1.67	0.85
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	1.07	0.00
Total	119	124	90	97
Urban	125	127	95	100
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	89	95
Households (HH)	107		00	
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	49,400	36,693
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	8,056	11,683
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0,000	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	41,344	25,010
Average HH Size	3,10,000	.,,.20	,	20,0.0
Total	4.21	4.66	4.56	5.20
Urban	4.26	4.64		5.28
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.54 0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	4.56	5.16
Area sg. km	1463.60	1459.55	161.49	161.49
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	62.35	62.35
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	1402	1185
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	3632	3070
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	16.09	32.76
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	57.5	49.3
Male	73.6	69.6	56.9	50.5
Female	66.9	58.7	58.0	48.2
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	30.0	00.1	00.0	10.2
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	53.7	45.7
Male	49.6	40.1	55.8	47.3
Female	44.8	36.2	51.8	44.2
Population (Adjusted)		33.2		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,35,572	2,00,898
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,11,366	98,708
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,24,206	1,02,190
Geographic Unit	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,_,,_,	1,02,100
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	
Union	86	109	8	7
Mauza	974	585	74	 91
Village	1,999	1,922	133	109
Paurashava	3	2	1	1
Paura Ward	27	18	9	9
Paura Mahalla	133	99	26	44

Background: Dohar came into existence in 1926 as thana and was upgrated to upazila in 1983. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the upazila name. It is learnt that in the past the Hindu Zaminder of this locality was fond of lyric songs. The people who usually acted as the second party in performing of these lyric songs were popularly known as Dohar and these people were allowed to settle down by this zaminder in this locality. In consequence of which the area after words, named as Dohar.

Area and Location: The upazila occupies an area of 161.49 sq. km. The upazila is located between 23°31′ and 23°41′ north latitudes and between 90°01′ and 90°13′ east longitudes. The upazila is bounded on the north by Nowabganj upazila, on the east by Srinagar upazila of Munshiganj zila, on the south by the river Padma and on the west by Harirampur upazila of Manikganj zila.

GULSHAN THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,53,050	1,90,590
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	1,40,322	1,07,338
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,12,728	83,252
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	2.53.050	1.90.590
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	2,33,030	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	2.83	(-)3.82
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	2.00	()0.02
Total	119	124	124	129
Urban	125	127	124	129
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)		- 55	<u> </u>	,
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	59,149	43,481
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	59,149	43,481
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, , ,	, , -		
Total	4.21	4.66	4.14	4.33
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.14	4.33
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sg. km	1463.60	1459.55	_	10.28
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	3.97
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	18522
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	48007
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	74.8	67.1
Male	73.6	69.6	79.9	73.3
Female	66.9	58.7	68.5	58.9
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	45.3	32.2
Male	49.6	40.1	49.3	35.4
Female	44.8	36.2	41.2	28.8
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,62,810	2,01,663
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,45,734	1,13,574
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,17,076	88,089
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	3
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	26

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Gulshan, an urban thana of Dhaka city corporation, came into existence in 1972. Previously it was a part of Tejgaon thana. The thana took its name from the name of Gulshan model town.

Location: It is located between 23°46′and 23°48′north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°27′east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Uttara thana, on the east by Badda thana, on the south by Demra and Tajgaon thanas and on the west by Cantonment thana.

HAZARIBAG THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)						
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,85,639	1,27,370		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,00,776	70,761		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	84,863	56,609		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,85,639	1,27,370		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3,48	3.84	3.78	<u> </u>		
Sex Ratio	5.75	5.5.	<u> </u>			
Total	119	124	119	125		
Urban	125	127	119	125		
Other Urban	118	111	0	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	43,740	25,914		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	43,740	25,914		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size	, ,	, ,				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.19	4.87		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.19	4.87		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	5.89		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	2.27		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	21625		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	56110		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	67.3	64.2		
Male	73.6	69.6	69.5	67.5		
Female	66.9	58.7	64.6	60.0		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	0 1.0	00.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	48.4	37.1		
Male	49.6	40.1	50.1	37.3		
Female	44.8	36.2	46.5	37.0		
Population (Adjusted)				5110		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,92,799	1,34,887		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,04,663	74,936		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	88,136	59,951		
Geographic Unit		2,22,2				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	0	0		
Mauza	974	585	0	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0		
Paurashava	3	2	Ö	0		
Paura Ward	27	18	0	3		
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	29		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Hazaribagh, an urban thana of Dhaka city corporation, came into existence on 09-08-1993. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. However, the thana might have got its name from the name of the mahallah where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°43′ and 23°45′ north latitudes and between 90°20′ and 90°22′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Dhanmondi thana, on the east by Lalbagh thana, on the south by the Kamrangirchar thazna and on the west by Keraniganj Upazila.

KAFRUL THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	3,96,182	2,89,986
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	2,10,106	1,57,282
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,86,076	1,32,704
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	3,96,182	2.89.986
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0,30,102	2,00,000
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	3.12	
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	0.12	
Total	119	124	113	119
Urban	125	127	113	119
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	95,575	63,299
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	95,575	63,299
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, , ,	, , -		
Total	4.21	4.66	4.09	4.52
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.09	4.52
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sg. km	1463.60	1459.55	_	8.85
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	3.42
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	32767
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	84791
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	74.8	70.4
Male	73.6	69.6	78.5	75.7
Female	66.9	58.7	70.7	64.1
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)		3311		•
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	46.9	35.4
Male	49.6	40.1	52.1	39.6
Female	44.8	36.2	41.8	31.3
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	4,11,463	3,06,834
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,18,210	1,66,420
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,93,253	1,40,414
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	4
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	19

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Kafrul, an urban thana within Dhaka City Corporation, came into existence on 06-12-1998. The thana took its name from the name of the mahallah where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°45′ and 23°48′ north latitudes and between 90°21′ and 90°23′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Pallabi thana, on the east by Cantonment thana, on the south by the Cantonment and Tejgaon thana and on the west by Mirpur thana.

KAMRANGIR CHAR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	93,601	1,43,208
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	50.973	76,325
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	42,628	66,883
Urban	74.23.137	77.34.825	42,020	1.43.208
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	93,601	1,43,200
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	93,001	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-4.10	
Sex Ratio	3.40	3.04	-4.10	-
Total	119	124	120	114
Urban	125	127	0	114
Other Urban	118	111	120	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)	107	30		O O
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	21,628	32,333
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	21,020	32,333
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	21,628	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	21,020	0
Average HH Size	0,40,000	1,44,425		
Total	4.21	4.66	4.28	4.43
Urban	4.26	4.64	0.00	4.43
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.28	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	0.00	3.68
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53		1.42
Density per sq. km	8229	5831		38915
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103		100850
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)	77.00	01.01	100.00	100.00
Both Sex	70.5	64.0	F7.6	42.0
Male	70.5 73.6	64.8 69.6	57.6 59.0	42.8 46.7
Female	66.9	58.7	55.8	38.5
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.9	30.7	33.0	30.3
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	37.5	27.2
Male	49.6	40.1	36.5	28.0
Female	44.8	36.2	38.5	26.5
Population (Adjusted)	44.0	30.2	30.3	20.5
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	97,413	1,54,192
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	53,049	82,179
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	44,364	72,013
Geographic Unit	37,03,300	40,00,201	77,507	72,010
Upazila/Thana	46	26		-
Union	86	109	1	1
Mauza	974	585		7
Village	1,999	1,922	5 5	14
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Kamrangirchar Thana is an urban thana of Dhaka Statistical Metropolitan Area came into existence on 09-08-1993. The Thana was named after the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located. Before its creation, it was a part of Lalbag Thana.

Location: It is located between $23^{\circ}42^{'}$ and $23^{\circ}44^{'}$ north latitudes and between $90^{\circ}21^{'}$ and $90^{\circ}23^{'}$ east longitudes. The thanas is bounded on the north by Lalbag and Hajaribagh thanas, on the east and on the south by the Keraniganj upazila and on the west by Savar upazila.

