## Economic\&

# World Population Prospects The 2012 Revision 

Volume II: Demographic Profiles

Department of Economic and Social Affairs
Population Division

# World Population Prospects The 2012 Revision 

Volume II: Demographic Profiles


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## DESA

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## Note

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## PREFACE

The 2012 Revision of World Population Prospects presents the latest global demographic estimates and projections prepared by the Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat. It constitutes the twenty-third round of the global population estimates and projections produced by the Population Division since 1951.

This volume of the 2012 Revision presents the demographic profiles of the official United Nations population estimates and projections. The demographic profiles display key demographic indicators for selected periods or dates between 1950-2100, for the world, development groups, major areas, regions and countries or areas with more than 90,000 inhabitants in 2013. In all tables and figures, values for 1950-2010 are estimates and those thereafter are projections (medium variant). For each country or area the volume also provides a brief description of the data sources and demographic methods that were used to derive the base-year estimates.

The Population Division has continued to develop the methodology for producing probabilistic projections for all countries and areas of the world, which began in the 2010 Revision with the projections of fertility. In addition to updating the methods used to yield the future trajectories of fertility, the 2012 Revision incorporates for the first time probabilistic projections of mortality. Detailed components of the projections are presented up to the year 2100. It should be stressed, however, that making projections to such a far horizon at the country level is subject to a high degree of uncertainty. In that regard, users are invited to focus not only on the outcomes of the medium variant, which corresponds to the median of several thousands projected country trajectories for each component, but also to appreciate the meaning of the uncertainty bounds in such an exercise. Detailed information on the uncertainty bounds for different components at the country level can be accessed on the Population Division's website at www.unpopulation.org. The standard outputs of the 2012 Revision do not include the probabilistic projections and are restricted to a set of projection variants that correspond to those included in earlier Revisions of World Population Prospects.

The detailed results of the 2012 Revision are made available through a variety of media. The Population Division's website provide access to an extended set of data organized in Excel files (and ASCII database files) as well as to an interactive database that enables users to obtain specific information on a few countries at a time. Users requiring the complete results of the 2012 Revision may also purchase them on DVDs. A wall chart providing key demographic indicators for each development group, major area, region and country for the most recent period has also been published. The full results of the 2012 Revision are presented in two volumes, including the present one.

Responsibility for the 2012 Revision rests with the Population Division. In preparing the 2012 Revision, the Population Division relied on the collaboration of the regional commissions, especially the Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean, as well as specialized agencies and other relevant bodies of the United Nations system, including UNAIDS, UNICEF, UNHCR, WHO and the World Bank. The Statistics Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat, through its United Nations Demographic Yearbook and its accompanying databases, provided access to official national population statistics used in the preparation of the 2012 Revision. The Population Division is grateful to OCHA and the Cartographic Section for providing and clearing maps that were incorporated in this publication. The Population Division also acknowledges the assistance and cooperation of Measure DHS, MICS (UNICEF), the Human Mortality Database, and IPUMS-International as well as national statistical offices who made available data and reports for recent censuses and surveys that informed the development of the estimates presented in this report. The Population Division is grateful for the contributions made by all these entities.

For further information about the 2012 Revision, please contact the Director, Population Division, United Nations, New York, NY 10017, USA (Fax: 1212963 2147; E-mail: population@un.org)

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## EXPLANATORY NOTES

## The following symbols have been used in the tables throughout this report:

> Two dots (..) indicate that data are not available or are not reported separately.
> A hyphen (-) indicates that the item is not applicable.
> A minus sign (-) before a figure indicates a decrease.
> A full stop (.) is used to indicate decimals.
> Years given refer to 1 July.
> Use of a hyphen (-) between years, for example, 1995-2000, signifies the full period involved, from 1 July of the first year to 30 June of the second year.

> Numbers and percentages in tables do not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.

## References to countries, territories and areas:

The designations employed and the material in this publication do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory or area or its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

The designation "more developed" and "less developed" regions are intended for statistical purposes and do not express a judgment about the stage reached by a particular country or area in the development process. The term "country" as used in this publication also refers, as appropriate, to territories or areas.

More developed regions comprise all regions of Europe plus Northern America, Australia/New Zealand and Japan. Less developed regions comprise all regions of Africa, Asia (excluding Japan), and Latin America and the Caribbean as well as Melanesia, Micronesia and Polynesia. Countries or areas in the more developed regions are designated as "developed countries". Countries or areas in the less developed regions are designated as "developing countries".

The least developed countries, as defined by the United Nations General Assembly in its resolutions (59/209, 59/210, 60/33, 62/97, 64/L.55, 67/L.43) included 49 countries in June 2013: 34 in Africa, 9 in Asia, 5 in Oceania and one in Latin America and the Caribbean. Those 49 countries are: Afghanistan, Angola, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Cambodia, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Democratic Republic of the Congo, Djibouti, Equatorial Guinea, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Gambia, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Kiribati, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lesotho, Liberia, Madagascar, Malawi, Mali, Mauritania, Mozambique, Myanmar, Nepal, Niger, Rwanda, Samoa, Săo Tomé and Príncipe, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, South Sudan, Sudan, Timor-Leste, Togo, Tuvalu, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Yemen and Zambia. These countries are also included in the less developed regions.

The group denominated "other less developed countries" comprises all countries in the less developed regions minus the least developed countries.

The term "sub-Saharan Africa" is used to designate the countries in Africa excluding those in Northern Africa.
Countries and areas are grouped geographically into six major areas designated as: Africa; Asia; Europe; Latin America and the Caribbean; Northern America, and Oceania. These major areas are further divided into 21 geographical regions.

The names and composition of geographical areas follow those presented in "Standard country or area codes for statistical use" (ST/ESA/STAT/SER.M/49/Rev.3), available at http://unstats.un.org/unsd/methods/m49/m49.htm.

The following abbreviations have been used:

| AIDS | Acquired immunodeficiency syndrome |
| :--- | :--- |
| DESA | Department of Economic and Social Affairs |
| HIV | Human immunodeficiency virus |
| LDCs | Least developed countries |
| MDGs | Millennium Development Goals |
| SAR | Special Administrative Region |
| TFR | Total fertility rate |
| UNAIDS | Joint United Nations Programme on HIV/AIDS |

# CLASSIFICATION OF COUNTRIES BY MAJOR AREA AND REGION OF THE WORLD 

|  | Africa |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Eastern Africa | Middle Africa | Northern Africa | Western Africa |
| Burundi | Angola | Algeria |  |
| Comoros | Cameroon | Egypt | Benin |
| Djibouti | Central African Republic | Libyan Arab Jamahiriya | Cape Verde |
| Eritrea | Chad | Morocco | Côte d'Ivoire |
| Ethiopia | Congo | Sudan | Gambia |
| Kenya | Democratic Republic of the | Tunisia | Ghana |
| Madagascar | Congo | Western Sahara | Guinea |
| Malawi | Equatorial Guinea |  | Guinea-Bissau |
| Mauritius | Gabon | Southern Africa | Liberia |
| Mayotte | São Tomé and Príncipe |  | Mali |
| Mozambique |  | Botswana | Mauritania |
| Réunion |  | Lesotho | Niger |
| Rwanda | South Africa | Nigeria |  |
| Seychelles |  | Swaziland | Saint Helena ${ }^{2} *$ |
| Somalia |  | Senegal |  |
| South Sudan |  | Sierra Leone |  |
| Uganda |  | Togo |  |
| United Republic of |  |  |  |
| Tanzania |  |  |  |
| Zambia |  |  |  |
| Zimbabwe |  |  |  |

[^0]| Eastern Asia | Asia |  | Western Asia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | South-Central Asia ${ }^{4}$ | South-Eastern Asia |  |
|  | Central Asia |  |  |
| China ${ }^{5}$ | Kazakhstan | Brunei Darussalam | Armenia |
| China, Hong Kong SAR ${ }^{6}$ | Kyrgyzstan | Cambodia | Azerbaijan ${ }^{7}$ |
| China, Macao SAR ${ }^{8}$ | Tajikistan | Indonesia | Bahrain |
| Democratic People's | Turkmenistan | Lao People's Democratic | Cyprus ${ }^{9}$ |
| Republic of Korea | Uzbekistan | Republic | Georgia ${ }^{10}$ |
| Japan |  | Malaysia ${ }^{11}$ | Iraq |
| Mongolia | Southern Asia | Myanmar | Israel |
| Republic of Korea |  | Philippines | Jordan |
| Other non-specified areas | Afghanistan | Singapore | Kuwait |
|  | Bangladesh | Thailand | Lebanon |
|  | Bhutan | Timor-Leste | Oman |
|  | India | Viet Nam | Qatar |
|  | Iran (Islamic Republic of) |  | Saudi Arabia |
|  | Maldives |  | State of Palestine ${ }^{12}$ |
|  | Nepal |  | Syrian Arab Republic |
|  | Pakistan |  | Turkey |
|  | Sri Lanka |  | United Arab Emirates |
|  |  |  | Yemen |

[^1]| Eastern Europe | Northern Europe | Europe <br> Southern Europe | Western Europe |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Belarus | Channel Islands ${ }^{13}$ | Albania | Austria |
| Bulgaria | Denmark | Andorra* | Belgium |
| Czech Republic | Estonia | Bosnia and Herzegovina | France |
| Hungary | Faeroe Islands* | Croatia | Germany |
| Poland | Finland ${ }^{14}$ | Gibraltar* | Liechtenstein* |
| Republic of Moldova ${ }^{15}$ | Iceland | Greece | Luxembourg |
| Romania | Ireland | Holy See ${ }^{16 *}$ | Monaco* |
| Russian Federation | Isle of Man* | Italy | Netherlands |
| Slovakia | Latvia | Malta | Switzerland |
| Ukraine | Lithuania | Montenegro |  |
|  | Norway |  |  |
|  | Sweden | Portugal |  |
|  | United Kingdom of Great | San Marino* | Serbia |
|  | Britain and Northern | Slovenia |  |
|  | Ireland ${ }^{18}$ | Spain |  |
|  |  | The former Yugoslav |  |
|  |  | Republic of Macedonia ${ }^{21}$ |  |

[^2]
## Latin America and the Caribbean

| Caribbean | Central America | South America |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anguilla* | Belize | Argentina |
| Antigua and Barbuda | Costa Rica | Bolivia |
| Aruba | El Salvador | Brazil |
| Bahamas | Guatemala | Chile |
| Barbados | Honduras | Colombia |
| British Virgin Islands* | Mexico | Ecuador |
| Caribbean Netherlands*22 | Nicaragua | Falkland Islands (Malvinas)* |
| Cayman Islands* | Panama | French Guiana |
| Cuba |  | Guyana |
| Curaçao |  | Paraguay |
| Dominica* |  | Peru |
| Dominican Republic |  | Suriname |
| Grenada |  | Uruguay |
| Guadeloupe ${ }^{23}$ |  | Venezuela (Bolivarian Rep. of) |
| Haiti |  |  |
| Jamaica |  |  |
| Martinique |  |  |
| Montserrat* |  |  |
| Puerto Rico |  |  |
| Saint Kitts and Nevis* |  |  |
| Saint Lucia |  |  |
| Saint Vincent and the |  |  |
| Grenadines |  |  |
| Sint Maarten (Dutch part)* |  |  |
| Trinidad and Tobago |  |  |
| Turks and Caicos Islands* |  |  |
| United States Virgin Islands |  |  |

[^3]
## Northern America

Bermuda*
Canada
Greenland*
Saint Pierre and Miquelon*
United States of America

Oceania

| Australia/New Zealand | Melanesia | Micronesia | Polynesia $^{24}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Australia $^{25}$ | Fiji | Guam | American Samoa* |
| New Zealand | New Caledonia | Kiribati | Cook Islands* |
|  | Papua New Guinea | Marshall Islands* | French Polynesia |
|  | Solomon Islands | Micronesia | Niue* |
|  | Vanuatu | (Federated States of) | Samoa |
|  |  | Nauru* | Tokelau* |
|  |  | Northern Mariana Islands* | Tonga |
|  |  | Palau* | Tuvalu* |
|  |  |  | Wallis and Futuna Islands* |

## Sub-Saharan Africa

| Angola | Côte d'Ivoire | Guinea-Bissau | Namibia | South Africa |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Benin | Democratic Republic | Kenya | Niger | South Sudan |
| Botswana | of the Congo | Lesotho | Nigeria | Swaziland |
| Burkina Faso | Djibouti | Liberia | Réunion | Togo |
| Burundi | Equatorial Guinea | Madagascar | Rwanda | Uganda |
| Cameroon | Eritrea | Malawi | Saint Helena | United Republic |
| Cape Verde | Ethiopia | Mali | São Tomé and Príncipe | of Tanzania |
| Central African Republic | Gabon | Mauritania | Senegal | Zambia |
| Chad | Gambia | Mauritius | Seychelles | Zimbabwe |
| Comoros | Ghana | Mayotte | Sierra Leone |  |
| Congo | Guinea | Mozambique | Somalia |  |

Note: Countries with a population of less than 90,000 in 2013 are indicated by an asterisk (*).

[^4]
## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The 2012 Revision is the twenty-third round of official United Nations population estimates and projections, prepared by the Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat. The 2012 Revision builds on the previous revision by incorporating the results of the 2010 round of national population censuses as well as findings from recent specialized demographic surveys that have been carried out around the world. These sources provide both demographic and other information to assess the progress made in achieving the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). The comprehensive review of past worldwide demographic trends and future prospects presented in the 2012 Revision provides the population basis for the assessment of those goals.

According to the 2012 Revision of the official United Nations population estimates and projections, the world population of 7.2 billion in mid-2013 is projected to increase by almost one billion people within the next twelve years, reaching 8.1 billion in 2025, and to further increase to 9.6 billion in 2050 and 10.9 billion by 2100 (figure 1). These results are based on the medium-variant projection, which assumes a decline of fertility for countries where large families are still prevalent as well as a slight increase of fertility in several countries with fewer than two children per woman on average.

Figure 1. Population of the world, 1950-2100, according to different projections and variants


Source: Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs of the United Nations Secretariat (2013). World Population Prospects: The 2012 Revision. New York: United Nations.

Small differences in the trajectory of fertility during the next decades will have major consequences for population size, structure, and distribution in the long run. The "high-variant" projection depicted in the figure above, for example, which assumes an extra half of a child per woman (on average) compared to the medium variant, implies a world population of 10.9 billion in 2050 and 16.6 billion in 2100 . The "low-variant" projection, where women have half a child less, on average, than under the medium variant, would produce a population of 8.3 billion in 2050. Thus, a constant difference of only half a child above or below the medium variant would result in a global population in 2050 of around 1.3 billion more or less compared to the medium variant of 9.6 billion.

Compared with the results from the previous revision, the projected global population total in this revision is higher, particularly after 2075, for several reasons. First, fertility levels have been adjusted upward in a number of countries on the basis of recently available information. In the new revision, the estimated total fertility rate (TFR) for 2005-2010 has increased in several countries, including by more than 5 per cent in 15 high-fertility countries from sub-Saharan Africa. In some cases, the actual level of fertility appears to have risen in recent years; in other cases, the previous estimate was too low. The cumulative effects of these higher estimates of current fertility levels will play out over several decades and are responsible for significant upward adjustments in the projected population size of certain countries between the two revisions. Second, slight modifications in the projected fertility trajectories of some very populous countries have yielded important differences in long-run forecasts. Third, future levels of life expectancy at birth are slightly higher in several countries within this latest projection; longer survival, like higher fertility, generates larger populations. Lastly, a small portion of the difference between revisions is attributable to changes in the projection methodology used for this revision.

Almost all of the additional 3.7 billion people from now to 2100 will enlarge the population of developing countries, which is projected to rise from 5.9 billion in 2013 to 8.2 billion in 2050 and to 9.6 billion in 2100 , and will mainly be distributed among the population aged 15-59 ( 1.6 billion) and 60 or over ( 1.99 billion), as the number of children under age 15 in developing countries will hardly increase. Growth is expected to be particularly dramatic in the least developed countries of the world, which are projected to double in size from 898 million inhabitants in 2013 to 1.8 billion in 2050 and to 2.9 billion in 2100.

In contrast, the population of the more developed regions is expected to change minimally, passing from 1.25 billion in 2013 to 1.28 billion in 2100, and would decline were it not for the net increase due to migration from developing to developed countries, which is projected to average about 2.4 million persons annually from 2013 to 2050 and 1 million from 2050 to 2100.

At the country level, much of the overall increase between 2013 and 2050 is projected to take place in high-fertility countries, mainly in Africa, as well as countries with large populations such as India, Indonesia, Pakistan, the Philippines and the United States of America.

The results of the 2012 Revision incorporate the findings of the most recent national population censuses, including from the 2010 round of censuses, and of numerous specialized population surveys carried out around the world. The 2012 Revision provides the demographic data and indicators to assess trends at the global, regional and national levels and to calculate many other key indicators commonly used by the United Nations system.

## Population in developing countries still young

Currently the population of the less developed regions is still young, with children under age 15 accounting for 28 per cent of the population and young persons aged 15 to 24 accounting for a further 18 per cent. In fact, the numbers of children and young people in the less developed regions are at an all time
high (1.7 billion children and 1.1 billion young people), posing a major challenge for their countries, which are faced with the necessity of providing education and employment to large cohorts of children and youth. The situation in the least developed countries is even more pressing, as children under age 15 constitute 40 per cent of their population and young people account for a further 20 per cent.

In the more developed regions, children and youth account for 16 per cent and 12 per cent of the population, respectively. Whereas the number of children is expected to change little in the future, fluctuating from 206 million in 2013 to around 210 million in 2050 and then to 202 in 2100, the number of young people is projected to decrease from 152 million currently to 142 million in 2050 and then to 138 million in 2100.

In both the more and the less developed regions, the number of people in the main working ages, from 25 to 59 years, is at an all time high: 608 million and 2.6 billion, respectively. Yet, whereas in the more developed regions that number is expected to peak in 2013 and decline thereafter, reaching 533 millions in 2050 and 504 million in 2100, in the less developed regions it will continue rising, reaching 3.7 billion in 2050 and 4.1 billion in 2100. In developing countries, this population is projected to increase by over 400 million within the next decade. These population trends point to the urgency of supporting employment creation in developing countries as part of any strategy to address the slow economic recovery that the world is experiencing.

## Globally, population aged 60 or over is the fastest growing

In the more developed regions, the population aged 60 or over is increasing at 1.0 per cent annually before 2050 and 0.11 per cent annually from 2050 to 2100; it is expected to increase by 45 per cent by the middle of the century, rising from 287 million in 2013 to 417 million in 2050 and to 440 million in 2100. In the less developed regions, the population aged 60 or over is currently increasing at the fastest pace ever, 3.7 per cent annually in the period 2010-2015 and is projected to increase by 2.9 per cent annually before 2050 and 0.9 per cent annually from 2050 to 2100; its numbers are expected to rise from 554 million in 2013 to 1.6 billion in 2050 and to 2.5 billion in 2100 .

## Projected trends are contingent on fertility declines in developing countries

Population ageing results mainly from declining fertility. According to the 2012 Revision, fertility in the less developed regions as a whole is expected to drop from 2.69 children per woman in 2005-2010 to 2.29 in 2045-2050 and to 1.99 in 2095-2100. The reduction projected for the group of 49 least developed countries is even steeper: from 4.53 children per woman to 2.87 children per woman in 2045-2050 and to 2.11 in 2095-2100. To achieve such reductions, it is essential that access to family planning should expand, particularly in the least developed countries. In 2013, the use of modern contraceptive methods in the least developed countries is estimated at around 31 per cent among women of reproductive age who are married or in union, and a further 23 per cent of such women have an unmet need for family planning. The urgency of realizing the projected reductions of fertility is brought into focus by considering that, if fertility were to remain constant at the levels estimated for 2005-2010, the population of the less developed regions would increase to 9.8 billion in 2050 and to 27.5 billion in 2100 instead of the 8.2 billion and 9.6 billion projected by assuming that fertility declines. That is, without further reductions of ertility, the world population by 2100 could increase by nearly six times as much as currently expected.

## Key Findings

1. In July 2013, the world population will reach 7.2 billion, 648 million more than in 2005 or an average gain of 81 million persons annually. Even assuming that fertility levels will continue to decline, the world population is still expected to reach 9.6 billion in 2050 and 10.9 billion in 2100, according to the medium-variant projection.
2. Future population growth is highly dependent on the path that future fertility will take. In the medium variant, global fertility declines from 2.53 children per woman in 2005-2010 to 2.24 children per woman in 2045-2050 and 1.99 children per woman in 2095-2100. If fertility were to remain, on average, half a child above the levels projected in the medium variant, world population would reach 10.9 billion by 2050 and 16.6 billion by 2100 . A fertility path half a child below the medium variant would lead to a population of 8.3 billion by mid-century and 6.8 billion by the end of the century. Consequently, population growth until 2050 is almost inevitable even if the decline of fertility accelerates.
3. In the more developed regions, fertility has increased slightly in recent years, with an estimated level of 1.66 children per woman in 2005-2010. As a result of slightly higher projected fertility and a sustained net in-migration averaging 2.4 million annually from 2013 to 2050, the population of the more developed regions is still expected to increase slightly from 1.25 billion in 2013 to 1.3 billion in 2050 and then to fall back to about 1.28 billion by 2100 .
4. The 49 least developed countries (LDCs) as a whole still have the fastest growing population in the world, at 2.3 per cent per year. Although this rate of increase is expected to slow significantly over the next decades, the population of the LDCs is projected to double by mid-century, from 898 million in 2013 to 1.8 billion in 2050, further increasing to 2.9 billion in 2100 . Growth in the rest of the developing world is also projected to be robust, though less rapid, with its population rising from 5.0 billion in 2013 to 6.4 billion 2050 and then to 6.6 billion in 2100 according to the medium variant.
5. Slow population growth brought about by reductions in fertility leads to population ageing; that is, it produces populations where the proportion of older persons increases while that of younger persons decreases. In the more developed regions, 23 per cent of the population is already aged 60 years or over and that proportion is projected to reach 32 per cent in 2050 and 34 per cent in 2100. In developed countries as a whole, the number of older persons has already surpassed the number of children (persons under age 15), and by 2050 the number of older persons in developed countries will be nearly twice the number of children; by 2100 , that ratio will be closer to 2.2 .
6. Population ageing is less advanced in developing countries. Nevertheless, the populations of a majority of them are poised to enter a period of rapid population ageing. In developing countries as a whole, 9 per cent of the population today is aged 60 years or over, but that proportion will more than double by 2050 , reaching 19 per cent that year, and triple by 2100 , reaching 27 per cent.
7. Globally, the number of persons aged 60 or over is expected to more than triple by 2100 , increasing from 841 million in 2013 to 2 billion in 2050 and close to 3 billion in 2100. Furthermore, already 66 per cent of the world's older persons live in the less developed regions and by 2050, 79 per cent will do so. By 2100 , this figure will reach 85 per cent.
8. In ageing populations, the number of persons grows faster and faster the higher the age range considered. Thus, whereas the number of persons aged 60 or over is expected to more than triple by 2100 , that of persons aged 80 or over is projected to increase almost seven-fold by 2100 , increasing
from 120 million in 2013 to 392 million in 2050, and 830 million in 2100. Today, just over half of all persons aged 80 and over live in developing countries, but that share is expected to reach 68 per cent in 2050.
9. Although the population of all countries is expected to age over the foreseeable future, the population will remain relatively young in countries where fertility is still high.
10. High population growth rates prevail in many developing countries, most of which are on the UN's list of 49 least developed countries (LDCs). Between 2013 and 2100, the populations of 35 countries, most of them LDCs, could triple or more. Among them, the populations of Burundi, Malawi, Mali, Niger, Nigeria, Somalia, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania and Zambia are projected to increase at least five-fold by 2100.
11. In sharp contrast, the populations of 43 countries or areas are expected to decrease between 2013 and 2050; of these, 40 are expected to continue to decrease between 2050 and 2100. Several countries are expected to see their populations decline by more than 15 per cent by 2050, including Belarus, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cuba, Georgia, Latvia, Lithuania, Republic of Moldova, Romania, the Russian Federation, Serbia, and Ukraine.
12. Half of all population growth is concentrated in a small number of countries. During 2013-2100, eight countries are expected to account for over half of the world's projected population increase: Nigeria, India, the United Republic of Tanzania, the Democratic Republic of Congo, Niger, Uganda, Ethiopia and the United States of America, listed according to the size of their contribution to global population growth.
13. Fertility has continued to fall in the vast majority of countries in the less developed regions. Among countries with at least 90,000 inhabitants in 2013, the number of developing countries with high fertility ( 5 children or more per woman) declined from 58 in 1990-1995 to 31 in 2005-2010, and their share of the world population dropped from 13 per cent to 9 per cent. Over the same period, the number of developing countries with fertility levels below replacement increased from 14 to 32 .
14. Most developed countries have had below-replacement fertility (below 2.1 children per woman) for two or three decades. Among the 45 developed countries with at least 90,000 inhabitants in 2013, 41 and 43 had below-replacement fertility in 1990-1995 and 2005-2010, respectively. However, between the 2000-2005 and 2005-2010, 36 developed countries experienced slight increases in fertility. For the more developed regions as a whole, total fertility increased from 1.58 to 1.66 children per woman between those two periods. Yet, in 2005-2010, 26 developed countries, including Japan and most of the countries in Southern and Eastern Europe, still had fertility levels below 1.5 children per woman.
15. In 2005-2010, the 75 countries with below-replacement fertility accounted for 48 per cent of the world's population. The most populous countries with below replacement fertility are China, the United States of America, Brazil, the Russian Federation, Japan, Viet Nam, Germany, the Islamic Republic of Iran and Thailand, in order of population size.
16. Globally, total fertility is expected to fall from 2.53 children per woman in 2005-2010 to 2.24 in 2045-2050 and to 1.99 in 2095-2100 according to the medium variant. However, in the more developed regions, total fertility is projected to increase from 1.66 children per woman currently to 1.85 in 2045-2050 and 1.93 in 2095-2100. A major reduction of fertility is projected for the group of least developed countries (from 4.53 to 2.87 children per woman in 2045-2050 and to 2.11 in 2095-2100) and the fertility of the rest of the developing world is expected to drop from 2.40
children per woman currently to 2.09 in 2045-2050 and 1.93 in 2095-2100, thus converging to the fertility levels expected for the more developed countries by the end of the century.
17. The median age, that is, the age that divides the population in two halves of equal size, is an indicator of population ageing. Globally, the median age is projected to increase from 29 to 36 years between 2013 and 2050 and to 41 years in 2100. The median age is higher in countries or regions that have been experiencing low fertility for a long time. Europe today has the oldest population, with a median age of 41 years in 2013, which is expected to reach 46 years in 2050 and then 47 years in 2100 .
18. Countries where fertility remains high and has declined only moderately will experience the slowest population ageing. The median age for the least developed countries as a whole is below 20 years in 2013. It is projected to reach 26 years in 2050 and 36 years in 2100.
19. Increasing longevity also contributes to population ageing. Globally, life expectancy at birth is projected to rise from 69 years in 2005-2010 to 76 years in 2045-2050 and to 82 years in 20952100. In the more developed regions, the projected increase is from 77 years in 2005-2010 to 83 years in 2045-2050 and to 89 years in 2095-2100, while in the less developed regions the increase is expected to be from 67 years in 2005-2010 to 75 years by mid-century and 81 years by the end of the century.
20. Life expectancy remains low in the least developed countries, at just 58 years in 2005-2010. Although it is projected to reach 70 years in 2045-2050 and 78 years in 2095-2100, realizing such an increase is contingent on reducing the spread of HIV and combating successfully other infectious diseases as well as non-communicable diseases. Similar challenges must be confronted if the projected increase of life expectancy in the rest of the developing countries, from under 69 years today to 76 years by mid-century and to 82 year by the end of the century, is to be achieved.
21. The under-five mortality, expressed as the probability of dying between birth and the exact age of five, is an important indicator of development and the well-being of children. In 1950-1955, 21 per cent of all children born worldwide did not reach their fifth birthday. By 2005-2010, this rate had fallen to 59 deaths per 1,000 births. However, this rate in least developed regions still remains at a relatively high level, around 112 deaths per 1,000 births in 2005-2010, falling from 172 deaths per 1,000 births in 1990-95.
22. Among the more developed regions, Eastern Europe has the lowest life expectancy and has experienced reductions in life expectancy at birth since the late 1980s. In 2005-2010 life expectancy in the region increased somewhat but at 69.5 years it was almost the same as it had been in 19701975 ( 69.2 years). Despite having recorded some recovery since the late 1990s, Belarus, the Republic of Moldova, the Russian Federation and Ukraine have currently the lowest life expectancies among developed countries (below 70 years).
23. Although the HIV/AIDS epidemic continues to be a major global health concern, adult HIV prevalence reached a peak over the past decade in most countries that are highly affected by the epidemic; a growing number of them are reaching and maintaining lower prevalence levels. Nevertheless, in countries where prevalence has been high, the impact of the epidemic in terms of morbidity, mortality and slower population growth continues to be evident. Thus, in Southern Africa, the region with the highest prevalence of the disease, life expectancy has fallen from 62 years in 1990-1995 to 52 years in 2005-2010 and is only recently beginning to increase. Nevertheless, life expectancy in the region is not expected to recover to the level where it was in the early 1990s until the year 2030.
24. Given the low fertility prevailing in developed countries, deaths are expected to exceed births for the foreseeable future. Consequently, the population of the more developed regions will decrease if the excess of deaths over births is not counterbalanced by a net migration gain. During 2010-2050, the net number of international migrants to more developed regions is projected to be about 96 million, whereas the excess of deaths over births is projected to be 33 million, implying an overall growth of about 63 million.
25. In terms of annual averages, the major net receivers of international migrants during 2010-2050 are projected to be the United States of America ( $1,000,000$ annually), Canada ( 205,000 ), the United Kingdom $(172,500)$, Australia $(150,000)$, Italy $(131,250)$, the Russian Federation $(127,500)$, France $(106,250)$ and Spain $(102,500)$. The major countries of net emigration are projected to be Bangladesh ( $-331,000$ annually), China ( $-300,000$ ), India ( $-284,000$ ), Mexico ( $-210,000$ ), Pakistan $(-170,000)$, Indonesia $(-140,000)$ and the Philippines $(-92,500)$. Economic and demographic asymmetries across countries that may persist are likely to remain powerful generators of international migration within the medium-term future.

## DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILES

## A.1. Demographic profiles by development group, major area, and region

## Total Population

Total population (thousands)

Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 2525779 | 3691 | 173 | 5320817 | 6127700 | 6514095 | 6916183 | 7324782 | 7716749 | 8424937 | 9550945 | 10409149 | 10853849 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 19 | 27 | 39 | 45 | 48 | 51 | 54 | 57 | 62 | 70 | 76 | 80 |  |
| 23.5 | 21.5 | 24.0 | 26.3 | 27.4 | 28.5 | 29.6 | 31.0 | 33.2 | 36.1 | 38.7 | 41.2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 65.1 | 75.2 | 64.3 | 58.8 | 54.5 | 52.2 | 52.1 | 53.0 | 54.0 | 58.5 | 62.4 | 66.1 |  |
| 56.7 | 65.9 | 54.0 | 47.9 | 43.2 | 40.6 | 39.5 | 38.8 | 36.2 | 33.8 | 31.6 | 29.8 |  |
| 8.4 | 9.4 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 11.7 | 12.5 | 14.2 | 17.8 | 24.7 | 30.8 | 36.4 |  |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.8 | 20.6 | 18.0 | 13.0 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 10.4 | 8.3 | 5.1 | 2.6 | 1.1 |
| 39 | 34 | 39 | 54 | 57 | 58 | 61 | 67 | 84 | 135 | - | - |
| 19.1 | 12.9 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 10.7 | 10.9 |
| 135 | 94 | 63 | 55 | 48 | 42 | 37 | 33 | 27 | 18 | 12 | 8 |
| 214 | 145 | 91 | 79 | 69 | 59 | 52 | 47 | 39 | 26 | 16 | 11 |
| 386 | 270 | 201 | 193 | 184 | 170 | 157 | 149 | 135 | 111 | 86 | 66 |
| 46.9 | 56.5 | 64.0 | 65.6 | 67.1 | 68.7 | 70.0 | 71.0 | 72.8 | 75.9 | 79.1 | 81.8 |
| 45.9 | 55.1 | 61.8 | 63.4 | 64.9 | 66.5 | 67.8 | 68.8 | 70.6 | 73.7 | 77.0 | 79.9 |
| 47.9 | 57.9 | 66.2 | 68.0 | 69.4 | 71.0 | 72.3 | 73.3 | 75.1 | 78.2 | 81.2 | 83.7 |
| 46.9 | 52.5 | 56.4 | 57.0 | 57.8 | 58.8 | 59.5 | 60.1 | 61.3 | 63.3 | 65.5 | 67.8 |
| 11.4 | 13.0 | 14.6 | 15.1 | 15.7 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 16.7 | 17.3 | 18.4 | 19.7 | 21.2 |
| 37.0 | 33.5 | 27.4 | 21.8 | 20.6 | 20.1 | 19.5 | 18.5 | 16.6 | 14.8 | 13.2 | 12.0 |
| 4.97 | 4.85 | 3.45 | 2.73 | 2.59 | 2.53 | 2.50 | 2.45 | 2.37 | 2.24 | 2.10 | 1.99 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 108 | 107 | 107 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.66 | 1.87 | 1.45 | 1.15 | 1.11 | 1.09 | 1.09 | 1.08 | 1.06 | 1.03 | 0.98 | 0.94 |
| 29.1 | 28.9 | 27.6 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 27.7 | 28.0 | 28.3 | 28.7 | 29.1 | 29.3 |
| 488892 | 588403 | 697046 | 647108 | 652139 | 674581 | 695607 | 694820 | 685638 | 698904 | 683492 | 647639 |
| 253019 | 226353 | 239831 | 261230 | 265745 | 272492 | 287008 | 302853 | 344113 | 456397 | 551683 | 588043 |
| 235872 | 362050 | 457215 | 385878 | 386394 | 402089 | 408599 | 391967 | 341525 | 242507 | 131810 | 59596 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

$\begin{array}{ll}\text { a } & \text { The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged } 0-14 \text { and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). } \\ \mathrm{b} & \text { The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged } 0-14 \text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per } 100 \text { persons of working age (15-64). }\end{array}$
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

Total Population
Total population (thousands) $\qquad$
Population density (persons per square km ) ............
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 812943 | 1008230 | 1148278 | 1193355 | 1215149 | 1240935 | 1259588 | 1274929 | 1293905 | 1303110 | 1293581 | 1284035 |
| 15 | 19 | 22 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| 28.5 | 30.6 | 34.4 | 37.3 | 38.7 | 39.9 | 40.9 | 41.9 | 43.7 | 44.5 | 44.8 | 46.3 |
| 54.2 | 55.8 | 49.5 | 48.4 | 47.6 | 48.1 | 51.4 | 55.7 | 62.8 | 72.1 | 74.1 | 79.7 |
| 42.3 | 40.4 | 30.8 | 27.1 | 25.0 | 24.3 | 25.0 | 25.9 | 26.3 | 27.7 | 28.1 | 28.2 |
| 11.9 | 15.4 | 18.7 | 21.3 | 22.6 | 23.8 | 26.5 | 29.8 | 36.6 | 44.4 | 46.0 | 51.5 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman)
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)............
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females).
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) . $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$


[^5]
## Less developed regions

## Total Population

Total population (thousands) ..
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 1712836 | 2682943 | 4172538 | 4934346 | 5298945 | 5675249 | 6065194 | 6441820 | 7131033 | 8247835 | 9115568 | 9569814 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 21 | 32 | 50 | 59 | 64 | 68 | 73 | 78 | 86 | 99 | 110 | 115 |
| 21.4 | 18.8 | 21.7 | 24.0 | 25.1 | 26.4 | 27.8 | 29.2 | 31.4 | 34.9 | 38.0 | 40.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70.8 | 83.9 | 68.8 | 61.6 | 56.2 | 53.2 | 52.2 | 52.5 | 52.5 | 56.5 | 60.8 | 64.4 |
| 64.3 | 77.1 | 61.3 | 53.3 | 47.6 | 44.2 | 42.6 | 41.3 | 37.9 | 34.6 | 32.1 | 30.0 |
| 6.6 | 6.7 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.6 | 11.2 | 14.6 | 21.9 | 28.8 | 34.5 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20.6 | 25.6 | 21.9 | 16.0 | 14.9 | 14.4 | 13.7 | 12.4 | 9.9 | 6.2 | 3.1 | 1.3 |
| 34 | 28 | 33 | 45 | 49 | 51 | 53 | 58 | 73 | 117 | - | - |
| 23.1 | 14.3 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 7.7 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 9.3 | 10.5 | 10.9 |
| 153 | 106 | 69 | 60 | 53 | 46 | 40 | 36 | 30 | 20 | 13 | 9 |
| 247 | 165 | 101 | 87 | 76 | 65 | 57 | 51 | 43 | 28 | 17 | 12 |
| 473 | 320 | 224 | 209 | 197 | 181 | 165 | 157 | 142 | 116 | 92 | 70 |
| 41.6 | 52.8 | 61.7 | 63.7 | 65.4 | 67.0 | 68.3 | 69.4 | 71.3 | 74.7 | 78.1 | 80.8 |
| 41.3 | 52.2 | 60.2 | 62.0 | 63.7 | 65.2 | 66.5 | 67.6 | 69.4 | 72.7 | 76.1 | 79.1 |
| 42.0 | 53.4 | 63.4 | 65.5 | 67.1 | 68.8 | 70.2 | 71.3 | 73.3 | 76.8 | 80.1 | 82.7 |
| 43.0 | 49.9 | 54.7 | 55.6 | 56.5 | 57.4 | 58.2 | 58.8 | 60.0 | 62.2 | 64.7 | 67.0 |
| 9.9 | 11.9 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 16.2 | 17.5 | 19.0 | 20.5 |
| 43.7 | 39.9 | 31.2 | 24.4 | 22.9 | 22.0 | 21.3 | 20.0 | 17.8 | 15.5 | 13.6 | 12.2 |
| 6.08 | 5.93 | 3.92 | 2.99 | 2.80 | 2.69 | 2.63 | 2.56 | 2.45 | 2.29 | 2.12 | 1.99 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 107 | 107 | 106 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.87 | 2.20 | 1.63 | 1.26 | 1.19 | 1.16 | 1.14 | 1.12 | 1.09 | 1.05 | 0.99 | 0.95 |
| 29.5 | 29.5 | 27.9 | 27.6 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.8 | 28.0 | 28.5 | 28.9 | 29.1 |
| 394855 | 503095 | 618081 | 580591 | 585591 | 604504 | 625391 | 624954 | 618488 | 629485 | 614488 | 581078 |
| 208543 | 179738 | 185169 | 200661 | 203850 | 210788 | 222275 | 235863 | 272959 | 375861 | 474943 | 517940 |
| 186313 | 323357 | 432912 | 379930 | 381741 | 393715 | 403116 | 389091 | 345530 | 253624 | 139545 | 63139 |
| -893 | - 3728 | - 7907 | -13923 | - 17142 | - 17412 | -13170 | - 12465 | -11753 | - 11596 | - 5818 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.4 | -0.6 | -0.7 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Least developed countries

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 195229 | 309088 | 509354 | 663251 | 748299 | 838807 | 940125 | 1049413 | 1287043 | 1810590 | 2447896 | 2927745 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ........... | 9 | 15 | 24 | 32 | 36 | 40 | 45 | 50 | 62 | 87 | 118 | 141 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 19.3 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 19.3 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 22.6 | 26.4 | 31.3 | 35.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 80.6 | 89.6 | 91.6 | 85.8 | 82.8 | 79.6 | 75.4 | 71.5 | 65.6 | 58.6 | 56.5 | 57.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 74.7 | 83.8 | 85.4 | 79.6 | 76.6 | 73.4 | 69.1 | 65.1 | 58.2 | 47.8 | 39.0 | 33.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 5.9 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 7.4 | 10.9 | 17.5 | 24.3 |
|  | 1950-1955 | 1965-1970 | 1985-1990 | 1995-2000 | 2000-2005 | 2005-2010 | 2010-2015 | 2015-2020 | 2025-2030 | 2045-2050 | 2070-2075 | 2095-2100 |
| Rates of population change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual rate of population change (percentage)....... | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.6 |
| Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)....... | 20.5 | 26.1 | 28.0 | 26.2 | 25.4 | 24.7 | 23.9 | 22.8 | 20.5 | 15.8 | 10.1 | 5.5 |
| Population doubling time (years) (d) ..................... | 35 | 27 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 31 | 31 | 32 | 35 | 46 | 70 | 126 |
| Mortality |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude death rate per 1,000 population................... | 27.7 | 21.1 | 15.3 | 13.2 | 11.8 | 10.3 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 9.0 |
| Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ...... | 199 | 153 | 113 | 94 | 82 | 72 | 63 | 56 | 46 | 31 | 20 | 15 |
| Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... | 318 | 248 | 183 | 151 | 130 | 112 | 99 | 88 | 70 | 45 | 28 | 19 |
| Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).................... | 492 | 408 | 331 | 327 | 314 | 280 | 251 | 235 | 207 | 160 | 125 | 96 |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................ | 36.4 | 43.5 | 51.0 | 53.6 | 55.7 | 58.4 | 60.6 | 62.3 | 65.3 | 70.4 | 74.7 | 77.6 |
| Male life expectancy at birth (years) ..................... | 35.5 | 42.6 | 49.9 | 52.6 | 54.8 | 57.3 | 59.4 | 60.9 | 63.7 | 68.5 | 72.7 | 75.6 |
| Female life expectancy at birth (years).................. | 37.4 | 44.5 | 52.0 | 54.5 | 56.7 | 59.5 | 62.0 | 63.7 | 66.9 | 72.3 | 76.7 | 79.7 |
| Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ......................... | 41.8 | 45.7 | 49.5 | 49.9 | 50.6 | 52.2 | 53.6 | 54.5 | 56.2 | 59.3 | 62.2 | 64.4 |
| Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ......................... | 9.9 | 11.2 | 12.3 | 12.7 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 16.3 | 17.9 | 19.0 |
| Fertility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.................... | 48.2 | 47.2 | 43.3 | 39.3 | 37.2 | 35.0 | 33.1 | 31.3 | 28.0 | 22.6 | 17.7 | 14.5 |
| Total fertility (children per woman)...................... | 6.55 | 6.75 | 6.20 | 5.36 | 4.93 | 4.53 | 4.20 | 3.91 | 3.46 | 2.87 | 2.40 | 2.11 |
| Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) .............. | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| Net reproduction rate (f) ...................................... | 1.80 | 2.14 | 2.22 | 2.01 | 1.92 | 1.83 | 1.74 | 1.66 | 1.51 | 1.29 | 1.11 | 1.00 |
| Mean age childbearing (years)............................. | 29.1 | 29.4 | 29.6 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 28.8 | 28.6 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 28.0 | 28.1 | 28.1 |
| Births and deaths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births (thousands) ............................... | 49544 | 68599 | 103533 | 122751 | 131186 | 138874 | 147304 | 155836 | 171691 | 197047 | 211671 | 208924 |
| Number of deaths (thousands) ............................. | 28481 | 30696 | 36569 | 41042 | 41499 | 40909 | 41051 | 42297 | 46024 | 59332 | 90955 | 129344 |
| Births minus deaths (thousands) ........................... | 21063 | 37903 | 66963 | 81709 | 89688 | 97965 | 106253 | 113539 | 125666 | 137715 | 120716 | 79580 |
| Migration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net number of migrants (thousands)...................... | - 502 | - 835 | - 3981 | -3467 | -4640 | -7457 | -4935 | -4251 | -4022 | - 3969 | -1984 | 0 |
| Net migration rate (per 1,000) .............................. | -0.5 | -0.6 | -1.7 | -1.1 | -1.3 | -1.9 | -1.1 | -0.9 | -0.7 | -0.5 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

[^6]Other less developed countries

Total Population
Total population (thousands) $\qquad$

| 1517607 | 2373855 | 3663184 | 4271094 | 4550646 | 4836442 | 5125069 | 5392406 | 5843990 | 6437244 | 6667672 | 6642069 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 24 | 38 | 59 | 69 | 73 | 78 | 82 | 87 | 94 | 104 | 107 | 107 |
| 21.7 | 19.0 | 22.3 | 25.0 | 26.4 | 27.8 | 29.2 | 30.9 | 33.8 | 37.6 | 40.7 | 42.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 69.7 | 83.1 | 66.1 | 58.4 | 52.6 | 49.3 | 48.6 | 49.3 | 49.9 | 55.9 | 62.5 | 67.7 |
| 63.0 | 76.3 | 58.4 | 49.9 | 43.7 | 40.0 | 38.4 | 37.3 | 33.9 | 31.0 | 29.4 | 28.4 |
| 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.7 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 12.0 | 16.0 | 24.9 | 33.1 | 39.3 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) ..................................
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) .

| 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20.7 | 25.6 | 21.0 | 14.5 | 13.2 | 12.6 | 11.9 | 10.5 | 7.7 | 3.6 | 0.6 | -0.5 |
| 34 | 28 | 34 | 50 | 55 | 57 | 60 | 69 | 94 | - | - | - |
| 22.5 | 13.4 | 8.5 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.9 | 9.9 | 11.5 | 11.7 |
| 146 | 98 | 60 | 51 | 45 | 39 | 33 | 30 | 24 | 15 | 9 | 6 |
| 237 | 151 | 85 | 70 | 60 | 51 | 44 | 39 | 32 | 20 | 11 | 8 |
| 470 | 308 | 210 | 194 | 182 | 168 | 153 | 145 | 130 | 105 | 80 | 58 |
| 42.4 | 54.3 | 63.6 | 65.7 | 67.4 | 68.8 | 70.0 | 71.0 | 72.8 | 76.0 | 79.3 | 82.2 |
| 42.1 | 53.7 | 62.0 | 63.9 | 65.6 | 67.0 | 68.1 | 69.1 | 70.9 | 74.1 | 77.5 | 80.6 |
| 42.7 | 54.9 | 65.4 | 67.7 | 69.2 | 70.8 | 72.0 | 73.0 | 74.9 | 78.1 | 81.3 | 84.0 |
| 43.1 | 50.4 | 55.4 | 56.4 | 57.3 | 58.1 | 58.9 | 59.5 | 60.7 | 62.9 | 65.4 | 68.0 |
| 9.9 | 12.0 | 13.7 | 14.2 | 14.8 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 17.7 | 19.2 | 20.9 |
| 43.2 | 38.9 | 29.6 | 22.2 | 20.6 | 19.8 | 19.2 | 17.8 | 15.6 | 13.6 | 12.1 | 11.2 |
| 6.02 | 5.82 | 3.64 | 2.68 | 2.50 | 2.40 | 2.36 | 2.30 | 2.21 | 2.09 | 1.99 | 1.93 |
| 106 | 106 | 107 | 108 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 108 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.88 | 2.20 | 1.55 | 1.15 | 1.09 | 1.05 | 1.04 | 1.02 | 1.00 | 0.97 | 0.94 | 0.92 |
| 29.5 | 29.5 | 27.6 | 27.3 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 28.1 | 28.7 | 29.3 | 29.6 |
| 345311 | 434495 | 514549 | 457840 | 454405 | 465630 | 478087 | 469118 | 446797 | 432438 | 402818 | 372155 |
| 180061 | 149042 | 148600 | 159619 | 162351 | 169879 | 181224 | 193566 | 226934 | 316529 | 383988 | 388596 |
| 165250 | 285453 | 365948 | 298221 | 292054 | 295751 | 296863 | 275552 | 219863 | 115909 | 18829 | -16441 |
| -391 | - 2892 | - 3926 | -10456 | - 12502 | -9955 | - 8236 | - 8214 | - 7731 | -7627 | - 3834 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.5 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Less developed regions, excluding China

Total Population
Total population (thousands) $\qquad$

| 1159327 | 1849797 | 2980723 | 3624715 | 3950676 | 4284697 | 4632282 | 4977204 | 5645644 | 6832686 | 7884274 | 8462323 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 16 | 25 | 41 | 49 | 54 | 58 | 63 | 68 | 77 | 93 | 108 | 115 |
| 20.4 | 18.6 | 20.3 | 22.1 | 23.1 | 24.2 | 25.4 | 26.6 | 28.8 | 32.9 | 36.7 | 39.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74.6 | 86.0 | 75.7 | 67.1 | 63.0 | 59.7 | 57.2 | 55.7 | 53.9 | 55.1 | 59.2 | 62.9 |
| 68.4 | 79.5 | 68.7 | 59.7 | 55.3 | 51.7 | 48.8 | 46.3 | 41.9 | 36.7 | 33.0 | 30.3 |
| 6.2 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.4 | 9.4 | 12.0 | 18.4 | 26.2 | 32.6 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$

| 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20.8 | 25.1 | 23.3 | 19.4 | 18.0 | 17.0 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 12.4 | 8.4 | 4.5 | 2.0 |
| 34 | 28 | 31 | 38 | 41 | 43 | 45 | 49 | 58 | 86 | - | - |
| 23.7 | 16.0 | 10.3 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.5 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 10.5 |
| 167 | 123 | 80 | 66 | 58 | 51 | 45 | 40 | 33 | 22 | 14 | 10 |
| 269 | 187 | 118 | 97 | 84 | 73 | 64 | 57 | 47 | 31 | 18 | 13 |
| 475 | 354 | 254 | 240 | 232 | 213 | 195 | 184 | 164 | 131 | 101 | 76 |
| 40.4 | 50.1 | 59.2 | 61.7 | 63.1 | 64.9 | 66.4 | 67.7 | 69.9 | 73.8 | 77.4 | 80.3 |
| 39.9 | 49.3 | 57.6 | 59.9 | 61.3 | 62.9 | 64.4 | 65.6 | 67.8 | 71.6 | 75.3 | 78.4 |
| 40.9 | 51.0 | 60.9 | 63.5 | 65.0 | 66.9 | 68.6 | 69.8 | 72.1 | 76.0 | 79.5 | 82.2 |
| 43.0 | 48.6 | 53.3 | 54.3 | 54.8 | 55.9 | 56.8 | 57.5 | 58.9 | 61.5 | 64.1 | 66.5 |
| 10.7 | 12.0 | 13.3 | 13.8 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 14.9 | 15.3 | 16.0 | 17.4 | 18.9 | 20.2 |
| 44.5 | 41.1 | 33.6 | 28.5 | 26.6 | 25.0 | 23.8 | 22.4 | 19.9 | 16.8 | 14.2 | 12.5 |
| 6.07 | 5.96 | 4.40 | 3.57 | 3.28 | 3.06 | 2.93 | 2.80 | 2.61 | 2.36 | 2.15 | 2.00 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.81 | 2.12 | 1.78 | 1.48 | 1.38 | 1.31 | 1.27 | 1.23 | 1.16 | 1.08 | 1.00 | 0.95 |
| 29.4 | 29.3 | 28.5 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 28.1 | 28.1 | 28.4 | 28.7 | 28.8 |
| 271937 | 357763 | 473494 | 492728 | 503542 | 515622 | 531279 | 537298 | 545902 | 561457 | 554294 | 525857 |
| 144653 | 139228 | 145400 | 157363 | 162616 | 165999 | 171839 | 181236 | 206084 | 279303 | 379638 | 443315 |
| 127284 | 218535 | 328094 | 335364 | 340927 | 349623 | 359440 | 356062 | 339818 | 282154 | 174656 | 82542 |
| -875 | -4 043 | - 7668 | -13758 | -14965 | - 15601 | -11855 | -11140 | -10428 | -10271 | - 5155 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$ -0.5
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 179495 | 282158 | 490115 | 638974 | 728004 | 831464 | 949175 | 1077571 | 1368192 | 2074446 | 3030168 | 3815646 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 8 | 13 | 22 | 28 | 32 | 37 | 42 | 48 | 61 | 92 | 135 | 170 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 19.1 | 17.9 | 17.2 | 17.7 | 17.9 | 18.1 | 18.4 | 18.9 | 20.1 | 23.6 | 28.9 | 34.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 81.8 | 88.6 | 93.5 | 89.1 | 87.9 | 87.0 | 84.8 | 81.7 | 74.0 | 62.7 | 55.1 | 54.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 76.0 | 83.2 | 87.8 | 83.5 | 82.3 | 81.2 | 79.0 | 75.9 | 68.0 | 54.8 | 42.0 | 34.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 5.8 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.0 | 8.0 | 13.1 | 20.6 |
|  | 1950-1955 | 1965-1970 | 1985-1990 | 1995-2000 | 2000-2005 | 2005-2010 | 2010-2015 | 2015-2020 | 2025-2030 | 2045-2050 | 2070-2075 | 2095-2100 |
| Rates of population change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual rate of population change (percentage) ....... | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)....... | 19.7 | 25.3 | 28.5 | 26.5 | 26.2 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 25.6 | 23.7 | 19.2 | 12.7 | 7.1 |
| Population doubling time (years) (d) ..................... | 36 | 28 | 25 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 30 | 37 | 55 | 98 |
| Mortality |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude death rate per 1,000 population................... | 27.7 | 21.6 | 16.3 | 15.7 | 14.8 | 13.0 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 8.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 8.1 |
| Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ...... | 183 | 144 | 112 | 102 | 90 | 79 | 69 | 61 | 49 | 31 | 18 | 13 |
| Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... | 307 | 244 | 188 | 169 | 147 | 126 | 110 | 97 | 76 | 46 | 26 | 17 |
| Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).................... | 508 | 434 | 360 | 401 | 422 | 381 | 333 | 315 | 273 | 192 | 136 | 101 |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................ | 36.2 | 42.6 | 49.2 | 49.2 | 50.0 | 52.9 | 56.0 | 57.8 | 61.4 | 67.8 | 73.2 | 76.7 |
| Male life expectancy at birth (years) ..................... | 35.0 | 41.2 | 47.7 | 48.1 | 49.2 | 52.0 | 54.8 | 56.6 | 60.0 | 66.1 | 71.1 | 74.6 |
| Female life expectancy at birth (years).................. | 37.5 | 44.0 | 50.7 | 50.3 | 50.8 | 53.8 | 57.2 | 59.1 | 62.8 | 69.7 | 75.3 | 78.8 |
| Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ......................... | 40.9 | 44.3 | 47.8 | 46.3 | 45.6 | 47.5 | 49.6 | 50.5 | 52.7 | 56.8 | 60.5 | 63.3 |
| Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ......................... | 9.4 | 10.5 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 12.7 | 13.0 | 13.5 | 14.7 | 16.4 | 18.0 |
| Fertility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.................... | 47.4 | 46.9 | 44.9 | 42.2 | 41.0 | 39.6 | 38.0 | 35.9 | 32.3 | 25.8 | 19.5 | 15.2 |
| Total fertility (children per woman)...................... | 6.53 | 6.66 | 6.51 | 5.90 | 5.65 | 5.39 | 5.10 | 4.76 | 4.14 | 3.22 | 2.52 | 2.14 |
| Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) .............. | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| Net reproduction rate (f) ..................................... | 1.81 | 2.11 | 2.30 | 2.10 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 2.02 | 1.94 | 1.77 | 1.45 | 1.18 | 1.02 |
| Mean age childbearing (years)............................. | 29.6 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 29.1 | 28.7 | 28.2 | 28.0 | 27.9 |
| Births and deaths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births (thousands) .............................. | 44722 | 62240 | 102799 | 126414 | 140183 | 154331 | 168955 | 182012 | 208508 | 255887 | 285850 | 284957 |
| Number of deaths (thousands) .............................. | 26125 | 28697 | 37439 | 46979 | 50723 | 50687 | 50502 | 52122 | 55538 | 66243 | 98829 | 151959 |
| Births minus deaths (thousands) ........................... | 18596 | 33543 | 65360 | 79436 | 89460 | 103644 | 118453 | 129890 | 152970 | 189644 | 187021 | 132997 |
| Migration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net number of migrants (thousands)..................... | - 190 | - 81 | -1412 | -1137 | -429 | - 184 | - 741 | - 1494 | -1769 | - 1763 | - 886 | 0 |
| Net migration rate (per 1,000) .............................. | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

[^7]
## Total Population

Total population (thousands) ..
Median age (years)

## s)..........

Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 228827 | 366475 | 629987 | 808304 | 911528 | 1031084 | 1166239 | 1312142 | 1634366 | 2393175 | 3386538 | 4184577 |
| 8 | 12 | 21 | 27 | 30 | 34 | 38 | 43 | 54 | 79 | 112 | 138 |
| 19.2 | 17.9 | 17.6 | 18.5 | 18.9 | 19.2 | 19.6 | 20.0 | 21.3 | 24.7 | 29.7 | 34.9 |
| 80.6 | 89.8 | 91.0 | 84.3 | 81.7 | 80.4 | 78.9 | 76.8 | 70.3 | 61.5 | 55.3 | 55.6 |
| 74.8 | 83.9 | 84.9 | 78.2 | 75.6 | 74.2 | 72.7 | 70.4 | 63.3 | 52.0 | 40.8 | 33.7 |
| 5.7 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 9.5 | 14.5 | 21.8 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21.3 | 26.0 | 28.0 | 25.0 | 24.5 | 25.0 | 25.1 | 23.9 | 21.8 | 17.6 | 11.7 | 6.5 |
| 34 | 28 | 26 | 29 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 30 | 33 | 40 | 60 | 107 |
| 26.8 | 20.4 | 14.6 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 11.8 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 8.4 |
| 187 | 144 | 104 | 94 | 84 | 73 | 64 | 57 | 46 | 30 | 18 | 13 |
| 309 | 238 | 171 | 154 | 135 | 116 | 101 | 89 | 71 | 44 | 25 | 17 |
| 473 | 402 | 328 | 356 | 371 | 336 | 296 | 281 | 246 | 179 | 130 | 98 |
| 37.4 | 44.4 | 51.8 | 52.1 | 52.9 | 55.6 | 58.2 | 59.9 | 63.1 | 68.9 | 73.8 | 77.1 |
| 36.2 | 43.0 | 50.2 | 50.9 | 51.9 | 54.5 | 56.9 | 58.5 | 61.5 | 67.0 | 71.8 | 75.1 |
| 38.6 | 45.8 | 53.4 | 53.4 | 53.9 | 56.6 | 59.6 | 61.3 | 64.7 | 70.8 | 75.9 | 79.2 |
| 42.4 | 45.8 | 49.5 | 48.4 | 48.0 | 49.6 | 51.4 | 52.2 | 54.0 | 57.7 | 61.1 | 63.7 |
| 9.8 | 10.9 | 12.1 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 15.2 | 16.8 | 18.2 |
| 48.1 | 46.4 | 42.6 | 38.8 | 37.7 | 36.8 | 35.5 | 33.5 | 30.1 | 24.5 | 18.8 | 14.9 |
| 6.59 | 6.66 | 6.16 | 5.35 | 5.08 | 4.88 | 4.67 | 4.39 | 3.88 | 3.09 | 2.47 | 2.12 |
| 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| 1.85 | 2.17 | 2.26 | 1.98 | 1.92 | 1.91 | 1.89 | 1.81 | 1.66 | 1.40 | 1.16 | 1.01 |
| 29.5 | 29.6 | 29.8 | 29.5 | 29.3 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 28.7 | 28.2 | 28.1 | 28.0 |
| 58084 | 79912 | 125692 | 147901 | 162066 | 178459 | 195021 | 207703 | 233033 | 280970 | 309037 | 306218 |
| 32328 | 35121 | 43117 | 52685 | 56744 | 57124 | 57384 | 59445 | 64141 | 78882 | 116503 | 172660 |
| 25756 | 44791 | 82575 | 95216 | 105322 | 121335 | 137637 | 148258 | 168891 | 202088 | 192534 | 133558 |
| - 595 | -898 | -2 234 | - 3417 | - 2099 | - 1779 | -2 281 | -2355 | -2 298 | -2 292 | - 1250 | 0 |
| -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.8 | -0.9 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$

## Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f).. $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$
$\qquad$

$$
2434
$$

$$
417
$$

$$
099
$$

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 67033 | 110545 | 198386 | 260001 | 298112 | 342595 | 394754 | 451015 | 575796 | 869221 | 1250861 | 1557309 |
| Population density (persons per square km)........... | 10 | 16 | 28 | 37 | 43 | 49 | 56 | 64 | 82 | 124 | 179 | 222 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 18.4 | 17.2 | 16.6 | 17.0 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 18.1 | 18.8 | 20.5 | 24.5 | 30.3 | 35.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 85.2 | 93.9 | 97.8 | 94.5 | 92.9 | 90.9 | 86.3 | 81.5 | 72.3 | 60.5 | 55.9 | 58.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 79.6 | 88.4 | 92.0 | 88.7 | 87.2 | 85.1 | 80.5 | 75.7 | 66.2 | 51.8 | 40.2 | 33.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 8.7 | 15.7 | 24.6 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d)..

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ............................
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
$\qquad$

| 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22.3 | 27.9 | 30.0 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 28.3 | 28.0 | 26.7 | 24.0 | 18.7 | 12.1 | 6.8 |
| 32 | 25 | 24 | 24 | 26 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 38 | 58 | 102 |
| 27.0 | 20.6 | 16.4 | 15.2 | 13.6 | 11.1 | 9.2 | 8.2 | 6.8 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 7.8 |
| 180 | 139 | 111 | 96 | 81 | 67 | 57 | 50 | 39 | 25 | 17 | 12 |
| 301 | 232 | 183 | 151 | 125 | 102 | 85 | 73 | 54 | 32 | 21 | 16 |
| 488 | 412 | 373 | 436 | 437 | 366 | 295 | 274 | 235 | 160 | 112 | 80 |
| 37.0 | 44.1 | 49.1 | 49.5 | 51.4 | 55.9 | 60.0 | 62.1 | 65.7 | 71.6 | 76.3 | 79.6 |
| 35.7 | 42.6 | 47.5 | 48.5 | 50.6 | 54.9 | 58.6 | 60.5 | 63.9 | 69.5 | 74.1 | 77.5 |
| 38.5 | 45.7 | 50.7 | 50.5 | 52.2 | 56.8 | 61.5 | 63.7 | 67.5 | 73.8 | 78.5 | 81.7 |
| 42.0 | 45.6 | 47.6 | 45.2 | 45.5 | 48.8 | 52.0 | 53.1 | 55.2 | 59.4 | 63.2 | 66.1 |
| 10.1 | 11.2 | 12.1 | 12.7 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 16.4 | 18.3 | 20.0 |
| 49.4 | 48.4 | 46.4 | 43.1 | 41.5 | 39.5 | 37.1 | 34.9 | 30.8 | 24.3 | 18.4 | 14.6 |
| 7.01 | 7.09 | 6.82 | 6.09 | 5.76 | 5.38 | 4.93 | 4.51 | 3.83 | 2.99 | 2.42 | 2.13 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.96 | 2.30 | 2.40 | 2.21 | 2.18 | 2.15 | 2.06 | 1.94 | 1.71 | 1.38 | 1.14 | 1.02 |
| 30.1 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 29.7 | 29.5 | 29.3 | 29.0 | 28.9 | 28.5 | 27.9 | 27.8 | 27.8 |
| 17502 | 25039 | 42863 | 52326 | 57885 | 63186 | 68455 | 73747 | 83792 | 100822 | 111478 | 111969 |
| 9582 | 10626 | 15150 | 18379 | 18993 | 17824 | 16894 | 17259 | 18472 | 23065 | 37972 | 59861 |
| 7920 | 14413 | 27713 | 33947 | 38892 | 45363 | 51561 | 56488 | 65320 | 77757 | 73505 | 52108 |
| - 122 | -77 | - 294 | 856 | - 781 | -879 | 597 | -227 | - 752 | - 751 | - 383 | 0 |
| -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.3 | 0.7 | -0.6 | -0.6 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000)
$\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) . | 26193 | 40472 | 70000 | 93751 | 108366 | 124978 | 143293 | 163510 | 209350 | 316111 | 450257 | 546195 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ........... | 4 | 6 | 11 | 14 | 16 | 19 | 22 | 25 | 32 | 48 | 68 | 83 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 19.4 | 18.3 | 17.0 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 18.0 | 19.4 | 23.4 | 29.2 | 35.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 81.8 | 87.5 | 96.0 | 96.9 | 95.9 | 93.4 | 90.2 | 86.1 | 77.1 | 61.9 | 52.9 | 52.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 74.9 | 81.6 | 89.9 | 91.1 | 90.1 | 87.8 | 84.8 | 80.7 | 71.6 | 54.8 | 40.6 | 32.7 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.9 | 6.0 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 12.3 | 20.3 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) ...............................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ............................
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Crude
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman). n).......... $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) ...
Net reproduction rate (f)
$\qquad$

| 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18.6 | 24.5 | 29.5 | 28.7 | 28.8 | 28.4 | 27.6 | 26.6 | 24.2 | 18.5 | 11.4 | 5.5 |
| 38 | 28 | 24 | 28 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 29 | 38 | 61 | 126 |
| 27.4 | 22.4 | 18.1 | 18.3 | 16.9 | 15.8 | 14.3 | 13.0 | 10.8 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 9.2 |
| 182 | 150 | 120 | 120 | 111 | 106 | 98 | 90 | 76 | 52 | 33 | 23 |
| 304 | 252 | 200 | 200 | 184 | 174 | 159 | 146 | 120 | 78 | 45 | 29 |
| 489 | 430 | 376 | 400 | 395 | 377 | 356 | 338 | 300 | 227 | 165 | 125 |
| 36.8 | 42.0 | 47.5 | 46.8 | 48.2 | 49.5 | 51.4 | 53.2 | 56.8 | 63.5 | 69.6 | 73.7 |
| 35.2 | 40.5 | 46.0 | 45.4 | 46.9 | 48.1 | 49.9 | 51.6 | 55.0 | 61.3 | 67.1 | 71.2 |
| 38.3 | 43.4 | 49.1 | 48.2 | 49.4 | 50.9 | 53.0 | 54.8 | 58.6 | 65.8 | 72.1 | 76.3 |
| 42.0 | 44.7 | 47.3 | 46.4 | 46.7 | 47.5 | 48.6 | 49.4 | 51.3 | 55.0 | 58.5 | 61.4 |
| 10.1 | 11.0 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 13.3 | 14.3 | 15.6 | 16.9 |
| 46.1 | 46.9 | 47.7 | 46.9 | 45.8 | 44.3 | 41.9 | 39.6 | 35.1 | 26.7 | 19.2 | 14.7 |
| 5.99 | 6.30 | 6.85 | 6.76 | 6.51 | 6.17 | 5.68 | 5.21 | 4.37 | 3.16 | 2.39 | 2.04 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.69 | 1.98 | 2.36 | 2.31 | 2.28 | 2.21 | 2.11 | 1.99 | 1.76 | 1.38 | 1.11 | 0.96 |
| 28.7 | 28.7 | 29.3 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 29.1 | 28.8 | 28.5 | 28.0 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 27.1 |
| 6326 | 8934 | 15550 | 20699 | 23133 | 25814 | 28100 | 30403 | 34605 | 40269 | 41958 | 39597 |
| 3766 | 4265 | 5910 | 8054 | 8558 | 9223 | 9593 | 9984 | 10695 | 12267 | 16991 | 24720 |
| 2560 | 4669 | 9640 | 12645 | 14575 | 16591 | 18506 | 20419 | 23910 | 28002 | 24966 | 14877 |
| -6 | 28 | -161 | - 1571 | 40 | 21 | -191 | -201 | - 142 | - 142 | -66 | 0 |
| -0.1 | 0.2 | -0.5 | -3.6 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

## Total Population

Total population (thousands) $\qquad$

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Total population (thousands) ..................................

| 49332 | 84317 | 139872 | 169331 | 183523 | 199620 | 217064 | 234571 | 266174 | 318729 | 356370 | 368932 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 11 | 18 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 28 | 30 | 34 | 40 | 45 | 47 |
| 19.7 | 17.6 | 19.1 | 21.4 | 22.9 | 24.3 | 25.5 | 26.6 | 28.7 | 33.6 | 38.2 | 41.8 |
| 76.2 | 93.6 | 82.6 | 68.1 | 60.7 | 57.3 | 57.2 | 57.5 | 53.2 | 53.9 | 56.6 | 63.8 |
| 70.7 | 86.5 | 75.5 | 60.4 | 53.0 | 49.6 | 49.1 | 48.5 | 41.7 | 35.3 | 30.3 | 28.5 |
| 5.4 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 9.0 | 11.6 | 18.6 | 26.4 | 35.3 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Dependency ratios (per 100)

Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) . $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$ Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$ .........

| 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27.2 | 28.4 | 26.1 | 19.4 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 18.4 | 16.3 | 12.3 | 8.0 | 3.1 | 0.3 |
| 27 | 27 | 29 | 42 | 43 | 42 | 42 | 45 | 59 | 93 | - | - |
| 23.5 | 16.2 | 8.6 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 10.0 | 11.2 |
| 202 | 145 | 69 | 47 | 41 | 34 | 30 | 27 | 23 | 18 | 13 | 11 |
| 319 | 216 | 97 | 66 | 57 | 48 | 41 | 37 | 32 | 24 | 17 | 13 |
| 330 | 281 | 208 | 189 | 181 | 171 | 161 | 151 | 137 | 112 | 84 | 62 |
| 42.4 | 51.2 | 62.9 | 66.1 | 67.2 | 68.3 | 69.4 | 70.3 | 71.8 | 74.7 | 78.0 | 80.7 |
| 41.4 | 49.8 | 61.0 | 64.1 | 65.2 | 66.4 | 67.3 | 68.2 | 69.6 | 72.5 | 76.1 | 79.1 |
| 43.3 | 52.6 | 64.8 | 68.2 | 69.3 | 70.3 | 71.5 | 72.4 | 74.1 | 77.0 | 79.9 | 82.5 |
| 49.0 | 51.6 | 55.4 | 56.4 | 56.9 | 57.3 | 57.9 | 58.5 | 59.6 | 61.8 | 64.5 | 66.9 |
| 11.5 | 12.3 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 15.3 | 16.6 | 18.4 | 20.0 |
| 50.7 | 44.7 | 34.7 | 26.4 | 24.8 | 25.2 | 25.0 | 22.8 | 19.0 | 16.0 | 13.1 | 11.5 |
| 6.81 | 6.71 | 4.98 | 3.50 | 3.12 | 3.07 | 3.04 | 2.85 | 2.57 | 2.20 | 2.00 | 1.91 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.02 | 2.38 | 2.13 | 1.55 | 1.40 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.29 | 1.17 | 1.03 | 0.95 | 0.92 |
| 29.1 | 29.2 | 30.0 | 29.5 | 29.3 | 29.4 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 29.4 | 29.4 |
| 13363 | 17672 | 22893 | 21487 | 21883 | 24128 | 26066 | 25691 | 24525 | 25083 | 23188 | 21262 |
| 6203 | 6424 | 5678 | 5707 | 6020 | 6437 | 6882 | 7323 | 8603 | 12640 | 17674 | 20701 |
| 7160 | 11248 | 17215 | 15780 | 15863 | 17691 | 19184 | 18368 | 15922 | 12444 | 5513 | 561 |
| - 405 | - 817 | - 1022 | -2280 | - 1670 | - 1595 | - 1740 | - 861 | - 729 | - 729 | - 364 | 0 |
| -1.5 | -2.1 | -1.6 | -2.8 | -1.9 | -1.7 | -1.7 | -0.8 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 15588 | 25454 | 42053 | 51420 | 55169 | 58803 | 61346 | 63484 | 67420 | 74562 | 78563 | 76762 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 6 | 10 | 16 | 19 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 28 | 29 | 29 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.8 | 18.6 | 19.8 | 22.6 | 23.6 | 24.6 | 25.8 | 26.8 | 28.4 | 33.2 | 38.7 | 42.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 73.8 | 84.8 | 75.1 | 59.8 | 56.6 | 55.4 | 55.1 | 54.5 | 50.1 | 47.0 | 53.1 | 61.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 67.5 | 78.4 | 69.4 | 54.3 | 49.9 | 47.6 | 46.6 | 45.1 | 39.2 | 32.4 | 28.2 | 27.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.3 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 7.8 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 10.9 | 14.7 | 24.9 | 34.7 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d).. $\qquad$

| 2.3 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23.4 | 24.0 | 23.4 | 15.8 | 10.5 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 4.1 | 0.5 | -1.8 |
| 31 | 28 | 31 | 43 | 50 | 55 | 82 | 102 | 121 | - | - |  |
| 20.4 | 14.9 | 8.7 | 9.8 | 13.9 | 14.7 | 12.9 | 13.1 | 12.3 | 10.6 | 11.6 | 12.8 |
| 117 | 89 | 55 | 56 | 59 | 53 | 40 | 35 | 28 | 19 | 13 | 10 |
| 176 | 127 | 73 | 73 | 79 | 73 | 53 | 44 | 34 | 23 | 15 | 12 |
| 534 | 434 | 299 | 370 | 532 | 537 | 448 | 456 | 412 | 261 | 171 | 111 |
| 44.7 | 51.6 | 60.8 | 58.7 | 52.2 | 51.9 | 56.5 | 57.2 | 60.7 | 68.2 | 73.6 | 77.7 |
| 43.6 | 49.3 | 57.5 | 56.1 | 50.7 | 50.6 | 54.5 | 55.5 | 59.1 | 66.2 | 71.3 | 75.3 |
| 45.9 | 54.1 | 64.4 | 61.3 | 53.5 | 53.0 | 58.3 | 58.6 | 61.9 | 70.1 | 75.9 | 80.0 |
| 40.9 | 45.3 | 51.3 | 48.7 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 46.0 | 46.0 | 48.3 | 55.0 | 59.9 | 63.7 |
| 9.5 | 10.5 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 12.6 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 15.5 | 17.2 | 18.7 |
| 43.8 | 38.9 | 32.1 | 25.7 | 24.3 | 22.8 | 21.7 | 20.3 | 17.8 | 14.7 | 12.2 | 11.0 |
| 6.28 | 5.77 | 4.16 | 3.10 | 2.90 | 2.64 | 2.48 | 2.34 | 2.14 | 1.89 | 1.82 | 1.83 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 2.14 | 2.25 | 1.84 | 1.34 | 1.19 | 1.08 | 1.07 | 1.02 | 0.96 | 0.89 | 0.87 | 0.88 |
| 31.0 | 31.0 | 29.2 | 28.4 | 28.3 | 28.1 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 27.8 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 27.4 |
| 3622 | 4656 | 6382 | 6335 | 6484 | 6494 | 6521 | 6332 | 5921 | 5431 | 4771 | 4255 |
| 1689 | 1781 | 1721 | 2430 | 3697 | 4201 | 3869 | 4084 | 4094 | 3918 | 4557 | 4952 |
| 1934 | 2875 | 4661 | 3905 | 2786 | 2293 | 2652 | 2248 | 1827 | 1513 | 213 | -696 |
| -35 | 162 | -98 | 133 | 963 | 1341 | -109 | - 109 | 84 | 84 | 41 | 0 |
| -0.4 | 1.4 | -0.5 | 0.5 | 3.6 | 4.7 | -0.4 | -0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population..................... Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ....... Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman).........................
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
) .........................
Mean age childbearing (years)
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years)
)
$\qquad$
Number of births (thousands)
Number of deaths (thousands)
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

## gration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) .
..............................................

[^8]
## Total Population

Total population (thousands) $\qquad$
Population density (persons per square km ) ............
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 70681 | 105686 | 179675 | 233803 | 266358 | 305088 | 349783 | 399562 | 515626 | 814552 | 1250487 | 1635380 |
| 12 | 17 | 29 | 38 | 43 | 50 | 57 | 65 | 84 | 133 | 204 | 266 |
| 19.2 | 18.5 | 17.3 | 17.8 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 18.2 | 19.2 | 22.0 | 27.0 | 32.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 80.5 | 84.8 | 92.8 | 87.8 | 87.2 | 87.4 | 87.1 | 85.2 | 78.5 | 67.2 | 55.2 | 52.0 |
| 75.0 | 79.7 | 87.1 | 82.4 | 81.9 | 82.1 | 81.9 | 80.0 | 73.2 | 60.4 | 45.3 | 35.6 |
| 5.6 | 5.1 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 16.5 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16.8 | 23.2 | 27.7 | 26.4 | 26.6 | 27.6 | 27.9 | 27.1 | 25.5 | 21.3 | 14.6 | 8.3 |
| 42 | 31 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 28 | 33 | 48 | 84 |
| 30.1 | 24.1 | 17.4 | 16.5 | 15.6 | 13.6 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 9.2 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 7.8 |
| 200 | 158 | 120 | 108 | 96 | 84 | 72 | 63 | 49 | 29 | 15 | 10 |
| 341 | 278 | 208 | 187 | 162 | 137 | 120 | 105 | 82 | 48 | 24 | 15 |
| 525 | 454 | 356 | 369 | 378 | 350 | 332 | 314 | 273 | 203 | 146 | 113 |
| 33.8 | 39.7 | 47.9 | 48.5 | 49.5 | 52.3 | 54.3 | 56.1 | 59.6 | 65.8 | 71.1 | 74.6 |
| 32.7 | 38.7 | 46.8 | 47.7 | 48.9 | 51.8 | 53.7 | 55.5 | 58.9 | 64.7 | 69.5 | 72.9 |
| 34.8 | 40.7 | 49.0 | 49.2 | 50.1 | 52.8 | 54.8 | 56.7 | 60.3 | 66.9 | 72.7 | 76.4 |
| 39.6 | 42.8 | 47.5 | 46.8 | 46.4 | 47.8 | 48.6 | 49.4 | 51.4 | 54.9 | 58.2 | 61.0 |
| 8.6 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 12.8 | 14.1 | 15.9 |
| 46.8 | 47.2 | 45.1 | 42.9 | 42.1 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 38.2 | 34.7 | 28.3 | 21.2 | 16.1 |
| 6.35 | 6.59 | 6.66 | 6.09 | 5.89 | 5.73 | 5.63 | 5.34 | 4.75 | 3.64 | 2.70 | 2.20 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.63 | 1.94 | 2.28 | 2.11 | 2.09 | 2.12 | 2.14 | 2.09 | 1.96 | 1.62 | 1.26 | 1.04 |
| 29.2 | 29.5 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 29.7 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 29.3 | 28.8 | 28.5 | 28.3 |
| 17271 | 23611 | 38004 | 47054 | 52681 | 58836 | 65879 | 71530 | 84189 | 109365 | 127644 | 129135 |
| 11089 | 12024 | 14659 | 18115 | 19476 | 19439 | 20146 | 20795 | 22276 | 26993 | 39308 | 62427 |
| 6183 | 11586 | 23345 | 28938 | 33206 | 39397 | 45733 | 50735 | 61913 | 82371 | 88336 | 66709 |
| -27 | - 194 | - 858 | - 555 | - 651 | -667 | -1 038 | -956 | - 960 | -954 | - 478 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.4 | -1.0 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ...............................
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) ...............................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
$\qquad$
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

Total Population
Total population (thousands) $\qquad$
Population density (persons per square km )
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 395749 | 2128631 | 3213123 | 3717372 | 3942882 | 4165440 | 4384844 | 4581523 | 4886846 | 5164061 | 5019218 | 4711514 |
| 44 | 67 | 101 | 116 | 124 | 131 | 137 | 144 | 153 | 162 | 157 | 148 |
| 22.0 | 19.5 | 22.9 | 25.8 | 27.3 | 28.8 | 30.3 | 32.1 | 35.4 | 39.8 | 43.5 | 45.4 |
| 68.4 | 80.1 | 63.9 | 56.9 | 51.0 | 47.7 | 46.9 | 47.5 | 48.1 | 54.7 | 63.5 | 71.1 |
| 61.5 | 73.2 | 55.7 | 47.8 | 41.4 | 37.6 | 35.9 | 34.6 | 30.9 | 27.7 | 26.5 | 26.7 |
| 6.8 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 11.0 | 12.9 | 17.1 | 27.0 | 37.0 | 44.4 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19.4 | 24.7 | 20.1 | 13.4 | 12.2 | 11.5 | 10.6 | 9.1 | 6.0 | 1.3 | -2.1 | -2.6 |
| 36 | 28 | 35 | 54 | 59 | 63 | 68 | 79 | 121 | - | - |  |
| 22.6 | 13.3 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 10.6 | 12.7 | 12.8 |
| 146 | 98 | 61 | 50 | 43 | 37 | 31 | 27 | 21 | 13 | 8 | 5 |
| 237 | 150 | 85 | 67 | 56 | 46 | 39 | 34 | 26 | 16 | 9 | 6 |
| 474 | 303 | 201 | 180 | 162 | 150 | 139 | 131 | 116 | 95 | 71 | 48 |
| 42.2 | 54.4 | 64.0 | 66.7 | 68.8 | 70.3 | 71.4 | 72.4 | 74.1 | 76.9 | 79.9 | 83.0 |
| 42.1 | 54.0 | 62.6 | 64.9 | 67.0 | 68.4 | 69.6 | 70.5 | 72.2 | 74.9 | 78.1 | 81.6 |
| 42.4 | 54.8 | 65.6 | 68.5 | 70.6 | 72.3 | 73.4 | 74.5 | 76.2 | 79.0 | 81.8 | 84.5 |
| 43.0 | 50.6 | 55.9 | 57.1 | 58.4 | 59.2 | 59.7 | 60.3 | 61.5 | 63.3 | 65.8 | 68.6 |
| 9.8 | 12.0 | 13.9 | 14.4 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 16.0 | 16.5 | 17.6 | 19.2 | 21.0 |
| 42.0 | 37.9 | 28.7 | 21.0 | 19.3 | 18.5 | 17.7 | 16.4 | 14.0 | 11.9 | 10.7 | 10.2 |
| 5.83 | 5.60 | 3.52 | 2.54 | 2.35 | 2.25 | 2.19 | 2.12 | 2.02 | 1.89 | 1.84 | 1.85 |
| 106 | 106 | 107 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 109 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 1.80 | 2.12 | 1.49 | 1.09 | 1.03 | 0.99 | 0.97 | 0.95 | 0.93 | 0.89 | 0.88 | 0.89 |
| 29.5 | 29.4 | 27.3 | 27.1 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.2 | 27.7 | 28.1 | 29.1 | 30.1 | 30.7 |
| 307971 | 380279 | 438881 | 377650 | 369128 | 374152 | 379198 | 366860 | 337502 | 306240 | 268708 | 241937 |
| 165910 | 133015 | 130660 | 136808 | 135544 | 141864 | 152636 | 163374 | 193252 | 271792 | 321143 | 303515 |
| 142061 | 247264 | 308221 | 240842 | 233584 | 232287 | 226562 | 203486 | 144250 | 34448 | - 52435 | -61578 |
| - 242 | - 57 | -2632 | -6189 | - 8074 | -9729 | -7158 | - 6807 | -6318 | - 6164 | - 3100 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman)
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)............
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females).
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) . $\qquad$

- 2632
-0.3
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.


## Total Population

Total population (thousands) $\qquad$
Population density (persons per square km ) $\quad \cdots .$.
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$
Old-age dependency ratio (c)

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 666249 | 983980 | 1379415 | 1506561 | 1548621 | 1593571 | 1637559 | 1669647 | 1688309 | 1605341 | 1400389 | 1261446 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 56 | 83 | 117 | 128 | 131 | 135 | 139 | 142 | 143 | 136 | 119 | 107 |
| 23.2 | 20.4 | 25.7 | 30.4 | 33.0 | 35.5 | 37.0 | 38.6 | 42.8 | 47.0 | 47.7 | 47.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 64.8 | 75.1 | 52.5 | 47.6 | 40.3 | 37.7 | 39.9 | 44.4 | 49.4 | 65.9 | 74.0 | 78.8 |
| 57.5 | 67.7 | 42.9 | 36.1 | 28.0 | 24.4 | 24.6 | 25.5 | 23.2 | 24.1 | 25.5 | 26.8 |
| 7.3 | 7.4 | 9.6 | 11.5 | 12.3 | 13.3 | 15.3 | 18.9 | 26.2 | 41.8 | 48.6 | 52.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

| 1.9 | 2.5 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -0.6 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19.2 | 25.0 | 16.8 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.5 | 4.0 | 0.5 | -4.0 | -5.6 | -3.4 |
| 37 | 28 | 42 | 107 | 126 | 122 | 128 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 20.3 | 10.0 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 7.8 | 9.2 | 13.4 | 15.1 | 13.2 |
| 116 | 60 | 32 | 26 | 20 | 17 | 12 | 11 | 8 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 189 | 103 | 45 | 32 | 23 | 20 | 16 | 13 | 10 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| 443 | 232 | 148 | 131 | 112 | 101 | 88 | 81 | 68 | 48 | 32 | 21 |
| 46.2 | 60.5 | 69.9 | 71.9 | 74.5 | 75.5 | 76.4 | 77.2 | 78.6 | 80.9 | 83.6 | 86.3 |
| 45.9 | 59.9 | 68.1 | 70.0 | 72.8 | 73.8 | 74.7 | 75.5 | 76.9 | 79.3 | 82.1 | 84.8 |
| 46.6 | 61.0 | 71.8 | 74.0 | 76.2 | 77.3 | 78.2 | 79.0 | 80.4 | 82.5 | 85.3 | 88.0 |
| 44.2 | 53.3 | 58.6 | 59.7 | 61.4 | 62.2 | 62.8 | 63.4 | 64.5 | 66.4 | 69.0 | 71.6 |
| 9.2 | 12.1 | 14.6 | 15.2 | 16.4 | 16.8 | 16.7 | 17.1 | 17.7 | 18.7 | 20.6 | 22.7 |
| 39.5 | 35.0 | 23.7 | 13.4 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 12.9 | 11.8 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 9.5 | 9.8 |
| 5.60 | 5.28 | 2.72 | 1.55 | 1.52 | 1.61 | 1.66 | 1.67 | 1.72 | 1.79 | 1.85 | 1.88 |
| 107 | 107 | 109 | 113 | 115 | 116 | 115 | 114 | 112 | 109 | 107 | 107 |
| 1.88 | 2.15 | 1.21 | 0.69 | 0.68 | 0.72 | 0.74 | 0.76 | 0.80 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.90 |
| 29.8 | 29.6 | 26.3 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 26.8 | 27.4 | 28.3 | 29.8 | 30.9 | 31.5 |
| 138143 | 162081 | 156997 | 99228 | 92254 | 98771 | 103925 | 97230 | 81636 | 76327 | 67788 | 62253 |
| 70842 | 46305 | 45576 | 50381 | 48527 | 52779 | 59257 | 64251 | 77872 | 109033 | 107334 | 84123 |
| 67301 | 115777 | 111420 | 48847 | 43728 | 45992 | 44668 | 32978 | 3764 | - 32706 | - 39545 | - 21871 |
| - 530 | 805 | -432 | - 715 | - 1667 | - 1042 | -680 | -890 | - 890 | - 890 | - 445 | 0 |
| -0.2 | 0.2 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

Total Population
Total population (thousands) $\qquad$
Population density (persons per square km ) ............
Median age (years)..
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 510298 | 777588 | 1241734 | 1502898 | 1627159 | 1743101 | 1859787 | 1970051 | 2162637 | 2398180 | 2423538 | 2291182 |
| 47 | 72 | 115 | 139 | 151 | 162 | 172 | 183 | 200 | 222 | 225 | 212 |
| 21.1 | 19.0 | 20.5 | 22.2 | 23.4 | 24.8 | 26.3 | 27.9 | 30.9 | 36.7 | 41.8 | 44.5 |
| 71.0 | 82.5 | 74.8 | 65.9 | 60.3 | 55.7 | 52.2 | 49.9 | 47.2 | 48.1 | 58.0 | 67.2 |
| 64.8 | 76.3 | 68.0 | 58.8 | 52.8 | 48.1 | 44.2 | 41.0 | 35.6 | 29.0 | 26.6 | 26.5 |
| 6.2 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.6 | 19.1 | 31.4 | 40.8 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d).. $\qquad$

| 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.9 | 23.2 | 23.1 | 18.6 | 16.8 | 15.1 | 13.8 | 12.2 | 9.0 | 3.7 | -1.0 | -2.6 |
| 39 | 30 | 31 | 39 | 44 | 51 | 54 | 61 | 82 | - | - | - |
| 26.3 | 17.3 | 10.8 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 12.9 |
| 172 | 135 | 87 | 68 | 59 | 51 | 44 | 38 | 30 | 18 | 11 | 7 |
| 288 | 203 | 123 | 93 | 77 | 64 | 55 | 48 | 37 | 22 | 13 | 8 |
| 534 | 384 | 260 | 234 | 219 | 204 | 190 | 178 | 158 | 127 | 95 | 64 |
| 37.4 | 48.0 | 58.4 | 61.8 | 63.8 | 65.5 | 66.9 | 68.1 | 70.2 | 73.7 | 77.3 | 80.9 |
| 38.2 | 48.5 | 57.8 | 60.8 | 62.5 | 64.0 | 65.3 | 66.4 | 68.4 | 71.8 | 75.5 | 79.6 |
| 36.7 | 47.5 | 59.0 | 63.0 | 65.2 | 67.3 | 68.7 | 70.0 | 72.1 | 75.7 | 79.2 | 82.2 |
| 40.6 | 47.4 | 52.7 | 54.0 | 54.9 | 55.7 | 56.4 | 57.0 | 58.3 | 60.6 | 63.5 | 66.7 |
| 10.4 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 16.0 | 17.8 | 19.8 |
| 44.2 | 40.5 | 33.8 | 27.5 | 25.0 | 22.8 | 21.3 | 19.6 | 16.7 | 13.1 | 11.1 | 10.4 |
| 6.02 | 5.89 | 4.43 | 3.45 | 3.05 | 2.72 | 2.54 | 2.39 | 2.16 | 1.90 | 1.82 | 1.83 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 1.64 | 1.99 | 1.77 | 1.43 | 1.30 | 1.18 | 1.12 | 1.06 | 0.98 | 0.89 | 0.86 | 0.87 |
| 29.2 | 29.1 | 27.6 | 27.0 | 26.9 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 27.7 | 27.9 | 28.9 | 29.9 | 30.5 |
| 118062 | 148856 | 198746 | 197939 | 195658 | 192331 | 192109 | 187583 | 176910 | 156007 | 134533 | 119351 |
| 70267 | 63485 | 63347 | 64066 | 63895 | 64798 | 67547 | 71270 | 81864 | 111997 | 146528 | 149224 |
| 47795 | 85371 | 135399 | 133872 | 131763 | 127533 | 124563 | 116313 | 95046 | 44011 | -11995 | - 29873 |
| -32 | -161 | - 1923 | - 4040 | - 7502 | - 11591 | - 7876 | - 6049 | -4600 | -4509 | -2287 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.3 | -0.6 | -1.0 | -1.4 | -0.9 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population..................... Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........ Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman).
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)............
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females).
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) . $\qquad$ -0.6
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Central Asia

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 17499 | 32803 | 50087 | 55047 | 57704 | 61694 | 66172 | 70464 | 77158 | 86154 | 88832 | 87733 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 4 | 8 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 23.7 | 19.2 | 21.4 | 22.5 | 23.7 | 24.8 | 26.3 | 27.8 | 30.4 | 34.6 | 38.4 | 41.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 63.4 | 90.7 | 74.0 | 66.8 | 58.3 | 51.7 | 50.8 | 52.4 | 49.8 | 50.4 | 54.1 | 59.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 53.4 | 80.0 | 66.0 | 58.5 | 49.7 | 44.4 | 43.7 | 44.2 | 38.0 | 32.9 | 29.2 | 27.8 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 10.0 | 10.6 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 11.8 | 17.5 | 24.9 | 32.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d).. $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)..
(e)....

| 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24.2 | 23.1 | 24.5 | 15.2 | 13.6 | 15.7 | 15.6 | 13.7 | 9.0 | 5.0 | 0.8 | -0.8 |
| 27 | 27 | 36 | 95 | 74 | 52 | 50 | 55 | 88 | - | - | - |
| 15.6 | 10.8 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 10.1 | 12.1 | 12.4 |
| 127 | 99 | 68 | 56 | 48 | 43 | 41 | 38 | 32 | 22 | 13 | 9 |
| 165 | 122 | 83 | 70 | 59 | 53 | 51 | 47 | 40 | 27 | 17 | 11 |
| 296 | 226 | 182 | 244 | 234 | 222 | 211 | 202 | 187 | 160 | 125 | 87 |
| 54.5 | 60.9 | 66.3 | 64.3 | 65.4 | 66.3 | 67.0 | 67.7 | 69.1 | 71.6 | 74.7 | 78.1 |
| 50.6 | 56.7 | 62.3 | 60.1 | 61.2 | 62.2 | 62.9 | 63.6 | 64.9 | 67.4 | 70.8 | 74.8 |
| 58.9 | 65.1 | 70.1 | 68.7 | 69.7 | 70.5 | 71.3 | 72.0 | 73.3 | 75.8 | 78.6 | 81.4 |
| 51.5 | 55.3 | 57.9 | 54.6 | 55.0 | 55.5 | 56.0 | 56.5 | 57.3 | 58.8 | 61.1 | 64.1 |
| 12.5 | 14.2 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 14.6 | 15.3 | 16.4 | 18.1 |
| 39.8 | 33.9 | 32.7 | 23.7 | 21.5 | 23.5 | 23.3 | 21.4 | 17.0 | 15.1 | 12.9 | 11.6 |
| 5.23 | 5.20 | 3.99 | 2.88 | 2.55 | 2.67 | 2.61 | 2.48 | 2.26 | 2.05 | 1.94 | 1.89 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.03 | 2.17 | 1.76 | 1.28 | 1.15 | 1.21 | 1.19 | 1.14 | 1.05 | 0.96 | 0.92 | 0.91 |
| 30.4 | 29.7 | 27.7 | 26.8 | 27.1 | 27.3 | 27.6 | 27.9 | 28.4 | 28.4 | 28.4 | 28.4 |
| 3730 | 5217 | 7796 | 6391 | 6073 | 7025 | 7444 | 7310 | 6428 | 6441 | 5721 | 5102 |
| 1464 | 1668 | 1954 | 2292 | 2227 | 2333 | 2466 | 2617 | 3024 | 4309 | 5372 | 5456 |
| 2266 | 3549 | 5842 | 4099 | 3846 | 4692 | 4978 | 4693 | 3404 | 2132 | 349 | -354 |
| 207 | 478 | - 1173 | -2 117 | - 1188 | - 702 | - 500 | -400 | -400 | -400 | -204 | 0 |
| 2.2 | 3.1 | -4.9 | -7.8 | -4.2 | -2.4 | -1.6 | -1.2 | -1.1 | -0.9 | -0.5 | 0.0 |

Life expectancy at birth (years) ...............................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years)....................
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ............................ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) . $\qquad$ -4.2
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

Total Population
Total population (thousands) $\qquad$
Population density (persons per square km )............
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 492799 | 744785 | 1191647 | 1447851 | 1569455 | 1681407 | 1793616 | 1899587 | 2085479 | 2312026 | 2334707 | 2203449 |
| 73 | 110 | 176 | 213 | 231 | 248 | 264 | 280 | 307 | 341 | 344 | 325 |
| 21.0 | 19.0 | 20.5 | 22.2 | 23.4 | 24.8 | 26.3 | 27.9 | 31.0 | 36.7 | 42.0 | 44.6 |
| 71.3 | 82.2 | 74.8 | 65.9 | 60.3 | 55.9 | 52.3 | 49.9 | 47.1 | 48.0 | 58.2 | 67.5 |
| 65.2 | 76.1 | 68.1 | 58.8 | 53.0 | 48.2 | 44.2 | 40.8 | 35.5 | 28.9 | 26.5 | 26.4 |
| 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 8.1 | 9.0 | 11.6 | 19.1 | 31.7 | 41.1 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d)..