KHILGAON THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)				2001		
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	3,27,717	3,36,895		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,74,376	1,84,971		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,53,341	1,51,924		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	2,69,135	3,36,895		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	58,582	0,00,000		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-0.27	-		
Sex Ratio	55	5.5.	<u> </u>			
Total	119	124	114	122		
Urban	125	127	114	122		
Other Urban	118	111	112	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	77,904	69,538		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	64,432	69,538		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	13,472	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size						
Total	4.21	4.66	4.19	4.82		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.16	4.82		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.31	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	7.57		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	2.92		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	44504		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	115375		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	71.1	70.5		
Male	73.6	69.6	73.2	74.4		
Female	66.9	58.7	68.7	65.7		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.7	00.1	00.1		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	50.1	39.4		
Male	49.6	40.1	53.7	43.1		
Female	44.8	36.2	46.5	35.6		
Population (Adjusted)						
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	3,40,484	3,56,469		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,81,169	1,95,718		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,59,315	1,60,751		
Geographic Unit				, , , , ,		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	2	0		
Mauza	974	585	5	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	25	0		
Paurashava	3	22	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	149	0	5		
Paura Mahalla	133	1,148	0	25		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Khilgaon, an urban thana of Dhaka City Corporation, came into existence on 09-08-1993. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. There is a general belief that the thana name has been taken up from the name of the mahallah where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°46′ and 23°44′ north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°29′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Badda thana, on the east by Demra thana, on the south by the Motijheel thana and on the west by Ramna thana.

KERANIGANJ UPAZILA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Upazila						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)						
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	7,94,360	6,03,114		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	4,21,809	3,22,732		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	3,72,551	2,80,382		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	0	6,03,114		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	7,94,360	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	2.75	1.30		
Sex Ratio						
Total	119	124	113	115		
Urban	125	127	0	115		
Other Urban	118	111	0	0		
Rural	107	98	113	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	1,77,970	1,24,605		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	0	1,24,605		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	1,77,970	0		
Average HH Size	, ,	, ,	, ,			
Total	4.21	4.66	4.42	4.84		
Urban	4.26	4.64	0.00	4.84		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	4.42	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	166.87	166.87		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	64.42	64.43		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	4760	3614		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	12329	9361		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	0.00	100.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	58.5	51.8		
Male	73.6	69.6	60.8	56.4		
Female	66.9	58.7	56.0	46.5		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	30.0	00.1	00.0	10.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	43.7	36.9		
Male	49.6	40.1	43.1	36.5		
Female	44.8	36.2	44.4	37.4		
Population (Adjusted)		00.2		3.1.		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	8,24,538	6,49,373		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	4,37,834	3,47,486		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	3,86,704	3,01,887		
Geographic Unit	31,33,333	.0,00,20.	5,55,7.5.	3,3.,33.		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-			
Union	86	109	12	12		
Mauza	974	585	123	122		
Village	1,999	1.922	423	422		
Paurashava	3	2	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0		
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0		
			ŭ	•		

Background: Keraniganj, the largest upazila of Dhaka zila in respect of population, came into existence in 1817 as Thana and upgraded to upazila in 1983. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the upazila name. It is learnt that there lived an influential man who served as a clerk means **Kerani** in Bengali. He was very kind hearted and friendly. After his death, a trading centre was developed around his graveyard which was popularly known as Keraniganj. Upazila headquarters is located in Sakta Mauza.

Area and Location: The upazila occupies an area of 166.87 sq. km. It is located between 23° 37′ and 23° 47′-north latitudes and between 90° 13′ and 90° 29′ east longitudes. It is bounded on the north by Savar, Lalbagh, Kotwali, Sutrapur, and Shyampur thanas, on the east by Narayanganj Sadar Upazila of Narayanganj zila, on the south by the Sirajdikhan Upazila of Munshiganj zila and Singair uapzila of Manikganj zila, and on the west by Nawabganj upazila.

SUTRAPUR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)				2001		
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,11,210	3,52,420		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,21,067	2,05,893		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	90,143	1,46,527		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	2,11,210	3,52,420		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0,000,000		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-4.92	1.37		
Sex Ratio		9.9.				
Total	119	124	134	140		
Urban	125	127	134	140		
Other Urban	118	111	0	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	43,474	69,118		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	43,474	69,118		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size	, ,	, ,				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.77	5.11		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.77	5.11		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	3.99		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	1.54		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	88326		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	228844		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	79.9	73.2		
Male	73.6	69.6	81.5	76.2		
Female	66.9	58.7	77.8	68.9		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	77.0	00.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	52.8	42.0		
Male	49.6	40.1	49.6	40.9		
Female	44.8	36.2	56.8	43.3		
Population (Adjusted)						
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,19,357	3,72,895		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,25,737	2,17,855		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	93,620	1,55,040		
Geographic Unit	- 11	-117	,	.,22,310		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	0	0		
Mauza	974	585	0	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0		
Paurashava	3	2	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	18	0	9		
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	72		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Sutrapur, the third smallest Thana of Dhaka City Corporation came into existence in 1934. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. It is generally believed that in the past the area of Sutrapur was inhabited by carpenters means sutar in Bengali and it is assumed that the thana might have derived its name from that word.

Location: It is located between 23°41′ and 23°43′ north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°26′ east longitudes. The Thana is bounded on the north by Matijheel thana, on the east by Shyampur thana, on the south by Keraniganj upazila and on the west by Kotwali thana.

TEJGAON THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,48,255	3,02,109
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	84.633	1,73,771
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	63,622	1,28,338
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	1.48.255	3.02.109
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0,02,103
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-6.77	3.22
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	0.77	U.ZZ
Total	119	124	133	135
Urban	125	127	133	135
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)	.07	55	<u> </u>	,
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	29,622	68,356
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	29,622	68,356
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	1, 1,11	, , -	-	
Total	4.21	4.66	4.62	4.39
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.62	4.39
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	8.89
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	3.43
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	33983
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	88078
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	77.6	71.6
Male	73.6	69.6	80.0	77.1
Female	66.9	58.7	74.3	64.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				V
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	55.2	33.0
Male	49.6	40.1	58.0	36.3
Female	44.8	36.2	51.8	29.5
Population (Adjusted)		"		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,53,973	3,19,661
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	87,897	1,83,867
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	66,076	1,35,794
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	4
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	20

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Tejgaon, an urban thana of Dhaka City Corporation, came into existence in 1953. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. It is learnt that during the period of Shayeshta Khan there lived some spirited men in this locality. After their name the thana has been named Tejgaon. It has big industrial area. Prime Minister's Office, FDC, Kawran Bazar, Dhaka Polytechnic Institute, Science College, Holy Cross College, NTV TV Chanell, ATN TV Chanell, Old Airport, Dhaka Textile College, BG Press, Survey of Bangladesh, Land Record Office etc. and many other important offices are located here.

Location: It is located between 23°45′ and 23°46′ north latitudes and between 90°22′ and 90°23′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Cantonment thana, on the east by Gulshan thana and on the south by Ramna and Dhanmondi thanas and on the west by Mohammadpur thana.

SHYAMPUR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila	1	-	Гhana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,84,062	3,76,545
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,02,405	2,11,303
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	81,657	1,65,242
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,84,062	3,76,545
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-6.8	-
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	125	128
Urban	125	127	125	128
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	43,243	86,821
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	43,243	86,821
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size		, ,		
Total	4.21	4.66	4.22	4.34
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.22	4.34
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	10.17
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	3.93
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	37025
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	95813
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	65.4	63.1
Male	73.6	69.6	67.2	66.5
Female	66.9	58.7	63.0	58.6
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.0	00.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	45.3	34.4
Male	49.6	40.1	45.5	34.9
Female	44.8	36.2	45.2	33.8
Population (Adjusted)		00.2		00.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,91,162	4,01,179
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,06,355	2,25,131
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	84,807	1,76,048
Geographic Unit	0.300,000	.0,00,20.	0.,00.	1,1 0,0 10
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	1
Mauza	974	585	0	4
Village	1,999	1,922	0	17
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	5
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	27

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Shyampur is a newly created urban thana of Dhaka city corporation. It came into existence on 09-08-1993. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. It is generally believed that the thana name has been derived from the name of the locality where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°41′ and 23°42′-north latitudes and between 90°25′ and 90°26′ east longitudes. The Thana is bounded on the north by Demra Thana, on the east by Narayanganj Sadar upazila, on the south by the Buriganga River and on the west by Sutrapur thana.