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$

## Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) ...........

| 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.7 | 23.2 | 23.0 | 18.8 | 17.0 | 15.1 | 13.8 | 12.1 | 9.0 | 3.7 | -1.1 | -2.7 |
| 40 | 30 | 31 | 38 | 43 | 51 | 54 | 61 | 81 | - | - | - |
| 26.7 | 17.6 | 10.9 | 8.9 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 13.0 |
| 173 | 136 | 88 | 68 | 60 | 52 | 45 | 39 | 30 | 18 | 11 | 7 |
| 293 | 206 | 124 | 93 | 78 | 65 | 55 | 48 | 37 | 22 | 13 | 8 |
| 542 | 390 | 263 | 234 | 218 | 203 | 189 | 177 | 157 | 126 | 94 | 63 |
| 37.0 | 47.6 | 58.1 | 61.7 | 63.7 | 65.5 | 66.9 | 68.1 | 70.3 | 73.8 | 77.4 | 81.0 |
| 37.8 | 48.2 | 57.6 | 60.8 | 62.5 | 64.0 | 65.4 | 66.5 | 68.5 | 71.9 | 75.6 | 79.7 |
| 36.1 | 46.9 | 58.5 | 62.8 | 65.1 | 67.2 | 68.6 | 69.9 | 72.1 | 75.7 | 79.2 | 82.3 |
| 40.3 | 47.1 | 52.5 | 54.0 | 54.9 | 55.7 | 56.4 | 57.1 | 58.3 | 60.7 | 63.6 | 66.8 |
| 10.2 | 11.4 | 12.5 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 16.0 | 17.8 | 19.9 |
| 44.4 | 40.8 | 33.9 | 27.7 | 25.1 | 22.8 | 21.3 | 19.5 | 16.7 | 13.0 | 11.0 | 10.3 |
| 6.05 | 5.92 | 4.44 | 3.47 | 3.07 | 2.72 | 2.53 | 2.38 | 2.15 | 1.90 | 1.82 | 1.83 |
| 106 | 106 | 107 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 108 | 108 | 108 |
| 1.63 | 1.98 | 1.77 | 1.44 | 1.30 | 1.18 | 1.12 | 1.06 | 0.97 | 0.88 | 0.86 | 0.87 |
| 29.1 | 29.1 | 27.6 | 27.0 | 26.9 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 27.7 | 27.9 | 28.9 | 30.0 | 30.6 |
| 114332 | 143639 | 190951 | 191547 | 189585 | 185306 | 184665 | 180273 | 170482 | 149566 | 128812 | 114249 |
| 68803 | 61817 | 61393 | 61774 | 61668 | 62465 | 65080 | 68653 | 78840 | 107687 | 141156 | 143768 |
| 45529 | 81822 | 129557 | 129774 | 127917 | 122841 | 119585 | 111621 | 91642 | 41879 | -12344 | - 29519 |
| -238 | -639 | - 751 | -1923 | -6314 | -10889 | - 7376 | -5649 | - 4200 | - 4109 | - 2083 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.8 | -1.3 | -0.9 | -0.6 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$

[^9]Total population (thousands) ...................................
Population density (persons per square km )............
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 167986 | 281 | 123 | 443735 | 524410 | 561840 | 597097 | 633031 | 666110 | 722790 | 787535 | 791517 |
| 37 | 63 | 99 | 117 | 125 | 133 | 141 | 148 | 161 | 175 | 176 | 169 |
| 20.5 | 18.1 | 21.3 | 24.2 | 25.6 | 27.2 | 28.9 | 30.5 | 33.6 | 38.9 | 42.8 | 45.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73.8 | 90.2 | 69.0 | 57.6 | 53.9 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 47.1 | 47.7 | 54.7 | 64.0 | 70.9 |
| 67.2 | 83.3 | 62.0 | 49.9 | 45.8 | 42.5 | 39.4 | 36.6 | 32.5 | 29.0 | 27.4 | 27.0 |
| 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 8.9 | 10.5 | 15.2 | 25.8 | 36.6 | 43.9 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 $1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23.0 | 27.0 | 20.8 | 15.6 | 14.4 | 13.5 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 7.8 | 2.8 | -0.7 | -2.0 |
| 31 | 26 | 34 | 45 | 51 | 57 | 60 | 68 | 93 | - | - | - |
| 20.7 | 13.2 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 11.7 | 12.4 |
| 154 | 96 | 52 | 38 | 32 | 27 | 24 | 21 | 17 | 11 | 6 | 4 |
| 236 | 140 | 70 | 49 | 40 | 34 | 30 | 26 | 21 | 13 | 7 | 4 |
| 428 | 326 | 227 | 198 | 184 | 169 | 158 | 147 | 128 | 97 | 64 | 42 |
| 44.0 | 54.4 | 64.2 | 67.5 | 68.9 | 70.3 | 71.4 | 72.4 | 74.2 | 77.3 | 80.7 | 83.7 |
| 42.3 | 52.4 | 61.7 | 64.7 | 66.2 | 67.5 | 68.6 | 69.6 | 71.4 | 74.6 | 78.6 | 81.9 |
| 45.8 | 56.6 | 66.8 | 70.3 | 71.8 | 73.2 | 74.3 | 75.3 | 77.0 | 79.9 | 82.9 | 85.5 |
| 45.0 | 49.8 | 54.9 | 56.5 | 57.4 | 58.2 | 59.0 | 59.7 | 61.0 | 63.4 | 66.4 | 69.1 |
| 11.2 | 12.3 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 14.9 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.8 | 19.5 | 21.3 |
| 43.7 | 40.2 | 28.6 | 22.3 | 20.9 | 19.9 | 18.4 | 17.1 | 15.1 | 12.5 | 10.9 | 10.4 |
| 5.92 | 5.91 | 3.58 | 2.65 | 2.45 | 2.35 | 2.23 | 2.14 | 2.02 | 1.90 | 1.84 | 1.85 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.93 | 2.30 | 1.56 | 1.20 | 1.13 | 1.09 | 1.03 | 0.99 | 0.95 | 0.91 | 0.89 | 0.90 |
| 29.7 | 29.6 | 29.0 | 28.8 | 28.4 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.6 | 29.3 | 29.8 |
| 38894 | 52985 | 60218 | 56372 | 56754 | 57545 | 56646 | 55511 | 53397 | 48712 | 43398 | 39409 |
| 18451 | 17413 | 16322 | 16981 | 17686 | 18507 | 19639 | 21206 | 25629 | 37849 | 46330 | 47170 |
| 20442 | 35572 | 43895 | 39392 | 39068 | 39038 | 37007 | 34305 | 27768 | 10864 | -2933 | -7761 |
| - 44 | - 644 | 9 | -45 | -1639 | -3781 | - 1073 | - 1226 | - 1128 | - 1132 | - 561 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.6 | -1.3 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 51216 | 85940 | 148239 | 183503 | 205261 | 231671 | 254467 | 275714 | 313110 | 373006 | 403774 | 400865 |
| Population density (persons per square km)........... | 11 | 18 | 31 | 38 | 42 | 48 | 53 | 57 | 65 | 77 | 84 | 83 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.8 | 18.7 | 20.1 | 22.1 | 23.4 | 25.1 | 26.7 | 28.3 | 31.2 | 36.7 | 41.7 | 44.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................. | 73.1 | 87.4 | 78.1 | 68.5 | 62.7 | 55.9 | 52.7 | 51.0 | 48.0 | 54.3 | 62.8 | 71.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 65.7 | 79.3 | 70.7 | 60.1 | 54.4 | 48.1 | 44.7 | 41.9 | 36.1 | 31.0 | 28.0 | 27.1 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 7.3 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 11.9 | 23.2 | 34.8 | 43.9 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $\quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23.9 | 26.1 | 25.1 | 21.4 | 19.6 | 18.1 | 16.7 | 15.0 | 11.6 | 6.7 | 1.0 | -1.0 |
| 28 | 27 | 28 | 35 | 31 | 29 | 37 | 44 | 59 | 101 | - | - |
| 23.2 | 14.4 | 7.8 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 7.0 | 10.4 | 11.4 |
| 201 | 131 | 57 | 37 | 31 | 26 | 23 | 20 | 16 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| 281 | 181 | 75 | 49 | 40 | 32 | 29 | 25 | 21 | 13 | 8 | 6 |
| 378 | 265 | 181 | 150 | 135 | 127 | 118 | 110 | 96 | 80 | 63 | 46 |
| 42.6 | 53.9 | 65.6 | 69.4 | 71.1 | 72.2 | 73.4 | 74.5 | 76.4 | 79.3 | 81.9 | 84.5 |
| 40.4 | 51.9 | 62.7 | 66.8 | 68.6 | 69.6 | 70.8 | 71.9 | 73.9 | 77.3 | 80.2 | 82.8 |
| 45.0 | 56.0 | 68.6 | 72.3 | 73.7 | 75.1 | 76.3 | 77.2 | 78.9 | 81.5 | 83.9 | 86.2 |
| 47.2 | 52.6 | 56.9 | 58.6 | 59.5 | 60.1 | 61.0 | 61.8 | 63.3 | 65.6 | 67.8 | 70.0 |
| 11.2 | 12.9 | 14.3 | 14.8 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 16.1 | 16.7 | 17.7 | 19.4 | 20.9 | 22.5 |
| 47.1 | 40.5 | 32.8 | 27.6 | 25.2 | 23.4 | 21.8 | 20.0 | 16.8 | 13.7 | 11.4 | 10.4 |
| 6.32 | 5.90 | 4.46 | 3.58 | 3.20 | 2.92 | 2.74 | 2.58 | 2.35 | 2.04 | 1.90 | 1.86 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.00 | 2.22 | 1.99 | 1.65 | 1.48 | 1.36 | 1.28 | 1.21 | 1.10 | 0.98 | 0.91 | 0.90 |
| 28.3 | 28.3 | 29.0 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 29.0 | 29.1 | 29.5 | 29.9 | 30.3 | 30.5 |
| 12873 | 16356 | 22920 | 24111 | 24462 | 25504 | 26518 | 26536 | 25560 | 25193 | 22989 | 20924 |
| 6350 | 5813 | 5415 | 5380 | 5437 | 5781 | 6193 | 6647 | 7888 | 12914 | 20951 | 22997 |
| 6523 | 10544 | 17505 | 18731 | 19025 | 19724 | 20325 | 19889 | 17672 | 12279 | 2038 | -2073 |
| 364 | - 57 | - 286 | -1389 | 2734 | 6685 | 2471 | 1358 | 299 | 366 | 194 | 0 |
| 1.3 | -0.1 | -0.4 | -1.6 | 2.8 | 6.1 | 2.0 | 1.0 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Crud
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)...
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$ 1.3

[^10]Europe

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 549043 | 657369 | 723248 | 729105 | 732970 | 740308 | 743123 | 743569 | 736364 | 709067 | 665069 | 638816 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 24 | 29 | 31 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 29 | 28 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 29.0 | 31.8 | 34.6 | 37.6 | 39.0 | 40.3 | 41.4 | 42.4 | 44.7 | 45.8 | 45.7 | 46.8 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 52.2 | 55.6 | 49.8 | 47.7 | 46.6 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 53.6 | 60.4 | 73.2 | 74.2 | 79.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 40.1 | 39.3 | 30.7 | 26.0 | 23.3 | 22.6 | 23.5 | 24.6 | 24.5 | 26.6 | 27.2 | 27.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 12.1 | 16.3 | 19.1 | 21.8 | 23.3 | 23.9 | 25.9 | 29.0 | 35.9 | 46.6 | 47.0 | 52.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## irths and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$ Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$ .........

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 220144 | 276243 | 310763 | 304512 | 298222 | 296183 | 292501 | 287930 | 274819 | 246523 | 214978 | 198674 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 12 | 15 | 17 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 11 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 25.9 | 30.9 | 33.6 | 36.5 | 37.6 | 38.5 | 39.3 | 40.4 | 43.5 | 43.8 | 43.4 | 44.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................. | 52.6 | 51.9 | 50.9 | 45.2 | 42.0 | 40.4 | 43.2 | 48.9 | 53.3 | 64.8 | 64.0 | 67.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 43.6 | 39.0 | 34.6 | 26.4 | 21.8 | 20.7 | 22.6 | 24.8 | 23.8 | 26.3 | 26.8 | 27.3 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 9.1 | 12.9 | 16.3 | 18.8 | 20.2 | 19.7 | 20.6 | 24.1 | 29.5 | 38.5 | 37.2 | 40.4 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d).. $\qquad$

| 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.5 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.5 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14.9 | 7.2 | 4.4 | -4.4 | -4.9 | -3.1 | -3.3 | -3.8 | -5.5 | -5.8 | -5.1 | -2.7 |
| 47 | 100 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11.2 | 8.7 | 11.2 | 13.6 | 14.4 | 13.9 | 14.5 | 14.6 | 14.9 | 16.2 | 15.9 | 13.4 |
| 90 | 32 | 21 | 17 | 14 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 4 |
| 122 | 38 | 25 | 21 | 17 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| 225 | 175 | 193 | 247 | 258 | 237 | 227 | 215 | 192 | 155 | 110 | 76 |
| 60.3 | 69.1 | 69.8 | 67.9 | 67.9 | 69.5 | 70.2 | 70.9 | 72.3 | 74.9 | 78.1 | 81.1 |
| 56.9 | 64.9 | 65.2 | 62.5 | 62.4 | 64.1 | 64.9 | 65.6 | 67.1 | 70.1 | 74.0 | 77.6 |
| 63.2 | 72.5 | 74.1 | 73.4 | 73.8 | 75.1 | 75.8 | 76.4 | 77.6 | 79.7 | 82.2 | 84.6 |
| 54.5 | 57.1 | 56.9 | 54.5 | 54.3 | 55.6 | 56.2 | 56.8 | 58.1 | 60.5 | 63.6 | 66.5 |
| 13.2 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 15.0 | 15.3 | 15.8 | 17.0 | 18.5 | 20.1 |
| 26.1 | 15.9 | 15.6 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 10.8 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 10.4 | 10.8 | 10.7 |
| 2.91 | 2.16 | 2.11 | 1.29 | 1.26 | 1.41 | 1.49 | 1.55 | 1.66 | 1.77 | 1.84 | 1.88 |
| 106 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.21 | 1.00 | 0.99 | 0.61 | 0.60 | 0.67 | 0.71 | 0.74 | 0.79 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.91 |
| 28.5 | 26.8 | 25.6 | 25.6 | 26.5 | 27.3 | 28.0 | 28.3 | 28.7 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 28.7 |
| 29784 | 21607 | 23905 | 14245 | 14303 | 16089 | 16504 | 15737 | 13018 | 12962 | 11695 | 10676 |
| 12746 | 11808 | 17163 | 20958 | 21629 | 20709 | 21291 | 21204 | 20685 | 20254 | 17266 | 13380 |
| 17038 | 9799 | 6742 | -6714 | -7326 | -4620 | -4787 | -5466 | -7667 | -7292 | -5571 | -2704 |
| 60 | -360 | 135 | 1092 | 1037 | 2581 | 1104 | 895 | 617 | 467 | 253 | 0 |
| 0.1 | -0.3 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ................................
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years).. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman)
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)...........
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
Net reproduction rate (f). $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) . $\qquad$
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ )
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Total Population

Total population (thousands) ... $\qquad$

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 78030 | 87354 | 92113 | 94423 | 96188 | 98795 | 101477 | 104156 | 108754 | 115768 | 121502 | 123853 |
| 43 | 48 | 51 | 52 | 53 | 55 | 56 | 58 | 60 | 64 | 67 | 68 |
| 33.6 | 33.5 | 35.6 | 37.6 | 38.7 | 39.7 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 42.1 | 42.9 | 44.4 | 46.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51.7 | 57.9 | 53.0 | 52.8 | 50.9 | 51.4 | 55.4 | 58.4 | 63.6 | 70.0 | 73.3 | 81.0 |
| 36.0 | 38.0 | 29.7 | 29.1 | 27.1 | 26.5 | 27.4 | 28.4 | 28.3 | 28.7 | 28.3 | 28.3 |
| 15.7 | 19.9 | 23.3 | 23.7 | 23.8 | 24.9 | 28.0 | 30.0 | 35.3 | 41.3 | 45.0 | 52.6 |

Population density (persons per square km) ............
Median age (years)
Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population... $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)..
(e).....
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) ......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) . $\qquad$ $\ldots . . . .$.

| 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.3 | 5.5 | 2.4 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| - | 123 | - | - | - | 130 | 130 | 133 | - | - | - | - |
| 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 10.9 | 10.3 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 10.8 | 10.4 | 10.2 |
| 34 | 19 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 42 | 22 | 11 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 168 | 143 | 119 | 105 | 95 | 88 | 81 | 75 | 64 | 48 | 33 | 21 |
| 68.8 | 71.8 | 74.8 | 76.6 | 77.9 | 79.1 | 80.0 | 80.8 | 82.2 | 84.7 | 87.6 | 90.3 |
| 66.3 | 68.7 | 71.7 | 73.6 | 75.2 | 76.6 | 77.6 | 78.5 | 80.1 | 82.7 | 85.7 | 88.4 |
| 71.2 | 74.9 | 77.9 | 79.5 | 80.5 | 81.6 | 82.3 | 82.9 | 84.2 | 86.6 | 89.5 | 92.3 |
| 57.1 | 58.7 | 60.8 | 62.2 | 63.5 | 64.6 | 65.4 | 66.1 | 67.5 | 69.9 | 72.7 | 75.4 |
| 13.5 | 14.4 | 15.8 | 16.8 | 17.7 | 18.6 | 19.2 | 19.7 | 20.6 | 22.4 | 24.5 | 26.7 |
| 16.6 | 16.6 | 13.7 | 12.1 | 11.4 | 12.4 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 10.9 | 10.3 |
| 2.32 | 2.49 | 1.85 | 1.70 | 1.66 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.88 | 1.90 | 1.91 | 1.92 | 1.93 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.07 | 1.18 | 0.89 | 0.82 | 0.80 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.93 | 0.93 | 0.94 |
| 28.5 | 27.2 | 27.6 | 28.6 | 29.1 | 29.6 | 30.0 | 30.3 | 30.8 | 31.2 | 31.5 | 31.6 |
| 6541 | 7147 | 6253 | 5681 | 5440 | 6026 | 6082 | 6176 | 6105 | 6531 | 6574 | 6371 |
| 4463 | 4797 | 5175 | 5106 | 4891 | 4716 | 4796 | 4901 | 5277 | 6178 | 6307 | 6313 |
| 2077 | 2350 | 1078 | 575 | 549 | 1310 | 1285 | 1275 | 828 | 353 | 268 | 58 |
| - 506 | 77 | 315 | 636 | 1216 | 1297 | 1397 | 1404 | 1327 | 1331 | 665 | 0 |
| -1.3 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 1.4 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Total Population

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 108352 | 127115 | 143387 | 145630 | 150295 | 154712 | 156157 | 156616 | 155815 | 150889 | 137066 | 128527 |
| 82 | 97 | 109 | 111 | 114 | 118 | 119 | 119 | 118 | 115 | 104 | 98 |
| 27.3 | 31.1 | 34.6 | 38.2 | 39.7 | 41.3 | 43.1 | 44.9 | 48.2 | 50.1 | 49.3 | 49.9 |
| 54.3 | 57.6 | 48.5 | 47.8 | 48.4 | 49.3 | 52.0 | 54.4 | 61.9 | 86.7 | 85.3 | 89.0 |
| 42.7 | 42.0 | 28.9 | 23.4 | 22.5 | 22.3 | 22.6 | 22.4 | 21.7 | 25.6 | 26.4 | 26.8 |
| 11.6 | 15.7 | 19.6 | 24.4 | 25.9 | 27.0 | 29.4 | 32.0 | 40.2 | 61.1 | 58.9 | 62.2 |

Total population (thousands) $\qquad$
Population density (persons per square km ) $\ldots \ldots . . . . .$.
Median age (years)
s)..........

Dependency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 $2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$

## Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) . $\qquad$ ........

| 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.5 | 9.7 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.6 | -0.1 | -1.0 | -2.2 | -4.0 | -4.4 | -2.4 |
| 79 | 96 | - | - | 110 | 120 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10.8 | 9.5 | 9.1 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 10.8 | 12.9 | 13.8 | 11.7 |
| 79 | 41 | 14 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 98 | 47 | 16 | 10 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 191 | 146 | 113 | 97 | 87 | 76 | 70 | 64 | 54 | 39 | 24 | 15 |
| 63.5 | 69.7 | 75.2 | 77.3 | 78.6 | 79.9 | 80.8 | 81.6 | 83.1 | 85.9 | 88.9 | 91.9 |
| 61.5 | 66.9 | 71.9 | 74.0 | 75.5 | 77.0 | 77.9 | 78.7 | 80.3 | 83.1 | 86.2 | 89.2 |
| 65.4 | 72.4 | 78.5 | 80.6 | 81.7 | 82.8 | 83.6 | 84.4 | 85.9 | 88.6 | 91.6 | 94.7 |
| 55.9 | 58.5 | 61.6 | 63.2 | 64.3 | 65.5 | 66.3 | 67.0 | 68.4 | 71.1 | 74.0 | 77.0 |
| 13.3 | 14.2 | 16.4 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 19.0 | 19.6 | 20.1 | 21.1 | 23.2 | 25.4 | 27.9 |
| 21.3 | 19.3 | 11.7 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 9.8 | 9.2 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.3 |
| 2.68 | 2.68 | 1.56 | 1.34 | 1.35 | 1.43 | 1.49 | 1.54 | 1.62 | 1.76 | 1.84 | 1.87 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.13 | 1.22 | 0.74 | 0.64 | 0.64 | 0.68 | 0.71 | 0.74 | 0.79 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.91 |
| 29.3 | 28.6 | 27.8 | 29.1 | 29.7 | 30.2 | 30.5 | 30.7 | 31.1 | 31.2 | 31.2 | 31.3 |
| 11817 | 12020 | 8337 | 7342 | 7379 | 7707 | 7594 | 7172 | 6687 | 6739 | 6482 | 6014 |
| 5989 | 5951 | 6464 | 6929 | 7062 | 7231 | 7646 | 7980 | 8422 | 9753 | 9555 | 7591 |
| 5827 | 6069 | 1873 | 414 | 317 | 476 | - 52 | -808 | -1735 | -3014 | - 3073 | -1577 |
| -960 | -1557 | 40 | 1029 | 4348 | 3941 | 1497 | 1267 | 1167 | 1167 | 583 | 0 |
| -1.7 | -2.5 | 0.1 | 1.4 | 5.9 | 5.2 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Western Europe

## Total Population

Total population (thousands) ...................................
Population density (persons per square km )............

| 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 142517 | 166657 | 176985 | 184541 | 188265 | 190618 | 192988 | 194867 | 196976 | 195887 | 191523 | 187761 |
| 129 | 150 | 160 | 166 | 170 | 172 | 174 | 176 | 178 | 177 | 173 | 169 |
| 34.4 | 33.2 | 36.3 | 38.8 | 40.5 | 42.3 | 43.7 | 44.5 | 45.6 | 46.7 | 46.9 | 48.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50.3 | 59.1 | 47.5 | 49.5 | 50.8 | 52.1 | 54.3 | 57.9 | 68.4 | 76.7 | 79.5 | 86.2 |
| 35.2 | 38.4 | 26.1 | 25.7 | 24.7 | 23.9 | 23.8 | 24.2 | 25.8 | 26.6 | 27.3 | 27.8 |
| 15.2 | 20.7 | 21.4 | 23.8 | 26.2 | 28.1 | 30.5 | 33.7 | 42.7 | 50.1 | 52.2 | 58.5 |

$\begin{array}{rrr}129 & 166657 & 17698\end{array}$

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 $1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005$ 2005-2010 $2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d).. $\qquad$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ...............................
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$ Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$ .....

| 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.8 | 5.2 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.2 | -0.8 | -2.4 | -1.4 | -1.0 |
| 116 | 95 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11.4 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 10.8 | 12.4 | 11.4 | 10.8 |
| 44 | 21 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 52 | 25 | 10 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 174 | 148 | 119 | 101 | 91 | 81 | 75 | 68 | 57 | 41 | 26 | 16 |
| 67.7 | 71.1 | 75.5 | 77.7 | 78.9 | 80.2 | 81.1 | 81.8 | 83.3 | 85.9 | 88.9 | 91.8 |
| 65.3 | 67.9 | 71.9 | 74.3 | 75.8 | 77.3 | 78.3 | 79.2 | 80.6 | 83.2 | 86.2 | 89.1 |
| 70.0 | 74.2 | 78.8 | 80.9 | 81.9 | 83.0 | 83.7 | 84.5 | 85.9 | 88.5 | 91.6 | 94.6 |
| 56.8 | 58.2 | 61.4 | 63.3 | 64.4 | 65.7 | 66.4 | 67.2 | 68.5 | 71.1 | 74.1 | 76.9 |
| 13.4 | 14.1 | 16.4 | 17.8 | 18.5 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 20.4 | 21.4 | 23.2 | 25.5 | 27.9 |
| 17.2 | 16.7 | 12.1 | 11.0 | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.8 |
| 2.39 | 2.47 | 1.57 | 1.52 | 1.58 | 1.63 | 1.67 | 1.70 | 1.76 | 1.83 | 1.88 | 1.90 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.09 | 1.17 | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.76 | 0.79 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.91 | 0.92 |
| 28.2 | 27.2 | 27.8 | 29.0 | 29.4 | 30.0 | 30.4 | 30.7 | 30.9 | 31.0 | 31.1 | 31.1 |
| 12416 | 13656 | 10605 | 10097 | 9899 | 9810 | 9849 | 9998 | 9803 | 9795 | 9595 | 9193 |
| 8217 | 9403 | 9327 | 9121 | 8948 | 8925 | 9377 | 9844 | 10566 | 12145 | 10935 | 10141 |
| 4199 | 4253 | 1278 | 975 | 951 | 885 | 471 | 154 | - 763 | -2351 | -1340 | -948 |
| 133 | 1734 | 2597 | 1355 | 2773 | 1468 | 1899 | 1726 | 1570 | 1557 | 779 | 0 |
| 0.2 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 167869 | 287588 | 445203 | 526278 | 562546 | 596191 | 630089 | 661724 | 716671 | 781566 | 782889 | 736228 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 8 | 14 | 22 | 26 | 27 | 29 | 31 | 32 | 35 | 38 | 38 | 36 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 19.9 | 18.6 | 21.8 | 24.3 | 25.7 | 27.3 | 29.0 | 30.7 | 34.1 | 40.6 | 45.9 | 48.1 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 77.7 | 87.3 | 69.8 | 60.6 | 57.0 | 53.6 | 50.9 | 49.6 | 50.6 | 58.3 | 73.2 | 82.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 71.5 | 79.6 | 61.5 | 51.5 | 47.3 | 43.2 | 39.4 | 36.3 | 32.5 | 27.8 | 26.5 | 26.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.2 | 7.7 | 8.3 | 9.1 | 9.7 | 10.4 | 11.5 | 13.3 | 18.1 | 30.5 | 46.7 | 55.5 |
|  | 1950-1955 | 1965-1970 | 1985-1990 | 1995-2000 | 2000-2005 | 2005-2010 | 2010-2015 | 2015-2020 | 2025-2030 | 2045-2050 | 2070-2075 | 2095-2100 |
| Rates of population change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annual rate of population change (percentage) ....... | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.3 |
| Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)....... | 27.1 | 26.9 | 20.8 | 17.4 | 15.6 | 13.5 | 12.1 | 10.7 | 8.1 | 3.3 | -1.0 | -2.8 |
| Population doubling time (years) (d) ..................... | 26 | 28 | 36 | 44 | 52 | 60 | 63 | 71 | 95 | - | - | - |
| Mortality |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude death rate per 1,000 population................... | 15.5 | 10.9 | 7.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 8.3 | 11.0 | 12.3 |
| Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ...... | 126 | 91 | 47 | 32 | 25 | 21 | 18 | 15 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... | 188 | 131 | 61 | 40 | 32 | 28 | 23 | 20 | 14 | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).................... | 333 | 257 | 203 | 175 | 164 | 152 | 141 | 130 | 110 | 77 | 52 | 33 |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................ | 51.4 | 58.9 | 67.2 | 70.7 | 72.1 | 73.5 | 74.7 | 75.9 | 78.1 | 81.8 | 85.1 | 87.9 |
| Male life expectancy at birth (years) ..................... | 49.7 | 56.8 | 64.0 | 67.4 | 68.9 | 70.2 | 71.5 | 72.8 | 75.2 | 79.4 | 82.8 | 85.7 |
| Female life expectancy at birth (years).................. | 53.1 | 61.1 | 70.5 | 74.0 | 75.5 | 76.7 | 77.9 | 79.0 | 80.9 | 84.1 | 87.3 | 90.1 |
| Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ......................... | 49.6 | 53.7 | 56.9 | 59.0 | 59.9 | 60.9 | 61.8 | 62.6 | 64.4 | 67.6 | 70.6 | 73.3 |
| Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ......................... | 12.3 | 13.9 | 15.3 | 16.5 | 17.1 | 17.6 | 18.1 | 18.6 | 19.6 | 21.5 | 23.3 | 25.1 |
| Fertility |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude birth rate per 1,000 population................... | 42.6 | 37.8 | 27.9 | 23.6 | 21.6 | 19.3 | 18.0 | 16.7 | 14.5 | 11.6 | 10.0 | 9.5 |
| Total fertility (children per woman)...................... | 5.86 | 5.53 | 3.42 | 2.76 | 2.53 | 2.30 | 2.18 | 2.08 | 1.94 | 1.83 | 1.82 | 1.85 |
| Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) .............. | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| Net reproduction rate (f) ..................................... | 2.15 | 2.25 | 1.54 | 1.28 | 1.18 | 1.08 | 1.03 | 0.98 | 0.93 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| Mean age childbearing (years)............................. | 29.5 | 29.4 | 27.9 | 27.2 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.1 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 27.3 |
| Births and deaths |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of births (thousands) ............................... | 38363 | 51104 | 59250 | 59685 | 58712 | 56039 | 55100 | 54031 | 51147 | 45127 | 39288 | 35278 |
| Number of deaths (thousands) .............................. | 13981 | 14790 | 15003 | 15548 | 16231 | 17053 | 18100 | 19408 | 22686 | 32197 | 43302 | 45714 |
| Births minus deaths (thousands) ........................... | 24382 | 36314 | 44247 | 44137 | 42481 | 38986 | 37000 | 34624 | 28461 | 12929 | -4 014 | -10436 |
| Migration |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net number of migrants (thousands)..................... | 20 | -1879 | - 3374 | -4 204 | -6213 | - 5341 | -3103 | -2988 | -2622 | -2629 | - 1320 | 0 |
| Net migration rate (per 1,000) ............................. | 0.0 | -1.4 | -1.6 | -1.7 | -2.3 | -1.8 | -1.0 | -0.9 | -0.8 | -0.7 | -0.3 | 0.0 |

[^11]
## Caribbean

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 17091 | 25326 | 34262 | 38436 | 40163 | 41625 | 43101 | 44429 | 46525 | 47647 | 44870 | 41131 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ........... | 73 | 108 | 146 | 164 | 171 | 178 | 184 | 190 | 199 | 203 | 191 | 176 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.4 | 19.4 | 23.8 | 26.5 | 27.7 | 28.9 | 30.2 | 31.8 | 34.9 | 40.2 | 44.5 | 46.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 76.7 | 85.4 | 64.3 | 59.9 | 56.7 | 54.0 | 52.2 | 52.0 | 54.8 | 60.2 | 69.4 | 75.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 69.7 | 76.5 | 53.4 | 48.2 | 44.4 | 41.0 | 38.2 | 36.1 | 33.4 | 29.0 | 27.0 | 26.7 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 7.0 | 8.9 | 10.8 | 11.7 | 12.3 | 13.1 | 14.0 | 15.8 | 21.4 | 31.2 | 42.5 | 48.5 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d).. $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)...

| 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | -0.1 | -0.3 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24.3 | 25.0 | 17.8 | 13.7 | 12.3 | 11.0 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 6.4 | 1.6 | -2.0 | -3.3 |
| 36 | 38 | 50 | 67 | 79 | 97 | 100 | 115 | - | - | - | - |
| 15.1 | 10.3 | 8.3 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 10.3 | 12.4 | 13.2 |
| 125 | 83 | 54 | 40 | 33 | 30 | 25 | 23 | 18 | 10 | 6 | 4 |
| 185 | 115 | 72 | 55 | 48 | 43 | 37 | 33 | 26 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| 315 | 230 | 192 | 182 | 176 | 163 | 152 | 144 | 130 | 103 | 76 | 54 |
| 52.1 | 61.0 | 66.7 | 68.7 | 69.8 | 71.2 | 72.6 | 73.5 | 75.5 | 78.9 | 81.7 | 84.1 |
| 50.6 | 59.4 | 64.6 | 66.2 | 67.2 | 68.6 | 70.0 | 71.0 | 72.9 | 76.5 | 79.6 | 82.1 |
| 53.6 | 62.8 | 69.0 | 71.4 | 72.4 | 73.9 | 75.2 | 76.2 | 78.0 | 81.2 | 83.8 | 86.2 |
| 50.2 | 54.7 | 57.6 | 58.5 | 59.0 | 60.1 | 60.9 | 61.6 | 62.9 | 65.2 | 67.5 | 69.7 |
| 12.4 | 13.9 | 15.8 | 16.4 | 16.8 | 17.4 | 17.8 | 18.2 | 18.9 | 20.2 | 21.3 | 22.5 |
| 39.4 | 35.3 | 26.0 | 21.6 | 20.1 | 18.6 | 17.5 | 16.5 | 14.6 | 11.9 | 10.4 | 9.9 |
| 5.27 | 5.01 | 3.13 | 2.63 | 2.50 | 2.37 | 2.26 | 2.17 | 2.04 | 1.88 | 1.82 | 1.84 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.93 | 2.06 | 1.36 | 1.19 | 1.13 | 1.07 | 1.03 | 1.00 | 0.95 | 0.89 | 0.87 | 0.89 |
| 28.8 | 28.6 | 27.9 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.7 | 27.7 | 27.6 |
| 3539 | 4275 | 4311 | 4043 | 3945 | 3808 | 3707 | 3613 | 3361 | 2840 | 2343 | 2058 |
| 1359 | 1242 | 1365 | 1482 | 1537 | 1553 | 1594 | 1677 | 1886 | 2463 | 2802 | 2745 |
| 2179 | 3033 | 2946 | 2561 | 2408 | 2256 | 2113 | 1936 | 1475 | 377 | -459 | -687 |
| -456 | - 816 | -636 | -601 | -680 | - 794 | -636 | -609 | - 524 | - 508 | - 250 | 0 |
| -5.1 | -6.7 | -3.8 | -3.2 | -3.5 | -3.9 | -3.0 | -2.8 | -2.3 | -2.1 | -1.1 | 0.0 |

Life expectancy at birth (years) ................................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years)....................
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ............................ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per womn) $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$ Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) . $\qquad$
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Central America

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 38318 | 70700 | 115106 | 139596 | 149795 | 160546 | 171934 | 182729 | 202408 | 228833 | 236956 | 227613 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............ | 15 | 29 | 46 | 56 | 60 | 65 | 69 | 74 | 82 | 92 | 96 | 92 |
| Median age (years)............................................ | 18.6 | 16.7 | 19.4 | 22.1 | 23.4 | 24.8 | 26.4 | 28.1 | 31.8 | 39.2 | 45.6 | 48.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................. | 85.2 | 100.1 | 77.9 | 67.8 | 63.8 | 59.4 | 55.0 | 52.8 | 51.0 | 57.3 | 73.6 | 83.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 78.8 | 92.9 | 70.5 | 59.7 | 55.2 | 50.2 | 45.0 | 41.1 | 35.5 | 29.2 | 27.1 | 26.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.4 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 9.2 | 10.0 | 11.6 | 15.5 | 28.1 | 46.5 | 57.0 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$

| 2.9 | 3.0 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30.6 | 32.6 | 24.6 | 21.9 | 19.4 | 17.4 | 15.6 | 14.0 | 10.9 | 5.5 | 0.4 | -2.2 |
| 24 | 23 | 34 | 40 | 50 | 50 | 51 | 57 | 73 | - | - | - |
| 17.7 | 11.2 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 9.8 | 11.7 |
| 127 | 86 | 44 | 30 | 23 | 19 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| 205 | 131 | 57 | 37 | 29 | 24 | 20 | 17 | 12 | 7 | 5 | 3 |
| 359 | 268 | 193 | 148 | 138 | 127 | 117 | 107 | 89 | 63 | 42 | 26 |
| 49.1 | 58.7 | 68.4 | 72.6 | 74.0 | 75.3 | 76.5 | 77.6 | 79.8 | 83.3 | 86.5 | 89.4 |
| 47.6 | 56.7 | 65.3 | 70.0 | 71.3 | 72.5 | 73.8 | 75.1 | 77.6 | 81.3 | 84.6 | 87.5 |
| 50.7 | 60.8 | 71.6 | 75.2 | 76.6 | 77.9 | 79.0 | 80.0 | 81.9 | 85.0 | 88.3 | 91.3 |
| 48.5 | 53.6 | 58.0 | 60.7 | 61.5 | 62.4 | 63.3 | 64.2 | 66.0 | 69.0 | 72.0 | 74.7 |
| 12.3 | 14.4 | 16.3 | 17.3 | 17.7 | 18.2 | 18.7 | 19.2 | 20.3 | 22.2 | 24.2 | 26.2 |
| 48.3 | 43.8 | 30.8 | 26.9 | 24.2 | 22.1 | 20.3 | 18.7 | 16.0 | 12.4 | 10.3 | 9.5 |
| 6.73 | 6.67 | 3.90 | 3.05 | 2.76 | 2.56 | 2.39 | 2.24 | 2.04 | 1.88 | 1.85 | 1.85 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.38 | 2.70 | 1.76 | 1.42 | 1.29 | 1.20 | 1.13 | 1.07 | 0.97 | 0.90 | 0.89 | 0.90 |
| 29.4 | 29.3 | 28.0 | 27.3 | 27.1 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.1 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 27.3 |
| 9980 | 14387 | 16868 | 17968 | 17519 | 17142 | 16842 | 16578 | 15797 | 13976 | 12151 | 10912 |
| 3652 | 3682 | 3406 | 3363 | 3483 | 3653 | 3884 | 4198 | 5013 | 7757 | 11660 | 13409 |
| 6328 | 10705 | 13462 | 14604 | 14036 | 13489 | 12958 | 12380 | 10784 | 6220 | 490 | -2498 |
| - 272 | - 748 | -2 183 | - 2826 | -3836 | -2738 | - 1570 | - 1585 | -1368 | - 1397 | - 701 | 0 |
| -1.3 | -2.3 | -4.0 | -4.2 | -5.3 | -3.5 | -1.9 | -1.8 | -1.4 | -1.2 | -0.6 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) ...............................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman)...........
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
$\qquad$
) ...............

Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands).. $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$ Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$ ......... $272-748$

2183
2826
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 112460 | 191562 | 295835 | 348246 | 372588 | 394021 | 415053 | 434566 | 467738 | 505086 | 501063 | 467484 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 6 | 11 | 17 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 26 | 28 | 28 | 26 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.4 | 19.2 | 22.6 | 24.9 | 26.4 | 28.1 | 29.9 | 31.7 | 35.0 | 41.3 | 46.2 | 48.2 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 75.4 | 83.2 | 67.5 | 58.0 | 54.4 | 51.3 | 49.1 | 48.0 | 50.0 | 58.6 | 73.4 | 81.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 69.4 | 75.5 | 59.1 | 48.8 | 44.6 | 40.7 | 37.2 | 34.4 | 31.1 | 27.1 | 26.2 | 26.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.1 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 11.9 | 13.7 | 18.9 | 31.5 | 47.2 | 55.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$ Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) .
$\qquad$

| 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.2 | -0.2 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26.3 | 25.0 | 19.7 | 16.1 | 14.5 | 12.1 | 10.8 | 9.6 | 7.0 | 2.5 | -1.6 | -3.1 |
| 25 | 28 | 36 | 45 | 52 | 62 | 67 | 76 | 103 | - | - | - |
| 14.9 | 10.9 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 8.8 | 11.5 | 12.6 |
| 126 | 94 | 47 | 32 | 25 | 21 | 18 | 15 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| 181 | 133 | 61 | 40 | 32 | 28 | 23 | 19 | 14 | 9 | 5 | 4 |
| 328 | 257 | 207 | 184 | 173 | 159 | 148 | 137 | 117 | 81 | 54 | 35 |
| 52.1 | 58.7 | 66.8 | 70.2 | 71.7 | 73.0 | 74.3 | 75.5 | 77.7 | 81.4 | 84.7 | 87.6 |
| 50.3 | 56.5 | 63.4 | 66.7 | 68.2 | 69.6 | 70.9 | 72.1 | 74.6 | 78.8 | 82.3 | 85.2 |
| 53.9 | 61.1 | 70.3 | 73.9 | 75.4 | 76.6 | 77.8 | 78.8 | 80.8 | 83.9 | 87.1 | 89.9 |
| 49.9 | 53.6 | 56.5 | 58.5 | 59.4 | 60.4 | 61.3 | 62.2 | 64.0 | 67.3 | 70.3 | 73.0 |
| 12.3 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 16.3 | 16.9 | 17.5 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 19.5 | 21.3 | 23.1 | 24.9 |
| 41.1 | 36.0 | 27.0 | 22.5 | 20.7 | 18.3 | 17.1 | 15.9 | 13.9 | 11.3 | 9.9 | 9.5 |
| 5.66 | 5.21 | 3.28 | 2.65 | 2.44 | 2.18 | 2.08 | 2.00 | 1.89 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.84 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.11 | 2.11 | 1.48 | 1.23 | 1.14 | 1.03 | 0.99 | 0.95 | 0.90 | 0.87 | 0.88 | 0.89 |
| 29.7 | 29.5 | 27.9 | 27.1 | 26.9 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.1 | 27.2 | 27.3 |
| 24844 | 32442 | 38071 | 37674 | 37248 | 35088 | 34551 | 33841 | 31988 | 28311 | 24794 | 22309 |
| 8970 | 9866 | 10232 | 10703 | 11211 | 11847 | 12622 | 13533 | 15787 | 21978 | 28840 | 29560 |
| 15875 | 22576 | 27840 | 26971 | 26037 | 23241 | 21929 | 20308 | 16202 | 6333 | -4 046 | -7252 |
| 748 | - 315 | - 555 | - 777 | - 1696 | - 1808 | -897 | - 795 | - 731 | - 725 | - 369 | 0 |
| 1.2 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.9 | -0.9 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 171615 | 231429 | 282286 | 315417 | 330546 | 346501 | 361128 | 375724 | 403373 | 446201 | 489712 | 513065 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 8 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 19 | 20 | 22 | 24 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 29.8 | 28.0 | 32.9 | 35.4 | 36.5 | 37.3 | 37.9 | 38.5 | 39.8 | 40.9 | 42.5 | 44.6 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 54.9 | 61.4 | 51.4 | 50.4 | 48.5 | 48.5 | 51.3 | 55.3 | 64.0 | 66.0 | 70.6 | 77.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 42.1 | 45.9 | 32.7 | 31.8 | 30.1 | 29.0 | 28.9 | 29.4 | 30.6 | 29.9 | 29.7 | 29.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 12.7 | 15.5 | 18.7 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 19.6 | 22.4 | 25.9 | 33.5 | 36.2 | 40.9 | 47.8 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 $1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005$ 2005-2010 $2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$

| 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15.1 | 8.7 | 7.0 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| 41 | 66 | 66 | 59 | 74 | 74 | 84 | 88 | 103 | - | - | - |
| 9.6 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 10.4 | 9.8 | 9.9 |
| 31 | 23 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 37 | 26 | 12 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 198 | 180 | 133 | 116 | 110 | 106 | 99 | 92 | 78 | 58 | 39 | 26 |
| 68.6 | 70.5 | 75.0 | 76.6 | 77.4 | 78.4 | 79.1 | 79.9 | 81.3 | 83.7 | 86.4 | 89.0 |
| 65.8 | 66.9 | 71.5 | 73.6 | 74.7 | 75.8 | 76.7 | 77.6 | 79.3 | 81.8 | 84.5 | 87.1 |
| 71.7 | 74.3 | 78.5 | 79.5 | 79.9 | 80.8 | 81.5 | 82.1 | 83.3 | 85.6 | 88.3 | 90.9 |
| 56.5 | 57.6 | 61.1 | 62.4 | 63.1 | 64.1 | 64.8 | 65.5 | 66.8 | 69.1 | 71.7 | 74.2 |
| 14.2 | 14.8 | 16.9 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 19.0 | 19.4 | 19.8 | 20.6 | 22.0 | 23.8 | 25.7 |
| 24.6 | 18.1 | 15.7 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 13.7 | 13.0 | 12.9 | 12.5 | 12.1 | 11.6 | 11.0 |
| 3.35 | 2.58 | 1.89 | 1.95 | 1.99 | 2.02 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.98 | 1.98 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.56 | 1.22 | 0.90 | 0.94 | 0.96 | 0.97 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 0.96 | 0.96 |
| 26.8 | 26.4 | 26.6 | 27.2 | 27.8 | 28.2 | 28.6 | 29.7 | 31.9 | 31.9 | 31.9 | 31.9 |
| 22074 | 20398 | 21557 | 21696 | 22333 | 23165 | 23014 | 23796 | 24854 | 26675 | 28152 | 28181 |
| 8555 | 10541 | 11892 | 12965 | 13553 | 13683 | 14486 | 15297 | 17418 | 22850 | 23738 | 25317 |
| 13519 | 9857 | 9665 | 8731 | 8780 | 9481 | 8528 | 8499 | 7436 | 3825 | 4413 | 2864 |
| 1610 | 2105 | 4790 | 9228 | 6349 | 6473 | 6099 | 6098 | 5998 | 5999 | 3000 | 0 |
| 1.8 | 1.9 | 3.5 | 6.0 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ....... Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman)
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)...........
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).......................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) $\qquad$ 1.8

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Oceania

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 12675 | 19681 | 26969 | 31224 | 33623 | 36659 | 39359 | 42066 | 47317 | 56874 | 65722 | 69648 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 8 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 27.9 | 24.8 | 28.6 | 30.9 | 31.8 | 32.2 | 32.8 | 33.5 | 34.9 | 37.0 | 40.3 | 44.1 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 59.3 | 65.3 | 55.8 | 55.2 | 54.0 | 53.1 | 55.3 | 57.4 | 60.0 | 62.0 | 64.8 | 72.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 47.5 | 53.6 | 41.7 | 39.9 | 38.2 | 36.7 | 36.9 | 37.0 | 35.5 | 33.1 | 30.0 | 28.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 11.7 | 11.7 | 14.2 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 18.4 | 20.4 | 24.5 | 29.0 | 34.8 | 44.3 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$

| 2.2 | 2.4 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15.1 | 14.6 | 11.9 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 7.9 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 1.0 |
| 31 | 30 | 43 | 48 | 47 | 40 | 49 | 52 | 62 | 85 | - | - |
| 12.4 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 9.8 |
| 60 | 45 | 31 | 27 | 25 | 22 | 20 | 19 | 17 | 13 | 10 | 7 |
| 91 | 64 | 43 | 36 | 33 | 28 | 26 | 24 | 22 | 17 | 12 | 9 |
| 270 | 221 | 154 | 127 | 114 | 105 | 101 | 98 | 93 | 81 | 67 | 54 |
| 60.4 | 65.0 | 70.9 | 73.7 | 75.3 | 76.8 | 77.6 | 78.3 | 79.5 | 81.7 | 84.1 | 86.6 |
| 58.1 | 62.3 | 67.8 | 71.0 | 72.8 | 74.6 | 75.4 | 76.1 | 77.2 | 79.3 | 81.7 | 84.3 |
| 63.1 | 68.1 | 74.2 | 76.5 | 77.8 | 79.2 | 79.9 | 80.6 | 81.9 | 84.0 | 86.5 | 89.0 |
| 52.5 | 55.1 | 59.5 | 61.8 | 63.2 | 64.4 | 65.0 | 65.5 | 66.5 | 68.2 | 70.2 | 72.5 |
| 13.1 | 13.8 | 16.1 | 17.6 | 18.5 | 19.4 | 19.8 | 20.2 | 21.0 | 22.3 | 23.8 | 25.6 |
| 27.4 | 24.6 | 19.8 | 18.7 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 17.1 | 16.4 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 12.2 | 10.9 |
| 3.83 | 3.55 | 2.49 | 2.45 | 2.41 | 2.47 | 2.40 | 2.35 | 2.25 | 2.09 | 1.96 | 1.91 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.60 | 1.55 | 1.13 | 1.10 | 1.09 | 1.13 | 1.10 | 1.08 | 1.04 | 0.99 | 0.94 | 0.92 |
| 28.3 | 27.9 | 28.2 | 28.7 | 29.1 | 29.5 | 29.6 | 29.7 | 30.0 | 30.2 | 30.4 | 30.4 |
| 1841 | 2281 | 2566 | 2811 | 2879 | 3135 | 3245 | 3346 | 3489 | 3865 | 3960 | 3770 |
| 829 | 928 | 1030 | 1109 | 1143 | 1187 | 1292 | 1399 | 1666 | 2345 | 2933 | 3411 |
| 1013 | 1353 | 1536 | 1702 | 1737 | 1948 | 1954 | 1947 | 1823 | 1520 | 1028 | 360 |
| 480 | 834 | 562 | 469 | 663 | 1087 | 747 | 760 | 761 | 764 | 389 | 0 |
| 7.2 | 9.0 | 4.3 | 3.1 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 1.2 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$ Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years)

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000) $\qquad$ 7.2

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Australia/New Zealand

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 10085 | 15724 | 20495 | 23117 | 24655 | 26773 | 28520 | 30254 | 33544 | 39513 | 45147 | 47684 |
| Population density (persons per square km)........... | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 6 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 30.2 | 27.2 | 32.0 | 35.2 | 36.3 | 36.8 | 37.4 | 38.0 | 39.7 | 40.9 | 43.7 | 47.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 54.8 | 60.8 | 50.0 | 50.1 | 48.9 | 48.3 | 52.1 | 56.0 | 61.4 | 66.6 | 71.5 | 82.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 41.9 | 47.5 | 33.4 | 31.6 | 29.9 | 28.5 | 29.4 | 30.4 | 30.1 | 29.7 | 28.2 | 27.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 12.9 | 13.3 | 16.6 | 18.4 | 19.0 | 19.8 | 22.7 | 25.5 | 31.2 | 37.0 | 43.3 | 54.9 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 $1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d). $\qquad$

| 2.4 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14.2 | 11.8 | 7.9 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 0.9 |
| 30 | 30 | 48 | 59 | 54 | 42 | 55 | 59 | 71 | 92 | - | - |
| 9.2 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 9.0 |
| 24 | 18 | 9 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 31 | 22 | 11 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 174 | 161 | 109 | 84 | 73 | 66 | 61 | 56 | 48 | 34 | 21 | 12 |
| 69.5 | 71.0 | 75.8 | 78.6 | 80.2 | 81.4 | 82.2 | 82.9 | 84.3 | 86.9 | 90.0 | 92.9 |
| 66.9 | 67.9 | 72.7 | 75.8 | 77.7 | 79.2 | 80.0 | 80.7 | 82.1 | 84.7 | 87.8 | 90.8 |
| 72.2 | 74.5 | 79.0 | 81.4 | 82.6 | 83.7 | 84.4 | 85.1 | 86.5 | 89.1 | 92.2 | 95.1 |
| 57.0 | 57.9 | 61.8 | 64.3 | 65.7 | 67.0 | 67.7 | 68.3 | 69.6 | 72.2 | 75.1 | 78.0 |
| 13.8 | 14.2 | 16.6 | 18.3 | 19.3 | 20.2 | 20.7 | 21.2 | 22.1 | 24.0 | 26.4 | 28.8 |
| 23.5 | 20.5 | 15.3 | 13.7 | 13.0 | 13.7 | 13.3 | 12.9 | 11.9 | 11.7 | 10.8 | 9.9 |
| 3.27 | 2.96 | 1.89 | 1.81 | 1.79 | 1.93 | 1.91 | 1.89 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.88 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.53 | 1.40 | 0.90 | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.93 | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.91 |
| 27.8 | 27.2 | 28.0 | 29.1 | 29.7 | 30.2 | 30.4 | 30.6 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 |
| 1258 | 1519 | 1514 | 1540 | 1549 | 1756 | 1840 | 1902 | 1951 | 2272 | 2423 | 2361 |
| 495 | 641 | 736 | 787 | 809 | 844 | 919 | 992 | 1174 | 1632 | 1919 | 2151 |
| 763 | 878 | 778 | 753 | 740 | 913 | 922 | 909 | 777 | 640 | 504 | 211 |
| 501 | 850 | 657 | 566 | 797 | 1205 | 825 | 825 | 825 | 825 | 413 | 0 |
| 9.3 | 11.4 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 9.4 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 1.9 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ...............................
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) .. $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman)
$\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)...........
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
Sex ratio at birth (males p
Net reproduction rate (f)
...........................................

Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$
Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands).. $\qquad$

## Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) . $\qquad$
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 2200 | 3306 | 5513 | 6998 | 7826 | 8729 | 9636 | 10553 | 12412 | 15858 | 18944 | 20278 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 4 | 6 | 10 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 29 | 35 | 38 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 19.6 | 18.0 | 18.6 | 20.0 | 20.7 | 21.3 | 21.9 | 22.8 | 24.9 | 28.9 | 33.7 | 37.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 79.6 | 84.3 | 79.2 | 73.0 | 71.3 | 69.3 | 65.6 | 62.2 | 56.9 | 51.9 | 50.6 | 53.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 72.7 | 80.0 | 74.6 | 68.2 | 66.2 | 63.9 | 59.8 | 55.8 | 49.3 | 40.7 | 33.6 | 29.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.3 | 7.6 | 11.2 | 17.0 | 23.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d)..

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ........
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) ...............................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years)....................
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ............................
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ................................................................... Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per wo $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................
Migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
$\qquad$

| 1.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16.4 | 24.5 | 24.5 | 25.3 | 24.0 | 22.7 | 20.5 | 18.9 | 16.2 | 10.7 | 5.3 | 1.4 |
| 44 | 29 | 32 | 29 | 31 | 32 | 35 | 38 | 45 | 68 | 136 | - |
| 26.5 | 16.5 | 10.1 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 7.6 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 8.5 | 10.1 | 11.6 |
| 143 | 103 | 68 | 57 | 52 | 46 | 44 | 41 | 38 | 31 | 25 | 19 |
| 235 | 157 | 94 | 77 | 69 | 60 | 56 | 53 | 48 | 39 | 30 | 23 |
| 640 | 501 | 359 | 315 | 293 | 267 | 255 | 245 | 228 | 196 | 161 | 130 |
| 37.3 | 47.0 | 56.7 | 59.8 | 61.4 | 63.1 | 64.0 | 64.8 | 66.1 | 68.4 | 71.1 | 73.7 |
| 36.3 | 46.0 | 54.4 | 57.7 | 59.3 | 61.1 | 61.9 | 62.6 | 63.9 | 66.1 | 68.7 | 71.3 |
| 38.5 | 48.2 | 59.3 | 62.1 | 63.6 | 65.4 | 66.3 | 67.1 | 68.5 | 70.9 | 73.6 | 76.2 |
| 36.0 | 42.2 | 48.5 | 50.4 | 51.5 | 52.7 | 53.3 | 53.9 | 54.8 | 56.5 | 58.5 | 60.6 |
| 8.4 | 9.7 | 11.2 | 11.7 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 14.1 | 15.0 | 16.1 |
| 42.9 | 41.1 | 34.6 | 34.1 | 32.2 | 30.2 | 28.0 | 26.2 | 23.7 | 19.2 | 15.4 | 13.0 |
| 6.31 | 6.01 | 4.73 | 4.39 | 4.13 | 3.90 | 3.64 | 3.42 | 3.04 | 2.53 | 2.14 | 1.95 |
| 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 107 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.82 | 2.11 | 1.94 | 1.86 | 1.77 | 1.70 | 1.60 | 1.51 | 1.36 | 1.16 | 1.00 | 0.92 |
| 30.3 | 29.9 | 29.4 | 29.1 | 29.1 | 29.2 | 29.2 | 29.3 | 29.3 | 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.5 |
| 491 | 640 | 904 | 1126 | 1194 | 1251 | 1283 | 1325 | 1418 | 1486 | 1438 | 1317 |
| 304 | 258 | 264 | 292 | 304 | 313 | 341 | 373 | 452 | 656 | 942 | 1176 |
| 187 | 382 | 640 | 835 | 890 | 938 | 942 | 952 | 966 | 830 | 497 | 142 |
| -6 | - 4 | -71 | -44 | -62 | - 35 | - 35 | - 35 | -35 | - 35 | -17 | 0 |
| -0.5 | -0.2 | -2.7 | -1.4 | -1.7 | -0.9 | -0.8 | -0.7 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 148 | 241 | 413 | 495 | 502 | 498 | 519 | 548 | 602 | 671 | 706 | 704 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 48 | 78 | 133 | 160 | 162 | 160 | 167 | 177 | 194 | 216 | 228 | 227 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 21.7 | 18.2 | 21.9 | 24.1 | 24.7 | 25.7 | 26.8 | 28.1 | 31.1 | 36.3 | 41.7 | 45.2 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 64.1 | 85.9 | 67.4 | 60.4 | 58.3 | 56.1 | 53.7 | 52.3 | 55.8 | 56.3 | 66.2 | 74.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 58.1 | 80.6 | 61.5 | 54.2 | 51.3 | 48.3 | 44.1 | 40.5 | 38.4 | 32.1 | 29.1 | 27.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.0 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 9.6 | 11.8 | 17.4 | 24.2 | 37.1 | 46.6 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d).. $\qquad$
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 $2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e).....
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) ................................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .....................
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ...................................... Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years)

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................
Migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).......................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

| 2.0 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 1.3 | 0.3 | -0.2 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.4 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25.7 | 29.3 | 25.5 | 21.9 | 18.8 | 16.0 | 14.5 | 13.5 | 11.5 | 5.8 | 2.0 | -0.5 |
| 36 | 26 | 23 | 56 | - | - | 81 | 65 | 78 | - | - | - |
| 14.0 | 9.9 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 7.9 | 9.5 | 10.9 |
| 104 | 75 | 47 | 35 | 30 | 26 | 23 | 21 | 17 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| 150 | 105 | 62 | 44 | 37 | 32 | 28 | 25 | 20 | 13 | 8 | 5 |
| 340 | 269 | 189 | 153 | 137 | 125 | 115 | 103 | 85 | 67 | 45 | 30 |
| 53.2 | 59.3 | 66.2 | 69.5 | 71.1 | 72.5 | 73.7 | 74.9 | 77.1 | 80.5 | 83.6 | 86.6 |
| 52.0 | 58.0 | 64.4 | 67.6 | 69.1 | 70.3 | 71.5 | 72.7 | 74.8 | 78.1 | 81.5 | 84.6 |
| 54.6 | 60.9 | 68.1 | 71.5 | 73.3 | 74.8 | 76.0 | 77.3 | 79.5 | 82.8 | 85.7 | 88.6 |
| 49.0 | 52.2 | 56.1 | 58.1 | 59.3 | 60.2 | 61.1 | 62.1 | 63.8 | 66.6 | 69.3 | 72.1 |
| 11.6 | 12.4 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 14.9 | 15.4 | 16.0 | 16.6 | 17.7 | 19.9 | 21.7 | 23.8 |
| 39.7 | 39.2 | 32.1 | 27.4 | 24.0 | 21.2 | 19.8 | 18.9 | 17.6 | 13.7 | 11.5 | 10.4 |
| 6.27 | 6.03 | 3.98 | 3.31 | 2.92 | 2.73 | 2.66 | 2.56 | 2.34 | 2.08 | 1.92 | 1.87 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.38 | 2.48 | 1.79 | 1.54 | 1.39 | 1.30 | 1.24 | 1.19 | 1.12 | 1.00 | 0.92 | 0.90 |
| 29.8 | 29.6 | 28.9 | 28.9 | 29.1 | 29.3 | 29.4 | 29.6 | 29.9 | 29.8 | 29.7 | 29.7 |
| 31 | 44 | 62 | 66 | 60 | 53 | 50 | 50 | 52 | 46 | 40 | 37 |
| 11 | 11 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 18 | 26 | 33 | 38 |
| 20 | 33 | 49 | 53 | 47 | 40 | 37 | 36 | 34 | 19 | 7 | -2 |
| - 5 | - 2 | 9 | - 23 | -41 | -44 | -15 | -8 | -8 | -8 | -4 | 0 |
| -6.2 | -1.9 | 4.9 | -9.4 | -16.3 | -17.6 | -5.9 | -2.8 | -2.6 | -2.3 | -1.1 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Total Population

Total population (thousands) ................................... $1950 \quad 1970 \quad 199$

Population density (persons per square km )............
242
29

Median age (years)..........
endency ratios (per 100)
Total dependency ratio (a) .......................................
Child dependency ratio (b) $\qquad$

| 91.2 | 104.5 | 72.2 | 69.0 | 64.1 | 59.4 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 86.8 | 99.1 | 65.5 | 61.2 | 55.6 | 49.9 |
| 4.4 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 7.8 | 8.5 | 9.5 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 $1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage).......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d)..

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)

| 2.5 | 2.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 33.0 | 30.8 | 25.8 | 21.0 | 19.1 | 17.7 | 15.7 | 14.2 | 12.2 | 7.3 | 4.5 | 1.8 |
| 28 | 27 | 53 | 63 | 76 | 119 | 96 | 90 | 110 | - | - | - |
| 14.7 | 9.7 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 9.4 |
| 98 | 67 | 31 | 22 | 20 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 4 |
| 132 | 86 | 38 | 27 | 24 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 7 | 5 |
| 455 | 336 | 223 | 175 | 153 | 133 | 120 | 108 | 87 | 59 | 40 | 28 |
| 50.4 | 58.3 | 66.7 | 70.1 | 71.6 | 73.1 | 74.3 | 75.5 | 77.7 | 81.5 | 84.8 | 87.6 |
| 48.6 | 56.2 | 64.1 | 67.5 | 68.9 | 70.5 | 71.7 | 73.0 | 75.3 | 79.6 | 83.1 | 85.9 |
| 52.5 | 60.8 | 69.7 | 73.1 | 74.6 | 75.9 | 77.1 | 78.2 | 80.1 | 83.3 | 86.6 | 89.5 |
| 44.2 | 49.5 | 54.7 | 57.3 | 58.5 | 59.8 | 60.8 | 61.9 | 63.9 | 67.4 | 70.5 | 73.2 |
| 10.2 | 11.6 | 13.1 | 14.1 | 14.7 | 15.3 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.8 | 20.3 | 22.6 | 24.7 |
| 47.6 | 40.4 | 32.3 | 26.7 | 24.6 | 23.1 | 21.3 | 19.8 | 18.2 | 14.8 | 12.9 | 11.2 |
| 6.78 | 6.39 | 4.37 | 3.55 | 3.32 | 3.17 | 2.95 | 2.78 | 2.56 | 2.29 | 2.10 | 1.95 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 2.59 | 2.70 | 2.02 | 1.68 | 1.57 | 1.50 | 1.41 | 1.34 | 1.24 | 1.10 | 1.00 | 0.94 |
| 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 29.1 | 29.3 | 29.5 | 29.6 | 29.7 | 29.8 | 30.2 | 30.4 | 30.6 |
| 61 | 78 | 86 | 79 | 77 | 75 | 72 | 69 | 68 | 61 | 59 | 55 |
| 19 | 19 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 23 | 31 | 39 | 46 |
| 43 | 59 | 68 | 62 | 60 | 58 | 53 | 49 | 45 | 30 | 20 | 9 |
| - 10 | - 10 | -33 | -29 | -31 | -39 | -28 | - 23 | - 22 | -19 | -2 | 0 |
| -8.1 | -5.2 | -12.6 | -9.9 | -9.9 | -11.9 | -8.5 | -6.5 | -5.9 | -4.5 | -0.5 | 0.0 |

Life expectancy at birth (years) ................................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) .......................
Female life expectancy at birth (years)....................
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population......................

Total fertility (children per woman) $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands).. $\qquad$ Migration

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) .
$\qquad$
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## A.2. Demographic profiles by country or area

## Afghanistan



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Afghanistan



Afghanistan

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 7451 | 11016 | 11731 | 20595 | 24861 | 28398 | 32007 | 35667 | 43500 | 56551 | 63218 | 59249 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 11 | 17 | 18 | 32 | 38 | 44 | 49 | 55 | 67 | 87 | 97 | 91 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.5 | 17.4 | 15.6 | 15.3 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 17.1 | 18.8 | 22.7 | 30.3 | 39.1 | 43.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 83.0 | 90.9 | 102.2 | 106.2 | 105.5 | 103.1 | 90.1 | 75.4 | 57.4 | 41.8 | 47.1 | 57.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 78.3 | 86.4 | 98.4 | 102.0 | 101.4 | 98.7 | 85.4 | 70.7 | 52.4 | 34.1 | 25.9 | 24.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 4.7 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 7.7 | 21.3 | 32.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)

| 1.5 | 2.4 | 0.4 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 0.1 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15.0 | 24.5 | 32.8 | 38.0 | 36.3 | 32.1 | 26.6 | 23.2 | 19.0 | 9.6 | 1.1 | -4.0 |
| 48 | 29 | - | 22 | 19 | 26 | 29 | 32 | 37 | 73 | - | - |
| 38.6 | 29.0 | 17.9 | 13.1 | 11.5 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 10.5 | 14.3 |
| 287 | 218 | 142 | 101 | 91 | 78 | 67 | 59 | 47 | 32 | 21 | 14 |
| 419 | 324 | 212 | 145 | 129 | 110 | 92 | 79 | 61 | 39 | 25 | 17 |
| 639 | 542 | 411 | 333 | 312 | 284 | 258 | 238 | 207 | 166 | 128 | 96 |
| 27.7 | 35.4 | 46.4 | 53.8 | 55.8 | 58.4 | 60.7 | 62.6 | 65.4 | 69.1 | 72.4 | 75.3 |
| 27.6 | 35.0 | 45.5 | 52.7 | 54.7 | 57.2 | 59.5 | 61.3 | 64.0 | 67.6 | 70.7 | 73.6 |
| 27.8 | 35.9 | 47.4 | 54.9 | 57.0 | 59.6 | 62.0 | 63.9 | 66.8 | 70.6 | 74.2 | 77.1 |
| 35.5 | 39.8 | 45.7 | 49.3 | 50.3 | 51.6 | 52.8 | 53.7 | 55.2 | 57.3 | 59.5 | 61.8 |
| 8.5 | 9.6 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 12.1 | 12.4 | 12.7 | 12.9 | 13.2 | 13.8 | 14.6 | 15.9 |
| 53.6 | 53.4 | 50.7 | 51.1 | 47.9 | 41.7 | 34.5 | 30.3 | 25.3 | 16.2 | 11.5 | 10.3 |
| 7.67 | 7.67 | 7.69 | 7.88 | 7.39 | 6.33 | 5.00 | 4.04 | 2.85 | 1.97 | 1.70 | 1.75 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.60 | 2.02 | 2.57 | 2.98 | 2.88 | 2.56 | 2.09 | 1.72 | 1.26 | 0.90 | 0.80 | 0.83 |
| 29.8 | 29.8 | 29.9 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 29.4 | 29.2 | 29.1 | 28.9 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 28.2 |
| 2071 | 2776 | 2949 | 4877 | 5438 | 5551 | 5211 | 5127 | 5258 | 4471 | 3633 | 3084 |
| 1492 | 1506 | 1041 | 1249 | 1310 | 1274 | 1202 | 1197 | 1308 | 1809 | 3299 | 4284 |
| 579 | 1271 | 1907 | 3628 | 4128 | 4276 | 4009 | 3930 | 3950 | 2662 | 334 | - 1200 |
| - 20 | -20 | -1705 | -619 | 137 | - 739 | - 400 | - 270 | - 22 | -22 | -11 | 0 |
| -0.5 | -0.4 | -29.3 | -6.5 | 1.2 | -5.6 | -2.7 | -1.6 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..


Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

$$
\text { The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged } 0-14 \text { and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per } 100 \text { persons of working age ( } 15-64 \text { ) }
$$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).

The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Afghanistan

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1979 census and 2003-05 Household listing, with the associated population by age and sex based on a 1/200 household sample from the 2003-05 Household listing, the 2007-2008 National Risk and Vulnerability Assessment Survey, and the 2011 MICS4 survey, as well as with intercensal estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. The 2010 AMS sample was also considered. The 1979 census enumerated the settled population only; an attempt was made to adjusted for the number of Kuchi (nomads), reported to be about 800,000 at the times.

Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from (a) reverse survival from the 1972-1973 Afghanistan Demographic Survey (ADS), 1979 census, 2003-2005 household listing, 2005 National Risk and Vulnerability Assessment (NRVA) survey, 2006 MOH Health Survey; (b) the own-children method applied to the 2007-2008 NRVA survey, 2010 Afghanistan Mortality Survey (AMS) and 2011 MICS; (c) maternity-history data and period parity progression ratios from the 2010 AMS; (d) births in the preceding 12 months to the 1979 census classified by age of mother ; (e) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1972-1973 ADS; (f) data on children ever born by age of mother from the 2000 and 2003 MICS; (g) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 24 or 36 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 2006 MOH Health Survey, 2007-2008 NRVA survey, and 2011 MICS; (h) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses. Reproductive health studies conducted in Afghan refugee settlements in Pakistan were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on births and infant deaths in the past 12 months adjusted for underreporting from the 1979 census and 2010 AMS; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 2010 AMS (excluding the Southern region) adjusted for underreporting of neonatal (NN) deaths using post-neonatal (PNN) mortality and a regional sample of South Asian countries with similar data (Bangladesh (1993-1994, 1996-1997, 1999-2000, 2004, and 2007 DHS), India (1992-1993, 1998-1999, and 2005-2006 NFHS), Nepal (1996, 2001, and 2006 DHS), Pakistan (1990-1991 and 2006-2007 DHS) with a multilevel mixed-effects linear regression controlling for country and survey round where adjusted $(\mathrm{NN})=\mathrm{PNN} * \exp (0.1035614 * \ln (\mathrm{PNN})+0.0576413 *$ $\left.\ln (\mathrm{PNN})^{\wedge} 2+0.2021993\right)$; (c) data on children ever born and surviving produced by the 1972-1973 Afghanistan Demographic Survey, 1997 Afghanistan MICS, 2006 MOH Health survey, 2007-2008 National Risk and Vulnerability Assessment Survey, and the 2011 MICS survey (excluding the Southern region). Indirect estimates from the 2000 and 2003 Afghanistan MICS, were also considered, but are not consistent with intercensal demographic trends, and levels and trends from neighbouring countries.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1979 census; (b) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the UN South Asian and West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables, and (c) levels of adult mortality based on sample registration data from neighbouring countries for recent years. Adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 2010 Afghanistan Mortality Survey (AMS); (b) parental orphanhood from the 2010 AMS (excluding the Southern region); (c) siblings deaths from the 2010 AMS (excluding the Southern region) adjusted for age misreporting and recall biases were also considered, but the implied low level of adult mortality could not be reconciled with levels of adult mortality in neighbouring countries, and intercensal survival between the 1979 Afghan census and 2003-05 Afghan household listing, as well as the associated population by age and sex based on a 1/200 household sample from the 2003-05 Household listing, the 2007-2008 National Risk and Vulnerability Assessment Survey, and the 2011 MICS4 survey, nor with intercensal estimates of the trends in fertility, and international migration based on UNHCR statistics on the number of Afghan refugees.

International migration: Based on UNHCR statistics on the number of Afghan refugees in the main countries of asylum (Pakistan, Iran and India) and on assumptions about the subsequent return of refugees.

## Albania



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Albania



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 1214 | 2139 | 3447 | 3305 | 3196 | 3150 | 3197 | 3243 | 3311 | 3094 | 2648 | 2217 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 42 | 74 | 120 | 115 | 111 | 110 | 111 | 113 | 115 | 108 | 92 | 77 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.9 | 18.8 | 23.1 | 26.2 | 29.2 | 31.9 | 33.5 | 34.9 | 38.8 | 47.6 | 51.0 | 49.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 81.0 | 89.3 | 64.1 | 59.1 | 54.0 | 49.1 | 44.4 | 46.1 | 57.8 | 60.4 | 87.8 | 94.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 70.2 | 79.9 | 55.8 | 48.3 | 40.9 | 34.0 | 28.2 | 26.9 | 29.4 | 22.1 | 25.1 | 27.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 10.8 | 9.4 | 8.2 | 10.9 | 13.2 | 15.1 | 16.3 | 19.1 | 28.4 | 38.3 | 62.7 | 66.8 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

Population doubling time (years) (d)

| 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.3 | -0.3 | -0.7 | -0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 | -0.6 | -0.8 | -0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27.7 | 26.8 | 21.0 | 15.0 | 11.1 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 4.7 | -2.3 | -5.9 | -4.9 |
| 26 | 27 | 31 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15.2 | 8.5 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 8.1 | 11.3 | 14.0 | 14.1 |
| 145 | 77 | 38 | 26 | 20 | 16 | 14 | 13 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 2 |
| 194 | 99 | 46 | 31 | 25 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 7 | 4 | 3 |
| 228 | 142 | 105 | 107 | 84 | 79 | 72 | 66 | 54 | 40 | 28 | 19 |
| 55.3 | 66.3 | 72.0 | 73.0 | 75.4 | 76.3 | 77.3 | 78.3 | 80.3 | 83.2 | 86.1 | 88.9 |
| 54.4 | 65.1 | 69.3 | 70.2 | 72.4 | 73.4 | 74.5 | 75.6 | 77.8 | 80.9 | 84.0 | 86.8 |
| 56.1 | 67.4 | 75.0 | 76.1 | 78.7 | 79.7 | 80.5 | 81.3 | 82.8 | 85.4 | 88.4 | 91.2 |
| 54.7 | 59.0 | 60.8 | 60.6 | 62.5 | 62.8 | 63.7 | 64.5 | 66.3 | 68.9 | 71.5 | 74.2 |
| 14.0 | 15.0 | 15.3 | 15.1 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 17.0 | 17.6 | 18.9 | 20.9 | 23.0 | 25.3 |
| 42.9 | 35.3 | 26.5 | 21.0 | 16.7 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 13.2 | 12.8 | 9.0 | 8.1 | 9.2 |
| 6.11 | 5.31 | 3.12 | 2.59 | 2.15 | 1.75 | 1.79 | 1.77 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.79 | 1.84 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 108 | 108 | 108 | 107 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.28 | 2.29 | 1.44 | 1.21 | 1.01 | 0.83 | 0.84 | 0.84 | 0.83 | 0.84 | 0.87 | 0.89 |
| 27.1 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 26.9 | 27.1 | 28.3 | 29.5 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| 279 | 355 | 432 | 350 | 272 | 204 | 206 | 212 | 210 | 142 | 110 | 103 |
| 99 | 86 | 89 | 99 | 91 | 100 | 109 | 116 | 133 | 177 | 189 | 159 |
| 180 | 269 | 343 | 250 | 181 | 105 | 97 | 96 | 78 | -36 | -80 | - 55 |
| -5 | - 4 | 26 | -303 | -290 | -151 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | - 25 | 0 |
| -0.7 | -0.4 | 1.6 | -18.2 | -17.8 | -9.5 | -3.2 | -3.1 | -3.0 | -3.2 | -1.9 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
(e).......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birt (years) ..
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Net number of migrants (thousands)........................ Net migration rate (per 1,000) 0.0
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.


#### Abstract

Albania Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1955, 1989, 2001, 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2007 and estimates from the 2002 Reproductive Health Survey and the 2008-2009 Demographic and Health Survey, (b) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method of fertility estimation to the 2005 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), (c) and indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1955, 1989, 2001 and 2011 censuses, and the 2000 MICS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) on direct estimates from the 2002 Reproductive Health Survey (RHS) and the 2008-09 Demographic and Health Survey (DHS); (b) data on children ever born and surviving from the 2000 and 2005 Albania Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), the 2008-09 DHS and the 2011 Census; and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life table for 1987-2004 derived from registered deaths by age and sex and observed trends in infant and child mortality.

International migration: Based on estimates of immigration of Albanians to Greece, Italy and the rest of Europe and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.


## Algeria



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Algeria


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 8872 | 14691 | 26240 | 31719 | 33961 | 37063 | 40633 | 43830 | 48561 | 54522 | 55736 | 54887 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 4 | 6 | 11 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 20 | 23 | 23 | 23 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 19.4 | 16.4 | 17.8 | 21.6 | 24.0 | 26.0 | 27.5 | 29.1 | 31.6 | 36.3 | 40.5 | 43.2 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 79.1 | 101.5 | 88.8 | 61.5 | 49.9 | 46.7 | 49.4 | 54.2 | 47.3 | 52.5 | 53.5 | 64.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 72.7 | 94.4 | 82.8 | 55.2 | 43.3 | 39.8 | 42.4 | 45.6 | 36.1 | 30.7 | 26.7 | 27.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.4 | 7.1 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 8.7 | 11.2 | 21.8 | 26.8 | 37.2 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
,

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......

| 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 0.5 | 0.0 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28.9 | 29.7 | 28.9 | 16.3 | 14.0 | 17.8 | 18.6 | 15.4 | 9.0 | 4.9 | -0.2 | -1.7 |
| 31 | 25 | 25 | 44 | 51 | 40 | 38 | 46 | 79 | - | - | - |
| 23.7 | 17.3 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 9.4 | 12.0 | 12.7 |
| 163 | 132 | 55 | 41 | 35 | 30 | 26 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 10 | 9 |
| 278 | 209 | 72 | 50 | 43 | 36 | 32 | 28 | 24 | 17 | 12 | 11 |
| 374 | 325 | 181 | 162 | 156 | 149 | 143 | 137 | 127 | 108 | 81 | 54 |
| 42.9 | 49.5 | 65.9 | 68.5 | 69.4 | 70.3 | 70.9 | 71.6 | 72.6 | 74.6 | 77.4 | 80.4 |
| 42.3 | 48.7 | 64.4 | 66.9 | 67.8 | 68.8 | 69.4 | 69.9 | 70.8 | 72.6 | 75.6 | 79.2 |
| 43.5 | 50.3 | 67.3 | 70.0 | 71.0 | 71.8 | 72.6 | 73.3 | 74.6 | 76.7 | 79.2 | 81.6 |
| 46.5 | 49.1 | 56.5 | 57.5 | 57.8 | 58.2 | 58.6 | 58.9 | 59.6 | 61.1 | 63.5 | 66.4 |
| 10.6 | 11.4 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 14.2 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 15.7 | 17.1 | 19.0 |
| 52.5 | 47.0 | 35.6 | 21.6 | 19.3 | 23.4 | 24.6 | 21.3 | 15.5 | 14.2 | 11.8 | 10.9 |
| 7.65 | 7.65 | 5.37 | 2.88 | 2.38 | 2.72 | 2.82 | 2.55 | 2.20 | 1.93 | 1.89 | 1.90 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.33 | 2.65 | 2.36 | 1.30 | 1.09 | 1.26 | 1.31 | 1.19 | 1.03 | 0.92 | 0.90 | 0.91 |
| 29.9 | 30.2 | 31.2 | 31.4 | 31.5 | 31.7 | 31.7 | 31.7 | 31.8 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| 2466 | 3230 | 4369 | 3293 | 3172 | 4151 | 4772 | 4502 | 3674 | 3834 | 3283 | 3016 |
| 1111 | 1189 | 828 | 813 | 872 | 1000 | 1152 | 1255 | 1543 | 2527 | 3332 | 3486 |
| 1355 | 2041 | 3541 | 2480 | 2299 | 3151 | 3621 | 3246 | 2131 | 1307 | -49 | -470 |
| -310 | - 121 | - 149 | - 76 | - 58 | -49 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | -25 | 0 |
| -6.6 | -1.8 | -1.2 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.


#### Abstract

Algeria Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1966, 1977, 1987, 1998 and 2008 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility derived from births registered from 1980 to 2011; (b) number of births in the household in the preceding 12 months from the 1987 census; (c) estimates from the 1992 PAPCHILD, 2002 Enquête Algérienne sur la Santé de la Famille (EASF) and 2006 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); and (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1966, 1977, 1987, 1998 and 2008 census and the 2006 MICS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2009 (estimates from 1998 to 2001 were revised by the National Statistical Office of Algeria), (b) recent household deaths from the 1995 Enquête Nationale sur les objectifs de la mi-décennie "MDG en Algérie"; (c) data on children ever born and surviving from the 2000 and 2006 Algeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS) and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy derived from the number of deaths registered through 2010. Female estimates during the 1990s were slightly adjusted upwardly. The age patterns of mortality is derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the mortality patterns resulting from the blending from the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables from 1950 to 2010.

International migration: Based on data on the number of Algerians admitted by France, on estimates of emigration of Algerians to other Arab countries and on UNHCR statistics on the number of refugees in Algeria and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.


## Angola



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Angola



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 4148 | 5928 | 10334 | 13925 | 16544 | 19549 | 22820 | 26475 | 34783 | 54324 | 79280 | 97337 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 3 | 5 | 8 | 11 | 13 | 16 | 18 | 21 | 28 | 44 | 64 | 78 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 19.4 | 17.0 | 16.2 | 16.1 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 16.4 | 17.0 | 18.6 | 22.6 | 29.0 | 35.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 79.4 | 95.0 | 100.3 | 100.4 | 100.9 | 100.9 | 97.6 | 92.4 | 81.8 | 63.1 | 52.3 | 52.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 73.9 | 89.8 | 95.1 | 95.5 | 96.0 | 96.1 | 92.9 | 87.6 | 76.7 | 56.7 | 40.6 | 32.1 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 5.5 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 11.7 | 20.7 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1.8

Population doubling time (years) (d) ........................
18

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) ..........................................
$\qquad$
2.6
2.8
29.9
35.8
231
375
3
3
3
3
$5.8 \quad 28$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
3.5
32.1
20
3.3
32.4
21
3.1
3.0
29.1
24
17.7
15.8
104
14.1
12.6
88
2.7
2.

| 10.3 | 7.3 | 6.9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

## International migration


Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

[^12]b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Angola

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1970 census adjusted for underenumeration, with an official 1992 population estimate and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born from the 1996 and 2001 Angola Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS-1 \& 2), (b) data on births in three years preceding the survey classified by age of mother from the 2006-07 Angola Malaria Indicator Survey (AMIS 2006-07), and (c) maternity-history data from the 2010 Angola Malaria Indicator Survey (AMIS 2010).
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data from the 1996 and 2001 Angola Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys (MICS-1 \& 2), (b) 2008 Inquérito Integrado sobre o Bem-Estar da População (2008 IBEP), and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates. Indirect estimates of child mortality from the 2006-07 and 2010 Angola Malaria Indicator Survey were considered. The estimates of child mortality from "ANGOLA: The Human Impact of War. A data review of field surveys in Angola between 1999-2005", Centre for Research on the Epidemiology of Disasters (CRED), 2006 were also taken into account.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR. It is assumed that the refugees will return to their country of origin.

## Antigua and Barbuda

|  | 2010 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 87 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ........... | 197 |
| Percentage of population under age 15................. | 26.2 |
| Percentage of population age 15-24...................... | 16.8 |
| Percentage of population age 15-64. | 66.5 |
| Percentage of population aged 65+....................... | 7.2 |
|  | 2005-2010 |
| Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... | 1.1 |
| Total fertility (children per woman)...................... | 2.17 |
| Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... | 13 |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) | 75.0 |

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Antigua and Barbuda



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) | 46 | 65 | 62 | 78 | 83 | 87 | 92 | 96 | 105 | 115 | 117 | 114 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 105 | 148 | 140 | 176 | 187 | 197 | 208 | 218 | 238 | 260 | 265 | 258 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.6 | 19.2 | 25.3 | 29.2 | 29.4 | 29.8 | 31.0 | 32.2 | 35.2 | 40.5 | 44.6 | 46.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ..................................... | 74.8 | 79.3 | 60.6 | 57.0 | 55.3 | 50.3 | 45.7 | 45.0 | 50.8 | 59.0 | 69.9 | 78.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 68.6 | 72.0 | 47.7 | 45.9 | 44.0 | 39.4 | 35.2 | 33.0 | 31.8 | 28.1 | 27.2 | 27.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.1 | 7.4 | 12.9 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 11.9 | 19.0 | 30.9 | 42.8 | 51.5 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$

| 2.6 | 1.8 | -1.2 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.0 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24.8 | 23.5 | 11.9 | 13.4 | 13.0 | 11.2 | 10.4 | 9.9 | 8.0 | 2.7 | 0.3 | -1.5 |
| 27 | 38 | - | 28 | 57 | 63 | 68 | 71 | 88 | - | - |  |
| 10.5 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 9.2 | 10.3 | 11.6 |
| 93 | 50 | 22 | 15 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 2 |  |
| 115 | 62 | 28 | 19 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 4 | 3 |  |
| 288 | 237 | 183 | 162 | 152 | 142 | 134 | 124 | 105 | 73 | 48 | 31 |
| 58.5 | 65.0 | 70.8 | 73.0 | 74.1 | 75.0 | 75.9 | 76.7 | 78.4 | 81.7 | 84.8 | 87.6 |
| 56.0 | 62.3 | 68.0 | 70.4 | 71.5 | 72.6 | 73.4 | 74.3 | 76.1 | 79.8 | 83.1 | 86.0 |
| 60.8 | 67.2 | 73.2 | 75.4 | 76.4 | 77.4 | 78.2 | 79.0 | 80.5 | 83.3 | 86.3 | 89.1 |
| 51.9 | 54.8 | 58.0 | 59.6 | 60.4 | 61.1 | 61.8 | 62.6 | 64.1 | 67.1 | 70.1 | 72.8 |
| 12.3 | 13.8 | 15.3 | 16.2 | 16.6 | 17.1 | 17.6 | 18.0 | 18.8 | 20.6 | 22.5 | 24.4 |
| 35.3 | 31.2 | 18.8 | 20.4 | 19.5 | 17.6 | 16.5 | 16.0 | 14.4 | 11.9 | 10.6 | 10.0 |
| 4.50 | 4.00 | 2.07 | 2.31 | 2.27 | 2.17 | 2.10 | 2.03 | 1.94 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.87 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.90 | 1.81 | 0.98 | 1.11 | 1.09 | 1.05 | 1.01 | 0.99 | 0.95 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.92 |
| 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 27.4 | 27.5 | 27.6 | 27.8 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.3 |
| 9 | 10 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 |  |
| 3 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 6 |  |
| 6 | 7 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | - |
| 0 | - 2 | -8 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| 0.8 | -5.2 | -23.9 | 12.1 | -0.7 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
2.