KOTWALI THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	62,087	2,53,558
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	40.322	1,62,028
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	21,765	91,530
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	62.087	2.53.558
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	02,007	2,33,330
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-12.94	1.88
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	12.04	1.00
Total	119	124	185	177
Urban	125	127	185	177
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)			<u> </u>	Ţ.
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	11,614	49,618
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	11,614	49,618
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	2, 2,222	, , -		-
Total	4.21	4.66	4.82	5.05
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.82	5.05
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	_	1.93
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.74
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	131377
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	342645
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	73.0	73.1
Male	73.6	69.6	72.6	75.5
Female	66.9	58.7	73.8	68.6
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)		55	7 0.0	00.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	46.2	31.6
Male	49.6	40.1	40.2	27.0
Female	44.8	36.2	56.7	39.0
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	64,481	2,68,290
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	41,877	1,71,442
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	22,604	96,848
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	8
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	101

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Kotwali thana came into existence on 01-10-1931. The word Kutwali is an adjective of the ward Kutwal derived from the Persian word Kurtwal means Potector of Nagar (Town) for maintaining law and order situation used in the sub-continent during Mughal regime. Subsequently this word had been used before the word Thana (Police Station) to specify the Nagar thana by British Government.

Location: It is located between 23°42′and 23°43′north latitudes and between 90°24′and 90°25′east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Ramna thana, on the east by Sutrapur thana, on the south by the Keraniganj upazila and on the west by Lalbagh and Ramna thanas.

LALBAGH THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)	=\$1.					
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	3,69,933	3,46,204		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,99,464	2,06,279		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,70,469	1,39,925		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	3,69,933	3,46,204		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	0.65	(-)1.47		
Sex Ratio			0.00	(/		
Total	119	124	117	147		
Urban	125	127	117	147		
Other Urban	118	111	0	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	83,809	66,503		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	83,809	66,503		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size						
Total	4.21	4.66	4.31	4.96		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.31	4.96		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	4.08		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	1.57		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	84854		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	220512		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	66.1	69.8		
Male	73.6	69.6	68.1	72.9		
Female	66.9	58.7	63.6	65.0		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.0	00.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	46.1	38.5		
Male	49.6	40.1	44.7	35.8		
Female	44.8	36.2	47.6	42.0		
Population (Adjusted)		00.2		.2.0		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	3,84,201	3,66,319		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,07,157	2,18,264		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,77,044	1,48,055		
Geographic Unit	3.,66,666	.0,00,20.	.,,	1,10,000		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	0	0		
Mauza	974	585	0	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0		
Paurashava	3	22	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	149	0	10		
Paura Mahalla	133	1,148	0	105		
i dara manana	100	1,170	U	10		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Lalbagh is an urban Thana of Dhaka City Corporation, came into existence in 1931. It is one of the largest Thana of Dhaka Zila in respect of population. In the past Lalbagh was a part of Keraniganj Thana. For better management and administrative convenience, a new Thana in the name Lalbag was created. The name Lalbag was adopted, probably, in remembrance of the famous historical Lalbag fort.

Location: It is located between 23°42′ and 23°43′ north latitudes and between 90°22′ and 90°23′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Ramna and Dhanmondi thanas, on the east by Kotwali thana, on the south Kamrangirchar thana and Keraniganj upazila and on the west by Hazaribagh thana.

MIRPUR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	5,00,373	5,51,167
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	2,69,051	3,00,961
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	2,31,322	2,50,206
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	5.00.373	5,51,167
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0,00,373	0,01,107
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-0.95	-1.51
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	0.00	1.01
Total	119	124	116	120
Urban	125	127	116	120
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	1,17,450	1,22,431
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	1,17,450	1,22,431
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, , , ,	, , -	-	-
Total	4.21	4.66	4.20	4.50
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.20	4.50
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.20 0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	_	14.22
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	5.49
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	38760
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	100395
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	80.2	71.4
Male	73.6	69.6	83.5	76.1
Female	66.9	58.7	76.4	65.7
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	52.2	37.5
Male	49.6	40.1	58.1	41.3
Female	44.8	36.2	46.2	33.7
Population (Adjusted)		""		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	5,19,672	5,83,190
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,79,428	3,18,447
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	2,40,244	2,64,743
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	8
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	57

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Mirpur came into existence in 1962. During British period it was a part of Keraniganj thana. After emergence of Pakistan it was placed under the administrative control of Tejgaon thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the upazila name. There is a general belief that during the Mughal period there lived an influential Mir family in this locality and after their name the area became popularly known as Mirpur. The Shrine of the great saint Hajrat Shah Ali (R) is located here, which is being visited by thousands of people every year. The mosque near the Shrine was built in 1480 AD. The Dhaka Zoo, Botanical Garden, Second National Stadium, Cricket Stadium, Buddijibi Graveyard Grameen Bank Head Office and Indoor stadium are located in this thana.

Location: It is located between 23°46′ and 23°48′ north latitudes and between 90°20′ and 90°22′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Pallabi thana, on the east by Cantonment and Kafrul thanas, on the south by the Mohammadpur thana and on the west by Savar upazila.

MOHAMMADPUR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)						
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	3,55,843	4,56,058		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,96,321	2,50,620		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,59,522	2,05,438		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	3,55,843	4,56,058		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-2.41	3.73		
Sex Ratio						
Total	119	124	123	122		
Urban	125	127	123	122		
Other Urban	118	111	0	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	81,754	98,763		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	81,754	98,763		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size						
Total	4.21	4.66	4.25	4.56		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.25	4.56		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	12.14		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	4.69		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	37566		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	97240		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	73.5	63.7		
Male	73.6	69.6	77.3	68.7		
Female	66.9	58.7	68.6	57.6		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.5	30.1	00.0	37.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	54.5	37.3		
Male	49.6	40.1	59.3	41.4		
Female	44.8	36.2	49.0	33.0		
Population (Adjusted)	44.0	30.2	43.0	33.0		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	3,69,568	4,82,555		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,03,893	2,65,181		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,65,675	2,17,374		
Geographic Unit	37,03,900	40,33,231	1,03,073	2,17,374		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	_	<u> </u>		
Union	86	109	0	0		
Mauza	974	585	0	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0		
Paurashava	1,999		0	0		
	27	2	0	8		
Paura Ward		18				
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	50		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Mohammadpur is an urban thana of Dhaka city corporation, came into existence after 1975. It is also a densely populated thana of Dhaka Zila. The original name of the area was Baraba Mohanpur. After creation of Pakistan, the area was renamed as Mohammadpur. Many important institutions like University Grant commission, IDB, Lions Eye Hospital, Al- Nur Eye Hospital, Radio Bangladesh Transmission and Distribution Center, Parishankhan Bhaban, Abhawa Office, Mohila Polytechnic Institute, LGED Bhaban, Northern University, Japan Gearden City, Residential Model College, SOS. Shisu Pally and many other notable Institutions are located here.

Location: It is located between 23°44′ and 23°46′ north latitudes and between 90°19′ and 90°22′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Mirpur and Kafrul thanas, on the east by Tejgaon thana, on the south by Dhanmondi Thana and on the west by Savar Upazila.

MOTIJHEEL THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila	a	•	Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,10,006	2,69,628
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,23,315	1,61,742
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	86,691	1,07,886
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	2,10,006	2,69,628
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-2.43	1.89
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	142	150
Urban	125	127	142	150
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	47,119	51,890
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	47,119	51,890
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.43	4.92
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.43	4.92
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	4.95
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	1.91
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	54470
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	141166
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	80.4	76.0
Male	73.6	69.6	84.1	80.5
Female	66.9	58.7	74.9	69.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	7 1.0	00.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	54.4	42.8
Male	49.6	40.1	53.8	43.8
Female	44.8	36.2	55.1	41.6
Population (Adjusted)		00.2	***************************************	1110
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,18,106	2,85,293
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,28,071	1,71,139
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	90,035	1,14,154
Geographic Unit	0.,00,000	.0,00,201	00,000	.,,
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	6
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	34

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Motijheel, an urban thana of Dhaka City Corporation, came into existence on the 1st February-1976. The thana was named Motijheel after the name of Motjheel Commercial Area. This commercial area is playing a very important role in the field of economy of Bangladesh by having headquarters of many financial and commercial institutions such as Bangladesh Bank, all Nationalized Banks, Private Banks, Petro Bangla, Chemical Industries Corporation, Stock Exchange, Water Development Board, Rajuk Building (Former DIT), Chamber of Commerce and Industries etc.

Location: It is located between 23°43′ and 23°44′ north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°25′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north and on the east by Sbujbagh thana, on the south by Sutrpur thana and on the west by Ramna thana.

UTTARA THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,79,907	3,45,097
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1.01.349	1,88,460
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	78,558	1,56,637
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	1.79.907	3.45.097
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0,40,001
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-6.21	12.31
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	0.21	12.01
Total	119	124	129	120
Urban	125	127	129	120
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)		55	<u> </u>	Ţ.
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	39,123	78,618
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	39,123	78,618
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, ,,,,,,,,	, , -	-	
Total	4.21	4.66	4.39	4.37
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.39	4.37
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.39 0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	58.30
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	22.51
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	5919
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	15331
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	80.2	66.3
Male	73.6	69.6	83.9	71.2
Female	66.9	58.7	75.3	60.3
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	33.0			00.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	54.4	38.7
Male	49.6	40.1	57.7	42.8
Female	44.8	36.2	50.6	34.6
Population (Adjusted)		"		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,86,846	3,70,327
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,05,258	2,02,220
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	81,588	1,68,107
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	3
Mauza	974	585	0	32
Village	1,999	1,922	0	77
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	1
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	13

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Uttara thana of Dhaka city corporation came into existence on 29-03- 1988. Previously it was a part of Gulshan thana. For better control and administrative convenience, this thana was created after the name of Uttara Model Town.

Location: It is located between 23°51′ and 23°53′ north latitudes, 90°22′ and 90°24′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Gazipur Sadar upazila, on the east by Rupganj upazila of Narayangong Zila, on the south by Biman Bandar thana and on the west by Savar upazila.

NAWABGANJ UPAZILA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila		Upazila		
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Population (Enumerated)					
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	3,18,811	2,96,605	
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,49,298	1,45,548	
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,69,513	1,51,057	
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	0	0	
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	16,917	15,797	
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	3,01,894	2,80,808	
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	0.71	0.97	
Sex Ratio					
Total	119	124	88	96	
Urban	125	127	0	0	
Other Urban	118	111	100	114	
Rural	107	98	87	95	
Households (HH)					
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	70,757	57,948	
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	0	0	
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	3,819	3,047	
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	66,938	54,901	
Average HH Size					
Total	4.21	4.66	4.47	5.05	
Urban	4.26	4.64	0.00	0.00	
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.20	4.93	
Rural	4.15	4.93	4.48	5.05	
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	244.80	244.80	
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	94.51	94.52	
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	1302	1212	
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	3373	3138	
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	5.31	5.33	
Literacy (%)					
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	57.8	54.4	
Male	73.6	69.6	57.7	56.4	
Female	66.9	58.7	57.9	52.6	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	07.0	02.0	
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	54.3	46.9	
Male	49.6	40.1	58.2	49.0	
Female	44.8	36.2	50.8	44.9	
Population (Adjusted)		00.2	00.0		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	3,30,969	3,09,943	
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,54,993	1,52,088	
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,75,976	1,57,855	
Geographic Unit	0.,00,000	.0,00,20.	.,, .,	.,5.,500	
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-	
Union	86	109	14	14	
Mauza	974	585	188	190	
Village	1,999	1,922	342	329	
Paurashava	3	2	0	0	
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0	
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0	
i dara Manana	100	55	U	U	

Background: Nawabganj upazila came into existence in 1874 as thana and was upgraded to upazila in 1983. It is learnt that at the beginning of the Nineteenth Century Nowab Sir Salimullah had paid an auspicious visit to this area. To memorise this auspicious visit of the Nawab the area was named as Nawabganj. The name of the upazila has been taken accordingly.

Area and Location: The upazila occupies an area of 244.80 sq. km. It is located between 23°34′ and 23°45′ north latitudes and between 90°01′ and 90°17′ east longitudes. The upazila is bounded on the north by Singair upazila of Manikganj zila, on the east by Keraniganj upazila of Dhaka Zila and Sirajdikhan upazila of Munshiganj zila, on the south by Dohar upazila and on the west by Harirampur upazila of Manikganj zila.

PALLABI THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

JENG	Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	5,96,835	4,31,257	
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	3,12,390	2.31.749	
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	2,84,445	1,99,508	
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	5.96.835	4.31.257	
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0,50,655	0	
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0	
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	3.25	0	
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	0.20		
Total	119	124	110	116	
Urban	125	127	110	116	
Other Urban	118	111	0	0	
Rural	107	98	0	0	
Households (HH)	101			Ů	
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	1,43,332	95,611	
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	1,43,332	95,611	
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0	
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0	
Average HH Size	3, 13,000	.,, .20		, and the second	
Total	4.21	4.66	4.14	4.50	
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.14	4.50	
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00	
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00	
Area sg. km	1463.60	1459.55		17.96	
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	6.93	
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	_	24012	
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	_	62230	
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00	
Literacy (%)					
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	70.6	65.2	
Male	73.6	69.6	74.1	70.7	
Female	66.9	58.7	66.8	58.8	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.0	00.0	
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	44.3	31.5	
Male	49.6	40.1	48.4	34.5	
Female	44.8	36.2	40.5	28.6	
Population (Adjusted)		00.2		20.0	
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	6,19,855	4,56,313	
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	3,24,439	2,45,214	
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	2,95,416	2,11,099	
Geographic Unit	33,33,33	10,00,=01	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-	
Union	86	109	0	0	
Mauza	974	585	0	0	
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0	
Paurashava	3	2	0	0	
Paura Ward	27	18	0	5	
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	40	

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Pallabi, an urban thana of Dhaka city corporation, came into existence on 09.08.1993. The thana was named after the name of the area where its headquarters is situated. Formerly it was a part of Mirpur thana.

Location: It is located between 23°48′ and 23°50′ north latitudes and between 90°21′ and 90°23′ east longitudes. The Thana is bounded on the north by Uttara Thana, on the east by Cantonment thana, on the south by the Mirpur thana and on the west by Savar upazila.

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RAMNA THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,00,973	2,57,288
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	1,08,262	1,48,590
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	92,711	1,08,698
Urban	74.23.137	77,34,825	2.00.973	2,57,288
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	2,00,573	2,57,200
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-2.4	2.80
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04		2.00
Total	119	124	117	137
Urban	125	127	117	137
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)		30	<u> </u>	Ţ.
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	41,976	45,277
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	41,976	45,277
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	1, 1,11	, , -	-	
Total	4.21	4.66	4.61	5.10
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.61	5.10
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	7.71
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	2.97
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	33370
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	86629
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	78.3	76.0
Male	73.6	69.6	81.5	80.9
Female	66.9	58.7	74.6	69.1
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	52.0	46.6
Male	49.6	40.1	53.7	49.5
Female	44.8	36.2	50.3	43.1
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,08,725	2,72,236
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,12,438	1,57,223
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	96,287	1,15,013
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	5
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	31

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Ramna, an urban Thana of Dhaka city corporation, came into existence on 29-03-1956. Previously it was a part of Tejgaon thana. In the past a police camp was established in Kakrail area which in course of time was upgraded to thana for administrative convenience. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. It is generally believed that the thana name might have originated from the name of the place where its headquarters is located. National Secretatiat, Dhaka University, High Court, National Eidgah, PG Hospital, Jatio Jadughar, Diebatics Hospital, Atomic Energy Commission, Baitul Mukarram National Mosque, Banga Bandu National Stadium, Ramna park, Suhrawardy Uddan etc. are located in this thana.