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

| 10 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| 7 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 0 | -1 |
|  |  | -8 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -2 | -23.9 | 12.1 | -0.7 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| -5.2 | -2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Antigua and Barbuda

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses and with official population estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on estimates of total fertility through 2011 from US Census Bureau.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant and child deaths registered from 1950 to 2010 (obtained from the DYB); and (b) estimates from the UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on estimates of life expectancy in DYB in the period of 2000-2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

## Argentina

|  | 2010 | ARGENTINA |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 40374 |  |  |  |
| Population density (persons per square km) .......... | 15 |  |  |  |
| Percentage of population under age $15 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 24.9 |  |  |  |
| Percentage of population age 15-24...................... | 16.7 |  |  |  |
| Percentage of population age 15-64...................... | 64.5 |  |  |  |
| Percentage of population aged 65+...................... | 10.6 |  |  |  |
|  | 2005-2010 | PACIFIC ocean | $\begin{cases}b & \mathrm{Bah} \\ 0 & 0\end{cases}$ |  |
| Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... | 0.9 |  | modoro | ATLANTIC OCEAN |
| Total fertility (children per woman)...................... | 2.25 |  | Rivadavia |  |
| Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... | 16 |  | - Río Gallegos |  |
| Life expectancy at birth (years).. | 75.3 | 200 km |  |  |
| Note: data presented for the projection period 2010 refer to the medium fertility variant. | $0-2100$ | Map Sources: UNC The boundaries an endorsement or ac | EsRI. <br> emes shown and the designations us ance by the United Nations. Map cia | is map do not imply officia 04 Apr 2013. |

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Argentina



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 17150 | 23979 | 32625 | 36903 | 38648 | 40374 | 42155 | 43835 | 46859 | 51024 | 52087 | 50436 |
| Population density (persons per square km)............ | 6 | 9 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 18 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 25.7 | 27.4 | 27.2 | 27.9 | 28.9 | 30.4 | 31.6 | 32.8 | 35.5 | 40.1 | 44.6 | 47.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 53.2 | 57.1 | 66.0 | 60.9 | 57.6 | 55.0 | 54.0 | 54.2 | 53.5 | 59.7 | 70.3 | 79.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 46.8 | 46.1 | 51.0 | 44.9 | 41.5 | 38.6 | 36.7 | 35.7 | 32.4 | 28.8 | 27.2 | 27.1 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.4 | 11.0 | 15.0 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 16.5 | 17.3 | 18.5 | 21.0 | 30.9 | 43.0 | 52.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population... $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years).. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. $\qquad$ ...................
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

| 2.0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 16.3 | 13.5 | 13.8 | 11.8 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 6.4 | 3.3 | -0.4 | -1.6 |
| 35 | 48 | 48 | 60 | 75 | 80 | 81 | 89 | 112 | - | - | - |
| 9.1 | 9.1 | 8.4 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 8.7 | 10.9 | 11.6 |
| 64 | 57 | 27 | 22 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 84 | 69 | 32 | 25 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| 247 | 200 | 162 | 140 | 135 | 125 | 118 | 111 | 94 | 67 | 46 | 30 |
| 62.5 | 65.8 | 71.0 | 73.3 | 74.3 | 75.3 | 76.2 | 77.1 | 78.9 | 81.9 | 84.9 | 87.8 |
| 60.4 | 62.8 | 67.6 | 69.7 | 70.6 | 71.6 | 72.5 | 73.6 | 75.6 | 79.1 | 82.2 | 85.1 |
| 65.1 | 69.3 | 74.6 | 77.0 | 78.1 | 79.1 | 79.8 | 80.6 | 82.0 | 84.6 | 87.6 | 90.5 |
| 53.8 | 56.1 | 58.6 | 60.3 | 60.9 | 61.7 | 62.4 | 63.1 | 64.7 | 67.5 | 70.3 | 73.1 |
| 13.2 | 13.8 | 15.1 | 16.2 | 16.7 | 17.2 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 19.1 | 20.8 | 22.7 | 24.7 |
| 25.4 | 22.5 | 22.1 | 19.7 | 18.0 | 17.5 | 16.8 | 16.0 | 14.2 | 12.0 | 10.5 | 9.9 |
| 3.15 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 2.63 | 2.35 | 2.25 | 2.18 | 2.12 | 2.01 | 1.89 | 1.86 | 1.87 |
| 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| 1.37 | 1.37 | 1.43 | 1.25 | 1.12 | 1.08 | 1.05 | 1.02 | 0.97 | 0.92 | 0.91 | 0.91 |
| 28.3 | 28.3 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 27.9 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.7 | 27.6 |
| 2290 | 2607 | 3486 | 3529 | 3398 | 3455 | 3474 | 3430 | 3265 | 3041 | 2745 | 2515 |
| 819 | 1048 | 1321 | 1409 | 1473 | 1528 | 1593 | 1649 | 1779 | 2207 | 2839 | 2924 |
| 1471 | 1560 | 2164 | 2120 | 1925 | 1926 | 1881 | 1781 | 1486 | 833 | -94 | -409 |
| 310 | 125 | 120 | - 50 | - 180 | - 200 | - 100 | -100 | - 50 | - 50 | -25 | 0 |
| 3.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | -0.3 | -1.0 | -1.0 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Argentina

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2001 and 2010 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, with official population estimates for 2011, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on registered births classified by age of mother through 2010 and official estimates.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2010 and the underlying population in the 2001 and 2010 censuses and revised projections by the National Statistics Office; and (b) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on a life table for 2009-2010 derived from registered deaths through 2010 and the underlying population in the 2001 and 2010 censuses and revised projections by the National Statistics Office.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived from border statistics, administrative records, the information in the 2001 and 2010 censuses and new research recently published.

## Armenia

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 2964
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 99
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 20.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.9
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 10.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... -0.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.74
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 24
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 74.0
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

ARMENIA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Jun 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Armenia



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 1354 | 2518 | 3545 | 3076 | 3015 | 2964 | 2989 | 2991 | 2970 | 2782 | 2361 | 2023 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............ | 45 | 85 | 119 | 103 | 101 | 99 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 93 | 79 | 68 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 22.4 | 20.4 | 27.0 | 30.3 | 30.9 | 31.6 | 33.4 | 35.5 | 40.4 | 45.6 | 48.6 | 47.1 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 71.2 | 81.0 | 56.2 | 55.9 | 50.4 | 45.1 | 44.2 | 46.1 | 50.2 | 61.1 | 79.0 | 77.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 57.0 | 70.9 | 47.5 | 40.3 | 32.9 | 29.8 | 29.2 | 28.9 | 24.7 | 24.3 | 26.1 | 26.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 14.3 | 10.1 | 8.8 | 15.6 | 17.5 | 15.3 | 15.0 | 17.1 | 25.5 | 36.8 | 52.9 | 50.9 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

$$
\text { Sonulation doublinction (uoow }(\mathrm{d}) \text { — }
$$

Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......

| 2.9 | 2.7 | 1.2 | -0.9 | -0.4 | -0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22.0 | 17.8 | 15.3 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 0.4 | -3.0 | -6.4 | -4.7 |
| 24 | 26 | 58 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 11.8 | 6.8 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.8 | 12.7 | 15.9 | 14.5 |
| 83 | 68 | 48 | 35 | 27 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 13 | 10 | 7 | 5 |
| 97 | 74 | 56 | 40 | 30 | 24 | 21 | 19 | 15 | 11 | 8 | 5 |
| 226 | 143 | 175 | 162 | 136 | 124 | 120 | 115 | 105 | 82 | 57 | 41 |
| 62.8 | 69.2 | 68.4 | 70.2 | 72.7 | 74.0 | 74.5 | 75.1 | 76.4 | 79.1 | 82.0 | 84.6 |
| 59.7 | 66.0 | 65.8 | 66.8 | 69.1 | 70.6 | 71.2 | 71.8 | 73.2 | 76.4 | 79.9 | 82.5 |
| 65.9 | 72.2 | 70.8 | 73.4 | 76.0 | 77.3 | 77.9 | 78.5 | 79.6 | 81.8 | 84.4 | 86.8 |
| 54.8 | 59.9 | 57.7 | 58.4 | 60.1 | 60.9 | 61.3 | 61.7 | 62.7 | 65.1 | 67.7 | 70.1 |
| 13.4 | 15.8 | 14.6 | 14.9 | 15.7 | 16.1 | 16.4 | 16.7 | 17.4 | 18.9 | 20.6 | 22.3 |
| 33.8 | 24.6 | 23.2 | 13.5 | 13.8 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 12.5 | 10.2 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 9.8 |
| 4.49 | 3.45 | 2.58 | 1.75 | 1.72 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.75 | 1.79 | 1.83 | 1.86 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 115 | 117 | 115 | 114 | 113 | 111 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 1.95 | 1.55 | 1.18 | 0.78 | 0.77 | 0.79 | 0.79 | 0.80 | 0.82 | 0.85 | 0.88 | 0.89 |
| 30.0 | 28.1 | 25.3 | 25.0 | 25.5 | 25.9 | 26.2 | 26.5 | 27.1 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.3 |
| 246 | 290 | 400 | 213 | 210 | 213 | 205 | 187 | 151 | 136 | 114 | 101 |
| 86 | 80 | 136 | 136 | 128 | 128 | 129 | 136 | 146 | 179 | 191 | 148 |
| 160 | 210 | 264 | 77 | 83 | 85 | 76 | 51 | 5 | -42 | -77 | -48 |
| 50 | 103 | - 58 | - 224 | - 144 | - 136 | - 50 | - 50 | -25 | -25 | - 13 | 0 |
| 6.8 | 8.8 | -3.4 | -14.2 | -9.5 | -9.1 | -3.4 | -3.4 | -1.7 | -1.8 | -1.0 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Armenia

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2010 classified by age of mother, and (b) maternity-history data from the 2000, 2005 and 2010 Armenia Demographic Health Surveys (DHS).
Infant and child mortality: Based on maternity-history data from the 2000, 2005 and 2010 Armenia Demographic Health Surveys (DHS).

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) a life table derived from reported deaths by age and sex in 2001 and the 2001 census population, adjusted for underreporting of infant and child deaths, and (b) on official estimates of life expectancy available from 2006 through 2009.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 2001-2011 intercensal period.

## Aruba



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Aruba



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) | 38 | 59 | 62 | 91 | 100 | 102 | 104 | 106 | 108 | 103 | 95 | 86 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 211 | 328 | 345 | 505 | 556 | 564 | 577 | 586 | 599 | 572 | 527 | 478 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.5 | 20.8 | 31.2 | 34.4 | 36.2 | 38.5 | 40.2 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 45.2 | 46.4 | 46.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 81.2 | 70.4 | 47.5 | 44.4 | 43.0 | 45.2 | 44.0 | 45.4 | 59.1 | 62.6 | 76.6 | 78.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 78.0 | 63.6 | 36.2 | 33.5 | 30.7 | 30.2 | 26.4 | 23.9 | 25.4 | 24.5 | 26.6 | 27.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 3.3 | 6.8 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 12.3 | 15.0 | 17.6 | 21.5 | 33.7 | 38.1 | 50.0 | 51.1 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
Sonulation doublino time (yoow latd

Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......

| 2.8 | 0.6 | -0.3 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 35.4 | 20.5 | 13.8 | 8.4 | 6.1 | 4.0 | 2.0 | 1.3 | 0.4 | -4.5 | -3.3 | -3.7 |
| 25 | 119 | - | 28 | 36 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 8.9 | 5.7 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 10.9 | 14.1 | 12.9 | 13.5 |
| 69 | 36 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 16 | 15 | 14 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 5 |
| 95 | 44 | 23 | 22 | 21 | 19 | 17 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 8 | 6 |
| 261 | 176 | 118 | 114 | 110 | 102 | 96 | 90 | 78 | 58 | 42 | 31 |
| 60.4 | 68.2 | 73.3 | 73.7 | 74.0 | 74.7 | 75.4 | 76.1 | 77.4 | 80.1 | 82.9 | 85.3 |
| 59.1 | 66.4 | 70.8 | 71.2 | 71.5 | 72.3 | 72.9 | 73.5 | 74.9 | 78.0 | 81.3 | 83.8 |
| 61.6 | 70.0 | 75.8 | 76.2 | 76.4 | 77.1 | 77.8 | 78.4 | 79.6 | 81.8 | 84.4 | 86.8 |
| 52.7 | 56.8 | 60.3 | 60.5 | 60.8 | 61.3 | 61.9 | 62.5 | 63.6 | 66.0 | 68.6 | 70.9 |
| 12.7 | 13.7 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 16.0 | 16.3 | 17.1 | 18.7 | 20.7 | 22.5 |
| 44.3 | 26.3 | 20.8 | 15.3 | 13.2 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 9.9 |
| 5.65 | 3.30 | 2.30 | 1.95 | 1.82 | 1.74 | 1.68 | 1.66 | 1.69 | 1.76 | 1.82 | 1.86 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.37 | 1.51 | 1.09 | 0.93 | 0.86 | 0.83 | 0.80 | 0.79 | 0.81 | 0.84 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.4 | 27.7 | 28.0 | 28.4 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 |
| 9 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 |
| 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| 7 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 | -2 | -2 | -2 |
| -2 | -4 | -5 | 7 | 6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -7.7 | -14.7 | -16.6 | 16.2 | 13.1 | -0.9 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

[^13]
## Aruba

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with 1960, 1981, 1991, 2000, and 2010 census and official population estimates for 2011 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2007.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of infant and child mortality available through 2007.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2000.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

## Australia

2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 22404
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 3
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 18.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 14.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 67.6
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 13.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.89
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 5
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 81.7
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

AUSTRALIA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Australia



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 8177 | 12905 | 17097 | 19259 | 20521 | 22404 | 23923 | 25440 | 28336 | 33735 | 38982 | 41497 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 30.4 | 27.5 | 32.1 | 35.4 | 36.5 | 36.9 | 37.4 | 38.0 | 39.6 | 40.6 | 43.4 | 47.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 53.3 | 59.4 | 49.5 | 49.6 | 48.6 | 47.9 | 51.8 | 55.8 | 61.1 | 66.6 | 71.1 | 82.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 40.8 | 46.3 | 32.9 | 31.0 | 29.4 | 28.0 | 29.1 | 30.3 | 30.1 | 29.9 | 28.4 | 27.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 12.5 | 13.1 | 16.6 | 18.5 | 19.2 | 19.9 | 22.7 | 25.5 | 31.0 | 36.7 | 42.7 | 54.5 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

| 2.4 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13.7 | 11.3 | 7.8 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 1.1 |
| 29 | 28 | 44 | 57 | 55 | 40 | 53 | 57 | 68 | 86 | - | - |
| 9.3 | 8.7 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.8 |
| 24 | 18 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 30 | 22 | 11 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 176 | 162 | 105 | 81 | 71 | 64 | 60 | 55 | 47 | 33 | 21 | 12 |
| 69.4 | 71.0 | 76.1 | 78.9 | 80.4 | 81.7 | 82.4 | 83.1 | 84.5 | 87.2 | 90.2 | 93.2 |
| 66.8 | 67.8 | 73.0 | 76.0 | 77.9 | 79.4 | 80.2 | 80.9 | 82.3 | 84.9 | 88.0 | 90.9 |
| 72.3 | 74.5 | 79.3 | 81.7 | 82.9 | 83.9 | 84.7 | 85.4 | 86.8 | 89.4 | 92.5 | 95.4 |
| 56.9 | 57.8 | 62.1 | 64.5 | 66.0 | 67.2 | 67.9 | 68.5 | 69.9 | 72.4 | 75.4 | 78.3 |
| 13.7 | 14.1 | 16.8 | 18.4 | 19.4 | 20.4 | 20.8 | 21.3 | 22.3 | 24.2 | 26.6 | 29.1 |
| 23.0 | 19.9 | 15.1 | 13.5 | 12.7 | 13.4 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 10.9 | 10.0 |
| 3.18 | 2.87 | 1.86 | 1.78 | 1.75 | 1.89 | 1.88 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.87 | 1.89 |
| 105 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.49 | 1.36 | 0.89 | 0.85 | 0.84 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.90 | 0.91 | 0.92 |
| 27.9 | 27.3 | 28.1 | 29.2 | 29.8 | 30.3 | 30.5 | 30.7 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 |
| 999 | 1210 | 1238 | 1259 | 1266 | 1439 | 1530 | 1590 | 1639 | 1950 | 2107 | 2064 |
| 402 | 526 | 598 | 647 | 667 | 698 | 762 | 824 | 973 | 1357 | 1620 | 1828 |
| 597 | 684 | 640 | 612 | 599 | 741 | 769 | 766 | 666 | 593 | 487 | 236 |
| 438 | 853 | 666 | 523 | 663 | 1143 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 750 | 375 | 0 |
| 10.1 | 14.1 | 8.1 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 10.7 | 6.5 | 6.1 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Australia

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2011.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2009. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2009 from the Human Mortality Database (www.mortality.org).

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2011.

## Austria

Total population (thousands) ..... 8402
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 100
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 14.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 12.2
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 67.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 17.8
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.4
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.40
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 5
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 80.1
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Austria



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 6938 | 7489 | 7670 | 8020 | 8239 | 8402 | 8558 | 8716 | 9005 | 9354 | 9553 | 9587 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 83 | 89 | 91 | 96 | 98 | 100 | 102 | 104 | 107 | 112 | 114 | 114 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 35.7 | 33.9 | 35.7 | 38.2 | 39.9 | 41.8 | 43.3 | 44.1 | 45.3 | 46.1 | 45.9 | 47.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 49.2 | 62.6 | 48.2 | 48.3 | 47.3 | 48.3 | 49.5 | 52.1 | 64.1 | 74.2 | 75.8 | 83.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 33.9 | 39.8 | 25.8 | 25.3 | 23.6 | 21.9 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 24.6 | 26.1 | 27.1 | 27.3 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 15.4 | 22.9 | 22.4 | 23.0 | 23.7 | 26.5 | 27.9 | 29.9 | 39.5 | 48.1 | 48.7 | 56.5 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 $2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0.

| 0.1 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.8 | 4.0 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | -0.3 | -1.7 | -0.7 | -0.5 |
| - | 126 | - | - | 129 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12.3 | 13.0 | 11.4 | 10.1 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 10.2 |
| 55 | 26 | 9 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 64 | 31 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 183 | 152 | 124 | 101 | 90 | 78 | 70 | 64 | 54 | 38 | 24 | 15 |
| 66.3 | 70.1 | 74.8 | 77.4 | 78.8 | 80.1 | 81.1 | 81.8 | 83.3 | 85.9 | 89.0 | 91.9 |
| 63.6 | 66.7 | 71.3 | 74.0 | 75.8 | 77.2 | 78.5 | 79.3 | 80.8 | 83.4 | 86.5 | 89.4 |
| 68.8 | 73.3 | 78.0 | 80.5 | 81.6 | 82.7 | 83.5 | 84.3 | 85.7 | 88.4 | 91.4 | 94.3 |
| 56.1 | 57.6 | 60.8 | 63.0 | 64.3 | 65.5 | 66.4 | 67.2 | 68.6 | 71.1 | 74.1 | 77.0 |
| 13.1 | 13.6 | 16.0 | 17.4 | 18.4 | 19.2 | 19.8 | 20.3 | 21.3 | 23.2 | 25.5 | 27.9 |
| 15.1 | 17.0 | 11.5 | 10.4 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 9.7 |
| 2.10 | 2.57 | 1.45 | 1.39 | 1.38 | 1.40 | 1.47 | 1.52 | 1.62 | 1.74 | 1.81 | 1.85 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 0.95 | 1.20 | 0.69 | 0.67 | 0.66 | 0.68 | 0.71 | 0.74 | 0.78 | 0.84 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| 27.9 | 26.9 | 26.9 | 28.0 | 28.7 | 29.5 | 30.1 | 30.6 | 31.1 | 31.4 | 31.5 | 31.5 |
| 525 | 628 | 436 | 415 | 390 | 387 | 403 | 420 | 429 | 459 | 478 | 464 |
| 428 | 480 | 434 | 404 | 385 | 383 | 397 | 412 | 444 | 537 | 513 | 488 |
| 97 | 148 | 2 | 11 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 8 | - 15 | -78 | -35 | - 23 |
| - 75 | 56 | 92 | 24 | 213 | 160 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 75 | 0 |
| -2.2 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 0.6 | 5.2 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 1.6 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Austria

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses, official population estimates by age and sex through 2011 and with estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Official estimates of life expectancy at birth through 2010.
International migration: Based on official numbers on net international migration flows from 1961 to 2010 and officially assumed subsequent trends in international migration and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase..

## Azerbaijan



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Azerbaijan



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 2896 | 5178 | 7217 | 8118 | 8563 | 9095 | 9613 | 10030 | 10474 | 10492 | 9458 | 8433 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............. | 33 | 60 | 83 | 94 | 99 | 105 | 111 | 116 | 121 | 121 | 109 | 97 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 22.8 | 18.1 | 23.2 | 25.6 | 27.1 | 28.6 | 30.4 | 32.7 | 37.4 | 41.6 | 44.8 | 45.6 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 64.5 | 99.2 | 62.2 | 57.9 | 48.0 | 40.1 | 38.5 | 41.1 | 44.3 | 51.4 | 61.9 | 69.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 53.2 | 88.2 | 55.5 | 49.1 | 38.5 | 31.8 | 30.8 | 31.6 | 27.0 | 24.8 | 25.2 | 26.1 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 11.3 | 11.0 | 6.8 | 8.8 | 9.5 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 9.5 | 17.2 | 26.6 | 36.8 | 43.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 $2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$
2

| 2.8 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.3 | -0.2 | -0.5 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27.1 | 22.5 | 19.0 | 11.8 | 10.4 | 11.8 | 11.1 | 8.5 | 3.2 | -1.9 | -5.1 | -4.2 |
| 25 | 29 | 45 | 80 | 65 | 58 | 63 | 82 | - | - | - |  |
| 14.2 | 9.9 | 8.2 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 12.5 | 15.2 | 14.3 |
| 120 | 105 | 85 | 61 | 52 | 41 | 40 | 35 | 28 | 19 | 12 | 8 |
| 174 | 135 | 111 | 83 | 61 | 48 | 47 | 42 | 34 | 22 | 14 | 10 |
| 171 | 120 | 123 | 178 | 163 | 141 | 133 | 130 | 125 | 110 | 83 | 57 |
| 58.0 | 64.1 | 66.1 | 66.0 | 67.8 | 70.1 | 70.6 | 71.2 | 72.3 | 74.5 | 77.6 | 80.9 |
| 54.4 | 60.3 | 62.2 | 62.5 | 65.0 | 67.1 | 67.5 | 68.0 | 68.9 | 71.1 | 74.7 | 78.6 |
| 61.5 | 67.5 | 69.8 | 69.6 | 70.4 | 73.1 | 73.8 | 74.4 | 75.6 | 77.9 | 80.6 | 83.3 |
| 56.2 | 59.7 | 59.9 | 57.2 | 57.4 | 58.8 | 59.4 | 59.5 | 60.0 | 61.4 | 63.8 | 66.8 |
| 13.0 | 14.8 | 15.1 | 14.1 | 13.8 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 16.0 | 17.6 | 19.5 |
| 41.3 | 32.4 | 27.3 | 18.9 | 17.3 | 18.4 | 18.0 | 15.7 | 11.6 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 10.1 |
| 5.49 | 4.93 | 2.95 | 2.20 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.93 | 1.86 | 1.78 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.85 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 113 | 117 | 117 | 115 | 112 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 2.15 | 2.06 | 1.27 | 0.94 | 0.86 | 0.87 | 0.85 | 0.84 | 0.83 | 0.84 | 0.86 | 0.89 |
| 30.5 | 29.9 | 27.4 | 26.3 | 26.3 | 26.1 | 25.9 | 26.1 | 26.5 | 26.5 | 26.5 | 26.5 |
| 643 | 790 | 947 | 751 | 723 | 813 | 840 | 772 | 601 | 562 | 485 | 430 |
| 221 | 242 | 286 | 285 | 288 | 292 | 322 | 355 | 436 | 660 | 729 | 610 |
| 422 | 548 | 661 | 467 | 435 | 521 | 518 | 417 | 165 | -98 | - 244 | - 180 |
| 10 | 50 | - 119 | - 120 | 11 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.6 | 2.1 | -3.4 | -3.0 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
(e).......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
ife expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ................
$\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of death (thousad) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Azerbaijan

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2010 classified by age of mother adjusted for underregistration to achieve consistency with the 1999 and 2009 censuses; (b) maternity-history data from the 2001 Azerbaijan Reproductive Health Survey and the 2006 Azerbaijan Demographic Health Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving from the 2000 Azerbaijan MICS and 1989 census, and (b) maternity-history data from the 2001 RHS and 2006 Azerbaijan DHS.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on deaths registered through 2010 classified by age and sex and on the underlying population by age and sex. Death rates were adjusted for underregistration.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1989-2009 intercensal period.

|  | 2010 | BAHAMAS |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 361 | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA Grand Bahama Cooper's Town |
| Population density (persons per square km) .......... | 26 |  |
| Percentage of population under age 15................. | 22.5 | Freeport Abaco $\begin{aligned} & \text { NORTH } \\ & \text { ATLANTIC }\end{aligned}$ |
| Percentage of population age 15-24...................... | 17.7 |  |
| Percentage of population age 15-64...................... | 70.6 | - $\int_{\text {Andros of }}^{\sim}$ - Eleuthera |
| Percentage of population aged 65+...................... | 7.0 | Florida Andros Town Cat Island |
|  | 2005-2010 | Great <br> Exuma <br> Long Island Clarence Town |
| Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... | 1.8 |  |
| Total fertility (children per woman)...................... | 1.91 | Great |
| Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... | 15 | Caribbean CUBA ${ }_{\text {a }}^{\text {Seat }}$ Inagua |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) ........................... | 74.3 | $\frac{\text { Sea }}{100 \mathrm{~km}}$ |
| Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant. |  | Map Sources: UNCS, Gov't. of USA. <br> The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013. |

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Bahamas


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 79 | 169 | 256 | 298 | 329 | 361 | 388 | 410 | 447 | 494 | 515 | 504 |
| Population density (persons per square km )............ | 6 | 12 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 26 | 28 | 30 | 32 | 36 | 37 | 36 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 20.7 | 19.1 | 23.6 | 27.0 | 29.1 | 30.9 | 32.5 | 34.1 | 37.5 | 41.2 | 44.4 | 46.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 77.6 | 83.6 | 58.1 | 53.0 | 46.6 | 41.7 | 41.1 | 44.9 | 52.1 | 59.0 | 68.5 | 77.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 69.7 | 77.4 | 51.3 | 44.8 | 37.5 | 31.9 | 29.4 | 30.3 | 30.0 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 27.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 7.9 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 9.9 | 11.7 | 14.6 | 22.2 | 32.0 | 41.5 | 50.1 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d) 1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2

| 2.3 | 3.8 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23.3 | 19.7 | 18.5 | 14.4 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 9.3 | 8.4 | 5.6 | 1.6 | -0.8 | -1.3 |
| 31 | 19 | 40 | 57 | 35 | 38 | 48 | 63 | 87 | - | - | - |
| 10.4 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 9.9 | 11.3 | 11.4 |
| 71 | 40 | 18 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 2 | 2 |
| 98 | 57 | 27 | 21 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 12 | 9 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 264 | 238 | 207 | 198 | 185 | 174 | 163 | 152 | 130 | 90 | 61 | 41 |
| 60.0 | 65.2 | 70.2 | 71.7 | 73.2 | 74.3 | 75.2 | 76.0 | 77.6 | 80.8 | 84.0 | 86.7 |
| 58.5 | 62.8 | 66.8 | 68.4 | 70.0 | 71.2 | 72.0 | 72.9 | 74.7 | 78.5 | 81.9 | 84.7 |
| 61.4 | 67.6 | 73.6 | 74.9 | 76.2 | 77.3 | 78.1 | 78.9 | 80.3 | 83.0 | 86.0 | 88.8 |
| 52.5 | 54.6 | 57.4 | 58.4 | 59.7 | 60.6 | 61.3 | 62.0 | 63.4 | 66.3 | 69.3 | 72.0 |
| 12.5 | 13.9 | 15.8 | 16.7 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 18.8 | 19.3 | 20.5 | 22.3 | 24.1 |
| 33.7 | 26.3 | 24.1 | 20.1 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.3 | 14.9 | 13.1 | 11.5 | 10.5 | 10.1 |
| 4.05 | 3.58 | 2.65 | 2.33 | 1.87 | 1.91 | 1.89 | 1.87 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.84 | 1.86 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.69 | 1.60 | 1.24 | 1.09 | 0.88 | 0.90 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.88 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.90 |
| 28.1 | 28.1 | 27.3 | 27.5 | 28.1 | 29.2 | 29.5 | 29.7 | 30.2 | 30.8 | 31.3 | 31.6 |
| 14 | 20 | 30 | 29 | 25 | 27 | 29 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 |
| 4 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 13 | 16 | 24 | 29 | 29 |
| 10 | 15 | 23 | 21 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 12 | 4 | -2 | - 3 |
| 0 | 14 | -1 | - 3 | 15 | 14 | 10 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 0 |
| -0.5 | 18.2 | -0.9 | -2.1 | 9.9 | 8.3 | 5.2 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 0.0 |

[^14]
## Bahamas

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2003.
Infant and child mortality: Based on estimates from UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of child and adult mortality of UNICEF and WHO as published in 2012, and a UNPD mortality model (COMBIN in MORTPAK4: CD-West).

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1950-2010 intercensal period.


## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Bahrain


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 116 | 213 | 496 | 668 | 880 | 1252 | 1360 | 1480 | 1642 | 1835 | 1749 | 1520 |
| Population density (persons per square km )............ | 167 | 307 | 715 | 963 | 1267 | 1803 | 1959 | 2133 | 2366 | 2644 | 2521 | 2190 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 18.9 | 17.5 | 25.4 | 26.5 | 27.0 | 30.0 | 30.2 | 31.7 | 37.1 | 45.1 | 49.4 | 50.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 82.4 | 90.2 | 53.6 | 49.9 | 41.1 | 28.0 | 31.4 | 29.5 | 29.2 | 46.3 | 74.5 | 81.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 77.2 | 85.0 | 50.2 | 46.2 | 38.0 | 25.4 | 28.3 | 26.2 | 20.8 | 19.7 | 22.1 | 24.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 5.2 | 5.2 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 8.5 | 26.6 | 52.4 | 57.1 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

| 2.9 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5.5 | 7.1 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.3 | -0.5 | -0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23.9 | 32.9 | 27.8 | 19.5 | 17.6 | 14.8 | 13.2 | 10.9 | 7.3 | 2.0 | -6.0 | -4.8 |
| 24 | 27 | 21 | 21 | 13 | 10 | 42 | 41 | 78 | - | - | - |
| 21.1 | 8.6 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 7.0 | 14.3 | 13.5 |
| 173 | 71 | 19 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 2 |
| 268 | 102 | 21 | 14 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| 393 | 221 | 124 | 99 | 86 | 74 | 69 | 65 | 57 | 42 | 29 | 22 |
| 43.0 | 61.1 | 71.9 | 74.0 | 75.0 | 75.8 | 76.5 | 77.2 | 78.6 | 81.4 | 84.5 | 87.1 |
| 39.7 | 59.0 | 70.8 | 73.2 | 74.2 | 75.2 | 75.8 | 76.5 | 77.9 | 81.0 | 84.4 | 87.0 |
| 47.0 | 63.8 | 73.2 | 75.1 | 75.9 | 76.7 | 77.4 | 78.1 | 79.5 | 81.9 | 84.6 | 87.2 |
| 45.9 | 53.8 | 58.7 | 60.2 | 61.0 | 61.8 | 62.4 | 63.0 | 64.2 | 66.9 | 69.8 | 72.4 |
| 10.8 | 12.0 | 13.7 | 14.4 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 16.9 | 19.0 | 21.4 | 23.6 |
| 45.0 | 41.5 | 31.4 | 22.5 | 20.2 | 17.2 | 15.5 | 13.3 | 10.4 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 8.7 |
| 6.97 | 6.97 | 4.08 | 2.87 | 2.67 | 2.23 | 2.10 | 1.98 | 1.81 | 1.69 | 1.75 | 1.81 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 103 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| 2.28 | 2.99 | 1.93 | 1.37 | 1.29 | 1.08 | 1.01 | 0.96 | 0.88 | 0.82 | 0.85 | 0.88 |
| 29.9 | 29.9 | 30.4 | 30.3 | 30.0 | 29.8 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 30.4 | 30.8 | 31.2 |
| 28 | 42 | 72 | 69 | 78 | 91 | 101 | 94 | 84 | 81 | 73 | 67 |
| 13 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 17 | 26 | 64 | 127 | 104 |
| 15 | 33 | 64 | 60 | 68 | 79 | 86 | 77 | 58 | 18 | - 54 | - 37 |
| 3 | - 7 | 13 | 44 | 143 | 293 | 22 | 43 | 13 | 13 | 7 | 0 |
| 5.1 | -7.2 | 5.6 | 14.4 | 37.0 | 55.0 | 3.4 | 6.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 0.7 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Bahrain

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1965, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2010 censuses, with official population estimates for 1985, 1990, 1995, 2005, 2011 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on annual births registered from 1977 through 2012 classified by age of mother.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered annually from 1980 through 2012, adjusted for underregistration, and (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1989 CHS and 1995 GFH surveys; and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, as well as from the 1965, 1971, 19811991 and 2001 censuses.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and enumerated census population by age and sex from 1980 to 2012, adjusted for infant and child mortality. Mortality rates for age 70 and over were adjusted using the average rate of mortality increase by age based on the historical experience of the Human Mortality Database (University of California, Berkeley (USA), and Max Planck Institute for Demographic Research (Germany). Available at www.mortality.org) for countries at similar levels of mortality. For 1950-1980, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the estimated 1980-1985 life table.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

## Bangladesh

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 151125
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 1050
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 31.7
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 63.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.40
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 56
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 68.4

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

BANGLADESH


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, Natural Earth.


## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Bangladesh


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 37895 | 66309 | 107386 | 132383 | 143135 | 151125 | 160411 | 169566 | 185064 | 201948 | 199282 | 182238 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 263 | 460 | 746 | 919 | 994 | 1050 | 1114 | 1178 | 1285 | 1402 | 1384 | 1266 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 19.3 | 17.7 | 18.7 | 21.0 | 22.4 | 24.0 | 25.8 | 27.7 | 31.8 | 39.9 | 47.0 | 48.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 82.3 | 92.9 | 84.5 | 69.6 | 62.9 | 56.9 | 51.1 | 46.6 | 43.8 | 50.4 | 72.6 | 84.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 75.2 | 86.2 | 77.6 | 62.7 | 55.9 | 49.7 | 43.8 | 38.9 | 32.8 | 26.0 | 25.5 | 26.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 10.9 | 24.4 | 47.1 | 57.9 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
26

| 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.2 | -0.2 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26.0 | 30.0 | 26.4 | 21.0 | 18.5 | 15.7 | 14.5 | 13.0 | 9.7 | 4.0 | -1.5 | -3.8 |
| 27 | 24 | 27 | 35 | 45 | 64 | 58 | 63 | 88 | - | - | - |
| 22.4 | 17.5 | 11.0 | 7.8 | 6.8 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 7.3 | 11.1 | 13.1 |
| 190 | 152 | 104 | 70 | 55 | 44 | 32 | 25 | 15 | 7 | 4 | 2 |
| 284 | 228 | 151 | 97 | 74 | 56 | 42 | 32 | 20 | 10 | 5 | 3 |
| 350 | 279 | 209 | 181 | 168 | 157 | 142 | 127 | 105 | 73 | 50 | 37 |
| 43.6 | 50.0 | 58.7 | 64.1 | 66.5 | 68.4 | 70.5 | 72.4 | 75.5 | 80.1 | 84.4 | 87.4 |
| 44.5 | 51.0 | 59.1 | 64.0 | 66.1 | 67.8 | 69.8 | 71.5 | 74.4 | 79.2 | 83.9 | 86.9 |
| 42.6 | 49.0 | 58.3 | 64.2 | 66.9 | 69.1 | 71.3 | 73.3 | 76.6 | 81.0 | 84.8 | 87.8 |
| 48.4 | 51.9 | 55.5 | 56.8 | 57.5 | 58.1 | 59.0 | 60.1 | 62.3 | 66.1 | 69.9 | 72.7 |
| 11.6 | 12.8 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 14.4 | 14.6 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 17.0 | 19.7 | 22.6 | 24.8 |
| 48.5 | 47.5 | 37.4 | 28.9 | 25.3 | 21.9 | 20.3 | 18.4 | 15.1 | 11.3 | 9.6 | 9.3 |
| 6.36 | 6.92 | 5.03 | 3.41 | 2.87 | 2.40 | 2.20 | 2.05 | 1.83 | 1.69 | 1.75 | 1.82 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.96 | 2.35 | 1.97 | 1.45 | 1.26 | 1.08 | 1.01 | 0.95 | 0.87 | 0.81 | 0.85 | 0.88 |
| 26.1 | 28.0 | 27.4 | 26.3 | 26.1 | 25.9 | 25.8 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 27.1 | 28.4 | 29.3 |
| 812 | 14659 | 18845 | 18193 | 17435 | 16088 | 15772 | 15210 | 13672 | 11306 | 9567 | 8554 |
| 542 | 5389 | 5527 | 4923 | 4683 | 4526 | 4446 | 4455 | 4893 | 7272 | 11074 | 12061 |
| 269 | 9270 | 13317 | 13270 | 12752 | 11561 | 11326 | 10755 | 8779 | 4034 | -1508 | -3507 |
| - 55 | -162 | -219 | - 756 | - 2000 | - 3571 | - 2041 | - 1600 | -1600 | - 1600 | - 800 | 0 |
| -0.3 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -1.2 | -2.9 | -4.9 | -2.6 | -1.9 | -1.8 | -1.6 | -0.8 | 0.0 |

## Mean age chil ths and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
9
Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................
5269

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

## Bangladesh

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1974, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses (adjusted for underenumeration based on sample assessment of PEC surveys), the 2008 voter registration for adults age 18 and over, as well as with 1974-2011 intercensal estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Annual total population estimates from the Sample Vital Registration System through 2010 were also considered.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) adjusted data from the Sample Vital Registration System for age-specific fertility rates through 2010; (b) maternity-history data from the 1975 and 1989 Bangladesh Fertility Survey, the 1993-1994, 1996-1997, 1999-2000, 2004, 2007 and 2011 Bangladesh DHS, 2001 Bangladesh Maternal Health Services and Maternal Mortality Survey; (c) births in the preceding 12 (or 24) months classified by age of mother from the 1961-62 Demographic Survey of East Pakistan, the 1963-65 Population Growth Estimation (PGE) experiment, the 1985, 1989, 1991 CPS and the 2006 Bangladesh MICS3 survey ; (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys ; and (e) the own-children method applied to the 1974 Bangladesh Retrospective Survey of Fertility and Mortality (Rahman, 1979).

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables, and are consistent with national and UNICEF estimates. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) adjusted data from the Sample Vital Registration System from 1980 through 2010, (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables), and (c) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1993-1994, 1996-1997, 1999-2000 Bangladesh DHS, the 2001 Bangladesh Maternal Health Services and Maternal Mortality Survey, the 2004, 2007 and 2011 Bangladesh DHS, the 2009 MICS4 survey and earlier ones. Levels and trends since the mid-1980s are consistent with under-five mortality estimates based on the 2001 BMMS sibling history and data gathered from Matlab Health and Demographic Surveillance System up to 2005.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from age and sex-specific mortality rates from (a) the 1962-1965 Population Growth Estimation Experiment, (b) the 1974 Retrospective Survey of Fertility and Mortality, and (c) the Sample Vital Registration System from 1981 up to 2010 adjusted for infant and child mortality. Estimates are consistent with those from the 2001 Bangladesh Maternal Mortality Survey (for 1986-2001 based on sibling histories and for 1998-2001 based on household deaths in the preceding 36 months), and data gathered from Matlab Health and Demographic Surveillance System up to 2005. For the period 1970-1975, mortality was adjusted to take into account the excess mortality associated with the 1971 civil war and independence from Pakistan, and the 1974 flood and famine based on Chowdhury, A.K.M.A. and L.C. Chen. (1977). "The dynamics of contemporary famine." Presented at XVIII General Conference of the International Union for the Scientific Study of Population (IUSSP), 8-13 August 1977, Mexico City. Vol. 1, pp. 409-426.
International migration: Based on data on persons originating in Bangladesh and migrating to selected developed countries, from the number of persons born in Bangladesh enumerated by the censuses of India and from information on the number of workers receiving clearances to work abroad.

## Barbados



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Barbados


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 211 | 239 | 259 | 267 | 274 | 280 | 287 | 294 | 306 | 314 | 317 | 316 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 491 | 555 | 603 | 621 | 636 | 652 | 669 | 685 | 711 | 731 | 737 | 734 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 24.6 | 21.2 | 28.4 | 33.5 | 34.8 | 36.2 | 37.4 | 38.5 | 40.7 | 42.6 | 43.6 | 45.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 63.6 | 82.9 | 51.5 | 50.2 | 45.9 | 42.3 | 42.9 | 45.8 | 55.2 | 63.3 | 69.5 | 75.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 54.3 | 67.8 | 36.3 | 32.9 | 30.0 | 27.5 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 27.3 | 27.8 | 28.3 | 28.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 9.3 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 17.3 | 15.8 | 14.8 | 16.2 | 19.1 | 27.9 | 35.5 | 41.1 | 46.7 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1.5
20.9
48
0.3
0.4

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)....................................
Life expectancy at birth (years) . $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years).....................
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
13.5

|  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 10.0 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 9.5 |
| 24 | 17 | 14 | 12 |

Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$



#### Abstract

0.5


0.5
0.5
0.5
3.4
-
0.3
2.1
-
0.1

| 9.0 | 9.7 | 11.9 | 11.6 | 11.0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 9 | 6 | 3 | 2 |  |
| 10 | 7 | 3 | 2 |  |
| 94 | 76 | 46 | 28 | 17 |

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
294
66
226
30
158
9.1
10
12

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \\
& 1
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$
134

Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

## nternational migratio

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

| -12 |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| -6.3 | -10.1 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Barbados

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on births registered through 2007.
Infant and child mortality: Based on estimates from UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of child and adult mortality of UNICEF and WHO as published in 2012, and a UNPD mortality model (COMBIN in MORTPAK4: CD-West).
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1950-2010 intercensal period.


## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Belarus


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 7745 | 9040 | 10260 | 9981 | 9665 | 9491 | 9260 | 9027 | 8488 | 7359 | 6201 | 5601 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 37 | 44 | 49 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 45 | 43 | 41 | 35 | 30 | 27 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 27.2 | 30.1 | 33.0 | 36.4 | 38.0 | 38.9 | 39.5 | 40.3 | 43.2 | 43.7 | 43.3 | 43.8 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 53.9 | 61.3 | 50.9 | 47.2 | 43.3 | 40.4 | 42.0 | 45.9 | 51.8 | 61.7 | 62.2 | 65.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 40.6 | 46.8 | 34.8 | 27.4 | 22.3 | 20.9 | 22.4 | 24.2 | 23.5 | 25.8 | 26.3 | 26.8 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 13.2 | 14.5 | 16.1 | 19.8 | 21.0 | 19.6 | 19.7 | 21.6 | 28.4 | 35.8 | 35.8 | 38.9 |

$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........

| 0.2 | 1.0 | 0.5 | -0.4 | -0.7 | -0.4 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.7 | -0.6 | -0.4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

lation)........
Population doubling time (years) (d) ........................
10
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population... $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ...........
Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
335
58

| 0.5 | -0.4 | -0.7 | -0.4 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| 5.3 | -5.2 | -6.3 | -4.5 |
| 135 | - | - | - |

-0.5
-4.7
-
-0.5
-4.9
-
15.5

| -6.4 |
| :---: |
| - |
|  |

$\stackrel{-7.0}{-}$

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Belarus

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 census and 2009 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2008.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010, adjusted by a factor of 1.25 to compensate for infant deaths omitted owing to the use of a definition of infant death that does not conform to international standards.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database. Both estimates incorporate an adjustment to infant mortality, as described below.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1999-2009 intercensal period.

## Belgium



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Belgium


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 8628 | 9664 | 9978 | 10268 | 10508 | 10941 | 11183 | 11364 | 11664 | 12055 | 12347 | 12594 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 283 | 317 | 327 | 336 | 344 | 358 | 366 | 372 | 382 | 395 | 404 | 413 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 35.5 | 34.5 | 36.5 | 39.1 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 41.9 | 42.5 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 44.5 | 46.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 46.9 | 58.7 | 49.5 | 52.6 | 52.3 | 51.4 | 55.7 | 59.3 | 67.3 | 75.1 | 75.4 | 81.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 30.7 | 37.4 | 27.0 | 26.8 | 26.0 | 25.4 | 26.7 | 27.7 | 28.0 | 29.5 | 28.9 | 28.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 16.2 | 21.3 | 22.5 | 25.8 | 26.3 | 26.0 | 29.0 | 31.6 | 39.4 | 45.7 | 46.6 | 53.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........

| 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4.2 | 2.9 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.7 | -0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| 125 | - | - | - | - | 86 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12.4 | 12.4 | 11.1 | 10.5 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 11.6 | 10.6 | 10.1 |
| 46 | 23 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 53 | 26 | 11 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 178 | 153 | 114 | 102 | 96 | 86 | 78 | 71 | 60 | 43 | 28 | 17 |
| 67.6 | 70.7 | 75.1 | 77.3 | 78.3 | 79.5 | 80.5 | 81.3 | 82.7 | 85.3 | 88.2 | 91.0 |
| 65.1 | 67.6 | 71.8 | 74.0 | 75.2 | 76.7 | 77.9 | 78.8 | 80.3 | 82.9 | 85.8 | 88.6 |
| 70.1 | 73.8 | 78.5 | 80.5 | 81.3 | 82.2 | 83.0 | 83.7 | 85.1 | 87.7 | 90.6 | 93.4 |
| 56.7 | 57.8 | 61.1 | 62.9 | 63.8 | 65.0 | 65.8 | 66.6 | 68.0 | 70.5 | 73.4 | 76.2 |
| 13.4 | 13.8 | 16.0 | 17.4 | 18.0 | 18.9 | 19.5 | 20.0 | 20.9 | 22.7 | 24.9 | 27.2 |
| 16.6 | 15.3 | 11.9 | 11.2 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 10.4 |
| 2.34 | 2.39 | 1.56 | 1.60 | 1.68 | 1.82 | 1.85 | 1.87 | 1.90 | 1.93 | 1.95 | 1.96 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 104 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.07 | 1.12 | 0.75 | 0.78 | 0.81 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.91 | 0.92 | 0.94 | 0.95 | 0.95 |
| 28.7 | 27.4 | 27.6 | 28.7 | 29.0 | 29.5 | 29.9 | 30.2 | 30.6 | 30.9 | 31.0 | 31.0 |
| 725 | 732 | 591 | 573 | 579 | 627 | 645 | 648 | 626 | 671 | 677 | 657 |
| 542 | 594 | 551 | 534 | 536 | 532 | 553 | 567 | 587 | 696 | 653 | 633 |
| 183 | 138 | 40 | 39 | 43 | 95 | 92 | 81 | 39 | - 25 | 24 | 24 |
| 59 | 86 | 45 | 67 | 197 | 339 | 150 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 0 |
| 1.4 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 3.8 | 6.3 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 0.0 |

Mortalit
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)......................
Life expectancy at birth (years).
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$ Lify
$\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ...............
Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (year $\qquad$ 0.6

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of death (thousad) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..........................................
$45 \quad 67$
Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... Net migration ate (per 1,000 )

[^15]b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Belgium

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2009.
International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration by sex available through 2006 and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

Belize


## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Belize


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 69 | 122 | 188 | 239 | 272 | 309 | 348 | 386 | 461 | 590 | 679 | 693 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 3 | 5 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 26 | 30 | 30 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.8 | 16.3 | 17.9 | 19.3 | 20.6 | 22.0 | 23.7 | 25.3 | 28.8 | 35.7 | 43.4 | 48.5 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 73.0 | 105.8 | 90.8 | 80.2 | 72.5 | 64.9 | 58.6 | 54.1 | 49.7 | 53.0 | 66.8 | 82.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 66.7 | 97.0 | 82.9 | 72.5 | 65.4 | 58.5 | 52.1 | 47.2 | 40.1 | 31.6 | 27.2 | 26.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.3 | 8.8 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.1 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 9.7 | 21.4 | 39.6 | 56.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 $2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

Population doubling time (years) (d) ......................

| 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 0.3 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37.4 | 33.3 | 31.8 | 25.0 | 22.6 | 20.6 | 19.1 | 17.4 | 14.2 | 8.7 | 3.0 | -0.5 |
| 24 | 25 | 27 | 25 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 33 | 42 | 70 | - | - |
| 13.8 | 8.9 | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 7.8 | 9.9 |
| 100 | 69 | 35 | 23 | 18 | 16 | 13 | 11 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 136 | 88 | 43 | 28 | 21 | 18 | 15 | 13 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 |
| 295 | 196 | 134 | 209 | 196 | 178 | 167 | 155 | 124 | 75 | 42 | 23 |
| 55.9 | 64.3 | 71.5 | 69.9 | 71.3 | 72.7 | 73.8 | 74.9 | 77.8 | 82.8 | 87.4 | 91.1 |
| 54.6 | 63.1 | 69.5 | 66.8 | 68.0 | 69.9 | 70.8 | 71.9 | 74.7 | 79.6 | 84.0 | 87.7 |
| 57.3 | 65.4 | 73.6 | 73.4 | 74.9 | 75.6 | 77.0 | 77.9 | 80.9 | 86.1 | 90.7 | 94.5 |
| 51.3 | 56.3 | 60.0 | 57.1 | 58.0 | 59.2 | 60.1 | 60.9 | 63.5 | 68.2 | 72.7 | 76.3 |
| 12.4 | 14.0 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 16.8 | 17.2 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 19.4 | 22.1 | 25.0 | 27.6 |
| 51.2 | 42.2 | 37.2 | 30.7 | 27.9 | 25.4 | 23.6 | 21.8 | 18.4 | 13.7 | 10.7 | 9.4 |
| 6.65 | 6.35 | 4.70 | 3.85 | 3.35 | 2.94 | 2.70 | 2.52 | 2.24 | 1.93 | 1.81 | 1.82 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 2.67 | 2.77 | 2.19 | 1.80 | 1.58 | 1.39 | 1.28 | 1.20 | 1.08 | 0.94 | 0.89 | 0.89 |
| 27.3 | 27.3 | 27.3 | 27.3 | 27.2 | 27.2 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 27.0 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| 19 | 24 | 33 | 34 | 36 | 37 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 40 | 36 | 33 |
| 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 15 | 26 | 34 |
| 14 | 19 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 31 | 25 | 10 | -2 |
| - 3 | - 3 | - 5 | 4 | 4 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 1 | 0 |
| -8.0 | -5.2 | -6.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)......................
Life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) .............................
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).
)...........
.......................
Net reproduction mates
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (years)
)................................................
3.0

## ths and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
$\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands)
$\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Belize

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2000 and 2010 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2000 classified by age of mother, adjusted to fit the 2005 population; and (b) total fertility estimates from the National Statistics Office from 2005 to 2008.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2008, adjusted for underregistration; (b) the results from the 1991 and 1999 Family Health Surveys, the 2006 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey, and censuses ; (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (d) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: (a) derived from empirical ages-sex-specific mortality rates after adjustment using the General Growth Balance approach; (b) interpolation was used to estimate life expectancies at birth for years between data points based on the Lee-Carter method; and (c) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the intercensal periods and official estimates of foreign-born and emigrants from the 2000 census.

## Benin

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 9510
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 84
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 43.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 53.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.9
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.31
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 116
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 58.2
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Oct 2011.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Benin


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 2255 | 2908 | 5001 | 6949 | 8182 | 9510 | 10880 | 12344 | 15507 | 22137 | 29189 | 32944 |
| Population density (persons per square km )............ | 20 | 26 | 44 | 62 | 73 | 84 | 97 | 110 | 138 | 197 | 259 | 293 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 24.2 | 18.9 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 17.6 | 18.1 | 18.6 | 19.4 | 21.2 | 25.3 | 30.8 | 35.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 75.5 | 88.2 | 97.3 | 93.6 | 89.9 | 86.2 | 82.0 | 77.0 | 68.5 | 56.4 | 50.5 | 50.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 61.7 | 80.0 | 90.8 | 87.9 | 84.5 | 80.9 | 76.7 | 71.8 | 62.7 | 48.5 | 37.6 | 31.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 13.8 | 8.2 | 6.6 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 7.9 | 13.0 | 19.0 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
0

Population doubling time (years) (d)
2.0

Plity
n......................

Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ............................
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$ ..........................
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

| 2.7 | 2.5 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 27.1 | 25.4 |
| 26 | 28 |

2.2
0.3
$\square$0.3
2.8

| 34.6 | 24.9 | 15.7 | 12.9 | 11.7 | 10.3 | 9.6 | 9.1 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 9.6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 210 | 163 | 113 | 92 | 82 | 74 | 69 | 64 | 57 | 46 | 35 |
| 349 | 274 | 188 | 149 | 131 | 116 | 108 | 101 | 90 | 72 | 54 |
| 511 | 426 | 298 | 286 | 284 | 261 | 251 | 242 | 227 | 203 | 178 |

59.2
8.6
36.6

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Benin

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1979, 1992 and 2002 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Results from the 2012 census were not yet available as of Jan. 2013.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1982 WFS, the 1996, 2001 and 2006 Benin DHS, as well as the preliminary results from the 2011-2012 DHS-MICS, adjusted for underreporting, and (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1961 Demographic Survey and the 1992 and 2002 censuses; (c) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1981-1982 WFS, 1996, 2001 and 2006 Benin DHS; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1961 Demographic Survey, 1981-1983 multi-round survey (Enquête Nationale Démographique) and the 1992 and 2002 censuses; and (c) estimates from UNICEF.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1961 Demographic Survey, 1981-1983 multiround survey (EPR) and 2002 census; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1981-1983 multiround survey and 2002 census, as well as from the 1996, 2002 and 2006 DHS ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1996, 2002 and 2006 DHS ; (d) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1979-1992, and 1992-2002 intercensal periods, and on information on the number of citizens of Benin enumerated in neighbouring countries.

## Bhutan

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 717
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 15
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 29.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 65.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.55
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 63
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 65.7
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
BHUTAN


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, The Times Atlas of the World.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Bhutan


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 177 | 292 | 536 | 564 | 650 | 717 | 776 | 822 | 898 | 980 | 957 | 870 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 4 | 6 | 11 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 21 | 20 | 19 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.0 | 19.2 | 18.1 | 19.1 | 21.9 | 24.4 | 26.7 | 28.9 | 33.2 | 40.5 | 46.5 | 47.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 86.5 | 81.2 | 87.1 | 79.9 | 61.5 | 52.1 | 47.2 | 44.6 | 41.2 | 50.1 | 70.2 | 81.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 81.7 | 77.0 | 81.5 | 73.0 | 54.9 | 45.3 | 39.9 | 36.7 | 30.8 | 25.1 | 25.2 | 26.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 4.7 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 10.4 | 25.0 | 45.0 | 54.6 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

| 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 14.1 | 21.2 | 25.8 | 20.5 | 16.8 | 14.5 | 13.3 | 11.5 | 7.9 | 2.5 |
| 28 | 25 | 27 | 34 | 25 | 36 | 44 | 61 | 89 | -0.3 |

Mortality
Crud
$\qquad$

| 34.6 | 28.0 | 14.8 | 9.9 | 8.1 | 6.9 | 6.6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 269 | 189 | 92 | 62 | 50 | 41 | 31 |


| 6.4 | 6.5 | 8.5 | 12.6 | 13.5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 23 | 15 | 8 | 4 | 3 |
| 37 | 24 | 13 | 7 | 4 |
| 197 | 167 | 129 | 94 | 71 |

Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births
26
39

Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birt (years) .. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) .. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
$\qquad$
Births (thous) $\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Bhutan

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2005 census and with estimates of the historical trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) adjusted births in the preceding 12 (or 24) months classified by age of mother from the 1980 and 1984 Demographic Sample Surveys, the 1994 Health Sample Survey, the 2000 National Health Survey, the 2005 census, the 2007 Bhutan Living Standard Survey, and the 2010 MICS4; (b) reverse survival from the 2005 census; (c) the own-children method applied to the 2010 MICS4 survey; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and census.
Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are Based on: (a) data on births and infant deaths in the past 24 months from the 1994 Health Sample Survey, and the past 12 months from the 2000 National Health Survey and the 2005 census (adjusted for underreporting); and (b) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) produced by the 1984 Demographic Sample Survey, the 2005 census, and 2010 MICS4, and are consistent with national and UNICEF estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on a life-table, calculated from adjusted deaths in the past 12 months by age and sex, and the population by age and sex from the 2005 census adjusted for infant and child mortality. For 1950-2000, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the estimated 2000-2005 life table. Life tables based on adjusted annual deaths from the 1994 National Health Survey were also considered.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

Bolivia (Plurinational State of)


## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Bolivia (Plurinational State of)


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 2714 | 4217 | 6794 | 8495 | 9355 | 10157 | 11025 | 11913 | 13665 | 16621 | 18835 | 19510 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 18 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 19.2 | 18.4 | 19.2 | 20.0 | 20.7 | 21.7 | 22.8 | 24.0 | 26.4 | 31.2 | 37.0 | 41.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 81.5 | 86.7 | 80.8 | 78.6 | 74.7 | 68.7 | 64.5 | 61.0 | 57.1 | 51.7 | 54.8 | 61.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 75.1 | 80.3 | 74.2 | 71.1 | 66.9 | 60.8 | 56.1 | 52.2 | 46.9 | 37.2 | 30.9 | 27.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 14.5 | 24.0 | 33.2 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$ ................
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
22

| 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22.6 | 25.2 | 25.8 | 23.8 | 22.2 | 19.8 | 18.8 | 17.7 | 15.0 | 9.5 | 3.8 | 0.6 |
| 34 | 30 | 30 | 33 | 36 | 42 | 43 | 45 | 53 | 87 | - | - |
| 24.4 | 20.2 | 11.3 | 8.9 | 8.1 | 7.5 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 7.5 | 9.5 | 10.9 |
| 176 | 158 | 90 | 67 | 56 | 46 | 39 | 33 | 24 | 15 | 9 | 7 |
| 304 | 260 | 127 | 85 | 72 | 60 | 52 | 44 | 32 | 20 | 12 | 9 |
| 399 | 351 | 277 | 245 | 231 | 218 | 202 | 190 | 170 | 138 | 103 | 70 |
| 40.4 | 45.1 | 57.3 | 62.1 | 63.9 | 65.6 | 67.1 | 68.4 | 70.5 | 73.5 | 76.8 | 80.1 |
| 38.5 | 43.0 | 55.6 | 60.1 | 61.8 | 63.4 | 64.9 | 66.2 | 68.2 | 71.1 | 74.6 | 78.5 |
| 42.5 | 47.3 | 59.1 | 64.0 | 66.0 | 67.7 | 69.3 | 70.7 | 72.9 | 76.1 | 79.1 | 81.7 |
| 45.3 | 47.7 | 52.3 | 54.3 | 55.1 | 56.0 | 56.8 | 57.5 | 58.5 | 60.4 | 63.0 | 66.0 |
| 10.4 | 11.0 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.4 | 16.2 | 17.5 | 19.2 |
| 46.9 | 45.4 | 37.1 | 32.7 | 30.3 | 27.3 | 25.9 | 24.6 | 21.7 | 17.0 | 13.3 | 11.4 |
| 6.75 | 6.56 | 5.00 | 4.32 | 3.96 | 3.50 | 3.25 | 3.04 | 2.70 | 2.26 | 1.96 | 1.87 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.00 | 2.15 | 1.98 | 1.83 | 1.71 | 1.54 | 1.45 | 1.38 | 1.25 | 1.07 | 0.94 | 0.90 |
| 30.4 | 30.3 | 29.4 | 29.1 | 28.8 | 28.6 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 28.2 | 28.0 | 27.8 |
| 671 | 905 | 1190 | 1317 | 1351 | 1333 | 1370 | 1408 | 1434 | 1386 | 1244 | 1113 |
| 348 | 403 | 361 | 357 | 361 | 366 | 378 | 394 | 445 | 610 | 886 | 1058 |
| 323 | 502 | 828 | 960 | 990 | 967 | 993 | 1014 | 989 | 775 | 358 | 56 |
| - 30 | -36 | - 75 | - 100 | - 131 | -165 | - 125 | - 125 | - 125 | - 125 | -63 | 0 |
| -2.1 | -1.8 | -2.3 | -2.5 | -2.9 | -3.4 | -2.4 | -2.2 | -1.9 | -1.5 | -0.7 | 0.0 |

Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

## Births minus deaths (thousands)

International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ). . 1

> a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ). b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ). b The
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Bolivia (Plurinational State of)

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1976, 1992 and 2001 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, with official population estimates for 2011, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1989, 1998, 2003 and 2008 Bolivia DHS; (b) estimates derived from reverse projection of the 2001 census and from births in the last year and parity reports from the 2001 census; and (c) estimate from the 1975 Bolivia Encuesta Demográfica Nacional.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1988 Encuesta Nacional de Población y Vivienda; (b) estimates from the 1992 and 2001 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1989, 1994, 1998, 2003 and 2008 Bolivia DHS; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on a life table derived from: (a) data on maternal orphanhood for 1974-1981 from the 1988 Encuesta Nacional de Población y Vivienda (ENPV); (b) deaths by age and sex referring to 1991 from the 1992 census; (c) deaths by age and sex referring to 2000-2001 from the 2001 census; (d) official estimates in 2010 and 2011; and (e) estimates of infant and child mortality. Direct estimates from the 2003 Encuesta Nacional de Demografía y Salud (ENDSA) were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration for the intercensal period 1992-2001 and taking into account the number of persons born in Bolivia and enumerated by other censuses in the Americas during the 2000 census round. New observed trends of net migration taken into consideration.

## Bosnia and Herzegovina

2010
Total population (thousands) ................................. 3846
Population density (persons per square km )........... 75
Percentage of population under age 15 ................... 17.4
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 14.7
Percentage of population age 15-64........................ 67.5
Percentage of population aged $65+$........................ 15.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... -0.2
Total fertility (children per woman)....................... 1.22
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 11
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 75.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Bosnia and Herzegovina


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 2661 | 3719 | 4527 | 3834 | 3880 | 3846 | 3820 | 3789 | 3700 | 3332 | 2806 | 2374 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 52 | 73 | 88 | 75 | 76 | 75 | 75 | 74 | 72 | 65 | 55 | 46 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.0 | 22.6 | 29.9 | 35.7 | 37.3 | 38.6 | 40.1 | 41.2 | 43.8 | 50.4 | 50.6 | 48.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 71.9 | 65.6 | 43.7 | 44.7 | 47.1 | 48.1 | 44.2 | 44.7 | 56.9 | 65.7 | 85.7 | 85.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 65.0 | 57.9 | 34.9 | 29.2 | 27.8 | 25.8 | 21.2 | 19.6 | 22.9 | 20.8 | 24.6 | 26.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.9 | 7.6 | 8.8 | 15.5 | 19.3 | 22.3 | 22.9 | 25.1 | 34.0 | 44.9 | 61.2 | 58.7 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

Population doubling time (years) (d) non
2

| 2.5 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.7 | 0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.6 | -0.8 | -0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27.9 | 17.6 | 10.3 | 4.4 | 0.4 | -0.8 | -1.1 | -1.4 | -2.5 | -5.8 | -7.5 | -5.1 |
| 28 | 73 | 75 | 41 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 15.4 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 10.9 | 12.0 | 14.1 | 15.9 | 14.3 |
| 189 | 73 | 18 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 203 | 81 | 21 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 3 |
| 239 | 188 | 148 | 129 | 114 | 107 | 100 | 94 | 80 | 57 | 40 | 28 |
| 53.7 | 64.7 | 72.0 | 73.6 | 74.8 | 75.5 | 76.3 | 77.1 | 78.7 | 81.6 | 84.5 | 87.1 |
| 52.6 | 62.7 | 69.2 | 70.9 | 72.0 | 72.9 | 73.7 | 74.6 | 76.4 | 80.0 | 83.0 | 85.6 |
| 54.7 | 66.7 | 74.5 | 76.1 | 77.5 | 78.1 | 78.8 | 79.5 | 80.9 | 83.3 | 86.0 | 88.6 |
| 52.6 | 55.7 | 58.7 | 59.7 | 60.9 | 61.5 | 62.1 | 62.8 | 64.3 | 67.1 | 69.8 | 72.3 |
| 10.8 | 12.6 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 15.6 | 15.9 | 16.4 | 16.9 | 17.9 | 19.8 | 21.9 | 23.9 |
| 43.2 | 24.9 | 17.1 | 11.8 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 9.1 |
| 4.82 | 3.17 | 1.90 | 1.53 | 1.23 | 1.22 | 1.28 | 1.36 | 1.49 | 1.67 | 1.78 | 1.83 |
| 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.82 | 1.39 | 0.89 | 0.73 | 0.58 | 0.58 | 0.61 | 0.65 | 0.72 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 0.89 |
| 26.2 | 26.2 | 26.2 | 26.7 | 27.0 | 27.3 | 27.7 | 28.1 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 |
| 613 | 453 | 377 | 217 | 168 | 164 | 171 | 181 | 178 | 141 | 120 | 110 |
| 218 | 133 | 149 | 137 | 161 | 179 | 192 | 207 | 224 | 239 | 228 | 171 |
| 395 | 320 | 229 | 81 | 8 | -15 | -21 | -26 | -46 | -98 | -108 | -61 |
| - 43 | - 146 | -24 | 233 | 38 | -19 | - 5 | - 5 | - 5 | - 5 | - 3 | 0 |
| -3.0 | -8.0 | -1.1 | 12.7 | 2.0 | -1.0 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

[^16]
## Bosnia and Herzegovina

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1971, 1981, 1991 census, adjusted to show the de facto population, with official total population estimates for 2010, and with estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of age specific fertility rates available through 2010; (b) on births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 2011-12 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); and (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 2011-12 MICS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010 and estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy for 1988-1989 and WHO estimates for years 2000 and 2006. The estimates of war-related deaths in the period 1992-1995 were also considered.

International migration: Based on: (a) refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, (b) data on migration flows to OECD countries, and (c) estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the intercensal period.


## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Botswana


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 413 | 693 | 1384 | 1755 | 1876 | 1969 | 2056 | 2150 | 2348 | 2780 | 3089 | 3025 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............. | 1 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 19.2 | 15.9 | 17.4 | 19.8 | 21.1 | 22.0 | 22.9 | 23.8 | 26.1 | 32.5 | 39.8 | 43.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 82.6 | 104.6 | 90.3 | 70.3 | 63.8 | 60.6 | 58.3 | 57.4 | 51.1 | 42.8 | 52.4 | 62.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 74.6 | 98.1 | 85.3 | 65.3 | 58.6 | 55.0 | 52.3 | 50.3 | 43.3 | 31.7 | 27.1 | 26.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 8.0 | 6.6 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 11.0 | 25.4 | 35.6 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
2

| 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28.2 | 32.1 | 30.1 | 17.7 | 10.9 | 7.8 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 1.3 |
| 27 | 23 | 23 | 34 | 53 | 72 | 80 | 78 | 78 | 89 | - |
| 18.8 | 14.0 | 7.1 | 11.3 | 15.2 | 17.2 | 17.0 | 15.4 | 11.4 | 7.9 | 10.4 |
| 135 | 104 | 53 | 57 | 52 | 39 | 32 | 27 | 20 | 12 | 6 |
| 201 | 150 | 71 | 75 | 70 | 51 | 41 | 34 | 23 | 14 | 7 |
| 396 | 336 | 235 | 492 | 641 | 711 | 720 | 673 | 468 | 222 | 98 |
| 47.7 | 53.4 | 63.6 | 53.8 | 48.2 | 46.5 | 47.4 | 50.5 | 59.6 | 70.1 | 76.7 |
| 45.7 | 51.5 | 61.2 | 51.8 | 47.3 | 46.6 | 48.0 | 51.2 | 59.5 | 68.9 | 74.9 |
| 49.6 | 55.0 | 65.7 | 55.8 | 48.9 | 46.2 | 46.5 | 49.4 | 59.5 | 71.6 | 78.5 |
| 46.4 | 49.2 | 54.1 | 43.6 | 37.4 | 34.6 | 35.0 | 37.8 | 46.2 | 56.3 | 62.3 |
| 11.3 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 13.2 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 14.6 | 15.5 | 16.6 |
| 47.0 | 46.1 | 37.2 | 29.0 | 26.1 | 24.9 | 23.7 | 22.5 | 19.5 | 15.0 | 11.7 |
| 6.50 | 6.70 | 5.11 | 3.70 | 3.18 | 2.90 | 2.64 | 2.44 | 2.15 | 1.85 | 1.78 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 2.29 | 2.57 | 2.25 | 1.50 | 1.22 | 1.12 | 1.06 | 1.03 | 0.97 | 0.88 | 0.87 |
| 29.9 | 29.9 | 29.5 | 29.7 | 29.6 | 29.4 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 28.7 | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| 104 | 148 | 239 | 242 | 237 | 240 | 238 | 236 | 224 | 204 | 180 |
| 41 | 45 | 46 | 95 | 138 | 165 | 171 | 162 | 131 | 108 | 160 |
| 62 | 103 | 193 | 147 | 99 | 75 | 67 | 74 | 92 | 96 | 20 |
| - 5 | -6 | 6 | 25 | 21 | 19 | 20 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 5 |
| -2.3 | -1.9 | 0.9 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.3 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Botswana

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2001 census adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility from the Central Statistics Office of Botswana derived from the 2001 and 1991 censuses; the 1991 census estimates were adjusted by applying the P/F ratio method, (b) maternity-history data from the 1988 Family Health Survey II, and (c) data on children ever born from 2007 Botswana Family Health Survey IV.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) official estimates and projections from the Central Statistics Office of Botswana; (b) estimates derived from the 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses; (c) indirect estimates from 1984 and 2007 Botswana Family Health Surveys; (d) indirect estimates from 2006 Botswana Demographic Survey; and (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, on data on the number of migrant workers in South Africa and on official estimates of net migration flows from the Central Statistics Office of Botswana.

## Brazil



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Brazil


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 53975 | 96060 | 149648 | 174505 | 186142 | 195210 | 203657 | 211102 | 222748 | 231120 | 217799 | 194533 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............ | 6 | 11 | 18 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 26 | 23 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 19.2 | 18.6 | 22.5 | 25.3 | 27.0 | 29.0 | 31.2 | 33.3 | 37.2 | 44.4 | 48.9 | 49.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 80.3 | 85.4 | 66.0 | 54.1 | 50.9 | 47.9 | 45.2 | 43.8 | 47.3 | 60.7 | 80.0 | 86.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 74.9 | 78.5 | 58.6 | 45.6 | 41.6 | 37.7 | 33.6 | 30.0 | 27.4 | 24.5 | 25.1 | 26.0 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 5.4 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 8.5 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 11.7 | 13.7 | 20.0 | 36.2 | 54.9 | 60.9 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 $2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)

| 3.1 | 2.6 | 1.9 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28.7 | 25.9 | 18.9 | 15.1 | 13.5 | 10.0 | 8.7 | 7.4 | 4.9 | 0.4 | -3.7 | -4.5 |
| 23 | 27 | 37 | 47 | 54 | 73 | 82 | 97 | - | - | - | - |
| 15.3 | 11.0 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 9.5 | 12.7 | 13.6 |
| 135 | 100 | 52 | 34 | 27 | 24 | 19 | 16 | 11 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| 187 | 139 | 66 | 42 | 34 | 29 | 24 | 20 | 14 | 8 | 5 | 3 |
| 356 | 273 | 231 | 205 | 192 | 176 | 165 | 152 | 128 | 86 | 56 | 34 |
| 51.0 | 57.9 | 65.5 | 69.4 | 71.0 | 72.4 | 73.8 | 75.1 | 77.6 | 81.7 | 85.3 | 88.3 |
| 49.3 | 55.9 | 62.0 | 65.7 | 67.3 | 68.9 | 70.2 | 71.6 | 74.3 | 79.0 | 82.7 | 85.8 |
| 52.8 | 60.0 | 69.2 | 73.3 | 74.9 | 76.1 | 77.5 | 78.7 | 80.8 | 84.3 | 87.8 | 90.9 |
| 49.0 | 53.2 | 55.4 | 57.7 | 58.7 | 59.8 | 60.8 | 61.8 | 63.8 | 67.4 | 70.8 | 73.7 |
| 12.4 | 14.1 | 14.6 | 16.5 | 17.1 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 19.8 | 21.8 | 23.7 | 25.6 |
| 44.0 | 36.9 | 26.3 | 21.6 | 19.8 | 16.4 | 15.1 | 14.0 | 12.2 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| 6.15 | 5.38 | 3.10 | 2.45 | 2.25 | 1.90 | 1.82 | 1.75 | 1.69 | 1.71 | 1.78 | 1.83 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.27 | 2.16 | 1.39 | 1.13 | 1.05 | 0.89 | 0.86 | 0.83 | 0.81 | 0.82 | 0.86 | 0.89 |
| 30.2 | 30.0 | 27.7 | 26.5 | 26.3 | 26.1 | 26.2 | 26.2 | 26.3 | 26.5 | 26.7 | 26.9 |
| 12862 | 16648 | 18786 | 18146 | 17870 | 15614 | 15083 | 14555 | 13468 | 11473 | 9915 | 8888 |
| 4483 | 4967 | 5269 | 5431 | 5732 | 6046 | 6446 | 6920 | 8049 | 11023 | 14004 | 13337 |
| 8379 | 11681 | 13517 | 12714 | 12138 | 9568 | 8637 | 7634 | 5419 | 450 | -4089 | -4449 |
| 549 | 0 | -92 | - 100 | - 500 | - 500 | - 190 | -190 | - 190 | - 190 | -95 | 0 |
| 1.9 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
expectancy at
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
(f) ....... $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years).
$\qquad$
1286
$\qquad$
Number of births (thousands)
$\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands)
ds) ......

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ).

## Brazil

Total population (2011): (a) estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 1996, 2000 , and 2010 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2001 classified by age of mother through 2010 and underlying female population by age; (b) data on fertility from the 1992, 1993, 1995, 1996 and 2001-2010 Pesquisa Nacional por Amostra de Domicilios (PNAD); and (c) estimates from censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the censuses; (b) estimates from the National Health Surveys in 1972, 1973, 1976, 1977, 1978, 1984, and 1986; (c) estimates from the 1986 and 1996 DHS; (d) estimates from the 1986, 2005 and 2007 PNAD Oeste Enero; and (e) estimates from the 1971, 1991 censuses; (f) estimates from the 2006, 2008, and 2009 national household surveys; and (g) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from: (a) registered births and deaths by age and sex in 1950, 1970, 1995-1998, 2000, 2002, 2005, 2007-2009 (adjusted for underregistration by using the growth-balance equation method) and the underlying census population by age and sex; and (b) estimates of infant and child mortality.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1980-2010 intercensal period and statistics on Brazilians living overseas. Data taken into account.

## Brunei Darussalam

Total population (thousands) ..... 401
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 69
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 26.6
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 16.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 69.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.11
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 6
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 77.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
BRUNEI DARUSSALAM


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, ndorsendaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Brunei Darussalam



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 48 | 130 | 257 | 332 | 368 | 401 | 429 | 454 | 499 | 546 | 538 | 501 |
| Population density (persons per square km )............ | 8 | 23 | 45 | 58 | 64 | 69 | 74 | 79 | 87 | 95 | 93 | 87 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 22.4 | 18.4 | 23.4 | 25.7 | 27.6 | 29.5 | 31.1 | 33.1 | 37.0 | 43.7 | 47.8 | 50.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 70.4 | 87.2 | 59.1 | 49.7 | 47.2 | 43.4 | 41.5 | 40.5 | 46.9 | 61.5 | 77.0 | 87.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 62.1 | 80.5 | 54.9 | 45.5 | 42.5 | 38.1 | 34.6 | 30.6 | 27.6 | 25.3 | 25.4 | 26.0 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 8.3 | 6.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 9.9 | 19.3 | 36.2 | 51.7 | 61.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
5

| 5.6 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.2 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36.9 | 28.4 | 28.2 | 21.7 | 18.6 | 15.2 | 12.6 | 10.8 | 8.1 | 1.2 | -1.8 |
| 13 | 15 | 25 | 30 | 34 | 41 | 52 | 60 | 79 | - | - |
| 13.0 | 6.6 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 8.9 | 11.0 |
| 84 | 39 | 14 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 116 | 50 | 17 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 284 | 207 | 134 | 107 | 95 | 84 | 74 | 63 | 47 | 29 | 16 |
| 57.9 | 66.2 | 72.9 | 75.4 | 76.5 | 77.5 | 78.5 | 79.4 | 81.3 | 84.3 | 87.3 |
| 56.3 | 64.7 | 71.3 | 73.6 | 74.7 | 75.6 | 76.6 | 77.7 | 79.8 | 83.0 | 86.1 |
| 59.5 | 67.9 | 74.9 | 77.4 | 78.5 | 79.5 | 80.4 | 81.2 | 82.8 | 85.6 | 88.7 |
| 51.4 | 55.3 | 59.5 | 61.4 | 62.3 | 63.1 | 64.0 | 64.8 | 66.6 | 69.4 | 72.4 |
| 12.1 | 13.3 | 15.0 | 15.9 | 16.3 | 16.8 | 17.2 | 17.7 | 18.8 | 20.9 | 23.3 |
| 49.8 | 35.1 | 32.0 | 24.7 | 21.3 | 18.1 | 15.8 | 14.2 | 12.8 | 10.1 | 9.2 |
| 7.00 | 5.59 | 3.72 | 2.60 | 2.28 | 2.11 | 2.01 | 1.92 | 1.79 | 1.73 | 1.77 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 2.84 | 2.50 | 1.75 | 1.24 | 1.09 | 1.01 | 0.97 | 0.93 | 0.87 | 0.84 | 0.86 |
| 28.9 | 28.9 | 29.6 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 29.4 | 29.2 | 29.1 | 28.8 | 28.4 | 28.4 |
| 14 | 20 | 38 | 39 | 37 | 35 | 33 | 31 | 31 | 27 | 25 |
| 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 11 | 24 | 30 |
| 10 | 17 | 34 | 34 | 33 | 29 | 26 | 24 | 20 | 3 | - 5 |
| 5 | 11 | 0 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 18.4 | 18.4 | 0.0 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.3 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Brunei Darussalam

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2001 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Official population estimates for 2009 are considered.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2005.
Infant and child mortality: Based on estimates of UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of child and adult mortality of UNICEF and WHO as published in 2012, and a UNPD mortality model (COMBIN in MORTPAK4: CD-West).
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2005.2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 7389
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 67
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 13.3
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 11.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 18.3
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... -0.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.43
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 12
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.0
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, Natural Earth.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Bulgaria



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 7251 | 8495 | 8821 | 8001 | 7683 | 7389 | 7113 | 6827 | 6213 | 5077 | 3981 | 3533 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 65 | 77 | 80 | 72 | 69 | 67 | 64 | 62 | 56 | 46 | 36 | 32 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 27.3 | 33.2 | 36.6 | 39.7 | 41.1 | 42.4 | 43.4 | 44.6 | 47.1 | 48.1 | 45.9 | 45.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 50.4 | 48.1 | 50.3 | 47.6 | 45.1 | 46.3 | 51.3 | 55.5 | 58.3 | 76.7 | 72.3 | 72.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 40.3 | 33.8 | 30.6 | 23.1 | 19.8 | 19.5 | 21.2 | 22.7 | 22.1 | 26.2 | 26.9 | 27.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 10.1 | 14.3 | 19.8 | 24.5 | 25.3 | 26.8 | 30.1 | 32.8 | 36.2 | 50.5 | 45.4 | 45.3 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
(per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)

| 0.8 | 0.7 | -0.3 | -0.9 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -0.8 | -1.0 | -1.0 | -0.8 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11.0 | 7.1 | 1.0 | -6.1 | -6.0 | -5.6 | -6.3 | -6.8 | -8.3 | -8.2 | -6.9 | -3.2 |
| 89 | 101 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10.3 | 8.8 | 12.1 | 14.4 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 15.8 | 16.1 | 16.7 | 17.7 | 17.2 | 13.7 |
| 92 | 31 | 14 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| 118 | 36 | 18 | 19 | 16 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
| 191 | 132 | 155 | 171 | 158 | 153 | 147 | 141 | 127 | 99 | 68 | 48 |
| 62.1 | 71.0 | 71.4 | 70.9 | 72.1 | 73.0 | 73.5 | 74.0 | 75.2 | 77.6 | 80.8 | 83.4 |
| 60.5 | 69.0 | 68.3 | 67.4 | 68.7 | 69.4 | 69.9 | 70.5 | 71.8 | 74.6 | 78.4 | 81.2 |
| 63.7 | 73.0 | 74.7 | 74.6 | 75.6 | 76.7 | 77.2 | 77.7 | 78.8 | 80.8 | 83.2 | 85.7 |
| 56.1 | 58.9 | 57.9 | 57.5 | 58.4 | 59.0 | 59.5 | 59.9 | 60.9 | 63.2 | 66.2 | 68.7 |
| 14.0 | 14.3 | 13.9 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 16.1 | 17.5 | 19.4 | 21.1 |
| 21.3 | 15.8 | 13.1 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 9.5 | 10.3 | 10.5 |
| 2.53 | 2.13 | 1.95 | 1.20 | 1.24 | 1.43 | 1.53 | 1.61 | 1.72 | 1.84 | 1.89 | 1.92 |
| 107 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.04 | 0.99 | 0.92 | 0.57 | 0.59 | 0.68 | 0.73 | 0.77 | 0.83 | 0.88 | 0.91 | 0.93 |
| 26.6 | 24.8 | 24.0 | 24.5 | 25.4 | 26.4 | 27.0 | 27.7 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 |
| 789 | 661 | 583 | 338 | 334 | 356 | 347 | 326 | 269 | 248 | 209 | 187 |
| 380 | 366 | 538 | 589 | 569 | 567 | 573 | 561 | 533 | 461 | 349 | 244 |
| 408 | 295 | 45 | - 251 | - 234 | - 211 | -227 | -235 | - 264 | -213 | - 140 | -58 |
| - 118 | -6 | - 184 | -107 | -83 | -83 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | -25 | 0 |
| -3.2 | -0.2 | -4.1 | -2.6 | -2.1 | -2.2 | -1.4 | -1.4 | -1.6 | -1.9 | -1.2 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)......................
Life expectancy at birth (years).
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

[^17]b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Bulgaria

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with (a) the 1947, 1956, 1965, 1975, 1985, 1992, 2001, and 2011census, (b) with official population estimates through 2012, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database.
International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2012.

## Burkina Faso

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 15540
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 57
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 46.0
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 51.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.9
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 6.08
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 157
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 54.0

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Burkina Faso



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 4284 | 5625 | 8811 | 11608 | 13422 | 15540 | 17915 | 20542 | 26564 | 40932 | 60057 | 75274 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 16 | 21 | 32 | 42 | 49 | 57 | 65 | 75 | 97 | 149 | 219 | 275 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 19.5 | 18.3 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.8 | 17.3 | 17.9 | 19.4 | 23.2 | 28.8 | 34.6 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 74.6 | 85.4 | 102.2 | 98.2 | 96.3 | 94.1 | 90.2 | 85.3 | 75.9 | 62.0 | 53.5 | 53.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 71.1 | 80.3 | 95.5 | 92.7 | 91.3 | 89.3 | 85.6 | 80.9 | 71.1 | 55.2 | 41.5 | 33.3 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 3.5 | 5.1 | 6.6 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 6.9 | 11.9 | 20.0 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
1.7
22.0

| 2.6 | 2.8 |
| ---: | ---: |

2.9
31.0
2.9
31.0
2.8
29.9

| 31.9 | 25.5 | 17.2 | 16.2 | 14.6 | 12.9 | 11.2 | 9.9 | 7.9 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 8.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 228 | 172 | 110 | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 61 | 46 | 24 | 11 |  |
| 376 | 301 | 212 | 190 | 173 | 157 | 137 | 120 | 90 | 44 | 19 | 12 |
| 558 | 464 | 314 | 334 | 320 | 292 | 273 | 255 | 220 | 163 | 118 | 92 |
| 30.9 | 38.0 | 49.5 | 49.9 | 51.6 | 54.0 | 56.1 | 58.1 | 61.9 | 68.2 | 73.4 | 76.8 |
| 30.1 | 37.0 | 48.3 | 48.3 | 50.5 | 53.3 | 55.5 | 57.4 | 61.0 | 66.8 | 71.6 | 75.0 |
| 32.0 | 39.2 | 50.5 | 51.3 | 52.6 | 54.5 | 56.7 | 58.8 | 62.8 | 69.7 | 75.2 | 78.6 |
| 38.0 | 42.3 | 49.4 | 48.4 | 49.1 | 50.4 | 51.3 | 52.2 | 53.9 | 56.9 | 60.1 | 62.9 |
| 8.1 | 9.4 | 11.3 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 12.5 | 13.3 | 15.0 | 17.0 |
| 47.2 | 47.6 | 47.8 | 46.7 | 45.6 | 43.8 | 41.1 | 38.5 | 34.0 | 26.0 | 19.2 | 14.8 |
| 6.10 | 6.56 | 7.07 | 6.73 | 6.43 | 6.08 | 5.65 | 5.22 | 4.42 | 3.25 | 2.48 | 2.09 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.47 | 1.86 | 2.45 | 2.38 | 2.34 | 2.28 | 2.19 | 2.09 | 1.87 | 1.48 | 1.18 | 1.00 |
| 27.6 | 29.0 | 30.1 | 30.0 | 29.7 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 29.0 | 28.7 | 28.5 | 28.4 |
| 1038 | 1284 | 1976 | 2532 | 2854 | 3173 | 3437 | 3703 | 4246 | 5077 | 5592 | 5478 |
| 703 | 689 | 709 | 876 | 915 | 930 | 938 | 950 | 985 | 1173 | 1835 | 2967 |
| 335 | 594 | 1267 | 1656 | 1939 | 2243 | 2499 | 2753 | 3262 | 3904 | 3757 | 2511 |
| - 102 | -145 | - 184 | -138 | - 125 | -125 | - 125 | - 125 | - 125 | - 125 | -63 |  |
| -4.6 | -5.4 | -4.4 | -2.5 | -2.0 | -1.7 | -1.5 | -1.3 | -1.0 | -0.6 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

0.7102

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

[^18]b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Burkina Faso

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1985, 1996 and 2006 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1992-93, 1998-99, 2003 DHS, 2010-2011 DHS-MICS, adjusted for underreporting; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1960 demographic survey, 1976 post-enumeration survey, 1985 census, 1991 Demographic Survey, 1996 and 2006 censuses, and 2006 MICS3; (c) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses; (d) the own-children method applied to the 2003 WHS and 2006 MICS3 surveys.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1960-1961 survey, 1976, 1985, 1996 and 2006 censuses and the 1991 national demographic survey; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1992-1993, 1998-1999, 2003 DHS and 2010-2011 DHS-MICS ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these data sources as well as from the 2006 MICS3 survey ; (d) estimates from UNICEF. Infant mortality estimates are cross-validated and adjusted for underreporting using relationships between infant and child mortality (for both sexes, and by sex) estimated by the UN Population Division using data from 15 demographic surveillance sites and cohort studies in the Sahel region for the period 1943-1999.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods) from the 1960-1961 survey, 1976, 1985, 1996 and 2006 censuses, the 1991 national demographic survey, and 2008 Global Fund survey ; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1993, 2003 and 2010-2011 DHS, 2006 MICS3 and 2006 census ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1998-1999, 2003 and 2010-2011 DHS ; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for periods 1976-1985, 1985-1996 and 1996-2006 ; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955, and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites and urban vital registration were also considered.

International migration: Based on the stock of persons from Burkina Faso enumerated in Côte d'Ivoire, taking into account the results of the CERPOD migration surveys and incorporating estimates of refugee flows derived from UNHCR data.