Location: It is located between 23°44′ and 23°45′ north latitudes and between 90°23′ and 90°24′east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Gulshan thana, on the east by Sabujbagh and Motijheel thanas, on the south by the Kotwali and Lalbagh thanas and on the west by Tejgaon and Dhanmondi thanas.

SABUJBAGH THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila		Than	a
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	3,76,421	2,91,207
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	2,04,490	1,59,758
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,71,931	1,31,449
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	2,81,110	2,91,207
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	95,311	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	2.56	(-)1.96
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	119	121
Urban	125	127	121	121
Other Urban	118	111	113	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	88,777	65,199
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	65,476	65,199
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	23,301	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.16	4.46
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.19	4.46
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.07	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	11.65
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	4.50
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	24996
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	64713
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	100.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	70.2	64.4
Male	73.6	69.6	71.7	68.6
Female	66.9	58.7	68.4	59.3
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.1	00.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	51.5	39.3
Male	49.6	40.1	53.8	42.5
Female	44.8	36.2	49.2	36.1
Population (Adjusted)		00.2		55.1
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	3,91,145	3,09,698
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,12,486	1,69,898
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,78,659	1,39,800
Geographic Unit	31,33,333	.0,00,201	.,,	1,00,000
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	2	2
Mauza	974	585	2	3
Village	1,999	1,922	11	17
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	4
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	17
i dara Manana	100	55	U	17

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Sabujbagh, an urban thana of Dhaka city corporation, came into existence on the 14th April, 1988. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the thana name. It is generally believed that the thana took its name from the area where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°43′and 23°44′north latitudes and between 90°25′ and 90°26′ east longitudes. The thana is bounded on the north by Gulshan thana, on the east by Demra thana, on the south by the Demra and Motijheel thanas and on the west by Ramna, Motijheel and Tejgaon thanas.

SAVAR UPAZILA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Upazila					
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	13,85,910	5,87,041	
Male	65,55,792	47.12.330	7,38,764	3,18,176	
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	6,47,146	2,68,865	
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	2.96.851	5.87.041	
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0,07,041	
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	10,89,059	0	
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	8.83	4.50	
Sex Ratio	3.13	0.01	0.00	1.00	
Total	119	124	114	118	
Urban	125	127	112	118	
Other Urban	118	111	0	0	
Rural	107	98	115	0	
Households (HH)		55	110	Ţ.	
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	3,59,084	1,31,715	
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	75,902	1,31,715	
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0	
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	2,83,182	0	
Average HH Size	5,10,000	.,,	_,55,15_		
Total	4.21	4.66	3.77	4.32	
Urban	4.26	4.64	3.78	4.32	
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00	
Rural	4.15	4.93	3.77	0.00	
Area sg. km	1463.60	1459.55	280.11	280.12	
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	108.15	108.15	
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	4948	2096	
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	12814	5428	
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	21.42	100.00	
Literacy (%)					
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	68.0	58.2	
Male	73.6	69.6	71.6	64.1	
Female	66.9	58.7	63.9	51.1	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	30.0	00.1	00.0	01.1	
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	37.0	36.8	
Male	49.6	40.1	41.0	39.9	
Female	44.8	36.2	33.2	33.6	
Population (Adjusted)		55.2		00.0	
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	14,42,885	6,29,695	
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	7,69,117	3,41,306	
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	6,73,768	2,88,389	
Geographic Unit	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	10,00,00	5,7 5,7 55		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-	
Union	86	109	13	12	
Mauza	974	585	218	220	
Village	1,999	1,922	380	373	
Paurashava	3	2	1	1	
Paura Ward	27	18	9	9	
Paura Mahalla	133	99	57	55	

Background: Savar is the second biggest upazila of Dhaka zila in respect of area. It is a part of Dhaka Statistical Metropoitan area (SMA). Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the upazila name. It appears from the Zila Gazetteers that in the past Savar was the capital of Sambhog principality, the kingdom of Raza Harish Chandra- during 7th & and century AD. There is a general belief that the upazila name might have derived from the name of the place where its headquarters is located. The University town Savar bears the special significance and National Monument (Jatiya Smriti Saudha) is located here. The Savar cantonment, Jahangir Nagar University, the Government Dairy Farm, Radio Bangladesh Transmission Centre, Public Administration Training Centre (PATC), Bangladesh Krira Shikhya Protisthan (BKSP), Atomic Energy Centre, EPZ, Jatio Jubo Prasikhan Kendra, Fandacy Kingdom, Nandan Park with many housing state complexes are located at Savar. Besides many government and autonomous organisation have also their offices at Savar.

Area and Location: The upazila occupies an area of 280.11 sq. km. It is located between 23°44′ and 24°02′ north latitudes and between 90°11′ and 90°22′ east longitudes. The upazilas is bounded on the north by Kaliakoir and Gazipur Sadar upazila of Gazipur zila, on the east by Mirpur and Mohammadpur thanas, on the south by Keraniganj upazila and on the west by Dhamrai upazila and Singair upazila of Manikganj zila.

ADABOR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,03,989	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,09,354	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	94,635	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	2.03.989	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	2,03,303	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	2.27	Ü
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	2.21	
Total	119	124	116	0
Urban	125	127	116	0
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	49,600	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	49,600	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, , , ,	, , , -		-
Total	4.21	4.66	4.08	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.08	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	68.4	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	71.6	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	64.7	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)			<u> </u>	
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	41.7	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	46.7	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	37.0	0.0
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,11,857	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,13,572	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	98,285	0
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Adabor Thana came into existence in 26 June 2005. Before that it was included in Mohammadpur Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°46′ and 23°47′ north latitudes and between 90°20′ and 90°21′ east longitudes.

BANGSHAL THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana					
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,86,952	0	
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,20,382	0	
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	66,570	0	
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,86,952	0	
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	1,00,332	0	
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0	
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	4.03	Ü	
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04	7.00		
Total	119	124	181	0	
Urban	125	127	181	0	
Other Urban	118	111	0	0	
Rural	107	98	0	0	
Households (HH)					
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	35,410	0	
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	35,410	0	
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0	
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0	
Average HH Size		, , -			
Total	4.21	4.66	4.95	0.00	
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.95	0.00	
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.95 0.00	0.00	
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00	
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00	
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00	
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0	
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0	
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00	
Literacy (%)					
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	73.0	0.0	
Male	73.6	69.6	72.9	0.0	
Female	66.9	58.7	73.2	0.0	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	30.0	3311			
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	38.4	0.0	
Male	49.6	40.1	31.0	0.0	
Female	44.8	36.2	52.6	0.0	
Population (Adjusted)					
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,94,163	0	
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,25,025	0	
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	69,138	0	
Geographic Unit					
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-	
Union	86	109	0	0	
Mauza	974	585	0	0	
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0	
Paurashava	3	22	0	0	
Paura Ward	27	149	0	0	
Paura Mahalla	133	1,148	0	0	

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Bangshal Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Kotwali Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°42′ and 23°43′ north latitudes and between 90°23′ and 90°24′ east longitudes.

CHAK BAZAR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)						
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,56,147	0		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,01,016	0		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	55,131	0		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,56,147	0		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	1.15			
Sex Ratio		5.5.				
Total	119	124	183	0		
Urban	125	127	183	0		
Other Urban	118	111	0	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	31,057	0		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	31,057	0		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size	, ,	, ,				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.58	0.00		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.58	0.00		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	70.4	0.0		
Male	73.6	69.6	71.0	0.0		
Female	66.9	58.7	69.4	0.0		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.7	00.1	0.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	40.8	0.0		
Male	49.6	40.1	34.9	0.0		
Female	44.8	36.2	50.9	0.0		
Population (Adjusted)				5.0		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,62,169	0		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,04,912	0		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	57,257	0		
Geographic Unit						
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	0	0		
Mauza	974	585	0	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0		
Paurashava	3	2	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0		
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Chak Bazar Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Lalbagh Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°42′ and 23°43′ north latitudes and between 90°23′ and 90°24′ east longitudes.

DAKSHINKHAN THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)	=\$::					
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,55,931	0		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,36,572	0		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,19,359	0		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	0	0		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	2,55,931	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	1.15	<u>-</u>		
Sex Ratio						
Total	119	124	114	0		
Urban	125	127	0	0		
Other Urban	118	111	114	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	63,899	0		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	0	0		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	63,899	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size						
Total	4.21	4.66	3.99	0.00		
Urban	4.26	4.64	0.00	0.00		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00 3.99	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	76.8	0.0		
Male	73.6	69.6	79.9	0.0		
Female	66.9	58.7	73.2	0.0		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	30.1	7 0.2	0.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	47.5	0.0		
Male	49.6	40.1	53.0	0.0		
Female	44.8	36.2	42.3	0.0		
Population (Adjusted)						
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,66,355	0		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,42,135	0		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,24,220	0		
Geographic Unit						
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	1	0		
Mauza	974	585	6	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	15	0		
Paurashava	3	22	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	149	0	0		
Paura Mahalla	133	1,148	0	0		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Dakshinkhan Thana came into existence in 29 June 2006. Before that it was included in Uttara Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°48′ and 23°53′ north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°27′ east longitudes.

DARUS SALAM THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Items Zol1 2001 2011 Population (Enumerated) Both Sex 1,20,43,977 85,11,228 1,59,139 Male 65,55,792 47,12,330 86,926 Female 54,88,185 37,98,898 72,213 Urban 74,23,137 77,34,825 1,59,139 Other Urban 18,93,906 59,261 0 Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0 Annual growth rate 3.48 3.84 1.15	0 0 0 0 0
Population (Enumerated) Both Sex 1,20,43,977 85,11,228 1,59,139 Male 65,55,792 47,12,330 86,926 Female 54,88,185 37,98,898 72,213 Urban 74,23,137 77,34,825 1,59,139 Other Urban 18,93,906 59,261 0 Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0	0 0 0 0 0 0
Both Sex 1,20,43,977 85,11,228 1,59,139 Male 65,55,792 47,12,330 86,926 Female 54,88,185 37,98,898 72,213 Urban 74,23,137 77,34,825 1,59,139 Other Urban 18,93,906 59,261 0 Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0	0 0 0 0
Male 65,55,792 47,12,330 86,926 Female 54,88,185 37,98,898 72,213 Urban 74,23,137 77,34,825 1,59,139 Other Urban 18,93,906 59,261 0 Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0	0 0 0 0 0
Female 54,88,185 37,98,898 72,213 Urban 74,23,137 77,34,825 1,59,139 Other Urban 18,93,906 59,261 0 Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0	0 0 0 0
Urban 74,23,137 77,34,825 1,59,139 Other Urban 18,93,906 59,261 0 Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0	0 0 0
Other Urban 18,93,906 59,261 0 Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0	0
Rural 27,26,934 7,17,142 0	0
FADIDALODOWID FATE 1 3.48 1 3.84 1 1.15	
Sex Ratio	
Total 119 124 120	0
Urban 125 127 120	0
Other Urban 118 111 0	
Rural 107 98 0	0
Households (HH)	
Total 27,86,133 17,96,950 40,064	0
Urban 16,84,986 16,39,806 40,064	
Other Urban 4,52,261 12,719 0	·
Rural 6,48,886 1,44,425 0	0
Average HH Size	
Total 4.21 4.66 3.94	0.00
Urban 4.26 4.64 3.94	0.00
Other Urban 4.15 4.52 0.00	
Rural 4.15 4.93 0.00	
Area sq. km 1463.60 1459.55 -	0.00
Area sq. mile 565.10 563.53 -	0.00
Density per sq. km 8229 5831 -	
Density per sq. mile 21313 15103 -	0
Urbanization (%) 77.36 91.57 100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)	
Both Sex 70.5 64.8 67.2	0.0
Male 73.6 69.6 70.3	
Female 66.9 58.7 63.4	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	0.0
Both Sex 47.3 38.2 42.8	0.0
Male 49.6 40.1 46.4	
Female 44.8 36.2 39.1	
Population (Adjusted)	
Both Sex 1,25,17,361 90,36,647 1,65,277	0
Male 68,13,453 50,03,350 90,279	
Female 57,03,908 40,33,297 74,998	
Geographic Unit	
Upazila/Thana 46 26 -	-
Union 86 109 0	0
Mauza 974 585 0	
Village 1,999 1,922 0	
Paurashava 3 2 0	0
Paura Ward 27 18 0	
Paura Mahalla 133 99 0	

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Darus Salam Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Mirpur Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°46′ and 23°49′ north latitudes and between 90°20′ and 90°21′ east longitudes.

GENDARIA THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana					
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001	
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,37,721	0	
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	76.446	0	
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	61,275	0	
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,37,721	0	
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0	
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0	
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84		-	
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04			
Total	119	124	125	0	
Urban	125	127	125	0	
Other Urban	118	111	0	0	
Rural	107	98	0	0	
Households (HH)					
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	29,591	0	
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	29,591	0	
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0	
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0	
Average HH Size	, , , ,	, , -			
Total	4.21	4.66	4.48	0.00	
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.48	0.00	
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.48 0.00	0.00	
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00	
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00	
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00	
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0	
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0	
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00	
Literacy (%)					
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	75.6	0.0	
Male	73.6	69.6	77.5	0.0	
Female	66.9	58.7	73.1	0.0	
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)		3317			
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	53.8	0.0	
Male	49.6	40.1	54.0	0.0	
Female	44.8	36.2	53.4	0.0	
Population (Adjusted)					
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,43,033	0	
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	79,395	0	
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	63,638	0	
Geographic Unit					
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-	
Union	86	109	0	0	
Mauza	974	585	0	0	
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0	
Paurashava	3	2	0	0	
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0	
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0	

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Gendaria Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Sutrapur Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°41′ and 23°42′ north latitudes and between 90°25′ and 90°26′ east longitudes.

JATRABARI THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)		2001		2001		
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	4,43,601	0		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	2,45,176	0		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,98,425	0		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,84,575	0		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	2,59,026	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-		
Sex Ratio						
Total	119	124	124	0		
Urban	125	127	134	0		
Other Urban	118	111	117	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	1,01,815	0		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	40,935	0		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	60,880	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size						
Total	4.21	4.66	4.29	0.00		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.36	0.00		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.25	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	72.0	0.0		
Male	73.6	69.6	73.6	0.0		
Female	66.9	58.7	69.9	0.0		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)						
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	49.6	0.0		
Male	49.6	40.1	50.5	0.0		
Female	44.8	36.2	48.6	0.0		
Population (Adjusted)						
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	4,61,270	0		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,54,934	0		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	2,06,336	0		
Geographic Unit						
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	2	0		
Mauza	974	585	4	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	30	0		
Paurashava	3	2	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0		
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Jatrabari Thana came into existence in 29 June 2006. Before that it was included in Demra Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°43′ and 23°43′ north latitudes and between 90°25′ and 90°29′ east longitudes.

KADAMTALI THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila	a	-	Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	3,70,895	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	2,00,673	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,70,222	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,02,908	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	2,67,987	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	118	0
Urban	125	127	110	0
Other Urban	118	111	121	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	87,701	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	24,334	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	63,367	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.20	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.22	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.19	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	=	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	70.3	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	71.8	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	68.6	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.0	0.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	47.9	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	48.6	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	47.1	0.0
Population (Adjusted)		00.2	***************************************	0.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	3,85,779	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	2,08,730	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,77,049	0
Geographic Unit	0.,00,000	.0,00,20.	.,,	Ţ.
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	3	0
Mauza	974	585	3 5	0
Village	1,999	1,922	39	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Kadamtali Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Shyampur Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°40′ and 23°42′ north latitudes and between 90°25′ and 90°28′ east longitudes.