## Burundi

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 9233
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 332
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 43.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 53.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.5
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 6.52
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 151
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 51.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, IGN.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2011.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Burundi


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 2309 | 3457 | 5606 | 6674 | 7770 | 9233 | 10813 | 12579 | 16392 | 26691 | 42017 | 56285 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 83 | 124 | 201 | 240 | 279 | 332 | 388 | 452 | 589 | 959 | 1510 | 2022 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 19.5 | 17.2 | 16.2 | 15.4 | 16.9 | 17.7 | 17.6 | 17.4 | 18.6 | 22.0 | 27.3 | 33.2 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 79.0 | 93.5 | 103.3 | 107.8 | 92.9 | 86.8 | 89.8 | 92.1 | 81.0 | 69.2 | 57.2 | 55.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 73.2 | 87.7 | 97.3 | 101.8 | 87.6 | 82.1 | 85.3 | 87.2 | 75.6 | 62.0 | 45.7 | 35.7 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 7.2 | 11.5 | 19.5 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
1

| 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 0.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 24.2 | 26.7 | 33.8 | 27.0 | 27.2 | 30.6 | 31.9 | 30.6 | 25.7 | 22.9 | 15.8 | 9.3 |
| 38 | 30 | 22 | 48 | 23 | 20 | 22 | 23 | 28 | 31 | 44 | 75 |
| 25.2 | 21.1 | 17.7 | 16.5 | 15.3 | 14.2 | 12.9 | 11.6 | 9.2 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 6.8 |
| 167 | 141 | 113 | 107 | 99 | 93 | 87 | 80 | 66 | 36 | 20 | 14 |
| 281 | 237 | 188 | 174 | 160 | 151 | 139 | 127 | 103 | 50 | 25 | 17 |
| 464 | 414 | 370 | 440 | 433 | 380 | 331 | 306 | 265 | 174 | 114 | 82 |
| 39.0 | 43.5 | 48.7 | 47.7 | 49.0 | 51.3 | 53.9 | 55.9 | 59.6 | 68.4 | 74.7 | 78.6 |
| 37.5 | 41.9 | 46.9 | 46.4 | 47.7 | 49.9 | 52.0 | 53.8 | 57.3 | 65.9 | 72.1 | 76.1 |
| 40.6 | 45.1 | 50.5 | 48.9 | 50.2 | 52.8 | 55.8 | 58.0 | 61.9 | 71.0 | 77.4 | 81.1 |
| 43.1 | 45.4 | 47.7 | 45.1 | 45.5 | 47.7 | 49.8 | 50.9 | 52.9 | 57.7 | 62.0 | 65.2 |
| 10.4 | 11.2 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 15.0 | 17.2 | 19.2 |
| 49.4 | 47.8 | 51.4 | 43.5 | 42.5 | 44.8 | 44.8 | 42.1 | 35.0 | 29.0 | 21.4 | 16.1 |
| 6.80 | 7.27 | 7.59 | 7.18 | 6.91 | 6.52 | 6.08 | 5.64 | 4.82 | 3.57 | 2.69 | 2.20 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.96 | 2.30 | 2.65 | 2.50 | 2.46 | 2.41 | 2.33 | 2.23 | 2.01 | 1.64 | 1.27 | 1.06 |
| 31.3 | 31.3 | 31.3 | 31.3 | 31.4 | 31.1 | 30.7 | 30.3 | 29.6 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.5 |
| 598 | 780 | 1335 | 1400 | 1536 | 1904 | 2247 | 2464 | 2696 | 3658 | 4330 | 4419 |
| 305 | 344 | 459 | 530 | 552 | 605 | 647 | 677 | 712 | 766 | 1136 | 1863 |
| 293 | 436 | 876 | 869 | 984 | 1299 | 1600 | 1787 | 1984 | 2891 | 3194 | 2556 |
| - 70 | - 58 | -44 | - 405 | 113 | 164 | -20 | -20 | -20 | -20 | - 10 | 0 |
| -5.8 | -3.5 | -1.7 | -12.6 | 3.1 | 3.9 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

[^19]
## Burundi

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1979, 1990 and 2008 census results, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) direct fertility estimates from the 1965 Demographic Survey and the 2008 census; (b) the maternity histories from the 1987 and 2010 Burundi Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), the 2002 Enquête socio-démographique et de santé de la reproduction (ESDSR Burundi 2002); (c) the adjusted fertility estimate from the 1990 Census; (d) the indirect fertility estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1979, 1990 and 2008 census and 2000 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); and (e) the indirect fertility estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 2005 MICS. The application of new estimation methods to existing and/or new data sources results in revising quite substantively the fertility levels in the present assessment.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) a 1990-1995 life-table accounting for the high number of deaths due to the 1993 civil war; (b) direct estimates from the 1970 Demographic Survey, the 1987 and 2010 Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) and the 2008 census; (c) the indirect estimates derived from CEB-CS data and Coale and Demeny model North using the 1970 Demographic Survey, the 1979 Post-Census Survey, the 1987 and 2010 DHS, the 1990 Census and the 2000 and 2005 Enquête Nationale d'Évaluation des Conditions de vie de l'Enfant et de la Femme (MICS) and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny model life tables, and taking into account the number of deaths due to civil strife. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

## Cambodia

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 14365
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 79
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 31.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 63.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 5.0
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.5
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.08
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 64
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 69.5

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

CAMBODIA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Cambodia


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 4433 | 7022 | 9057 | 12223 | 13356 | 14365 | 15677 | 16947 | 19144 | 22569 | 24245 | 23587 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 24 | 39 | 50 | 68 | 74 | 79 | 87 | 94 | 106 | 125 | 134 | 130 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 18.7 | 17.0 | 17.9 | 18.4 | 20.8 | 23.5 | 25.0 | 26.9 | 30.0 | 36.2 | 43.3 | 47.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 81.6 | 92.8 | 90.2 | 80.6 | 67.9 | 58.4 | 57.9 | 59.0 | 55.3 | 58.7 | 68.0 | 79.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 76.7 | 87.9 | 84.1 | 73.7 | 60.6 | 50.4 | 49.0 | 48.5 | 41.1 | 33.3 | 27.8 | 26.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 4.9 | 5.0 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 8.0 | 8.9 | 10.5 | 14.2 | 25.5 | 40.3 | 53.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population... $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
25

| 2.6 | 1.7 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25.8 | 23.2 | 32.3 | 20.2 | 18.9 | 19.9 | 19.8 | 17.7 | 12.3 | 7.5 | 1.4 |
| 27 | 42 | 23 | 28 | 39 | 48 | 40 | 45 | 63 | 109 | - |
| 23.2 | 20.9 | 13.7 | 9.5 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 9.7 |
| 143 | 132 | 86 | 85 | 67 | 51 | 41 | 33 | 24 | 15 | 10 |
| 213 | 196 | 120 | 111 | 86 | 64 | 51 | 42 | 30 | 19 | 13 |
| 540 | 508 | 372 | 275 | 235 | 198 | 183 | 171 | 152 | 123 | 100 |
| 40.2 | 42.0 | 53.2 | 59.8 | 64.5 | 69.5 | 71.6 | 73.5 | 76.3 | 80.2 | 83.3 |
| 38.9 | 40.1 | 50.5 | 56.9 | 61.8 | 66.8 | 68.8 | 70.6 | 73.5 | 78.1 | 81.7 |
| 41.7 | 44.1 | 55.7 | 62.5 | 67.0 | 72.1 | 74.2 | 76.1 | 78.8 | 82.1 | 84.8 |
| 39.8 | 41.0 | 48.4 | 54.5 | 57.4 | 60.6 | 61.6 | 62.7 | 64.5 | 67.3 | 69.8 |
| 10.0 | 11.0 | 13.9 | 16.6 | 18.0 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 20.9 | 22.0 | 23.7 | 25.2 |
| 49.0 | 44.1 | 46.0 | 29.8 | 26.5 | 26.3 | 25.9 | 23.5 | 18.1 | 14.4 | 11.1 |
| 6.95 | 6.70 | 5.99 | 4.14 | 3.46 | 3.08 | 2.88 | 2.71 | 2.45 | 2.09 | 1.88 |
| 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 103 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.27 | 1.67 | 1.47 | 1.35 | 1.30 | 1.24 | 1.14 | 0.98 | 0.89 |
| 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 29.8 | 29.2 | 28.5 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 27.3 | 28.3 | 29.6 |
| 161 | 1487 | 1935 | 1711 | 1696 | 1822 | 1941 | 1920 | 1688 | 1603 | 1341 |
| 550 | 706 | 577 | 548 | 489 | 441 | 454 | 475 | 539 | 770 | 1172 |
| 611 | 782 | 1358 | 1163 | 1207 | 1381 | 1487 | 1445 | 1149 | 833 | 169 |
| 0 | - 225 | - 78 | 290 | -73 | - 373 | - 175 | - 175 | - 125 | - 125 | -63 |
| 0.0 | -6.7 | -1.9 | 5.1 | -1.1 | -5.4 | -2.3 | -2.2 | -1.3 | -1.1 | -0.5 |

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Cambodia

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1962, 1998 and 2008 census adjusted for underenumeration, the 1992 voter registration by the UN Transitional Authority, the 2004 population estimate based on Cambodia Inter-Censal Population Survey (CIPS), and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from (a) 1962-1998 population reconstructions based on Heuveline, P. (1998). "'Between One and Three Million': Towards the Demographic Reconstruction of a Decade of Cambodian History (1970-79)." Population Studies 52(1):49-65 and Heuveline, P. (2013). "Setting Confidence Intervals on the Death Toll of the Pol-Pot Regime." (under review) ; the (b) the own-children method applied to the 1998 Census, 2003-2004 Socio-Economic Survey, 2004 Inter-Censal Population Survey, 2008 Census; (c) maternity-history data from the 1998 National Health Survey, 2000, 2005 and 2010 Demographic and Health Surveys ; (d) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1962 census, 1995 and 2000 KAP Survey on Fertility and Contraception, 1998 Census ; (e) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these censuses and surveys, as well as from the 1996 Demographic Survey; (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates prior to 1985 are derived from the child mortality rates using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables, and are based on the same data sources as for child mortality from 1985 onward. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on household deaths in the past 12 months from the 1959 rural survey and 2009 census ; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1998 National Health Survey, and 2000, 2005 and 2010 Demographic and Health Surveys, and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, the 1998 census, and 2004 Inter-Censal Population Survey. Data from the 1962 census were also considered. The demographic impact of the Khmer Rouges period is based on the 1962-1998 population reconstructions from Heuveline, P. (1998). "'Between One and Three Million': Towards the Demographic Reconstruction of a Decade of Cambodian History (1970-79)." Population Studies 52(1):49-65 and Heuveline, P. (2013). "Setting Confidence Intervals on the Death Toll of the Pol-Pot Regime." (under review).

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from age and sex-specific mortality rates from: (a) 1950-1955 life tables derived from estimates of child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables ; (b) recent household deaths data from the 1959 rural survey, 2004 Inter-Censal Population Survey and 2008 census; (c) siblings deaths from the 2000, 2005 and 2010 DHS ; (d) the 1962-1998 population reconstructions from Heuveline, P. (1998). "'Between One and Three Million': Towards the Demographic Reconstruction of a Decade of Cambodian History (1970-79)." Population Studies 52(1):49-65 and Heuveline, P. (2013). "Setting Confidence Intervals on the Death Toll of the Pol-Pot Regime." (under review).

International migration: Based on UNHCR data on movements of refugees between Cambodia and neighbouring countries, on assumed emigration levels, and on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1998-2008 period. IOM Review of Labour Migration Dynamics in Cambodia, 2006.

## Cameroon

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 20624
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 43
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 43.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 53.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.3
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.21
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 131
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 52.7
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

CAMEROON


Map Sources: UNCS, OCHA
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Nov 2011.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Cameroon


Cameroon

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 4467 | 6771 | 12070 | 15928 | 18138 | 20624 | 23393 | 26405 | 33074 | 48599 | 68139 | 82393 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 9 | 14 | 25 | 34 | 38 | 43 | 49 | 56 | 70 | 102 | 143 | 173 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 20.3 | 19.1 | 16.8 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 19.0 | 20.7 | 24.8 | 30.5 | 36.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 75.8 | 84.7 | 99.2 | 94.8 | 90.9 | 87.5 | 84.3 | 80.1 | 70.7 | 58.8 | 54.0 | 55.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 69.7 | 77.9 | 92.2 | 88.2 | 84.6 | 81.4 | 78.4 | 74.3 | 64.9 | 50.6 | 39.2 | 32.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.1 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 8.2 | 14.8 | 23.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1

| 1.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.4 | 24.6 | 31.3 | 27.8 | 26.9 | 26.4 | 25.6 | 24.6 | 22.3 | 17.6 | 11.1 | 5.6 |
| 40 | 29 | 23 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 32 | 40 | 63 | 125 |
| 24.7 | 20.2 | 14.4 | 13.8 | 14.0 | 13.2 | 11.9 | 10.6 | 8.6 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 8.7 |
| 170 | 133 | 93 | 88 | 87 | 82 | 74 | 65 | 52 | 33 | 21 | 15 |
| 286 | 225 | 151 | 140 | 138 | 131 | 116 | 101 | 77 | 45 | 27 | 19 |
| 470 | 401 | 320 | 370 | 410 | 391 | 366 | 345 | 286 | 186 | 125 | 93 |
| 38.5 | 44.9 | 53.3 | 52.7 | 51.6 | 52.7 | 54.9 | 57.0 | 61.4 | 68.6 | 73.8 | 77.3 |
| 37.2 | 43.5 | 51.8 | 51.5 | 50.7 | 51.8 | 53.7 | 55.9 | 59.9 | 66.6 | 71.6 | 75.2 |
| 39.9 | 46.2 | 54.8 | 53.9 | 52.5 | 53.7 | 56.0 | 58.2 | 62.9 | 70.6 | 76.0 | 79.4 |
| 42.8 | 46.0 | 50.0 | 48.2 | 46.7 | 47.5 | 48.7 | 49.9 | 52.6 | 57.4 | 61.2 | 64.0 |
| 10.4 | 11.4 | 12.6 | 12.8 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.2 | 13.5 | 14.1 | 15.2 | 16.8 | 18.4 |
| 42.1 | 44.8 | 45.6 | 41.6 | 40.9 | 39.6 | 37.5 | 35.2 | 30.9 | 24.1 | 18.1 | 14.2 |
| 5.49 | 6.08 | 6.60 | 5.77 | 5.49 | 5.21 | 4.81 | 4.45 | 3.82 | 2.96 | 2.38 | 2.05 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.60 | 2.00 | 2.51 | 2.21 | 2.09 | 2.00 | 1.91 | 1.82 | 1.64 | 1.36 | 1.12 | 0.98 |
| 28.6 | 28.6 | 28.5 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 28.3 |
| 983 | 1428 | 2560 | 3104 | 3485 | 3839 | 4124 | 4381 | 4837 | 5611 | 5995 | 5777 |
| 576 | 644 | 806 | 1026 | 1195 | 1283 | 1305 | 1319 | 1341 | 1518 | 2331 | 3514 |
| 407 | 784 | 1754 | 2078 | 2290 | 2557 | 2819 | 3062 | 3496 | 4093 | 3664 | 2263 |
| 0 | - 1 | -65 | - 80 | - 80 | -70 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | - 50 | -25 |  |
| 0.0 | 0.0 | -1.2 | -1.1 | -0.9 | -0.7 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birt (years) ..
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years).. $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Cameroon

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1976, 1987, and 2005 census results, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1978 Cameroon World Fertility Survey (WFS), and the 1991, 1998, 2004 Cameroon Demographic Health Survey (DHS) and the 2011 DHS-MICS; (b) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1960-65 Demographic Survey; (c) the indirect fertility estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1976, 1987 and 2005 censuses and the 2000 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); and (d) the indirect fertility estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 2006 MICS. The application of new estimation methods to existing and/or new data sources results in revising quite substantively the fertility levels in the present assessment.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) published figures from the 1976, 1987 and 2005 Recensement Général de la Population et de l'Habitat (RGPH) du Cameroun, (b) maternity-history data from the 1978 Cameroon World Fertility Survey (WFS), the 1991, 1998, and 2004 Cameroon Demographic and Health Survey (DHS) and the 2011 DHS-MICS, (c) data on children ever born and surviving from the 1978 Cameroon WFS, the 1991, 1998, and 2004 DHS, the 2000 Cameroon MICS, the 2005 RGPH, and the 2011 Cameroon DHS-MICS, and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase..

## Canada

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 34126
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 3
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 16.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 13.5
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 69.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 14.2
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.63
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 6
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 80.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESR
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Canada


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 13737 | 21434 | 27658 | 30697 | 32253 | 34126 | 35871 | 37612 | 40617 | 45228 | 49349 | 50882 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 27.7 | 26.1 | 32.9 | 36.8 | 38.6 | 39.7 | 40.5 | 41.1 | 42.8 | 43.3 | 44.5 | 46.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 59.6 | 61.6 | 46.9 | 46.5 | 44.5 | 44.2 | 48.1 | 53.7 | 65.0 | 70.0 | 73.0 | 81.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 47.4 | 48.7 | 30.4 | 28.1 | 25.5 | 23.7 | 24.4 | 26.0 | 27.6 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 27.7 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 12.3 | 12.9 | 16.5 | 18.4 | 18.9 | 20.4 | 23.7 | 27.7 | 37.4 | 42.0 | 45.1 | 53.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

| 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18.8 | 11.1 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.2 |
| 26 | 41 | 51 | 74 | 70 | 62 | 70 | 73 | 97 | - | - | - |
| 8.6 | 7.4 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 8.5 | 10.5 | 10.0 | 9.9 |
| 39 | 21 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 45 | 25 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 171 | 149 | 105 | 87 | 79 | 75 | 68 | 63 | 54 | 40 | 27 | 17 |
| 68.9 | 72.1 | 76.7 | 78.5 | 79.7 | 80.5 | 81.4 | 82.1 | 83.4 | 85.8 | 88.5 | 91.2 |
| 66.6 | 68.9 | 73.5 | 75.6 | 77.2 | 78.2 | 79.3 | 80.0 | 81.3 | 83.7 | 86.5 | 89.1 |
| 71.5 | 75.6 | 80.1 | 81.3 | 82.1 | 82.8 | 83.5 | 84.2 | 85.5 | 87.8 | 90.6 | 93.3 |
| 57.6 | 59.2 | 62.6 | 64.1 | 65.3 | 66.1 | 66.9 | 67.6 | 68.8 | 71.0 | 73.7 | 76.3 |
| 14.4 | 15.3 | 17.3 | 18.2 | 19.0 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 20.7 | 21.5 | 23.2 | 25.2 | 27.4 |
| 27.4 | 18.5 | 14.1 | 11.6 | 10.6 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.6 | 10.0 |
| 3.65 | 2.61 | 1.62 | 1.56 | 1.52 | 1.63 | 1.66 | 1.70 | 1.76 | 1.83 | 1.87 | 1.89 |
| 106 | 106 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.67 | 1.23 | 0.78 | 0.75 | 0.73 | 0.78 | 0.80 | 0.82 | 0.85 | 0.89 | 0.91 | 0.92 |
| 28.4 | 27.5 | 27.7 | 28.5 | 29.2 | 29.7 | 29.9 | 30.3 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 |
| 2016 | 1897 | 1883 | 1735 | 1660 | 1835 | 1963 | 2073 | 2128 | 2439 | 2601 | 2552 |
| 634 | 760 | 944 | 1094 | 1133 | 1214 | 1318 | 1432 | 1696 | 2355 | 2446 | 2504 |
| 1382 | 1137 | 939 | 641 | 527 | 622 | 645 | 641 | 432 | 84 | 155 | 48 |
| 615 | 609 | 875 | 762 | 1029 | 1252 | 1100 | 1100 | 1000 | 1000 | 500 | 0 |
| 8.4 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 5.1 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 2.0 | 0.0 |

[^20]b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age $60(45 q 15)$.
f The net reproduction rate is expressed as number of daughters per woman and represents the average number of daughters a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Canada

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2012.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2009. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2009 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2012.

## Cape Verde



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Cape Verde


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 178 | 275 | 352 | 442 | 479 | 488 | 508 | 531 | 577 | 636 | 623 | 552 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 44 | 68 | 87 | 110 | 119 | 121 | 126 | 132 | 143 | 158 | 155 | 137 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 23.0 | 15.8 | 17.1 | 18.5 | 20.3 | 22.7 | 25.2 | 27.8 | 33.1 | 41.7 | 48.6 | 50.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 67.3 | 108.8 | 101.6 | 88.9 | 74.5 | 60.2 | 50.3 | 46.6 | 45.7 | 50.4 | 75.4 | 85.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 54.6 | 100.5 | 91.9 | 78.9 | 64.4 | 51.0 | 42.4 | 37.9 | 32.5 | 24.6 | 24.3 | 25.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 12.7 | 8.3 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 9.2 | 7.9 | 8.8 | 13.3 | 25.8 | 51.1 | 60.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population... $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)...

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
1

| 1.9 | 2.6 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.3 | -0.3 | -0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 27.1 | 24.7 | 32.2 | 24.9 | 20.5 | 16.7 | 15.2 | 13.9 | 10.3 | 3.9 | -2.9 | -4.8 |
| 37 | 27 | 57 | 34 | 44 | - | 84 | 78 | 90 | - | - | - |
| 21.8 | 16.6 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 11.9 | 13.7 |
| 132 | 119 | 49 | 36 | 28 | 22 | 17 | 14 | 10 | 7 | 5 |  |
| 197 | 175 | 64 | 44 | 34 | 26 | 20 | 16 | 11 | 8 | 5 |  |
| 393 | 369 | 206 | 166 | 143 | 121 | 104 | 91 | 69 | 46 | 32 | 23 |
| 48.1 | 50.5 | 65.2 | 68.7 | 71.0 | 73.2 | 74.9 | 76.4 | 79.0 | 82.2 | 85.0 | 87.5 |
| 46.9 | 49.1 | 62.7 | 64.7 | 66.8 | 69.1 | 70.9 | 72.6 | 75.6 | 79.4 | 82.3 | 84.7 |
| 49.1 | 51.8 | 67.4 | 72.5 | 74.9 | 77.0 | 78.7 | 80.1 | 82.2 | 85.1 | 87.9 | 90.3 |
| 46.5 | 47.7 | 55.2 | 57.3 | 58.8 | 60.3 | 61.6 | 62.8 | 65.0 | 68.0 | 70.5 | 72.9 |
| 11.3 | 11.6 | 13.2 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 15.3 | 16.1 | 16.8 | 18.2 | 20.3 | 22.2 | 24.1 |
| 48.9 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 31.5 | 26.2 | 21.9 | 20.4 | 18.8 | 15.1 | 10.9 | 9.1 | 9.0 |
| 6.57 | 6.97 | 5.63 | 4.14 | 3.28 | 2.60 | 2.33 | 2.14 | 1.90 | 1.73 | 1.76 | 1.82 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 2.29 | 2.53 | 2.53 | 1.95 | 1.56 | 1.25 | 1.12 | 1.03 | 0.92 | 0.84 | 0.86 | 0.89 |
| 30.5 | 30.5 | 29.6 | 28.6 | 28.2 | 28.4 | 28.2 | 28.0 | 27.6 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| 46 | 53 | 70 | 66 | 60 | 53 | 51 | 49 | 43 | 34 | 28 | 25 |
| 20 | 22 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 22 | 37 | 38 |
| 25 | 32 | 55 | 52 | 47 | 40 | 38 | 36 | 29 | 12 | -9 | -13 |
| -8 | 2 | - 34 | -9 | - 11 | -31 | -17 | - 13 | - 7 | -2 | -1 | 0 |
| -8.5 | 1.4 | -19.9 | -4.5 | -4.7 | -13.0 | -6.9 | -5.0 | -2.6 | -0.7 | -0.4 | 0.0 |

Mean age childbearing (years)
Births and deaths $\qquad$ $\ldots . .$.

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) $\quad-8$
$\begin{array}{lr}1.4 & -19.9\end{array}$
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Cape Verde

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) adjusted data from Vital Registration for age-specific fertility rates for 1979-1990, (b) maternity-history data from the 1998 and 2005 Demographic and Reproductive Health Surveys, and (c) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1980, 1990 and 2000 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) adjusted annual data from Vital Registration from 1995 through 2010, (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1998 and 2005 Demographic and Reproductive Health Surveys, and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1970, 1980 and 2000 censuses.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Official estimates of life expectancy at birth by sex for 1990 and 2000 were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

## Central African Republic



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Central African Republic


Central African Republic

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 1327 | 1829 | 2913 | 3638 | 3961 | 4350 | 4803 | 5286 | 6318 | 8491 | 10714 | 11851 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 10 | 14 | 17 | 19 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 22.5 | 20.1 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 18.7 | 19.3 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 22.7 | 27.6 | 34.0 | 39.6 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 70.3 | 80.9 | 89.9 | 86.1 | 84.6 | 80.3 | 75.4 | 71.1 | 63.5 | 53.2 | 52.0 | 58.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................. | 61.7 | 73.5 | 82.2 | 78.7 | 77.3 | 73.3 | 68.7 | 64.6 | 56.9 | 43.2 | 33.5 | 29.1 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 8.7 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 9.9 | 18.4 | 29.3 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

| 1.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.7 | 19.2 | 23.9 | 20.3 | 19.4 | 18.5 | 19.4 | 19.2 | 17.3 | 13.2 | 6.9 |
| 65 | 34 | 33 | 33 | 41 | 37 | 35 | 36 | 40 | 53 | 101 |
| 31.0 | 24.3 | 18.0 | 19.6 | 19.2 | 17.3 | 15.0 | 13.3 | 10.4 | 7.6 | 8.3 |
| 204 | 160 | 113 | 114 | 112 | 105 | 93 | 84 | 66 | 36 | 20 |
| 341 | 269 | 184 | 186 | 183 | 172 | 150 | 133 | 102 | 50 | 26 |
| 530 | 452 | 422 | 518 | 515 | 467 | 414 | 374 | 302 | 192 | 131 |
| 33.4 | 40.2 | 47.3 | 43.9 | 44.1 | 46.5 | 49.9 | 52.8 | 58.2 | 67.6 | 74.0 |
| 32.0 | 38.5 | 44.8 | 42.1 | 42.6 | 44.8 | 48.0 | 50.7 | 55.8 | 65.0 | 71.3 |
| 34.9 | 41.9 | 49.9 | 45.7 | 45.7 | 48.1 | 51.8 | 54.9 | 60.6 | 70.4 | 76.6 |
| 40.0 | 43.6 | 45.4 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 43.6 | 46.1 | 48.0 | 51.4 | 57.0 | 61.3 |
| 9.5 | 10.6 | 12.2 | 12.2 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 12.7 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 15.1 | 17.2 |
| 41.7 | 43.5 | 41.9 | 39.9 | 38.5 | 35.8 | 34.4 | 32.5 | 27.7 | 20.8 | 15.2 |
| 5.52 | 5.95 | 5.90 | 5.54 | 5.30 | 4.85 | 4.41 | 3.99 | 3.29 | 2.48 | 2.04 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.43 | 1.81 | 2.07 | 1.83 | 1.75 | 1.66 | 1.62 | 1.53 | 1.36 | 1.14 | 0.97 |
| 28.7 | 28.7 | 29.4 | 29.9 | 30.2 | 30.4 | 29.8 | 29.2 | 28.1 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| 284 | 378 | 579 | 690 | 732 | 744 | 787 | 819 | 839 | 853 | 799 |
| 212 | 211 | 249 | 338 | 364 | 360 | 344 | 335 | 316 | 310 | 437 |
| 73 | 167 | 331 | 351 | 368 | 384 | 443 | 483 | 523 | 543 | 363 |
| 0 | 13 | -41 | 11 | -45 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 1.5 | -3.0 | 0.7 | -2.4 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$ $\ldots . . . . . . .$.
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ...........

Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

$$
\text { The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged } 0-14 \text { and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per } 100 \text { persons of working age ( } 15-64 \text { ). }
$$

b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Central African Republic

Total population (2011): (a) Estimated to be consistent with the 1975 census; (b) estimated to be consistent with the 1988 and 2003 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1994-1995 Central African Republic DHS; and (b) estimates from the 1975, 1988, and 2003 censuses; (c) the 1994-1995 DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (1) maternity-history data from the 1994-1995 Central African Republic DHS, (b) estimates from the 1975 and 1988 censuses; (c) estimates in the 2006 and 2010 Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys; (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and implied relationships between life expectancy at birth and estimates of infant and child mortality and between life expectancy at birth and estimates of adult mortality (45q15). The adjusted estimates of $45 q 15$ were derived from (a) household deaths data (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods) from the 1988 Census; (b) estimates using the parental orphanhood from the 1994-95 DHS and the 1988 Census; (c) siblings deaths from the 1994-95 DHS; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for the period of 1988-2000; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR. The refugees in the Central African Republic in 2005 were assumed to leave the country by 2010-2015 and citizens of the Central African Republic recognized as refugees in countries of the region were assumed to return to their country by 2010-2015.

## Chad

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 11721
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 9
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 48.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 48.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.2
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 6.85
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 172
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 48.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of
Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. Final status of the Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. Final status of the

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Chad


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 2502 | 3645 | 5952 | 8301 | 10014 | 11721 | 13606 | 15733 | 20878 | 33516 | 50450 | 63286 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 2 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 16 | 26 | 39 | 49 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 21.6 | 18.6 | 16.3 | 15.5 | 15.4 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.9 | 22.0 | 28.4 | 34.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 72.9 | 86.6 | 102.9 | 107.5 | 107.9 | 105.5 | 101.1 | 96.2 | 84.9 | 64.7 | 52.9 | 52.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 65.4 | 79.7 | 96.3 | 101.6 | 102.4 | 100.4 | 96.3 | 91.4 | 80.3 | 58.9 | 41.8 | 32.7 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 7.5 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 11.1 | 20.1 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortalit
Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1

Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$17
$1.8 \quad 1.9$

95-2000

| 1.8 | 1.9 | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 17.8 | 21.6 | 31.1 | 32.8 | 32.6 | 32.3 | 31.7 | 30.7 | 27.9 | 21.4 | 13.3 | 6.6 |
| 39 | 36 | 23 | 20 | 19 | 22 | 24 | 24 | 25 | 33 | 53 | 106 |
| 28.6 | 24.3 | 19.5 | 18.5 | 17.8 | 16.4 | 14.5 | 12.8 | 10.2 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 8.1 |
| 186 | 160 | 124 | 114 | 110 | 105 | 96 | 87 | 70 | 44 | 26 | 18 |
| 312 | 269 | 207 | 189 | 181 | 172 | 155 | 139 | 109 | 63 | 33 | 22 |
| 499 | 452 | 398 | 435 | 442 | 409 | 381 | 359 | 316 | 212 | 141 | 104 |
| 36.1 | 40.2 | 46.3 | 46.6 | 47.0 | 48.7 | 51.0 | 53.1 | 57.2 | 65.5 | 72.0 | 75.8 |
| 33.4 | 38.8 | 45.2 | 45.6 | 46.3 | 47.9 | 50.1 | 52.2 | 56.1 | 63.9 | 70.0 | 73.8 |
| 38.9 | 41.6 | 47.4 | 47.7 | 47.8 | 49.4 | 51.9 | 54.0 | 58.3 | 67.2 | 74.0 | 77.8 |
| 41.5 | 43.6 | 46.3 | 45.1 | 44.9 | 46.3 | 47.6 | 48.7 | 50.8 | 55.8 | 59.8 | 62.8 |
| 9.9 | 10.6 | 11.7 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 12.8 | 13.4 | 14.6 | 15.9 | 17.6 |
| 46.5 | 45.9 | 50.6 | 51.3 | 50.4 | 48.7 | 46.1 | 43.5 | 38.1 | 28.1 | 19.6 | 14.7 |
| 6.10 | 6.40 | 7.21 | 7.41 | 7.24 | 6.85 | 6.31 | 5.77 | 4.77 | 3.32 | 2.43 | 2.04 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.75 | 1.94 | 2.45 | 2.57 | 2.53 | 2.45 | 2.35 | 2.21 | 1.94 | 1.48 | 1.14 | 0.97 |
| 28.2 | 28.2 | 28.2 | 28.2 | 28.2 | 28.1 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 27.7 | 27.3 | 27.3 | 27.3 |
| 608 | 798 | 1397 | 1959 | 2310 | 2646 | 2920 | 3190 | 3718 | 4477 | 4796 | 4572 |
| 375 | 423 | 538 | 708 | 815 | 890 | 915 | 942 | 995 | 1071 | 1549 | 2524 |
| 234 | 375 | 858 | 1251 | 1494 | 1756 | 2005 | 2248 | 2723 | 3406 | 3247 | 2048 |
| 0 | -41 | 1 | 69 | 219 | - 50 | - 120 | - 120 | -30 | -30 | - 15 | 0 |
| 0.0 | -2.4 | 0.1 | 1.8 | 4.8 | -0.9 | -1.9 | -1.6 | -0.3 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

## Mean age chil ths and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
1.9

## Births minus deaths (thousands) <br> $\qquad$

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Chad

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1964 Demographic Survey, 1993 census, 2004 Demographic Health Survey, and 2009 census, adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1996-1997 and 2004 Chad Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), and 2010 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); (b) number of births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1964 Demographic Survey and 1993 Census; and (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1964 Demographic Survey, the 1993 and 2009 censuses, the 2000 and 2010 MICS, and the 2003 World Health Survey (WHS); (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses. The application of new estimation methods to existing and/or new data sources results in revising quite substantively the fertility levels in the present assessment.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1996-1997 and 2004 Chad Demographic and Health Survey (DHS); (b) data on children ever born and surviving from the 1996-1997 and 2004 Chad DHS and the 2000 and 2010 Chad Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

## Channel Islands



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Channel Islands


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 102 | 121 | 141 | 149 | 154 | 160 | 164 | 167 | 174 | 179 | 176 | 165 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 524 | 622 | 721 | 763 | 791 | 818 | 839 | 858 | 890 | 918 | 903 | 848 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 35.7 | 35.2 | 36.0 | 38.1 | 39.6 | 41.2 | 42.6 | 43.9 | 46.0 | 47.6 | 48.2 | 50.5 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 50.6 | 55.2 | 44.3 | 46.0 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 46.9 | 50.1 | 59.8 | 71.9 | 76.9 | 86.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 32.2 | 33.6 | 23.3 | 25.1 | 23.6 | 22.2 | 21.6 | 21.5 | 22.1 | 23.6 | 24.5 | 24.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 18.4 | 21.6 | 21.1 | 20.9 | 21.6 | 23.0 | 25.3 | 28.6 | 37.7 | 48.3 | 52.4 | 61.1 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0.7

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male expectancy at
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ... $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman).. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
0

| 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -0.1 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.3 | 3.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | -0.8 | -3.5 | -3.3 | -3.5 |
| 107 | 66 | 70 | 109 | 95 | 105 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 12.3 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.1 |
| 32 | 25 | 16 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 40 | 30 | 19 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 8 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| 164 | 138 | 103 | 82 | 71 | 61 | 56 | 52 | 44 | 33 | 22 | 14 |
| 69.2 | 71.6 | 74.9 | 77.0 | 78.3 | 79.5 | 80.2 | 81.0 | 82.3 | 84.6 | 87.4 | 90.2 |
| 66.6 | 68.5 | 72.1 | 74.5 | 76.0 | 77.3 | 78.2 | 79.1 | 80.6 | 82.9 | 85.7 | 88.5 |
| 71.7 | 74.7 | 77.8 | 79.5 | 80.5 | 81.6 | 82.2 | 82.8 | 84.0 | 86.3 | 89.1 | 91.9 |
| 57.5 | 59.1 | 61.6 | 63.2 | 64.3 | 65.4 | 66.1 | 66.8 | 68.0 | 70.2 | 72.8 | 75.5 |
| 13.9 | 14.7 | 15.9 | 16.9 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 18.8 | 19.3 | 20.2 | 21.9 | 24.1 | 26.3 |
| 14.6 | 16.0 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 10.0 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.6 |
| 2.06 | 2.36 | 1.45 | 1.40 | 1.41 | 1.42 | 1.46 | 1.49 | 1.54 | 1.62 | 1.68 | 1.72 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 0.95 | 1.11 | 0.69 | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.71 | 0.74 | 0.78 | 0.81 | 0.83 |
| 28.2 | 28.2 | 28.7 | 29.6 | 29.8 | 30.0 | 30.3 | 30.5 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 |
| 8 | 9 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| 6 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 11 | 11 | 10 |
| 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | -1 | -3 | -3 | - 3 |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 2 | 0 |
| 4.2 | 6.6 | 8.9 | 5.2 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 0.0 |

a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Channel Islands

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census, with official population estimates for 2011, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on registered births classified by age of mother through 2000 for Guernsey and through 1994 for Jersey.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2000 for Guernsey and through 1994 for Jersey, and (b) the child mortality of UK.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) a life table for 1989-1993 derived from registered deaths by age and sex and the underlying population, (b) registered deaths through 2000 for Guernsey and through 1994 for Jersey, and (c) the death rates of UK.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase between 1950 and 2010.

## Chile



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Chile


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) | 6082 | 9579 | 13214 | 15454 | 16338 | 17151 | 17924 | 18645 | 19815 | 20839 | 20228 | 18843 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 8 | 13 | 17 | 20 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 28 | 27 | 25 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 22.2 | 20.2 | 25.6 | 28.7 | 30.5 | 32.1 | 33.7 | 35.5 | 39.5 | 45.4 | 48.9 | 49.8 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 69.4 | 81.1 | 56.5 | 53.9 | 49.1 | 45.6 | 45.2 | 47.0 | 55.1 | 66.5 | 83.4 | 89.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 62.2 | 71.9 | 46.9 | 42.8 | 37.1 | 32.2 | 29.9 | 28.8 | 27.7 | 25.6 | 26.3 | 27.0 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 7.2 | 9.2 | 9.6 | 11.2 | 12.0 | 13.4 | 15.3 | 18.1 | 27.3 | 40.9 | 57.1 | 62.9 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

Population doubling time (years) (d) .......................
2.

| 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 0.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22.6 | 21.0 | 17.8 | 12.8 | 10.7 | 9.4 | 8.5 | 7.6 | 5.1 | 0.7 | -2.1 | -2.7 |
| 33 | 34 | 41 | 51 | 63 | 72 | 79 | 88 | 128 | - | - |  |
| 13.5 | 10.3 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 9.4 | 11.5 | 12.0 |
| 120 | 89 | 18 | 11 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 155 | 106 | 22 | 14 | 10 | 9 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 315 | 270 | 149 | 118 | 102 | 96 | 86 | 76 | 63 | 45 | 29 | 18 |
| 54.8 | 60.6 | 72.8 | 75.8 | 77.9 | 78.6 | 79.9 | 81.0 | 82.8 | 85.7 | 88.8 | 91.6 |
| 52.9 | 57.6 | 69.6 | 72.8 | 74.8 | 75.5 | 77.0 | 78.3 | 80.2 | 83.1 | 86.2 | 89.1 |
| 56.8 | 63.8 | 75.9 | 78.8 | 80.8 | 81.5 | 82.6 | 83.6 | 85.3 | 88.2 | 91.3 | 94.2 |
| 50.7 | 53.3 | 59.6 | 62.1 | 63.8 | 64.4 | 65.5 | 66.6 | 68.3 | 71.0 | 74.0 | 76.8 |
| 12.8 | 13.6 | 15.8 | 17.3 | 18.5 | 18.9 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 21.5 | 23.4 | 25.7 | 27.9 |
| 36.1 | 31.3 | 23.6 | 18.0 | 15.8 | 14.7 | 14.0 | 13.3 | 11.8 | 10.2 | 9.4 | 9.3 |
| 4.95 | 4.44 | 2.65 | 2.21 | 2.00 | 1.90 | 1.83 | 1.79 | 1.77 | 1.80 | 1.84 | 1.87 |
| 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| 1.92 | 1.90 | 1.26 | 1.06 | 0.97 | 0.92 | 0.89 | 0.87 | 0.86 | 0.88 | 0.90 | 0.92 |
| 29.7 | 28.9 | 27.3 | 27.4 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 |
| 1159 | 1428 | 1496 | 1348 | 1252 | 1233 | 1227 | 1217 | 1149 | 1055 | 954 | 880 |
| 434 | 470 | 369 | 394 | 398 | 450 | 484 | 526 | 649 | 979 | 1171 | 1138 |
| 725 | 958 | 1127 | 954 | 853 | 783 | 743 | 691 | 500 | 76 | -216 | -257 |
| - 40 | - 33 | -40 | 60 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 0 | 0 |
| -1.3 | -0.7 | -0.6 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birt (years) ..
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$ ........ Lifity

## ility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$

1348
394
954

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)

## The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).

b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Chile

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1952, 1960, 1970, 1982, 1992, 2002 and 2012 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2009 classified by age of mother; (b) data from the 2002 census on births in the 12 months preceding enumeration classified by age of mother; and (c) official estimates through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2011 and censuses; and (b) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) estimated life tables derived from registered deaths by age and sex through 2009; and (b) estimates from the 1992 and 2002 censuses.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during each intercensal period and on foreign-born statistics in other countries. Statistics of Chileans living oversees from the 2000 census round were also considered and levels adjusted accordingly.

## China



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

China


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 543776 | 814378 | 1165429 | 1280429 | 1318177 | 1359821 | 1401587 | 1432868 | 1453297 | 1384977 | 1205812 | 1085631 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............. | 57 | 85 | 121 | 133 | 137 | 142 | 146 | 149 | 151 | 144 | 126 | 113 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 23.7 | 19.4 | 24.8 | 29.6 | 32.2 | 34.6 | 36.0 | 37.7 | 42.1 | 46.3 | 47.1 | 46.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 63.3 | 79.3 | 54.0 | 48.1 | 39.2 | 36.0 | 38.2 | 42.7 | 47.2 | 63.0 | 71.6 | 76.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 56.0 | 72.2 | 45.1 | 37.9 | 28.6 | 24.7 | 25.1 | 26.0 | 23.4 | 24.0 | 25.4 | 26.8 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 7.3 | 7.1 | 8.9 | 10.2 | 10.7 | 11.4 | 13.1 | 16.7 | 23.8 | 39.0 | 46.2 | 49.8 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
,

Mortalit
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e) $\qquad$

| 2.0 | 2.7 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.1 | -0.4 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2.0 .6 | 27.0 | 18.6 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 4.6 | 0.8 | -4.0 |
| 35 | 26 | 38 | 102 | 120 | 112 | 115 | - | - | -5.6 |

Life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$

| 22,2 |
| ---: |
| 122 |
| 200 |
| 4 |
| 4 |
|  |

Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
6

Net reproduction rate (f) ..........................................

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
142872

Births minus deaths (thousands) $\qquad$ 57385

## 40028

39114
85993
42489
43504



86273
53492
32781
71309
65495
581
66904
59173
54271

International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
18851

[^21]b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## China

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with all the censuses up to 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 1990, and on adjusted official estimates of total fertility for 1991-2010. Adjustments are made according to comparisons of the 2000 and 2010 censuses. Researches using additional information on education, immunization, or policy information are taken as reference. Studies using additional assumptions are also considered.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2000, and on survival ratios at ages older than 30 years between the censuses of 2000 and 2010. Selected studies of mortality change before 1982 are taken as reference.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2000, and on survival ratios at ages older than 30 years between the censuses of 2000 and 2010. Selected studies of mortality change before 1982 are taken as reference.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010, and on the numbers of international migration admitted by the main receiving countries.

## China, Hong Kong SAR



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

China, Hong Kong SAR


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 1974 | 3958 | 5794 | 6835 | 6897 | 7050 | 7314 | 7550 | 7885 | 8004 | 7497 | 6876 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 1796 | 3602 | 5272 | 6220 | 6275 | 6414 | 6655 | 6869 | 7175 | 7283 | 6822 | 6256 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 23.7 | 21.2 | 30.9 | 36.5 | 39.2 | 41.1 | 43.2 | 45.3 | 49.0 | 53.9 | 52.6 | 52.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 48.9 | 69.5 | 43.2 | 39.4 | 35.8 | 33.4 | 36.5 | 44.4 | 64.3 | 88.4 | 88.9 | 99.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 45.2 | 62.8 | 30.8 | 24.1 | 19.3 | 16.2 | 16.0 | 18.1 | 20.7 | 21.4 | 23.2 | 25.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 3.7 | 6.7 | 12.5 | 15.3 | 16.5 | 17.2 | 20.5 | 26.3 | 43.6 | 67.0 | 65.6 | 73.9 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
4.6

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population... $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$

| 4.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31.4 | 17.2 | 7.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.3 | -0.2 | -4.0 | -5.6 | -3.6 |
| 15 | 86 | 52 | 33 | - | - | 95 | 110 | - | - | - | - |
| 7.6 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 7.9 | 11.8 | 13.4 | 11.7 |
| 62 | 25 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 87 | 32 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 227 | 161 | 102 | 79 | 66 | 57 | 51 | 46 | 37 | 28 | 18 | 12 |
| 63.2 | 70.9 | 76.9 | 79.4 | 81.3 | 82.4 | 83.3 | 84.2 | 85.9 | 89.0 | 92.1 | 94.9 |
| 59.0 | 67.0 | 73.9 | 76.6 | 78.5 | 79.4 | 80.3 | 81.2 | 82.8 | 85.7 | 88.9 | 91.9 |
| 66.4 | 74.1 | 80.1 | 82.3 | 84.3 | 85.4 | 86.4 | 87.2 | 88.8 | 91.7 | 95.0 | 98.0 |
| 54.7 | 58.6 | 62.8 | 64.9 | 66.7 | 67.7 | 68.6 | 69.5 | 71.1 | 74.2 | 77.3 | 80.1 |
| 13.4 | 15.2 | 17.3 | 18.5 | 20.0 | 20.5 | 21.2 | 21.8 | 23.1 | 25.7 | 28.4 | 30.9 |
| 39.0 | 22.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.1 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.1 |
| 4.44 | 3.65 | 1.36 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 1.03 | 1.13 | 1.21 | 1.36 | 1.55 | 1.68 | 1.75 |
| 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 1.92 | 1.69 | 0.65 | 0.42 | 0.46 | 0.49 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.65 | 0.75 | 0.81 | 0.85 |
| 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.8 | 30.4 | 31.1 | 31.6 | 31.8 | 31.9 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| 435 | 429 | 367 | 262 | 291 | 312 | 338 | 336 | 301 | 316 | 297 | 281 |
| 85 | 95 | 147 | 172 | 188 | 203 | 224 | 250 | 309 | 474 | 508 | 407 |
| 350 | 334 | 219 | 90 | 103 | 108 | 114 | 86 | -8 | - 158 | -211 | - 126 |
| 166 | -178 | 160 | 601 | -41 | 45 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 75 | 0 |
| 14.9 | -9.2 | 5.7 | 18.5 | -1.2 | 1.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 0.0 |


| 4.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31.4 | 17.2 | 7.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 2.3 | -0.2 | -4.0 | -5.6 | -3.6 |
| 15 | 86 | 52 | 33 | - | - | 95 | 110 | - | - | - | - |
| 7.6 | 4.9 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 7.9 | 11.8 | 13.4 | 11.7 |
| 62 | 25 | 7 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 87 | 32 | 9 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 227 | 161 | 102 | 79 | 66 | 57 | 51 | 46 | 37 | 28 | 18 | 12 |
| 63.2 | 70.9 | 76.9 | 79.4 | 81.3 | 82.4 | 83.3 | 84.2 | 85.9 | 89.0 | 92.1 | 94.9 |
| 59.0 | 67.0 | 73.9 | 76.6 | 78.5 | 79.4 | 80.3 | 81.2 | 82.8 | 85.7 | 88.9 | 91.9 |
| 66.4 | 74.1 | 80.1 | 82.3 | 84.3 | 85.4 | 86.4 | 87.2 | 88.8 | 91.7 | 95.0 | 98.0 |
| 54.7 | 58.6 | 62.8 | 64.9 | 66.7 | 67.7 | 68.6 | 69.5 | 71.1 | 74.2 | 77.3 | 80.1 |
| 13.4 | 15.2 | 17.3 | 18.5 | 20.0 | 20.5 | 21.2 | 21.8 | 23.1 | 25.7 | 28.4 | 30.9 |
| 39.0 | 22.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 9.4 | 9.1 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.1 |
| 4.44 | 3.65 | 1.36 | 0.87 | 0.96 | 1.03 | 1.13 | 1.21 | 1.36 | 1.55 | 1.68 | 1.75 |
| 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 1.92 | 1.69 | 0.65 | 0.42 | 0.46 | 0.49 | 0.54 | 0.58 | 0.65 | 0.75 | 0.81 | 0.85 |
| 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.8 | 30.4 | 31.1 | 31.6 | 31.8 | 31.9 | 32.0 | 32.0 | 32.0 |
| 435 | 429 | 367 | 262 | 291 | 312 | 338 | 336 | 301 | 316 | 297 | 281 |
| 85 | 95 | 147 | 172 | 188 | 203 | 224 | 250 | 309 | 474 | 508 | 407 |
| 350 | 334 | 219 | 90 | 103 | 108 | 114 | 86 | -8 | - 158 | -211 | - 126 |
| 166 | -178 | 160 | 601 | -41 | 45 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 75 | 0 |
| 14.9 | -9.2 | 5.7 | 18.5 | -1.2 | 1.3 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.0 | 0.0 |

2.1
0.2
0.4
0.7

- 0.6
$\begin{array}{ll}030 & 2045-2050 \\ 0.4\end{array}$

Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) ..........................................
Mean age childbearing (years).
$\qquad$

$435 \quad 4$

Number of deaths (thousands)
$\qquad$
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) 0.0
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## China, Hong Kong SAR

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2008.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life expectancy through 2008.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy through 2008.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

## China, Macao SAR



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

China, Macao SAR


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 196 | 251 | 360 | 432 | 468 | 535 | 584 | 626 | 702 | 797 | 839 | 818 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 7557 | 9654 | 13836 | 16612 | 18006 | 20563 | 22478 | 24095 | 26983 | 30651 | 32257 | 31463 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 26.5 | 19.2 | 28.9 | 33.1 | 35.1 | 36.5 | 38.1 | 39.7 | 44.3 | 49.1 | 48.6 | 49.6 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 42.8 | 81.8 | 47.2 | 43.3 | 32.6 | 24.9 | 27.5 | 35.3 | 51.6 | 68.5 | 77.3 | 87.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 38.5 | 70.1 | 37.3 | 32.7 | 22.9 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 18.9 | 21.7 | 22.0 | 24.8 | 26.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 4.3 | 11.7 | 9.9 | 10.6 | 9.7 | 9.0 | 11.5 | 16.4 | 29.9 | 46.5 | 52.5 | 61.2 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-1.6

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman).. $\qquad$ ...................
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
-1.6

| -1.6 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.0 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 23.6 | 7.0 | 15.9 | 6.4 | 2.8 | 4.1 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 2.9 | -1.2 | -3.0 | -1.3 |
| - | 18 | 18 | 43 | 43 | 26 | 39 | 50 | 68 | 134 | - | - |
| 10.4 | 6.8 | 6.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.9 | 10.2 | 12.1 | 10.5 |
| 66 | 35 | 13 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |  |
| 90 | 46 | 18 | 11 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |
| 249 | 180 | 113 | 90 | 79 | 69 | 60 | 52 | 41 | 28 | 18 | 11 |
| 61.1 | 68.3 | 74.7 | 77.1 | 78.1 | 79.2 | 80.3 | 81.3 | 83.0 | 85.9 | 89.0 | 91.8 |
| 59.4 | 66.1 | 72.4 | 74.8 | 75.8 | 76.8 | 78.1 | 79.3 | 81.0 | 83.8 | 87.0 | 89.9 |
| 62.4 | 70.0 | 77.0 | 79.5 | 80.6 | 81.6 | 82.5 | 83.4 | 85.0 | 87.8 | 90.9 | 93.8 |
| 53.0 | 57.0 | 61.3 | 63.1 | 64.0 | 64.8 | 65.8 | 66.8 | 68.3 | 71.1 | 74.1 | 77.0 |
| 12.5 | 14.1 | 16.0 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 18.0 | 18.6 | 19.2 | 20.4 | 22.6 | 25.1 | 27.7 |
| 34.0 | 13.8 | 21.9 | 11.3 | 7.7 | 8.8 | 10.1 | 10.5 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 9.2 |
| 4.39 | 2.74 | 1.94 | 1.12 | 0.83 | 0.94 | 1.07 | 1.19 | 1.37 | 1.61 | 1.75 | 1.81 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.85 | 1.24 | 0.92 | 0.54 | 0.40 | 0.45 | 0.52 | 0.57 | 0.67 | 0.78 | 0.85 | 0.88 |
| 30.3 | 31.4 | 29.2 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 30.0 | 30.5 | 30.6 | 30.8 | 31.2 | 31.5 | 31.7 |
| 32 | 16 | 36 | 23 | 17 | 22 | 28 | 32 | 30 | 36 | 38 | 38 |
| 10 | 8 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 15 | 20 | 40 | 51 | 43 |
| 22 | 8 | 26 | 13 | 6 | 10 | 15 | 17 | 10 | - 5 | - 12 | -5 |
| - 37 | 36 | 37 | 20 | 30 | 56 | 35 | 25 | 25 | 25 | 13 |  |
| -39.5 | 31.5 | 22.8 | 9.7 | 13.3 | 22.5 | 12.5 | 8.3 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 3.0 | 0.0 |

Mean age childbearing (years)
Births and deaths $\qquad$
Number of births (thousands) $\qquad$
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) -39.5

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## China, Macao SAR

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life expectancy through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy through 2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.
2010
Total population (thousands) ................................. 46445
Population density (persons per square km)........... 41
Percentage of population under age 15 ................... 28.8
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 18.3
Percentage of population age 15-64....................... 65.6
Percentage of population aged 65+........................ 5.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 1.5
Total fertility (children per woman)....................... 2.45
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 26
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 72.9

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

COLOMBIA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Colombia


Colombia

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 12000 | 21345 | 33307 | 39898 | 43184 | 46445 | 49529 | 52379 | 57219 | 62942 | 63666 | 60223 |
| Population density (persons per square km)............ | 11 | 19 | 29 | 35 | 38 | 41 | 43 | 46 | 50 | 55 | 56 | 53 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.7 | 16.9 | 21.5 | 23.8 | 25.2 | 26.8 | 28.3 | 30.0 | 33.4 | 39.6 | 45.2 | 47.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 85.4 | 97.1 | 69.0 | 60.2 | 55.9 | 52.4 | 50.6 | 50.1 | 50.8 | 56.4 | 69.5 | 79.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 79.1 | 90.4 | 61.8 | 52.6 | 48.0 | 43.8 | 40.7 | 38.1 | 33.5 | 28.1 | 26.3 | 26.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.3 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 10.0 | 12.1 | 17.4 | 28.3 | 43.2 | 53.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2.8

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
2
30
2

| 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30.6 | 30.7 | 21.9 | 18.2 | 16.4 | 15.1 | 13.4 | 11.7 | 8.5 | 3.3 | -0.8 | -2.8 |
| 25 | 25 | 34 | 40 | 44 | 48 | 54 | 62 | 86 | - | - |  |
| 16.5 | 10.0 | 6.3 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 6.4 | 8.5 | 10.9 | 12.4 |
| 123 | 82 | 35 | 24 | 20 | 19 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 4 |  |
| 189 | 115 | 49 | 33 | 29 | 26 | 23 | 19 | 14 | 8 | 5 |  |
| 327 | 244 | 194 | 179 | 166 | 152 | 145 | 135 | 117 | 82 | 54 | 3 |
| 50.6 | 60.1 | 68.0 | 70.3 | 71.7 | 72.9 | 73.9 | 75.0 | 76.9 | 80.6 | 83.9 | 86.8 |
| 49.0 | 58.3 | 64.5 | 66.5 | 68.0 | 69.2 | 70.3 | 71.4 | 73.6 | 77.9 | 81.5 | 84.4 |
| 52.3 | 61.8 | 71.7 | 74.2 | 75.4 | 76.6 | 77.6 | 78.6 | 80.2 | 83.2 | 86.3 | 89.2 |
| 49.0 | 53.7 | 56.8 | 58.0 | 59.1 | 60.1 | 60.9 | 61.6 | 63.2 | 66.4 | 69.5 | 72.2 |
| 11.6 | 13.2 | 15.0 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 17.0 | 17.5 | 17.9 | 18.7 | 20.4 | 22.3 | 24.1 |
| 47.1 | 40.8 | 28.1 | 24.0 | 22.0 | 20.6 | 18.9 | 17.4 | 14.9 | 11.8 | 10.1 | 9.6 |
| 6.76 | 6.18 | 3.24 | 2.75 | 2.55 | 2.45 | 2.30 | 2.17 | 1.97 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1.84 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.44 | 2.56 | 1.49 | 1.28 | 1.20 | 1.15 | 1.09 | 1.03 | 0.94 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 0.90 |
| 29.6 | 29.3 | 27.9 | 27.0 | 26.6 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 27.1 | 27.2 | 27.2 | 27.3 |
| 042 | 4066 | 4456 | 4581 | 4566 | 4616 | 4544 | 4433 | 4174 | 3693 | 3232 | 2913 |
| 064 | 1001 | 991 | 1107 | 1159 | 1235 | 1339 | 1463 | 1790 | 2649 | 3474 | 3748 |
| 978 | 3066 | 3465 | 3474 | 3406 | 3381 | 3204 | 2970 | 2385 | 1044 | -243 | -835 |
| 150 | -280 | -235 | -150 | - 120 | - 120 | - 120 | - 120 | - 120 | - 120 | -60 |  |
| -2.3 | -2.8 | -1.5 | -0.8 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
3

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

[^22]$b$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Colombia

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1951, 1964, 1973, 1985, 1993 and 2005 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1986, 1990, 1995, 2000, 2005, and 2010 Colombia DHS; and (b) data on births in the preceding 12 months, classified by age of mother, from the 2005 census results.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1986, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2010 Colombia DHS; (b) births and infant deaths registered in 1992-2010; (c) indirect estimates from the censuses; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex for 1990-1995 adjusted for underregistration by the growth-balance equation method and the 1993 and 2005 census population by age and sex; (b) official estimates of infant and child mortality; and (c) adult mortality from the DHS were also considered.

International migration: Based on the number of Colombians reported by the 1990 and 2000 censuses of Venezuela and the United States of America and the 2000 census of Spain as well as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during each intercensal period.

## Comoros

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 683
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 367
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 42.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 54.9
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.9
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.08
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 100
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 59.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, The Times Atlas of the World ndorsement and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Comoros


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) | 156 | 232 | 413 | 528 | 601 | 683 | 770 | 860 | 1057 | 1508 | 2078 | 2538 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 84 | 125 | 222 | 284 | 323 | 367 | 414 | 462 | 568 | 810 | 1117 | 1364 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 21.2 | 17.5 | 17.3 | 18.6 | 19.0 | 19.1 | 19.1 | 19.7 | 21.5 | 24.6 | 29.1 | 33.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 71.3 | 92.4 | 93.5 | 80.6 | 80.3 | 82.2 | 80.2 | 75.6 | 67.6 | 60.5 | 53.9 | 51.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 64.8 | 86.5 | 87.3 | 75.0 | 74.9 | 76.9 | 75.1 | 70.2 | 61.3 | 51.8 | 41.7 | 34.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.5 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 8.7 | 12.2 | 17.2 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2

Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman).. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$

| 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.1 | 0.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21.4 | 26.7 | 28.0 | 27.5 | 29.2 | 28.8 | 26.7 | 24.5 | 22.4 | 16.9 | 11.4 | 6.3 |
| 33 | 32 | 27 | 28 | 27 | 27 | 29 | 32 | 34 | 45 | 64 | 111 |
| 23.6 | 18.8 | 12.3 | 10.7 | 10.2 | 9.6 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 8.2 | 9.5 |
| 178 | 141 | 95 | 83 | 78 | 72 | 67 | 63 | 55 | 43 | 31 | 21 |
| 267 | 211 | 136 | 118 | 109 | 100 | 92 | 85 | 73 | 54 | 37 | 25 |
| 478 | 411 | 321 | 295 | 282 | 270 | 257 | 246 | 227 | 195 | 160 | 127 |
| 40.7 | 46.5 | 55.0 | 57.3 | 58.5 | 59.7 | 60.8 | 61.8 | 63.6 | 66.5 | 69.6 | 72.5 |
| 39.5 | 45.0 | 53.0 | 55.7 | 57.0 | 58.3 | 59.4 | 60.3 | 62.0 | 64.6 | 67.4 | 70.1 |
| 42.0 | 48.0 | 57.0 | 59.0 | 60.0 | 61.0 | 62.2 | 63.3 | 65.2 | 68.4 | 71.8 | 75.0 |
| 42.7 | 45.7 | 49.9 | 51.1 | 51.7 | 52.2 | 52.8 | 53.3 | 54.3 | 55.8 | 57.6 | 59.6 |
| 10.4 | 11.1 | 12.0 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.9 | 14.8 |
| 45.0 | 45.5 | 40.3 | 38.3 | 39.5 | 38.3 | 35.5 | 32.7 | 30.2 | 24.5 | 19.6 | 15.8 |
| 6.00 | 7.05 | 6.00 | 5.30 | 5.30 | 5.08 | 4.74 | 4.43 | 3.90 | 3.13 | 2.55 | 2.17 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.81 | 2.38 | 2.34 | 2.13 | 2.16 | 2.10 | 1.99 | 1.89 | 1.70 | 1.41 | 1.19 | 1.03 |
| 30.4 | 30.4 | 30.4 | 30.2 | 29.9 | 29.6 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 28.6 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.3 |
| 37 | 50 | 78 | 95 | 111 | 123 | 129 | 133 | 152 | 178 | 198 | 197 |
| 20 | 21 | 24 | 27 | 29 | 31 | 32 | 34 | 39 | 55 | 83 | 119 |
| 18 | 29 | 54 | 68 | 82 | 92 | 97 | 100 | 113 | 123 | 115 | 78 |
| 0 | -6 | - 5 | -6 | - 10 | - 10 | -10 | - 10 | -10 | -10 | - 5 | 0 |
| 0.0 | -5.0 | -2.3 | -2.4 | -3.5 | -3.1 | -2.8 | -2.5 | -2.0 | -1.4 | -0.5 | 0.0 |

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands)
.........
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) ......................................
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b
c
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Comoros

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2003 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2003, and on the 1996 Comoros DHS estimates of total fertility.

Infant and child mortality: Based on estimates of UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality of UNICEF as published in 2012, and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on information on migrants from the Comoros in Réunion.

## Congo

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 4112
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 12
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 42.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 54.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.10
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 114
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 55.7
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Nov 2011.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Congo


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 808 | 1335 | 2383 | 3126 | 3543 | 4112 | 4671 | 5268 | 6754 | 10577 | 16159 | 21322 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 2 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 15 | 20 | 31 | 47 | 62 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 20.0 | 18.3 | 17.9 | 18.8 | 18.8 | 18.9 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 20.1 | 23.1 | 27.9 | 33.2 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 77.2 | 89.9 | 90.1 | 83.5 | 84.2 | 83.9 | 84.8 | 83.0 | 74.7 | 66.7 | 57.9 | 56.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 71.1 | 82.7 | 83.0 | 76.9 | 77.8 | 77.7 | 78.6 | 76.6 | 68.1 | 57.7 | 44.9 | 36.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.2 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.6 | 9.0 | 13.0 | 20.1 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

| 2.1 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21.4 | 28.4 | 27.2 | 25.3 | 25.8 | 27.1 | 27.5 | 25.8 | 24.6 | 20.5 | 14.6 | 8.9 |
| 33 | 25 | 26 | 25 | 28 | 24 | 28 | 29 | 28 | 34 | 48 | 79 |
| 20.9 | 14.8 | 11.8 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 11.9 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 7.8 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 7.3 |
| 142 | 97 | 76 | 79 | 80 | 73 | 64 | 57 | 45 | 29 | 19 | 14 |
| 240 | 158 | 120 | 125 | 126 | 114 | 97 | 85 | 64 | 38 | 25 | 18 |
| 419 | 326 | 314 | 412 | 398 | 344 | 304 | 289 | 247 | 171 | 127 | 95 |
| 43.2 | 52.5 | 56.3 | 52.5 | 52.8 | 55.7 | 58.6 | 60.4 | 64.0 | 70.1 | 74.3 | 77.7 |
| 42.3 | 51.0 | 54.7 | 51.3 | 51.8 | 54.4 | 57.2 | 58.9 | 62.4 | 68.1 | 72.3 | 75.6 |
| 44.1 | 54.0 | 58.0 | 53.6 | 53.9 | 56.9 | 60.1 | 61.9 | 65.7 | 72.1 | 76.4 | 79.8 |
| 45.2 | 49.6 | 50.7 | 46.8 | 47.4 | 49.6 | 51.5 | 52.3 | 54.4 | 58.4 | 61.6 | 64.4 |
| 11.1 | 12.5 | 13.2 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 15.6 | 17.2 | 18.8 |
| 42.2 | 43.1 | 39.0 | 38.9 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 37.9 | 35.2 | 32.4 | 26.7 | 20.7 | 16.2 |
| 5.68 | 6.19 | 5.55 | 5.15 | 5.13 | 5.10 | 5.00 | 4.69 | 4.12 | 3.26 | 2.63 | 2.23 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.79 | 2.31 | 2.21 | 1.98 | 1.98 | 2.03 | 2.07 | 1.99 | 1.82 | 1.52 | 1.24 | 1.07 |
| 29.4 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 29.0 | 28.9 | 28.7 | 28.5 | 28.2 | 27.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| 180 | 269 | 435 | 569 | 655 | 747 | 832 | 874 | 1031 | 1342 | 1614 | 1688 |
| 89 | 92 | 132 | 199 | 225 | 228 | 227 | 232 | 247 | 309 | 478 | 765 |
| 91 | 177 | 303 | 370 | 430 | 519 | 605 | 642 | 784 | 1033 | 1136 | 923 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 | 35 | - 13 | 50 | - 45 | -45 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 2.4 | -0.8 | 2.6 | -2.1 | -1.8 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

[^23]
## Congo

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1974, 1984 and 2007 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. The total population from the 1996 census was also taken into consideration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1974 and 1984 censuses, (b) maternity-history data from the 2005 and 2011 Congo DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1974 census, and (b) maternity-history data and data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2005 Congo DHS. Preliminary estimates of child mortality from the 2011 DHS were considered. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

## Costa Rica

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 4670
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 91
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 24.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.6
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 6.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.92
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 12
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 78.8
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
COSTA RICA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Costa Rica



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) | 966 | 1822 | 3079 | 3930 | 4320 | 4670 | 5002 | 5295 | 5760 | 6189 | 5949 | 5316 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............ | 19 | 36 | 60 | 77 | 85 | 91 | 98 | 104 | 113 | 121 | 116 | 104 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 21.6 | 17.4 | 22.6 | 24.8 | 26.4 | 28.4 | 30.6 | 32.9 | 37.6 | 45.4 | 50.5 | 51.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 76.4 | 97.8 | 69.0 | 58.5 | 51.0 | 45.8 | 43.2 | 43.0 | 47.7 | 60.9 | 85.2 | 91.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 67.9 | 88.6 | 60.5 | 49.9 | 42.2 | 36.3 | 32.5 | 29.8 | 26.9 | 23.8 | 25.0 | 26.1 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 8.5 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 9.5 | 10.8 | 13.2 | 20.8 | 37.1 | 60.2 | 65.7 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

Population doubling time (years) (d)
3

| 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.2 | -0.3 | -0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 31.2 | 28.1 | 24.6 | 17.5 | 14.9 | 12.2 | 11.1 | 9.7 | 6.7 | 1.4 | -3.4 | -4.5 |
| 23 | 25 | 27 | 29 | 37 | 45 | 51 | 61 | 93 | - | - | - |
| 13.5 | 8.2 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 8.3 | 12.1 | 13.3 |
| 94 | 68 | 17 | 12 | 10 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| 143 | 87 | 20 | 14 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| 261 | 173 | 109 | 101 | 95 | 90 | 82 | 74 | 62 | 46 | 31 | 20 |
| 57.3 | 65.6 | 75.1 | 77.3 | 78.1 | 78.8 | 79.8 | 80.9 | 82.5 | 85.1 | 88.0 | 90.7 |
| 56.0 | 63.9 | 72.9 | 75.0 | 75.8 | 76.5 | 77.7 | 78.8 | 80.6 | 83.3 | 86.2 | 88.9 |
| 58.6 | 67.5 | 77.5 | 79.7 | 80.6 | 81.2 | 82.1 | 82.9 | 84.4 | 87.0 | 89.9 | 92.5 |
| 52.7 | 57.4 | 61.9 | 63.5 | 64.2 | 64.8 | 65.8 | 66.7 | 68.1 | 70.6 | 73.3 | 75.9 |
| 12.6 | 14.4 | 16.7 | 18.1 | 18.7 | 19.1 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 21.3 | 23.0 | 25.0 | 27.1 |
| 44.6 | 36.3 | 28.9 | 21.5 | 18.8 | 16.3 | 15.3 | 14.1 | 11.9 | 9.7 | 8.7 | 8.8 |
| 6.72 | 5.80 | 3.37 | 2.58 | 2.25 | 1.92 | 1.81 | 1.73 | 1.67 | 1.71 | 1.79 | 1.84 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.69 | 2.53 | 1.60 | 1.24 | 1.08 | 0.92 | 0.87 | 0.83 | 0.81 | 0.83 | 0.87 | 0.90 |
| 29.0 | 29.2 | 27.4 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 26.6 | 26.6 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 26.8 | 27.0 | 27.1 |
| 234 | 309 | 418 | 397 | 389 | 367 | 370 | 362 | 336 | 298 | 262 | 237 |
| 71 | 70 | 63 | 73 | 82 | 93 | 102 | 113 | 147 | 257 | 363 | 357 |
| 163 | 239 | 355 | 324 | 307 | 274 | 268 | 249 | 189 | 42 | - 100 | - 120 |
| 0 | 0 | 25 | 128 | 84 | 76 | 64 | 45 | 22 | 5 | 0 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 0.0 | 1.7 | 6.9 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
$f$ The net reproduction rate is expressed as number of daughters per woman and represents the average number of daughters a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Costa Rica

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1963, 1973, 1984, 2000, and 2010 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2010 classified by age of mother; (b) the results of the 1993 National Survey on Reproductive Health and Family Formation; (c) estimates from censuses; and (d) estimates from the 1976 World Fertility Survey; the National Survey on Contraceptive Use in 1978 and 1981; and the 1986 Fertility and Health Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2011; (b) results of censuses; (c) the 1976 World Fertility Survey; (d) the National Survey on Contraceptive Use in 1978 and 1981; (e) the 1986 Fertility and Health Survey; and (f) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 210; (b) resutls from censuses; and (c) adjusted estimates of infant and child mortality derived from vital registration through 2011.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during each intercensal period. In addition, the following information was taken into account: (a) tabulations of births by nationality of mother for 1980-1990; (b) data on arrivals and departures of Costa Rican nationals and registration of foreigners for 1987-1996; (c) the number and characteristics of the foreign-born population enumerated in the 1973, 1984 and 2000 census counts; (d) the number and characteristics of Costa Ricans enumerated by the censuses of major receiving countries in the Americas from the 2000 and 2010 rounds of census counts; and (e) new observed trends derived from IMLA information.

## Côte d'Ivoire

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 18977
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 59
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 41.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 55.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.1
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 4.89
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 123
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 48.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Côte d'Ivoire


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 2630 | 5242 | 12116 | 16131 | 17394 | 18977 | 21295 | 23770 | 29227 | 42339 | 60626 | 76180 |
| Population density (persons per square km )............ | 8 | 16 | 38 | 50 | 54 | 59 | 66 | 74 | 91 | 131 | 188 | 236 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.3 | 18.5 | 17.7 | 18.7 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 19.1 | 19.6 | 20.6 | 23.9 | 28.5 | 33.5 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 83.1 | 87.2 | 89.5 | 81.8 | 82.7 | 81.6 | 79.1 | 77.3 | 71.7 | 60.9 | 53.9 | 52.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 78.9 | 82.6 | 84.4 | 76.5 | 77.3 | 75.9 | 73.4 | 71.6 | 65.9 | 53.6 | 42.5 | 34.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 4.2 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 11.4 | 18.2 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
2

| 2.5 | 4.3 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20.0 | 30.5 | 29.3 | 22.9 | 20.1 | 20.6 | 22.5 | 21.7 | 20.0 | 17.2 | 12.3 | 7.1 |
| 28 | 16 | 20 | 28 | 46 | 40 | 30 | 32 | 35 | 40 | 57 | 98 |
| 32.0 | 23.0 | 13.6 | 16.3 | 17.4 | 15.5 | 14.4 | 13.1 | 11.0 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 8.4 |
| 268 | 169 | 107 | 99 | 94 | 87 | 75 | 65 | 49 | 29 | 12 | 8 |
| 394 | 254 | 154 | 143 | 134 | 123 | 107 | 94 | 72 | 42 | 17 | 10 |
| 489 | 437 | 326 | 438 | 478 | 439 | 421 | 400 | 350 | 248 | 164 | 118 |
| 32.1 | 41.7 | 52.8 | 47.6 | 46.2 | 48.7 | 50.5 | 52.4 | 56.4 | 64.0 | 70.8 | 75.0 |
| 31.2 | 40.5 | 50.9 | 47.2 | 45.4 | 48.0 | 49.7 | 51.6 | 55.5 | 62.7 | 69.0 | 73.1 |
| 33.1 | 42.9 | 55.0 | 48.1 | 47.1 | 49.5 | 51.4 | 53.4 | 57.4 | 65.3 | 72.6 | 76.9 |
| 41.9 | 44.4 | 49.7 | 44.3 | 42.4 | 44.2 | 45.0 | 46.0 | 48.3 | 53.1 | 57.6 | 61.1 |
| 10.1 | 10.9 | 12.5 | 10.8 | 10.2 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 11.3 | 11.7 | 12.8 | 14.2 | 16.2 |
| 51.9 | 53.5 | 42.9 | 39.2 | 37.5 | 36.1 | 36.9 | 34.8 | 31.0 | 25.5 | 19.8 | 15.5 |
| 6.77 | 7.83 | 6.69 | 5.60 | 5.17 | 4.89 | 4.92 | 4.56 | 3.98 | 3.16 | 2.54 | 2.12 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.66 | 2.41 | 2.53 | 1.96 | 1.80 | 1.76 | 1.83 | 1.75 | 1.62 | 1.41 | 1.20 | 1.02 |
| 28.0 | 29.5 | 29.7 | 29.5 | 29.2 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 28.9 | 28.7 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 28.3 |
| 728 | 1265 | 2390 | 2973 | 3141 | 3281 | 3713 | 3924 | 4310 | 5164 | 5807 | 5782 |
| 448 | 543 | 757 | 1239 | 1458 | 1408 | 1445 | 1480 | 1527 | 1668 | 2201 | 3131 |
| 280 | 722 | 1633 | 1734 | 1683 | 1873 | 2269 | 2445 | 2783 | 3496 | 3606 | 2651 |
| 69 | 300 | 325 | 180 | - 420 | - 290 | 50 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 15 | 0 |
| 5.0 | 12.7 | 5.8 | 2.4 | -5.0 | -3.2 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Côte d'Ivoire

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1975, 1988 and 1998 censuses, the 2010 official total population estimate and the structure by age and sex from the 2006 MICS3 Survey, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1980-1981 WFS, 1994 and 1998-1999 DHS, 2005 EIS, as well as the preliminary results from the 2011-2012 DHS-MICS, adjusted for underreporting ; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 24-36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1957-1958 and 1962-1964 surveys, 1978-79 follow-up survey, 1988 census and 2006 MICS3 survey ; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (e) the own-children method applied to the 2003 WHS, 2005 EIS and 2006 MICS3 surveys.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1978-79 follow-up surveys, 1980-1981 WFS, 1994 and 1998-1999 DHS, 2005 EIS and preliminary results from the 2010-2011 DHS-MICS ; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1957-1958 survey, and the 1988 census; and (c) estimates from UNICEF.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1978-79 follow-up survey, 1998 census and 2005 EIS ; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1978-79 follow-up survey, 1988 and 1998 censuses, 1994 DHS, 2000 MICS2 and 2006 MICS3 surveys; (c) siblings deaths from the 1994 DHS and 2005 EIS ; (d) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1970s.

International migration: Based on: (a) refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR; (b) the stock of foreigners enumerated by the censuses of Côte d'Ivoire; (c) the number of migrants originating in Côte d'Ivoire according to the statistics of developed countries; and (d) the results of the migration surveys conducted by CERPOD (Enquête REMUAO).

## Croatia



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Croatia


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 3850 | 4171 | 4794 | 4475 | 4389 | 4338 | 4255 | 4183 | 4015 | 3606 | 3106 | 2768 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 68 | 74 | 85 | 79 | 78 | 77 | 75 | 74 | 71 | 64 | 55 | 49 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 27.9 | 31.5 | 35.8 | 39.0 | 40.5 | 41.9 | 43.1 | 44.1 | 46.5 | 48.9 | 48.8 | 48.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 53.0 | 48.5 | 46.0 | 48.6 | 49.4 | 48.9 | 50.6 | 55.2 | 62.9 | 75.5 | 80.7 | 83.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 40.9 | 35.3 | 29.1 | 25.5 | 23.9 | 22.8 | 22.0 | 22.8 | 22.9 | 24.2 | 25.6 | 26.4 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 12.1 | 13.2 | 16.9 | 23.1 | 25.5 | 26.1 | 28.6 | 32.4 | 40.0 | 51.3 | 55.1 | 56.8 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........

| 0.7 | 0.2 | 1.0 | -0.9 | -0.4 | -0.2 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.6 | -0.6 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 9.4 | 5.5 | 3.1 | -0.6 | -2.5 | -2.3 | -2.9 | -3.5 | -4.3 | -5.9 | -5.8 | -3.9 |
| 103 | - | 73 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |
| 13.4 | 10.3 | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 13.3 |
| 96 | 35 | 14 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| 104 | 39 | 15 | 8 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 224 | 195 | 158 | 126 | 121 | 107 | 99 | 91 | 75 | 54 | 38 | 26 |
| 61.3 | 67.5 | 71.9 | 74.6 | 74.9 | 76.1 | 77.0 | 77.8 | 79.6 | 82.3 | 85.2 | 87.9 |
| 59.3 | 64.0 | 68.2 | 70.9 | 71.4 | 72.6 | 73.6 | 74.6 | 76.7 | 79.8 | 82.7 | 85.4 |
| 63.1 | 70.9 | 75.5 | 78.1 | 78.4 | 79.5 | 80.3 | 81.0 | 82.4 | 84.9 | 87.7 | 90.4 |
| 53.6 | 55.4 | 58.2 | 60.3 | 60.6 | 61.7 | 62.5 | 63.3 | 65.0 | 67.7 | 70.4 | 73.1 |
| 11.3 | 12.5 | 14.3 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 16.2 | 16.8 | 17.3 | 18.4 | 20.3 | 22.4 | 24.5 |
| 22.8 | 15.8 | 13.6 | 10.5 | 9.1 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 9.2 | 9.4 |
| 2.76 | 2.09 | 1.84 | 1.54 | 1.36 | 1.43 | 1.49 | 1.55 | 1.63 | 1.74 | 1.82 | 1.85 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.18 | 0.97 | 0.87 | 0.74 | 0.65 | 0.69 | 0.72 | 0.74 | 0.79 | 0.84 | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| 27.7 | 27.7 | 27.7 | 27.7 | 28.2 | 28.8 | 28.8 | 28.9 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 29.0 |
| 446 | 328 | 317 | 240 | 203 | 206 | 204 | 197 | 181 | 163 | 144 | 131 |
| 262 | 215 | 244 | 254 | 259 | 257 | 267 | 270 | 268 | 271 | 235 | 185 |
| 184 | 113 | 73 | - 14 | - 56 | - 50 | -63 | -73 | -87 | -109 | -91 | - 54 |
| - 52 | -73 | 149 | - 201 | - 30 | 0 | -20 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -2.7 | -3.5 | 6.4 | -8.8 | -1.4 | 0.0 | -0.9 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) .
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ...............
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (year $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands).
.........
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

## Croatia

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on births registered through 2010 classified by age of mother.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010 and estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on deaths registered through 2005 by age and sex and the underlying population by age and sex. The age pattern of mortality is based on a life table derived from average deaths in 2000-2002 and the 2001 population by age and sex.

International migration: Based on: (a) the estimated number of refugees entering Croatia from Bosnia-Herzegovina and Yugoslavia, and the number of persons leaving Croatia and entering other European countries and countries of immigration overseas, and (b) estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

## Cuba


#### Abstract

2010 Total population (thousands) 11282 Population density (persons per square km) ........... 102 Percentage of population under age 15 17.3

Percentage of population age 15-24........................ 14.3 Percentage of population age 15-64........................ 70.3 Percentage of population aged 65+ 12.4

2005-2010 Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 0.0 Total fertility (children per woman)........................ 1.50 Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ... 7 Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 78.3

CUBA 

Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI. e boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official


Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Cuba


Cuba

|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 5920 | 8715 | 10601 | 11138 | 11292 | 11282 | 11249 | 11162 | 10847 | 9392 | 6970 | 5458 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 53 | 79 | 96 | 100 | 102 | 102 | 101 | 101 | 98 | 85 | 63 | 49 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 22.3 | 21.9 | 27.7 | 32.8 | 35.5 | 38.4 | 41.3 | 43.8 | 47.2 | 54.1 | 55.3 | 52.8 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 68.8 | 76.8 | 47.1 | 46.0 | 43.7 | 42.4 | 42.0 | 43.8 | 57.3 | 84.0 | 101.8 | 97.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 61.4 | 66.5 | 34.1 | 31.6 | 28.0 | 24.7 | 22.1 | 20.3 | 20.3 | 20.8 | 23.8 | 25.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c).............................. | 7.4 | 10.3 | 13.0 | 14.4 | 15.8 | 17.7 | 19.9 | 23.5 | 37.0 | 63.2 | 78.0 | 72.1 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

| 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -1.0 | -1.1 | -0.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20.9 | 24.3 | 11.0 | 6.6 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 0.9 | -1.3 | -7.7 | -10.0 | -7.9 |
| 35 | 38 | 72 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 10.8 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 9.7 | 15.0 | 17.5 | 16.2 |
| 81 | 50 | 13 | 8 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 113 | 59 | 17 | 10 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| 255 | 154 | 127 | 116 | 109 | 99 | 92 | 84 | 70 | 51 | 34 | 22 |
| 59.4 | 68.5 | 74.6 | 76.2 | 77.2 | 78.3 | 79.2 | 80.1 | 81.7 | 84.3 | 87.1 | 89.8 |
| 57.8 | 67.0 | 72.8 | 74.2 | 75.3 | 76.2 | 77.2 | 78.2 | 80.2 | 82.9 | 85.7 | 88.4 |
| 61.3 | 70.2 | 76.6 | 78.2 | 79.1 | 80.4 | 81.2 | 81.9 | 83.3 | 85.8 | 88.6 | 91.3 |
| 52.8 | 58.1 | 61.2 | 62.2 | 62.9 | 63.9 | 64.7 | 65.6 | 67.2 | 69.6 | 72.4 | 75.0 |
| 12.5 | 14.4 | 16.8 | 17.3 | 17.7 | 18.4 | 19.0 | 19.5 | 20.5 | 22.2 | 24.2 | 26.3 |
| 31.6 | 31.5 | 17.7 | 13.6 | 12.5 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 8.3 |
| 4.15 | 4.30 | 1.85 | 1.61 | 1.63 | 1.50 | 1.45 | 1.45 | 1.53 | 1.66 | 1.77 | 1.83 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 1.72 | 1.94 | 0.88 | 0.77 | 0.78 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.74 | 0.80 | 0.86 | 0.89 |
| 28.1 | 27.2 | 24.9 | 25.2 | 26.2 | 26.3 | 26.4 | 26.4 | 26.5 | 26.6 | 26.8 | 27.0 |
| 984 | 1314 | 917 | 751 | 698 | 591 | 540 | 513 | 457 | 349 | 270 | 231 |
| 335 | 301 | 347 | 389 | 402 | 411 | 433 | 460 | 529 | 721 | 629 | 451 |
| 649 | 1013 | 570 | 362 | 296 | 180 | 107 | 53 | -72 | - 372 | - 359 | -220 |
| - 30 | -250 | -67 | -156 | - 143 | - 190 | - 140 | -140 | - 100 | - 100 | - 50 | 0 |
| -1.0 | -6.0 | -1.3 | -2.8 | -2.5 | -3.4 | -2.5 | -2.5 | -1.8 | -2.1 | -1.4 | 0.0 |

[^24]
## Cuba

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with census enumerations in 1953, 1970, 1981, and 2002 and with the 2011 population register and estimates of trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2010 classified by age of mother and underlying female population by age; and (b) official estimates through 2011.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2010; (b) results of censuses; (c) estimates from the 1987 National Fertility Survey, the 1979 DHS, and the 1974 national Population Survey on Income and Expenditure; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) deaths registered through 2010 classified by age and sex and on the underlying population by age and sex; and (b) NSO estimates through 2007.

International migration: Based on (a) estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during each intercensal period; (b) the number and characteristics of Cuban enumerated by the censuses of major receiving countries in the Americas and the number of Cuban immigrants received by the United States of America were taken into account; (c) Number of visas issued were also taken into consideration.

## Curaçao

Total population (thousands) ..... 148
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 332
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 13.2
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 67.0
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 13.2
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.98
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 15
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 76.1
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
Curaçao (NL)

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Curaçao


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 100 | 144 | 147 | 132 | 129 | 148 | 164 | 171 | 179 | 179 | 169 | 159 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 226 | 324 | 330 | 298 | 291 | 332 | 370 | 386 | 403 | 402 | 380 | 358 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 22.6 | 19.7 | 28.6 | 35.5 | 38.0 | 40.0 | 41.4 | 42.9 | 45.2 | 46.2 | 46.4 | 46.5 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 73.3 | 81.6 | 53.3 | 54.3 | 49.7 | 49.3 | 51.1 | 56.4 | 72.1 | 82.4 | 79.5 | 79.3 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 63.2 | 72.3 | 41.8 | 38.4 | 31.6 | 29.6 | 28.8 | 28.6 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 28.2 | 27.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 10.2 | 9.3 | 11.5 | 15.9 | 18.1 | 19.7 | 22.3 | 27.8 | 42.6 | 52.9 | 51.4 | 51.7 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

Population doubling time (years) (d)
3.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......

| 3.1 | 1.4 | -0.5 | -1.7 | -0.4 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26.0 | 20.6 | 14.6 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 2.6 | -0.5 | -4.7 | -3.2 | -2.4 |
| 23 | 50 | - | - | - | 27 | 32 | 85 | - | - | - | - |
| 11.1 | 6.9 | 6.0 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 10.8 | 14.5 | 13.3 | 12.5 |
| 66 | 34 | 17 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 10 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 3 |
| 87 | 43 | 20 | 18 | 17 | 15 | 13 | 11 | 9 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| 278 | 194 | 128 | 129 | 126 | 115 | 107 | 100 | 85 | 63 | 45 | 30 |
| 60.7 | 68.2 | 74.4 | 74.6 | 75.0 | 76.1 | 77.0 | 77.9 | 79.6 | 82.4 | 85.1 | 87.6 |
| 59.1 | 66.4 | 71.4 | 71.1 | 71.2 | 72.7 | 73.6 | 74.6 | 76.6 | 79.8 | 82.6 | 85.2 |
| 62.2 | 70.0 | 77.4 | 77.8 | 78.6 | 79.4 | 80.1 | 80.8 | 82.2 | 84.6 | 87.3 | 89.9 |
| 52.4 | 56.7 | 61.1 | 61.1 | 61.5 | 62.5 | 63.3 | 64.0 | 65.5 | 68.0 | 70.6 | 73.0 |
| 13.3 | 14.6 | 16.9 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 17.8 | 18.3 | 18.7 | 19.6 | 21.2 | 23.0 | 24.7 |
| 37.1 | 27.4 | 20.6 | 15.2 | 13.4 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 11.6 | 10.3 | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.1 |
| 5.07 | 3.80 | 2.30 | 2.12 | 2.09 | 1.98 | 1.92 | 1.88 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.86 | 1.88 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.17 | 1.74 | 1.09 | 1.01 | 1.00 | 0.95 | 0.92 | 0.90 | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.90 | 0.91 |
| 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.9 | 28.2 | 28.2 | 28.2 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.5 |
| 20 | 19 | 15 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 8 |
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 13 | 11 | 10 |
| 14 | 14 | 11 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | -4 | -3 | -2 |
| 3 | - 5 | -15 | -17 | -6 | 15 | 14 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| 4.8 | -6.5 | -19.6 | -24.8 | -9.3 | 22.2 | 18.0 | 5.5 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 1.1 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
f The net reproduction rate is expressed as number of daughters per woman and represents the average number of daughters a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Curaçao

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1972, 1981, 1992, 2001, and 2011 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1960, 1972, 1981, 1992, 2001, and 2011 censuses; and (b) intercensal estimates were adjusted by births registered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on the estimates of the former Netherlands Antilles.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1981, 1992, 2001, and 2011 censuses; and (b) estimates of the former Netherlands Antilles.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during each intercensal period.

## Cyprus

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 1104
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 119
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 17.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 16.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 70.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 11.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.51
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 5
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 79.0

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Cyprus


$\qquad$


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 494 | 614 | 767 | 943 | 1033 | 1104 | 1165 | 1219 | 1306 | 1356 | 1268 | 1156 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 53 | 66 | 83 | 102 | 112 | 119 | 126 | 132 | 141 | 147 | 137 | 125 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 23.7 | 26.0 | 29.9 | 31.8 | 32.9 | 34.2 | 35.9 | 37.9 | 41.6 | 47.6 | 50.2 | 49.6 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 68.1 | 69.6 | 54.8 | 48.4 | 44.3 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 44.0 | 49.9 | 66.3 | 83.5 | 86.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 58.0 | 52.5 | 39.5 | 33.3 | 28.8 | 25.2 | 23.5 | 23.4 | 23.2 | 23.0 | 24.8 | 26.3 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 10.1 | 17.1 | 15.3 | 15.2 | 15.5 | 16.4 | 18.1 | 20.6 | 26.7 | 43.3 | 58.7 | 60.6 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
1

| 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19.4 | 13.6 | 12.5 | 7.7 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 2.4 | -1.1 | -4.8 | -3.6 |
| 50 | 64 | 41 | 36 | 39 | 52 | 65 | 76 | 110 | - | - | - |
| 8.4 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 10.3 | 13.6 | 12.8 |
| 65 | 32 | 12 | 7 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 78 | 38 | 14 | 9 | 7 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 151 | 118 | 85 | 73 | 67 | 62 | 57 | 52 | 44 | 33 | 23 | 15 |
| 66.7 | 71.9 | 76.1 | 77.7 | 78.3 | 79.0 | 79.8 | 80.6 | 82.1 | 84.5 | 87.3 | 90.0 |
| 64.8 | 69.9 | 74.1 | 75.6 | 76.3 | 76.9 | 77.8 | 78.7 | 80.4 | 82.9 | 85.7 | 88.4 |
| 68.7 | 73.9 | 78.2 | 79.8 | 80.5 | 81.1 | 81.8 | 82.5 | 83.8 | 86.1 | 89.0 | 91.7 |
| 58.0 | 60.0 | 62.3 | 63.4 | 63.9 | 64.4 | 65.2 | 65.9 | 67.4 | 69.7 | 72.4 | 75.1 |
| 13.9 | 14.8 | 16.0 | 16.6 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 17.8 | 18.4 | 19.5 | 21.4 | 23.7 | 26.1 |
| 27.8 | 20.1 | 19.6 | 14.6 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 10.3 | 9.2 | 8.8 | 9.2 |
| 3.71 | 2.80 | 2.43 | 1.89 | 1.59 | 1.51 | 1.46 | 1.47 | 1.54 | 1.67 | 1.78 | 1.83 |
| 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 107 |
| 1.62 | 1.29 | 1.15 | 0.90 | 0.76 | 0.72 | 0.70 | 0.70 | 0.74 | 0.81 | 0.86 | 0.88 |
| 29.7 | 28.4 | 27.0 | 28.4 | 29.2 | 29.5 | 29.6 | 29.7 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
| 71 | 60 | 72 | 66 | 61 | 63 | 65 | 67 | 66 | 62 | 57 | 53 |
| 21 | 20 | 26 | 31 | 33 | 36 | 39 | 42 | 50 | 70 | 87 | 74 |
| 50 | 40 | 46 | 35 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 24 | 16 | - 7 | -31 | -21 |
| - 14 | -8 | 17 | 53 | 62 | 44 | 35 | 30 | 25 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| -5.4 | -2.6 | 4.7 | 11.8 | 12.5 | 8.3 | 6.2 | 5.0 | 3.9 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.0 |

Population).......
Population doubling time (years) (d) $\qquad$ Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).
 ................
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
.................................

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
$\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Cyprus

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960 and 1973 censuses for the whole country and with estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Results from the 1976, 1982, 1992, 2001, and 2011 censuses in the Government Controlled Area and estimates that include Turkish Cypriots were also considered.

Total fertility: Based on births registered through 2011 in Cyprus classified by age of mother and estimates through 2011 for other areas.

Infant and/or child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2011 in Cyprus; (b) estimates for other areas were also considered; and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) official life tables; (b) deaths registered through 2011 classified by age and sex and on the underlying population by age and sex; and (c) estimates for other areas were also considered.

International migration: Based on reported number of permanent arrivals and departures by age and sex through 2005 in Cyprus. Estimates for other areas were also considered.

## Czech Republic



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Czech Republic



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) | 8876 | 9828 | 10326 | 10250 | 10231 | 10554 | 10777 | 10924 | 11053 | 11218 | 11100 | 11086 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............ | 113 | 125 | 131 | 130 | 130 | 134 | 137 | 139 | 140 | 142 | 141 | 141 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 32.7 | 33.7 | 35.3 | 37.6 | 38.8 | 39.5 | 40.9 | 42.5 | 45.2 | 44.8 | 44.5 | 46.1 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 47.6 | 49.9 | 52.0 | 43.5 | 40.6 | 42.0 | 49.2 | 55.6 | 56.9 | 74.4 | 71.3 | 77.0 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 35.4 | 31.8 | 32.7 | 23.6 | 20.8 | 20.2 | 23.0 | 25.3 | 23.7 | 27.9 | 27.7 | 27.8 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 12.2 | 18.1 | 19.3 | 19.9 | 19.8 | 21.8 | 26.3 | 30.3 | 33.2 | 46.5 | 43.6 | 49.2 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1.0

Population doubling time (years) (d)
0.2
0.2

| 0.0 | - |
| :--- | :--- |
| 0.3 | -2.3 |
| - |  |

-0.2
-2.3
-

| 0.0 | 0.6 |
| ---: | ---: |
| -1.7 | 0.4 |
| - | 11 |

0.4

0.3
-0.1 Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................


Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
12.6
10.8
10.4
10.6

| 10.7 | 11.4 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 10.8 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| 92 | 77 | 55 | 38 | 25 |
| 78.4 | 79.9 | 82.6 | 85.4 | 88.2 |
| 75.4 | 77.3 | 80.3 | 83.2 | 86.0 |
| 81.3 | 82.6 | 85.0 | 87.8 | 90.6 |
| 63.7 | 65.2 | 67.8 | 70.6 | 73.4 |
| 17.8 | 18.7 | 20.5 | 22.6 | 24.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 10.7 | 9.3 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.4 |
| 1.64 | 1.76 | 1.87 | 1.92 | 1.94 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 0.79 | 0.85 | 0.91 | 0.93 | 0.94 |
| 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 | 30.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 580 | 512 | 599 | 607 | 579 |
| 583 | 627 | 688 | 709 | 599 |
| -3 | -116 | -89 | -102 | -20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 150 | 150 | 150 | 75 | 0 |
| 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 1.4 | 0.0 |

11.1
6

Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)......................
Life expectancy at birth (years)
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
expectancy at birth $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman). $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (year $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
1.3

46
54
4
5
7
134
5
121
$\square$
$\square$77.6
74.5$80.0 \quad 80.6$
62.9
17.3
12.5 13.
7

[^25]b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Czech Republic

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates up to 2010.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates available through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2011.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011. The age pattern of mortality is based on official life tables for 1950-2011.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

## Dem. People's Republic of Korea

Total population (thousands) ..... 24501
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 203
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 22.7
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 16.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.6
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 8.8
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.00
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births ..... 35
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 68.4

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Dem. People's Republic of Korea



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 10549 | 14410 | 20194 | 22840 | 23813 | 24501 | 25155 | 25766 | 26719 | 27076 | 26284 | 25000 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 88 | 120 | 168 | 189 | 198 | 203 | 209 | 214 | 222 | 225 | 218 | 207 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.0 | 21.0 | 25.1 | 29.5 | 31.6 | 33.1 | 33.9 | 35.0 | 37.3 | 41.1 | 44.2 | 45.8 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 86.9 | 81.1 | 45.2 | 46.9 | 47.4 | 45.9 | 44.3 | 41.4 | 46.8 | 56.0 | 65.5 | 73.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 81.2 | 75.3 | 38.9 | 38.2 | 36.4 | 33.1 | 30.6 | 28.7 | 28.9 | 26.8 | 26.4 | 26.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 5.7 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 8.7 | 11.0 | 12.8 | 13.8 | 12.8 | 17.9 | 29.2 | 39.1 | 47.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
$1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$ Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands)
s) .....
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
-0

| -0.9 | 2.8 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.0 | -0.2 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2.1 | 27.6 | 14.5 | 9.7 | 8.3 | 5.7 | 5.3 | 4.8 | 3.1 | -0.3 | -1.5 | -2.2 |
| - | 25 | 48 | 72 | 83 | 122 | 132 | - | - | - | - | - |
| 23.2 | 10.9 | 6.1 | 9.4 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 9.2 | 9.5 | 10.0 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 12.3 |
| 123 | 58 | 27 | 58 | 28 | 27 | 22 | 18 | 12 | 8 | 6 | 5 |
| 203 | 83 | 35 | 80 | 36 | 35 | 28 | 22 | 16 | 9 | 7 | 6 |
| 630 | 316 | 161 | 202 | 170 | 164 | 147 | 135 | 114 | 81 | 50 | 33 |
| 37.6 | 57.2 | 68.6 | 63.5 | 68.1 | 68.4 | 69.9 | 71.2 | 73.3 | 77.2 | 81.4 | 84.6 |
| 32.6 | 53.9 | 65.0 | 59.3 | 64.2 | 64.8 | 66.3 | 67.6 | 69.8 | 74.1 | 79.2 | 82.5 |
| 43.2 | 60.1 | 71.3 | 67.4 | 71.5 | 71.8 | 73.3 | 74.6 | 76.8 | 80.2 | 83.6 | 86.6 |
| 34.6 | 48.8 | 56.6 | 54.6 | 56.2 | 56.4 | 57.3 | 58.1 | 59.7 | 63.1 | 67.1 | 70.2 |
| 9.2 | 11.2 | 13.3 | 12.8 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 14.7 | 16.9 | 19.6 | 21.9 |
| 25.3 | 38.6 | 20.6 | 19.1 | 16.7 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 14.3 | 13.1 | 11.6 | 10.6 | 10.1 |
| 3.46 | 4.39 | 2.36 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 1.94 | 1.88 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.87 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.03 | 1.78 | 1.08 | 0.88 | 0.92 | 0.92 | 0.93 | 0.91 | 0.89 | 0.88 | 0.89 | 0.91 |
| 31.6 | 30.6 | 27.5 | 28.4 | 28.6 | 28.7 | 28.7 | 28.7 | 28.7 | 28.7 | 28.7 | 28.7 |
| 1305 | 2598 | 2011 | 2125 | 1949 | 1773 | 1791 | 1815 | 1742 | 1566 | 1392 | 1271 |
| 1199 | 735 | 594 | 1048 | 976 | 1085 | 1136 | 1204 | 1329 | 1604 | 1589 | 1545 |
| 106 | 1863 | 1416 | 1077 | 973 | 687 | 655 | 611 | 413 | -38 | -197 | -274 |
| - 568 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| -11.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Dem. People's Republic of Korea

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1993 and 2008 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on births during the past 12 months, classified by age of mother, from the 1993 and 2008 censuses; (b) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1993 and 2008 censuses; and (c) estimates from the 2002, 2004, and 2006 Reproductive Health Survey (RHS).

Infant and child mortality: Based on official death reports, 2000 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), 1993 and 2008 census data, and estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on the number of deaths in household during the 12-month period preceding the 1993 and 2008 censuses classified by age and sex.

International migration: Net international migration was estimated based 1) on secondary sources and 2) as negligible, set to zero.

## Democratic Republic of the Congo

|  | 2010 | DEM. REP. OF THE CONGO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 62191 | CENTRALAFRICAN REPUBLIC |
| Population density (persons per square km) .......... | 27 | Ubangi SOUTH |
| Percentage of population under age 15................. | 45.5 | Cono A |
| Percentage of population age 15-24... | 19.7 | Congo Kisangani UGANDA |
| Percentage of population age 15-64...................... | 51.7 | GABON Mbandaka Goma. |
| Percentage of population aged 65+...................... | 2.8 |  |
|  | 2005-2010 |  |
| Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... | 2.8 | ANGOLA - SLat |
| Total fertility (children per woman)...................... | 6.50 | Lubumbashi |
| Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live births .... | $194$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ATLANTIC } \\ & \text { OCEAN } \end{aligned}$ |
| Life expectancy at birth (years) | 48.3 | 100 km |
| Note: data presented for the projection period 2010 refer to the medium fertility variant. | $0-2100$ | Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS <br> The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceplance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013 |

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Democratic Republic of the Congo



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 12184 | 20010 | 34911 | 46949 | 54028 | 62191 | 71246 | 81252 | 103743 | 155291 | 218568 | 262134 |
| Population density (persons per square km )............ | 5 | 9 | 15 | 20 | 23 | 27 | 30 | 35 | 44 | 66 | 93 | 112 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.1 | 18.1 | 17.2 | 16.7 | 16.8 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 18.0 | 19.4 | 23.2 | 28.9 | 34.5 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 90.4 | 87.8 | 93.9 | 97.2 | 96.3 | 93.4 | 90.1 | 86.1 | 77.7 | 62.2 | 52.4 | 51.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 83.2 | 82.4 | 88.3 | 91.6 | 90.7 | 87.9 | 84.7 | 80.8 | 72.3 | 55.4 | 40.9 | 32.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 7.2 | 5.3 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 11.5 | 18.6 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)...
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).

Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
s) ....................

Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$
20

| 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20.8 | 25.7 | 29.5 | 29.0 | 29.0 | 28.2 | 27.4 | 26.4 | 23.9 | 18.1 | 10.9 | 5.1 |
| 34 | 25 | 23 | 32 | 25 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 30 | 39 | 64 | 137 |
| 25.3 | 21.2 | 18.2 | 19.3 | 17.8 | 16.9 | 15.5 | 14.4 | 12.2 | 9.4 | 8.7 | 10.0 |
| 167 | 144 | 121 | 129 | 120 | 116 | 109 | 102 | 89 | 65 | 43 | 29 |
| 281 | 243 | 204 | 217 | 202 | 194 | 180 | 167 | 143 | 100 | 61 | 38 |
| 463 | 420 | 376 | 391 | 375 | 367 | 352 | 338 | 309 | 250 | 191 | 149 |
| 39.1 | 43.0 | 47.2 | 45.7 | 47.4 | 48.3 | 49.8 | 51.3 | 54.4 | 60.4 | 66.6 | 71.0 |
| 37.6 | 41.5 | 45.8 | 44.3 | 46.0 | 46.6 | 48.1 | 49.5 | 52.3 | 57.9 | 63.7 | 68.1 |
| 40.4 | 44.4 | 48.6 | 47.2 | 48.9 | 49.9 | 51.6 | 53.2 | 56.5 | 63.0 | 69.5 | 74.0 |
| 43.1 | 45.1 | 47.2 | 46.5 | 47.3 | 47.7 | 48.4 | 49.1 | 50.5 | 53.5 | 56.7 | 59.3 |
| 10.5 | 11.1 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 13.7 | 14.7 | 15.7 |
| 46.1 | 46.8 | 47.7 | 48.3 | 46.8 | 45.1 | 42.9 | 40.8 | 36.1 | 27.5 | 19.7 | 15.0 |
| 5.98 | 6.15 | 6.97 | 7.20 | 6.91 | 6.50 | 5.98 | 5.47 | 4.54 | 3.23 | 2.42 | 2.04 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.75 | 1.96 | 2.37 | 2.39 | 2.36 | 2.27 | 2.15 | 2.02 | 1.77 | 1.37 | 1.10 | 0.96 |
| 29.2 | 29.0 | 30.1 | 30.2 | 30.1 | 29.8 | 29.4 | 29.0 | 28.3 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| 962 | 4377 | 7746 | 10736 | 11802 | 13094 | 14312 | 15552 | 17683 | 20453 | 20908 | 19464 |
| 628 | 1979 | 2950 | 4298 | 4482 | 4907 | 5181 | 5472 | 5981 | 6985 | 9279 | 12881 |
| 334 | 2398 | 4796 | 6438 | 7320 | 8187 | 9130 | 10080 | 11701 | 13467 | 11629 | 6583 |
| 0 | 242 | 75 | - 1501 | - 242 | -24 | -75 | -75 | - 75 | -75 | -38 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 2.6 | 0.5 | -6.8 | -1.0 | -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Democratic Republic of the Congo

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with (a) the 1984 census adjusted for underenumeration, (b) with the population structure by age and sex from the Democratic Republic of Congo 2001 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS-2) and the 2007 Demographic and Health Survey; and (c) with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) an application of the $\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{F}$ ratio method to data on children ever born and births during the year preceding the 1955-57 Demographic Inquiry, (b) data on children ever born by age of mother from the 1974/77 Demographic Survey of Western Zaire (EDOZA), the 1984 census, the 1995 the national survey on the situation of children and women in Zaire (ENSEF), and the 2001 MICS, and (c) maternity-history data from the 2007 DHS, and (c) births in the preceding 12 months to the 2010 MICS classified by age of mother.
Infant and child mortality: Based on data on children ever born and surviving from (a) the 1984 Census; (b) the 1995, 2001 and 2010 Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys, and (c) the 2007 Demographic Health Surveys. Estimates of child mortality from the 2010 MICS were considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

## Denmark



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Denmark



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 4268 | 4930 | 5140 | 5338 | 5418 | 5551 | 5662 | 5775 | 6009 | 6361 | 6781 | 6992 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 99 | 114 | 119 | 124 | 126 | 129 | 131 | 134 | 139 | 148 | 157 | 162 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 31.7 | 32.5 | 37.2 | 38.4 | 39.6 | 40.6 | 41.5 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 42.4 | 43.3 | 45.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 54.6 | 55.2 | 48.5 | 50.0 | 51.2 | 53.0 | 56.1 | 58.4 | 65.3 | 67.2 | 72.1 | 78.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 40.7 | 36.2 | 25.3 | 27.7 | 28.3 | 27.5 | 27.0 | 27.0 | 28.7 | 28.7 | 29.3 | 29.0 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 14.0 | 19.1 | 23.2 | 22.3 | 22.9 | 25.5 | 29.1 | 31.4 | 36.6 | 38.5 | 42.9 | 49.6 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 $2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 $2070-2075$ 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
0.8

Population doubling time (years) (d)
8.7
88

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( $5 q 0$ ) per 1,000 live birth
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ................
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (year $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
0.7
0.1
0.4
0.3
0.5
0.4
0.4
0.4
0.
30.2
0.2
0.1

Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) $\qquad$
10.0
11.5
10.8

| 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 11.2 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 |
| 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| 90 | 84 | 77 | 64 | 48 | 33 | 22 |
| 78.6 | 79.3 | 80.1 | 81.5 | 83.9 | 86.7 | 89.3 |
| 76.3 | 77.2 | 78.0 | 79.7 | 82.2 | 85.0 | 87.6 |
| 80.8 | 81.4 | 82.1 | 83.3 | 85.6 | 88.3 | 91.0 |
| 64.0 | 64.7 | 65.4 | 66.8 | 69.2 | 71.9 | 74.5 |
| 18.0 | 18.5 | 18.9 | 19.9 | 21.6 | 23.6 | 25.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11.8 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 10.7 |
| 1.85 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.92 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1.95 |
| 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 0.89 | 0.91 | 0.91 | 0.93 | 0.94 | 0.94 | 0.95 |
| 30.4 | 30.6 | 30.7 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 | 31.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 323 | 318 | 328 | 357 | 363 | 379 | 375 |
| 277 | 282 | 289 | 317 | 354 | 340 | 357 |
| 45 | 36 | 38 | 40 | 9 | 39 | 18 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 88 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 38 | 0 |
| 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Denmark

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2012.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2011.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2011 from the Human Mortality Database.
International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2012.

## Djibouti

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 834
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 36
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 34.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 22.4
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 62.2
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.4
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.80
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 98
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 59.1

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, The Times Atlas of the World.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Djibouti




|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 62 | 160 | 590 | 723 | 777 | 834 | 900 | 965 | 1075 | 1244 | 1318 | 1300 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 3 | 7 | 25 | 31 | 33 | 36 | 39 | 42 | 46 | 54 | 57 | 56 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 16.5 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 19.1 | 20.3 | 22.0 | 23.4 | 24.6 | 26.7 | 32.5 | 38.4 | 42.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 95.2 | 91.6 | 90.7 | 79.9 | 68.4 | 60.9 | 60.5 | 59.9 | 54.2 | 51.8 | 54.7 | 62.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 91.4 | 87.0 | 85.7 | 74.4 | 62.7 | 54.9 | 53.9 | 52.9 | 44.9 | 36.0 | 29.1 | 27.0 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 3.9 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 15.8 | 25.5 | 35.5 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)


Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

................
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$

| 2.3 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 20.0 | 28.7 | 29.9 | 21.7 | 19.2 | 19.2 | 18.8 | 17.4 | 12.9 | 8.2 | 2.1 | -1.2 |
| 30 | 11 | 11 | 41 | 49 | 49 | 46 | 50 | 71 | 124 | - | - |
| 21.0 | 16.2 | 10.6 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 9.7 | 8.8 | 8.2 | 7.5 | 8.2 | 10.7 | 12.3 |
| 154 | 120 | 81 | 72 | 68 | 63 | 55 | 49 | 39 | 25 | 18 | 14 |
| 261 | 202 | 129 | 112 | 106 | 98 | 83 | 72 | 54 | 33 | 22 | 17 |
| 442 | 375 | 292 | 314 | 324 | 293 | 259 | 234 | 192 | 139 | 104 | 82 |
| 41.0 | 47.4 | 56.1 | 57.0 | 57.3 | 59.1 | 61.6 | 63.7 | 67.2 | 72.1 | 75.8 | 78.6 |
| 39.7 | 46.0 | 54.6 | 55.4 | 55.9 | 57.6 | 60.0 | 62.0 | 65.4 | 70.0 | 73.7 | 76.5 |
| 42.4 | 48.7 | 57.7 | 58.7 | 58.8 | 60.5 | 63.2 | 65.4 | 69.1 | 74.2 | 77.9 | 80.7 |
| 44.1 | 47.3 | 51.4 | 50.8 | 50.6 | 51.9 | 53.5 | 54.8 | 56.8 | 59.9 | 62.8 | 65.2 |
| 10.8 | 11.8 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 13.5 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.8 | 15.9 | 17.6 | 19.1 |
| 41.0 | 44.9 | 40.4 | 32.1 | 29.3 | 28.9 | 27.6 | 25.6 | 20.4 | 16.4 | 12.8 | 11.1 |
| 6.31 | 6.71 | 6.18 | 4.81 | 4.22 | 3.80 | 3.42 | 3.11 | 2.67 | 2.17 | 1.90 | 1.84 |
| 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| 1.87 | 2.25 | 2.40 | 1.90 | 1.67 | 1.54 | 1.44 | 1.34 | 1.20 | 1.01 | 0.90 | 0.88 |
| 32.3 | 31.9 | 31.4 | 32.5 | 32.7 | 31.7 | 31.0 | 30.4 | 29.5 | 28.5 | 28.5 | 28.5 |
| 13 | 31 | 102 | 111 | 110 | 116 | 120 | 119 | 107 | 101 | 84 | 72 |
| 7 | 11 | 27 | 36 | 38 | 39 | 38 | 38 | 39 | 50 | 70 | 80 |
| 7 | 20 | 76 | 75 | 72 | 77 | 82 | 81 | 68 | 50 | 14 | -8 |
| 1 | 25 | 90 | - 17 | -18 | - 20 | -16 | -16 | - 16 | -16 | -8 | 0 |
| 3.0 | 36.4 | 35.5 | -4.8 | -4.8 | -5.0 | -3.7 | -3.4 | -3.1 | -2.6 | -1.2 | 0.0 |

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
$\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................
International migration

Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
$3.0 \quad 36.4$
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Djibouti

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1983 census, the 1991 Intercensal Demographic Survey, both adjusted for underenumeration, and the 2009 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 2002 Djibouti EDSF/PAPFAM survey (Retrospective estimates were taken into account while the more recent estimate was disregarded since it differed greatly from the official estimate); (b) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method of fertility estimation to the 2006 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1991 Enquête Démographique Intercensitaire; (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1983 census (adjusted preliminary results to match official total population), 1991 Enquête Démographique Intercensitaire, 2002 Enquête Djiboutienne auprès des Ménages (EDAM-IS2), 2002 Djibouti EDSF/PAPFAM; and (e) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 2002 Djibouti EDSF/PAPFAM survey, (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1991 Enquête Démographique Intercensitaire, 2002 Djibouti EDSF/PAPFAM survey, and 2006 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on reports of additional migration flows of persons not qualifying as refugees and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

## Dominican Republic



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Dominican Republic



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 2380 | 4524 | 7245 | 8663 | 9343 | 10017 | 10652 | 11235 | 12219 | 13320 | 13286 | 12414 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 49 | 93 | 149 | 179 | 193 | 206 | 220 | 232 | 252 | 275 | 274 | 256 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 17.0 | 16.1 | 20.3 | 22.6 | 23.7 | 25.0 | 26.4 | 27.9 | 31.1 | 38.0 | 45.1 | 48.3 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 93.3 | 101.4 | 73.7 | 66.9 | 63.2 | 59.2 | 56.7 | 54.8 | 53.3 | 55.9 | 69.0 | 81.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 88.0 | 96.0 | 66.9 | 58.3 | 54.0 | 49.6 | 46.4 | 43.1 | 37.3 | 29.8 | 26.3 | 26.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 5.3 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 9.6 | 10.3 | 11.7 | 16.0 | 26.1 | 42.7 | 54.9 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
3

Mortality
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population ......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live birth
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
3.2
3.0
2.1
1.7
1.5
1.4
1.2
1.1
0.8

| 0.8 | 0.2 | -0.2 | -0.3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 10.0 | 4.5 | -0.5 | -3.1 |
| 91 | - | - | - |
|  |  |  |  |
| 6.4 | 8.0 | 10.6 | 12.5 |
| 16 | 9 | 6 | 4 |
| 18 | 11 | 7 | 5 |
| 137 | 97 | 63 | 41 |
| 76.4 | 80.3 | 83.9 | 86.9 |
| 73.5 | 78.1 | 82.0 | 85.0 |
| 79.5 | 82.6 | 85.9 | 88.8 |
| 63.0 | 66.3 | 69.6 | 72.3 |
| 19.5 | 21.1 | 22.9 | 24.6 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 16.4 | 12.5 | 10.1 | 9.4 |
| 2.10 | 1.84 | 1.79 | 1.83 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.00 | 0.88 | 0.86 | 0.89 |
| 26.0 | 26.2 | 26.5 | 26.8 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 986 | 826 | 673 | 589 |
| 386 | 527 | 704 | 782 |
| 599 | 299 | -31 | -194 |
|  |  |  |  |
| -140 | -140 | -70 | 0 |
| -2.3 | -2.1 | -1.1 | 0.0 |
|  |  |  |  |

Total fertility (children per woman) $\qquad$
$\qquad$

$\qquad$
20.5

| 24 | 33 | 42 | 46 | 50 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 11.8 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| 109 | 63 | 41 | 35 | 30 |

15.0
57
13.2
65

Mean age childbearing (years)
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Number of births
$\qquad$
6.0
41
6.0

Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................
352
160
6.1

Births and deaths

Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... -
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
$-21$ 0
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Dominican Republic

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1993, 2002 and 2010 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1960, 1970, 1981 censuses; (b) estimate from the 1975 World Fertility Survey; (c) estimates from the 1986, 1991, 1996, 2002, and 2007 DHS; and (d) registered live births by age of mother and underlying mid-year female population by age through 2011.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered live births and infant and child deaths through 2011; (b) estimates from the 1975 and 1980 World Fertility Survey; (c) estimates from the 1986, 1991, 1996, 2002 and 2007 DHS; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2011 and underlying mid-year population; (b) estimate from the 1975 and 1980 World Fertility Survey; and (c) estimates from the 1986, 1991, 1996, 2002, and 2007 DHS.

International migration: Based on; (a) immigrants to the United States of America, the stock of Dominican migrants in the United States (from censuses (1990-2000 and 2000-2010) and the Current Population Survey); and (b) weighted estimates from DHS were also considered.

## Ecuador



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Ecuador



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 3453 | 6025 | 10124 | 12533 | 13777 | 15001 | 16226 | 17416 | 19649 | 23061 | 24837 | 24410 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............. | 12 | 21 | 36 | 44 | 49 | 53 | 57 | 61 | 69 | 81 | 88 | 86 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.6 | 17.8 | 20.6 | 22.9 | 24.0 | 25.3 | 26.7 | 28.2 | 31.2 | 37.5 | 44.0 | 48.0 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 81.1 | 93.5 | 73.9 | 65.7 | 62.0 | 59.0 | 56.5 | 55.0 | 53.7 | 57.1 | 68.5 | 80.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 71.5 | 85.2 | 66.4 | 57.2 | 52.9 | 49.2 | 45.8 | 42.6 | 37.4 | 30.5 | 27.0 | 26.3 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 9.7 | 8.3 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 9.1 | 9.8 | 10.7 | 12.3 | 16.3 | 26.6 | 41.5 | 54.3 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2

| 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.4 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 0.6 | 0.1 | -0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26.1 | 29.1 | 24.7 | 20.9 | 19.6 | 17.7 | 16.1 | 14.5 | 11.7 | 6.3 | 1.3 | -1.7 |
| 27 | 24 | 29 | 34 | 37 | 41 | 45 | 49 | 61 | 115 | - | - |
| 19.4 | 13.0 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 9.2 | 11.2 |
| 140 | 107 | 56 | 33 | 25 | 21 | 17 | 14 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 3 |
| 207 | 156 | 74 | 41 | 30 | 26 | 21 | 17 | 13 | 8 | 5 | 3 |
| 354 | 252 | 177 | 158 | 149 | 142 | 132 | 121 | 99 | 69 | 46 | 29 |
| 48.4 | 56.8 | 67.5 | 72.3 | 74.2 | 75.0 | 76.4 | 77.6 | 79.9 | 83.2 | 86.1 | 88.7 |
| 47.1 | 55.4 | 65.3 | 69.7 | 71.3 | 72.1 | 73.6 | 74.9 | 77.5 | 81.1 | 84.1 | 86.7 |
| 49.6 | 58.2 | 69.9 | 75.1 | 77.2 | 78.0 | 79.3 | 80.4 | 82.3 | 85.2 | 88.1 | 90.7 |
| 48.2 | 53.5 | 58.5 | 60.9 | 61.9 | 62.4 | 63.3 | 64.3 | 66.1 | 69.0 | 71.6 | 74.0 |
| 11.6 | 13.5 | 16.0 | 18.0 | 18.8 | 19.0 | 19.6 | 20.1 | 21.0 | 22.5 | 24.1 | 25.7 |
| 45.6 | 42.1 | 31.5 | 26.2 | 24.5 | 22.7 | 21.0 | 19.4 | 16.8 | 13.0 | 10.5 | 9.5 |
| 6.71 | 6.38 | 4.02 | 3.19 | 2.97 | 2.75 | 2.58 | 2.43 | 2.19 | 1.91 | 1.82 | 1.83 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.33 | 2.49 | 1.78 | 1.47 | 1.39 | 1.29 | 1.22 | 1.15 | 1.05 | 0.92 | 0.88 | 0.89 |
| 29.7 | 29.6 | 28.8 | 28.1 | 27.8 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.5 | 27.4 |
| 841 | 1182 | 1501 | 1561 | 1613 | 1630 | 1638 | 1634 | 1605 | 1472 | 1301 | 1166 |
| 359 | 365 | 323 | 316 | 326 | 359 | 384 | 414 | 489 | 755 | 1138 | 1372 |
| 482 | 817 | 1178 | 1245 | 1288 | 1270 | 1255 | 1220 | 1116 | 717 | 162 | -206 |
| - 1 | - 5 | - 16 | -28 | -43 | -46 | -30 | - 30 | -30 | - 30 | -15 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.2 | -0.3 | -0.5 | -0.7 | -0.7 | -0.4 | -0.4 | -0.3 | -0.3 | -0.1 | 0.0 |

[^26]
## Ecuador

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1962, 1974, 1982, 1990, 2001 and 2010 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2009 by age of mother and underlying female population by age; (b) estimate from the 1987 DHS; (c ) estimates from the 1989, 1994, 1999 and 2004 ENDESA; and (c) estimates from the 1962, 1974, 1982, 1990, and 2001 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2010; (b) children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1990 and 2001 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1989, 1994, 1999, and 2004 Encuesta Demográfica y de Salud Materna e Infantil (ENDEMAIN); and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2010 with underlying mid-year population; (b) estimates from the 1962, 1974, 1982, 1990, and 2001 censuses; and (c) estimates from the 1986 DHS; (d) estimates from the 1989, 1994, 1999, and 2004 ENDESA.

International migration: Based on: (a) the differences between overall population growth and natural increase; (b) net international migration for the period 1990-2000 was estimated on the basis of information on Ecuadorians abroad, mainly those enumerated in the United States of America and in the 2001 census of Spain; and (c) information of the 2010 census of Ecuador and the USA were also taken into consideration.

## Egypt



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Egypt



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 21514 | 36342 | 56337 | 66137 | 71778 | 78076 | 84706 | 91062 | 102553 | 121798 | 134185 | 135200 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............. | 21 | 36 | 56 | 66 | 72 | 78 | 85 | 91 | 102 | 122 | 134 | 135 |
| Median age (years)............................................. | 20.4 | 19.1 | 20.4 | 22.0 | 23.2 | 24.4 | 25.8 | 26.9 | 29.1 | 34.6 | 40.6 | 45.1 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 73.5 | 85.8 | 79.5 | 68.8 | 61.2 | 58.8 | 58.2 | 57.0 | 52.3 | 51.8 | 58.8 | 69.7 |
| Child dependency ratio (b).................................... | 68.2 | 77.9 | 71.0 | 59.8 | 52.4 | 50.0 | 48.8 | 47.1 | 40.1 | 33.1 | 28.1 | 26.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 5.2 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 9.9 | 12.1 | 18.7 | 30.8 | 43.2 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)


Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......

| 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 0.2 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25.5 | 26.3 | 24.9 | 18.6 | 17.4 | 17.7 | 16.8 | 15.1 | 11.7 | 7.3 | 2.4 | -0.8 |
| 28 | 28 | 31 | 45 | 43 | 42 | 43 | 48 | 62 | 101 | - | - |
| 25.3 | 16.5 | 9.1 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 7.3 | 9.4 | 11.1 |
| 249 | 170 | 74 | 37 | 29 | 23 | 19 | 16 | 11 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| 387 | 251 | 102 | 49 | 38 | 30 | 24 | 20 | 15 | 9 | 7 | 7 |
| 251 | 222 | 191 | 179 | 175 | 169 | 156 | 144 | 126 | 89 | 53 | 32 |
| 41.1 | 51.6 | 63.6 | 68.0 | 69.0 | 69.9 | 71.1 | 72.1 | 73.9 | 77.3 | 81.4 | 84.6 |
| 40.6 | 49.9 | 61.2 | 65.6 | 66.7 | 67.6 | 68.7 | 69.7 | 71.5 | 75.1 | 79.9 | 83.4 |
| 41.6 | 53.3 | 65.9 | 70.4 | 71.4 | 72.3 | 73.5 | 74.6 | 76.5 | 79.6 | 82.9 | 85.8 |
| 53.1 | 54.6 | 56.3 | 56.9 | 57.1 | 57.4 | 58.1 | 58.8 | 60.2 | 63.2 | 67.1 | 70.2 |
| 12.7 | 13.1 | 13.5 | 13.7 | 13.7 | 13.8 | 14.1 | 14.4 | 15.2 | 17.1 | 19.7 | 21.9 |
| 50.8 | 42.8 | 34.0 | 25.7 | 24.3 | 24.5 | 23.3 | 21.4 | 18.1 | 14.6 | 11.7 | 10.3 |
| 6.62 | 6.20 | 4.80 | 3.50 | 3.15 | 2.98 | 2.79 | 2.62 | 2.37 | 2.03 | 1.86 | 1.84 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.81 | 2.16 | 2.06 | 1.60 | 1.46 | 1.39 | 1.31 | 1.24 | 1.13 | 0.98 | 0.90 | 0.89 |
| 28.4 | 28.4 | 28.8 | 28.0 | 27.9 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.9 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 | 28.0 |
| 5825 | 7318 | 9068 | 8163 | 8383 | 9183 | 9493 | 9408 | 9016 | 8761 | 7826 | 6971 |
| 2902 | 2820 | 2426 | 2249 | 2371 | 2538 | 2648 | 2786 | 3187 | 4387 | 6256 | 7489 |
| 2923 | 4498 | 6642 | 5914 | 6012 | 6645 | 6846 | 6622 | 5829 | 4375 | 1569 | - 518 |
| - 50 | - 240 | -652 | -946 | - 371 | - 347 | -216 | - 266 | - 266 | - 266 | - 133 | 0 |
| -0.4 | -1.4 | -2.4 | -3.0 | -1.1 | -0.9 | -0.5 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.2 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Egypt

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006 censuses, 2011 official estimates, and with estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1980 Egypt Fertility Survey (EFS), the 1991 PAPCHILD Survey the 1988, 1992, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2008 Egypt Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), (b) number of birth in the 12 months before the survey classified by the age of mother from the 1984 ECPS, the 1997, 1998 and 2003 Interim Demographic and Health Survey (IDHS), (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1960, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006 Census, and (d) the number of births from vital registration.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1976 Census, 1980 Egypt Fertility Survey (EFS), 1984 Contraceptive Prevalence Survey, 1986 Census, the 1991 PAPCHILD survey, the 1988, 1992, 1995, 2000, 2003, 2005 and 2008 Egypt Demographic and Health Survey, (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1988, 1992, 1995, 2000, 2005 and 2008 DHS, (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012 and (d) official estimates from the vital registration system.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2012. The age pattern of mortality is based on official life tables for various years from 1960 to 2010 adjusted for infant and child mortality, and adult mortality.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1970-1976, 1976-1986, 1986-1996 and 1996-2006 intercensal periods, and official figures from IOM.

## El Salvador

2010Total population (thousands) ..... 6218
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 296
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 32.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 61.0
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 6.9
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.5
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.35
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 25
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 71.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

EL SALVADOR


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

El Salvador


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ............................... | 2200 | 3736 | 5344 | 5959 | 6073 | 6218 | 6426 | 6614 | 6875 | 6912 | 6308 | 5542 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 105 | 178 | 254 | 283 | 289 | 296 | 305 | 314 | 327 | 328 | 300 | 263 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 18.5 | 16.7 | 18.7 | 20.7 | 21.8 | 23.2 | 24.7 | 26.7 | 31.0 | 38.5 | 46.5 | 47.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 87.6 | 100.3 | 86.1 | 78.0 | 72.1 | 63.8 | 56.6 | 55.1 | 52.3 | 52.9 | 75.0 | 81.8 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 80.1 | 93.0 | 77.5 | 68.2 | 61.4 | 52.6 | 45.2 | 42.9 | 37.7 | 28.8 | 27.0 | 26.8 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 7.4 | 7.3 | 8.5 | 9.9 | 10.7 | 11.3 | 11.5 | 12.2 | 14.6 | 24.2 | 48.1 | 55.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years)
.......... $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$

## nternational migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
2.

| 2.0 | 2.8 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -0.1 | -0.5 | -0.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 26.1 | 31.3 | 24.4 | 20.9 | 15.6 | 14.2 | 13.7 | 12.7 | 9.3 | 4.3 | -1.9 | -4.0 |
| 35 | 25 | 53 | 97 | - | - | 106 | 120 | - | - | - | - |
| 20.6 | 13.5 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 7.8 | 11.8 | 13.6 |
| 147 | 109 | 56 | 27 | 23 | 21 | 17 | 15 | 11 | 7 | 5 | 3 |
| 237 | 175 | 80 | 37 | 30 | 25 | 21 | 18 | 13 | 9 | 6 | 4 |
| 401 | 272 | 284 | 228 | 220 | 209 | 197 | 183 | 158 | 112 | 74 | 49 |
| 45.1 | 55.6 | 63.1 | 69.2 | 70.2 | 71.3 | 72.5 | 73.6 | 75.8 | 79.7 | 83.2 | 86.1 |
| 43.4 | 52.6 | 57.4 | 64.4 | 65.4 | 66.5 | 67.7 | 68.9 | 71.3 | 76.1 | 80.0 | 82.9 |
| 46.8 | 58.9 | 69.1 | 73.9 | 74.9 | 75.9 | 77.0 | 78.0 | 79.8 | 82.9 | 86.1 | 89.0 |
| 46.3 | 53.4 | 54.0 | 57.2 | 57.7 | 58.4 | 59.3 | 60.2 | 62.0 | 65.6 | 68.8 | 71.5 |
| 11.7 | 14.3 | 16.4 | 17.2 | 17.6 | 18.0 | 18.4 | 18.7 | 19.5 | 21.1 | 22.6 | 24.1 |
| 46.7 | 44.8 | 33.0 | 27.5 | 22.0 | 20.7 | 20.2 | 19.3 | 16.0 | 12.2 | 9.9 | 9.6 |
| 6.30 | 6.43 | 4.20 | 3.30 | 2.60 | 2.35 | 2.20 | 2.08 | 1.90 | 1.75 | 1.77 | 1.82 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 2.10 | 2.50 | 1.85 | 1.52 | 1.21 | 1.10 | 1.04 | 0.98 | 0.91 | 0.84 | 0.85 | 0.88 |
| 28.7 | 28.7 | 27.6 | 27.0 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 27.1 | 27.2 |
| 541 | 781 | 854 | 805 | 663 | 637 | 639 | 628 | 544 | 422 | 316 | 268 |
| 238 | 236 | 222 | 192 | 193 | 199 | 206 | 214 | 227 | 272 | 376 | 381 |
| 303 | 545 | 631 | 613 | 469 | 437 | 433 | 413 | 316 | 151 | -60 | - 113 |
| - 70 | - 53 | - 291 | - 402 | - 356 | - 292 | - 225 | - 225 | - 200 | - 200 | - 100 | 0 |
| -6.0 | -3.1 | -11.2 | -13.7 | -11.8 | -9.5 | -7.1 | -6.9 | -5.9 | -5.8 | -3.1 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## El Salvador

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1961, 1971, 1985, 1992, and 2007 census adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births through 2007 by age of mother and underlying female population by age of mother; (b) results from the 1971, 1985, 1992, and 2007 censuses; and (c) estimates from the 1988, 1993, 1998, and 2002-03 Encuesta Nacional de Salud Familiar.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths; (b) estimates from the 1973, 1975, 1978, 1985, 1988, 1993, 1998, and 2002-03 Encuesta Nacional de Salud Familiar; (c) estimates from the 1950, 1963, 1971, 1992 and 2007 censuses; (d) estimates from the 1985 DHS and (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths through 2007 and underlying populations, both by age and sex; (b) estimates from the 1950, 1963, 1971, 1992 and 2007 census estimates using he growth-balance technique; (c) estimates from the 1973, 1975, 1978, 1985, 1988, 1993, 1998, and 2002-03 Encuesta Nacional de Salud Familiar; and (d) estimates from the 1985 DHS.

International migration: Based on new data produced by IMILA, and on estimates of international migration produced by research institutions in El Salvador and on refugee data from UNHCR as well as intercensal comparisons based on 2007 census.

## Equatorial Guinea

Total population (thousands) ..... 696
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 25
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 39.3
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.5
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 57.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.9
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.9
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.36
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 165
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 50.1
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
EQUATORIAL GUINEA


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Equatorial Guinea



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 226 | 291 | 374 | 518 | 604 | 696 | 799 | 909 | 1139 | 1623 | 2153 | 2419 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............. | 8 | 10 | 13 | 18 | 22 | 25 | 29 | 32 | 41 | 58 | 77 | 86 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 23.8 | 21.0 | 21.8 | 19.4 | 19.5 | 20.2 | 20.9 | 21.5 | 22.9 | 27.3 | 33.9 | 39.9 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 66.3 | 76.3 | 72.9 | 86.2 | 78.1 | 73.1 | 70.4 | 70.0 | 67.6 | 53.5 | 50.6 | 58.4 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 56.9 | 68.2 | 65.2 | 79.3 | 72.3 | 68.1 | 65.6 | 64.3 | 58.4 | 43.9 | 33.2 | 28.8 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 9.4 | 8.1 | 7.7 | 6.8 | 5.8 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 5.7 | 9.2 | 9.6 | 17.5 | 29.7 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950-19

```
Mortality
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) ...........................
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands).
$\qquad$
Net number of migrants (thousands).
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

| 1.1 | 1.5 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10.5 | 15.3 | 26.8 | 23.5 | 21.6 | 22.3 | 22.3 | 21.0 | 17.8 | 13.2 | 7.5 | 2.4 |
| 66 | 46 | 20 | 22 | 23 | 25 | 25 | 27 | 33 | 44 | 83 | - |
| 30.4 | 25.3 | 20.5 | 17.8 | 16.9 | 15.2 | 13.3 | 12.1 | 10.1 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 9.8 |
| 197 | 167 | 128 | 115 | 112 | 102 | 89 | 77 | 58 | 32 | 19 | 13 |
| 329 | 281 | 216 | 191 | 185 | 165 | 143 | 122 | 88 | 43 | 24 | 17 |
| 518 | 465 | 398 | 390 | 397 | 377 | 346 | 335 | 299 | 196 | 128 | 89 |
| 34.5 | 39.0 | 45.6 | 47.7 | 48.0 | 50.1 | 52.9 | 55.0 | 59.6 | 68.3 | 74.5 | 78.5 |
| 33.0 | 37.5 | 44.1 | 46.3 | 46.8 | 48.8 | 51.5 | 53.6 | 58.1 | 66.3 | 72.3 | 76.2 |
| 36.0 | 40.6 | 47.3 | 49.3 | 49.3 | 51.5 | 54.5 | 56.5 | 61.2 | 70.4 | 76.9 | 80.9 |
| 40.6 | 43.0 | 46.2 | 46.7 | 46.5 | 47.4 | 48.9 | 49.5 | 51.7 | 57.0 | 61.6 | 65.1 |
| 9.6 | 10.4 | 11.6 | 12.0 | 12.1 | 12.4 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 13.9 | 15.2 | 17.4 | 19.4 |
| 40.9 | 40.7 | 47.4 | 41.3 | 38.5 | 37.5 | 35.6 | 33.1 | 27.9 | 21.1 | 15.2 | 12.1 |
| 5.50 | 5.66 | 5.89 | 5.87 | 5.64 | 5.36 | 4.89 | 4.40 | 3.55 | 2.55 | 2.05 | 1.89 |
| 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1.45 | 1.66 | 1.96 | 2.03 | 1.96 | 1.94 | 1.85 | 1.73 | 1.49 | 1.17 | 0.97 | 0.91 |
| 29.7 | 29.7 | 29.7 | 29.7 | 29.6 | 29.3 | 28.9 | 28.5 | 27.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 26.8 |
| 47 | 57 | 81 | 99 | 108 | 122 | 133 | 141 | 151 | 164 | 160 | 146 |
| 35 | 35 | 35 | 43 | 47 | 49 | 50 | 52 | 55 | 61 | 81 | 117 |
| 12 | 21 | 46 | 56 | 60 | 73 | 83 | 90 | 96 | 103 | 79 | 29 |
| 0 | 0 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 10 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 0.0 | 8.7 | 8.3 | 8.9 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 3.7 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 0.0 |

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Equatorial Guinea

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1983 and 1994 censuses as well as with 1983-1994 intercensal estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Results of the 2002 census have been considered, but are not used. Reported figures in the 2002 Census for total population are not consistent with intercensal demographic trends (including international net migration flows) and cohorts enumerated in previous censuses.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from the 2000 MICS; (b) official estimates for 1975, 1983, 1988, 1994, 2001, and 2003; and (c) estimates from the 1983, 1994, and 2002 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1983, 1994 and 2002 censuses, and the 2000 MICS; (b) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (c) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and implied relationships between life expectancy at birth and estimates of infant and child mortality and between life expectancy at birth and estimates of adult mortality (45q15). The adjusted estimates of $45 q 15$ were derived from parental orphanhood from the 2000 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey; (b) estimates using intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for the period of 1983-1994; and (c) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

## Eritrea



## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

## Eritrea



|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 1141 | 1797 | 3273 | 3939 | 4854 | 5741 | 6738 | 7727 | 9782 | 14314 | 19036 | 21761 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 10 | 15 | 28 | 34 | 41 | 49 | 57 | 66 | 83 | 122 | 162 | 185 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 17.3 | 17.3 | 16.6 | 16.2 | 17.7 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 18.9 | 21.2 | 26.7 | 33.7 | 40.2 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 94.1 | 88.4 | 92.8 | 95.5 | 83.4 | 82.3 | 83.0 | 79.2 | 65.1 | 54.7 | 50.8 | 58.6 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 87.8 | 85.0 | 89.8 | 91.9 | 79.8 | 78.4 | 78.8 | 74.9 | 60.3 | 45.8 | 33.6 | 28.5 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 6.2 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 9.0 | 17.2 | 30.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

| 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 0.9 | 0.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19.3 | 24.8 | 29.1 | 29.4 | 31.2 | 31.4 | 30.2 | 27.5 | 22.7 | 16.3 | 8.8 | 3.3 |
| 36 | 28 | 24 | 24 | 17 | 21 | 22 | 26 | 31 | 43 | 79 | - |
| 27.8 | 22.7 | 16.1 | 10.5 | 8.9 | 8.0 | 6.9 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 6.4 | 8.7 |
| 200 | 161 | 105 | 73 | 62 | 54 | 42 | 32 | 18 | 9 | 7 | 7 |
| 292 | 239 | 156 | 102 | 84 | 72 | 56 | 43 | 24 | 12 | 9 | 9 |
| 608 | 583 | 520 | 402 | 362 | 323 | 287 | 250 | 190 | 123 | 76 | 46 |
| 35.8 | 39.6 | 46.5 | 54.6 | 57.5 | 60.0 | 62.6 | 65.1 | 69.3 | 74.4 | 78.4 | 81.8 |
| 33.9 | 37.2 | 44.4 | 52.2 | 55.2 | 57.6 | 60.2 | 62.7 | 66.8 | 71.8 | 76.4 | 80.5 |
| 37.9 | 42.1 | 48.7 | 56.8 | 59.6 | 62.2 | 64.9 | 67.4 | 71.7 | 76.8 | 80.4 | 83.1 |
| 37.6 | 38.8 | 41.7 | 46.7 | 48.5 | 50.3 | 51.8 | 53.4 | 56.3 | 60.4 | 64.3 | 67.7 |
| 8.7 | 9.1 | 9.7 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.9 | 12.2 | 12.5 | 13.4 | 15.4 | 17.7 | 19.9 |
| 47.1 | 47.4 | 45.3 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 37.0 | 33.3 | 27.3 | 21.0 | 15.2 | 12.0 |
| 6.96 | 6.70 | 6.51 | 6.11 | 5.74 | 5.20 | 4.74 | 4.30 | 3.52 | 2.58 | 2.08 | 1.90 |
| 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 |
| 1.96 | 2.09 | 2.32 | 2.45 | 2.38 | 2.23 | 2.09 | 1.95 | 1.65 | 1.24 | 1.00 | 0.92 |
| 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.9 | 30.7 | 30.9 | 30.4 | 30.1 | 29.7 | 29.1 | 28.3 | 28.3 | 28.3 |
| 282 | 401 | 691 | 734 | 882 | 1045 | 1155 | 1206 | 1265 | 1442 | 1415 | 1298 |
| 167 | 192 | 246 | 193 | 196 | 213 | 214 | 211 | 214 | 319 | 596 | 942 |
| 116 | 209 | 444 | 540 | 685 | 832 | 941 | 994 | 1050 | 1123 | 819 | 356 |
| 0 | 3 | -4 | -9 | 229 | 55 | 55 | - 5 | - 5 | - 5 | - 3 | 0 |
| 0.0 | 0.3 | -0.3 | -0.5 | 10.4 | 2.1 | 1.8 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

```
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
```

Population doubling time (years) (d)
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years)
$\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$ -

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)............................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) ..........................
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Eritrea

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the results relative to Eritrea from the 1984 Population and Housing Census of Ethiopia and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1995 and 2002 Eritrea DHS, and (b) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1984 census.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1995 and 2002 Eritrea Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), (b) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1995 and 2002 Eritrea DHS, and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on assumed levels of emigration.

## Estonia

Total population (thousands) ..... 1299
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 29
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 15.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 13.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 67.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 17.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... -0.4
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.64
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 6
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.6
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
ESTONIA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, Natural Earth.
de

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Estonia


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 1101 | 1360 | 1565 | 1366 | 1325 | 1299 | 1280 | 1261 | 1212 | 1121 | 1014 | 959 |
| Population density (persons per square km ) ............ | 24 | 30 | 35 | 30 | 29 | 29 | 28 | 28 | 27 | 25 | 22 | 21 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 29.9 | 33.8 | 34.4 | 37.9 | 39.3 | 40.5 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 44.0 | 44.4 | 44.5 | 45.1 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 56.7 | 51.1 | 51.2 | 49.6 | 47.3 | 49.0 | 52.8 | 56.5 | 59.4 | 70.5 | 70.3 | 72.9 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 40.1 | 33.3 | 33.5 | 26.9 | 22.5 | 22.9 | 24.7 | 26.1 | 25.3 | 27.6 | 27.4 | 27.6 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 16.6 | 17.8 | 17.6 | 22.7 | 24.8 | 26.1 | 28.2 | 30.4 | 34.1 | 43.0 | 42.9 | 45.3 |

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years) $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
1
1.0

| .0 | 1.1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| .8 | 4.3 |

1.1
$3.8-4.3$
0.6
-0.6
-3.9
-

| 13.2 | 10.7 | 12.1 | 13.9 | 13.6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

$-0.3-0.3$
-0.4
-
13.6
$-0.2$

$$
12.4
$$

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Estonia

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010, adjusted upward through 1994 by a factor of 1.25 to compensate for infant deaths omitted owing to the use of a definition of infant death that did not conform to international standards.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2011.

## Ethiopia

Total population (thousands) ..... 87095
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 79
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 44.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.2
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 52.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.3
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.26
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 92
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 59.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

ETHIOPIA


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official luorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of 2013.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Ethiopia


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 18128 | 28415 | 48043 | 66024 | 76167 | 87095 | 98942 | 111521 | 137670 | 187573 | 231032 | 243416 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 16 | 26 | 44 | 60 | 69 | 79 | 90 | 101 | 125 | 170 | 209 | 220 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 17.9 | 18.0 | 16.8 | 16.6 | 16.8 | 17.5 | 18.6 | 20.0 | 22.9 | 29.2 | 37.4 | 43.1 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... | 89.0 | 87.6 | 97.8 | 98.7 | 97.3 | 91.3 | 81.5 | 73.2 | 61.9 | 49.0 | 53.4 | 64.5 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 83.3 | 82.5 | 91.6 | 92.5 | 91.2 | 85.0 | 75.2 | 67.0 | 55.4 | 38.7 | 29.8 | 27.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 5.7 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.6 | 10.3 | 23.6 | 37.4 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1

Population doubling time (years) (d) 19 Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. $\qquad$
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) $\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (year $\qquad$
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). $\qquad$ 4689

| 1.9 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 19.3 | 25.8 | 29.2 | 30.3 | 28.8 | 26.9 | 25.6 |
| 37 | 28 | 21 | 24 | 25 | 26 | 28 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29.9 | 21.8 | 19.1 | 15.1 | 12.5 | 9.5 | 7.7 |
| 200 | 148 | 126 | 97 | 78 | 60 | 50 |
| 334 | 250 | 213 | 156 | 123 | 92 | 74 |
| 522 | 431 | 392 | 386 | 373 | 302 | 238 |
| 34.1 | 42.1 | 46.1 | 50.8 | 54.0 | 59.3 | 63.3 |
| 32.8 | 40.6 | 44.7 | 49.8 | 53.2 | 58.2 | 61.7 |
| 35.4 | 43.7 | 47.5 | 51.9 | 54.9 | 60.4 | 65.0 |
| 40.4 | 44.6 | 46.5 | 47.3 | 48.4 | 51.7 | 54.6 |
| 9.6 | 11.0 | 11.6 | 12.5 | 13.1 | 13.8 | 14.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49.3 | 47.6 | 48.3 | 45.4 | 41.3 | 36.4 | 33.3 |
| 7.17 | 6.87 | 7.37 | 6.83 | 6.13 | 5.26 | 4.59 |
| 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| 1.83 | 2.11 | 2.44 | 2.49 | 2.36 | 2.16 | 1.98 |
| 30.8 | 30.8 | 30.6 | 30.1 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 29.8 |
| 4689 | 6360 | 10720 | 13962 | 14670 | 14851 | 15505 |
| 2850 | 2917 | 4234 | 4656 | 4444 | 3873 | 3599 |
| 1839 | 3444 | 6485 | 9306 | 10226 | 10978 | 11907 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | -42 | 780 | -306 | -83 | -50 | -60 |
| -0.2 | -0.3 | 3.5 | -1.0 | -0.2 | -0.1 | -0.1 |


| 15505 | 16167 | 16833 | 16519 | 14867 | 13304 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 3599 | 3528 | 3641 | 4782 | 8591 | 12934 |
| 11907 | 12639 | 13193 | 11737 | 6276 | 370 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -60 | -60 | -60 | -60 | -30 | 0 |
| -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | 0.0 |

## International migration

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

## Ethiopia

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1984, 1994 and 2007 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. In the previous assessment, the latest available Demographic Health Survey (DHS) available at that time (2005 DHS) pointed to a substantial fertility decline. The 2007 census seemed to confirm such fertility decline, but the new 2011 DHS that have become available since then do not confirm this fertility decline.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 2000, 2005 and 2011 Ethiopia Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), and the 1990 National Family and Fertility Survey (NFFS); (b) data on births during the past 12 months, classified by age of mother, from the 1984, 1994 and 2007 censuses, the 1964 National Sample Survey (NSS), the 1st and 2nd rounds of the 1969-71 NSS, the 1981 Demographic Survey; and (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1981 Demographic Survey, the 2003 World Health Survey (WHS) and the 1994 and 2007 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1990 National Family and Fertility Survey (NFFS), the 2000, 2005, and 2011 Ethiopia Demographic and Health Survey (DHS); (b) data on children ever born and surviving, classified by age of mother, from the 1981 Demographic Survey, the 1984 Census, the 1990 NFFS, the 1994 Census, the 2000, 2005, and 2011 DHS, and the 2007 Census; and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1984-1994 and 1994-2007 intercensal periods, on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, and on assumed levels of emigration.


## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Fiji

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$






|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................. | 289 | 521 | 728 | 812 | 822 | 861 | 893 | 916 | 939 | 918 | 840 | 790 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............. | 16 | 28 | 40 | 44 | 45 | 47 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 50 | 46 | 43 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 16.6 | 17.7 | 20.9 | 22.1 | 25.3 | 26.5 | 27.5 | 28.6 | 30.6 | 35.6 | 40.7 | 43.7 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 97.9 | 85.3 | 70.5 | 62.6 | 53.2 | 51.2 | 52.8 | 53.5 | 52.7 | 55.0 | 59.2 | 67.2 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 92.5 | 81.1 | 65.5 | 57.0 | 46.9 | 43.9 | 43.9 | 42.9 | 37.4 | 32.4 | 28.1 | 27.2 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... | 5.5 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 5.6 | 6.3 | 7.3 | 8.9 | 10.6 | 15.3 | 22.6 | 31.2 | 40.0 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 $1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015$ 2015-2020 2025-2030 $2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100$

Population doubling time (years) (d)..............................
3.0

## Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)............................................
Life expectancy at birth (years). $\qquad$
$3.0 \quad 2.3$

| 0.5 | 0.9 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 23.2 | 19.7 |
| - | 77 |

Male life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
31.6
24
2.3
26.9
30
0.3
17.8
-
0.9
15.9
77
0.7
13.9
95
0.5
11.5
135
0.2
7.9
-
tility
$\qquad$
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population $\qquad$
Total fertility (children per woman).. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
$14.9 \quad 8.9$

| 6.5 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.5 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 29 | 22 | 19 | 18 |

Net reproduction rate ( f ) .......
Mean age childbearing (year $\qquad$

| 6.8 | 7.2 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 16 | 14 |
| 20 | 18 |

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
$\qquad$
42
233
8.3

| 10.3 | 11.6 |
| ---: | ---: |
| 7 | 3 |

$\qquad$

## nternational migratio

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................

Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

## Fiji

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2007 census and the 2010 official estimates, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on the analysis of the 1986, 1996 and 2007 census results. Official estimates are also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on life tables of 1976 (Demographic Yearbook), 1996 (National Statistics) and 2009 (World Health Organization).

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables of 1976 (Demographic Yearbook), 1996(National Statistics) and 2009 (World Health Organization).
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1950-2007 intercensal period.

## Finland



Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

## Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)



The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Finland


|  | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 2000 | 2005 | 2010 | 2015 | 2020 | 2030 | 2050 | 2075 | 2100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total population (thousands) ................................ | 4008 | 4607 | 4987 | 5176 | 5246 | 5368 | 5461 | 5542 | 5650 | 5693 | 5783 | 5762 |
| Population density (persons per square km) ............ | 12 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| Median age (years).............................................. | 27.8 | 29.6 | 36.4 | 39.4 | 40.9 | 42.0 | 42.6 | 42.9 | 44.0 | 44.2 | 45.6 | 47.4 |
| Dependency ratios (per 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... | 57.2 | 51.0 | 48.6 | 49.4 | 49.9 | 50.7 | 58.4 | 64.4 | 71.4 | 72.3 | 75.7 | 83.1 |
| Child dependency ratio (b)................................... | 46.8 | 37.2 | 28.7 | 27.1 | 26.0 | 24.9 | 26.1 | 27.5 | 28.2 | 28.0 | 27.7 | 27.9 |
| Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ | 10.4 | 13.8 | 19.9 | 22.3 | 23.9 | 25.8 | 32.3 | 37.0 | 43.2 | 44.3 | 48.0 | 55.2 |

## Rates of population change

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1.1

Population doubling time (years) (d)
12.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). $\qquad$
Life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
Female life expectancy at birth (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) $\qquad$
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) $\qquad$
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

$\qquad$
Net reproduction rate (f) $\qquad$
Mean age childbearing (years). $\qquad$

## Births and deaths

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) $\qquad$
0.2

| 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2.7 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.9 |  |

0.3
0.1