KALABAGAN THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana						
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001		
Population (Enumerated)						
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,18,660	0		
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	67,762	0		
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	50,898	0		
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,18,660	0		
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0		
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0		
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-		
Sex Ratio						
Total	119	124	133	0		
Urban	125	127	133	0		
Other Urban	118	111	0	0		
Rural	107	98	0	0		
Households (HH)						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	23,692	0		
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	23,692	0		
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0		
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0		
Average HH Size		, ,				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.86	0.00		
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.86	0.00		
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00		
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00		
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00		
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00		
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0		
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0		
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00		
Literacy (%)						
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	82.0	0.0		
Male	73.6	69.6	85.5	0.0		
Female	66.9	58.7	77.2	0.0		
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	55.5	00.1	77.2	0.0		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	51.6	0.0		
Male	49.6	40.1	52.5	0.0		
Female	44.8	36.2	50.4	0.0		
Population (Adjusted)		name.				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,23,237	0		
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	70,376	0		
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	52,861	0		
Geographic Unit		*****				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-		
Union	86	109	0	0		
Mauza	974	585	0	0		
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0		
Paurashava	3	2	0	0		
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0		
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0		

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Kalabagan Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Dhanmandi Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°44′ and 23°45′ north latitudes and between 90°20′ and 90°21′ east longitudes.

KHILKHET THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila	а	•	Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,30,053	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	73,271	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	56,782	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,01,829	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	28,224	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-
Sex Ratio	51.15			
Total	119	124	129	0
Urban	125	127	132	0
Other Urban	118	111	119	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)	1,57			
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	31,141	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	24,979	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	6,162	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	-, -,	, , -		
Total	4.21	4.66	4.13	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.05	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.43	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	73.8	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	77.5	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	68.8	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.0	0.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	50.7	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	55.7	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	44.7	0.0
Population (Adjusted)	44.0	00.2	77.7	0.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,35,130	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	76,130	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	59,000	0
Geographic Unit	07,00,000	10,00,201	00,000	Ü
Upazila/Thana	46	26		-
Union	86	109		0
Mauza	974	585	2 7	0
Village	1,999	1,922	60	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Khilkhet Thana came into existence in 26 June 2005. Before that it was included in Badda Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°49′and 23°51′north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°29′ east longitudes.

NEW MARKET THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila	а	-	Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	49,523	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	32,685	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	16,838	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	49,523	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	ı	-
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	194	0
Urban	125	127	194	0
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	7,824	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	7,824	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.89	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.89	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	86.7	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	88.4	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	83.4	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	30.1	0.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	50.1	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	43.7	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	61.3	0.0
Population (Adjusted)		00.2		0.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	51,433	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	33,946	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	17,487	0
Geographic Unit	31,33,533	,,		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	Ö	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Newmarket Thana came into existence in 26 June 2005. Before that it was included in Dhanmandi Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°43′ and 23°44′ north latitudes and between 90°22′ and 90°23′ east longitudes.

PALTAN THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

Zila Thana				
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	59,639	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	36,311	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	23,328	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	59.639	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	00,000	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84		-
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04		
Total	119	124	156	0
Urban	125	127	156	0
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	10,541	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	10,541	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, , , ,	, , -		-
Total	4.21	4.66	4.92	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.92	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.92 0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	83.0	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	85.0	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	79.8	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	48.0	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	45.9	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	50.6	0.0
Population (Adjusted)		""		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	61,940	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	37,712	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	24,228	0
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Paltan Thana came into existence in 26 June 2005. Before that it was included in Motijheel Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°43′ and 23°44′ north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°25′ east longitudes.

RAMPURA THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

JENG	Zila	II A OLAHOL		Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	2,24,079	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	1,19,103	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	1,04,976	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	2.24.079	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84		-
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04		
Total	119	124	113	0
Urban	125	127	113	0
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	50,162	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	50,162	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	-, -, -, -	, , -		-
Total	4.21	4.66	4.41	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.41	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	78.7	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	82.3	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	74.7	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	52.1	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	57.6	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	46.6	0.0
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	2,32,722	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	1,23,697	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	1,09,025	0
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Rampura Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Khilgaon Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°44' and 23°46' north latitudes and between 90°24' and 90°27' east longitudes.

SHAH ALI THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila	a	•	Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,15,489	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	61,813	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	53,676	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,15,489	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	115	0
Urban	125	127	115	0
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	28,127	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	28,127	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size				
Total	4.21	4.66	4.02	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.02	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	=	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	71.0	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	74.5	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	66.9	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.0	0.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	42.1	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	46.2	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	38.0	0.0
Population (Adjusted)		00.2	***************************************	0.0
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,19,943	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	64.197	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	55,746	0
Geographic Unit	0.,00,000	.0,00,20.	00,1.10	Ţ.
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Shah Ali Thana came into existence in 26 June 2005. Before that it was included in Mirpur and pallabi Thanas. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°47′ and 23°49′ north latitudes and between 90°19′ and 90°21′ east longitudes.

SHAHBAGH THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila		-	Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	68,140	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	45,057	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	23,083	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	68,140	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	195	0
Urban	125	127	195	0
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	8,707	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	8,707	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, ,			
Total	4.21	4.66	4.90	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.90	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	=	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	84.7	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	87.6	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	78.8	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	7 0.0	0.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	69.3	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	71.4	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	65.2	0.0
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	70,768	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	46,795	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	23,973	0
Geographic Unit	- ,,	-,,		
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Shahbagh Thana came into existence in 29 June 2006. Before that it was included in Ramna Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°43′ and 23°45′ north latitudes and between 90°23′ and 90°24′ east longitudes.

SHER-E-BANGLA NAGAR THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

OLITO	Zila	I A OLANOL	- Thana							
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001						
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001						
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,37,573	0						
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	75.990	0						
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	61,583	0						
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,37,573	0						
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0						
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0						
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84		-						
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04								
Total	119	124	123	0						
Urban	125	127	123	0						
Other Urban	118	111	0	0						
Rural	107	98	0	0						
Households (HH)		33	<u> </u>	Ţ.						
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	29,652	0						
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	29,652	0						
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0						
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0						
Average HH Size	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , -								
Total	4.21	4.66	4.37	0.00						
Urban	4.26	4.64	4.37	0.00						
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00						
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00						
Area sg. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00						
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00						
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0						
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0						
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00						
Literacy (%)										
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	78.2	0.0						
Male	73.6	69.6	82.2	0.0						
Female	66.9	58.7	73.2	0.0						
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	33		0.0						
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	58.5	0.0						
Male	49.6	40.1	64.1	0.0						
Female	44.8	36.2	52.3	0.0						
Population (Adjusted)										
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,42,879	0						
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	78,921	0						
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	63,958	0						
Geographic Unit										
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-						
Union	86	109	0	0						
Mauza	974	585	0	0						
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0						
Paurashava	3	2	0	0						
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0						
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0						

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Sher-E-Bangla Nagar Thana came into existence in 23 January 2008. Before that it was included in Tejgaon, Kafrul and Mohammadpur Thanas. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°45′ and 23°47′ north latitudes and between 90°21′ and 90°23′ east longitudes.

TEJGAON INDUSTRIAL AREA THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

_	Zila		-	Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,46,732	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	90,947	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	55,785	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	1,46,732	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	0	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-
Sex Ratio				
Total	119	124	163	0
Urban	125	127	163	0
Other Urban	118	111	0	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	34,875	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	34,875	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	0	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size				
Total	4.21	4.66	3.93	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	3.93	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	70.7	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	74.3	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	64.6	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)				
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	34.6	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	35.9	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	32.9	0.0
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,52,392	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	94,455	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	57,937	0
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	0	0
Mauza	974	585	0	0
Village	1,999	1,922	0	0
Paurashava	3	2	Ö	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Tejgaon Industrial Area Thana came into existence in 29 June 2006. Before that it was included in Tejgaon and Gulshan Thanas. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°23′ and 23°25′ north latitudes and between 90°23′ and 90°24′ east longitudes.

TURAG THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

JENG	Zila	II A OLANOL		Thana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)	2011	2001	2011	2001
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	1,57,316	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	86,428	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	70,888	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	70,000	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	1,57,316	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84		-
Sex Ratio	0.40	0.04		
Total	119	124	122	0
Urban	125	127	0	0
Other Urban	118	111	122	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)	.01	33	<u> </u>	Ţ.
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	38,660	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	0	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	38,660	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, , , ,	, , -		-
Total	4.21	4.66	3.99	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	0.00	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	0.00 3.99	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53		0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	63.5	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	66.7	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	59.5	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)		33.1		
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	40.9	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	42.4	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	39.2	0.0
Population (Adjusted)				
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	1,63,723	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	89,948	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	73,775	0
Geographic Unit				
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	1	0
Mauza	974	585	12	0
Village	1,999	1,922	25	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Turag Thana came into existence in 26June 2005. Before that it was included in Uttara Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°49′and 23°53′north latitudes and between 90°20′ and 90°23′ east longitudes.

UTTAR KHAN THANA CENSUS RESULTS AT A GLANCE

	Zila		-	Гhana
Items	2011	2001	2011	2001
Population (Enumerated)				
Both Sex	1,20,43,977	85,11,228	78,933	0
Male	65,55,792	47,12,330	41,362	0
Female	54,88,185	37,98,898	37,571	0
Urban	74,23,137	77,34,825	0.,6.7	0
Other Urban	18,93,906	59,261	78,933	0
Rural	27,26,934	7,17,142	0	0
Annual growth rate	3.48	3.84	-	-
Sex Ratio	3			
Total	119	124	110	0
Urban	125	127	0	0
Other Urban	118	111	110	0
Rural	107	98	0	0
Households (HH)				
Total	27,86,133	17,96,950	18,297	0
Urban	16,84,986	16,39,806	0	0
Other Urban	4,52,261	12,719	18,297	0
Rural	6,48,886	1,44,425	0	0
Average HH Size	, ,			
Total	4.21	4.66	4.27	0.00
Urban	4.26	4.64	0.00	0.00
Other Urban	4.15	4.52	4.27	0.00
Rural	4.15	4.93	0.00	0.00
Area sq. km	1463.60	1459.55	-	0.00
Area sq. mile	565.10	563.53	-	0.00
Density per sq. km	8229	5831	-	0
Density per sq. mile	21313	15103	-	0
Urbanization (%)	77.36	91.57	100.00	0.00
Literacy (%)				
Both Sex	70.5	64.8	68.8	0.0
Male	73.6	69.6	71.7	0.0
Female	66.9	58.7	65.6	0.0
School Attendance (5 to 24 years) (%)	00.0	00.1	00.0	0.0
Both Sex	47.3	38.2	51.1	0.0
Male	49.6	40.1	54.8	0.0
Female	44.8	36.2	47.6	0.0
Population (Adjusted)		33.=		
Both Sex	1,25,17,361	90,36,647	82,148	0
Male	68,13,453	50,03,350	43,047	0
Female	57,03,908	40,33,297	39,101	0
Geographic Unit	- ,,	-,,	, - 3 .	
Upazila/Thana	46	26	-	-
Union	86	109	1	0
Mauza	974	585	14	0
Village	1,999	1,922	37	0
Paurashava	3	2	0	0
Paura Ward	27	18	0	0
Paura Mahalla	133	99	0	0

Note: Due to unavailability of corrected area the density and the areas of Metropolitan Thanas/Wards have not been incorporated.

Background: Uttarkhan Thana came into existence in 29 June 2006. Before that it was included in Uttara Thana. Nothing is definitely known about the origin of the Thana name. There is a general belief that the Thana name might have originated from the name of the mauza where its headquarters is located.

Location: It is located between 23°50′ and 23°54′ north latitudes and between 90°24′ and 90°28′ east longitudes.

Chapter - 4

Community Tables (Please go to main menu)

List of Personnel Engaged in Preparing this Report

1. Ashim Kumar Dey Director (Deputy Secretary) and **Project Director Deputy Director** 2. Alauddin Al Azad **Deputy Director** 3. Mohammad Abdul Kadir Miah **Deputy Director** 4. Dr. Dipankar Roy **Deputy Director** Md. Abdur Rahim 5. **Deputy Director** 6. Md. Mahmuduzzaman **Deputy Director** 7. Md. Rafiqul Islam **Deputy Director** 8. Md. Golam Mostofa Systems Analyst 9. Jatan Kumar Saha Senior Maintenance Engineer 10. Chandra Shekhar Roy 11. Md. Salimur Rahman Statistical Officer 12. Md. Mostak Ahmed Miah Programmer 13. S.M Ahasan Kabir Programmer 14. Programmer Md. Faroque Sohel Maintenance Engineer 15. Mohammad Anamul Haque 16. Md. Khorshed Alam Assistant Statistical Officer 17. Jarina Pasha Assistant Statistical Officer 18. **Enayet Hossain** Statistical Investigator Shekhor Ranjan Halder 19. Statistical Investigator Statistical Investigator 20. Md. Rezaul Karim

Census Questionnaire

Appendix -II

Bangladesh Bureau	of Statist	tics																															(CONF	-IDEN	TIAL)	
								(Gov	ern	me					•			Iblic o		ang	lades	h													
la. Household Addre	ess:		2a.	House	hold No	o. 3.	Floating	7 4	4. Typ	e of		5. Numb			6. Туре	of ho	use	7	. Tenancy of the house	of c	8. Sour	rce of water		9. Toile	t facili	ties		10. Elec		11a	ls it a	a house populat	ehold of tion?		ancel	
			2	b. Hous	sehold		Yes		Ge	neral	w	(For mul househo structure Vrite 9 for househo	old e. last		Pucka] Jhu	ıpri [□ Own		□ Та	р	□ sa	nitary	(With	water s	eal)		Yes	Γ'	□ Y	es [□ No			
				Popula	ation		□ No		Ins	titution	al ar	nd 0 for a househol	other lds)		Semi-	pucka		1	Rente	d [□ Tu	be-well	☐ Sa	nitary	(No w	ater sea	al)		No	11b. I	yes,	. [
b. Continuation pages	pg.								Ott	ners					Kutcha	a		1	Rentfr	ee [□ Ott	her	☐ No Sa	n- nitary			lone			of eth comm	nic					
12. Name of the	13. Member(s)	14. Age		Relat	15.	n with		16. Sex		Ma	17	Status			R	18.	n	_	19. Type of disability	Stud		21.	_	2		memb	ers ag		ars and	d abov				25.		
household members present	Serial No.	(Complete years)	d	Head				JUA						Religion		Religion				0=None 1=Speech	(Curr		Highest class passed	Fie	ld of E	duca	tion	Can a let	write	A	ctivity		s	If emp	ployed, mployn	, fiel men
n the census night				e/ and		ive	Relative		9	arried	pa	wed	rated	E	,	tian	hist		2=Vision 3=Hearing 4=Physical 5=Mental	3.7		(Write cla	es <u>e</u>	tional/ hnical	snoi	Not plicable			oyed	doi	ehold	ot work	ulture	stry	9	
Start from head of household)			Head	Wife	S	Othe	Non-Rel	Male	Fema	S C	Marri	Wido	Sepa	Musli	Hindu	Chris	Budd	Othe	6=Autistic	Yes	No	code)	Gene	Vocation	Religie	Applie	Yes	No	Employed	for j	Househol	Do not	Agric	Indus	Servi	
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FORM EnumerationForm_P1 (08/27/10)

EnumerationForm_P1, Base (Black) EnumerationForm_P1, Pantone 354 (20 & 100%)



......Community Report: Dhaka.....