```
0.1
``` -0.1

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(63 \quad\)\begin{tabular}{ll}
6.1 \\
-
\end{tabular}
-0.4
9.
\begin{tabular}{rrrr} 
& - & - & - \\
9.8 & 9.9 & 9.7 & 9.5 \\
15 & 6 & 4 & 3
\end{tabular}
9.3
\begin{tabular}{rr}
9.6 & 10.0 \\
2 & 2
\end{tabular}
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Finland}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2010.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2009. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2009 from the Human Mortality Database.
International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{France}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

France

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 41832 & 50704 & 56846 & 59213 & 61445 & 63231 & 64983 & 66570 & 69286 & 73212 & 76702 & 79059 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............. & 76 & 92 & 103 & 107 & 111 & 115 & 118 & 121 & 126 & 133 & 139 & 143 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 34.5 & 32.5 & 34.8 & 37.6 & 38.8 & 40.0 & 41.0 & 41.3 & 42.3 & 43.4 & 44.7 & 46.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 51.7 & 60.4 & 51.5 & 53.7 & 53.7 & 54.2 & 58.3 & 61.9 & 68.5 & 73.7 & 77.4 & 84.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 34.5 & 39.7 & 30.1 & 29.1 & 28.4 & 28.3 & 28.6 & 29.0 & 29.4 & 29.5 & 29.3 & 29.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 17.3 & 20.6 & 21.4 & 24.6 & 25.3 & 25.9 & 29.7 & 32.9 & 39.1 & 44.2 & 48.2 & 55.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.7 & 0.7 & 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.7 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.2 & 0.2 \\
\hline 6.3 & 6.1 & 4.1 & 3.5 & 3.8 & 4.1 & 3.4 & 3.0 & 2.4 & 0.8 & 1.2 \\
\hline 96 & 95 & 136 & - & 94 & 121 & 127 & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 12.8 & 11.1 & 9.7 & 9.3 & 9.0 & 8.6 & 8.9 & 9.1 & 9.3 & 10.6 & 9.9 \\
\hline 46 & 21 & 8 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\
\hline 54 & 24 & 10 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\
\hline 195 & 161 & 126 & 106 & 98 & 88 & 82 & 75 & 63 & 44 & 27 \\
\hline 67.1 & 71.4 & 76.0 & 78.4 & 79.5 & 80.9 & 81.7 & 82.5 & 84.0 & 86.6 & 89.7 \\
\hline 64.1 & 67.6 & 71.9 & 74.4 & 75.8 & 77.4 & 78.2 & 79.0 & 80.5 & 83.1 & 86.2 \\
\hline 69.9 & 75.1 & 80.1 & 82.2 & 83.1 & 84.3 & 85.1 & 85.9 & 87.4 & 90.1 & 93.1 \\
\hline 56.2 & 58.3 & 61.9 & 63.9 & 65.0 & 66.3 & 67.1 & 67.8 & 69.2 & 71.9 & 74.8 \\
\hline 13.5 & 14.8 & 17.4 & 18.8 & 19.5 & 20.5 & 21.0 & 21.5 & 22.4 & 24.2 & 26.4 \\
\hline 19.1 & 17.2 & 13.8 & 12.7 & 12.8 & 12.7 & 12.3 & 12.1 & 11.7 & 11.4 & 11.0 \\
\hline 2.75 & 2.64 & 1.81 & 1.76 & 1.88 & 1.97 & 1.98 & 1.98 & 1.99 & 1.99 & 1.99 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.25 & 1.25 & 0.87 & 0.85 & 0.91 & 0.95 & 0.96 & 0.96 & 0.96 & 0.97 & 0.97 \\
\hline 28.0 & 27.3 & 27.9 & 29.2 & 29.5 & 29.9 & 30.1 & 30.3 & 30.4 & 30.5 & 30.5 \\
\hline 4060 & 4283 & 3873 & 3727 & 3852 & 3954 & 3951 & 3988 & 4013 & 4152 & 4209 \\
\hline 2720 & 2767 & 2732 & 2711 & 2699 & 2686 & 2849 & 3001 & 3193 & 3849 & 3763 \\
\hline 1339 & 1516 & 1141 & 1016 & 1154 & 1267 & 1102 & 987 & 819 & 302 & 446 \\
\hline 201 & 314 & 290 & 188 & 1078 & 518 & 650 & 600 & 500 & 500 & 250 \\
\hline 0.9 & 1.3 & 1.0 & 0.6 & 3.6 & 1.7 & 2.0 & 1.8 & 1.5 & 1.4 & 0.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{France}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official estimates through 2010 and the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Population estimates exclude the overseas departments, namely, French Guyana, Guadeloupe, Martinique and Réunion.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on an official life table through 2009.
International migration: Based on official estimates of net international migration available through 2010.

\section*{French Guiana}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 231
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 3
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 33.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 17.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 62.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.3
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.27
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 16
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 75.9
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

French Guiana (FR)


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, OSM.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Nov 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

French Guiana

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 25 & 49 & 117 & 165 & 202 & 231 & 262 & 294 & 362 & 495 & 612 & 674 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 6 & 7 & 7 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 26.6 & 21.4 & 24.0 & 23.8 & 23.7 & 24.3 & 25.3 & 26.5 & 28.9 & 33.1 & 39.1 & 43.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 56.8 & 78.0 & 62.8 & 65.6 & 64.2 & 60.6 & 57.9 & 57.2 & 58.9 & 56.3 & 63.3 & 73.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 48.1 & 68.7 & 56.9 & 59.5 & 58.3 & 53.7 & 49.8 & 46.8 & 44.3 & 36.4 & 31.3 & 29.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 8.7 & 9.3 & 5.8 & 6.1 & 5.9 & 7.0 & 8.1 & 10.4 & 14.6 & 19.9 & 32.1 & 44.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years).
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
2.3
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 4.2 & 5.8 & 3.4 & 4.1 & 2.7 & 2.5 & 2.3 & 2.0 & 1.4 & 0.6 & 0.2 \\
\hline 21.0 & 23.6 & 25.1 & 25.6 & 24.1 & 21.4 & 19.9 & 19.0 & 16.5 & 11.0 & 6.2 & 2.4 \\
\hline 31 & 17 & 12 & 20 & 17 & 26 & 28 & 30 & 35 & 52 & 110 & - \\
\hline 15.8 & 9.3 & 5.2 & 4.0 & 3.7 & 3.6 & 3.6 & 3.7 & 4.1 & 5.4 & 6.7 & 8.7 \\
\hline 103 & 51 & 26 & 17 & 15 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 149 & 67 & 31 & 20 & 18 & 16 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 7 & 5 & 3 \\
\hline 342 & 221 & 145 & 110 & 102 & 93 & 82 & 72 & 56 & 40 & 26 & 17 \\
\hline 53.3 & 64.4 & 71.1 & 74.2 & 75.1 & 75.9 & 77.0 & 78.1 & 80.3 & 83.4 & 86.4 & 89.3 \\
\hline 50.3 & 61.4 & 68.2 & 71.5 & 71.9 & 72.6 & 73.8 & 75.0 & 77.4 & 80.5 & 83.7 & 86.6 \\
\hline 56.9 & 68.0 & 74.5 & 77.5 & 79.1 & 79.9 & 80.8 & 81.7 & 83.3 & 86.0 & 89.1 & 92.0 \\
\hline 48.9 & 54.6 & 58.6 & 60.9 & 61.7 & 62.3 & 63.3 & 64.3 & 66.2 & 69.0 & 71.9 & 74.6 \\
\hline 11.8 & 13.1 & 14.4 & 15.5 & 16.0 & 16.4 & 17.0 & 17.6 & 18.9 & 21.1 & 23.4 & 25.6 \\
\hline 36.8 & 32.9 & 30.3 & 29.6 & 27.9 & 25.0 & 23.6 & 22.7 & 20.6 & 16.5 & 13.0 & 11.1 \\
\hline 5.00 & 5.00 & 3.73 & 3.93 & 3.68 & 3.27 & 3.08 & 2.92 & 2.67 & 2.31 & 2.05 & 1.95 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.98 & 2.25 & 1.76 & 1.87 & 1.76 & 1.57 & 1.48 & 1.40 & 1.28 & 1.12 & 1.00 & 0.95 \\
\hline 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.3 & 27.5 & 27.6 & 27.7 & 28.0 & 28.5 & 28.5 & 28.5 \\
\hline 5 & 7 & 15 & 23 & 26 & 27 & 29 & 32 & 36 & 39 & 39 & 37 \\
\hline 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 7 & 13 & 20 & 29 \\
\hline 3 & 5 & 13 & 19 & 22 & 23 & 25 & 26 & 28 & 26 & 19 & 8 \\
\hline 0 & 4 & 17 & 7 & 15 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline 1.7 & 18.4 & 32.8 & 8.7 & 16.2 & 5.5 & 4.9 & 4.3 & 3.5 & 2.5 & 0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{French Guiana}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1967, 1974, 1982, 1990, 1999, 2006 and 2010 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered live births by age of mother through 2007 and the underlying mid-year of female population by age; and (b) official estimates of total fertility available through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) Coale-Demeny Model Life Table with given e0; also (b) births and infant deaths registered through 2011 were also taken into consideration.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) official estimates of life expectancy since 1990; and (b) estimates from registered deaths by age and sex through 2011 were also taken into consideration.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1990-1999 and 1999-2006 intercensal periods. Official migration statistics for the period 1990-2006 and the 2004 Greater Caribbean Survey were also considered as well as the number of immigrants admitted to the United States.

\section*{French Polynesia}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & French Polynesia (FR) \\
\hline Total population (thousands) .. & 268 & KRIBAT \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ).......... & 67 & Pentur : it \\
\hline Percentage of population under age \(15 \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\). & 23.8 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24..................... & 18.4 & \({ }^{\text {cook }}\) \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64.. & 69.5 & \\
\hline Percentage of population aged \(65+\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\). & 6.8 & (1) \\
\hline & 2005-2010 &  \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage)...... & 1.0 & \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)...................... & 2.17 & \\
\hline Under-five mortality ( 5 q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 10 & \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years)... & 75.0 & Tahiti \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.} & Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official
endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013 . \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{French Polynesia}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) .............................. & 60 & 111 & 198 & 237 & 255 & 268 & 283 & 296 & 318 & 337 & 329 & 306 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 15 & 28 & 50 & 59 & 64 & 67 & 71 & 74 & 80 & 84 & 82 & 77 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.7 & 17.2 & 22.0 & 25.7 & 27.1 & 30.0 & 31.5 & 33.2 & 37.1 & 43.1 & 47.5 & 49.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 77.7 & 93.9 & 63.8 & 56.4 & 48.8 & 43.9 & 42.2 & 42.9 & 50.4 & 60.2 & 73.9 & 86.1 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 74.1 & 88.6 & 58.3 & 49.7 & 41.3 & 34.2 & 31.5 & 29.9 & 30.3 & 25.8 & 25.3 & 26.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 3.6 & 5.3 & 5.5 & 6.7 & 7.5 & 9.7 & 10.7 & 13.0 & 20.1 & 34.4 & 48.6 & 59.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.7 & 3.4 & 2.5 & 2.0 & 1.4 & 1.0 & 1.1 & 0.9 & 0.6 & 0.1 & -0.2 & -0.3 \\
\hline 30.6 & 26.9 & 24.5 & 16.4 & 14.3 & 12.7 & 11.0 & 9.7 & 6.6 & 1.6 & -2.0 & -2.8 \\
\hline 26 & 21 & 28 & 36 & 49 & 69 & 65 & 74 & 111 & - & - & - \\
\hline 15.5 & 9.2 & 5.6 & 4.9 & 4.8 & 4.8 & 5.5 & 5.8 & 6.5 & 9.1 & 11.5 & 11.9 \\
\hline 130 & 79 & 20 & 10 & 9 & 9 & 7 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\
\hline 142 & 84 & 22 & 11 & 10 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline 477 & 316 & 225 & 175 & 147 & 119 & 109 & 98 & 79 & 52 & 33 & 21 \\
\hline 48.9 & 59.3 & 68.0 & 71.4 & 73.2 & 75.0 & 76.1 & 77.2 & 79.4 & 83.1 & 86.6 & 89.6 \\
\hline 48.0 & 57.6 & 65.6 & 69.0 & 70.7 & 72.8 & 74.0 & 75.2 & 77.5 & 81.7 & 85.1 & 88.2 \\
\hline 50.0 & 61.3 & 70.8 & 74.3 & 76.1 & 77.5 & 78.6 & 79.6 & 81.5 & 84.6 & 88.0 & 91.1 \\
\hline 43.1 & 50.3 & 54.8 & 57.5 & 59.1 & 60.8 & 61.8 & 62.8 & 64.9 & 68.4 & 71.8 & 74.8 \\
\hline 10.3 & 11.9 & 13.4 & 14.4 & 15.1 & 15.8 & 16.5 & 17.1 & 18.5 & 21.0 & 23.6 & 26.0 \\
\hline 46.1 & 36.1 & 30.2 & 21.3 & 19.1 & 17.5 & 16.5 & 15.5 & 13.1 & 10.7 & 9.5 & 9.2 \\
\hline 6.00 & 5.20 & 3.64 & 2.61 & 2.36 & 2.17 & 2.07 & 1.99 & 1.87 & 1.77 & 1.79 & 1.83 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.28 & 2.24 & 1.71 & 1.25 & 1.13 & 1.04 & 1.00 & 0.96 & 0.90 & 0.86 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 27.5 & 27.5 & 27.5 & 27.9 & 28.0 & 28.3 & 28.6 & 28.8 & 29.1 & 29.4 & 29.5 & 29.5 \\
\hline 15 & 18 & 28 & 24 & 23 & 23 & 23 & 22 & 20 & 18 & 16 & 14 \\
\hline 5 & 5 & 5 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 8 & 10 & 15 & 19 & 18 \\
\hline 10 & 14 & 23 & 19 & 18 & 17 & 15 & 14 & 10 & 3 & -3 & -4 \\
\hline -1 & 3 & 0 & 3 & 0 & -3 & -1 & - 1 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -4.0 & 6.6 & 0.3 & 3.1 & 0.1 & -2.7 & -0.4 & -0.4 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{French Polynesia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1962, 1971, 1988, 1996, 2002 and 2007 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on births registered through 2010 classified by age of mother and underlying female population by age.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy derived from registered deaths through 2010.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Gabon}

2010
Total population (thousands) ................................. 1556
Population density (persons per square km) ........... 6
Percentage of population under age 15 ................... 38.6
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64....................... 56.0
Percentage of population aged \(65+\)........................ 5.3
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 2.4
Total fertility (children per woman)....................... 4.29
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 77
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 61.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

GABON


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Gabon

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 473 & 589 & 947 & 1226 & 1379 & 1556 & 1751 & 1955 & 2382 & 3302 & 4293 & 4884 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 2 & 2 & 4 & 5 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 7 & 9 & 12 & 16 & 18 \\
\hline Median age (years). & 28.1 & 25.3 & 19.5 & 19.5 & 20.0 & 20.5 & 20.9 & 21.4 & 23.1 & 27.5 & 33.3 & 38.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ............................ & 56.9 & 68.8 & 90.0 & 86.9 & 82.3 & 78.4 & 76.5 & 73.4 & 63.9 & 54.9 & 51.8 & 56.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 45.6 & 57.9 & 78.7 & 75.9 & 72.0 & 68.9 & 67.6 & 64.9 & 55.8 & 44.3 & 34.6 & 29.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c).............................. & 11.3 & 10.8 & 11.3 & 11.0 & 10.3 & 9.5 & 8.9 & 8.4 & 8.1 & 10.6 & 17.3 & 26.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.4 & 2.0 & 2.7 & 2.5 & 2.4 & 2.4 & 2.4 & 2.2 & 1.9 & 1.4 & 0.8 & 0.3 \\
\hline 2.6 & 14.7 & 26.1 & 23.5 & 22.2 & 22.8 & 23.0 & 21.4 & 18.7 & 14.0 & 8.1 & 3.4 \\
\hline - & 34 & 26 & 28 & 30 & 29 & 30 & 32 & 37 & 49 & 85 & - \\
\hline 27.7 & 22.0 & 11.5 & 10.8 & 11.2 & 10.2 & 9.2 & 8.3 & 7.1 & 6.6 & 7.6 & 9.4 \\
\hline 180 & 134 & 63 & 58 & 58 & 51 & 43 & 38 & 29 & 18 & 11 & 9 \\
\hline 297 & 224 & 97 & 88 & 88 & 77 & 65 & 57 & 42 & 24 & 14 & 10 \\
\hline 488 & 402 & 245 & 269 & 306 & 285 & 262 & 240 & 207 & 153 & 100 & 63 \\
\hline 37.0 & 44.6 & 60.6 & 60.6 & 59.3 & 61.3 & 63.3 & 64.9 & 67.6 & 71.7 & 75.9 & 79.3 \\
\hline 35.5 & 43.0 & 59.0 & 59.2 & 58.2 & 60.3 & 62.3 & 63.9 & 66.3 & 70.0 & 74.1 & 77.4 \\
\hline 38.6 & 46.2 & 62.2 & 62.0 & 60.3 & 62.4 & 64.3 & 66.0 & 69.1 & 73.5 & 77.7 & 81.2 \\
\hline 42.0 & 46.0 & 53.7 & 52.8 & 51.2 & 52.5 & 53.7 & 54.7 & 56.2 & 58.8 & 62.1 & 65.2 \\
\hline 10.1 & 11.3 & 13.5 & 14.0 & 14.1 & 14.4 & 14.6 & 14.6 & 14.7 & 15.1 & 16.5 & 18.2 \\
\hline 30.3 & 36.6 & 37.6 & 34.3 & 33.4 & 32.9 & 32.1 & 29.7 & 25.8 & 20.6 & 15.7 & 12.8 \\
\hline 3.99 & 4.93 & 5.58 & 4.77 & 4.47 & 4.29 & 4.12 & 3.80 & 3.25 & 2.58 & 2.13 & 1.94 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.14 & 1.63 & 2.34 & 1.99 & 1.85 & 1.82 & 1.79 & 1.68 & 1.48 & 1.22 & 1.03 & 0.94 \\
\hline 28.1 & 28.1 & 28.1 & 28.1 & 28.0 & 27.9 & 28.0 & 28.0 & 28.1 & 28.3 & 28.3 & 28.3 \\
\hline 72 & 103 & 167 & 198 & 217 & 242 & 266 & 275 & 293 & 328 & 329 & 309 \\
\hline 66 & 62 & 51 & 62 & 73 & 75 & 76 & 77 & 81 & 104 & 160 & 227 \\
\hline 6 & 41 & 116 & 135 & 144 & 167 & 190 & 198 & 213 & 224 & 170 & 82 \\
\hline 3 & 16 & 5 & 10 & 10 & 10 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\
\hline 1.3 & 5.8 & 1.1 & 1.7 & 1.5 & 1.3 & 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) ................................
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) 3
\begin{tabular}{llr}
5.8 & 1.1 & 10 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Gabon}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1993 census and the preliminary results of the 2003 census, both adjusted for underenumeration, and with official estimate for 2005, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1960 Census (African population only) and 1993 Census, (b) maternity-history data from the 2000 Gabon Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), (c) preliminary estimates from maternity-history data from the 2012 Gabon DHS, and (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1960, 1969-70 and 1993 censuses and the 2005 Enquête Gabonaise pour l'Evaluation et le Suivi de la Pauvreté (EGEP).

Infant and child mortality: Based on maternity-history data from the 2000 Gabon Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), the preliminary results from the 2012 Gabon DHS, and estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal period and on information on the stock of refugees derived from the historical database maintained by UNHCR.

\section*{Gambia}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Gambia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ... & 271 & 447 & 917 & 1229 & 1437 & 1681 & 1970 & 2297 & 3056 & 4866 & 7044 & 8423 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 24 & 40 & 81 & 109 & 127 & 149 & 174 & 203 & 271 & 431 & 624 & 746 \\
\hline Median age (years)......................................... & 19.5 & 20.3 & 17.0 & 16.9 & 16.9 & 16.9 & 17.0 & 17.3 & 18.4 & 22.1 & 28.4 & 34.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................. & 77.9 & 76.2 & 95.5 & 94.6 & 94.3 & 94.2 & 92.4 & 90.1 & 82.5 & 65.1 & 50.2 & 48.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................. & 72.9 & 71.8 & 90.2 & 89.3 & 89.4 & 89.3 & 87.9 & 85.5 & 77.6 & 58.9 & 40.6 & 32.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................. & 4.9 & 4.4 & 5.4 & 5.3 & 4.9 & 4.9 & 4.5 & 4.5 & 4.9 & 6.2 & 9.6 & 16.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 2.2 & 4.5 & 2.9 & 3.1 & 3.1 & 3.2 & 3.1 & 2.8 & 2.0 & 1.2 \\
\hline 11.0 & 21.8 & 33.1 & 33.0 & 33.2 & 33.1 & 33.2 & 31.9 & 28.7 & 20.8 & 11.7 \\
\hline 31 & 32 & 16 & 25 & 23 & 22 & 22 & 23 & 25 & 35 & 61 \\
\hline 32.7 & 28.0 & 15.1 & 12.7 & 11.6 & 10.5 & 9.8 & 9.1 & 8.0 & 7.2 & 7.9 \\
\hline 156 & 127 & 82 & 70 & 65 & 60 & 55 & 52 & 45 & 36 & 28 \\
\hline 383 & 307 & 175 & 138 & 123 & 109 & 100 & 93 & 81 & 63 & 46 \\
\hline 572 & 521 & 326 & 311 & 297 & 283 & 269 & 257 & 237 & 208 & 179 \\
\hline 30.3 & 35.8 & 51.3 & 54.3 & 55.9 & 57.5 & 58.7 & 59.8 & 61.6 & 64.5 & 67.4 \\
\hline 29.1 & 34.6 & 50.1 & 53.1 & 54.7 & 56.2 & 57.4 & 58.4 & 60.2 & 62.9 & 65.6 \\
\hline 31.4 & 37.1 & 52.7 & 55.7 & 57.3 & 58.8 & 60.1 & 61.2 & 63.1 & 66.1 & 69.3 \\
\hline 37.3 & 39.7 & 48.9 & 49.6 & 50.3 & 50.9 & 51.6 & 52.1 & 53.1 & 54.7 & 56.4 \\
\hline 7.9 & 8.6 & 11.2 & 11.4 & 11.6 & 11.7 & 11.9 & 12.0 & 12.3 & 12.9 & 13.5 \\
\hline 43.6 & 49.8 & 48.2 & 45.8 & 44.8 & 43.6 & 42.9 & 41.0 & 36.7 & 28.0 & 19.6 \\
\hline 5.29 & 5.96 & 6.14 & 5.99 & 5.85 & 5.79 & 5.78 & 5.53 & 4.86 & 3.42 & 2.39 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.26 & 1.66 & 2.27 & 2.32 & 2.32 & 2.34 & 2.37 & 2.31 & 2.08 & 1.51 & 1.09 \\
\hline 27.8 & 27.8 & 28.5 & 29.2 & 29.5 & 29.8 & 29.9 & 29.8 & 29.5 & 28.9 & 28.5 \\
\hline 63 & 106 & 199 & 263 & 299 & 340 & 392 & 437 & 524 & 649 & 670 \\
\hline 47 & 59 & 62 & 73 & 77 & 82 & 89 & 97 & 115 & 167 & 270 \\
\hline 16 & 46 & 136 & 190 & 221 & 258 & 303 & 340 & 409 & 481 & 400 \\
\hline 17 & 0 & 48 & -26 & - 14 & - 14 & - 13 & - 13 & - 13 & - 13 & -7 \\
\hline 11.8 & 0.1 & 11.7 & -4.6 & -2.1 & -1.8 & -1.5 & -1.3 & -0.9 & -0.5 & -0.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Population doubling time (years) (d)........................
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.......................
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands).
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\section*{Gambia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1973. 1983, 1993 and 2003 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, and the structure by age and sex from the 2005-2006 MICS3 and 2010 MICS4 surveys, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1990 Gambia Contraceptive Prevalence and Fertility Determinants Survey, adjusted for underreporting; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from this survey and from the 1963, 1973, 1983 and 1993 censuses, 1973 post-enumeration survey, 1993/94 Household Education and Health Survey of the Social Dimensions of Adjustment, 2000 MICS2 survey, 2001 National Survey on Mortality and Contraceptive Prevalence, 2005-2006 MICS3 and 2010 MICS4 surveys ; (c) total fertility from births in the preceding 12 months from the 2003 census; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses; (e) the own-children method applied to the 2005-2006 MICS3 survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1973, 1983 and 1993 censuses, the 1990 Gambia Contraceptive Prevalence and Fertility Determinants Survey and the 1993/94 Household Education and Health Survey; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from censuses as well as from the 2001 National Survey on Mortality and Contraceptive Prevalence, the 2000 MICS2, 2005-2006 MICS3 and 2010 MICS4 surveys. Infant mortality estimates are estimated using relationships between infant and child mortality (for both sexes, and by sex) estimated by the UN Population Division based on WFS/DHS direct birth histories from the Sahelian region validated using 15 demographic surveillance sites and cohort studies from West Africa.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15). Adult mortality was derived from the relationship to child mortality implied by the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Adult mortality estimates derived from recent household deaths data from the 1973 census, and from parental orphanhood from the 1973, 1983 and 2003 censuses, 2001 Baseline Survey in Lower, Central and Upper River Divisions, 2000 MICS2 and 2005-2006 MICS3 surveys and rural demographic surveillance sites were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

\section*{Georgia}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Georgia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 3527 & 4707 & 5460 & 4744 & 4475 & 4389 & 4305 & 4202 & 3953 & 3563 & 3236 & 3026 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 51 & 68 & 78 & 68 & 64 & 63 & 62 & 60 & 57 & 51 & 46 & 43 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 27.3 & 28.8 & 31.2 & 34.4 & 35.8 & 37.0 & 38.1 & 39.3 & 42.6 & 43.4 & 44.9 & 46.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 58.6 & 63.6 & 51.4 & 52.5 & 49.1 & 46.0 & 49.7 & 54.7 & 60.3 & 68.6 & 68.2 & 74.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 42.6 & 50.1 & 37.3 & 33.4 & 27.4 & 25.3 & 27.6 & 29.9 & 26.4 & 27.5 & 26.6 & 26.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 16.0 & 13.5 & 14.2 & 19.1 & 21.8 & 20.8 & 22.0 & 24.8 & 33.9 & 41.1 & 41.6 & 47.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........ 1.7
1.7
\begin{tabular}{rr}
0.6 & -1.3 \\
8.7 & 2.7 \\
108 & -
\end{tabular}

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
15
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births
9.310 .0

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{r}
10.0 \\
44 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females)
Mean age childbearing (years).....................................

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
\(\square\)
, \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) \(\qquad\)
\(104 \quad 24\)
10.1
10.9
11.5
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
-0.5 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.3 \\
0.3 & -2.4 & -3.8 & -3.5 & -2.5 \\
- & - & - & - & - \\
11.8 & 12.4 & 14.3 & 13.9 & 12.6 \\
17 & 13 & 9 & 6 & 4 \\
19 & 15 & 10 & 7 & 5 \\
112 & 100 & 76 & 53 & 37 \\
75.0 & 76.4 & 79.3 & 82.4 & 85.0 \\
71.2 & 72.8 & 76.3 & 79.9 & 82.6 \\
78.4 & 79.7 & 82.1 & 84.9 & 87.5 \\
61.6 & 62.7 & 65.2 & 68.0 & 70.4 \\
16.3 & 17.0 & 18.7 & 20.6 & 22.4 \\
& & & & \\
12.2 & 10.0 & 10.5 & 10.5 & 10.1 \\
1.82 & 1.83 & 1.85 & 1.87 & 1.89 \\
110 & 109 & 108 & 108 & 108 \\
0.84 & 0.86 & 0.88 & 0.89 & 0.90 \\
26.7 & 27.2 & 28.3 & 28.3 & 28.3 \\
& & & & \\
258 & 200 & 190 & 171 & 154 \\
252 & 249 & 258 & 227 & 191 \\
7 & -49 & -69 & -57 & -37 \\
& & & & \\
\hline 109 & -78 & -16 & 0 & 0 \\
-5.1 & -3.9 & -0.9 & 0.0 & 0.0
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
-0.5 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.3 \\
0.3 & -2.4 & -3.8 & -3.5 & -2.5 \\
- & - & - & - & - \\
11.8 & 12.4 & 14.3 & 13.9 & 12.6 \\
17 & 13 & 9 & 6 & 4 \\
19 & 15 & 10 & 7 & 5 \\
112 & 100 & 76 & 53 & 37 \\
75.0 & 76.4 & 79.3 & 82.4 & 85.0 \\
71.2 & 72.8 & 76.3 & 79.9 & 82.6 \\
78.4 & 79.7 & 82.1 & 84.9 & 87.5 \\
61.6 & 62.7 & 65.2 & 68.0 & 70.4 \\
16.3 & 17.0 & 18.7 & 20.6 & 22.4 \\
& & & & \\
12.2 & 10.0 & 10.5 & 10.5 & 10.1 \\
1.82 & 1.83 & 1.85 & 1.87 & 1.89 \\
110 & 109 & 108 & 108 & 108 \\
0.84 & 0.86 & 0.88 & 0.89 & 0.90 \\
26.7 & 27.2 & 28.3 & 28.3 & 28.3 \\
& & & & \\
258 & 200 & 190 & 171 & 154 \\
252 & 249 & 258 & 227 & 191 \\
7 & -49 & -69 & -57 & -37 \\
& & & & 0 \\
-109 & -78 & -16 & 0 & 0.0 \\
-5.1 & -3.9 & -0.9 & 0.0 & 0.9
\end{tabular}
32
22
25
\begin{tabular}{rr}
25 \\
129 & 123
\end{tabular}
22
118
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Georgia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, and 2002 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2010, and (b) on the 1999, 2005 and 2010 Georgia Reproductive Health Survey.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) official estimates of infant and child mortality through 2011 adjusted for underregistration, (b) maternity-history data from the 1999 and 2005 RHS, (c) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2005 MICS, and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. Estimates from 2010 RHS were also considered.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011, adjusted for underregistration. The age pattern of mortality is based on a life table derived from deaths in 2001, adjusted for underregistration, and the underlying population by age and sex.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1989-2002 intercensal period.

\section*{Germany}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Germany





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 70094 & 79287 & 80487 & 83512 & 83836 & 83017 & 82562 & 81881 & 79552 & 72566 & 63339 & 56902 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 196 & 222 & 225 & 234 & 235 & 233 & 231 & 229 & 223 & 203 & 177 & 159 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 35.3 & 34.1 & 37.7 & 39.9 & 42.0 & 44.3 & 46.3 & 47.6 & 49.1 & 51.5 & 50.6 & 51.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 49.1 & 58.4 & 45.1 & 46.9 & 49.9 & 52.0 & 52.4 & 56.3 & 70.2 & 83.0 & 85.0 & 90.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 34.8 & 36.9 & 23.3 & 22.9 & 21.5 & 20.4 & 19.7 & 20.2 & 22.2 & 23.1 & 24.5 & 25.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 14.3 & 21.5 & 21.7 & 24.0 & 28.4 & 31.6 & 32.7 & 36.1 & 48.1 & 59.9 & 60.5 & 65.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 \(1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 \(2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)....
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
0.4
4.7
-
0.7
\begin{tabular}{ll}
0.7 & 0.4 \\
9 & -0.8
\end{tabular}
\(0.1 \quad-0.2\)
\(\begin{array}{ll}0.1 & -0.2 \\ 1.5 & -2.0\end{array}\)
\(-0.2-0.3\)
-0.2
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
-0.5 & -0.5 & -0.4 \\
-6.6 & -5.5 & -4.0 \\
- & - & -
\end{tabular}
\(10.9 \quad 12.2\)
11.7
10.7
10.3
10.4
10.9
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
11.5 & 12.6 & 14.8 & 14.0 \\
3 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\
3 & 3 & 2 & 1
\end{tabular}
12.6

1
1
16

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Germany}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates through 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010, from flow statistics available through 2012 and from official population projections.

\section*{Ghana}

\section*{2010}

Total population (thousands) ................................. 24263
Population density (persons per square km)........... 102
Percentage of population under age 15 ................... 39.0
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 20.3
Percentage of population age 15-64....................... 57.5
Percentage of population aged 65+........................ 3.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 2.5
Total fertility (children per woman)........................ 4.22
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 84
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 60.0
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

GHANA


Map Sources: ISCGM, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Ghana}



\(\qquad\)





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 4981 & 8597 & 14629 & 18825 & 21384 & 24263 & 26984 & 29746 & 35264 & 45670 & 54299 & 57210 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 21 & 36 & 61 & 79 & 90 & 102 & 113 & 125 & 148 & 191 & 228 & 240 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 17.4 & 17.3 & 17.8 & 18.9 & 19.5 & 20.2 & 20.9 & 21.7 & 23.8 & 28.4 & 33.3 & 37.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 90.8 & 92.7 & 87.2 & 80.0 & 77.2 & 73.9 & 70.8 & 66.8 & 58.4 & 52.2 & 49.5 & 51.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 86.1 & 87.9 & 82.0 & 74.6 & 71.2 & 67.8 & 65.0 & 61.1 & 51.8 & 41.9 & 33.6 & 29.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 4.7 & 4.8 & 5.2 & 5.4 & 6.0 & 6.2 & 5.9 & 5.8 & 6.6 & 10.3 & 15.9 & 21.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
23
2.6

995-2000 2000-2005 2005-20
21
27
2.2
30.6
32
\begin{tabular}{rr}
2.8 & 2.3 \\
28.4 & 24.5 \\
25 & 30
\end{tabular}
2.6
23.8
28
2.5
23.6
28
2.1
22.0
33
2.0
20.2
36

\section*{Births minus deaths (thousands). \\ \(\qquad\)}
16.6
10.6
10.5
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
9.1 & 8.5 & 8.0 & 8.7 & 10.6 & 12.3 \\
51 & 48 & 42 & 33 & 24 & 18 \\
78 & 72 & 63 & 50 & 35 & 25 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
1926 & 2744 & 3121 & 3451 & 3780 \\
678 & 802 & 944 & 1057 & 1091 \\
1248 & 1942 & 2177 & 2393 & 2690 \\
& & & & \\
-362 & -30 & -113 & 166 & 189
\end{tabular}
3986
-
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Ghana}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1984, 2000 and 2010 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data adjusted for underreporting from the 1979-1980 Ghana WFS and the 1988, 1993, 1998-1999, 2003 and 2008 Ghana DHS, and 2007 Ghana Maternal Health Survey, (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 24-36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1960 Post-Enumeration Survey, 1968-1969 National Demographic Survey, 1971 Supplementary Enquiry, and 2006 MICS3 survey; (c) data on children ever born classified by age of mother from the 1948 Gold Coast census, 1960 Census, and 1961 Family Survey; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (e) the own-children method applied to the 2000 census, 2003 WHS, and 2006 MICS3 surveys.
Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1979-1980 Ghana WFS, and the 1988, 1993, 1998-1999, 2003 and 2008 Ghana DHS, and 2007 Ghana Maternal Health Survey; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1948 and 1960 censuses, 1971 Supplementary Enquiry and 2006 MICS survey; (c) 1968-1969 National Demographic Sample Survey Dual record survey and 1974-1977 Cape Coast Project registration data; and (d) estimates from UNICEF. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent female household deaths data from the 2007 Ghana Maternal Health Survey ; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1988, 1993, 1998, 2003 and 2008 DHS as well as 2006 MICS3 survey ; (c) siblings deaths from the 2007 Ghana Maternal Health Survey ; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Estimates from the 1968-1969 SVRS (Gaisie, S.K. 1976. Estimating Ghanaian fertility, mortality, and age structure. Legon: Population Dynamics Programme, University of Ghana), 1974-1977 Cape Coast project (Jain, S.K. 1982. "Mortality in Ghana: Evidence from the Cape Coast Project Data." Population Studies 36(2):271-289. Jain, S.K. and Australian National University. Dept. of Demography. 1981. The longitudinal mortality and fertility survey in the western region of Ghana. Canberra: Dept. of Demography, Research School of Social Sciences, Australian National University) as well as Navrongo DSS (INDEPTH Network. 2002. Population and health in developing countries. Volume 1. Population, health, and survival at INDEPTH sites. Ottawa, Canada: International Development Research Centre) were also considered.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on the number of Ghanaians migrating to selected developed countries.
 GREECE
Total population (thousands)84
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 14.5Perce of 15-6466.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 19.0Annual rate of population change (percentage)0.1
Total ferility (children per woman)5
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 79.8

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Greece

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 7566 & 8793 & 10161 & 10987 & 11042 & 11110 & 11126 & 11079 & 10976 & 10668 & 9844 & 9365 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 57 & 67 & 77 & 83 & 84 & 84 & 84 & 84 & 83 & 81 & 75 & 71 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 26.0 & 33.4 & 36.1 & 38.3 & 40.0 & 41.8 & 43.5 & 45.2 & 48.4 & 48.9 & 47.9 & 49.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 54.9 & 56.3 & 49.1 & 47.1 & 49.1 & 50.4 & 53.6 & 56.7 & 61.8 & 86.0 & 81.0 & 85.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 44.4 & 38.9 & 28.7 & 22.4 & 21.5 & 21.8 & 22.6 & 22.9 & 21.6 & 26.4 & 26.6 & 26.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 10.5 & 17.4 & 20.4 & 24.8 & 27.7 & 28.6 & 31.1 & 33.7 & 40.2 & 59.7 & 54.4 & 58.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.0 & 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.6 & 0.1 & 0.1 & 0.0 & -0.1 & -0.1 & -0.2 & -0.3 \\
\hline 9.0 & 7.9 & 1.3 & 0.3 & 0.0 & 0.3 & -0.6 & -1.8 & -2.9 & -4.0 & -3.8 \\
\hline 68 & 125 & - & 119 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 9.5 & 9.7 & 9.5 & 9.3 & 9.4 & 10.0 & 10.4 & 10.9 & 11.4 & 13.2 & 13.5 \\
\hline 46 & 34 & 12 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\
\hline 58 & 38 & 13 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline 200 & 147 & 107 & 86 & 81 & 75 & 68 & 62 & 53 & 39 & 26 \\
\hline 65.8 & 70.1 & 75.7 & 78.0 & 79.1 & 79.8 & 80.7 & 81.5 & 82.8 & 85.3 & 88.1 \\
\hline 63.8 & 67.6 & 72.5 & 75.2 & 76.3 & 77.3 & 78.3 & 79.2 & 80.7 & 83.1 & 86.0 \\
\hline 67.7 & 72.7 & 78.9 & 80.8 & 81.9 & 82.3 & 83.0 & 83.7 & 85.0 & 87.5 & 90.3 \\
\hline 55.3 & 58.1 & 61.8 & 63.7 & 64.6 & 65.3 & 66.1 & 66.9 & 68.2 & 70.5 & 73.3 \\
\hline 13.0 & 13.8 & 16.4 & 17.6 & 18.3 & 18.7 & 19.3 & 19.8 & 20.8 & 22.5 & 24.7 \\
\hline 18.5 & 17.5 & 10.9 & 9.7 & 9.4 & 10.2 & 9.8 & 9.1 & 8.5 & 9.2 & 9.7 \\
\hline 2.29 & 2.38 & 1.53 & 1.30 & 1.28 & 1.46 & 1.52 & 1.57 & 1.65 & 1.76 & 1.83 \\
\hline 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 \\
\hline 1.01 & 1.10 & 0.73 & 0.62 & 0.61 & 0.70 & 0.73 & 0.75 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.9 & 27.8 & 26.6 & 28.6 & 29.5 & 30.0 & 30.3 & 30.5 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 720 & 760 & 546 & 523 & 519 & 566 & 544 & 506 & 466 & 492 & 481 \\
\hline 369 & 419 & 479 & 505 & 519 & 552 & 578 & 603 & 626 & 705 & 668 \\
\hline 351 & 341 & 67 & 18 & 1 & 14 & -34 & -97 & -160 & -212 & - 186 \\
\hline 49 & -99 & 159 & 297 & 54 & 54 & 50 & 50 & 100 & 100 & 50 \\
\hline 1.3 & -2.3 & 3.2 & 5.5 & 1.0 & 1.0 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 1.8 & 1.9 & 1.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Greece}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census, resident population adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2007 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2011.

\section*{Grenada}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Grenada

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 77 & 94 & 96 & 102 & 103 & 105 & 107 & 108 & 107 & 95 & 84 & 77 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 223 & 275 & 280 & 295 & 299 & 304 & 310 & 315 & 312 & 276 & 244 & 223 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 16.3 & 15.4 & 20.4 & 21.8 & 23.3 & 25.0 & 27.2 & 29.4 & 33.6 & 41.3 & 44.7 & 46.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 112.2 & 119.9 & 88.0 & 74.8 & 60.5 & 53.3 & 50.7 & 51.5 & 50.9 & 57.5 & 68.2 & 72.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 101.1 & 108.4 & 73.2 & 61.2 & 48.2 & 42.2 & 40.0 & 39.9 & 34.1 & 27.3 & 26.3 & 26.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 11.0 & 11.5 & 14.8 & 13.6 & 12.3 & 11.1 & 10.7 & 11.6 & 16.8 & 30.2 & 41.9 & 45.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.1 & 0.0 & -0.7 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.3 & -0.2 & -0.9 & -0.5 & -0.3 \\
\hline 25.2 & 19.4 & 23.2 & 12.4 & 10.7 & 11.6 & 11.9 & 10.8 & 5.9 & 0.2 & -4.3 & -2.6 \\
\hline 63 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 14.6 & 9.5 & 8.4 & 8.3 & 8.1 & 7.7 & 7.5 & 7.3 & 7.7 & 11.0 & 14.6 & 12.6 \\
\hline 108 & 55 & 22 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 141 & 73 & 30 & 19 & 16 & 14 & 12 & 11 & 9 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 252 & 223 & 197 & 187 & 175 & 162 & 155 & 147 & 133 & 100 & 65 & 44 \\
\hline 56.3 & 63.0 & 68.2 & 69.8 & 70.9 & 72.0 & 72.7 & 73.4 & 74.7 & 77.6 & 81.3 & 84.3 \\
\hline 54.4 & 60.8 & 65.8 & 67.5 & 68.5 & 69.6 & 70.2 & 70.8 & 72.2 & 75.3 & 79.5 & 82.7 \\
\hline 57.9 & 64.8 & 70.3 & 72.1 & 73.2 & 74.4 & 75.2 & 76.0 & 77.5 & 80.1 & 83.2 & 86.0 \\
\hline 52.0 & 53.7 & 55.6 & 56.4 & 57.3 & 58.2 & 58.8 & 59.4 & 60.6 & 63.2 & 66.7 & 69.6 \\
\hline 11.3 & 12.0 & 13.0 & 13.5 & 14.0 & 14.6 & 14.9 & 15.3 & 16.0 & 17.6 & 19.8 & 21.8 \\
\hline 39.8 & 29.0 & 31.6 & 20.7 & 18.8 & 19.3 & 19.4 & 18.1 & 13.6 & 11.2 & 10.3 & 10.0 \\
\hline 5.80 & 4.80 & 4.14 & 2.81 & 2.43 & 2.30 & 2.18 & 2.07 & 1.91 & 1.79 & 1.80 & 1.84 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.29 & 2.09 & 1.92 & 1.33 & 1.15 & 1.10 & 1.04 & 0.99 & 0.92 & 0.87 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 28.0 & 28.6 & 28.5 & 28.4 & 28.7 & 28.6 & 28.5 & 28.5 & 28.4 & 28.3 & 28.3 & 28.3 \\
\hline 16 & 14 & 15 & 10 & 10 & 10 & 10 & 10 & 7 & 5 & 4 & \\
\hline 6 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 5 \\
\hline 10 & 9 & 11 & 6 & 5 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 3 & 0 & -2 & -1 \\
\hline -6 & -9 & - 15 & - 5 & -4 & -4 & -4 & -4 & -4 & - 4 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -14.2 & -19.7 & -30.6 & -9.7 & -8.1 & -8.2 & -8.1 & -8.0 & -7.9 & -8.8 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

> a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).

The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Grenada}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1981, 2001 and 2011 censuses adjustment for underestimation, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2000 and underlying female population by age; and (b) official estimates in 1960, 1963 and 1964.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) live births and infant deaths registered through 2010; and (b) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

\section*{Guadeloupe}
Total population (thousands) ..... 459
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 269
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 22.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 13.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 65.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 12.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.14
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 8
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 79.4
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, Natural Earth, The Times Atlas of the World. The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Guadeloupe

\(\qquad\)

\(\qquad\)


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 210 & 319 & 385 & 425 & 444 & 459 & 470 & 480 & 496 & 493 & 468 & 448 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 123 & 187 & 226 & 250 & 260 & 269 & 276 & 282 & 291 & 289 & 275 & 263 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 20.9 & 18.2 & 27.0 & 32.3 & 35.0 & 36.8 & 38.3 & 39.3 & 41.6 & 47.0 & 48.6 & 49.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 78.0 & 90.9 & 53.0 & 53.6 & 54.8 & 53.6 & 53.9 & 56.7 & 68.2 & 78.2 & 89.3 & 89.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 70.3 & 81.8 & 40.6 & 38.0 & 37.2 & 34.5 & 32.2 & 31.2 & 31.1 & 28.6 & 28.3 & 27.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.6 & 9.1 & 12.4 & 15.6 & 17.6 & 19.1 & 21.7 & 25.4 & 37.1 & 49.5 & 61.1 & 61.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 \(2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 1.2 & 1.7 & 1.1 & 0.9 & 0.7 & 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.3 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 \\
\hline 25.9 & 24.2 & 13.7 & 10.6 & 9.0 & 8.1 & 6.5 & 5.7 & 4.2 & -0.6 & -1.5 & -1.8 \\
\hline 30 & 56 & 41 & 65 & 82 & 107 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 14.8 & 8.7 & 6.8 & 6.5 & 6.6 & 6.8 & 6.8 & 7.1 & 7.9 & 10.7 & 11.4 & 11.5 \\
\hline 81 & 42 & 17 & 11 & 9 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 134 & 60 & 21 & 13 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\
\hline 401 & 279 & 167 & 128 & 112 & 98 & 86 & 78 & 64 & 44 & 26 & 15 \\
\hline 53.3 & 63.6 & 72.8 & 76.3 & 77.9 & 79.4 & 80.8 & 81.9 & 83.8 & 87.1 & 90.4 & 93.5 \\
\hline 51.5 & 60.8 & 69.3 & 72.7 & 74.3 & 75.7 & 77.4 & 78.5 & 80.4 & 83.6 & 87.0 & 90.1 \\
\hline 54.9 & 66.4 & 76.2 & 79.8 & 81.4 & 82.9 & 84.0 & 85.0 & 86.9 & 90.1 & 93.5 & 96.6 \\
\hline 47.6 & 53.2 & 59.7 & 62.5 & 63.9 & 65.2 & 66.5 & 67.5 & 69.3 & 72.4 & 75.6 & 78.6 \\
\hline 11.7 & 13.9 & 16.9 & 18.4 & 19.2 & 20.0 & 20.8 & 21.4 & 22.6 & 24.8 & 27.2 & 29.6 \\
\hline 40.7 & 32.8 & 20.5 & 17.1 & 15.6 & 14.8 & 13.3 & 12.8 & 12.1 & 10.1 & 9.9 & 9.6 \\
\hline 5.61 & 5.22 & 2.45 & 2.10 & 2.06 & 2.14 & 2.08 & 2.03 & 1.95 & 1.90 & 1.89 & 1.90 \\
\hline 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
\hline 2.21 & 2.32 & 1.16 & 1.01 & 0.99 & 1.03 & 1.01 & 0.98 & 0.95 & 0.92 & 0.93 & 0.93 \\
\hline 30.1 & 29.7 & 28.9 & 29.1 & 29.5 & 29.9 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.0 \\
\hline 45 & 51 & 38 & 35 & 34 & 33 & 31 & 30 & 30 & 25 & 23 & 22 \\
\hline 17 & 13 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 19 & 26 & 27 & 26 \\
\hline 29 & 37 & 25 & 22 & 20 & 18 & 15 & 13 & 10 & -1 & -3 & -4 \\
\hline -3 & -18 & 6 & 0 & -1 & -4 & -4 & - 4 & -4 & - 4 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -2.5 & -11.8 & 3.2 & 0.2 & -0.5 & -1.6 & -1.5 & -1.5 & -1.4 & -1.4 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
    Life expectancy at birth (years).
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) ........
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands).
\(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

> a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
> b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Guadeloupe}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1967, 1984, 1982, 1990, 1999, and 2006 censuses and with NSO estimates as well as reported trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. The 2006 census and the estimates for island communes of Saint-Martin and Saint-Barthélemy are jointly considered.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2011; and (b) official estimates of registered births by age of mother and underlying mid-year female population by age through 2003.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2003; and (b) official estimates from INSEE through 2011.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex and the mid-year population by age and sex through 2003; and (b) official estimates from INSEE through 2011.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase. The INSEE estimates were also taken into consideration.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Guam


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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 60 & 84 & 130 & 155 & 158 & 159 & 170 & 180 & 200 & 227 & 243 & 242 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 109 & 153 & 238 & 283 & 289 & 290 & 309 & 328 & 364 & 413 & 442 & 440 \\
\hline Median age (years)......................................... & 22.8 & 20.7 & 25.2 & 27.3 & 28.3 & 29.2 & 30.1 & 31.4 & 34.3 & 39.8 & 45.4 & 49.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................ & 39.8 & 68.8 & 51.2 & 55.9 & 56.1 & 53.3 & 52.0 & 52.2 & 58.0 & 60.2 & 73.6 & 86.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................. & 37.9 & 65.8 & 45.2 & 47.5 & 46.1 & 42.2 & 38.7 & 36.4 & 34.9 & 29.3 & 27.2 & 26.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 1.9 & 3.0 & 6.0 & 8.3 & 10.0 & 11.1 & 13.3 & 15.9 & 23.1 & 30.9 & 46.4 & 59.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.0 & 2.3 & 2.3 & 1.3 & 0.4 & 0.1 & 1.3 & 1.2 & 1.0 & 0.5 & 0.2 & -0.1 \\
\hline 22.4 & 26.5 & 22.4 & 18.5 & 16.1 & 13.6 & 12.7 & 11.9 & 9.7 & 4.7 & 1.7 & -1.1 \\
\hline 71 & 31 & 31 & 54 & - & - & 55 & 58 & 72 & - & - & - \\
\hline 9.3 & 6.2 & 4.7 & 4.5 & 4.6 & 4.7 & 4.8 & 4.9 & 5.5 & 7.6 & 8.7 & 10.5 \\
\hline 83 & 50 & 24 & 17 & 14 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 7 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 117 & 65 & 29 & 20 & 16 & 13 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 5 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 303 & 220 & 141 & 109 & 91 & 79 & 68 & 58 & 45 & 29 & 18 & 10 \\
\hline 57.1 & 64.6 & 71.3 & 74.1 & 75.9 & 77.4 & 78.7 & 80.0 & 82.2 & 85.5 & 89.0 & 92.1 \\
\hline 55.4 & 62.6 & 69.2 & 71.9 & 73.6 & 74.7 & 76.1 & 77.6 & 80.0 & 83.3 & 86.8 & 90.0 \\
\hline 59.7 & 67.1 & 73.8 & 76.6 & 78.5 & 80.3 & 81.5 & 82.5 & 84.5 & 87.8 & 91.2 & 94.4 \\
\hline 50.8 & 54.7 & 58.8 & 60.8 & 62.3 & 63.5 & 64.7 & 65.9 & 67.9 & 71.0 & 74.3 & 77.4 \\
\hline 12.3 & 13.2 & 14.4 & 15.3 & 16.2 & 17.0 & 17.9 & 18.7 & 20.2 & 22.6 & 25.4 & 28.0 \\
\hline 31.6 & 32.6 & 27.1 & 23.0 & 20.7 & 18.3 & 17.5 & 16.9 & 15.2 & 12.3 & 10.3 & 9.4 \\
\hline 5.53 & 4.72 & 3.14 & 2.88 & 2.74 & 2.54 & 2.42 & 2.31 & 2.14 & 1.94 & 1.87 & 1.87 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 2.24 & 2.10 & 1.47 & 1.36 & 1.30 & 1.21 & 1.16 & 1.11 & 1.03 & 0.94 & 0.91 & 0.91 \\
\hline 29.0 & 28.1 & 26.7 & 27.1 & 27.7 & 28.1 & 27.6 & 27.5 & 27.3 & 26.8 & 26.8 & 26.8 \\
\hline 10 & 13 & 17 & 17 & 16 & 15 & 14 & 15 & 15 & 14 & 12 & 11 \\
\hline 3 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 9 & 10 & 13 \\
\hline 7 & 11 & 14 & 14 & 13 & 11 & 10 & 10 & 9 & 5 & 2 & -1 \\
\hline -4 & - 1 & 0 & -4 & -10 & - 10 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -12.6 & -3.6 & 0.2 & -5.5 & -12.2 & -12.3 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
(e).......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt (years)
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Guam}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on births registered through 2007 classified by age of mother, adjusted downward to account for births to non-resident women in Guam hospitals and to be consistent with children under age five enumerated in the 2010 census.

Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2007.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on a life table for 1990 derived from: (a) average number of registered deaths by age and sex of the years 1988-1992, and (b) the 1990 census population by age and sex, and on the trends implied by the number of deaths registered through 2007.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 2000-2010 intercensal period. Data on the reduction in the number of military personnel and their dependants were also taken into account.

\section*{Guatemala}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 14342
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 132
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 41.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 54.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.5
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 4.15
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 40
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 70.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

GUATEMALA


The Sources: UNCS, ESRI. Soundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Guatemala

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\(\qquad\)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 3146 & 5416 & 8890 & 11204 & 12679 & 14342 & 16255 & 18281 & 22566 & 31426 & 40946 & 46462 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 29 & 50 & 82 & 103 & 116 & 132 & 149 & 168 & 207 & 289 & 376 & 427 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 17.5 & 17.5 & 17.1 & 17.7 & 18.2 & 18.8 & 19.7 & 20.8 & 23.2 & 28.8 & 36.1 & 42.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 89.1 & 90.6 & 95.1 & 92.7 & 90.3 & 85.0 & 79.7 & 74.3 & 65.1 & 55.6 & 58.6 & 68.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 84.3 & 85.0 & 88.5 & 84.9 & 82.1 & 76.8 & 71.3 & 65.7 & 56.2 & 42.2 & 33.0 & 28.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 4.8 & 5.6 & 6.6 & 7.8 & 8.2 & 8.2 & 8.4 & 8.5 & 8.9 & 13.4 & 25.6 & 39.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
28
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
2.8 & 2.7 & 2.3 & 2.3 & 2.5 & 2.5 \\
28.0 & 28.9 & 30.2 & 30.4 & 29.7 & 27.6 \\
25 & 26 & 30 & 30 & 28 & 28 \\
& & & & & \\
22.3 & 15.8 & 9.4 & 6.9 & 6.1 & 5.7 \\
141 & 116 & 67 & 46 & 39 & 30 \\
259 & 194 & 96 & 59 & 49 & 40 \\
444 & 343 & 272 & 229 & 202 & 193 \\
42.1 & 50.1 & 60.9 & 66.3 & 69.0 & 70.3 \\
41.8 & 49.0 & 58.3 & 62.9 & 65.5 & 66.7 \\
42.3 & 51.3 & 63.7 & 70.0 & 72.5 & 73.8 \\
44.6 & 49.4 & 53.2 & 56.0 & 58.0 & 58.6 \\
11.6 & 12.8 & 14.3 & 15.8 & 16.9 & 17.2 \\
& & & & & \\
50.3 & 44.7 & 39.6 & 37.3 & 35.8 & 33.3 \\
7.00 & 6.30 & 5.70 & 5.00 & 4.60 & 4.15 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
2.13 & 2.24 & 2.40 & 2.24 & 2.09 & 1.91 \\
29.0 & 28.9 & 28.7 & 28.4 & 28.2 & 28.0 \\
& & & & & \\
850 & 1134 & 1664 & 1978 & 2136 & 2246 \\
377 & 401 & 394 & 367 & 361 & 384 \\
473 & 732 & 1270 & 1610 & 1775 & 1863 \\
& & & & & \\
0 & -53 & -300 & -390 & -300 & -200 \\
0.0 & -2.1 & -7.1 & -7.4 & -5.0 & -3.0
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{r}
2.5 \\
26.0 \\
28 \\
5.2 \\
23 \\
31 \\
179 \\
72.0 \\
68.4 \\
75.5 \\
59.6 \\
17.7 \\
\\
31.2 \\
3.82 \\
105 \\
1.77 \\
28.0 \\
\hline 2387 \\
399 \\
1989 \\
\hline-75 \\
\hline-1.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
2.4 & 2.0 & 1.5 & 0.8 & 0.3 \\
24.3 & 20.9 & 15.0 & 8.3 & 3.3 \\
30 & 35 & 48 & 86 & - \\
& & & & \\
4.9 & 4.4 & 4.2 & 5.9 & 8.1 \\
19 & 12 & 7 & 4 & 3 \\
25 & 17 & 9 & 5 & 3 \\
163 & 137 & 91 & 57 & 35 \\
73.4 & 76.1 & 80.7 & 84.5 & 87.5 \\
69.9 & 72.7 & 78.0 & 82.1 & 85.3 \\
76.9 & 79.4 & 83.1 & 86.7 & 89.8 \\
60.7 & 62.6 & 66.6 & 70.0 & 72.9 \\
18.1 & 19.0 & 21.0 & 23.0 & 24.8 \\
& & & & \\
29.2 & 25.3 & 19.2 & 14.1 & 11.4 \\
3.52 & 3.04 & 2.45 & 2.07 & 1.92 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
1.65 & 1.44 & 1.18 & 1.00 & 0.93 \\
28.0 & 27.9 & 27.9 & 27.7 & 27.6 \\
& & & & \\
2521 & 2717 & 2912 & 2837 & 2632 \\
420 & 470 & 640 & 1174 & 1867 \\
2101 & 2247 & 2272 & 1663 & 765 \\
& & & & \\
-75 & -75 & -75 & -38 & 0 \\
-0.9 & -0.7 & -0.5 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years).}
\(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Net number of migrants (thousands)
\(\qquad\) 0.0

Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Guatemala}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1964, 1973, 1981, 1994, and 2002 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births during the 12 months preceding interview, classified by age of mother, from the 1987, the 1995, 1998/99, 2002, and 2008/09 Encuestas Nacionales de Salud Materno Infantil (ENSMI), the 1987 and 1989 Encuestas Nacionales Socio-demográficas (ENSD); (b) vital registration through 2011 by age of mother and underlying female population by age; and (c) estimates from the1973, 1981, 1994 and 2002 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother and the underlying mid-year female population by age through 2011; (b) estimates from the 1995, 1998/99, 2002, and 2008/09 Encuestas Nacionales de Salud Materno Infantil (ENSMI); (c) estimates from the 1987 and 1989 Encuestas Nacionales Socio-demográficas (ENSD); (d) the estimates from the 1950, 1964, 1973, 1981, 1994 and 2002 censuses; (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex and the underlying mid-year population by age and sex through 2011; (b) age-sex-specific death rates from the 1995, 1998/99, 2002, and 2008/09 Encuestas Nacionales de Salud Materno Infantil (ENSMI); (c) age-sex-specific death rates from the 1987 and 1989 Encuestas Nacionales Socio-demográficas (ENSD); and (d) death rates by age and sex from the 1950, 1964, 1973, 1981 and 1994 censuses using a generalized growth balance method and from the 2002 census using a direct estimated method.

International migration: Based on estimates derived from the number and characteristics of Guatemalans enumerated in the 1990 and 2000 census rounds of Costa Rica, Honduras, Mexico and the United States of America, and data from the International Organization for Migration (IOM) survey.

\section*{Guinea}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 10876
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 44
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 42.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 54.0
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.2
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.5
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.39
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 139
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 54.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{GUINEA}


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Guinea

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\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 3094 & 4209 & 6020 & 8746 & 9576 & 10876 & 12348 & 13927 & 17322 & 24466 & 31951 & 35768 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 13 & 17 & 24 & 36 & 39 & 44 & 50 & 57 & 70 & 100 & 130 & 145 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 21.9 & 19.2 & 18.2 & 17.9 & 18.0 & 18.3 & 18.8 & 19.4 & 21.1 & 25.4 & 30.9 & 35.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 73.6 & 79.1 & 89.7 & 90.3 & 88.2 & 85.2 & 81.5 & 77.9 & 69.2 & 55.7 & 49.8 & 50.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 64.4 & 73.6 & 83.1 & 83.8 & 82.1 & 79.3 & 75.9 & 72.1 & 63.1 & 48.2 & 37.1 & 31.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.2 & 5.5 & 6.6 & 6.5 & 6.1 & 5.9 & 5.6 & 5.9 & 6.1 & 7.5 & 12.7 & 18.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d) 1

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1.4

Adal molity (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
13
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.4 & 1.7 & 3.5 & 2.2 & 1.8 & 2.5 & 2.5 & 2.4 & 2.1 & 1.5 & 0.8 & 0. \\
\hline 13.9 & 17.4 & 28.5 & 27.9 & 26.2 & 26.5 & 25.5 & 24.2 & 21.2 & 15.1 & 8.0 & 2.6 \\
\hline 50 & 42 & 20 & 32 & 39 & 28 & 28 & 29 & 33 & 47 & 88 & \\
\hline 33.2 & 27.4 & 18.5 & 15.3 & 14.9 & 12.7 & 11.6 & 10.7 & 9.4 & 8.5 & 9.7 & 11.7 \\
\hline 207 & 192 & 142 & 112 & 95 & 81 & 74 & 67 & 57 & 43 & 32 & 24 \\
\hline 346 & 322 & 241 & 187 & 161 & 139 & 127 & 116 & 98 & 73 & 52 & 36 \\
\hline 537 & 485 & 310 & 301 & 340 & 304 & 290 & 277 & 252 & 215 & 183 & 157 \\
\hline 33.1 & 36.1 & 47.9 & 51.6 & 51.3 & 54.5 & 55.9 & 57.3 & 59.7 & 63.4 & 66.8 & 69.6 \\
\hline 32.0 & 35.1 & 46.8 & 51.4 & 51.3 & 53.8 & 55.2 & 56.5 & 58.8 & 62.2 & 65.3 & 67.8 \\
\hline 34.2 & 37.3 & 49.0 & 51.8 & 51.3 & 55.2 & 56.7 & 58.1 & 60.7 & 64.6 & 68.3 & 71.4 \\
\hline 38.9 & 41.3 & 49.6 & 50.0 & 48.1 & 49.9 & 50.5 & 51.2 & 52.4 & 54.3 & 56.1 & 57.7 \\
\hline 8.4 & 9.1 & 11.4 & 11.5 & 11.0 & 11.5 & 11.6 & 11.7 & 12.0 & 12.6 & 13.3 & 14.1 \\
\hline 47.1 & 44.8 & 47.0 & 43.2 & 41.1 & 39.2 & 37.1 & 34.9 & 30.6 & 23.6 & 17.7 & 14.2 \\
\hline 6.00 & 6.15 & 6.63 & 6.12 & 5.75 & 5.39 & 4.95 & 4.55 & 3.84 & 2.89 & 2.29 & 1.99 \\
\hline 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 \\
\hline 1.57 & 1.69 & 2.26 & 2.22 & 2.10 & 2.08 & 1.96 & 1.84 & 1.61 & 1.27 & 1.04 & 0.93 \\
\hline 27.5 & 29.0 & 29.4 & 28.9 & 28.9 & 28.9 & 28.6 & 28.6 & 28.5 & 28.4 & 28.3 & 28.3 \\
\hline 754 & 906 & 1303 & 1790 & 1881 & 2002 & 2156 & 2293 & 2519 & 2782 & 2767 & 2531 \\
\hline 532 & 554 & 512 & 635 & 683 & 647 & 674 & 704 & 776 & 1003 & 1521 & 2074 \\
\hline 223 & 352 & 791 & 1155 & 1198 & 1355 & 1482 & 1589 & 1742 & 1779 & 1245 & 457 \\
\hline 0 & -18 & 162 & - 246 & - 368 & - 56 & - 10 & -10 & - 10 & - 10 & - 5 & \\
\hline 0.0 & -0.9 & 5.9 & -5.9 & -8.0 & -1.1 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.0 & 0. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Guinea}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1954-1955 survey, 1965 administrative enumeration, 1983 and 1996 censuses, as well as with the 2009 official estimates by age and sex, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data adjusted for underreporting from the 1992, 1999 and 2005 DHS, as well as the 2012 DHS preliminary results ; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1954-1955 survey and 1994 EIBC survey; (c) data on births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1983 and 1996 censuses; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (e) the own-children method applied to the 1983 and 1996 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1992, 1999 and 2005 DHS; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1954-1955 survey, 1996 census and 2003 MICS. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1954-1955 Demographic Survey, and the 1983 and 1996 censuses; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1999 and 2005 DHS ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1999 and 2005 DHS ; (d) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites and urban vital registration were also considered, including from the 1957 Urban Survey (Konkoure).

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

\section*{Guinea-Bissau}
Total population (thousands) ..... 1587
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 44
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 41.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 55.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.0
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.2
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.28
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 168
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 53.0
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

GUINEA-BISSAU


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Guinea-Bissau

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 518 & 683 & 1017 & 1273 & 1422 & 1587 & 1788 & 2004 & 2473 & 3504 & 4732 & 5628 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 14 & 19 & 28 & 35 & 39 & 44 & 49 & 55 & 68 & 97 & 131 & 156 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.9 & 19.5 & 17.3 & 18.0 & 18.4 & 18.8 & 19.3 & 19.8 & 21.2 & 24.7 & 29.4 & 33.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 73.7 & 69.9 & 91.0 & 87.4 & 84.5 & 81.3 & 78.6 & 77.5 & 69.7 & 59.1 & 52.3 & 51.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 67.4 & 64.4 & 84.6 & 81.6 & 79.1 & 76.0 & 73.3 & 71.0 & 63.6 & 51.0 & 40.3 & 34.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.3 & 5.5 & 6.4 & 5.8 & 5.4 & 5.4 & 5.3 & 6.5 & 6.1 & 8.0 & 12.0 & 17.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
29
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.6 & 0.7 & 2.2 & 2.2 & 2.2 & 2.2 & 2.4 & 2.3 & 2.0 & 1.6 & 1.0 & 0.5 \\
\hline 29.1 & 15.2 & 27.4 & 27.1 & 26.5 & 25.9 & 25.0 & 23.9 & 21.2 & 16.1 & 10.1 & 5.2 \\
\hline 27 & 99 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 32 & 29 & 31 & 34 & 45 & 71 & 134 \\
\hline 25.4 & 18.9 & 17.8 & 15.3 & 14.4 & 13.5 & 12.6 & 11.8 & 10.6 & 9.1 & 9.3 & 10.4 \\
\hline 157 & 145 & 129 & 115 & 108 & 102 & 94 & 86 & 73 & 53 & 36 & 23 \\
\hline 265 & 245 & 217 & 192 & 180 & 168 & 156 & 144 & 122 & 89 & 57 & 3 \\
\hline 447 & 401 & 338 & 307 & 306 & 298 & 290 & 281 & 263 & 222 & 178 & 146 \\
\hline 40.6 & 43.7 & 48.2 & 51.1 & 51.9 & 53.0 & 54.2 & 55.4 & 57.7 & 62.0 & 66.7 & 70.5 \\
\hline 39.6 & 42.4 & 46.1 & 49.4 & 51.2 & 51.6 & 52.7 & 53.8 & 56.0 & 60.2 & 64.5 & 68.1 \\
\hline 41.6 & 45.0 & 50.3 & 52.8 & 52.5 & 54.5 & 55.7 & 56.9 & 59.4 & 64.0 & 68.9 & 73.0 \\
\hline 43.0 & 45.2 & 48.3 & 49.8 & 49.8 & 50.2 & 50.6 & 51.0 & 51.9 & 54.0 & 56.4 & 58.4 \\
\hline 9.6 & 10.2 & 11.1 & 11.5 & 11.4 & 11.6 & 11.7 & 11.8 & 12.1 & 12.7 & 13.4 & 14.4 \\
\hline 54.5 & 34.0 & 45.2 & 42.4 & 40.9 & 39.4 & 37.7 & 35.7 & 31.8 & 25.2 & 19.4 & 15.6 \\
\hline 7.41 & 4.78 & 6.68 & 6.05 & 5.66 & 5.28 & 4.96 & 4.65 & 4.06 & 3.14 & 2.49 & 2.13 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 2.25 & 1.54 & 2.35 & 2.21 & 2.08 & 2.00 & 1.91 & 1.83 & 1.66 & 1.36 & 1.13 & 1.00 \\
\hline 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.4 & 29.7 & 29.6 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 29.2 & 29.0 & 28.7 & 28.5 & 28.4 \\
\hline 151 & 114 & 218 & 256 & 275 & 297 & 318 & 338 & 374 & 425 & 447 & 432 \\
\hline 70 & 63 & 86 & 92 & 97 & 101 & 106 & 112 & 125 & 154 & 215 & 289 \\
\hline 81 & 51 & 132 & 164 & 178 & 195 & 211 & 226 & 250 & 272 & 232 & 14 \\
\hline -10 & -27 & - 25 & - 30 & - 30 & - 30 & - 10 & - 10 & -10 & - 10 & - 5 & \\
\hline -3.6 & -8.1 & -5.2 & -5.0 & -4.5 & -4.0 & -1.2 & -1.1 & -0.9 & -0.6 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mean age childbearing (years)
Births and deaths \(\qquad\)
6.5

Number of births (thousands) .....................................
Number of death (thous) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
\(\mathrm{b} \quad\) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Guinea-Bissau}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1979, 1989 and 2009 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, with the total population enumerated by the 1991 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 24 months), both classified by age of mother, from the 1950 census, 2000 MICS2, 2006 MICS3 and 2010 MICS4-IDSR1 surveys; (b) data on births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1960, 1979 and 1991 censuses; and (c) birth cohorts enumerated in 1979 and 1989 censuses and 2006 MICS3 and 2010 MICS4-IDSR1 surveys ; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (e) the own-children method applied to the 2006 MICS3. Estimates based on the reverse survival method applied to the 2010 MICS4-IDSR1 survey were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 2010 MICS4-IDSR1 survey; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from censuses as well as from the 1950 census, 2000 MICS2 and 2006 MICS3 surveys.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) parental orphanhood from the 2000 MICS2 and 2006 MICS3 surveys ; and (b) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites (e.g., Bandim) and urban vital registration were also considered,
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, and on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 786 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km). & 4 \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15 & 37.6 \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24.. & 17.6 \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64. & 59.2 \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Percentage of population aged 65+......................} & 3.3 \\
\hline & 2005-2010 \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 0.7 \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)..................... & 2.77 \\
\hline Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 38 \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) ........................... & 65.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS,


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Guyana

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 407 & 721 & 725 & 744 & 761 & 786 & 808 & 825 & 853 & 815 & 695 & 604 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.4 & 15.6 & 21.9 & 23.2 & 22.6 & 21.9 & 23.0 & 24.2 & 28.1 & 35.8 & 40.8 & 41.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 78.4 & 109.0 & 65.2 & 66.2 & 67.8 & 69.0 & 61.4 & 51.0 & 47.6 & 50.1 & 64.2 & 62.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 71.2 & 101.8 & 56.9 & 58.8 & 61.4 & 63.5 & 55.7 & 44.8 & 37.8 & 31.5 & 29.7 & 28.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.3 & 7.1 & 8.3 & 7.5 & 6.4 & 5.5 & 5.7 & 6.2 & 9.9 & 18.5 & 34.5 & 33.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3.5 & 2.4 & -0.7 & 0.4 & 0.4 & 0.7 & 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.3 & -0.5 & -0.7 & -0.3 \\
\hline 29.7 & 24.3 & 13.5 & 13.0 & 13.1 & 15.0 & 13.6 & 12.3 & 10.5 & 2.7 & -2.3 & -3.0 \\
\hline 20 & 30 & - & - & - & 106 & 129 & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 11.9 & 9.7 & 9.3 & 9.3 & 8.8 & 7.6 & 6.7 & 6.8 & 7.8 & 11.0 & 14.0 & 14.6 \\
\hline 67 & 61 & 50 & 40 & 36 & 31 & 28 & 26 & 23 & 17 & 12 & 8 \\
\hline 95 & 85 & 66 & 50 & 44 & 38 & 34 & 32 & 27 & 20 & 14 & 8 \\
\hline 323 & 299 & 275 & 271 & 263 & 244 & 232 & 220 & 201 & 170 & 132 & 98 \\
\hline 57.2 & 59.1 & 61.6 & 63.0 & 63.7 & 65.2 & 66.2 & 67.0 & 68.3 & 70.7 & 73.7 & 76.7 \\
\hline 54.6 & 56.0 & 58.1 & 59.5 & 60.4 & 62.7 & 63.5 & 64.2 & 65.5 & 67.8 & 70.9 & 74.3 \\
\hline 60.0 & 62.5 & 65.6 & 67.1 & 67.5 & 67.9 & 68.9 & 69.7 & 71.3 & 73.8 & 76.6 & 79.2 \\
\hline 49.8 & 50.9 & 52.1 & 52.2 & 52.6 & 53.7 & 54.3 & 54.8 & 55.8 & 57.7 & 60.0 & 62.5 \\
\hline 12.3 & 12.5 & 12.6 & 12.5 & 12.7 & 13.0 & 13.3 & 13.4 & 13.7 & 14.5 & 15.5 & 16.8 \\
\hline 41.5 & 33.9 & 22.7 & 22.3 & 21.8 & 22.6 & 20.3 & 19.2 & 18.3 & 13.7 & 11.7 & 11.6 \\
\hline 5.62 & 5.17 & 2.52 & 2.53 & 2.65 & 2.77 & 2.55 & 2.40 & 2.19 & 1.99 & 1.92 & 1.91 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.33 & 2.20 & 1.11 & 1.14 & 1.20 & 1.26 & 1.17 & 1.10 & 1.02 & 0.94 & 0.91 & 0.92 \\
\hline 27.4 & 27.9 & 27.5 & 27.1 & 26.6 & 26.6 & 26.6 & 26.6 & 27.1 & 27.7 & 28.2 & 28.5 \\
\hline 92 & 115 & 84 & 82 & 82 & 87 & 81 & 78 & 77 & 56 & 41 & 35 \\
\hline 26 & 33 & 34 & 34 & 33 & 29 & 27 & 28 & 33 & 45 & 50 & 44 \\
\hline 66 & 83 & 50 & 48 & 49 & 58 & 54 & 50 & 44 & 11 & -8 & -9 \\
\hline 11 & -2 & -76 & -31 & - 33 & -33 & - 33 & -33 & - 33 & - 33 & - 16 & 0 \\
\hline 4.9 & -0.7 & -20.7 & -8.5 & -8.7 & -8.5 & -8.2 & -8.0 & -7.7 & -7.9 & -4.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Guyana}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2002 census, with official population estimates for 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on maternity-history data from the 1973 WFS and the 2003 and 2009 DHS, and National Statistics from 1954 through 1995.
Infant and child mortality: Based on estimates from UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on estimates of child and adult mortality of UNICEF and WHO as published in 2012, and a UNPD mortality model (COMBIN in MORTPAK4: CD-West).
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1950-2010 period.

\section*{Haiti}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 9896
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 357
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 36.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 59.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.54
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 81
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 60.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

HAITI


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS, The Times Atlas of the World
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Haiti

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 3221 & 4713 & 7110 & 8578 & 9261 & 9896 & 10604 & 11288 & 12537 & 14353 & 15123 & 14799 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 116 & 170 & 256 & 309 & 334 & 357 & 382 & 407 & 452 & 517 & 545 & 533 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.2 & 19.0 & 18.5 & 19.1 & 20.3 & 21.5 & 22.7 & 24.0 & 26.7 & 32.4 & 38.4 & 41.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 76.4 & 83.5 & 89.0 & 79.6 & 73.1 & 68.4 & 63.3 & 59.6 & 53.5 & 48.8 & 54.3 & 60.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 69.9 & 76.7 & 81.6 & 72.4 & 65.9 & 60.9 & 55.8 & 51.7 & 44.4 & 34.5 & 29.2 & 27.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.5 & 6.7 & 7.5 & 7.2 & 7.2 & 7.5 & 7.5 & 7.9 & 9.1 & 14.3 & 25.1 & 33.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
1

Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.8 & 2.0 & 2.1 & 1.8 & 1.5 & 1.3 & 1.4 & 1.3 & 1.0 & 0.5 & 0.0 & -0.1 \\
\hline 19.2 & 22.1 & 25.3 & 21.3 & 19.1 & 18.3 & 17.2 & 15.7 & 12.7 & 7.4 & 1.5 & -1.4 \\
\hline 40 & 36 & 33 & 39 & 46 & 53 & 51 & 56 & 71 & - & - & - \\
\hline 26.5 & 18.6 & 13.9 & 11.3 & 10.6 & 9.4 & 8.6 & 8.3 & 7.9 & 8.3 & 10.9 & 12.5 \\
\hline 220 & 150 & 100 & 70 & 56 & 49 & 40 & 36 & 29 & 14 & 8 & 6 \\
\hline 329 & 222 & 146 & 107 & 93 & 81 & 67 & 60 & 46 & 22 & 12 & 8 \\
\hline 451 & 400 & 330 & 308 & 303 & 273 & 248 & 233 & 204 & 154 & 112 & 83 \\
\hline 37.6 & 46.3 & 53.6 & 56.9 & 58.1 & 60.7 & 63.0 & 64.3 & 66.7 & 71.5 & 75.5 & 78.3 \\
\hline 36.3 & 44.9 & 52.2 & 55.2 & 56.4 & 59.0 & 61.1 & 62.3 & 64.6 & 69.3 & 73.3 & 76.2 \\
\hline 38.9 & 47.6 & 55.0 & 58.7 & 59.9 & 62.4 & 64.9 & 66.3 & 68.9 & 73.8 & 77.7 & 80.5 \\
\hline 43.4 & 46.1 & 49.3 & 50.4 & 50.7 & 52.5 & 53.7 & 54.4 & 55.8 & 58.6 & 61.7 & 64.2 \\
\hline 11.0 & 11.4 & 12.2 & 12.6 & 12.7 & 13.5 & 13.8 & 13.9 & 14.1 & 14.9 & 16.5 & 17.9 \\
\hline 45.7 & 40.7 & 39.1 & 32.7 & 29.7 & 27.7 & 25.8 & 24.0 & 20.6 & 15.7 & 12.5 & 11.2 \\
\hline 6.30 & 6.00 & 5.70 & 4.62 & 4.00 & 3.54 & 3.18 & 2.90 & 2.50 & 2.06 & 1.85 & 1.83 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.71 & 2.00 & 2.15 & 1.83 & 1.62 & 1.47 & 1.36 & 1.26 & 1.12 & 0.96 & 0.88 & 0.88 \\
\hline 31.6 & 31.6 & 31.2 & 30.8 & 30.5 & 30.3 & 30.2 & 30.1 & 29.9 & 29.5 & 29.0 & 28.4 \\
\hline 769 & 915 & 1320 & 1340 & 1326 & 1327 & 1323 & 1313 & 1260 & 1114 & 941 & 828 \\
\hline 446 & 418 & 468 & 464 & 473 & 452 & 441 & 454 & 483 & 591 & 825 & 931 \\
\hline 324 & 496 & 852 & 876 & 853 & 876 & 882 & 860 & 777 & 524 & 116 & -103 \\
\hline -29 & - 58 & - 131 & - 136 & - 170 & - 240 & - 175 & - 175 & - 175 & - 175 & -88 & 0 \\
\hline -1.7 & -2.6 & -3.9 & -3.3 & -3.8 & -5.0 & -3.4 & -3.2 & -2.9 & -2.5 & -1.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt (years) ..
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years).................................................................................

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\[
\text { a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged } 0-14 \text { and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). }
\]
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Haiti}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2003 census adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1977 Enquête Haitienne sur la Fécondité (EHF); (b) estimates from the 1983 Enquête Haitienne sur la Prévalence de la Contraception (EHPC); (c) estimates from the 1987, 1994-1995 and 2005-2006 Enquêtes de Mortalité, Morbidité et Utilisation des Services (EMMUS); and (d) estimates from the 1971, 1982 and 2003 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex adjusted for incompleteness using the growth-balance method and the 1971 census population by age and sex; (b) estimates from the 1977 Enquête Haitienne sur la Fécondité (EHF); (c) estimates from the 1987, 1994-1995 and 2005-2006 Enquêtes de Mortalité, Morbidité et Utilisation des Services (EMMUS); (d) estimates from the 1982 and 2003 censuses; (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (f) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex adjusted for incompleteness using the growth-balance method and the 1971 census population by age and sex; (b) estimates from the 1977 Enquête Haitienne sur la Fécondité (EHF); (c) estimates from the 1987, 1994-1995 and 2005-2006 Enquêtes de Mortalité, Morbidité et Utilisation des Services (EMMUS); (d) estimates from the 1982 and 2003 censuses; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on the number and characteristics of Haitians enumerated in the 1990 and 2000 round of censuses of Canada, the Dominican Republic and the United States of America.

\section*{Honduras}
Total population (thousands) ..... 7621
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 68
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 36.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 58.9
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.3
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.31
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 40
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 72.1
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS,
Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Honduras

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1487 & 2691 & 4904 & 6236 & 6899 & 7621 & 8424 & 9235 & 10811 & 13484 & 15393 & 15627 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 13 & 24 & 44 & 56 & 62 & 68 & 75 & 82 & 96 & 120 & 137 & 139 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.8 & 16.1 & 17.1 & 18.4 & 19.5 & 21.0 & 22.5 & 24.1 & 27.3 & 34.2 & 42.3 & 47.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 86.0 & 103.4 & 95.6 & 86.2 & 78.4 & 69.8 & 63.7 & 60.1 & 54.5 & 51.8 & 64.3 & 79.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 78.5 & 97.0 & 88.9 & 78.9 & 71.0 & 62.5 & 56.1 & 51.8 & 44.0 & 33.0 & 27.5 & 26.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.5 & 6.4 & 6.7 & 7.3 & 7.4 & 7.3 & 7.5 & 8.3 & 10.4 & 18.8 & 36.7 & 53.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
(950
```

Mortality

```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).


Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.9 & 2.7 & 2.9 & 2.2 & 2.0 & 2.0 & 2.0 & 1.8 & 1.5 & 0.9 & 0.3 & -0.1 \\
\hline 27.4 & 32.4 & 32.2 & 27.9 & 24.8 & 22.7 & 21.3 & 19.5 & 15.8 & 9.7 & 3.4 & -0.5 \\
\hline 24 & 26 & 24 & 32 & 35 & 35 & 35 & 38 & 47 & 78 & - & - \\
\hline 24.7 & 16.0 & 7.3 & 5.6 & 5.3 & 5.1 & 4.7 & 4.5 & 4.3 & 5.1 & 7.7 & 10.1 \\
\hline 169 & 119 & 53 & 35 & 31 & 28 & 22 & 19 & 12 & 7 & 4 & 2 \\
\hline 277 & 190 & 74 & 50 & 45 & 40 & 32 & 28 & 18 & 9 & 5 & 3 \\
\hline 437 & 338 & 218 & 178 & 168 & 158 & 146 & 133 & 110 & 75 & 46 & 27 \\
\hline 41.8 & 51.0 & 65.4 & 69.8 & 71.0 & 72.1 & 73.7 & 75.1 & 77.8 & 82.0 & 86.0 & 89.5 \\
\hline 40.5 & 49.2 & 63.2 & 67.5 & 68.6 & 69.7 & 71.3 & 73.0 & 75.7 & 79.7 & 83.4 & 86.6 \\
\hline 43.1 & 53.0 & 67.7 & 72.3 & 73.4 & 74.5 & 76.2 & 77.2 & 79.9 & 84.4 & 88.7 & 92.5 \\
\hline 44.8 & 49.5 & 56.4 & 59.1 & 59.8 & 60.6 & 61.6 & 62.6 & 64.5 & 68.0 & 71.6 & 74.9 \\
\hline 11.0 & 12.7 & 15.6 & 16.9 & 17.3 & 17.7 & 18.3 & 18.8 & 19.8 & 21.7 & 24.0 & 26.4 \\
\hline 52.1 & 48.4 & 39.5 & 33.4 & 30.0 & 27.7 & 26.0 & 24.1 & 20.2 & 14.8 & 11.1 & 9.5 \\
\hline 7.50 & 7.42 & 5.37 & 4.30 & 3.72 & 3.31 & 3.03 & 2.80 & 2.46 & 2.04 & 1.84 & 1.82 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.33 & 2.71 & 2.34 & 1.95 & 1.70 & 1.52 & 1.40 & 1.30 & 1.17 & 0.98 & 0.89 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.4 & 29.4 & 28.6 & 28.2 & 28.0 & 27.9 & 27.9 & 27.8 & 27.8 & 27.7 & 27.6 & 27.6 \\
\hline 418 & 611 & 902 & 988 & 986 & 1007 & 1043 & 1062 & 1050 & 974 & 844 & 746 \\
\hline 198 & 202 & 166 & 165 & 173 & 184 & 190 & 201 & 225 & 336 & 589 & 787 \\
\hline 220 & 409 & 736 & 824 & 813 & 822 & 853 & 861 & 826 & 638 & 256 & -42 \\
\hline 10 & -70 & - 70 & - 180 & - 150 & - 100 & - 50 & - 50 & - 50 & - 50 & -25 & 0 \\
\hline 1.3 & -5.6 & -3.1 & -6.1 & -4.6 & -2.8 & -1.3 & -1.1 & -1.0 & -0.8 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Honduras}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1961, 1974, 1988 and 2001 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother and the underlying mid-year female population by age through 1983; (b) estimates from the 1971/72 and 1983 EDENH; (c) estimates the 1981 ENPA; (d) estimates from the \(1984 \mathrm{MCH} / \mathrm{PF}\); (e) estimates the 1987 EFHS; (f) estimates from the 1991/92 ENESF; (g) the 1996 ENESF; (h) estimates from the 2005/06 Encuesta Nacional de Demografia y Salud (ENDESA); and (i) estimates from the 1974, 1988 and 2001 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered death by age and sex and the underlying mid-year population by age and sex through 1983; (b) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1971/72 and 1983 EDENH; (c) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1981 ENPA; (d) ages-sex-specific death rates from the \(1984 \mathrm{MCH} / \mathrm{PF}\); (e) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1987 EFHS; (f) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1991/92 ENESF; (g) the 1996 ENESF; (h) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 2005/06 Encuesta Nacional de Demografía y Salud (ENDESA); (i) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1974, 1988 and 2001 censuses; (j) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; (k) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered death by age and sex and the underlying mid-year population by age and sex through 1983; (b) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1971/72 and 1983 EDENH; (c) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1981 ENPA; (d) ages-sex-specific death rates from the \(1984 \mathrm{MCH} / \mathrm{PF}\); (e) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1987 EFHS; (f) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1991/92 ENESF; (g) the 1996 ENESF; (h) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 2005/06 Encuesta Nacional de Demografía y Salud (ENDESA); (i) ages-sex-specific death rates from the 1974, 1988 and 2001 censuses; and (j) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates of people from Honduras living as foreign-born in other countries through 2000.

\section*{Hungary}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Hungary

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 9338 & 10346 & 10385 & 10224 & 10096 & 10015 & 9911 & 9799 & 9525 & 8954 & 8197 & 7661 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 100 & 111 & 112 & 110 & 109 & 108 & 107 & 105 & 102 & 96 & 88 & 82 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 30.1 & 34.2 & 36.4 & 38.6 & 39.1 & 39.9 & 41.0 & 42.5 & 44.9 & 46.1 & 45.8 & 46.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 48.7 & 48.0 & 51.3 & 47.0 & 45.4 & 45.7 & 48.0 & 52.7 & 54.4 & 68.8 & 70.4 & 75.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 37.1 & 30.9 & 30.9 & 24.7 & 22.5 & 21.3 & 21.9 & 22.9 & 22.7 & 24.9 & 25.9 & 26.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 11.6 & 17.1 & 20.4 & 22.3 & 22.8 & 24.4 & 26.1 & 29.8 & 31.7 & 43.8 & 44.5 & 48.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.0 & 0.3 & -0.4 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.4 & -0.3 \\
\hline 9.7 & 3.6 & -1.7 & -4.0 & -3.8 & -3.5 & -3.6 & -3.8 & -4.6 & -4.4 & -4.5 & -2.7 \\
\hline 68 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & \\
\hline 11.3 & 10.9 & 13.9 & 13.7 & 13.2 & 13.2 & 13.4 & 13.6 & 13.8 & 14.1 & 14.5 & 12.6 \\
\hline 72 & 37 & 17 & 10 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\
\hline 83 & 41 & 19 & 11 & 9 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 \\
\hline 195 & 149 & 211 & 207 & 184 & 169 & 161 & 150 & 128 & 86 & 52 & 31 \\
\hline 64.0 & 69.5 & 69.4 & 70.9 & 72.6 & 73.8 & 74.5 & 75.3 & 76.7 & 79.6 & 82.7 & 85.4 \\
\hline 61.9 & 66.8 & 65.4 & 66.5 & 68.4 & 69.7 & 70.4 & 71.2 & 72.9 & 76.5 & 79.9 & 82.6 \\
\hline 66.1 & 72.0 & 73.6 & 75.4 & 76.8 & 77.9 & 78.5 & 79.2 & 80.4 & 82.7 & 85.5 & 88.2 \\
\hline 55.2 & 57.7 & 55.9 & 56.9 & 58.4 & 59.4 & 60.1 & 60.7 & 62.2 & 65.1 & 68.1 & 70.8 \\
\hline 12.6 & 13.5 & 13.8 & 14.6 & 15.4 & 16.0 & 16.4 & 16.8 & 17.5 & 18.9 & 20.7 & 22.5 \\
\hline 21.0 & 14.6 & 12.3 & 9.7 & 9.4 & 9.6 & 9.9 & 9.8 & 9.2 & 9.8 & 10.0 & 9.9 \\
\hline 2.69 & 1.99 & 1.86 & 1.38 & 1.29 & 1.33 & 1.41 & 1.47 & 1.58 & 1.71 & 1.80 & 1.84 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.18 & 0.92 & 0.88 & 0.66 & 0.62 & 0.64 & 0.68 & 0.71 & 0.76 & 0.82 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 27.2 & 25.5 & 25.4 & 26.8 & 27.9 & 28.8 & 29.6 & 30.2 & 30.9 & 31.4 & 31.5 & 31.5 \\
\hline 1006 & 746 & 642 & 500 & 476 & 485 & 491 & 481 & 442 & 440 & 413 & 382 \\
\hline 540 & 561 & 730 & 706 & 670 & 662 & 669 & 668 & 664 & 637 & 599 & 487 \\
\hline 466 & 185 & -88 & - 206 & - 194 & - 177 & - 178 & - 187 & - 222 & - 197 & - 185 & -105 \\
\hline 25 & - 10 & - 100 & 79 & 66 & 96 & 75 & 75 & 75 & 75 & 38 & 0 \\
\hline 0.5 & -0.2 & -1.9 & 1.5 & 1.3 & 1.9 & 1.5 & 1.5 & 1.6 & 1.7 & 0.9 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) ) ....................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years).
\(\qquad\)
Number of births (thousands)
Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\) ........

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Hungary}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates through 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on official life tables for through 2009.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Iceland}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Iceland}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 143 & 204 & 255 & 281 & 297 & 318 & 337 & 354 & 384 & 415 & 422 & 413 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 26.5 & 24.5 & 30.0 & 32.8 & 34.3 & 34.9 & 35.9 & 37.1 & 39.5 & 42.9 & 46.6 & 48.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 61.6 & 70.7 & 55.3 & 53.5 & 51.1 & 49.4 & 51.4 & 55.0 & 60.9 & 68.9 & 77.5 & 86.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 49.5 & 55.7 & 38.7 & 35.7 & 33.3 & 31.3 & 31.2 & 31.7 & 30.3 & 28.5 & 27.2 & 27.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 12.2 & 15.0 & 16.5 & 17.8 & 17.8 & 18.2 & 20.3 & 23.3 & 30.5 & 40.4 & 50.4 & 59.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950-19

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.0 & 1.2 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 1.1 & 1.4 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0.7 & 0.2 & 0.0 & -0.1 \\
\hline 20.4 & 15.0 & 10.3 & 8.6 & 8.1 & 8.6 & 8.1 & 7.4 & 5.4 & 2.0 & -0.3 & -1.2 \\
\hline 35 & 57 & 64 & 69 & 65 & 50 & 61 & 69 & 97 & - & - & - \\
\hline 7.5 & 7.1 & 6.9 & 6.9 & 6.3 & 6.4 & 6.4 & 6.5 & 7.0 & 9.2 & 10.4 & 10.7 \\
\hline 21 & 13 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 27 & 17 & 7 & 5 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 149 & 136 & 93 & 77 & 68 & 58 & 54 & 50 & 43 & 31 & 20 & 13 \\
\hline 72.1 & 73.7 & 77.6 & 79.0 & 80.6 & 81.4 & 82.0 & 82.7 & 83.9 & 86.4 & 89.3 & 92.1 \\
\hline 69.9 & 71.1 & 75.1 & 76.8 & 78.6 & 79.6 & 80.2 & 80.9 & 82.2 & 84.6 & 87.5 & 90.3 \\
\hline 74.3 & 76.4 & 80.1 & 81.1 & 82.4 & 83.2 & 83.8 & 84.5 & 85.7 & 88.2 & 91.1 & 93.9 \\
\hline 59.4 & 60.2 & 63.2 & 64.5 & 65.9 & 66.7 & 67.3 & 67.9 & 69.2 & 71.5 & 74.4 & 77.2 \\
\hline 15.7 & 15.8 & 17.5 & 18.0 & 19.2 & 19.5 & 20.0 & 20.5 & 21.4 & 23.3 & 25.6 & 28.0 \\
\hline 27.9 & 22.1 & 17.2 & 15.5 & 14.4 & 15.0 & 14.5 & 13.9 & 12.4 & 11.3 & 10.1 & 9.5 \\
\hline 3.86 & 3.24 & 2.12 & 2.06 & 1.99 & 2.13 & 2.08 & 2.04 & 1.96 & 1.88 & 1.87 & 1.88 \\
\hline 107 & 105 & 106 & 104 & 104 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.79 & 1.54 & 1.02 & 1.00 & 0.97 & 1.03 & 1.01 & 0.99 & 0.95 & 0.91 & 0.91 & 0.91 \\
\hline 28.4 & 27.5 & 27.8 & 28.7 & 29.2 & 29.7 & 29.9 & 30.3 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 21 & 22 & 21 & 21 & 21 & 23 & 24 & 24 & 23 & 23 & 21 & 20 \\
\hline 6 & 7 & 9 & 9 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 11 & 13 & 19 & 22 & 22 \\
\hline 15 & 15 & 13 & 12 & 12 & 13 & 13 & 13 & 10 & 4 & -1 & -2 \\
\hline 0 & -3 & 1 & 2 & 4 & 8 & 5 & 5 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -0.6 & -2.8 & 0.5 & 1.5 & 2.7 & 5.2 & 3.3 & 2.7 & 1.8 & 0.3 & 0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(\begin{array}{rrrrrr} & & & & & \\ 1.2 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 1.1 & 1.4 & \\ 15.0 & 1995-2000 & 2000-2005 & 2005-2010 & 2010-201\end{array}\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... \(-0.6\)
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Iceland}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2012.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database.
International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2012.

\section*{India}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

India

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 376325 & 555200 & 868891 & 1042262 & 1127144 & 1205625 & 1282390 & 1353305 & 1476378 & 1620051 & 1630683 & 1546833 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 114 & 169 & 264 & 317 & 343 & 367 & 390 & 412 & 449 & 493 & 496 & 471 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 21.3 & 19.3 & 21.3 & 23.0 & 24.1 & 25.5 & 26.9 & 28.4 & 31.3 & 36.7 & 41.5 & 44.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 68.4 & 80.0 & 70.6 & 62.8 & 58.6 & 54.4 & 51.1 & 49.0 & 46.9 & 47.6 & 56.8 & 66.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 63.2 & 74.0 & 64.0 & 55.7 & 51.1 & 46.6 & 42.9 & 39.6 & 35.0 & 28.8 & 26.6 & 26.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.3 & 6.0 & 6.6 & 7.1 & 7.5 & 7.8 & 8.3 & 9.4 & 12.0 & 18.7 & 30.2 & 39.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1
1.7
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
2.2 & 2.1 & 1.7 & 1.6 \\
21.8 & 21.1 & 17.4
\end{tabular}
1.4
14.0
\(\begin{array}{rr}1.2 & 1.1\end{array}\)
0.8

Population doubling time (years) (d)
42

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
27.1
164
289

Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
164
289
572
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\) 
Net reproduction rate (f) ...............................................................................
Mean age childbearing (years).
\(\qquad\)
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)
03993
46499
57494
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
132281 & 133214 & 133355 & 128535 \\
45172 & 46314 & 46549 & 47076 \\
87109 & 86900 & 86805 & 81459
\end{tabular}
128504
49444
79060

-2294
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
125306 & 119287 & 105002 & 91107 & 80910 \\
52463 & 60486 & 80646 & 99959 & 99886 \\
72843 & 58801 & 24356 & -8852 & -18977 \\
& & & & \\
-1928 & -1168 & -1182 & -591 & 0 \\
-0.3 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
\(-107 \quad-246\)
- 1923
-2978
-0.5
-0.4
11.1
65
8.1
87
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{India}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, and 2001 censuses (adjusted for underenumeration) as well as provisional totals from the 2011 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) adjusted annual data from the Sample Registration System for age-specific fertility rates from 1969 to 2010, and (b) maternity-history data from the 1992-1993, 1998-1999 and 2005-06 India National Family Health Surveys (NFHS-1, NFHS-2, NFHS-3), and (c) adjusted births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1979 Survey on Infant and Child Mortality, and 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses. Births in the preceding 36 months classified by age of mother from the 2007-2008 DLHS3 survey, and estimates based on the own-children method applied to the 2002-2004 DLHS2 and 2007-2008 DLHS3 surveys were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) adjusted data from the Sample Registration System from 1968-1969 through 2010, (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1992-1993, 1998-1999 and 2005-06 India National Family Health Surveys (NFHS-1, NFHS-2, NFHS-3), and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the South-Asian model of the United Nations Model Life Tables) from these surveys and earlier ones as well as from the 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses, the 2002-04 Reproductive and Child Health Survey, the 1998-1999 DLHS1, 2002-2004 DLHS2 and 2007-2008 DLHS3 surveys.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from age and sex-specific mortality rates from the Sample Registration System from 1968-1969 up to 2010 adjusted for infant and child mortality, and for adult death underregistration by using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods.
International migration: Based on emigration data from India to developed countries and on labour migration data from India to other Asian countries.

2010
Total population (thousands) ................................. 240676
Population density (persons per square km)........... 126
Percentage of population under age 15 ................... 29.8
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 16.8
Percentage of population age 15-64....................... 65.2
Percentage of population aged \(65+\)........................ 5.0
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 1.4
Total fertility (children per woman)....................... 2.50
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 35
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 69.6
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

INDONESIA


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Indonesia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 72592 & 114067 & 178633 & 208939 & 224481 & 240676 & 255709 & 269413 & 293482 & 321377 & 326145 & 315296 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km)............ & 38 & 60 & 94 & 110 & 118 & 126 & 134 & 141 & 154 & 169 & 171 & 166 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.0 & 18.6 & 21.3 & 24.5 & 25.8 & 26.9 & 28.4 & 29.7 & 32.5 & 38.4 & 42.8 & 45.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 75.8 & 87.1 & 67.3 & 54.6 & 53.5 & 53.5 & 50.3 & 47.4 & 46.1 & 53.1 & 62.8 & 71.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 68.9 & 80.8 & 60.9 & 47.4 & 46.1 & 45.8 & 42.2 & 38.1 & 32.6 & 28.9 & 27.1 & 27.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 7.0 & 6.2 & 6.4 & 7.2 & 7.5 & 7.7 & 8.2 & 9.3 & 13.5 & 24.2 & 35.7 & 44.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
ears) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
17
1.7
17.6
40
2.6
25.9
27
25.2
188
298
491
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
19 & 14.9 & 14.8 \\
& 37 & 47 & 49 \\
15.6 & 8.3 & 6.9 & 6.7 \\
118 & 59 & 42 & 35
\end{tabular}
1.4
1.2
1.0
11.0
67
0.8
8.5
87
\begin{tabular}{ll}
0.3 & 0.0 \\
3.0 & 0.0 \\
- & -
\end{tabular}\(-0.2\)

Mean age childbearing (years)
 \(\qquad\)

Number of births (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrrrrrrrr}
16209 & 22252 & 23461 & 22021 & 23303 & 24421 & 23492 & 22690 & 22237 & 19917 & 17850 & 16322 \\
9548 & 8375 & 7078 & 6997 & 7235 & 7488 & 7760 & 8285 & 10066 & 15119 & 17847 & 19370 \\
6660 & 13877 & 16383 & 15024 & 16068 & 16934 & 15732 & 14405 & 12171 & 4797 & 4 & -3049 \\
& & & & & & & & & \\
-94 & -140 & -209 & -197 & -526 & -738 & -700 & -700 & -700 & -700 & -350 & 0 \\
-0.3 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.5 & -0.6 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Indonesia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on maternity-history data from the 1991, 1994, 1997, 2002 and 2012 DHS, own children estimates from the 1971, 1980, 1990 and 2010 censuses, and estimates from the 1976 Indonesia Fertility Survey and the 1987 National Indonesia Contraceptive Prevalence Survey; data from 2007 DHS are also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Derived from estimates of child mortality of UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of child mortality of UNICEF as published in 2012, adult mortality through 2007 from DHS, and a UNPD mortality model (COMBIN in MORTPAK4: CD-West).

International migration: Based on information regarding Indonesians admitted by the main countries of immigration, data on labour migration and on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1950-2010 period.

\section*{Iran (Islamic Republic of)}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 74462
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 45
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 23.6
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 71.2
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 5.2
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.2
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.89
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 28
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 72.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Iran (Islamic Republic of)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 17119 & 28607 & 56362 & 65911 & 70152 & 74462 & 79476 & 84149 & 91336 & 100598 & 99432 & 94324 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 10 & 17 & 34 & 40 & 43 & 45 & 48 & 51 & 55 & 61 & 60 & 57 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 21.9 & 17.7 & 17.3 & 20.9 & 24.2 & 27.0 & 29.5 & 32.1 & 37.0 & 42.2 & 47.0 & 48.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 71.1 & 90.4 & 94.7 & 63.6 & 44.4 & 40.4 & 42.1 & 44.6 & 43.5 & 61.7 & 74.4 & 84.1 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 62.1 & 84.2 & 88.3 & 56.7 & 37.3 & 33.2 & 34.2 & 35.0 & 29.2 & 27.0 & 26.3 & 27.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.0 & 6.3 & 6.5 & 6.9 & 7.1 & 7.2 & 7.9 & 9.6 & 14.3 & 34.7 & 48.1 & 56.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.4 & 2.7 & 3.4 & 1.7 & 1.3 & 1.2 & 1.3 & 1.1 & 0.7 & 0.3 & -0.3 & -0.2 \\
\hline 24.2 & 26.3 & 28.8 & 15.3 & 12.7 & 13.4 & 13.8 & 11.7 & 7.5 & 3.5 & -2.4 & -1.7 \\
\hline 29 & 26 & 21 & 41 & 56 & 59 & 54 & 61 & 95 & - & - & - \\
\hline 26.9 & 17.3 & 9.3 & 5.4 & 5.2 & 5.3 & 5.2 & 5.1 & 5.4 & 7.7 & 12.3 & 11.3 \\
\hline 220 & 154 & 55 & 34 & 26 & 21 & 16 & 12 & 8 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 298 & 206 & 70 & 47 & 37 & 28 & 22 & 17 & 11 & 6 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 405 & 341 & 304 & 164 & 145 & 131 & 119 & 108 & 87 & 54 & 33 & 20 \\
\hline 40.6 & 49.2 & 59.6 & 68.5 & 70.6 & 72.3 & 73.9 & 75.4 & 78.0 & 82.4 & 86.3 & 89.5 \\
\hline 42.1 & 49.2 & 55.5 & 67.7 & 69.4 & 70.5 & 72.1 & 73.5 & 76.2 & 81.3 & 85.2 & 88.4 \\
\hline 39.1 & 49.2 & 64.4 & 69.4 & 71.9 & 74.2 & 75.9 & 77.3 & 79.8 & 83.6 & 87.3 & 90.6 \\
\hline 46.5 & 48.9 & 49.9 & 57.3 & 58.7 & 59.6 & 60.8 & 61.8 & 63.9 & 68.0 & 71.6 & 74.7 \\
\hline 10.3 & 10.9 & 13.5 & 13.9 & 14.6 & 15.2 & 15.9 & 16.6 & 17.9 & 20.7 & 23.4 & 25.9 \\
\hline 51.1 & 43.6 & 38.1 & 20.7 & 17.9 & 18.8 & 19.0 & 16.8 & 12.9 & 11.2 & 9.9 & 9.7 \\
\hline 6.91 & 6.68 & 5.62 & 2.61 & 1.97 & 1.89 & 1.93 & 1.89 & 1.84 & 1.83 & 1.86 & 1.88 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.98 & 2.34 & 2.43 & 1.19 & 0.91 & 0.88 & 0.91 & 0.90 & 0.88 & 0.88 & 0.90 & 0.91 \\
\hline 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.5 & 28.5 & 28.2 & 28.3 & 28.4 & 28.8 & 29.1 & 29.5 & 29.9 & 30.1 \\
\hline 4652 & 5848 & 9906 & 6546 & 6087 & 6782 & 7315 & 6852 & 5774 & 5580 & 4954 & 4577 \\
\hline 2449 & 2317 & 2420 & 1719 & 1775 & 1922 & 2001 & 2080 & 2402 & 3832 & 6130 & 5361 \\
\hline 2204 & 3531 & 7486 & 4827 & 4312 & 4859 & 5314 & 4772 & 3372 & 1749 & - 1176 & -784 \\
\hline -1 & 52 & 1344 & 615 & - 70 & - 549 & - 300 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 50 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.4 & 5.2 & 2.0 & -0.2 & -1.5 & -0.8 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population.
\(\qquad\) Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ....... Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) ...........
Fertility
\[
\text { Crude birth rate per } 1,000 \text { population....................... }
\]

Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Iran (Islamic Republic of)}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996, 2006 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Official estimates for the 1991 intercensal survey and 2009 were also considered.

Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from the (a) the own-children method applied to the 1986, 1996, 2006 censuses and 2000 DHS (Abbasi-Shavazi and McDonald, 2006, Fertility Decline in the Islamic Republic of Iran: 1972-2000. Asian Population Studies, Vol. 2, No. 3; Abbasi-Shavazi et al. 2009, The Fertility Transition in Iran: Revolution and Reproduction, Springer); (b) the reverse survival method applied to the 2011 census; (c) maternity-history data from the 1996 MFS ; (d) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1988 National 1\% Population Survey; (e) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from the 1966, 1976 and 1986 censuses, 1973-1976 PGS, 1991 intercensal survey, 1993 Population Sample Survey, 1996 one-per-cent post-census enumeration survey, 1998 PGS, 2001-2003 SCIH ; (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; and (g) the crude birth rate and the number of births registered through 2008.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1973 Population Growth Survey, 1974 Population Health Survey, 2000 Demographic and Health Survey, 2008 National Child Mortality Surveillance System, 1985, 1995 and 1998 national MICS surveys; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1989 Infant and Child Mortality Survey, 2000 Demographic and Health Survey ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, the 1977 Fertility Survey, 1990 MPC survey, 1991-1994 Intercensal Population Surveys, 1998 Demographic Survey, 1987, 1992-1995 and 2001 SCIH surveys, as well as from the 1986, 1996 and 2006 censuses ; (d) estimates from UNICEF.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from age and sex-specific mortality rates from (a) the 1956-1966 intercensal survival, 1973-1976 Population Growth Survey, 1976, 1986 and 1991 censuses, and 2000 Demographic and Health Survey, (b) the 2000-2006 annual death registration system adjusted for infant and child mortality, and for adult death underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods (Khosravi et al. (2007), "Mortality in the Islamic Republic of Iran, 1964-2004", Bulletin of the World Health Organization, August 2007, 85 (8), 607-614C), and (c) estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. For 1980-1988, excess mortality due to the war was factored in the overall mortality levels based on the PRIO Battle Deaths Dataset version 3.0, Released October 2009 (Lacina and Gleditsch, 2005."Monitoring Trends in Global Combat: A New Dataset of Battle Deaths", European Journal of Population 21(2-3): 145-166 and Clodfelter, Michael, 2002. Warfare and Armed Conflicts: A Statistical Reference to Casualty and Other Figures, 1500-2000. 2nd edition. Jefferson, NC: McFarland).

International migration: Based official statistics and on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, data on migrants from Iran to developed countries, and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.


Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Iraq

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 5719 & 9918 & 17518 & 23801 & 27377 & 30962 & 35767 & 40699 & 50967 & 71336 & 92925 & 106319 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 13 & 23 & 40 & 54 & 62 & 71 & 82 & 93 & 116 & 163 & 212 & 243 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 22.1 & 17.5 & 16.8 & 18.3 & 18.7 & 19.1 & 20.1 & 21.1 & 23.3 & 27.8 & 33.6 & 39.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) & 67.3 & 94.6 & 98.9 & 86.4 & 83.1 & 80.5 & 73.6 & 69.2 & 61.3 & 54.8 & 53.6 & 58.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 62.5 & 86.8 & 91.2 & 79.8 & 76.8 & 74.4 & 68.1 & 63.3 & 55.1 & 43.6 & 34.8 & 29.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 4.7 & 7.8 & 7.7 & 6.6 & 6.3 & 6.1 & 5.5 & 5.9 & 6.2 & 11.2 & 18.8 & 28.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)


Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
25
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.6 & 3.4 & 2.4 & 3.1 & 2.8 & 2.5 & 2.9 & 2.6 & 2.1 & 1.5 & 0.8 & 0. \\
\hline 25.7 & 33.9 & 31.1 & 31.3 & 30.0 & 27.7 & 26.1 & 24.5 & 21.1 & 14.6 & 8.3 & 3.7 \\
\hline 27 & 21 & 30 & 23 & 25 & 29 & 24 & 27 & 33 & 48 & 85 & \\
\hline 27.7 & 12.9 & 7.2 & 5.1 & 5.1 & 5.6 & 5.2 & 4.9 & 4.7 & 5.6 & 7.2 & 8.9 \\
\hline 225 & 91 & 37 & 36 & 34 & 33 & 28 & 25 & 19 & 12 & 8 & \\
\hline 327 & 132 & 49 & 45 & 41 & 38 & 32 & 28 & 22 & 14 & 9 & \\
\hline 464 & 294 & 214 & 130 & 140 & 181 & 172 & 164 & 150 & 122 & 88 & 59 \\
\hline 37.9 & 56.4 & 65.6 & 70.9 & 70.4 & 68.5 & 69.4 & 70.3 & 71.7 & 74.3 & 77.7 & 81.0 \\
\hline 37.0 & 56.8 & 60.9 & 68.7 & 68.3 & 65.1 & 66.0 & 66.8 & 68.2 & 71.0 & 75.1 & 79.2 \\
\hline 38.9 & 55.9 & 70.8 & 73.1 & 72.6 & 72.2 & 73.1 & 73.9 & 75.3 & 77.7 & 80.3 & 82.8 \\
\hline 43.3 & 51.0 & 54.3 & 59.4 & 58.8 & 56.7 & 57.2 & 57.7 & 58.6 & 60.6 & 63.6 & 66.6 \\
\hline 10.5 & 12.2 & 13.8 & 14.7 & 14.4 & 13.8 & 13.9 & 14.2 & 14.6 & 15.7 & 17.5 & 19.5 \\
\hline 53.3 & 46.7 & 38.3 & 36.4 & 35.2 & 33.3 & 31.3 & 29.4 & 25.8 & 20.2 & 15.5 & 12.6 \\
\hline 7.30 & 7.40 & 6.09 & 5.19 & 4.75 & 4.38 & 4.06 & 3.77 & 3.31 & 2.69 & 2.22 & 1.97 \\
\hline 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 \\
\hline 2.05 & 2.85 & 2.75 & 2.37 & 2.18 & 2.01 & 1.88 & 1.76 & 1.55 & 1.27 & 1.06 & 0.94 \\
\hline 28.7 & 29.1 & 31.0 & 30.7 & 30.1 & 29.2 & 29.0 & 29.2 & 29.6 & 30.6 & 31.5 & 32.0 \\
\hline 1629 & 2137 & 3169 & 4023 & 4498 & 4863 & 5218 & 5617 & 6254 & 6949 & 7055 & 6635 \\
\hline 845 & 588 & 598 & 567 & 655 & 820 & 863 & 937 & 1149 & 1935 & 3291 & 4684 \\
\hline 784 & 1549 & 2571 & 3456 & 3842 & 4043 & 4354 & 4681 & 5105 & 5014 & 3763 & 1951 \\
\hline -1 & - 7 & -630 & -18 & - 266 & -457 & 450 & 252 & -30 & -30 & - 15 & \\
\hline 0.0 & -0.2 & -7.6 & -0.2 & -2.1 & -3.1 & 2.7 & 1.3 & -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.0 & 0. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Number of births (thousands)

\(\qquad\)

Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Iraq}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1957, 1965, 1977, 1987 and 1997 censuses, the officially estimated population based on food ration system through July 2009, as well as with the structure by age and sex from the 2004 Iraq Living Conditions Survey, 2006 MICS3 survey, 2006-2007 Iraq Family Health Survey, 2011 MICS4 survey and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. The population estimates refer to the whole of Iraq, including the three northern governorates.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births classified by age of mother registered for 1991-2000; (b) maternity-history data from the Iraq 2004 Living Conditions Survey, 2006 MICS3 and 2011 MICS4; (c) the own-children method applied to the 1997 census and 2006 MICS3 survey, (d) the reverse survival method applied to the 2011 MICS4 and earlier censuses and surveys ; (e) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from the 1974 Fertility Survey, 1997 census and 1999 Child and Maternal Mortality Survey ; (f) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1989 Gulf Child Health Survey and 2000 MICS ; (g) data on children ever born classified by age of mother from the 1987 census, 1990 Iraq Immunization, Diarrhoeal Disease, Maternal and Childhood Mortality Survey, and 2006-2007 Iraq Family Health Survey; (h) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1973-1974 Demographic Sample Survey and Sample Registration; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1989 National child health survey, 2004 Iraq Living Conditions Survey, 2006 MICS3 and 2011 MICS4 ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from the 1957 census, 1974 Fertility Survey, 1987 census, 1989 National child health survey, 1990 Iraq Immunization, Diarrhoeal Disease, Maternal and Childhood Mortality Survey, 1997 census, 2006-2007 Iraq Family Health Survey ; (d) estimates from UNICEF. Data from the 1991 Child Mortality Survey and 1999 Iraq Child and Maternal Mortality Survey were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1973-1974 Demographic Sample Survey and Sample Registration, and 1999 Child and Maternal Mortality Survey (female only); (b) parental orphanhood from the 1997 census, 2004 Iraq Living Conditions Survey and 2006 MICS3 ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1990 Iraq Immunization, Diarrhoeal Disease, Maternal and Childhood Mortality Survey (female only), and the 2006-2007 Iraq Family Health Survey ; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for periods 1957-1965, 1965-1977, 1977-1987 and 1987-1997 ; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. For 1980-1988, excess mortality due to the war was factored in the overall mortality levels based on the PRIO Battle Deaths Dataset version 3.0, Released October 2009 (Lacina and Gleditsch, 2005."Monitoring Trends in Global Combat: A New Dataset of Battle Deaths", European Journal of Population 21(2-3): 145-166 and Clodfelter, Michael, 2002. Warfare and Armed Conflicts: A Statistical Reference to Casualty and Other Figures, 1500-2000. 2nd edition. Jefferson, NC: McFarland). For 2000-2005 and 2005-2010, excess mortality due to the war was factored in the overall mortality levels; there is a high level of uncertainty in the current estimates. The estimated numbers of war related deaths, as provided by the Iraqi Ministry of Health, have also been taken into account.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1997-2010 period. Data on refugee flows compiled by UNHCR were also taken into account. Estimates of Iraqis entering and leaving the country because of the war have been taken into account.

\section*{Ireland}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Ireland}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 2913 & 2963 & 3531 & 3804 & 4158 & 4468 & 4727 & 4963 & 5347 & 5994 & 6373 & 6596 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 41 & 42 & 50 & 54 & 59 & 64 & 67 & 71 & 76 & 85 & 91 & 94 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 30.0 & 27.4 & 29.2 & 32.5 & 33.5 & 34.3 & 35.9 & 37.6 & 40.0 & 41.9 & 44.1 & 46.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 65.5 & 73.3 & 62.3 & 49.2 & 46.3 & 48.5 & 52.1 & 54.7 & 56.2 & 74.2 & 73.8 & 81.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 47.4 & 53.9 & 43.8 & 32.5 & 30.1 & 31.7 & 32.9 & 33.0 & 28.9 & 31.0 & 28.8 & 28.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 18.2 & 19.4 & 18.5 & 16.7 & 16.2 & 16.8 & 19.2 & 21.8 & 27.3 & 43.1 & 45.0 & 53.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-0
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline -0.1 & 0.6 & 0.0 & 1.0 & 1.8 & 1.4 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0.7 & 0.5 & 0.2 \\
\hline 9.2 & 9.5 & 6.4 & 5.9 & 7.8 & 9.3 & 9.1 & 7.7 & 4.9 & 3.2 & 1.0 \\
\hline - & 115 & - & 67 & 39 & 49 & 62 & 71 & 102 & - & - \\
\hline 12.8 & 11.4 & 9.2 & 8.6 & 7.5 & 6.6 & 6.4 & 6.4 & 7.0 & 8.9 & 10.2 \\
\hline 41 & 23 & 8 & 6 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 50 & 26 & 10 & 7 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 197 & 150 & 115 & 97 & 87 & 75 & 68 & 61 & 51 & 36 & 23 \\
\hline 66.7 & 70.8 & 74.1 & 75.9 & 77.6 & 79.6 & 80.6 & 81.5 & 83.0 & 85.7 & 88.7 \\
\hline 65.4 & 68.6 & 71.4 & 73.2 & 75.1 & 77.2 & 78.4 & 79.5 & 81.1 & 83.7 & 86.7 \\
\hline 68.1 & 73.1 & 77.1 & 78.8 & 80.2 & 81.9 & 82.7 & 83.5 & 85.0 & 87.7 & 90.6 \\
\hline 55.6 & 57.9 & 60.0 & 61.6 & 63.2 & 65.0 & 65.9 & 66.8 & 68.3 & 70.8 & 73.8 \\
\hline 13.0 & 13.7 & 14.7 & 15.8 & 17.1 & 18.6 & 19.2 & 19.8 & 20.8 & 22.8 & 25.1 \\
\hline 22.1 & 21.0 & 15.5 & 14.5 & 15.3 & 16.0 & 15.5 & 14.1 & 12.0 & 12.1 & 11.2 \\
\hline 3.42 & 3.77 & 2.18 & 1.94 & 1.97 & 2.00 & 2.00 & 1.99 & 1.98 & 1.97 & 1.97 \\
\hline 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 106 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.52 & 1.75 & 1.04 & 0.92 & 0.94 & 0.96 & 0.96 & 0.96 & 0.96 & 0.96 & 0.96 \\
\hline 31.4 & 30.6 & 29.9 & 30.4 & 30.7 & 31.2 & 31.6 & 31.8 & 31.9 & 32.0 & 32.0 \\
\hline 321 & 306 & 275 & 269 & 304 & 344 & 357 & 342 & 314 & 357 & 356 \\
\hline 187 & 167 & 162 & 160 & 150 & 143 & 147 & 156 & 184 & 263 & 324 \\
\hline 134 & 139 & 112 & 109 & 154 & 201 & 209 & 187 & 130 & 94 & 32 \\
\hline -146 & - 51 & - 115 & 83 & 200 & 108 & 50 & 50 & 50 & 50 & 25 \\
\hline -10.1 & -3.5 & -6.5 & 4.5 & 10.0 & 5.0 & 2.2 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1.7 & 0.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) .................
Net reproduction rate (f) ........
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Ireland}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy through 2009.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1950-2010 intercensal period.

\section*{Israel}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Israel}

\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1258 & 2850 & 4499 & 6014 & 6604 & 7420 & 7920 & 8507 & 9632 & 11843 & 13873 & 15011 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 57 & 129 & 203 & 272 & 298 & 335 & 358 & 384 & 435 & 535 & 626 & 678 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 25.5 & 23.5 & 25.9 & 28.0 & 28.7 & 30.1 & 30.1 & 30.8 & 32.2 & 36.1 & 40.9 & 45.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 55.3 & 64.7 & 67.0 & 61.6 & 61.0 & 60.4 & 63.6 & 65.2 & 62.1 & 65.8 & 68.7 & 78.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 49.2 & 54.1 & 52.2 & 45.4 & 44.8 & 43.7 & 45.8 & 44.9 & 39.1 & 36.2 & 30.6 & 28.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 6.1 & 10.7 & 14.8 & 16.2 & 16.1 & 16.7 & 17.8 & 20.3 & 23.1 & 29.6 & 38.1 & 50.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 \(1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)..............................
6
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 6.2 & 2.4 & 1.9 & 2.4 & 1.9 & 2.3 & 1.3 & 1.4 & 1.2 & 0.9 & 0.5 & 0.2 \\
\hline 26.7 & 19.0 & 16.4 & 15.4 & 15.4 & 15.5 & 15.0 & 13.3 & 11.3 & 8.2 & 4.9 & 1.9 \\
\hline 11 & 29 & 36 & 29 & 37 & 30 & 54 & 49 & 58 & 79 & 136 & - \\
\hline 6.3 & 6.4 & 6.3 & 6.0 & 5.7 & 5.6 & 5.5 & 5.5 & 5.6 & 6.6 & 7.4 & 8.6 \\
\hline 39 & 24 & 11 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 49 & 29 & 13 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 149 & 130 & 98 & 80 & 72 & 65 & 59 & 54 & 46 & 33 & 21 & 13 \\
\hline 68.9 & 71.8 & 75.8 & 78.4 & 79.6 & 80.8 & 81.7 & 82.5 & 83.8 & 86.4 & 89.4 & 92.4 \\
\hline 67.5 & 70.3 & 74.0 & 76.3 & 77.5 & 78.7 & 79.8 & 80.6 & 82.0 & 84.6 & 87.7 & 90.6 \\
\hline 70.3 & 73.4 & 77.6 & 80.3 & 81.5 & 82.7 & 83.5 & 84.2 & 85.6 & 88.1 & 91.2 & 94.1 \\
\hline 57.8 & 59.1 & 62.0 & 64.1 & 65.2 & 66.3 & 67.1 & 67.8 & 69.2 & 71.6 & 74.6 & 77.5 \\
\hline 13.7 & 14.4 & 16.2 & 17.8 & 18.6 & 19.4 & 20.0 & 20.5 & 21.5 & 23.4 & 25.8 & 28.3 \\
\hline 33.0 & 25.4 & 22.7 & 21.4 & 21.2 & 21.1 & 20.5 & 18.8 & 16.9 & 14.8 & 12.3 & 10.5 \\
\hline 4.28 & 3.78 & 3.07 & 2.93 & 2.91 & 2.91 & 2.91 & 2.80 & 2.59 & 2.25 & 2.01 & 1.92 \\
\hline 107 & 106 & 105 & 106 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.94 & 1.77 & 1.47 & 1.41 & 1.40 & 1.41 & 1.41 & 1.35 & 1.25 & 1.09 & 0.98 & 0.93 \\
\hline 27.7 & 28.4 & 28.7 & 29.5 & 29.8 & 30.1 & 30.4 & 30.6 & 30.8 & 31.0 & 31.2 & 31.3 \\
\hline 245 & 340 & 487 & 606 & 668 & 739 & 786 & 770 & 788 & 858 & 842 & 784 \\
\hline 47 & 86 & 136 & 169 & 181 & 195 & 211 & 224 & 262 & 381 & 510 & 640 \\
\hline 199 & 255 & 351 & 437 & 487 & 543 & 575 & 547 & 526 & 477 & 332 & 144 \\
\hline 262 & 72 & 65 & 245 & 103 & 274 & -76 & 41 & 35 & 35 & 18 & 0 \\
\hline 35.2 & 5.4 & 3.1 & 8.7 & 3.3 & 7.8 & -2.0 & 1.0 & 0.8 & 0.6 & 0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)......................
    Life expectancy at birth (years).
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
tility

\section*{Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \\ \(\qquad\)}
33

Total fertility (children per woman) \(\qquad\) ) ........................ Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
5.4

Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Israel}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1972, 1983, 1995 and 2008 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Population figures exclude the Arab population residing in East Jerusalem and include the Israeli citizens residing in the Occupied Palestinian Territory. Official annual population estimates for 1950-2011 from the Israeli Central Bureau of Statistics were also considered.

Total fertility: Based on annual births registered from 1953 through 2010 classified by age of mother.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and enumerated census population by age and sex from 1948 to 2009. Mortality rates for age 85 and over were smoothed by fitting the Kannisto model of old-age mortality (Thatcher, et al. (1998). The Force of Mortality at Ages 80 to 120. Odense, Denmark: Odense University Press) using data for ages 75-99. For the period 1950-1980, mortality rates at age 75 were adjusted using the average rate of mortality increase by age based on the historical experience of the Human Mortality Database (University of California, Berkeley (USA), and Max Planck Institute for Demographic Research (Germany). Available at www.mortality.org) for countries at similar levels of mortality.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods. Assumptions on migration levels made in the official Israeli population projections were also considered.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & ITALY \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................... & 60509 & \multirow[t]{7}{*}{} \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) .......... & 201 & \\
\hline Percentage of population under age \(15 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\). & 14.0 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24..................... & 10.0 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64..................... & 65.7 & \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+...................... & 20.3 & \\
\hline & 2005-2010 & \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 0.6 & Sardegna
(Sardinia) \(\quad\) Tyrrhenian Sea \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)...................... & 1.39 & Cagliari \({ }^{\circ}\) Catanzaro \\
\hline Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... & 4 & Mediterranean Sea Palermo Ionian \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................ & 81.5 & 50 km STUNISIA \(\quad\)\begin{tabular}{l} 
Sicilia \\
(Sicily)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Italy


\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 46367 & 53324 & 56832 & 56986 & 58672 & 60509 & 61142 & 61386 & 61212 & 60015 & 56344 & 54598 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 154 & 177 & 189 & 189 & 195 & 201 & 203 & 204 & 203 & 199 & 187 & 181 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 28.6 & 33.0 & 37.0 & 40.2 & 41.8 & 43.3 & 45.0 & 46.7 & 49.4 & 49.9 & 48.4 & 49.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 53.3 & 55.7 & 45.8 & 48.3 & 50.9 & 52.3 & 55.7 & 57.9 & 66.9 & 88.5 & 84.5 & 89.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 40.9 & 38.5 & 24.0 & 21.3 & 21.3 & 21.4 & 21.8 & 21.9 & 22.3 & 26.2 & 27.0 & 27.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 12.4 & 17.2 & 21.8 & 27.1 & 29.6 & 30.9 & 33.8 & 36.1 & 44.7 & 62.3 & 57.5 & 62.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
atura increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..


Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)...

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
0.8
8.3
8.3
93
0.7
8.0
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
0.0 & 0.0 & 0.6 & 0.6 \\
0.3 & -0.7 & -0.6 & -0.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\(-0.2\)

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Italy}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2001 census, with official population estimates for 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2008.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2008.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 2741
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 249
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 29.0
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 63.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 7.8
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.4
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.40
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 29
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 72.2
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Jamaica

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1403 & 1869 & 2365 & 2582 & 2682 & 2741 & 2813 & 2877 & 2950 & 2808 & 2403 & 2052 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 128 & 170 & 215 & 235 & 244 & 249 & 256 & 262 & 268 & 256 & 219 & 187 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 22.2 & 16.7 & 22.0 & 24.5 & 26.1 & 27.0 & 28.2 & 29.5 & 33.3 & 40.2 & 46.5 & 47.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 66.4 & 110.7 & 73.6 & 67.0 & 63.4 & 58.4 & 51.8 & 51.7 & 54.6 & 57.6 & 72.8 & 78.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 59.9 & 99.0 & 61.0 & 54.5 & 50.9 & 46.0 & 39.5 & 37.7 & 35.0 & 28.3 & 26.2 & 26.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................. & 6.4 & 11.7 & 12.6 & 12.5 & 12.5 & 12.4 & 12.3 & 14.0 & 19.6 & 29.4 & 46.5 & 52.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.9 & 1.2 & 0.6 & 1.0 & 0.8 & 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.5 & 0.2 & -0.5 & -0.7 & -0.5 \\
\hline 23.9 & 30.6 & 19.6 & 15.3 & 13.4 & 11.8 & 10.9 & 10.1 & 7.1 & 1.0 & -3.4 & -4.8 \\
\hline 37 & 58 & 119 & 73 & 92 & - & 134 & - & - & - & - & \\
\hline 10.8 & 8.2 & 7.2 & 7.6 & 7.6 & 7.4 & 7.1 & 7.3 & 7.9 & 10.8 & 13.3 & 14.5 \\
\hline 92 & 52 & 31 & 28 & 27 & 24 & 21 & 19 & 16 & 10 & 7 & \\
\hline 120 & 65 & 37 & 34 & 32 & 29 & 25 & 22 & 19 & 13 & 8 & \\
\hline 252 & 168 & 161 & 189 & 186 & 165 & 154 & 146 & 132 & 105 & 74 & 51 \\
\hline 58.5 & 67.5 & 71.0 & 70.3 & 70.9 & 72.2 & 73.5 & 74.1 & 75.4 & 78.0 & 81.1 & 83.9 \\
\hline 56.8 & 65.7 & 68.9 & 67.5 & 68.0 & 69.6 & 70.9 & 71.7 & 73.1 & 76.0 & 79.1 & 81.9 \\
\hline 60.1 & 69.3 & 73.1 & 73.2 & 73.9 & 75.0 & 76.0 & 76.6 & 77.6 & 79.9 & 83.1 & 86.0 \\
\hline 53.3 & 58.0 & 59.0 & 58.1 & 58.5 & 59.7 & 60.6 & 61.1 & 62.0 & 64.2 & 66.9 & 69.4 \\
\hline 13.4 & 15.1 & 16.2 & 16.4 & 16.7 & 17.0 & 17.5 & 17.7 & 18.1 & 19.1 & 20.5 & 22.0 \\
\hline 34.7 & 38.8 & 26.8 & 23.0 & 21.0 & 19.1 & 18.1 & 17.4 & 14.9 & 11.7 & 9.8 & 9.7 \\
\hline 4.22 & 5.78 & 3.10 & 2.67 & 2.54 & 2.40 & 2.27 & 2.16 & 2.00 & 1.85 & 1.84 & 1.86 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.71 & 2.58 & 1.43 & 1.23 & 1.18 & 1.12 & 1.06 & 1.02 & 0.94 & 0.88 & 0.88 & 0.90 \\
\hline 26.8 & 26.8 & 26.8 & 26.8 & 26.7 & 26.7 & 26.6 & 26.6 & 26.4 & 26.2 & 26.2 & 26.2 \\
\hline 256 & 352 & 312 & 290 & 276 & 259 & 251 & 247 & 219 & 167 & 120 & 101 \\
\hline 79 & 74 & 84 & 96 & 100 & 100 & 99 & 103 & 115 & 153 & 162 & 151 \\
\hline 176 & 278 & 228 & 193 & 176 & 159 & 152 & 144 & 104 & 13 & - 42 & - 50 \\
\hline - 37 & -169 & - 161 & -73 & -76 & - 100 & -80 & - 80 & -80 & -80 & - 40 & \\
\hline -5.1 & -18.7 & -13.8 & -5.8 & -5.8 & -7.4 & -5.8 & -5.6 & -5.5 & -5.6 & -3.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Nirths \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

> The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Jamaica}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1953, 1960, 1970, 1982, 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2006 classified by age of mother and the underlying mid-year of female population by age; (b) official estimates through 2007 in demographic year book; (c) estimates from the 1975/76 World Fertility Survey; (d) estimates from the 1983 and 1989 Jamaica Contraceptive Prevalence Surveys; (e) estimates from the 1970 census; and (f) estimates from the 1993, 1997, 2002/03 and 2008 Jamaica Reproductive Health Surveys.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1975/76 World Fertility Survey; (b) estimates from the 1982 and 2001 censuses; (c) estimates from 2000 and 2005 Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys; (d) estimates from the 2008 Reproductive Health Surveys; (e) estimates from the 1983 and 1989 Jamaica Contraceptive Prevalence Surveys; (f) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and \((\mathrm{g})\) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates..

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex in 2005, adjusted for underreporting of infant and child deaths; (b) official estimates through 2006; and (c) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1991-2001 and 2001-2011 intercensal periods. Also, net migration estimates from the Planning Institute of Jamaica for the period 2000-2005 were considered.Total population (thousands)127353
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 337
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 13.3
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 10.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 63.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 23.0
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.34
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 4
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 82.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Japan

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 82199 & 103708 & 122249 & 125715 & 126979 & 127353 & 126818 & 125382 & 120625 & 108329 & 93653 & 84471 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 218 & 274 & 324 & 333 & 336 & 337 & 336 & 332 & 319 & 287 & 248 & 224 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 22.3 & 28.9 & 37.4 & 41.4 & 43.0 & 44.9 & 46.5 & 48.3 & 51.6 & 53.4 & 52.3 & 51.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 67.6 & 45.3 & 43.4 & 46.6 & 50.7 & 56.9 & 64.8 & 70.2 & 75.0 & 96.4 & 96.3 & 97.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 59.3 & 35.0 & 26.3 & 21.4 & 20.8 & 20.8 & 21.2 & 21.5 & 21.4 & 24.6 & 26.0 & 26.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 8.3 & 10.2 & 17.1 & 25.2 & 29.9 & 36.0 & 43.6 & 48.7 & 53.7 & 71.8 & 70.3 & 70.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1.5

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
1.5
14.4
48
1.3
10.9
55
0.4

205-2000 2000-20
\begin{tabular}{r}
9.4 \\
2 \\
627 \\
60.4 \\
63.9 \\
53.0 \\
\\
\hline
\end{tabular}
9.4

Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
\(10146 \quad 8962 \quad 6793\)
\begin{tabular}{rr}
4011 & 3475 \\
6136 & 5487
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{l}
0.2 \\
1.9 \\
- \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
0.2
0.1
\begin{tabular}{ll}
-0.1 & -0.2 \\
-1.4 & -2.7
\end{tabular}
-0.4 -

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
55
878
1.8
6793
3905
2889
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
-0.1 & -0.2 & -0.4 & -0.6 & -0.6 & -0.3 \\
-1.4 & -2.7 & -4.7 & -6.0 & -6.2 & -3.4 \\
- & - & - & - & - & - \\
9.8 & 10.7 & 12.5 & 14.1 & 14.8 & 12.2 \\
2 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\
3 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
61 & 57 & 48 & 36 & 24 & 16 \\
83.5 & 84.3 & 85.8 & 88.4 & 91.4 & 94.2 \\
80.0 & 80.8 & 82.3 & 85.0 & 88.0 & 90.8 \\
86.9 & 87.7 & 89.2 & 91.8 & 94.8 & 97.6 \\
68.8 & 69.6 & 71.0 & 73.6 & 76.5 & 79.3 \\
21.9 & 22.5 & 23.5 & 25.6 & 28.0 & 30.4 \\
& & & & & \\
8.4 & 8.1 & 7.8 & 8.1 & 8.6 & 8.8 \\
1.41 & 1.48 & 1.58 & 1.72 & 1.80 & 1.85 \\
106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
0.68 & 0.71 & 0.77 & 0.83 & 0.88 & 0.90 \\
30.7 & 31.0 & 31.5 & 31.9 & 32.1 & 32.1 \\
& & & & & \\
5334 & 5085 & 4732 & 4444 & 4083 & 3764 \\
6218 & 6772 & 7613 & 7724 & 7019 & 5210 \\
\hline 885 & -1686 & -2882 & -3279 & -2936 & -1446 \\
& & & & & \\
350 & 250 & 250 & 250 & 125 & 0 \\
0.6 & 0.4 & 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
7.5
\(\square\)
87
75
71

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
f The net reproduction rate is expressed as number of daughters per woman and represents the average number of daughters a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period
} if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Japan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2009.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.
2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 6455
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 72
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 35.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 61.5
Percentage of population aged \(65+\). ..... 3.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 4.2
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.64
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 23
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.0
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Jordan}


Jordan
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 449 & 1655 & 3358 & 4767 & 5239 & 6455 & 7690 & 8087 & 9355 & 11510 & 12777 & 12924 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 5 & 19 & 38 & 53 & 59 & 72 & 86 & 91 & 105 & 129 & 143 & 145 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 17.2 & 17.2 & 16.5 & 19.5 & 20.7 & 22.5 & 24.0 & 24.6 & 27.0 & 33.8 & 40.6 & 45.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 102.2 & 96.6 & 98.1 & 73.9 & 69.7 & 62.6 & 58.8 & 60.9 & 50.9 & 53.9 & 57.0 & 71.1 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 92.4 & 90.2 & 91.5 & 68.4 & 64.3 & 57.0 & 53.0 & 54.3 & 42.2 & 34.4 & 27.2 & 26.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.8 & 6.4 & 6.5 & 5.4 & 5.4 & 5.5 & 5.8 & 6.6 & 8.7 & 19.6 & 29.8 & 44.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
7

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) .. \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).
 ................
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (year
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
7
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 7.3 & 7.8 & 3.8 & 2.0 & 1.9 & 4.2 & 3.5 & 1.0 & 1.4 & 0.8 & 0.2 & -0.1 \\
\hline 27.0 & 40.5 & 29.8 & 28.0 & 26.2 & 26.2 & 23.6 & 20.2 & 14.7 & 9.0 & 2.8 & -1.0 \\
\hline 10 & 9 & 19 & 36 & 37 & 17 & 20 & 69 & 51 & 86 & - & - \\
\hline 20.4 & 11.7 & 5.5 & 4.3 & 4.0 & 3.8 & 3.7 & 3.8 & 4.2 & 6.1 & 8.7 & 11.0 \\
\hline 147 & 77 & 34 & 26 & 22 & 20 & 17 & 15 & 11 & 7 & 4 & \\
\hline 239 & 108 & 40 & 30 & 26 & 23 & 20 & 17 & 13 & 8 & 5 & \\
\hline 373 & 285 & 162 & 138 & 128 & 120 & 114 & 108 & 96 & 71 & 47 & 33 \\
\hline 46.5 & 58.4 & 69.2 & 71.3 & 72.2 & 73.0 & 73.8 & 74.5 & 76.1 & 79.0 & 82.6 & 85.4 \\
\hline 47.1 & 57.6 & 67.9 & 70.0 & 70.8 & 71.5 & 72.2 & 72.9 & 74.4 & 77.6 & 81.7 & 84.7 \\
\hline 45.9 & 59.3 & 70.6 & 72.8 & 73.8 & 74.6 & 75.5 & 76.4 & 77.9 & 80.5 & 83.5 & 86.1 \\
\hline 47.5 & 51.5 & 57.4 & 58.8 & 59.4 & 59.9 & 60.5 & 61.0 & 62.2 & 64.8 & 68.1 & 70.7 \\
\hline 11.4 & 12.3 & 13.8 & 14.3 & 14.5 & 14.8 & 15.2 & 15.6 & 16.3 & 18.0 & 20.4 & 22.5 \\
\hline 47.4 & 52.1 & 35.3 & 32.3 & 30.2 & 30.0 & 27.3 & 24.0 & 18.9 & 15.0 & 11.5 & 10.0 \\
\hline 7.38 & 8.00 & 6.02 & 4.34 & 3.85 & 3.64 & 3.27 & 2.98 & 2.56 & 2.05 & 1.82 & 1.81 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.36 & 3.21 & 2.75 & 2.02 & 1.80 & 1.71 & 1.54 & 1.41 & 1.22 & 0.98 & 0.88 & 0.87 \\
\hline 29.5 & 30.5 & 30.4 & 29.9 & 29.9 & 29.8 & 30.1 & 30.0 & 30.1 & 30.7 & 31.2 & 31.5 \\
\hline 130 & 362 & 542 & 734 & 756 & 876 & 966 & 945 & 854 & 847 & 730 & 649 \\
\hline 56 & 81 & 85 & 99 & 100 & 111 & 131 & 148 & 191 & 342 & 551 & 714 \\
\hline 74 & 281 & 457 & 636 & 656 & 765 & 835 & 797 & 664 & 505 & 180 & -65 \\
\hline 123 & 254 & 118 & - 188 & - 184 & 450 & 400 & -400 & - 50 & - 50 & -25 & \\
\hline 45.0 & 36.7 & 7.7 & -8.3 & -7.4 & 15.4 & 11.3 & -10.1 & -1.1 & -0.9 & -0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
123
Net migration rate (per 1,000)

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Jordan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1972, 1975, 1979, 1994 and 2004 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Official estimates through 2011 from the Jordanian Department of Statistics were also taken into account.

Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from: (a) births classified by age of mother registered for 1969-1979 and 2007; (b) maternity-history data from the 1976 WFS/JFS, 1983 JFFHS, 1990, 1997, 2002, 2007 and 2009 Jordan Population and Family Health Surveys; (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1982 JMS ; (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys, as well as from 1961 and 1979 censuses, 1972 NFS and 1981 JDS surveys; (e) data on children ever born classified by age of mother from the 1988 and 1990 EPI-CDDCM surveys; (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1976 WFS/JFS, 1990, 1997, 2002, 2007 and 2009 Jordan Population and Family Health Surveys; and (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, as well as from the 1961 and 1979 censuses, 1972 Fertility Survey, 1981 Demographic Survey, 1998 and 1990 EPI-CDD and Child Mortality Surveys, 1999 Annual Fertility Survey. Data from vital registration available for selected years were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) estimates of adult mortality (45q15) implied by the relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1980s. Life tables based on the 1961 and 1979 censuses, 1972 National Fertility Survey and 1976 WFS, as well as indirect estimates of adult mortality based on widowhood data from the 1961 and 1979 censuses and 1976 WFS, as well as parental orphanhood from the 1976 WFS and 1981 Demographic Survey were also taken into account.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1994-2004 intercensal period. Official population estimates for the year 2011 were also considered. UNHCR estimates of Iraqi refugees in Jordan since 2006 have been taken into account.

\section*{Kazakhstan}
Total population (thousands) ..... 15921
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 6
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 24.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.4
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 6.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.54
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 33
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 65.7
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, Natural Earth.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Dotted line represents approximately the
Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Kazakhstan


Kazakhstan
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 6703 & 12757 & 16172 & 14576 & 15064 & 15921 & 16770 & 17519 & 18573 & 20186 & 20884 & 20938 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 2 & 5 & 6 & 5 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 7 & 8 & 8 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 23.2 & 21.7 & 26.0 & 27.7 & 28.5 & 28.9 & 29.7 & 31.0 & 32.4 & 34.9 & 37.8 & 41.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 69.2 & 75.1 & 59.6 & 52.6 & 47.7 & 46.1 & 49.5 & 52.9 & 50.1 & 53.2 & 52.9 & 58.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 58.1 & 65.7 & 50.3 & 42.3 & 36.5 & 36.4 & 39.4 & 41.5 & 35.3 & 33.7 & 29.4 & 27.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 11.1 & 9.4 & 9.3 & 10.3 & 11.3 & 9.7 & 10.1 & 11.5 & 14.8 & 19.5 & 23.5 & 31.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
2
Population doubling time (years) (d) ........................

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.7 & 1.9 & 1.0 & -1.3 & 0.7 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0.9 & 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\
\hline 19.4 & 16.4 & 17.4 & 4.7 & 6.0 & 11.2 & 10.4 & 8.7 & 5.0 & 3.3 & 1.1 \\
\hline 26 & 36 & 72 & - & 106 & 63 & 67 & 80 & - & - & - \\
\hline 14.8 & 9.8 & 8.2 & 11.7 & 10.8 & 10.4 & 10.1 & 10.0 & 10.2 & 11.5 & 12.0 \\
\hline 110 & 85 & 52 & 43 & 32 & 27 & 25 & 23 & 19 & 13 & 8 \\
\hline 144 & 105 & 64 & 54 & 39 & 33 & 30 & 27 & 24 & 16 & 9 \\
\hline 316 & 238 & 189 & 303 & 286 & 269 & 257 & 245 & 222 & 184 & 134 \\
\hline 55.1 & 61.7 & 67.5 & 63.0 & 64.6 & 65.7 & 66.4 & 67.2 & 68.6 & 71.3 & 74.7 \\
\hline 50.2 & 56.3 & 62.4 & 57.5 & 59.1 & 60.2 & 60.9 & 61.7 & 63.0 & 65.8 & 69.8 \\
\hline 60.7 & 66.8 & 72.3 & 69.0 & 70.4 & 71.5 & 72.3 & 73.0 & 74.3 & 76.7 & 79.6 \\
\hline 50.4 & 54.6 & 57.5 & 51.9 & 52.4 & 53.2 & 53.7 & 54.3 & 55.5 & 57.6 & 60.5 \\
\hline 12.2 & 14.1 & 15.2 & 13.0 & 12.9 & 13.2 & 13.4 & 13.6 & 13.9 & 14.8 & 16.1 \\
\hline 34.2 & 26.2 & 25.6 & 16.3 & 16.8 & 21.6 & 20.5 & 18.7 & 15.2 & 14.8 & 13.0 \\
\hline 4.41 & 3.67 & 3.03 & 2.00 & 2.01 & 2.54 & 2.44 & 2.36 & 2.22 & 2.03 & 1.92 \\
\hline 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 \\
\hline 1.75 & 1.56 & 1.36 & 0.91 & 0.92 & 1.17 & 1.13 & 1.10 & 1.04 & 0.96 & 0.92 \\
\hline 29.6 & 29.0 & 27.0 & 26.3 & 27.3 & 28.1 & 28.4 & 28.6 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 1230 & 1592 & 2019 & 1228 & 1241 & 1676 & 1675 & 1604 & 1394 & 1479 & 1356 \\
\hline 532 & 597 & 644 & 877 & 797 & 807 & 826 & 855 & 937 & 1153 & 1246 \\
\hline 698 & 995 & 1375 & 351 & 444 & 868 & 849 & 749 & 457 & 326 & 110 \\
\hline 283 & 173 & -606 & -1325 & 45 & - 11 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline 7.9 & 2.9 & -7.7 & -17.6 & 0.6 & -0.2 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years).................................................................................
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
283

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) )
} The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Kazakhstan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2009, (b) maternity-history data from the 1995 and 1999 Kazakhstan DHS, and (c) births in the preceding 12 months to the 2010 MICS classified by age of mother.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1989 and 1999 censuses, 1996 LSMS and 2006 MICS, (b) maternity-history data from the 1995 and 1999 DHS, and (c) based on data on children ever born and surviving from the 2010 MICS. Official estimates of mortality through 2010 were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2008 adjusted to take into account underreporting of infant and child mortality. The age pattern of mortality is derived from a life table constructed on the basis of 2005 data.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Kenya}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 40909
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 70
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 42.6
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 54.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 4.80
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 90
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 57.2

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

KENYA


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS, GAUL. endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Kenya





\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 6077 & 11252 & 23446 & 31285 & 35786 & 40909 & 46749 & 52906 & 66306 & 97173 & 134611 & 160423 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 10 & 19 & 40 & 54 & 62 & 70 & 81 & 91 & 114 & 167 & 232 & 276 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.0 & 15.5 & 15.5 & 17.4 & 18.1 & 18.5 & 19.0 & 19.6 & 21.6 & 25.5 & 31.3 & 37.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 77.6 & 110.6 & 106.9 & 88.4 & 83.5 & 82.4 & 80.4 & 76.2 & 67.1 & 59.8 & 54.9 & 57.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 70.6 & 103.3 & 101.3 & 83.2 & 78.5 & 77.7 & 75.4 & 70.8 & 60.9 & 49.8 & 38.2 & 31.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.0 & 7.3 & 5.6 & 5.2 & 5.0 & 4.8 & 5.0 & 5.4 & 6.2 & 10.0 & 16.7 & 26.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).


Net reproduction rate (f) ..................................................
\(\qquad\)
2.8
27.7
\(27.7 \quad 3.4\)
3.4
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
3.5 & 2.6 & 2.7 \\
35.1 & 26.5 & 26.7
\end{tabular}
2.7
27.7
26
2.7
26.9
26
2.5
24.9
28
0.5
23
1
2
4
4
4
4
4
11.7
\(23.6 \quad 16.5\)
16.5

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
104
10.0
11.8
12.2
68
\begin{tabular}{rrr} 
& & 28 \\
10.2 & 8.3 & 7.6 \\
60 & 52 & 46 \\
90 & 77 & 68
\end{tabular}
8.4
12

Births minus deaths (thousands) .................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e. Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Kenya}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1962, 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1983, 1989, 1993, 1998, 2003, and 2008-09 Kenya DHS; (b) estimates from the 1977 World Fertility Survey; (c) official estimates from 2000 to 2003; and (d) estimates from the 1999 and 2009 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving from the 1983, 1989, 1993, 1998, 2003, and 2008-09 Kenya DHS; (b) the 1977 World Fertility Survey; (c) estimates from the 1969, 1979, 1989, and 1999 censuses; (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and implied relationships between life expectancy at birth and estimates of infant and child mortality and between life expectancy at birth and estimates of adult mortality (45q15). The adjusted estimates of \(45 q 15\) were derived from (a) household deaths data (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods) from the 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009 censuses; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1983, 1989, 1993, 1998, 2003, and 2008-09 Kenya DHS, the 1977 World Fertility Survey, and all censuses aforementioned; (c) siblings deaths from the 1989, 1993, 1998 2003, and 2008-09 Kenya DHS; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for the period of 1969-2009; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on the number of migrants from Kenya to developed countries and assuming that refugees in Kenya will return during 2005-2015.

\section*{Kiribati}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 98
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 135
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 33.6
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.4
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 62.6
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.9
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.16
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 51
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 67.1

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Kiribati

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 26 & 44 & 71 & 83 & 90 & 98 & 106 & 114 & 131 & 156 & 177 & 185 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 36 & 60 & 98 & 114 & 125 & 135 & 145 & 157 & 180 & 215 & 244 & 254 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 21.3 & 17.0 & 20.4 & 19.9 & 21.0 & 22.5 & 24.1 & 25.6 & 28.3 & 33.1 & 39.5 & 43.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 78.6 & 98.3 & 78.1 & 76.3 & 68.6 & 59.9 & 54.5 & 53.3 & 55.1 & 49.8 & 58.9 & 69.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 68.8 & 91.2 & 71.8 & 70.3 & 62.5 & 53.7 & 47.8 & 45.7 & 44.2 & 33.5 & 29.4 & 28.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.8 & 7.1 & 6.3 & 6.0 & 6.1 & 6.2 & 6.7 & 7.6 & 11.0 & 16.3 & 29.6 & 41.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
\(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.1 & 2.9 & 2.7 & 1.6 & 1.8 & 1.6 & 1.5 & 1.5 & 1.3 & 0.8 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\
\hline 20.7 & 29.3 & 26.7 & 23.6 & 19.7 & 17.6 & 17.3 & 17.1 & 14.6 & 8.8 & 3.6 & 0.8 \\
\hline 34 & 24 & 26 & 43 & 39 & 45 & 45 & 46 & 54 & 92 & - & - \\
\hline 23.0 & 16.6 & 9.8 & 7.7 & 6.7 & 6.3 & 6.0 & 5.9 & 5.9 & 6.8 & 8.6 & 10.0 \\
\hline 160 & 120 & 72 & 55 & 47 & 41 & 34 & 29 & 21 & 12 & 7 & \\
\hline 240 & 176 & 100 & 73 & 61 & 51 & 42 & 35 & 25 & 14 & 8 & \\
\hline 445 & 370 & 268 & 226 & 206 & 189 & 170 & 153 & 124 & 81 & 47 & 31 \\
\hline 43.5 & 50.3 & 59.8 & 63.7 & 65.5 & 67.1 & 68.8 & 70.2 & 72.8 & 77.2 & 81.8 & 85.1 \\
\hline 41.3 & 48.1 & 57.2 & 60.9 & 62.7 & 64.3 & 65.9 & 67.4 & 69.9 & 74.4 & 79.8 & 83.3 \\
\hline 45.8 & 52.6 & 62.3 & 66.6 & 68.4 & 69.9 & 71.6 & 73.1 & 75.8 & 79.9 & 83.7 & 86.9 \\
\hline 44.2 & 47.6 & 52.4 & 54.4 & 55.4 & 56.2 & 57.2 & 58.1 & 59.9 & 63.4 & 67.5 & 70.6 \\
\hline 10.8 & 11.6 & 12.6 & 13.1 & 13.3 & 13.6 & 13.9 & 14.2 & 15.0 & 17.0 & 19.9 & 22.3 \\
\hline 43.7 & 45.8 & 36.5 & 31.3 & 26.4 & 23.8 & 23.3 & 23.0 & 20.4 & 15.7 & 12.2 & 10.8 \\
\hline 6.10 & 7.10 & 4.70 & 4.20 & 3.56 & 3.16 & 2.98 & 2.82 & 2.56 & 2.19 & 1.95 & 1.87 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 106 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.99 & 2.60 & 1.95 & 1.83 & 1.58 & 1.43 & 1.36 & 1.31 & 1.21 & 1.05 & 0.94 & 0.91 \\
\hline 30.2 & 30.2 & 30.2 & 30.2 & 30.3 & 30.5 & 30.6 & 30.7 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 6 & 9 & 12 & 12 & 11 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 \\
\hline 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 8 & \\
\hline 3 & 6 & 9 & 9 & 9 & 8 & 9 & 9 & 9 & 7 & 3 & \\
\hline 0 & 0 & 0 & - 3 & -1 & -1 & -1 & - 1 & -1 & - 1 & -1 & \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & -7.5 & -2.0 & -2.1 & -2.0 & -1.8 & -1.6 & -1.3 & -0.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Kiribati}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2005 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on an application of the \(\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{F}\) ratio method to data on children ever born and births during the year preceding the 2000 census.

Infant and child mortality: Based on estimates of UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on estimates of child mortality of UNICEF as published in 2012, and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the intercensal periods.

\section*{Kuwait}
Total population (thousands) ..... 2992
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 168
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 25.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 16.2
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 72.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.2
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 5.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.71
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 12
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.8
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Kuwait
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\hline
\end{tabular}



Kuwait
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................... & 152 & 750 & 2060 & 1906 & 2296 & 2992 & 3583 & 4015 & 4833 & 6342 & 7509 & 7960 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 9 & 42 & 116 & 107 & 129 & 168 & 201 & 225 & 271 & 356 & 421 & 447 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 21.5 & 19.1 & 22.7 & 28.6 & 28.6 & 28.4 & 29.7 & 30.4 & 32.0 & 35.6 & 39.9 & 43.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 64.1 & 84.1 & 57.4 & 40.5 & 40.4 & 37.7 & 37.0 & 37.4 & 35.7 & 43.8 & 53.3 & 67.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 59.3 & 80.7 & 55.1 & 36.1 & 35.8 & 34.7 & 33.6 & 33.9 & 30.3 & 27.8 & 26.8 & 27.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 4.8 & 3.3 & 2.3 & 4.4 & 4.6 & 3.0 & 3.3 & 3.5 & 5.4 & 16.0 & 26.4 & 39.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
4
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 4.9 & 8.8 & 3.5 & 3.7 & 3.7 & 5.3 & 3.6 & 2.3 & 1.7 & 1.2 & 0.4 & 0.1 \\
\hline 30.2 & 42.4 & 22.2 & 22.3 & 18.1 & 18.6 & 17.8 & 16.4 & 12.6 & 8.6 & 3.2 & 0.7 \\
\hline 14 & 8 & 20 & 19 & 19 & 13 & 20 & 31 & 40 & 61 & - & \\
\hline 13.6 & 6.5 & 2.8 & 3.1 & 3.1 & 3.1 & 2.9 & 2.8 & 3.1 & 5.2 & 8.8 & 10.4 \\
\hline 124 & 54 & 16 & 11 & 10 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 3 & \\
\hline 193 & 74 & 21 & 14 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 5 & 3 & \\
\hline 254 & 183 & 112 & 96 & 90 & 86 & 83 & 79 & 71 & 57 & 40 & 29 \\
\hline 53.4 & 64.7 & 71.6 & 72.9 & 73.4 & 73.8 & 74.2 & 74.8 & 75.9 & 78.3 & 81.4 & 84.2 \\
\hline 52.4 & 63.6 & 70.8 & 72.2 & 72.7 & 73.1 & 73.4 & 73.8 & 74.8 & 77.1 & 80.6 & 83.7 \\
\hline 54.7 & 66.4 & 72.9 & 74.1 & 74.5 & 74.9 & 75.5 & 76.1 & 77.4 & 79.7 & 82.3 & 84.8 \\
\hline 52.1 & 55.4 & 58.4 & 59.2 & 59.5 & 59.9 & 60.2 & 60.7 & 61.6 & 63.8 & 66.7 & 69.4 \\
\hline 11.7 & 12.2 & 12.8 & 13.0 & 13.2 & 13.4 & 13.6 & 14.0 & 14.7 & 16.4 & 18.7 & 20.9 \\
\hline 43.7 & 48.9 & 25.0 & 25.4 & 21.2 & 21.7 & 20.7 & 19.2 & 15.7 & 13.8 & 12.0 & 11.1 \\
\hline 7.21 & 7.41 & 3.13 & 3.03 & 2.58 & 2.71 & 2.60 & 2.51 & 2.36 & 2.18 & 2.06 & 2.01 \\
\hline 104 & 104 & 104 & 105 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
\hline 2.70 & 3.31 & 1.50 & 1.45 & 1.24 & 1.30 & 1.25 & 1.21 & 1.14 & 1.06 & 1.00 & 0.98 \\
\hline 28.1 & 28.5 & 29.7 & 29.5 & 29.7 & 29.8 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.2 & 30.4 & 30.5 \\
\hline 38 & 151 & 237 & 221 & 223 & 287 & 339 & 364 & 363 & 427 & 446 & 439 \\
\hline 12 & 20 & 27 & 27 & 33 & 41 & 48 & 53 & 72 & 161 & 326 & 411 \\
\hline 26 & 131 & 210 & 195 & 190 & 246 & 292 & 311 & 292 & 266 & 120 & 28 \\
\hline 16 & 138 & 119 & 126 & 200 & 449 & 300 & 121 & 109 & 89 & 44 & 0 \\
\hline 18.9 & 44.6 & 12.6 & 14.4 & 19.1 & 34.0 & 18.3 & 6.4 & 4.7 & 2.9 & 1.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Births minus deaths (thousands)}
\(\qquad\)
138
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
}
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e. Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Kuwait}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1957, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1995 and 2005 censuses, the 1988 survey, official population estimates for 2008-2010 from the Central Statistical Office of Kuwait, the 2011 census preliminary total, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on annual births registered from 1963 through 2010 classified by age of mother.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered annually from 1975 through 2010, and (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from the 1975 and 1980 censuses.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and enumerated census population by age and sex from 1964 to 2010, adjusted for infant and child mortality. Mortality rates for age 65 and over were smoothed and extrapolated by fitting the Kannisto model of old-age mortality (Thatcher, et al. (1998). The Force of Mortality at Ages 80 to 120. Odense, Denmark: Odense University Press) using data for ages 50-89. For 1950-1965, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the estimated 1965-1970 life table.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

\section*{Kyrgyzstan}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 5334
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 27
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 30.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 22.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 65.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.78
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 46
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 66.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
the

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Kyrgyzstan

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1740 & 2965 & 4395 & 4955 & 5042 & 5334 & 5708 & 6162 & 6871 & 7976 & 8631 & 8924 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 9 & 15 & 22 & 25 & 25 & 27 & 29 & 31 & 34 & 40 & 43 & 45 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 25.3 & 19.4 & 21.6 & 22.5 & 23.6 & 23.8 & 25.1 & 26.2 & 27.5 & 31.9 & 36.1 & 40.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 58.9 & 91.9 & 74.1 & 67.9 & 58.4 & 52.6 & 53.9 & 58.5 & 55.7 & 52.3 & 50.8 & 57.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 45.9 & 80.0 & 65.4 & 58.7 & 49.5 & 45.9 & 47.6 & 51.3 & 44.8 & 37.7 & 30.5 & 28.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................. & 13.0 & 12.0 & 8.7 & 9.2 & 8.9 & 6.8 & 6.3 & 7.2 & 11.0 & 14.7 & 20.3 & 29.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
\begin{tabular}{r}
17 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.8 & 2.8 & 1.8 & 1.5 & 0.4 & 1.1 & 1.4 & 1.5 & 0.9 & 0.7 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\
\hline 17.1 & 20.3 & 23.8 & 16.6 & 13.2 & 16.2 & 19.9 & 17.9 & 11.6 & 8.4 & 3.5 & 0.7 \\
\hline 39 & 25 & 39 & 46 & - & 62 & 52 & 46 & 74 & 106 & - & - \\
\hline 18.0 & 11.8 & 8.6 & 7.9 & 7.7 & 7.9 & 7.5 & 7.1 & 7.2 & 9.0 & 10.5 & 11.3 \\
\hline 140 & 110 & 70 & 48 & 40 & 36 & 33 & 30 & 25 & 16 & 9 & 7 \\
\hline 175 & 131 & 82 & 58 & 49 & 46 & 42 & 38 & 31 & 20 & 12 & 8 \\
\hline 339 & 256 & 197 & 225 & 225 & 222 & 212 & 203 & 187 & 160 & 121 & 82 \\
\hline 52.8 & 59.6 & 66.1 & 65.9 & 66.6 & 66.7 & 67.5 & 68.2 & 69.5 & 71.9 & 75.2 & 78.6 \\
\hline 48.8 & 55.2 & 62.1 & 62.0 & 62.7 & 62.7 & 63.4 & 64.0 & 65.2 & 67.6 & 71.2 & 75.5 \\
\hline 57.2 & 63.7 & 69.8 & 70.0 & 70.6 & 71.1 & 71.8 & 72.5 & 73.9 & 76.3 & 79.1 & 81.8 \\
\hline 49.7 & 54.0 & 57.3 & 55.3 & 55.3 & 55.1 & 55.6 & 56.1 & 57.0 & 58.6 & 61.2 & 64.4 \\
\hline 12.1 & 13.9 & 15.1 & 13.9 & 13.8 & 13.3 & 13.5 & 13.7 & 14.0 & 14.8 & 16.2 & 18.1 \\
\hline 35.1 & 32.1 & 32.5 & 24.4 & 20.8 & 24.1 & 27.4 & 25.0 & 18.8 & 17.5 & 14.0 & 12.0 \\
\hline 4.51 & 5.01 & 4.02 & 2.99 & 2.50 & 2.78 & 3.10 & 2.91 & 2.62 & 2.24 & 2.00 & 1.92 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 105 & 107 & 105 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.73 & 2.07 & 1.78 & 1.35 & 1.15 & 1.28 & 1.44 & 1.35 & 1.23 & 1.06 & 0.96 & 0.92 \\
\hline 30.5 & 29.9 & 27.7 & 26.9 & 27.7 & 28.1 & 28.4 & 28.6 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 319 & 445 & 682 & 583 & 521 & 625 & 755 & 742 & 632 & 685 & 600 & 533 \\
\hline 164 & 164 & 181 & 188 & 191 & 205 & 207 & 212 & 242 & 354 & 451 & 503 \\
\hline 155 & 281 & 501 & 395 & 330 & 420 & 548 & 530 & 389 & 331 & 149 & 30 \\
\hline 7 & 110 & - 120 & -33 & - 242 & - 128 & - 175 & - 75 & - 75 & -75 & - 42 & 0 \\
\hline 0.8 & 8.0 & -5.7 & -1.4 & -9.7 & -4.9 & -6.3 & -2.5 & -2.2 & -1.9 & -1.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Total fertility (children per woman)..........................
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
Net reproduction rate (f). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years).. \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands).

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\section*{Kyrgyzstan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, and 1999 and 2009 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2011 classified by age of mother adjusted for underregistration, and (b) maternity-history data from the 1997 Kyrgyzstan DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (c) maternity-history data from the 1997 DHS, and (c) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2005 MICS. Official estimates of mortality through 2008 were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011 adjusted to take into account underreporting of infant and child mortality.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2009.

\section*{Lao People's Democratic Republic}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 6396
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 27
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 36.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 23.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 59.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.7
2005-201
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 3.52
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 59
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 65.8

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

LAO PEOPLE'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Lao People's Democratic Republic


Lao People's Democratic Republic
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1683 & 2685 & 4245 & 5388 & 5791 & 6396 & 7020 & 7651 & 8806 & 10579 & 11493 & 11153 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 7 & 11 & 18 & 23 & 24 & 27 & 30 & 32 & 37 & 45 & 49 & 47 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 19.8 & 18.7 & 17.7 & 18.0 & 19.0 & 20.4 & 22.0 & 23.7 & 26.7 & 34.4 & 42.9 & 46.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 74.2 & 82.7 & 91.4 & 89.0 & 79.0 & 68.1 & 61.9 & 60.3 & 51.9 & 46.0 & 60.4 & 75.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 70.4 & 77.1 & 84.6 & 82.2 & 72.3 & 61.8 & 55.6 & 53.5 & 43.5 & 30.7 & 26.2 & 26.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 3.7 & 5.6 & 6.8 & 6.8 & 6.7 & 6.3 & 6.2 & 6.8 & 8.4 & 15.3 & 34.3 & 49.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
Population doubling time (years) (d)
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.

```
\(\qquad\)
```

Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......

```

Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 2.4 & 2.9 & 2.0 & 1.4 & 2.0 & 1.9 & 1.7 & 1.3 & 0.7 & 0.1 & -0.2 \\
\hline 23.2 & 24.1 & 28.6 & 25.3 & 20.6 & 22.3 & 20.8 & 19.3 & 14.7 & 8.5 & 1.7 & -2.1 \\
\hline 30 & 29 & 25 & 35 & 48 & 35 & 38 & 41 & 54 & 99 & - & - \\
\hline 22.2 & 18.8 & 14.5 & 9.5 & 7.7 & 6.8 & 6.0 & 5.4 & 4.7 & 5.6 & 9.1 & 11.9 \\
\hline 177 & 148 & 109 & 72 & 58 & 47 & 36 & 28 & 18 & 11 & 7 & 5 \\
\hline 265 & 221 & 158 & 98 & 75 & 59 & 45 & 34 & 21 & 13 & 9 & 6 \\
\hline 475 & 422 & 349 & 265 & 230 & 203 & 177 & 152 & 112 & 68 & 42 & 29 \\
\hline 40.9 & 45.5 & 52.4 & 60.0 & 63.2 & 65.8 & 68.1 & 70.2 & 73.8 & 78.4 & 82.5 & 85.3 \\
\hline 39.1 & 44.0 & 51.2 & 58.7 & 61.9 & 64.5 & 66.7 & 68.7 & 72.1 & 76.8 & 81.5 & 84.5 \\
\hline 42.9 & 47.0 & 53.5 & 61.2 & 64.4 & 67.0 & 69.4 & 71.7 & 75.4 & 80.0 & 83.4 & 86.1 \\
\hline 42.8 & 45.2 & 48.6 & 52.4 & 54.1 & 55.4 & 56.7 & 58.0 & 60.5 & 64.6 & 68.3 & 70.9 \\
\hline 10.3 & 11.0 & 11.8 & 12.6 & 13.0 & 13.3 & 13.6 & 14.0 & 15.2 & 17.7 & 20.4 & 22.5 \\
\hline 45.4 & 42.8 & 43.1 & 34.7 & 28.3 & 29.2 & 26.9 & 24.6 & 19.5 & 14.1 & 10.8 & 9.8 \\
\hline 5.94 & 5.98 & 6.27 & 4.81 & 3.70 & 3.52 & 3.05 & 2.72 & 2.30 & 1.88 & 1.79 & 1.83 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.84 & 2.00 & 2.33 & 1.99 & 1.60 & 1.56 & 1.39 & 1.26 & 1.09 & 0.90 & 0.86 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.6 & 29.6 & 29.6 & 29.4 & 28.8 & 28.1 & 27.7 & 27.4 & 27.0 & 27.8 & 29.4 & 30.5 \\
\hline 406 & 542 & 854 & 891 & 790 & 888 & 901 & 903 & 830 & 731 & 616 & 550 \\
\hline 198 & 238 & 288 & 242 & 215 & 208 & 202 & 197 & 202 & 291 & 522 & 669 \\
\hline 207 & 305 & 567 & 648 & 575 & 680 & 699 & 706 & 628 & 440 & 94 & - 118 \\
\hline 0 & 0 & 0 & - 131 & - 173 & -75 & -75 & -75 & - 75 & -75 & -38 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & -5.1 & -6.2 & -2.5 & -2.2 & -2.0 & -1.8 & -1.4 & -0.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Lao People's Democratic Republic}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1985, 1995 and 2005 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1993 Laos Social Indicator Survey, and the 1995 and 2005 censuses, (b) maternity-history data from the 1994 Fertility and Birth Spacing Survey, as well as from the 2000 and 2005 Lao Reproductive Health Surveys, (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1986-1988 Multi-round survey, (d) the own-children method applied to the 2000 MICS2 and 2006 MICS3 surveys ; and (e) births in the preceding 24 months classified by age of mother from the 2006 MICS3 survey; (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1994 Fertility and Birth Spacing Survey, as well as the 2000 and 2005 Lao Reproductive Health Surveys, and (b) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1993 Laos Social Indicator Survey, the 1995 and 2005 censuses, as well as the 2000 and 2005 Lao Reproductive Health Surveys.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on estimates of international migration for the 1995-2005 intercensal period and UNHCR estimates.

\section*{Latvia}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 2091
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 32
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 14.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 13.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 67.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 18.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... -1.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.49
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 9
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 71.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, Natural Earth, UNCS
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Latvia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1949 & 2366 & 2664 & 2371 & 2228 & 2091 & 2031 & 1973 & 1856 & 1674 & 1520 & 1459 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 30 & 37 & 41 & 37 & 34 & 32 & 31 & 31 & 29 & 26 & 24 & 23 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 30.5 & 34.2 & 34.6 & 37.9 & 39.9 & 41.3 & 41.7 & 42.0 & 43.4 & 42.7 & 42.6 & 43.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 57.5 & 50.6 & 49.9 & 49.0 & 46.9 & 48.2 & 51.7 & 55.3 & 59.5 & 65.8 & 63.3 & 67.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 39.9 & 32.6 & 32.1 & 26.6 & 21.7 & 21.0 & 23.5 & 25.9 & 26.4 & 28.0 & 27.4 & 28.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 17.6 & 18.1 & 17.8 & 22.4 & 25.2 & 27.2 & 28.2 & 29.4 & 33.1 & 37.8 & 35.9 & 39.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.7 & 0.9 & 0.6 & -1.0 & -1.3 & -1.3 & -0.6 & -0.6 & -0.6 & -0.4 & -0.3 & -0.2 \\
\hline 3.9 & 3.0 & 3.0 & -6.4 & -5.3 & -4.7 & -4.8 & -4.8 & -6.0 & -4.1 & -3.1 & -1.6 \\
\hline 104 & 77 & 111 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & \\
\hline 13.1 & 10.6 & 12.4 & 14.4 & 14.2 & 15.0 & 15.7 & 16.0 & 15.9 & 15.6 & 14.5 & 12.5 \\
\hline 77 & 22 & 15 & 16 & 10 & 8 & 7 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 107 & 27 & 19 & 19 & 12 & 9 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 4 \\
\hline 213 & 172 & 193 & 246 & 215 & 207 & 200 & 190 & 171 & 133 & 92 & 65 \\
\hline 62.4 & 70.5 & 70.4 & 68.7 & 70.7 & 71.5 & 72.1 & 72.7 & 73.8 & 76.3 & 79.4 & 82.0 \\
\hline 58.2 & 66.0 & 65.6 & 62.9 & 65.2 & 66.0 & 66.6 & 67.2 & 68.7 & 71.8 & 75.8 & 78.6 \\
\hline 65.9 & 74.3 & 74.8 & 74.5 & 76.2 & 77.0 & 77.5 & 77.9 & 78.9 & 80.7 & 83.1 & 85.4 \\
\hline 55.7 & 57.8 & 57.1 & 55.3 & 56.8 & 57.4 & 57.9 & 58.4 & 59.5 & 61.8 & 64.9 & 67.3 \\
\hline 14.4 & 14.9 & 14.6 & 14.8 & 15.2 & 15.6 & 15.8 & 16.0 & 16.4 & 17.5 & 19.1 & 20.5 \\
\hline 17.0 & 13.7 & 15.5 & 8.0 & 8.9 & 10.3 & 10.9 & 11.2 & 9.9 & 11.5 & 11.3 & 11.0 \\
\hline 2.00 & 1.81 & 2.13 & 1.17 & 1.29 & 1.49 & 1.59 & 1.67 & 1.77 & 1.87 & 1.92 & 1.94 \\
\hline 105 & 106 & 106 & 107 & 105 & 104 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 0.86 & 0.85 & 1.01 & 0.55 & 0.61 & 0.72 & 0.76 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.90 & 0.93 & 0.94 \\
\hline 26.1 & 26.1 & 26.0 & 26.5 & 27.6 & 28.4 & 29.0 & 29.7 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 168 & 158 & 203 & 98 & 102 & 111 & 113 & 112 & 93 & 97 & 87 & 80 \\
\hline 130 & 123 & 163 & 175 & 163 & 162 & 162 & 160 & 150 & 132 & 111 & 92 \\
\hline 38 & 35 & 40 & -77 & -61 & - 51 & -49 & -48 & - 56 & -35 & -24 & -12 \\
\hline 28 & 69 & 42 & -39 & -83 & - 86 & -10 & -10 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline 2.8 & 6.0 & 3.2 & -3.2 & -7.2 & -8.0 & -1.0 & -1.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortalit
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population

```
\(\qquad\)

Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\) - 0.7
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) )
\(\mathrm{b} \quad\) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Latvia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 2001 and 2011 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010, adjusted upward through 1991 by a factor of 1.25 to compensate for infant deaths omitted owing to the use of a definition of infant death that did not conform to international standards.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2011.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Lebanon}


Lebanon
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1335 & 2297 & 2703 & 3235 & 3987 & 4341 & 5054 & 4877 & 5172 & 5316 & 4851 & 4114 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 128 & 221 & 260 & 311 & 383 & 417 & 486 & 469 & 497 & 511 & 466 & 396 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 23.2 & 18.7 & 23.2 & 26.3 & 26.5 & 28.5 & 30.7 & 34.0 & 39.4 & 48.8 & 52.8 & 51.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 70.9 & 88.5 & 66.8 & 55.6 & 54.7 & 47.4 & 39.4 & 42.1 & 48.6 & 64.1 & 92.1 & 94.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 58.5 & 79.0 & 56.9 & 44.6 & 43.2 & 34.9 & 27.1 & 26.8 & 26.3 & 22.0 & 24.3 & 26.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 12.5 & 9.5 & 9.9 & 11.1 & 11.6 & 12.5 & 12.3 & 15.3 & 22.3 & 42.2 & 67.8 & 68.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.8 & 1.9 & 0.2 & 1.3 & 4.2 & 1.7 & 3.0 & -0.7 & 0.5 & 0.0 & -0.6 & -0.5 \\
\hline 27.3 & 25.1 & 18.9 & 14.8 & 11.2 & 8.2 & 9.1 & 9.0 & 5.8 & 0.5 & -5.7 & -5.4 \\
\hline 25 & 37 & - & 54 & 17 & 41 & 23 & - & 138 & - & - & - \\
\hline 12.9 & 8.6 & 7.0 & 5.9 & 5.2 & 4.5 & 4.5 & 4.6 & 5.5 & 8.4 & 13.8 & 14.1 \\
\hline 68 & 47 & 30 & 19 & 14 & 10 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 94 & 61 & 37 & 22 & 16 & 12 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 3 & 3 \\
\hline 261 & 208 & 160 & 117 & 93 & 70 & 59 & 50 & 37 & 25 & 18 & 13 \\
\hline 60.5 & 65.4 & 69.6 & 73.2 & 75.6 & 78.3 & 79.8 & 81.3 & 83.6 & 86.3 & 88.8 & 90.7 \\
\hline 58.9 & 63.7 & 67.9 & 71.7 & 73.9 & 76.2 & 77.9 & 79.5 & 81.8 & 84.6 & 86.9 & 88.9 \\
\hline 62.2 & 67.2 & 71.3 & 74.8 & 77.4 & 80.6 & 82.1 & 83.4 & 85.5 & 88.2 & 90.6 & 92.5 \\
\hline 52.6 & 55.2 & 57.6 & 60.1 & 62.0 & 64.3 & 65.7 & 67.1 & 69.2 & 71.8 & 74.1 & 76.0 \\
\hline 12.6 & 13.2 & 13.8 & 14.9 & 15.9 & 17.5 & 18.5 & 19.5 & 21.1 & 23.2 & 25.2 & 26.8 \\
\hline 40.2 & 33.7 & 25.9 & 20.7 & 16.3 & 12.7 & 13.5 & 13.6 & 11.3 & 8.9 & 8.1 & 8.7 \\
\hline 5.74 & 5.23 & 3.23 & 2.43 & 2.01 & 1.58 & 1.51 & 1.48 & 1.50 & 1.63 & 1.75 & 1.82 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.41 & 2.32 & 1.49 & 1.15 & 0.96 & 0.76 & 0.73 & 0.71 & 0.73 & 0.79 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.3 & 29.3 & 28.8 & 29.1 & 29.4 & 29.6 & 30.1 & 30.2 & 30.5 & 30.6 & 30.8 & 30.9 \\
\hline 288 & 370 & 349 & 324 & 295 & 265 & 317 & 338 & 289 & 237 & 200 & 181 \\
\hline 92 & 95 & 94 & 92 & 93 & 94 & 105 & 114 & 140 & 224 & 339 & 293 \\
\hline 196 & 275 & 254 & 231 & 201 & 171 & 213 & 224 & 149 & 13 & - 140 & - 112 \\
\hline 2 & - 70 & - 228 & -29 & 550 & 183 & 500 & - 400 & - 20 & - 20 & - 10 & 0 \\
\hline 0.2 & -6.4 & -17.0 & -1.9 & 30.5 & 8.8 & 21.3 & -16.1 & -0.8 & -0.8 & -0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
    Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
\(-6.4-17.0\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..............................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) ........................
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Lebanon}

Total population (2011): In the absence of census since 1943, population estimates are based on the 1970 PAL survey, 1995-1996 Population and Housing Survey, 2004 National Survey of Household Living Conditions, 2007 Living Conditions Survey, 2009 MICS3 survey and associated population estimates provided by the Central Administration for Statistics of Lebanon (CAS), adjusted to take into account the number of Palestinians residing in camps, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) ) Birth registrations from Ministry of Interior, General Directorate of Civil Status ; (b) maternity-history data from the 1996 Lebanon Maternal and Child Health Survey and 2004 Lebanon Family Health Survey ; (c) the own-children method applied to the 1995-1996 Population and Housing Survey (PHS) ; (d) the reverse survival method applied to the 1970 PAL survey, 2004 National Survey of Household Living Conditions and 2007 Living Conditions Survey, and the 2009 MICS3 survey ; (e) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1971 National Fertility and Family Planning Survey, the 1995-1996 PHS (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1996 Maternal and Child Health Survey (MCHS), and 2004 Family Health Survey; and (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from the 1971 National Fertility and Family Planning Survey, 1990 National EPI CDD IMR Survey, 1995-1996 Population and Housing Survey, 1996 MSHS, 2000 and 2009 Multiple Cluster Indicator Surveys.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1970-2007 period. For subsequent periods, data on refugee flows compiled by UNHCR were taken into account.

\section*{Lesotho}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Lesotho}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 734 & 1032 & 1598 & 1856 & 1926 & 2009 & 2120 & 2226 & 2419 & 2818 & 3125 & 3183 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 24 & 34 & 53 & 61 & 63 & 66 & 70 & 73 & 80 & 93 & 103 & 105 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.8 & 17.8 & 17.7 & 18.7 & 19.3 & 20.1 & 21.2 & 22.1 & 23.8 & 29.0 & 35.5 & 40.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 82.3 & 93.1 & 92.9 & 84.3 & 79.5 & 72.2 & 66.1 & 63.8 & 56.5 & 45.9 & 49.6 & 57.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 74.1 & 85.0 & 84.8 & 76.0 & 71.3 & 64.8 & 59.2 & 56.9 & 50.4 & 37.6 & 30.4 & 27.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 8.1 & 8.1 & 8.2 & 8.3 & 8.3 & 7.4 & 6.9 & 6.9 & 6.2 & 8.2 & 19.2 & 29.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)..
..........
Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.4 & 2.0 & 1.7 & 1.1 & 0.7 & 0.9 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0.8 & 0.7 & 0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline 19.4 & 24.7 & 25.1 & 19.6 & 11.0 & 10.9 & 12.7 & 11.6 & 9.6 & 8.9 & 3.0 & -0.1 \\
\hline 49 & 35 & 41 & 61 & 95 & 82 & 65 & 72 & 88 & 94 & - & - \\
\hline 22.7 & 17.8 & 11.6 & 13.5 & 18.8 & 17.3 & 14.9 & 14.7 & 12.9 & 8.9 & 10.6 & 11.8 \\
\hline 169 & 130 & 84 & 79 & 84 & 76 & 60 & 50 & 37 & 22 & 14 & 10 \\
\hline 253 & 193 & 118 & 106 & 116 & 105 & 82 & 67 & 47 & 27 & 17 & 12 \\
\hline 459 & 387 & 293 & 479 & 691 & 649 & 584 & 592 & 522 & 310 & 208 & 124 \\
\hline 42.2 & 48.5 & 57.3 & 52.2 & 43.7 & 45.6 & 49.5 & 50.4 & 54.8 & 65.0 & 71.0 & 76.3 \\
\hline 40.8 & 47.2 & 56.0 & 51.2 & 43.6 & 45.3 & 49.2 & 50.3 & 54.4 & 63.8 & 69.6 & 74.5 \\
\hline 43.4 & 49.7 & 58.5 & 53.1 & 43.7 & 45.8 & 49.6 & 50.2 & 54.8 & 66.3 & 72.6 & 78.1 \\
\hline 43.5 & 46.8 & 51.1 & 44.1 & 35.3 & 37.3 & 40.2 & 40.1 & 43.3 & 52.2 & 57.5 & 62.4 \\
\hline 10.6 & 11.4 & 12.3 & 12.5 & 12.0 & 12.3 & 12.6 & 12.8 & 13.3 & 14.3 & 16.1 & 17.8 \\
\hline 42.1 & 42.5 & 36.7 & 33.1 & 29.8 & 28.2 & 27.6 & 26.2 & 22.5 & 17.8 & 13.6 & 11.7 \\
\hline 5.84 & 5.80 & 5.13 & 4.37 & 3.79 & 3.37 & 3.07 & 2.82 & 2.47 & 2.07 & 1.87 & 1.84 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.84 & 2.04 & 2.07 & 1.73 & 1.38 & 1.27 & 1.22 & 1.15 & 1.06 & 0.96 & 0.89 & 0.89 \\
\hline 30.1 & 30.1 & 29.9 & 29.0 & 28.6 & 28.2 & 27.8 & 27.7 & 27.6 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 160 & 209 & 281 & 298 & 282 & 278 & 285 & 285 & 267 & 246 & 211 & 186 \\
\hline 86 & 87 & 89 & 122 & 178 & 170 & 154 & 160 & 153 & 123 & 164 & 188 \\
\hline 74 & 121 & 192 & 177 & 104 & 108 & 131 & 126 & 114 & 123 & 47 & -2 \\
\hline - 20 & - 22 & -63 & -74 & - 34 & -24 & - 20 & -20 & -20 & -20 & - 11 & 0 \\
\hline -5.3 & -4.6 & -8.2 & -8.3 & -3.7 & -2.5 & -1.9 & -1.8 & -1.7 & -1.5 & -0.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
} The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c. The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
d The population doubling time corresponds to the number of years required for the total population to double in size if the annual rate of population change would remain constant. Doubling time is computed only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( \(45 q 15\) ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Lesotho}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother from the 1977 Lesotho World Fertility Survey; (b) based on an application of the P/F ratio method to data on children ever born and births preceding the 1986, 1996 and 2006 censuses; (c) estimates derived from the 2002 Lesotho Reproductive Health Survey and the 1991 Lesotho Demographic Health Survey; (d) maternity-history data from the 2004 and 2009 Lesotho Demographic Health Surveys.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) based on data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from 1968 Rural Household Consumption and Expenditure Survey, the 1971 Lesotho Demographic Survey, the 1977 World Fertility Survey, the 1986, 1996 and 2006 censuses, the 2001 Lesotho Demographic Survey, the 2001 Lesotho Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey; (b) recent household deaths from the 2006 census; and (c) maternity-history data from the 2004 and 2009 Lesotho Demographic Health Surveys. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on data on the number of migrant workers in South Africa.

\section*{Liberia}
Total population (thousands) ..... 3958
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 36
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 43.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 53.6
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.23
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 100
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 58.1
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
LIBERIA


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS,
he boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Liberia}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 930 & 1420 & 2103 & 2892 & 3270 & 3958 & 4503 & 5086 & 6395 & 9392 & 13151 & 15905 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 8 & 13 & 19 & 26 & 29 & 36 & 40 & 46 & 57 & 84 & 118 & 143 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 19.1 & 18.3 & 17.4 & 18.1 & 18.2 & 18.3 & 18.6 & 19.3 & 21.2 & 24.9 & 30.5 & 36.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 80.1 & 84.9 & 92.3 & 86.3 & 86.4 & 86.6 & 82.9 & 77.5 & 69.0 & 58.7 & 53.4 & 54.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 74.7 & 80.5 & 86.7 & 80.6 & 80.7 & 80.9 & 77.4 & 72.0 & 63.1 & 50.3 & 39.0 & 32.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.4 & 4.4 & 5.7 & 5.8 & 5.6 & 5.7 & 5.5 & 5.5 & 5.9 & 8.4 & 14.3 & 22.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1.7

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..
 ................
Net reproduction rate (f). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
1.7
16.5
42
2.5
23.3
28
-0.9
28.4
-
6.6
29.1
11
2.5
27.8
29
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
30.5 & 25.7 & 18.3 & 14.4 & 13.9 & 10.3 \\
224 & 195 & 158 & 129 & 97 & 72 \\
333 & 292 & 237 & 192 & 140 & 100 \\
556 & 481 & 329 & 274 & 345 & 281 \\
33.1 & 37.9 & 47.3 & 52.6 & 52.4 & 58.1
\end{tabular}
3.8
28.4
18

10.3
2.6
26.7
27
2.4
25.3
29

Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands)

\(\qquad\)
9.0
61
8.1
52
73
237

Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)............................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) ..........................

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e. Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period
}

\section*{Liberia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1962, 1974, 1984 and 2008 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data adjusted for underreporting from the 1986 and 2007 DHS, as well as the 2009 and 2011 MIS ; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1969-71 Population Growth Surveys, 1974, 1984 and 2008 censuses, and 2008-2009 MIS; (c) data on births in the preceding 36 months classified by age of mother from the 1999-2000 LDHS; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses. Results from the own-children method applied to the 2009 and 2011 MIS were also considered.
Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1986, and 2007 Liberia DHS, and the 2009 MIS; (b) recent household deaths from the 1969-71 Population Growth Surveys, and the 1978 National Demographic Survey ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1974, 1984 and 2008 censuses, and the 1999-2000 LDHS.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1969-1970 and 1970-1971 Population Growth Surveys ; (b) parental orphanhood from the 2007 DHS ; (c) siblings deaths from the 2007 DHS ; (d) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites and urban vital registration were also considered.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

\section*{Libya}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Libya}


\(\qquad\)



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1113 & 2076 & 4260 & 5176 & 5594 & 6041 & 6317 & 6767 & 7459 & 8350 & 8296 & 7639 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 5 & 4 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 21.0 & 17.5 & 18.7 & 22.2 & 23.9 & 25.6 & 27.2 & 28.9 & 32.6 & 40.6 & 47.9 & 50.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 78.4 & 94.3 & 82.2 & 59.2 & 53.6 & 51.6 & 52.3 & 49.7 & 43.1 & 55.1 & 71.1 & 84.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 69.1 & 88.3 & 76.3 & 53.0 & 47.0 & 44.6 & 44.7 & 41.1 & 31.1 & 26.2 & 24.2 & 25.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.3 & 6.0 & 5.9 & 6.2 & 6.5 & 6.9 & 7.6 & 8.6 & 12.0 & 28.9 & 46.8 & 59.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortalit
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
1)......

Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females). ...............

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years). \\ \(\qquad\)}
2.0
19.6
36
3.9
33.4
18
2.6
25.8
27
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
30.3 & 14.8 & 5.6 & 4.6 & 4.4 & 4.2 \\
254 & 121 & 41 & 26 & 21 & 17 \\
346 & 164 & 50 & 31 & 24 & 19 \\
455 & 310 & 179 & 141 & 123 & 108
\end{tabular}
0.9 1.4 \(0.9{ }^{2045-20}\) 50 2070-2
males) ..
Number of births (thousands)

\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).............................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) .........................

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
} The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Libya}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the total population of the 1954, 1964, 1973, 1984, 1995 and 2006 censuses, adjusted upwardly to take into account the expatriates, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) vital registration in 1973 and 1984; (b) maternity-history data from the 1995 and 2007 PAPCHILD Survey of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya; (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1954, 1973, 1984, and 2006 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1995 PAPCHILD Survey of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and the 2007 PAPFAM Survey of the Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys and the 1973 census and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the mortality patterns resulting from the blending from the East model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables from 1950 to 2010.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods, and estimates from IOM.

\section*{Lithuania}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 3068
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 47
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 15.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 15.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 69.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 15.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... -1.4
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.42
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 7
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 71.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

LITHUANIA


Map Sources: UNCS, Natural Earth, FAO.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Lithuania

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 2567 & 3137 & 3697 & 3498 & 3287 & 3068 & 2999 & 2940 & 2817 & 2557 & 2264 & 2105 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 39 & 48 & 57 & 54 & 50 & 47 & 46 & 45 & 43 & 39 & 35 & 32 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 27.8 & 30.8 & 32.7 & 35.9 & 37.7 & 38.7 & 39.7 & 40.4 & 42.9 & 44.2 & 44.4 & 44.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 58.1 & 59.2 & 50.3 & 51.1 & 46.8 & 44.4 & 45.3 & 49.0 & 56.4 & 64.6 & 64.9 & 70.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 43.2 & 43.0 & 33.9 & 30.1 & 24.6 & 22.0 & 22.4 & 24.8 & 26.0 & 25.9 & 26.1 & 27.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 14.9 & 16.2 & 16.3 & 20.9 & 22.2 & 22.4 & 22.8 & 24.2 & 30.4 & 38.7 & 38.9 & 42.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Ref natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0
0.5
9.4
-
12.5
108
138
211
60.8
57.3
64.0
56.4
15.2

21.9
2.71
105
1.11
29.3
285
162
123
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
0.7 & -0.7 & -1.3 & -1.4 \\
5.3 & -1.7 & -3.3 & -3.7 \\
95 & - & - & - \\
& & & \\
10.5 & 12.3 & 12.5 & 14.0 \\
15 & 11 & 8 & 6 \\
19 & 14 & 10 & 7 \\
183 & 222 & 204 & 215 \\
71.6 & 70.3 & 71.6 & 71.3 \\
66.9 & 64.5 & 65.7 & 65.2 \\
75.9 & 76.1 & 77.5 & 77.6 \\
58.2 & 56.4 & 57.5 & 57.0 \\
15.6 & 15.1 & 15.6 & 15.5 \\
& & & \\
15.8 & 10.6 & 9.1 & 10.3 \\
2.06 & 1.47 & 1.28 & 1.42 \\
106 & 106 & 106 & 105 \\
0.97 & 0.70 & 0.61 & 0.68 \\
26.5 & 26.2 & 27.1 & 28.1 \\
& & & \\
287 & 189 & 155 & 164 \\
190 & 219 & 211 & 222 \\
97 & -30 & -56 & -58 \\
& & & \\
37 & -99 & -155 & -160 \\
2.0 & -5.6 & -9.2 & -10.1
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
-0.5 & -0.4 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.5 & -0.3 \\
-2.7 & -2.5 & -4.1 & -4.4 & -4.8 & -2.6 \\
- & - & - & - & - & - \\
13.9 & 14.1 & 14.2 & 15.2 & 15.2 & 13.0 \\
5 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 \\
7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 \\
204 & 192 & 168 & 126 & 88 & 62 \\
72.1 & 72.8 & 74.2 & 77.0 & 79.9 & 82.4 \\
66.0 & 66.8 & 68.5 & 72.2 & 75.9 & 78.6 \\
78.1 & 78.6 & 79.6 & 81.6 & 83.9 & 86.2 \\
57.7 & 58.4 & 59.7 & 62.5 & 65.3 & 67.7 \\
15.8 & 16.1 & 16.6 & 17.9 & 19.3 & 20.7 \\
& & & & & \\
11.2 & 11.5 & 10.1 & 10.8 & 10.5 & 10.4 \\
1.51 & 1.58 & 1.68 & 1.79 & 1.86 & 1.88 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.73 & 0.76 & 0.81 & 0.86 & 0.90 & 0.91 \\
29.5 & 30.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
& & & & & \\
170 & 171 & 143 & 140 & 120 & 110 \\
211 & 209 & 202 & 197 & 175 & 138 \\
-41 & -37 & -58 & -57 & -55 & -27 \\
& & & & & 0 \\
-28 & -21 & -7 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
-1.9 & -1.4 & -0.5 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}


\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
f The net reproduction rate is expressed as number of daughters per woman and represents the average number of daughters a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period
} if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Lithuania}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009, adjusted upward through 1991 by a factor of 1.25 to compensate for infant deaths omitted owing to the use of a definition of infant death that did not conform to international standards.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2011 from the Human Mortality Database.
International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2011.

\section*{Luxembourg}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 508
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 196
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 17.6
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 11.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 14.0
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.62
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 3
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 79.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Luxembourg


Luxembourg
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 296 & 340 & 382 & 436 & 458 & 508 & 543 & 577 & 637 & 706 & 727 & 716 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km)............ & 114 & 131 & 148 & 169 & 177 & 196 & 210 & 223 & 246 & 273 & 281 & 277 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 35.0 & 35.4 & 36.4 & 37.3 & 38.5 & 38.9 & 39.1 & 39.4 & 40.2 & 43.6 & 46.1 & 48.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 42.3 & 53.3 & 44.4 & 49.3 & 49.4 & 46.3 & 46.6 & 48.1 & 55.6 & 66.1 & 77.6 & 85.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 28.4 & 34.0 & 25.1 & 28.3 & 27.8 & 25.8 & 25.4 & 25.5 & 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.5 & 27.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 13.9 & 19.3 & 19.4 & 21.0 & 21.5 & 20.5 & 21.2 & 22.6 & 28.5 & 39.0 & 50.1 & 57.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
\(1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.8 & 1.3 & 1.0 & 2.1 & 1.4 & 1.2 & 0.9 & 0.3 & 0.0 & -0.1 \\
\hline 2.3 & 2.1 & 1.1 & 3.8 & 3.3 & 3.2 & 3.7 & 3.8 & 4.0 & 1.5 & -0.2 & -1.2 \\
\hline 113 & 122 & 87 & 53 & 72 & 34 & 52 & 59 & 75 & - & - & \\
\hline 12.4 & 12.4 & 10.7 & 9.3 & 8.6 & 8.2 & 7.9 & 7.8 & 7.8 & 9.3 & 10.4 & 11.0 \\
\hline 43 & 21 & 9 & 5 & 5 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 55 & 25 & 11 & 6 & 6 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 200 & 171 & 129 & 106 & 94 & 83 & 75 & 67 & 57 & 41 & 26 & 16 \\
\hline 66.0 & 69.8 & 74.5 & 77.0 & 78.3 & 79.5 & 80.5 & 81.3 & 82.7 & 85.4 & 88.5 & 91.4 \\
\hline 63.2 & 66.6 & 70.7 & 73.6 & 75.1 & 76.7 & 77.9 & 78.9 & 80.4 & 83.1 & 86.1 & 89.0 \\
\hline 69.0 & 73.2 & 78.2 & 80.2 & 81.4 & 82.2 & 83.0 & 83.7 & 85.1 & 87.8 & 90.8 & 93.7 \\
\hline 55.2 & 56.8 & 60.4 & 62.6 & 63.9 & 64.9 & 65.8 & 66.6 & 68.0 & 70.6 & 73.6 & 76.5 \\
\hline 12.6 & 13.4 & 15.8 & 17.3 & 18.2 & 18.8 & 19.4 & 19.9 & 20.9 & 22.8 & 25.1 & 27.5 \\
\hline 14.8 & 14.5 & 11.8 & 13.1 & 11.8 & 11.4 & 11.6 & 11.7 & 11.8 & 10.8 & 10.2 & 9.8 \\
\hline 1.98 & 2.19 & 1.47 & 1.72 & 1.65 & 1.62 & 1.67 & 1.71 & 1.76 & 1.83 & 1.86 & 1.88 \\
\hline 104 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 0.91 & 1.03 & 0.70 & 0.83 & 0.80 & 0.78 & 0.81 & 0.83 & 0.86 & 0.89 & 0.91 & 0.92 \\
\hline 27.5 & 27.2 & 28.2 & 29.1 & 29.5 & 30.2 & 30.4 & 30.6 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 22 & 24 & 22 & 28 & 26 & 28 & 31 & 33 & 37 & 38 & 37 & 35 \\
\hline 19 & 21 & 20 & 20 & 19 & 20 & 21 & 22 & 24 & 33 & 38 & 39 \\
\hline 4 & 4 & 2 & 8 & 7 & 8 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 5 & -1 & -4 \\
\hline 6 & 6 & 13 & 20 & 14 & 42 & 26 & 23 & 17 & 4 & 2 & 0 \\
\hline 3.8 & 3.5 & 6.9 & 9.5 & 6.5 & 17.5 & 9.7 & 8.1 & 5.3 & 1.3 & 0.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
\(\qquad\)
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\) ................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Births \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Luxembourg}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2009.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2009. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2009 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2009.

\section*{Madagascar}
Total population (thousands) ..... 21080
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 36
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 43.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 53.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.9
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 4.83
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 67
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 62.2
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

MADAGASCAR


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Madagascar}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 4084 & 6576 & 11546 & 15745 & 18290 & 21080 & 24235 & 27798 & 36000 & 55498 & 82223 & 105128 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 7 & 11 & 20 & 27 & 31 & 36 & 41 & 47 & 61 & 95 & 140 & 179 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 20.9 & 17.2 & 17.2 & 17.3 & 17.5 & 18.0 & 18.7 & 19.5 & 20.9 & 24.4 & 29.5 & 35.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 70.6 & 95.7 & 93.0 & 94.1 & 91.3 & 86.1 & 80.3 & 77.1 & 72.2 & 61.5 & 56.5 & 57.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 65.2 & 88.9 & 87.1 & 88.3 & 85.8 & 80.8 & 75.2 & 71.6 & 65.8 & 52.7 & 41.6 & 33.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.4 & 6.8 & 5.9 & 5.8 & 5.6 & 5.3 & 5.1 & 5.5 & 6.4 & 8.8 & 14.9 & 23.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.1 & 2.6 & 2.9 & 3.2 & 3.0 & 2.8 & 2.8 & 2.7 & 2.5 & 2.0 & 1.3 & \\
\hline 21.3
33 & \[
\begin{gathered}
26.4 \\
27
\end{gathered}
\] & 29.2
24 & 31.5
22 & 30.0
23 & 28.4
25 & 27.9
25 & 27.4
26 & 25.2
28
2 & 19.7
36 & 13.2
53 & \\
\hline 27.7 & 21.7 & 15.9 & 11.4 & 9.2 & 8.0 & 6.9 & 6.1 & 5.1 & 4.8 & 5.6 & \\
\hline 183 & 145 & 108 & 78 & 58 & 46 & 37 & 29 & 19 & 10 & 6 & \\
\hline 295 & 229 & 171 & 117 & 87 & 67 & 55 & \({ }^{43}\) & 28 & 14 & 8 & \\
\hline 495 & 420 & 355 & 295 & 271 & 258 & 232 & 210 & 171 & 127 & & \\
\hline 36.3 & 43.5 & 49.9 & 56.7 & 60.0 & 62.2 & 64.5 & 66.6 & 70.0 & 74.2 & 77.9 & \\
\hline 35.3 & 42.7 & 48.9 & 55.5 & 58.8 & 60.8 & 63.0 & 65.0 & 68.3 & 72.3 & 76.3 & \\
\hline 37.4 & 44.5 & 51.0 & 57.9 & 61.3 & 63.7 & 66.0 & 68.2 & 71.7 & 76.1 & 79.5 & \\
\hline 41.7 & 45.4 & \({ }^{48.2}\) & 51.2 & 52.3 & \({ }^{53,0}\) & 54.3 & 55.4 & 57.5 & \({ }^{60.5}\) & \({ }^{63.7}\) & \\
\hline 9.9 & 10.8 & 12.0 & 12.4 & 12.9 & 13.2 & . 5 & 13.7 & 4 & 15.9 & 17.7 & \\
\hline 49.1 & 48.1 & 45.2 & 42.9 & 39.2 & 36.3 & 34.8 & 33.5 & 30.3 & 24.5 & 18.9 & \\
\hline 7.30 & 7.30 & \({ }_{6} .30\) & 5.80 & 5.28 & 4.83 & 4.50 & 4.21 & 3.71 & 3.01 & 2.46 & \\
\hline 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & \\
\hline 2.02 & 2.37 & 2.27 & 2.35 & 2.23 & 2.09 & 2.00 & 1.92 & 1.74 & 1.45 & 1.19 & \\
\hline 29.3 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 28.8 & 28.5 & 28.3 & 28.1 & 27.9 & 27.6 & 26.8 & 26.8 & \\
\hline 1058 & 1484 & 2431 & 3131 & 3335 & 3576 & 3946 & 4362 & 5125 & 6482 & 7502 & \\
\hline 598 & 669 & 858 & \({ }^{833}\) & \({ }^{785}\) & 782 & \({ }^{785}\) & 795 & 861 & 1269 & 2243 & \\
\hline 460 & 815 & 1573 & 2298 & 2551 & 2794 & 3161 & 3568 & 4264 & 5213 & 5259 & \\
\hline & 8 & -8 & -6 & -5 & -5 & -5 & -5 & -5 & -5 & -2 & \\
\hline 0.0 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.1 & -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ................................... 1484 2
Number of deaths (tho \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(-0.3-\quad-8\)

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
}

The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Madagascar}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with 1975 and 1993 census, with official population estimates for 2011, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1992, 1997, 2003-04, and 2008-09 Madagascar DHS; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1975 and 1993 censuses; Census estimates were adjusted upwards by applying the P/F ratio method; (c) estimates from the 1966 Demographic Survey; (d) estimates from the 1980 Household Budgets Survey; and (e) estimates from the 2011Malaria Indicator Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1992, 1997, 2003-04, and 2008-09 Madagascar DHS; (b) estimates from the 1995 and 2000 MICS; (c) estimates from the 1966 Demographic Survey; (d) estimates from the 2011 MIS; (e) registered live births by age of mother, infant deaths, and deaths by age under age 5 through 1972 and in 1993; and (f) estimates from UNICEF .estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1966 Demographic Survey and the 1973 and 1993 censuses; (b) estimates for the year of 1966 from an OECD report was taken into consideration; (c) estimates derived from registered age-sex-specific deaths and WPP age-sex-specific population; and (e) estimates derived from implied relationships between child mortality and adult mortality from the 1992, 1997, 2003/04 and 2008/09 DHS based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables were also considered.

International migration: Based on data on persons born in Madagascar and enumerated by the censuses of key countries of destination, especially France.

\section*{Malawi}
Total population (thousands) ..... 15014
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 127
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 45.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.4
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 51.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.83
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 136
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 51.6
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Malawi

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 2881 & 4530 & 9447 & 11322 & 12925 & 15014 & 17309 & 19895 & 25960 & 41203 & 63658 & 84986 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 24 & 38 & 80 & 96 & 109 & 127 & 146 & 168 & 219 & 348 & 537 & 717 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 17.1 & 16.8 & 17.1 & 17.0 & 16.8 & 16.9 & 17.4 & 17.8 & 19.1 & 22.3 & 27.3 & 32.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 95.2 & 94.6 & 94.1 & 95.6 & 96.7 & 95.6 & 92.6 & 88.9 & 79.1 & 65.5 & 57.8 & 55.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 89.2 & 90.1 & 88.9 & 89.6 & 90.7 & 89.6 & 86.3 & 82.8 & 73.5 & 58.7 & 45.7 & 36.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.0 & 4.4 & 5.2 & 6.0 & 6.0 & 6.0 & 6.3 & 6.1 & 5.6 & 6.7 & 12.1 & 19.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).


Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
1.9
19.7
37
\begin{tabular}{ll}
.9 & \\
9.7 & 2 \\
37 &
\end{tabular}
2.6
26.6
5.3
2.6
28.9
27

Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)
27.8
198
353
24.9
18.7
18.2
16.6
2.7
26.8
27
16.6
3.0
28.3
23
2.9
28.4
25
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
2.8 & 2.6 & 2.1 & 1.5 & 0.9 \\
27.8 & 26.1 & 21.2 & 14.9 & 9.4 \\
25 & 27 & 33 & 47 & 74 \\
& & & & \\
10.5 & 8.8 & 6.9 & 6.5 & 7.1 \\
78 & 66 & 48 & 34 & 25 \\
105 & 85 & 59 & 40 & 29 \\
373 & 331 & 252 & 165 & 92 \\
56.9 & 60.4 & 66.0 & 71.9 & 77.0 \\
56.6 & 59.6 & 64.4 & 70.2 & 75.2 \\
57.1 & 61.1 & 67.6 & 73.6 & 78.8 \\
49.4 & 51.5 & 55.4 & 60.2 & 64.5 \\
13.7 & 14.3 & 15.5 & 17.1 & 18.5 \\
& & & & \\
38.3 & 35.0 & 28.1 & 21.5 & 16.5 \\
5.05 & 4.39 & 3.45 & 2.74 & 2.28 \\
103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
2.06 & 1.87 & 1.55 & 1.27 & 1.08 \\
28.8 & 28.5 & 28.0 & 27.9 & 27.9 \\
& & & & \\
3559 & 4259 & 5503 & 6583 & 6855 \\
972 & 1075 & 1352 & 2002 & 2946 \\
2586 & 3184 & 4152 & 4581 & 3910 \\
& & & & \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) ...................................................................................
Births minus deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)
180
13.5
95
11.5
86
7.1
25
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Malawi}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2008 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on maternity-history data from the 1984 Family Formation Survey, from the 1992, 2000, 2004 and 2010 Malawi DHS, and on estimates derived from the 1977, 1987 and 2008 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on maternity-history data from the 1992, 2000 and 2004 Malawi DHS, UNICEF estimates, and results of the 1998 and 2008 censuses. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Estimates from the 1987, 1998 and 2008 censuses and official estimates from the National Statistical Office of Malawi were also considered. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1950-2008 intercensal period.

\section*{Malaysia}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 28276
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 86
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 27.7
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 67.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.8
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.07
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 6
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 74.1

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{MALAYSIA}


Map Sources: UNCS, Natural Earth.
dorsendaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Malaysia


\section*{Malaysia}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 6110 & 10909 & 18211 & 23421 & 25843 & 28276 & 30651 & 32858 & 36846 & 42113 & 44109 & 42400 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km)............ & 19 & 33 & 55 & 71 & 78 & 86 & 93 & 100 & 112 & 128 & 134 & 129 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 19.8 & 17.4 & 21.6 & 23.8 & 25.1 & 26.1 & 28.3 & 30.3 & 34.0 & 39.8 & 45.0 & 47.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 85.0 & 92.5 & 68.7 & 59.1 & 52.9 & 48.2 & 44.9 & 44.2 & 46.9 & 51.3 & 66.7 & 78.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 75.7 & 86.2 & 62.6 & 53.0 & 46.3 & 41.0 & 36.6 & 34.3 & 32.6 & 26.3 & 25.9 & 26.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.4 & 6.3 & 6.1 & 6.1 & 6.7 & 7.2 & 8.3 & 9.9 & 14.3 & 25.0 & 40.8 & 51.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950-19

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.8 & 2.6 & 2.9 & 2.4 & 2.0 & 1.8 & 1.6 & 1.4 & 1.1 & 0.5 & 0.0 & -0.2 \\
\hline 28.3 & 26.5 & 23.7 & 20.8 & 15.7 & 13.2 & 13.1 & 12.3 & 9.1 & 3.9 & -1.0 & -2.1 \\
\hline 25 & 27 & 24 & 29 & 36 & 39 & 43 & 50 & 66 & 136 & - & - \\
\hline 14.4 & 7.7 & 5.0 & 4.5 & 4.4 & 4.6 & 4.7 & 4.9 & 5.7 & 7.7 & 11.1 & 11.8 \\
\hline 102 & 48 & 16 & 9 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\
\hline 137 & 65 & 21 & 12 & 9 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 326 & 241 & 170 & 144 & 132 & 127 & 115 & 103 & 83 & 50 & 31 & 20 \\
\hline 54.8 & 63.3 & 70.1 & 72.3 & 73.3 & 74.1 & 74.9 & 75.8 & 77.6 & 80.9 & 84.2 & 87.0 \\
\hline 53.9 & 62.3 & 68.4 & 70.4 & 71.3 & 71.8 & 72.7 & 73.5 & 75.3 & 79.1 & 82.7 & 85.6 \\
\hline 55.8 & 64.4 & 72.0 & 74.4 & 75.4 & 76.4 & 77.3 & 78.2 & 79.8 & 82.5 & 85.6 & 88.4 \\
\hline 49.6 & 53.4 & 56.9 & 58.4 & 59.1 & 59.7 & 60.5 & 61.3 & 62.9 & 66.1 & 69.3 & 72.0 \\
\hline 11.5 & 12.4 & 13.6 & 14.2 & 14.5 & 14.9 & 15.2 & 15.7 & 16.5 & 18.5 & 20.9 & 23.2 \\
\hline 42.7 & 34.2 & 28.7 & 25.3 & 20.1 & 17.8 & 17.8 & 17.3 & 14.8 & 11.6 & 10.1 & 9.7 \\
\hline 6.23 & 5.21 & 3.59 & 3.17 & 2.45 & 2.07 & 1.98 & 1.91 & 1.81 & 1.76 & 1.79 & 1.84 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 2.44 & 2.27 & 1.68 & 1.50 & 1.17 & 0.99 & 0.95 & 0.92 & 0.87 & 0.85 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 29.4 & 29.4 & 30.1 & 30.1 & 30.4 & 30.5 & 30.7 & 30.7 & 30.8 & 30.8 & 30.9 & 31.0 \\
\hline 1401 & 1753 & 2438 & 2793 & 2473 & 2404 & 2614 & 2740 & 2655 & 2418 & 2227 & 2072 \\
\hline 473 & 395 & 427 & 495 & 541 & 620 & 689 & 783 & 1016 & 1606 & 2441 & 2517 \\
\hline 928 & 1358 & 2011 & 2298 & 1932 & 1784 & 1925 & 1957 & 1639 & 813 & -214 & -444 \\
\hline - 22 & -19 & 435 & 398 & 491 & 648 & 450 & 250 & 250 & 250 & 125 & 0 \\
\hline -0.7 & -0.4 & 5.1 & 3.6 & 4.0 & 4.8 & 3.1 & 1.6 & 1.4 & 1.2 & 0.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age chil
hs and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousads) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
}

The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Malaysia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 Census, and with the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2008.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates available through 2008.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010, and on information on Malaysian emigrants admitted by the main countries of immigration.

\section*{Maldives}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & MALDIVES \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................... & 326 & Idavandhippolhu Atoll \(\begin{gathered}\text { Thiladhunmathee } \\ \text { Atoll }\end{gathered}\) \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) .......... & 1093 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Maamakunudhoo Atoll \\
Miladhunmadulu Atoll
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15................. & 30.0 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Maalhosmadlulu Atoll \\
Faadhippolhu Atoll
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24...................... & 23.4 & Goidhoo Atoll \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64...................... & 65.0 & Arabian Sea kura \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+....................... & 5.0 & Ari Atoll \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{2005-2010} & \begin{tabular}{ll} 
Nilandhoo Atoll & Felidhoo \\
Kolhumadulu Atoll & Hadhdhun
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 1.8 & One and a Half \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)...................... & 2.42 & Degree Channel Laccadive Sea \\
\hline Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... & 18 & Huvadhu Atoll \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) ...... & 75.6 & \[
\square_{\text {LANKA }}^{\text {SRI }} \sqrt{50 \mathrm{~km}} \quad \text { Addu Atoll }
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI. \\
-The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Maldives


\section*{Maldives}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 74 & 114 & 216 & 273 & 298 & 326 & 358 & 388 & 436 & 504 & 518 & 474 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 247 & 383 & 724 & 915 & 999 & 1093 & 1201 & 1301 & 1463 & 1690 & 1738 & 1592 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.6 & 17.5 & 16.6 & 18.5 & 21.1 & 23.6 & 26.0 & 28.3 & 33.3 & 41.6 & 50.4 & 51.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 81.1 & 94.5 & 98.9 & 82.1 & 63.7 & 53.8 & 49.5 & 48.6 & 44.0 & 52.8 & 79.1 & 93.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 75.4 & 89.8 & 93.2 & 75.2 & 56.2 & 46.1 & 42.2 & 40.8 & 32.1 & 24.9 & 24.3 & 26.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.7 & 4.7 & 5.8 & 6.9 & 7.5 & 7.7 & 7.3 & 7.8 & 11.9 & 27.9 & 54.8 & 67.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..
males) ...........
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
1.4 & 2.4 & 3.2 & 2.2 & 1.7 & 1.8 \\
14.5 & 29.1 & 35.0 & 22.3 & 17.5 & 18.1 \\
48 & 30 & 22 & 33 & 40 & 39 \\
& & & & & \\
28.9 & 23.7 & 10.7 & 6.0 & 4.4 & 3.6 \\
246 & 175 & 83 & 53 & 30 & 15 \\
409 & 292 & 117 & 70 & 37 & 18 \\
470 & 408 & 262 & 151 & 118 & 79 \\
33.0 & 42.1 & 58.6 & 66.8 & 71.8 & 75.6 \\
33.8 & 42.9 & 59.5 & 66.5 & 70.8 & 74.6 \\
32.1 & 41.2 & 57.5 & 67.0 & 73.4 & 76.7 \\
43.5 & 46.2 & 51.9 & 57.0 & 59.8 & 62.2 \\
9.1 & 10.2 & 11.2 & 12.7 & 14.6 & 15.8 \\
& & & & & \\
43.3 & 52.8 & 45.7 & 28.4 & 21.9 & 21.7 \\
6.03 & 7.22 & 6.81 & 3.93 & 2.76 & 2.42 \\
106 & 106 & 105 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
1.46 & 2.21 & 2.77 & 1.75 & 1.28 & 1.14 \\
28.1 & 28.1 & 28.6 & 29.6 & 29.5 & 29.0 \\
& & & & & \\
17 & 28 & 46 & 37 & 31 & 34 \\
11 & 13 & 11 & 8 & 6 & 6 \\
6 & 16 & 35 & 29 & 25 & 28 \\
& & & & & \\
0 & -3 & -3 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\
-0.1 & -5.4 & -2.6 & -0.9 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
1.9
18.9
37
3.4
10
13
66
77.7
76.7
78.8
63.9
17.0

22.3
2.29
106
1.09
28.3

38
6
32
0
0.0
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
1.6 & 1.0 & 0.6 & -0.1 & -0.4 \\
15.9 & 10.4 & 5.6 & -1.4 & -3.9 \\
44 & 67 & 124 & - & - \\
& & & & \\
3.3 & 3.4 & 5.4 & 10.4 & 12.6 \\
8 & 5 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\
10 & 6 & 4 & 2 & 2 \\
57 & 43 & 29 & 20 & 13 \\
79.4 & 82.2 & 85.8 & 88.8 & 91.4 \\
78.5 & 81.6 & 85.4 & 88.4 & 91.0 \\
80.4 & 82.9 & 86.2 & 89.3 & 91.8 \\
65.3 & 67.9 & 71.2 & 74.1 & 76.6 \\
18.1 & 20.1 & 22.8 & 25.3 & 27.4 \\
& & & & \\
19.2 & 13.8 & 11.0 & 9.0 & 8.7 \\
2.07 & 1.77 & 1.66 & 1.76 & 1.83 \\
106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
0.99 & 0.85 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
29.6 & 29.3 & 29.6 & 29.8 & 30.0 \\
& & & & \\
36 & 29 & 27 & 23 & 21 \\
6 & 7 & 13 & 27 & 30 \\
30 & 22 & 14 & -4 & -9 \\
& & & & \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
& & & &
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years).}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)

0
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
rnational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) ...........................

> The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Maldives}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1967, 1974, 1977, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2006 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1977, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2006 censuses, (b) the own-children method applied to the 1995 and 2000 censuses (Naseem et al., 2004. Rapid Fertility Decline in the Maldives: An Assessment. Asia-Pacific Population Journal, Vol. 19, No. 3), (c) the reverse survival method applied to the 2006 census; (d) births in the preceding 12 months from the 2002 fertility survey, (e) maternity-history data from the 2009 DHS; (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses, and \((\mathrm{g})\) the crude birth rate and the number of births registered through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on estimates from UNICEF that take into account data on: (a) adjusted annual data from vital registration from 1978 to 2011, (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 2009 DHS, and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the South-Asian model of the United Nations Model Life Tables) from the 1977, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000 and 2006 censuses, and from the 1997 Poverty and Vulnerability Survey.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and enumerated census population by age and sex from 1975 to 2011, adjusted for infant and child mortality, and for adult death underregistration for males in 1980-1985 using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods. For 1950-75, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South-Asian model of the United Nations Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the estimated 1975-1980 life table.
International migration: Net international migration estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2009.

\section*{Mali}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Mali

\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 4638 & 5716 & 7964 & 10261 & 11941 & 13986 & 16259 & 19060 & 26034 & 45168 & 74419 & 100751 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 4 & 5 & 6 & 8 & 10 & 11 & 13 & 15 & 21 & 36 & 60 & 81 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.9 & 19.3 & 16.7 & 16.8 & 16.7 & 16.5 & 16.2 & 16.2 & 16.9 & 19.7 & 25.4 & 31.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 71.6 & 78.8 & 101.3 & 98.3 & 97.5 & 98.8 & 100.9 & 99.8 & 92.7 & 75.5 & 56.3 & 50.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 66.7 & 74.0 & 93.3 & 91.4 & 91.4 & 93.0 & 95.5 & 94.8 & 88.2 & 69.8 & 48.3 & 36.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 4.9 & 4.7 & 8.0 & 6.9 & 6.1 & 5.8 & 5.4 & 5.0 & 4.5 & 5.7 & 8.0 & 14.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950-1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years).
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
0.9
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr} 
& & \(1995-2000\) & \(2000-2005\) & \(2005-2010\) & 2010 \\
1.2 & 1.5 & 2.7 & 3.0 & 3.2
\end{tabular}

10-2015

Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (year \(\qquad\)
10.2
80
1.2
15.9
57
1.5
27.1
48
3.0
31.5
23
3.2
33.1
22

14.9
3.0
34.1
23

13.2
3.2
34.0
22
3.1
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
2.5 & 1.7 & 0.9 \\
26.0 & 17.0 & 9.3 \\
28 & 42 & 75 \\
& & \\
6.5 & 5.9 & 7.5 \\
38 & 23 & 16 \\
69 & 38 & 24 \\
178 & 146 & 118 \\
65.8 & 70.0 & 73.3 \\
65.3 & 69.1 & 72.2 \\
66.2 & 70.8 & 74.4 \\
56.2 & 58.2 & 60.3 \\
13.2 & 14.1 & 15.3 \\
& & \\
32.5 & 22.9 & 16.8 \\
4.21 & 2.86 & 2.24 \\
105 & 105 & 105 \\
1.84 & 1.31 & 1.05 \\
28.9 & 28.5 & 28.4 \\
& & \\
6896 & 8189 & 8263 \\
1375 & 2123 & 3672 \\
5521 & 6067 & 4590 \\
& & \\
-200 & -100 & 0 \\
-0.9 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Number of births (thousands) ............................... & 1149 & 1369 & 1846 & 2308 & 2676 & 3112 & 3574 & 4029 & 5011 & 6896 & 8189 & 8263 \\
\hline Number of deaths (thousands) & 907 & 929 & 806 & 894 & 928 & 966 & 999 & 1028 & 1096 & 1375 & 2123 & 3672 \\
\hline Births minus deaths (thousands) ............................ & 241 & 440 & 1040 & 1414 & 1748 & 2146 & 2575 & 3001 & 3915 & 5521 & 6067 & 4590 \\
\hline rnational migration & & & & & & & & & & & & \\
\hline Net number of migrants (thousands)....................... & -35 & -98 & -481 & - 142 & -67 & - 101 & - 302 & - 200 & - 200 & - 200 & -100 & \\
\hline Net migration rate (per 1,000) ............................... & -1.5 & -3.5 & -12.5 & -3.0 & -1.2 & -1.6 & -4.0 & -2.3 & -1.7 & -0.9 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Mali}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1976, 1987, 1998 and 2009 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1987, 1995-1996, 2001 and 2006 DHS, adjusted for underreporting; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1957-1958 Demographic Survey (Central Delta), 1960-61 Demographic Survey, 1987 and 2009 censuses; (c) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (d) the own-children method applied to the 1987 and 1998 censuses, 2003 WHS, and 2010 Mali Enquête sur la prevalence de l'Anémie et de la Parasitémie palustre chez les enfants.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1957-1958 Demographic Survey (Central Delta) and 1960-61 Demographic Survey, 1981-1982 multiround survey, 1976, 19871998 and 2009 censuses; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1987, 1995-1996, 2001 and 2006 DHS ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, as well as from the 1976, 1987 and 2009 censuses.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods) from the 1957-1958 Demographic Survey (Central Delta) and 1960-61 Demographic Survey, the 1976, 1987, 1998 and 2009 censuses ; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1995-1996, 2001 and 2006 DHS ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1995-1996, 2001 and 2006 DHS ; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for periods 1976-1987, 1987-1998, and 1998-2009; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955, and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1980s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites and urban vital registration were also considered.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, on the number of Malians enumerated in other countries of the region, and on the results of the REMUAO surveys carried out by CERPOD.

\section*{Malta}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Malta

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 312 & 305 & 375 & 408 & 415 & 425 & 431 & 436 & 437 & 417 & 380 & 336 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 987 & 965 & 1188 & 1290 & 1312 & 1344 & 1365 & 1379 & 1382 & 1318 & 1202 & 1064 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 23.7 & 23.8 & 31.9 & 35.9 & 38.4 & 40.2 & 41.4 & 42.9 & 46.0 & 50.7 & 51.6 & 51.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 68.7 & 60.1 & 51.5 & 45.9 & 44.0 & 43.1 & 46.7 & 52.4 & 62.5 & 71.9 & 87.8 & 91.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 58.9 & 47.0 & 37.7 & 30.3 & 24.9 & 22.4 & 20.8 & 21.0 & 21.5 & 21.5 & 24.3 & 25.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.7 & 13.1 & 13.7 & 15.6 & 19.2 & 20.7 & 26.0 & 31.4 & 41.0 & 50.4 & 63.5 & 65.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0.2

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
\(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.2 & -0.1 & 1.1 & 0.6 & 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.0 & -0.3 & -0.5 & -0.5 \\
\hline 20.6 & 6.8 & 10.1 & 4.9 & 1.8 & 1.6 & 0.9 & 0.0 & -2.5 & -5.0 & -5.8 & -4.7 \\
\hline - & - & 61 & 117 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 9.6 & 8.7 & 7.5 & 7.2 & 7.6 & 7.9 & 8.3 & 9.1 & 10.9 & 13.1 & 14.1 & 13.3 \\
\hline 52 & 28 & 13 & 9 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 58 & 31 & 15 & 11 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline 180 & 140 & 98 & 82 & 75 & 69 & 63 & 57 & 48 & 36 & 25 & 18 \\
\hline 65.8 & 69.8 & 74.8 & 76.9 & 77.9 & 78.8 & 79.7 & 80.6 & 82.1 & 84.8 & 87.8 & 90.6 \\
\hline 64.2 & 67.5 & 72.3 & 74.4 & 75.4 & 76.3 & 77.4 & 78.5 & 80.2 & 82.9 & 85.9 & 88.8 \\
\hline 67.5 & 72.1 & 77.1 & 79.2 & 80.2 & 81.2 & 82.0 & 82.7 & 84.1 & 86.7 & 89.7 & 92.6 \\
\hline 55.2 & 57.2 & 61.0 & 62.8 & 63.6 & 64.5 & 65.2 & 66.1 & 67.5 & 70.0 & 73.0 & 75.8 \\
\hline 11.9 & 12.6 & 15.1 & 16.3 & 16.9 & 17.5 & 18.1 & 18.7 & 19.8 & 21.8 & 24.3 & 26.8 \\
\hline 30.2 & 15.5 & 17.6 & 12.1 & 9.4 & 9.5 & 9.2 & 9.0 & 8.4 & 8.2 & 8.4 & 8.7 \\
\hline 4.14 & 2.12 & 2.07 & 1.81 & 1.41 & 1.40 & 1.36 & 1.37 & 1.47 & 1.64 & 1.76 & 1.83 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.87 & 0.99 & 0.99 & 0.87 & 0.68 & 0.67 & 0.65 & 0.66 & 0.71 & 0.79 & 0.85 & 0.89 \\
\hline 28.1 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 28.9 & 28.9 & 29.0 & 28.4 & 28.4 & 28.4 & 28.4 & 28.3 & 28.3 \\
\hline 47 & 24 & 32 & 24 & 19 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 18 & 17 & 16 & 15 \\
\hline 15 & 13 & 14 & 14 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 20 & 24 & 28 & 27 & 23 \\
\hline 32 & 10 & 18 & 10 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 0 & -5 & - 10 & - 11 & -8 \\
\hline -29 & - 13 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 7 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 2 & 0 \\
\hline -18.6 & -8.2 & 1.3 & 1.1 & 1.7 & 3.2 & 2.1 & 2.1 & 2.1 & 2.2 & 1.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Births minus deaths (thousands) ..........................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... Net migration rate (per 1,000) .................................. - -18.6
1.7

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
} The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Malta}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality, international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2008.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2008.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1950-2010 intercensal period.

\section*{Martinique}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Martinique}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 222 & 325 & 358 & 384 & 396 & 401 & 406 & 410 & 416 & 400 & 362 & 335 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 201 & 295 & 325 & 349 & 360 & 364 & 368 & 372 & 377 & 363 & 328 & 304 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 21.9 & 19.1 & 28.3 & 34.3 & 37.3 & 40.3 & 42.7 & 44.6 & 45.5 & 50.2 & 50.3 & 50.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 74.3 & 87.3 & 51.8 & 54.3 & 53.2 & 52.4 & 53.9 & 56.4 & 72.7 & 83.0 & 96.3 & 94.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 65.2 & 77.5 & 37.2 & 35.5 & 32.4 & 29.5 & 27.5 & 25.7 & 26.8 & 25.6 & 27.9 & 27.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.1 & 9.8 & 14.6 & 18.8 & 20.8 & 22.9 & 26.4 & 30.8 & 46.0 & 57.5 & 68.4 & 66.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male expectancy at bith
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f). \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
2.0 & 0.9 & 1.1 & 0.8 & 0.6 & 0.2 \\
27.1 & 23.2 & 10.8 & 8.0 & 7.3 & 5.0 \\
35 & 80 & 65 & 84 & 114 & - \\
& & & & & \\
14.5 & 8.7 & 7.3 & 7.1 & 7.2 & 7.5 \\
81 & 45 & 17 & 11 & 9 & 8 \\
114 & 59 & 21 & 13 & 10 & 9 \\
388 & 254 & 140 & 104 & 90 & 80 \\
55.6 & 64.7 & 73.9 & 77.4 & 78.9 & 80.1 \\
54.2 & 63.4 & 71.1 & 74.1 & 75.5 & 76.7 \\
56.9 & 65.8 & 76.4 & 80.4 & 82.2 & 83.2 \\
48.4 & 54.2 & 60.7 & 63.6 & 64.9 & 66.0 \\
11.1 & 13.4 & 16.7 & 18.4 & 19.2 & 19.9 \\
& & & & & \\
41.6 & 32.0 & 18.0 & 15.1 & 14.5 & 12.5 \\
5.71 & 5.00 & 2.14 & 1.90 & 1.98 & 1.91 \\
104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
2.38 & 2.24 & 1.01 & 0.91 & 0.95 & 0.92 \\
30.3 & 29.8 & 28.6 & 29.1 & 29.4 & 29.7 \\
& & & & & \\
49 & 51 & 31 & 28 & 28 & 25 \\
17 & 14 & 13 & 13 & 14 & 15 \\
32 & 37 & 19 & 15 & 14 & 10 \\
& & & & & \\
-8 & -23 & 0 & 1 & -2 & -5 \\
-6.9 & -14.5 & -0.1 & 0.3 & -1.2 & -2.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
0.2
3.4
-
7.8
0.2
2.5
-
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
\(5-2030\) & \(2045-2050\) & \(2070-2075\) & \(2095-2100\) \\
0.1 & -0.4 & -0.3 & -0.3 \\
1.4 & -3.6 & -3.0 & -3.0 \\
- & - & - & - \\
9.2 & 12.5 & 12.3 & 12.3 \\
4 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
5 & 3 & 2 & 1 \\
52 & 35 & 21 & 12 \\
84.4 & 87.7 & 91.1 & 94.1 \\
80.9 & 84.2 & 87.6 & 90.6 \\
87.4 & 90.7 & 94.1 & 97.2 \\
69.8 & 73.0 & 76.3 & 79.2 \\
22.6 & 25.0 & 27.6 & 30.0 \\
& & & \\
10.6 & 9.0 & 9.2 & 9.3 \\
1.77 & 1.80 & 1.85 & 1.88 \\
104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
0.86 & 0.88 & 0.90 & 0.92 \\
30.2 & 30.5 & 30.7 & 30.8 \\
& & & \\
22 & 18 & 17 & 16 \\
19 & 25 & 22 & 21 \\
3 & -7 & -6 & -5 \\
& & & \\
-1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\
-0.3 & -0.3 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
& & & \\
\hline & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
7.8
6
7
72
years). \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
8.2
5
\(\square\)
\(\square\)
81.3
77.990.6

\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)
-23
-14.5
\begin{tabular}{ll}
-5 & -2
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Martinique}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1967, 1974, 1982, 1990, 1999, 2006 and 2010 censuses and with official population estimates by sex and age through 2011 as well as with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) INSEE estimates of total fertility available through 2011; (b) DYB estimates through 2006; (c) estimates from the 2004 Greater Caribbean Survey; and (d) live births by age of mother through 2007 and the underlying female population by age.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) live births and infant deaths registered through 2007; and (b) INSEE estimates from 2000 to 2011.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) INSEE estimates from 2000 to 2011; and (b) an estimates of life expectancy from registered deaths by age and sex and the underlying population by age and sex through 2007.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1990-2007 period.

\section*{Mauritania}
Total population (thousands) ..... 3609
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 4
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 40.6
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 56.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 4.96
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 114
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 60.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Mauritania

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 660 & 1149 & 2024 & 2708 & 3146 & 3609 & 4080 & 4577 & 5640 & 7921 & 10567 & 12397 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1 & 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 6 & 8 & 10 & 12 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 17.9 & 17.0 & 17.5 & 18.4 & 19.0 & 19.5 & 20.0 & 20.7 & 22.3 & 25.7 & 30.2 & 34.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) & 82.5 & 94.1 & 91.2 & 85.1 & 80.8 & 77.6 & 75.0 & 71.9 & 65.9 & 58.6 & 53.1 & 52.1 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 79.9 & 89.3 & 85.3 & 79.2 & 75.2 & 72.0 & 69.4 & 66.1 & 59.0 & 49.0 & 39.6 & 33.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 2.6 & 4.8 & 6.0 & 5.9 & 5.7 & 5.6 & 5.6 & 5.8 & 6.9 & 9.6 & 13.6 & 18.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2.5

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.5 & 2.9 & 2.7 & 3.0 & 3.0 & 2.8 & 2.5 & 2.3 & 2.0 & 1.5 & 0.9 & 0.5 \\
\hline 24.9 & 29.7 & 30.3 & 28.9 & 27.9 & 26.8 & 25.5 & 23.9 & 21.0 & 15.5 & 9.6 & 4.6 \\
\hline 29 & 24 & 26 & 24 & 23 & 26 & 29 & 31 & 35 & 47 & 74 & \\
\hline 23.8 & 17.0 & 10.9 & 9.9 & 9.6 & 9.2 & 8.8 & 8.4 & 8.0 & 8.3 & 9.2 & 10.6 \\
\hline 148 & 114 & 83 & 78 & 77 & 76 & 72 & 67 & 59 & 47 & 35 & 26 \\
\hline 285 & 206 & 130 & 119 & 117 & 114 & 107 & 101 & 89 & 70 & 51 & 36 \\
\hline 471 & 356 & 251 & 232 & 227 & 218 & 211 & 205 & 195 & 177 & 158 & 140 \\
\hline 38.6 & 47.9 & 57.8 & 59.5 & 60.0 & 60.7 & 61.5 & 62.2 & 63.6 & 65.9 & 68.5 & 70.9 \\
\hline 38.5 & 47.0 & 56.5 & 58.0 & 58.4 & 59.2 & 59.9 & 60.6 & 61.9 & 64.0 & 66.3 & 68.5 \\
\hline 38.7 & 48.9 & 59.0 & 60.9 & 61.5 & 62.1 & 63.0 & 63.8 & 65.3 & 67.9 & 70.8 & 73.4 \\
\hline 41.9 & 47.3 & 52.6 & 53.5 & 53.8 & 54.3 & 54.7 & 55.0 & 55.5 & 56.5 & 57.7 & 59.0 \\
\hline 9.2 & 10.8 & 12.2 & 12.5 & 12.6 & 12.8 & 12.9 & 13.0 & 13.1 & 13.5 & 14.0 & 14.8 \\
\hline 48.7 & 46.8 & 41.2 & 38.8 & 37.5 & 36.0 & 34.3 & 32.2 & 29.0 & 23.7 & 18.8 & 15.3 \\
\hline 6.34 & 6.79 & 6.09 & 5.53 & 5.23 & 4.96 & 4.70 & 4.39 & 3.84 & 3.05 & 2.48 & 2.13 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.78 & 2.31 & 2.41 & 2.25 & 2.14 & 2.04 & 1.96 & 1.85 & 1.65 & 1.35 & 1.13 & 0.99 \\
\hline 29.4 & 30.2 & 30.7 & 30.7 & 30.6 & 30.6 & 30.5 & 30.2 & 29.8 & 29.1 & 28.6 & 28.3 \\
\hline 171 & 250 & 391 & 489 & 548 & 609 & 659 & 698 & 778 & 905 & 969 & 935 \\
\hline 84 & 91 & 103 & 125 & 140 & 155 & 168 & 181 & 215 & 315 & 473 & 652 \\
\hline 88 & 159 & 287 & 364 & 408 & 453 & 491 & 516 & 563 & 590 & 495 & 283 \\
\hline - 1 & - 3 & -30 & 10 & 30 & 10 & - 20 & -20 & -20 & -20 & - 10 & \\
\hline -0.4 & -0.5 & -3.2 & 0.8 & 2.1 & 0.6 & -1.0 & -0.9 & -0.8 & -0.5 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years)}
\(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age \(60(45 \mathrm{q} 15)\).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Mauritania}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1977, 1988 and 2000 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1981-1982 Fertility Survey of Mauritania (WFS), 1990-1991 Maternal Child and Health Survey, the 2000-2001 Mauritania DHS and the 2003-2004 Mauritania Infant Mortality and Malaria Survey (EMIP), and 2007 MICS3, adjusted for underreporting; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1957 Middle Senegal Valley survey, 1964-65 Demographic Survey, 1977 and 1988 censuses (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 2000 census; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses (e) the own-children method applied to the 2003 WHS and 2007 MICS3.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1957 Fouta Toro survey, 1977 and 1988 censuses; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1981-1982 Fertility Survey of Mauritania (WFS), the 1990-1991 Maternal Child and Health Survey, the 2000-2001 Mauritania DHS and the 2003-2004 Mauritania Infant Mortality and Malaria Survey (EMIP) ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these data sources, as well as from the 1964-65 survey, the 1996 MICS and 2007 MICS3 surveys. Infant mortality estimates are estimated using relationships between infant and child mortality (for both sexes, and by sex) estimated by the UN Population Division based on WFS/DHS direct birth histories from the Sahelian region validated using 15 demographic surveillance sites and cohort studies from West Africa.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1957 Fouta Toro survey, 1977 and 1988 censuses; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1964-65 Demographic Survey and 1981-1982 Fertility Survey of Mauritania (WFS), 2000-2001 DHS and 2007 MICS3 ; (c) siblings deaths from the 2000-2001 DHS ; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for periods 1965-1977, 1977-1988 and 1988-2000 ; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955, and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites and urban vital registration were also considered.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

\section*{Mauritius}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 1231
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 603
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 21.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 15.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 71.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 7.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.58
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 15
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 72.8

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{MAURITIUS}


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Mauritius

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 493 & 826 & 1056 & 1185 & 1213 & 1231 & 1254 & 1271 & 1288 & 1231 & 1102 & 983 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 242 & 405 & 518 & 581 & 594 & 603 & 615 & 623 & 631 & 603 & 540 & 482 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 17.3 & 17.8 & 24.9 & 29.0 & 30.8 & 33.3 & 35.5 & 37.3 & 40.4 & 46.0 & 47.2 & 46.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 92.8 & 86.4 & 50.8 & 46.8 & 44.5 & 40.6 & 39.7 & 40.3 & 49.4 & 60.5 & 76.8 & 78.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 87.0 & 81.6 & 43.7 & 37.8 & 34.9 & 29.8 & 26.4 & 23.9 & 24.3 & 23.6 & 26.1 & 27.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.7 & 4.8 & 7.1 & 9.0 & 9.6 & 10.9 & 13.3 & 16.4 & 25.1 & 36.8 & 50.7 & 51.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
life expectancy at bi
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.9 & 1.9 & 0.8 & 1.0 & 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.1 & -0.4 & -0.5 \\
\hline 28.1 & 25.9 & 14.7 & 11.3 & 9.4 & 5.3 & 3.7 & 2.8 & 0.7 & -3.5 & -4.9 \\
\hline 24 & 38 & 90 & 71 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 15.4 & 7.3 & 6.3 & 6.6 & 6.7 & 7.2 & 7.9 & 8.5 & 10.0 & 13.0 & 14.5 \\
\hline 103 & 67 & 23 & 20 & 13 & 13 & 11 & 10 & 7 & 4 & 2 \\
\hline 168 & 81 & 27 & 22 & 16 & 15 & 13 & 11 & 8 & 4 & 2 \\
\hline 397 & 239 & 199 & 183 & 168 & 159 & 150 & 142 & 125 & 93 & 66 \\
\hline 50.2 & 63.0 & 68.5 & 70.4 & 72.1 & 72.8 & 73.5 & 74.3 & 75.9 & 79.1 & 82.4 \\
\hline 49.0 & 60.8 & 64.7 & 66.8 & 68.9 & 69.4 & 70.2 & 71.0 & 72.7 & 76.4 & 80.4 \\
\hline 51.5 & 65.0 & 72.5 & 74.2 & 75.5 & 76.3 & 77.0 & 77.8 & 79.1 & 81.6 & 84.5 \\
\hline 46.7 & 54.2 & 55.6 & 57.1 & 58.4 & 59.0 & 59.6 & 60.3 & 61.6 & 64.4 & 67.6 \\
\hline 9.9 & 13.1 & 13.1 & 14.1 & 15.2 & 15.5 & 15.8 & 16.2 & 17.0 & 18.7 & 20.9 \\
\hline 43.5 & 33.2 & 21.0 & 17.9 & 16.1 & 12.5 & 11.6 & 11.3 & 10.8 & 9.5 & 9.5 \\
\hline 5.89 & 4.61 & 2.31 & 2.03 & 1.93 & 1.58 & 1.51 & 1.50 & 1.56 & 1.69 & 1.79 \\
\hline 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
\hline 2.19 & 2.00 & 1.09 & 0.97 & 0.92 & 0.76 & 0.73 & 0.72 & 0.76 & 0.82 & 0.87 \\
\hline 28.1 & 28.7 & 27.1 & 27.2 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.2 & 27.6 & 28.2 & 29.1 & 29.9 \\
\hline 116 & 131 & 109 & 103 & 96 & 76 & 72 & 71 & 69 & 59 & 53 \\
\hline 41 & 29 & 33 & 38 & 40 & 44 & 49 & 54 & 64 & 81 & 81 \\
\hline 75 & 102 & 76 & 65 & 56 & 32 & 23 & 18 & 5 & -22 & -27 \\
\hline 3 & -29 & -36 & -9 & -29 & - 14 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline 1.0 & -7.4 & -7.0 & -1.5 & -4.8 & -2.4 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years) \\ \(\qquad\)}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands).
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) 0.0

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Mauritius}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2011 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2008.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1950-2010 period.

\section*{Mayotte}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Mayotte

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 15 & 37 & 92 & 149 & 175 & 204 & 234 & 264 & 331 & 466 & 592 & 656 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 40 & 99 & 247 & 398 & 468 & 546 & 626 & 706 & 885 & 1245 & 1583 & 1753 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 30.3 & 16.7 & 16.5 & 17.8 & 19.0 & 17.3 & 18.1 & 19.6 & 23.8 & 30.3 & 38.9 & 46.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) & 72.8 & 107.5 & 99.1 & 89.5 & 78.4 & 92.7 & 86.0 & 70.8 & 58.4 & 55.6 & 61.6 & 76.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 54.6 & 96.9 & 92.9 & 83.6 & 72.6 & 88.7 & 81.4 & 65.4 & 50.6 & 39.4 & 30.3 & 27.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 18.2 & 10.7 & 6.2 & 5.8 & 5.9 & 4.0 & 4.7 & 5.4 & 7.8 & 16.1 & 31.4 & 49.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
4

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Bational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
3
30.7
4.5
14.4
16
26.9
142
222
407
47.3
44.9
50.6
46.7
11.2

41.2
7.91
103
2.81
28.7
4
2
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
3.8 & 5.3 & 4.0 & 3.2 & 3.1 \\
35.5 & 37.8 & 31.1 & 31.5 & 31.3 \\
18 & 13 & 18 & 22 & 23 \\
& & & & \\
11.1 & 4.5 & 3.2 & 2.9 & 2.4 \\
61 & 19 & 10 & 8 & 6 \\
82 & 23 & 12 & 9 & 7 \\
306 & 190 & 148 & 131 & 118 \\
60.7 & 71.1 & 74.9 & 76.5 & 77.9 \\
57.5 & 67.7 & 71.4 & 73.0 & 74.5 \\
65.4 & 75.7 & 79.1 & 80.6 & 81.9 \\
51.7 & 58.1 & 61.0 & 62.3 & 63.4 \\
13.1 & 15.8 & 17.3 & 18.0 & 18.7 \\
& & & & \\
46.6 & 42.3 & 34.3 & 34.4 & 33.7 \\
7.91 & 6.73 & 4.76 & 4.45 & 4.30 \\
103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
3.47 & 3.19 & 2.30 & 2.16 & 2.09 \\
28.7 & 30.9 & 29.6 & 28.7 & 28.7 \\
& & & & \\
8 & 17 & 23 & 28 & 32 \\
2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\
6 & 15 & 21 & 25 & 30 \\
& & & & \\
0 & 6 & 6 & 1 & 0 \\
2.7 & 14.8 & 8.6 & 0.8 & -0.3
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
2.7 & 2.4 & 2.2 & 1.4 & 0.7 & 0.2 \\
27.1 & 24.1 & 22.2 & 13.8 & 7.3 & 1.9 \\
26 & 29 & 32 & 51 & 96 & - \\
& & & & & \\
2.0 & 2.0 & 2.3 & 3.4 & 5.2 & 8.2 \\
4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
105 & 92 & 73 & 54 & 38 & 26 \\
79.1 & 80.2 & 82.2 & 85.4 & 88.9 & 91.7 \\
76.0 & 77.4 & 79.2 & 82.2 & 85.5 & 88.6 \\
82.9 & 83.9 & 85.6 & 88.7 & 91.9 & 95.0 \\
64.5 & 65.6 & 67.4 & 70.6 & 74.1 & 77.0 \\
19.3 & 19.9 & 21.0 & 23.4 & 26.2 & 28.5 \\
& & & & & \\
29.1 & 26.1 & 24.4 & 17.2 & 12.5 & 10.1 \\
3.83 & 3.47 & 2.93 & 2.26 & 1.89 & 1.83 \\
103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
1.87 & 1.70 & 1.43 & 1.11 & 0.93 & 0.90 \\
28.7 & 28.7 & 28.7 & 28.7 & 28.7 & 28.7 \\
& & & & & \\
32 & 32 & 38 & 39 & 36 & 33 \\
2 & 3 & 4 & 8 & 15 & 27 \\
30 & 30 & 35 & 31 & 21 & 6 \\
0 & & & & & 0 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
}
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Mayotte}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2007 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on estimates of total fertility through 2002.
Infant and child mortality: Based on life tables of Reunion.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on the life tables of Reunion.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2007.

\section*{Mexico}

Total population (thousands) ................................. 117886
Population density (persons per square km )........... 60
Percentage of population under age 15 ................... 30.0
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 18.4
Percentage of population age 15-64........................ 64.0
Percentage of population aged \(65+\)........................ 6.0
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 1.3
Total fertility (children per woman)....................... 2.37
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 20
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 76.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

MEXICO


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Mexico}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 28296 & 52988 & 86077 & 103874 & 110732 & 117886 & 125236 & 131955 & 143663 & 156102 & 152886 & 139795 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 14 & 27 & 44 & 53 & 57 & 60 & 64 & 67 & 73 & 80 & 78 & 71 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.7 & 16.6 & 19.8 & 23.0 & 24.4 & 26.0 & 27.7 & 29.5 & 33.6 & 41.9 & 48.5 & 50.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 84.9 & 101.1 & 74.8 & 63.9 & 60.3 & 56.3 & 52.0 & 49.9 & 48.8 & 58.3 & 78.9 & 90.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 78.5 & 93.7 & 67.3 & 55.9 & 51.7 & 47.0 & 41.7 & 37.7 & 32.0 & 26.3 & 25.5 & 26.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.4 & 7.5 & 7.5 & 8.1 & 8.5 & 9.4 & 10.3 & 12.2 & 16.8 & 32.0 & 53.5 & 63.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birh
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
3
31
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3.0 & 3.1 & 2.0 & 1.7 & 1.3 & 1.3 & 1.2 & 1.0 & 0.8 & 0.2 & -0.2 & -0.4 \\
\hline 31.3 & 33.3 & 23.4 & 20.7 & 18.2 & 16.1 & 14.1 & 12.3 & 9.2 & 3.4 & -1.7 & -4.0 \\
\hline 23 & 23 & 35 & 41 & 55 & 56 & 58 & 67 & 90 & - & - & - \\
\hline 16.7 & 10.4 & 5.7 & 4.7 & 4.6 & 4.5 & 4.5 & 4.7 & 5.2 & 7.5 & 11.0 & 13.0 \\
\hline 121 & 80 & 40 & 28 & 21 & 17 & 14 & 12 & 9 & 5 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 193 & 119 & 48 & 33 & 25 & 20 & 17 & 15 & 11 & 7 & 4 & \\
\hline 343 & 257 & 180 & 134 & 125 & 114 & 106 & 96 & 79 & 55 & 36 & 22 \\
\hline 50.7 & 60.3 & 69.8 & 73.7 & 75.0 & 76.3 & 77.4 & 78.5 & 80.6 & 83.9 & 87.1 & 90.0 \\
\hline 48.9 & 58.2 & 66.8 & 71.3 & 72.4 & 73.7 & 74.9 & 76.1 & 78.6 & 82.2 & 85.4 & 88.4 \\
\hline 52.5 & 62.5 & 73.0 & 76.1 & 77.4 & 78.6 & 79.7 & 80.6 & 82.4 & 85.4 & 88.7 & 91.6 \\
\hline 49.3 & 54.3 & 58.7 & 61.5 & 62.1 & 63.1 & 64.0 & 64.8 & 66.6 & 69.5 & 72.5 & 75.3 \\
\hline 12.6 & 14.7 & 16.5 & 17.4 & 17.7 & 18.2 & 18.8 & 19.4 & 20.4 & 22.4 & 24.5 & 26.6 \\
\hline 48.0 & 43.7 & 29.1 & 25.4 & 22.8 & 20.6 & 18.6 & 17.0 & 14.4 & 10.9 & 9.2 & 9.0 \\
\hline 6.70 & 6.75 & 3.63 & 2.80 & 2.54 & 2.37 & 2.20 & 2.06 & 1.86 & 1.74 & 1.78 & 1.84 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.42 & 2.78 & 1.66 & 1.31 & 1.20 & 1.13 & 1.05 & 0.99 & 0.89 & 0.84 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 29.6 & 29.5 & 27.9 & 27.2 & 27.1 & 26.9 & 26.9 & 27.0 & 27.0 & 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.2 \\
\hline 7343 & 10737 & 11926 & 12674 & 12245 & 11773 & 11296 & 10912 & 10109 & 8452 & 7107 & 6329 \\
\hline 2548 & 2549 & 2331 & 2354 & 2458 & 2567 & 2747 & 2993 & 3642 & 5788 & 8421 & 9144 \\
\hline 4796 & 8187 & 9595 & 10320 & 9788 & 9206 & 8549 & 7919 & 6468 & 2665 & -1314 & -2815 \\
\hline - 185 & - 538 & -1377 & -1839 & -2929 & -2 2051 & -1200 & -1200 & - 1000 & - 1000 & - 500 & \\
\hline -1.2 & -2.2 & -3.4 & -3.7 & -5.5 & -3.6 & -2.0 & -1.9 & -1.4 & -1.3 & -0.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age chil
hs and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousads) \(\qquad\)
\[
7343
\]

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) \(\qquad\) 1.2

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
}
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Mexico}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000, 2005 and 2010 censuses adjusted for under-enumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2010 classified by age of mother and underlying female population by age; (b) maternity-history data from the 1987 Encuesta Nacional sobre Fecundidad y Salud (DHS), the 1992 and 2009 Encuesta Nacional de la Dinámica Demográfica (ENADID) and the 1995 Encuesta Nacional de Planificación Familiar; (c) estimates from the 1970, 1990, 2000, and 2010 censuses; (d) estimates from the 1976 World Fertility Survey; and (e) estimates from the 1978 and 1979 Prevalence Surveys.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1987 Encuesta Nacional sobre Fecundidad y Salud (DHS), the 1992 and 2009 Encuesta Nacional de la Dinámica Demográfica (ENADID) and the 1995 Encuesta Nacional de Planificación Familiar; (b) estimates from the 1970, 1990, 2000, and 2010 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1976 World Fertility Survey; (d) estimates from the 1978 and 1979 Prevalence Surveys; (e) registered live births and infant and child deaths through 2010; and (f) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2010 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) estimate in the 1976 WFS; (c) estimates of the 1978 and 1979 Prevalence Survey; (d) estimates from the 1992 Encuesta Nacional de la Dinámica Demográfica (ENADID); and (e) NSO official estimates through 2008; and (f) estimates of the CELADE and WHO were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates derived from: (a) the number and characteristics of the population born in Mexico and enumerated by the censuses of the United States of America and the Current Population Survey, and (b) statistics compiled by the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the United States on the number of Mexicans admitted legally to that country and adjusted for undocumented migration. The 2005 and 2010 Mexican censuses were consulted.

\section*{Micronesia (Fed. States of)}

Total population (thousands) ................................. 104
Population density (persons per square km ) ........... 148
Percentage of population under age 15 ................... 36.9
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 23.6
Percentage of population age 15-64........................ 59.3
Percentage of population aged 65+........................ 3.9
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... -0.5
Total fertility (children per woman)........................ 3.62
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 43
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 68.4
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

FEDERATED STATES OF MICRONESIA


Map Sources: UNCS, OCHA, The Times Atlas of the World.
the boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Micronesia (Fed. States of)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 32 & 61 & 96 & 107 & 106 & 104 & 104 & 110 & 121 & 130 & 131 & 127 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 46 & 88 & 137 & 153 & 151 & 148 & 149 & 156 & 172 & 186 & 187 & 180 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.8 & 16.8 & 17.6 & 18.9 & 19.5 & 20.2 & 21.6 & 23.1 & 25.7 & 30.8 & 38.0 & 41.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 80.1 & 97.2 & 91.2 & 78.7 & 74.8 & 68.8 & 62.4 & 59.7 & 60.3 & 44.0 & 54.6 & 61.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 72.8 & 90.6 & 84.3 & 72.0 & 67.8 & 62.3 & 55.3 & 51.0 & 49.8 & 33.3 & 29.8 & 28.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.4 & 6.6 & 6.8 & 6.7 & 7.0 & 6.5 & 7.1 & 8.7 & 10.6 & 10.7 & 24.8 & 32.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) tility

\section*{Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \\ \(\qquad\)}

Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
3.4
33.7
21
3.2
2.3
0.0
-0.2
0.2
\(-0.5\)
2015-202
15-2020
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
1.0 & 0.9 & 0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 \\
17.8 & 16.2 & 8.7 & 0.9 & -0.5 \\
71 & 78 & - & - & - \\
& & & & \\
6.2 & 6.5 & 7.1 & 11.4 & 12.1 \\
31 & 27 & 21 & 15 & 11 \\
37 & 32 & 25 & 18 & 12 \\
160 & 148 & 128 & 101 & 74 \\
69.5 & 70.6 & 72.4 & 74.9 & 77.8 \\
68.4 & 69.2 & 70.6 & 72.8 & 75.8 \\
70.6 & 71.9 & 74.4 & 77.2 & 79.9 \\
57.5 & 58.2 & 59.5 & 61.4 & 63.9 \\
13.8 & 14.1 & 14.7 & 15.7 & 17.3 \\
& & & & \\
24.0 & 22.7 & 15.8 & 12.3 & 11.5 \\
3.08 & 2.71 & 2.23 & 1.93 & 1.85 \\
106 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
1.40 & 1.25 & 1.05 & 0.92 & 0.89 \\
30.7 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
& & & & \\
13 & 13 & 10 & 8 & 7 \\
3 & 4 & 5 & 8 & 8 \\
10 & 10 & 6 & 1 & 0 \\
& & & & \\
-4 & -4 & -4 & -2 & 0 \\
-8.0 & -7.3 & -6.6 & -3.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands) ................................

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).....................................................................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) .......

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).

} if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Micronesia (Fed. States of)}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Estimated from data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months from the 2000 census, and to be consistent with official estimates available through 2000.

Infant and child mortality: Estimated from data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2000 census, and to be consistent with UNICEF estimates as published in 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on estimates of infant and child mortality of UNCEF as published in 2012, and on the assumption that the age pattern of mortality follows the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1994-2010 intercensal period.

\section*{Mongolia}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Mongolia}


\section*{Mongolia}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 780 & 1279 & 2184 & 2397 & 2527 & 2713 & 2923 & 3114 & 3388 & 3753 & 3879 & 3937 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 25.0 & 18.3 & 19.3 & 22.0 & 24.0 & 25.7 & 27.5 & 29.3 & 32.0 & 35.7 & 39.2 & 42.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 57.4 & 96.3 & 80.5 & 62.5 & 48.5 & 44.4 & 46.0 & 48.9 & 45.9 & 53.0 & 56.1 & 64.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 51.2 & 86.9 & 73.0 & 56.5 & 43.0 & 38.9 & 40.4 & 42.4 & 35.3 & 32.8 & 29.0 & 28.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c).............................. & 6.2 & 9.4 & 7.5 & 6.0 & 5.5 & 5.5 & 5.6 & 6.5 & 10.6 & 20.3 & 27.1 & 36.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)..
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)............................
Net migration rate (per 1,000) ........................
1.8
18.3
2.9
\(18.3-28.8\)
2.6
0.9
12.9
82
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 21.7 & 16.1 & 10.8 & 8.3 & 7.2 & 6.9 & 6.8 & 6.8 & 7.3 & 9.9 & 11.3 \\
\hline 183 & 119 & 92 & 54 & 41 & 31 & 26 & 22 & 15 & 9 & 5 \\
\hline 294 & 183 & 136 & 71 & 49 & 37 & 31 & 27 & 19 & 11 & 6 \\
\hline 351 & 259 & 206 & 276 & 266 & 247 & 229 & 213 & 187 & 141 & 91 \\
\hline 43.2 & 53.9 & 59.6 & 61.8 & 64.1 & 66.1 & 67.4 & 68.5 & 70.4 & 73.9 & 78.2 \\
\hline 41.5 & 51.7 & 57.3 & 59.5 & 60.8 & 62.4 & 63.6 & 64.6 & 66.5 & 70.1 & 75.1 \\
\hline 44.9 & 56.1 & 62.0 & 64.3 & 67.8 & 70.3 & 71.5 & 72.5 & 74.4 & 77.7 & 81.1 \\
\hline 48.1 & 52.2 & 54.8 & 51.8 & 52.6 & 53.9 & 54.7 & 55.5 & 56.9 & 59.8 & 63.7 \\
\hline 10.2 & 11.4 & 12.4 & 11.2 & 11.9 & 12.7 & 13.0 & 13.2 & 13.8 & 15.3 & 17.7 \\
\hline 40.1 & 44.9 & 36.3 & 21.2 & 18.9 & 22.2 & 22.8 & 20.4 & 15.3 & 14.6 & 12.7 \\
\hline 5.60 & 7.50 & 4.84 & 2.40 & 2.08 & 2.37 & 2.44 & 2.33 & 2.17 & 2.01 & 1.95 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.78 & 2.89 & 2.02 & 1.08 & 0.96 & 1.11 & 1.16 & 1.11 & 1.04 & 0.98 & 0.95 \\
\hline 31.5 & 31.5 & 29.4 & 27.8 & 28.0 & 28.5 & 28.6 & 28.7 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 164 & 268 & 373 & 249 & 233 & 291 & 321 & 308 & 255 & 271 & 246 \\
\hline 89 & 96 & 111 & 97 & 89 & 90 & 96 & 102 & 122 & 184 & 218 \\
\hline 75 & 172 & 262 & 152 & 144 & 201 & 225 & 206 & 133 & 88 & 29 \\
\hline 0 & 0
0 & 0
0 & -52
-4.5 & -15
-12 & -15
-12 & -15
-1.1 & -15
-1.0 & -15
-0.9 & -15
-0.8 & -8
-0.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
1.3 & 0.7 & 0.4 & 0.1 & 0.0 \\
13.7 & 8.0 & 4.7 & 1.5 & 0.1 \\
55 & 98 & - & - & - \\
& & & & \\
6.8 & 7.3 & 9.9 & 11.3 & 11.4 \\
22 & 15 & 9 & 5 & 4 \\
27 & 19 & 11 & 6 & 5 \\
213 & 187 & 141 & 91 & 56 \\
68.5 & 70.4 & 73.9 & 78.2 & 81.9 \\
64.6 & 66.5 & 70.1 & 75.1 & 79.6 \\
72.5 & 74.4 & 77.7 & 81.1 & 84.2 \\
55.5 & 56.9 & 59.8 & 63.7 & 67.4 \\
13.2 & 13.8 & 15.3 & 17.7 & 20.1 \\
& & & & \\
20.4 & 15.3 & 14.6 & 12.7 & 11.5 \\
2.33 & 2.17 & 2.01 & 1.95 & 1.94 \\
103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
1.11 & 1.04 & 0.98 & 0.95 & 0.95 \\
28.7 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
& & & & \\
308 & 255 & 271 & 246 & 227 \\
102 & 122 & 184 & 218 & 225 \\
206 & 133 & 88 & 29 & 2 \\
& & & & \\
-15 & -15 & -15 & -8 & 0 \\
-1.0 & -0.9 & -0.8 & -0.4 & 0.0 \\
& & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

2005 2005-201
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Mongolia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1963, 1969, 1979, 1989, 2000 and 2010 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility through 2011; (b) full birth history data from the 1994 and 1996 Demographic Survey of Mongolia, the 1998 Reproductive Health Survey (RHS); (c) truncated birth history data (last five years before the survey) from the 2003 and 2008 RHS; (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1956, 1963, 1969, 1979, 1989, 2000 and 2010 censuses and to the 2000, 2005 and 2010 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS).
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) official estimates; (b) direct estimates from full or truncated birth history data from the 1989 Census, the 1994 and 1996 Demographic Survey of Mongolia, the 1998, 2003 and 2008 Reproductive Health Survey (RHS); (c) data on the children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1989 Census, the 1994 Demographic Survey of Mongolia, the 1998, 2003 and 2008 Reproductive Health Survey (RHS), the 2000, 2005 and 2010 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011 adjusted to take into account underreporting of infant and child mortality.
International migration: Based on official data on international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Montenegro}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 620
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 45
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 19.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 14.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 12.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.73
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 12
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 74.2
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{MONTENEGRO}


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, Gov't. of USA.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Montenegro}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 395 & 532 & 615 & 611 & 616 & 620 & 622 & 620 & 608 & 557 & 482 & 422 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 29 & 38 & 45 & 44 & 45 & 45 & 45 & 45 & 44 & 40 & 35 & 31 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 21.6 & 24.0 & 29.7 & 34.1 & 35.2 & 36.3 & 37.6 & 38.9 & 41.4 & 45.0 & 46.7 & 46.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 77.5 & 64.5 & 51.1 & 48.5 & 49.3 & 46.9 & 47.1 & 49.8 & 54.1 & 61.6 & 72.6 & 74.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 64.3 & 52.4 & 39.3 & 31.7 & 30.1 & 28.6 & 26.9 & 26.5 & 25.0 & 24.4 & 25.7 & 26.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 13.2 & 12.0 & 11.8 & 16.8 & 19.3 & 18.3 & 20.2 & 23.3 & 29.1 & 37.3 & 47.0 & 48.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
\(1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Mortality}
\[
31
\]

Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\) -

Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
\(\begin{array}{rrrr}2.2 & 1.0 & 0.7 & -0.1 \\ 18.8 & 13.1 & 8.3 & 5.8\end{array}\)
\(\begin{array}{rrrr}2.2 & 1.0 & 0.7 & -0.1 \\ 18.8 & 13.1 & 8.3 & 5.8\end{array}\)

Total fertility (children per woman).
nales) ...........
13.1
73
\(\begin{array}{lrll} & & 0.2 & 0.1 \\ 8.3 & 5.8 & 3.3 & 2.5 \\ 105 & & \end{array}\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
-0.1 & -0.2 & -0.5 & -0.6 & -0.5 \\
0.2 & -1.5 & -4.4 & -5.6 & -4.5 \\
- & - & - & - & - \\
11.0 & 12.0 & 14.1 & 15.2 & 14.4 \\
9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 6 \\
10 & 8 & 7 & 7 & 7 \\
115 & 103 & 81 & 56 & 39 \\
75.3 & 76.3 & 78.3 & 80.9 & 83.2 \\
72.9 & 74.0 & 76.2 & 79.4 & 81.9 \\
77.7 & 78.7 & 80.4 & 82.5 & 84.5 \\
61.1 & 62.1 & 64.0 & 66.6 & 68.9 \\
15.9 & 16.4 & 17.6 & 19.2 & 20.8 \\
& & & & \\
11.2 & 10.5 & 9.7 & 9.6 & 9.9 \\
1.64 & 1.65 & 1.72 & 1.79 & 1.84 \\
106 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.79 & 0.80 & 0.83 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
29.1 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.0 & 30.0 \\
& & & & \\
35 & 32 & 27 & 24 & 21 \\
34 & 37 & 40 & 37 & 31 \\
0 & -5 & -12 & -14 & -10 \\
& & & & \\
-3 & -3 & -3 & -1 & 0 \\
-0.8 & -0.8 & -0.9 & -0.5 & 0.0 \\
& & & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
13.2
8.2

Net reproduction rate (f) .....
Mean age childbearing (year \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{national migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
7.2 & 7.8 & 9.7 & 10.0 \\
22 & 16 & 12 & 11
\end{tabular}
10.4
10

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Montenegro}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2003 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010 and estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables for 1990, 2000 and 2006.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase and on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

\section*{Morocco}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 31642
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 71
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 28.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 66.9
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 5.0
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.38
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 39
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 69.7

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

MOROCCO

tha Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
ndorsendaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Morocco

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 8986 & 15916 & 24675 & 28710 & 30125 & 31642 & 33955 & 35936 & 39190 & 42884 & 43581 & 42726 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 20 & 36 & 55 & 64 & 67 & 71 & 76 & 80 & 88 & 96 & 98 & 96 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.5 & 16.1 & 19.3 & 22.3 & 24.2 & 26.2 & 27.5 & 29.0 & 32.0 & 36.7 & 41.8 & 44.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 74.0 & 103.8 & 78.3 & 63.2 & 55.7 & 49.6 & 49.3 & 51.5 & 50.9 & 54.7 & 59.0 & 70.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 68.9 & 97.0 & 72.2 & 55.6 & 47.9 & 42.1 & 41.7 & 42.2 & 36.9 & 31.2 & 27.3 & 27.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.1 & 6.9 & 6.2 & 7.6 & 7.8 & 7.5 & 7.6 & 9.3 & 14.1 & 23.5 & 31.7 & 43.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
3
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3.1 & 2.4 & 2.0 & 1.4 & 1.0 & 1.0 & 1.4 & 1.1 & 0.8 & 0.3 & 0.0 & -0.1 \\
\hline 31.1 & 29.9 & 24.3 & 17.6 & 14.8 & 13.9 & 16.9 & 13.9 & 9.2 & 4.4 & 0.3 & -1.3 \\
\hline 23 & 29 & 34 & 52 & 72 & 71 & 49 & 61 & 91 & - & - & - \\
\hline 20.2 & 15.3 & 7.8 & 6.1 & 6.1 & 6.3 & 6.4 & 6.3 & 6.8 & 9.3 & 11.1 & 11.9 \\
\hline 151 & 123 & 67 & 44 & 38 & 32 & 26 & 22 & 16 & 10 & 7 & 7 \\
\hline 252 & 190 & 89 & 55 & 47 & 39 & 32 & 27 & 19 & 12 & 9 & 8 \\
\hline 346 & 303 & 208 & 170 & 164 & 156 & 146 & 135 & 119 & 91 & 58 & 36 \\
\hline 45.7 & 51.6 & 63.2 & 67.7 & 68.7 & 69.7 & 70.8 & 71.9 & 73.6 & 76.7 & 80.4 & 83.6 \\
\hline 44.0 & 50.6 & 61.7 & 66.0 & 66.9 & 67.9 & 69.0 & 70.0 & 71.6 & 74.6 & 78.9 & 82.6 \\
\hline 47.4 & 52.6 & 64.7 & 69.3 & 70.4 & 71.3 & 72.6 & 73.7 & 75.7 & 78.7 & 81.9 & 84.7 \\
\hline 47.9 & 50.2 & 55.1 & 57.1 & 57.4 & 57.9 & 58.5 & 59.1 & 60.3 & 62.8 & 66.3 & 69.4 \\
\hline 11.0 & 11.7 & 13.2 & 13.8 & 13.9 & 14.0 & 14.3 & 14.5 & 15.2 & 16.8 & 19.0 & 21.3 \\
\hline 51.3 & 45.1 & 32.1 & 23.7 & 20.9 & 20.2 & 23.2 & 20.2 & 16.0 & 13.7 & 11.4 & 10.5 \\
\hline 6.61 & 6.90 & 4.45 & 2.97 & 2.52 & 2.38 & 2.78 & 2.56 & 2.27 & 1.96 & 1.87 & 1.87 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 2.18 & 2.49 & 1.89 & 1.33 & 1.14 & 1.09 & 1.28 & 1.19 & 1.07 & 0.93 & 0.89 & 0.90 \\
\hline 29.2 & 29.2 & 30.7 & 30.2 & 30.4 & 30.5 & 30.7 & 30.8 & 31.1 & 31.4 & 31.8 & 32.0 \\
\hline 2499 & 3386 & 3764 & 3296 & 3072 & 3111 & 3803 & 3531 & 3072 & 2913 & 2484 & 2253 \\
\hline 983 & 1147 & 913 & 848 & 901 & 969 & 1041 & 1100 & 1304 & 1968 & 2418 & 2541 \\
\hline 1517 & 2239 & 2851 & 2448 & 2170 & 2142 & 2763 & 2431 & 1768 & 945 & 66 & -288 \\
\hline 0 & -415 & - 454 & - 571 & - 755 & -625 & -450 & - 450 & - 300 & - 300 & - 150 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & -5.5 & -3.9 & -4.1 & -5.1 & -4.1 & -2.7 & -2.6 & -1.6 & -1.4 & -0.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousads) \(\qquad\) 499
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
}

The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Morocco}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1971, 1982, 1994, and 2004 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1987 and 1992 Enquêtes Nationales sur la Population et la Santé (ENPS-I and II/DHS); (b) direct estimates from the 1986-88 Enquête Nationale Démographique à Passages Répétés (ENDPR), the 1995 Enquête de Panel sur la Population et la Santé (EPPS/DHS), the 1998-1999 Living Standards Survey, the 1996-97 and 2003-04 PAPCHILD Surveys of Morocco (ENSME and EPSF), the 2009-10 Demographic survey and the 2010-11 Enquête Nationale sur la Population et la Santé; (c) data on births during the past 12 months, classified by age of mother, from the 1982, 1994 and 2004 censuses; (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the estimates derived from the 1960 and 1971 censuses; and (e) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 1982, 1994 and 2004 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1980 World Fertility Survey, the 1982, 1994 and 2004 censuses, the 1987 and 1992 Enquêtes Nationales sur la Population et la Santé (ENPS-I and II/DHS), the 1995 Enquête de Panel sur la Population et la Santé (EPPS/DHS), the 2003-04 PAPCHILD Survey of Morocco (EPSF), the preliminary results from the 2009-10 Demography survey and (b) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality initially conforms to the mortality patterns resulting from the blending from the East model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables from 1950 to 2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1960-1971, 1971-1982, 1982-1994 and 1994-2004 intercensal periods.

\section*{Mozambique}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 23967
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 30
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 45.3
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 51.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.2
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.57
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 136
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 48.4

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

MOZAMBIQUE

lap Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
the boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Mozambique}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 6442 & 9453 & 13568 & 18276 & 21010 & 23967 & 27122 & 30553 & 38876 & 59929 & 89048 & 112018 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 8 & 12 & 17 & 23 & 26 & 30 & 34 & 38 & 49 & 75 & 111 & 140 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 19.1 & 18.3 & 16.6 & 17.9 & 17.5 & 17.2 & 17.3 & 17.8 & 19.0 & 22.5 & 28.7 & 35.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 80.0 & 86.5 & 99.2 & 88.6 & 92.2 & 94.5 & 93.8 & 88.8 & 81.1 & 63.5 & 53.9 & 54.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 75.1 & 81.0 & 92.7 & 82.6 & 86.1 & 88.2 & 87.4 & 82.3 & 74.6 & 56.9 & 41.6 & 33.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 4.9 & 5.4 & 6.5 & 6.0 & 6.1 & 6.3 & 6.4 & 6.5 & 6.5 & 6.6 & 12.3 & 21.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\) ) ........................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.6 & 2.2 & 0.3 & 2.7 & 2.8 & 2.6 & 2.5 & 2.4 & 2.4 & 2.0 & 1.3 & 0.7 \\
\hline 16.5 & 22.4 & 22.7 & 25.9 & 28.1 & 26.5 & 24.9 & 24.0 & 24.2 & 19.9 & 13.0 & 6.8 \\
\hline 44 & 32 & - & 26 & 25 & 27 & 28 & 29 & 29 & 35 & 54 & 102 \\
\hline 32.9 & 25.6 & 20.9 & 17.4 & 16.8 & 15.8 & 14.2 & 13.1 & 10.1 & 6.5 & 6.2 & 7.8 \\
\hline 220 & 172 & 143 & 115 & 100 & 87 & 74 & 64 & 47 & 29 & 19 & 14 \\
\hline 366 & 290 & 241 & 189 & 158 & 136 & 116 & 99 & 69 & 38 & 24 & 18 \\
\hline 556 & 475 & 419 & 415 & 469 & 490 & 481 & 477 & 406 & 237 & 156 & 104 \\
\hline 31.3 & 38.1 & 43.1 & 47.1 & 47.6 & 48.4 & 50.2 & 51.8 & 57.6 & 67.4 & 73.2 & 77.4 \\
\hline 30.1 & 36.7 & 41.5 & 45.5 & 46.2 & 47.2 & 49.2 & 51.2 & 56.5 & 65.5 & 71.2 & 75.3 \\
\hline 32.5 & 39.7 & 44.6 & 48.6 & 49.0 & 49.5 & 51.1 & 52.3 & 58.5 & 69.3 & 75.3 & 79.5 \\
\hline 38.9 & 42.6 & 45.2 & 45.6 & 43.5 & 42.8 & 43.5 & 44.0 & 47.8 & 55.6 & 60.3 & 64.1 \\
\hline 9.1 & 10.3 & 11.1 & 12.1 & 12.7 & 13.1 & 13.5 & 13.7 & 14.5 & 15.5 & 17.2 & 19.0 \\
\hline 49.4 & 48.0 & 43.6 & 43.4 & 44.8 & 42.3 & 39.1 & 37.0 & 34.3 & 26.4 & 19.2 & 14.6 \\
\hline 6.60 & 6.60 & 6.33 & 5.85 & 5.73 & 5.57 & 5.22 & 4.86 & 4.17 & 3.09 & 2.40 & 2.05 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.59 & 1.90 & 2.00 & 1.98 & 2.04 & 2.03 & 1.97 & 1.90 & 1.77 & 1.43 & 1.14 & 0.98 \\
\hline 29.5 & 29.5 & 30.3 & 30.9 & 28.7 & 28.5 & 28.3 & 28.2 & 27.9 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 1655 & 2151 & 2932 & 3713 & 4404 & 4754 & 4995 & 5339 & 6295 & 7549 & 8287 & 8043 \\
\hline 1102 & 1148 & 1403 & 1494 & 1649 & 1777 & 1816 & 1883 & 1853 & 1857 & 2685 & 4293 \\
\hline 553 & 1003 & 1529 & 2219 & 2755 & 2977 & 3180 & 3456 & 4442 & 5692 & 5601 & 3750 \\
\hline -24 & -24 & -1300 & 75 & -20 & -20 & -25 & -25 & -25 & -25 & -13 & \\
\hline -0.7 & -0.5 & -19.3 & 0.9 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of death (thousends) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands).

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
\(b \quad\) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Mozambique}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1980, 1997 and 2007 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1997 and 2007 censuses; (b) maternity-history data from the 1997 and 2003 Mozambique DHS; (c) estimates derived from the 2002-2003 Inquérito de Agregados Familiares; and (d) official estimates for years from 2000 to 2002.

Infant and child mortality: Infant and child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1970, 1980, 1997 and 2007 census; (b) maternity-history data from the 1997, 2003 and 2011 Mozambique DHS (direct and indirect estimates), the 1995 and 2009 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey, and the 2009 AIDS Indicator Survey; and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (d) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and implied relationships between life expectancy at birth and estimates of infant and child mortality and between life expectancy at birth and estimates of adult mortality (45q15). The adjusted estimates of \(45 q 15\) were derived from (a) household deaths data (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods) from the 1997 and 2007 censuses; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1997 and 2003 DHS and 1997 and 2007 censuses; (c) siblings deaths from the 1997 and 2003 DHS; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for the period of 1997-2007; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, data on migration of workers to South Africa and on the results of the 1997 and 2007 censuses regarding persons residing abroad five years before the enumeration.

\section*{Myanmar}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 51931
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 77
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 26.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.5
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 68.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 5.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.07
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 69
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 64.2

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

MYANMAR


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Myanmar}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 17527 & 27166 & 42123 & 48453 & 50181 & 51931 & 54164 & 56125 & 58698 & 58645 & 52796 & 47413 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 26 & 40 & 62 & 72 & 74 & 77 & 80 & 83 & 87 & 87 & 78 & 70 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 22.4 & 18.6 & 20.8 & 24.0 & 25.8 & 27.8 & 29.8 & 31.7 & 35.2 & 40.1 & 42.2 & 42.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 62.2 & 85.4 & 72.1 & 55.0 & 49.3 & 45.3 & 42.1 & 41.6 & 41.5 & 49.2 & 56.5 & 61.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 56.8 & 78.6 & 64.8 & 47.6 & 41.9 & 37.9 & 34.4 & 32.4 & 28.5 & 25.8 & 26.0 & 27.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 5.4 & 6.8 & 7.2 & 7.3 & 7.4 & 7.4 & 7.7 & 9.3 & 12.9 & 23.4 & 30.5 & 34.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.9 & 2.5 & 1.8 & 1.3 & 0.7 & 0.7 & 0.8 & 0.7 & 0.4 & -0.2 & -0.5 & -0.4 \\
\hline 19.1 & 24.6 & 18.4 & 13.3 & 11.1 & 10.0 & 8.8 & 7.3 & 3.8 & -1.7 & -4.8 & -3.9 \\
\hline 37 & 29 & 39 & 52 & 99 & 101 & 83 & 98 & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 28.3 & 16.3 & 10.7 & 9.1 & 8.6 & 8.5 & 8.5 & 8.7 & 9.8 & 13.3 & 15.8 & 14.9 \\
\hline 214 & 124 & 81 & 65 & 58 & 53 & 49 & 45 & 39 & 29 & 20 & 13 \\
\hline 318 & 182 & 114 & 89 & 78 & 69 & 63 & 58 & 49 & 35 & 24 & 15 \\
\hline 535 & 378 & 289 & 252 & 235 & 220 & 210 & 201 & 185 & 155 & 121 & 88 \\
\hline 36.1 & 49.6 & 57.8 & 61.3 & 62.8 & 64.2 & 65.1 & 65.9 & 67.4 & 70.1 & 73.1 & 76.3 \\
\hline 33.1 & 47.1 & 55.6 & 59.2 & 60.8 & 62.1 & 63.0 & 63.8 & 65.2 & 67.7 & 70.5 & 73.9 \\
\hline 39.3 & 52.3 & 60.1 & 63.4 & 64.9 & 66.2 & 67.1 & 68.0 & 69.6 & 72.5 & 75.7 & 78.6 \\
\hline 40.2 & 47.2 & 51.3 & 53.1 & 53.9 & 54.6 & 55.1 & 55.5 & 56.4 & 58.0 & 60.1 & 62.6 \\
\hline 9.8 & 11.5 & 12.4 & 12.8 & 12.9 & 13.1 & 13.2 & 13.3 & 13.5 & 14.1 & 15.0 & 16.5 \\
\hline 47.3 & 40.9 & 29.1 & 22.4 & 19.7 & 18.5 & 17.3 & 16.0 & 13.5 & 11.6 & 11.0 & 11.0 \\
\hline 6.00 & 6.10 & 3.80 & 2.65 & 2.25 & 2.07 & 1.95 & 1.86 & 1.74 & 1.71 & 1.78 & 1.83 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.74 & 2.25 & 1.56 & 1.14 & 0.98 & 0.92 & 0.87 & 0.84 & 0.80 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.6 & 29.6 & 30.3 & 30.3 & 30.4 & 30.5 & 30.6 & 30.8 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 4355 & 5228 & 5871 & 5246 & 4855 & 4711 & 4598 & 4419 & 3934 & 3425 & 2938 & 2640 \\
\hline 2601 & 2085 & 2158 & 2126 & 2127 & 2160 & 2265 & 2409 & 2837 & 3921 & 4219 & 3564 \\
\hline 1755 & 3142 & 3714 & 3119 & 2728 & 2550 & 2333 & 2010 & 1098 & -497 & -1281 & -924 \\
\hline 0 & 0 & - 137 & 4 & - 1000 & -800 & - 100 & - 50 & - 50 & - 50 & -25 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.0 & -0.7 & 0.0 & -4.1 & -3.1 & -0.4 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(\qquad\)

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
d The population doubling time corresponds to the number of years required for the total population to double in size if the annual rate of population change would remain constant. Doubling time is computed only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Myanmar}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1973 and 1983 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Population estimate from the 1991 Myanmar Population Change and Fertility Survey and official population estimates for various years up to 2010 were also considered.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on the number of births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1983 census; (b) maternity-history data from the 1991 Population Change and Fertility Survey, and the 1997, 2001 and 2007 Fertility and Reproductive Health Surveys; (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1973 and 1983 censuses, the 1991 Population Change and Fertility Survey, the 2000 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), the 2001 Fertility and Reproductive Health Survey, the 2003 World Health Survey, the 2009-10 MICS; and (d) 2004-2009 official estimates.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1991 Myanmar Population Change and Fertility Survey, the 1997, 2001, and 2007 Fertility and Reproductive Health Surveys, the 1999 National Mortality Survey, the 2002-03 Overall and Cause-Specific Under-Five Mortality Survey and the 2009-10 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the Coale \& Demeny West model life table) from the 1983 census, the 1991 Population Change and Fertility Survey, the 1997, 2001, 2007 Fertility Reproductive Health Survey, and the 2009-10 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Official estimates of life expectancy at birth by sex from the 1991 Myanmar Population Change and Fertility Survey were also considered.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and assumed trends in labour migration. Registration data of Burmese from Thailand statistical office taken into account.

\section*{Namibia}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Namibia


Namibia
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 485 & 780 & 1415 & 1898 & 2027 & 2179 & 2392 & 2609 & 3042 & 3744 & 4235 & 4263 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 5 & 5 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 20.9 & 18.4 & 17.8 & 19.5 & 19.6 & 20.3 & 21.8 & 23.3 & 26.0 & 31.6 & 38.4 & 42.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 75.0 & 87.6 & 88.7 & 77.8 & 75.9 & 69.9 & 62.9 & 58.6 & 53.7 & 46.4 & 53.1 & 62.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 67.8 & 80.9 & 82.3 & 72.0 & 70.0 & 64.0 & 57.0 & 52.4 & 46.1 & 34.1 & 28.6 & 27.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.2 & 6.7 & 6.4 & 5.9 & 5.9 & 5.9 & 5.9 & 6.2 & 7.6 & 12.3 & 24.5 & 35.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male expectancy at
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\) s) ................

Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.0 & 2.7 & 4.2 & 2.8 & 1.3 & 1.5 & 1.9 & 1.7 & 1.5 & 0.9 & 0.3 & -0.1 \\
\hline 20.4 & 27.0 & 29.8 & 23.5 & 18.3 & 19.2 & 19.0 & 17.6 & 14.5 & 8.5 & 2.6 & -1.0 \\
\hline 34 & 26 & 17 & 26 & 53 & 48 & 37 & 40 & 48 & 82 & - & - \\
\hline 22.9 & 15.4 & 9.3 & 9.7 & 12.1 & 8.9 & 7.2 & 7.1 & 7.0 & 7.5 & 9.8 & 11.9 \\
\hline 172 & 115 & 67 & 58 & 57 & 43 & 34 & 29 & 22 & 16 & 10 & 8 \\
\hline 257 & 168 & 92 & 75 & 75 & 56 & 42 & 36 & 26 & 18 & 12 & 9 \\
\hline 466 & 361 & 263 & 372 & 506 & 364 & 286 & 283 & 257 & 180 & 114 & 79 \\
\hline 41.8 & 51.2 & 60.7 & 58.4 & 53.4 & 60.1 & 64.3 & 65.3 & 67.5 & 71.9 & 76.4 & 79.4 \\
\hline 39.5 & 49.2 & 58.1 & 56.2 & 51.4 & 57.2 & 61.6 & 62.8 & 65.2 & 69.8 & 74.2 & 77.3 \\
\hline 44.1 & 53.2 & 63.2 & 60.5 & 55.4 & 62.9 & 67.0 & 67.6 & 69.6 & 73.8 & 78.5 & 81.5 \\
\hline 43.3 & 48.0 & 52.7 & 48.7 & 43.3 & 49.3 & 52.8 & 53.2 & 54.6 & 58.4 & 62.4 & 65.3 \\
\hline 10.5 & 11.7 & 12.7 & 13.0 & 12.9 & 13.5 & 13.8 & 14.1 & 14.6 & 15.8 & 17.4 & 18.9 \\
\hline 43.4 & 42.4 & 39.1 & 33.1 & 30.4 & 28.1 & 26.2 & 24.7 & 21.5 & 16.0 & 12.4 & 11.0 \\
\hline 6.00 & 6.30 & 5.55 & 4.29 & 3.81 & 3.40 & 3.08 & 2.83 & 2.47 & 2.03 & 1.84 & 1.83 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.91 & 2.35 & 2.37 & 1.82 & 1.57 & 1.50 & 1.41 & 1.30 & 1.16 & 0.97 & 0.89 & 0.88 \\
\hline 30.2 & 30.2 & 30.2 & 30.2 & 29.6 & 28.9 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 111 & 155 & 251 & 294 & 298 & 295 & 299 & 309 & 316 & 294 & 260 & 234 \\
\hline 59 & 56 & 60 & 86 & 119 & 93 & 83 & 89 & 103 & 138 & 206 & 255 \\
\hline 52 & 99 & 191 & 208 & 179 & 202 & 217 & 220 & 213 & 155 & 54 & -20 \\
\hline 0 & -1 & 75 & 36 & - 50 & - 50 & -3 & -3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & -0.2 & 11.7 & 4.0 & -5.1 & -4.8 & -0.3 & -0.3 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
\(\square\)

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Namibia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on maternity-history data from the 1992, 2000 and 2006-2007 Namibia Demographic Health Surveys. Official total fertility estimates from Statistics Namibia derived from the 1991 and 2001 censuses were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) official estimates from Statistics Namibia derived from the 2001 census; (b) data on children ever born and surviving and maternity-history data from the 1992, 2000 and 2006-2007 Namibia DHS; and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Official estimates from Statistics Namibia were also considered. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and assumed immigration levels.

\section*{Nepal}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Nepal

\(\qquad\)


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 8140 & 11559 & 18111 & 23184 & 25292 & 26846 & 28441 & 30001 & 32853 & 36479 & 37151 & 34410 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 55 & 79 & 123 & 158 & 172 & 182 & 193 & 204 & 223 & 248 & 252 & 234 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.9 & 19.6 & 18.8 & 19.6 & 20.2 & 21.3 & 23.1 & 25.0 & 29.4 & 38.2 & 45.1 & 46.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 71.3 & 78.3 & 84.2 & 79.1 & 78.1 & 72.5 & 62.0 & 53.7 & 47.7 & 46.4 & 70.4 & 77.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 68.0 & 72.8 & 77.8 & 72.4 & 70.3 & 64.0 & 53.4 & 44.6 & 36.6 & 27.9 & 27.2 & 27.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 3.3 & 5.5 & 6.4 & 6.7 & 7.8 & 8.5 & 8.6 & 9.2 & 11.1 & 18.5 & 43.3 & 50.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\) 1.6

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life
\(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
1.6
16.
4
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.6 & 2.0 & 2.3 & 2.4 & 1.7 & 1.2 & 1.2 & 1.1 & 0.9 & 0.3 & -0.1 \\
\hline 16.5 & 20.7 & 25.5 & 25.0 & 22.7 & 18.3 & 14.4 & 13.3 & 10.6 & 5.0 & -0.3 \\
\hline 45 & 34 & 30 & 30 & 40 & 58 & 60 & 65 & 82 & - & - \\
\hline 26.1 & 22.0 & 13.7 & 9.4 & 8.2 & 7.3 & 6.7 & 6.4 & 6.3 & 7.4 & 10.7 \\
\hline 217 & 173 & 104 & 68 & 55 & 45 & 35 & 28 & 19 & 12 & 8 \\
\hline 323 & 259 & 151 & 94 & 73 & 57 & 44 & 34 & 22 & 14 & 10 \\
\hline 543 & 470 & 341 & 260 & 228 & 201 & 176 & 153 & 117 & 75 & 46 \\
\hline 35.4 & 41.5 & 53.1 & 60.5 & 63.5 & 65.9 & 68.2 & 70.1 & 73.2 & 77.5 & 81.7 \\
\hline 36.0 & 41.4 & 52.7 & 59.7 & 62.5 & 64.9 & 67.1 & 69.0 & 71.8 & 76.0 & 80.9 \\
\hline 34.8 & 41.6 & 53.4 & 61.3 & 64.4 & 67.0 & 69.3 & 71.4 & 74.5 & 78.7 & 82.4 \\
\hline 39.8 & 43.1 & 48.9 & 52.7 & 54.2 & 55.5 & 56.8 & 58.0 & 60.1 & 63.7 & 67.6 \\
\hline 9.6 & 10.4 & 11.8 & 12.6 & 13.0 & 13.3 & 13.6 & 14.0 & 14.9 & 17.1 & 19.9 \\
\hline 42.7 & 42.6 & 39.2 & 34.4 & 30.8 & 25.7 & 21.1 & 19.7 & 16.9 & 12.5 & 10.4 \\
\hline 5.99 & 5.99 & 5.33 & 4.41 & 3.70 & 2.99 & 2.32 & 2.11 & 1.86 & 1.71 & 1.75 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 107 & 107 & 105 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 \\
\hline 1.54 & 1.80 & 2.01 & 1.83 & 1.59 & 1.33 & 1.05 & 0.97 & 0.87 & 0.81 & 0.84 \\
\hline 30.2 & 30.0 & 28.2 & 27.2 & 26.7 & 26.2 & 26.0 & 26.9 & 28.7 & 30.9 & 32.4 \\
\hline 807 & 2345 & 3359 & 3763 & 3736 & 3343 & 2920 & 2873 & 2724 & 2251 & 1942 \\
\hline 107 & 1209 & 1175 & 1033 & 990 & 952 & 925 & 938 & 1014 & 1340 & 1996 \\
\hline 700 & 1137 & 2184 & 2730 & 2746 & 2391 & 1995 & 1935 & 1710 & 911 & - 54 \\
\hline -41 & -21 & - 216 & - 133 & -638 & - 837 & - 401 & - 375 & - 350 & - 300 & - 150 \\
\hline -1.0 & -0.4 & -2.5 & -1.2 & -5.3 & -6.4 & -2.9 & -2.6 & -2.2 & -1.7 & -0.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age chi
hs and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousads) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................................

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
1.0

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Nepal}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1954, 1961,1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1976 Nepal Fertility Survey, the 1986-1987 Nepal DHS, the 1991 Nepal Fertility, Family Planning and Health Survey, the 1996 Nepal Family Health Survey, and the 2001, 2006 and 2011 Nepal DHS, adjusted for underreporting; and (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses, the 1974-1975, 1976 and 1986-1987 Demographic Sample Survey, the 1981 Contraceptive Prevalence Survey and the 1995-1996, 2003-04 and 2010-11 Nepal Living Standards Surveys.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables, and are consistent with national and UNICEF estimates. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1976 Nepal Fertility Survey, the 1991 Nepal Fertility, Family Planning and Health Survey, the 1996 Nepal Family Health Survey, and the 2001 and 2006 Nepal DHS; and (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Life Tables) from these surveys and from the 1971, 1981 and 1991 censuses, the 1981 Contraceptive Prevalence Survey, and the 1985-1986 Fertility and Family Planning Survey.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on: (a) information on household members abroad gathered by the 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses, and (b) information on refugee flows to and from the country.

\section*{Netherlands}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Netherlands

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 10027 & 12958 & 14890 & 15860 & 16302 & 16615 & 16844 & 17033 & 17269 & 16919 & 16349 & 15964 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 241 & 312 & 359 & 382 & 393 & 400 & 406 & 410 & 416 & 407 & 394 & 384 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 28.0 & 28.6 & 34.4 & 37.3 & 38.9 & 40.8 & 42.4 & 43.6 & 44.6 & 45.7 & 45.9 & 47.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................. & 58.5 & 60.0 & 45.0 & 47.3 & 48.1 & 49.1 & 53.6 & 56.6 & 68.0 & 74.6 & 78.6 & 83.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 46.3 & 43.8 & 26.4 & 27.4 & 27.3 & 26.1 & 25.8 & 25.1 & 26.7 & 27.2 & 28.1 & 28.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 12.2 & 16.2 & 18.5 & 20.0 & 20.8 & 23.0 & 27.8 & 31.5 & 41.4 & 47.4 & 50.5 & 55.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
1)......
males) .........

Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females). ...............
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (year
............ \(\qquad\)
1.3
14.5
55
1.2
11.0
59
0.6
0.6
3.7
123
0.6
0.4
0.3
0.2
-0.1
1 -0. \(-0.1\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)
7.5
8.1
8.5
8.8
8.7
8.2
8.6
9.0
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
10.2 & 12.6 & 11.3 & 11.1 \\
3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
3 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\
50 & 37 & 25 & 16 \\
82.9 & 85.2 & 88.0 & 90.6 \\
81.1 & 83.4 & 86.2 & 88.9 \\
84.7 & 87.0 & 89.7 & 92.4 \\
68.2 & 70.5 & 73.1 & 75.8 \\
20.7 & 22.4 & 24.5 & 26.7 \\
& & & \\
10.6 & 10.1 & 10.3 & 10.1 \\
1.83 & 1.86 & 1.89 & 1.90 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.89 & 0.91 & 0.92 & 0.92 \\
31.4 & 32.0 & 32.5 & 32.8 \\
& & & \\
913 & 858 & 840 & 805 \\
875 & 1072 & 927 & 886 \\
38 & -213 & -87 & -81 \\
& & & \\
50 & 50 & 25 & 0 \\
0.6 & 0.6 & 0.3 & 0.0 \\
& & &
\end{tabular}

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(\square\)
85
5
68
4
63
63
80.9
\[
\begin{array}{r}
1 \\
16
\end{array}
\]

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Netherlands}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates through 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy derived from registered deaths through 2009. The age pattern of mortality is based on official life tables for 1950 to 2009.

International migration: Based on official data on international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

New Caledonia


\section*{New Caledonia}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 65 & 105 & 169 & 210 & 229 & 246 & 263 & 280 & 312 & 364 & 401 & 403 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 3 & 6 & 9 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 17 & 20 & 22 & 22 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 22.5 & 21.6 & 24.1 & 27.2 & 29.1 & 32.4 & 33.1 & 33.9 & 36.5 & 40.6 & 44.5 & 47.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ..................................... & 67.4 & 70.1 & 58.4 & 52.9 & 51.0 & 49.3 & 47.9 & 48.1 & 51.6 & 57.3 & 69.2 & 80.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 61.0 & 64.1 & 50.5 & 43.8 & 40.6 & 35.1 & 32.9 & 31.8 & 30.3 & 27.4 & 27.0 & 27.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.4 & 6.1 & 7.9 & 9.1 & 10.4 & 14.2 & 15.0 & 16.4 & 21.3 & 29.9 & 42.2 & 52.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.9 & 2.8 & 1.8 & 2.1 & 1.7 & 1.5 & 1.3 & 1.2 & 1.0 & 0.7 & 0.2 & -0.1 \\
\hline 19.3 & 25.9 & 17.5 & 15.3 & 12.7 & 11.3 & 8.7 & 8.0 & 6.6 & 3.3 & 0.9 & -0.9 \\
\hline 79 & 25 & 39 & 34 & 41 & 47 & 53 & 57 & 68 & 107 & - & - \\
\hline 15.6 & 9.6 & 6.1 & 5.5 & 5.6 & 5.9 & 6.9 & 6.9 & 7.0 & 8.4 & 9.7 & 10.9 \\
\hline 117 & 66 & 29 & 20 & 17 & 15 & 13 & 11 & 9 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 171 & 89 & 35 & 24 & 20 & 18 & 15 & 13 & 10 & 7 & 5 & 3 \\
\hline 368 & 257 & 158 & 124 & 111 & 99 & 88 & 79 & 62 & 41 & 27 & 18 \\
\hline 50.7 & 61.0 & 69.9 & 72.8 & 74.1 & 75.2 & 76.2 & 77.3 & 79.5 & 82.9 & 86.0 & 88.9 \\
\hline 49.6 & 59.1 & 67.3 & 70.1 & 71.3 & 72.4 & 73.6 & 74.7 & 77.1 & 80.8 & 84.1 & 86.9 \\
\hline 52.1 & 63.3 & 72.9 & 76.0 & 77.2 & 78.3 & 79.3 & 80.2 & 81.9 & 84.8 & 88.0 & 90.9 \\
\hline 47.7 & 52.9 & 57.8 & 59.9 & 60.8 & 61.6 & 62.5 & 63.5 & 65.4 & 68.5 & 71.5 & 74.2 \\
\hline 11.6 & 12.7 & 14.0 & 14.9 & 15.4 & 15.9 & 16.4 & 17.0 & 18.3 & 20.6 & 23.0 & 25.3 \\
\hline 34.9 & 35.5 & 23.6 & 20.8 & 18.3 & 17.2 & 15.7 & 15.0 & 13.6 & 11.8 & 10.6 & 10.0 \\
\hline 5.22 & 5.21 & 3.02 & 2.58 & 2.26 & 2.24 & 2.13 & 2.04 & 1.92 & 1.84 & 1.85 & 1.87 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.89 & 2.22 & 1.42 & 1.22 & 1.07 & 1.07 & 1.02 & 0.98 & 0.92 & 0.89 & 0.89 & 0.91 \\
\hline 30.5 & 29.1 & 28.0 & 29.6 & 28.8 & 29.3 & 29.7 & 29.9 & 30.3 & 30.9 & 31.3 & 31.6 \\
\hline 12 & 17 & 19 & 21 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 21 & 21 & 21 & 20 \\
\hline 5 & 5 & 5 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 9 & 9 & 11 & 15 & 19 & 22 \\
\hline 6 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 14 & 13 & 11 & 11 & 10 & 6 & 2 & -2 \\
\hline - 3 & 1 & 0 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 3 & 0 \\
\hline -10.5 & 2.3 & 0.6 & 5.6 & 4.4 & 3.6 & 4.4 & 4.2 & 3.7 & 3.2 & 1.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population.
\(\qquad\)
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(-10.5\)
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{New Caledonia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2009 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life tables for 1981, 2001, 2006 and 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life tables for 1981, 2001, 2006 and 2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2009.

New Zealand


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

New Zealand


\section*{New Zealand}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1908 & 2820 & 3398 & 3858 & 4134 & 4368 & 4596 & 4814 & 5208 & 5778 & 6165 & 6187 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 7 & 10 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 & 21 & 23 & 23 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 29.4 & 25.6 & 31.1 & 34.3 & 35.5 & 36.6 & 37.3 & 37.9 & 39.8 & 42.3 & 45.5 & 48.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ..................................... & 61.4 & 67.3 & 52.3 & 52.7 & 50.5 & 50.4 & 53.3 & 56.5 & 63.0 & 66.7 & 74.2 & 84.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 47.0 & 53.1 & 35.4 & 34.7 & 32.4 & 30.8 & 30.8 & 31.1 & 30.2 & 28.4 & 27.3 & 27.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 14.5 & 14.2 & 16.9 & 18.0 & 18.1 & 19.6 & 22.5 & 25.4 & 32.8 & 38.3 & 47.0 & 57.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at bith
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..
 ................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 1.4 & 0.8 & 1.0 & 1.4 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0.9 & 0.7 & 0.4 & 0.2 \\
\hline 16.4 & 14.3 & 8.3 & 7.5 & 7.1 & 8.1 & 6.8 & 6.1 & 4.4 & 1.6 & 0.5 \\
\hline 31 & 50 & 90 & 72 & 51 & 63 & 68 & 75 & 95 & - & - \\
\hline 9.2 & 8.5 & 8.3 & 7.5 & 7.1 & 6.9 & 7.0 & 7.2 & 7.8 & 9.6 & 9.8 \\
\hline 27 & 18 & 11 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline 34 & 22 & 13 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 167 & 157 & 125 & 97 & 82 & 75 & 69 & 63 & 54 & 39 & 26 \\
\hline 69.7 & 71.3 & 74.3 & 77.4 & 79.0 & 80.2 & 81.0 & 81.8 & 83.1 & 85.6 & 88.6 \\
\hline 67.6 & 68.3 & 71.3 & 74.8 & 76.7 & 78.2 & 79.1 & 80.0 & 81.4 & 83.9 & 86.8 \\
\hline 72.0 & 74.5 & 77.4 & 80.0 & 81.3 & 82.2 & 82.9 & 83.6 & 84.8 & 87.3 & 90.2 \\
\hline 57.5 & 58.1 & 60.5 & 63.2 & 64.7 & 65.8 & 66.6 & 67.3 & 68.5 & 70.9 & 73.8 \\
\hline 14.1 & 14.4 & 15.9 & 17.7 & 18.5 & 19.4 & 19.9 & 20.4 & 21.3 & 23.0 & 25.2 \\
\hline 25.6 & 22.7 & 16.6 & 14.9 & 14.2 & 14.9 & 13.8 & 13.3 & 12.2 & 11.3 & 10.3 \\
\hline 3.69 & 3.35 & 2.03 & 1.95 & 1.95 & 2.14 & 2.05 & 1.99 & 1.90 & 1.83 & 1.84 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 105 & 106 & 105 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.71 & 1.58 & 0.97 & 0.93 & 0.94 & 1.03 & 0.99 & 0.96 & 0.92 & 0.89 & 0.89 \\
\hline 27.4 & 26.8 & 27.6 & 28.8 & 29.4 & 29.6 & 29.8 & 30.2 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 258 & 309 & 277 & 281 & 283 & 317 & 310 & 312 & 312 & 322 & 316 \\
\hline 93 & 115 & 138 & 141 & 142 & 146 & 157 & 169 & 200 & 275 & 299 \\
\hline 166 & 194 & 139 & 140 & 141 & 172 & 153 & 143 & 112 & 47 & 17 \\
\hline 62 & -3 & -9 & 43 & 135 & 62 & 75 & 75 & 75 & 75 & 38 \\
\hline 6.2 & -0.2 & -0.6 & 2.3 & 6.7 & 2.9 & 3.4 & 3.2 & 2.9 & 2.6 & 1.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{New Zealand}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2013.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2009. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2008 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2013.

\section*{Nicaragua}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 5822
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 45
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 34.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.4
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 60.9
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.75
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 26
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 72.9
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

NICARAGUA


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS, The Times Atlas of the World.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Nicaragua

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1295 & 2400 & 4138 & 5101 & 5455 & 5822 & 6257 & 6666 & 7391 & 8355 & 8514 & 7902 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 10 & 18 & 32 & 39 & 42 & 45 & 48 & 51 & 57 & 64 & 65 & 61 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 18.3 & 15.8 & 16.8 & 18.8 & 20.4 & 22.0 & 23.8 & 25.8 & 29.8 & 38.0 & 46.5 & 49.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 84.5 & 102.6 & 96.6 & 80.5 & 72.1 & 64.2 & 58.0 & 55.4 & 50.8 & 53.1 & 72.7 & 86.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 79.4 & 97.5 & 90.4 & 73.9 & 65.0 & 56.7 & 50.4 & 46.5 & 38.5 & 29.1 & 25.9 & 26.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.2 & 5.1 & 6.2 & 6.7 & 7.1 & 7.5 & 7.6 & 8.9 & 12.3 & 24.1 & 46.8 & 60.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).


Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
3
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3.0 & 3.0 & 2.2 & 1.8 & 1.3 & 1.3 & 1.4 & 1.3 & 1.0 & 0.4 & -0.1 & -0.3 \\
\hline 31.9 & 31.9 & 29.8 & 24.6 & 21.3 & 20.1 & 18.4 & 16.4 & 12.6 & 6.4 & -0.1 & -3.4 \\
\hline 23 & 23 & 32 & 39 & 52 & 54 & 49 & 55 & 71 & - & - & - \\
\hline 23.0 & 14.4 & 8.4 & 5.6 & 5.0 & 4.7 & 4.6 & 4.5 & 4.6 & 6.1 & 9.9 & 12.5 \\
\hline 172 & 114 & 65 & 34 & 26 & 22 & 17 & 13 & 9 & 5 & 4 & \\
\hline 254 & 174 & 90 & 44 & 32 & 26 & 20 & 16 & 11 & 7 & 4 & \\
\hline 456 & 334 & 236 & 207 & 191 & 169 & 155 & 140 & 113 & 75 & 48 & 31 \\
\hline 42.3 & 52.0 & 62.2 & 68.4 & 70.9 & 72.9 & 74.7 & 76.2 & 78.9 & 82.9 & 86.1 & 88.8 \\
\hline 40.9 & 50.5 & 59.0 & 65.9 & 68.0 & 69.9 & 71.6 & 73.3 & 76.3 & 80.7 & 84.1 & 86.8 \\
\hline 43.7 & 53.4 & 65.5 & 71.1 & 73.8 & 76.0 & 77.7 & 79.2 & 81.5 & 84.9 & 88.2 & 90.9 \\
\hline 43.7 & 49.3 & 54.2 & 57.0 & 58.6 & 60.2 & 61.5 & 62.7 & 65.0 & 68.5 & 71.6 & 74.2 \\
\hline 10.6 & 12.5 & 14.0 & 15.7 & 17.0 & 17.8 & 18.6 & 19.2 & 20.4 & 22.4 & 24.2 & 25.9 \\
\hline 54.9 & 46.3 & 38.2 & 30.1 & 26.3 & 24.9 & 22.9 & 20.9 & 17.1 & 12.5 & 9.7 & 9.1 \\
\hline 7.20 & 6.95 & 5.00 & 3.60 & 3.00 & 2.75 & 2.52 & 2.33 & 2.08 & 1.82 & 1.78 & 1.82 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.27 & 2.56 & 2.15 & 1.65 & 1.39 & 1.29 & 1.19 & 1.11 & 0.99 & 0.88 & 0.86 & 0.88 \\
\hline 28.9 & 28.7 & 27.5 & 26.9 & 26.7 & 26.6 & 26.6 & 26.7 & 26.7 & 26.8 & 27.0 & 27.1 \\
\hline 385 & 517 & 749 & 735 & 693 & 701 & 692 & 674 & 617 & 516 & 416 & 362 \\
\hline 161 & 161 & 166 & 136 & 132 & 134 & 138 & 145 & 165 & 250 & 420 & 497 \\
\hline 224 & 356 & 584 & 599 & 561 & 567 & 554 & 529 & 453 & 265 & -5 & -135 \\
\hline - 11 & -19 & - 156 & - 158 & - 206 & - 200 & - 120 & - 120 & - 100 & - 100 & - 50 & \\
\hline -1.5 & -1.7 & -7.9 & -6.5 & -7.8 & -7.1 & -4.0 & -3.7 & -2.8 & -2.4 & -1.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age chil
hs and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of death (thousad) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
\(\mathrm{b} \quad\) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Nicaragua}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1963, 1971, 1995 and 2005 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1971, 1995, and 2005 censuses; (b) registered births by age of mother through 2008 and underlying female population by age; (c) maternity-history data from the 1998, 2001 and 2006-07 Encuesta Nicaraguense de Demografía y Salud (ENDESA/DHS); (d) estimate from the 1985 National Socio-Demographic Survey; (e) estimates from Epema, Elsbeth J.: "Fertility and Marriage in Nicaragua." Analysis of repeated ESDENIC visit survey 1976-1978. CELADE, San Jose, Costa Rica, September 1983 (Unpublished thesis for academic title); and (f) estimates from surveys including the 1992-1993 Nicaragua Family Health Survey, PROFAMILIA-CDC (Centers for Disease Control) and the 1993 National Household Survey on Living Standards Measurement (National Institute of Statistics and Census)
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2008; (b) estimates from the 1953, 1963, 1971, 1995, and 2005 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1998, 2001 and 2006-07 Nicaragua DHS (ENDESA); (d) estimates from the 1985 National Socio-Demographic Survey; (e) estimates from the 1978 National Demographic Survey; (f) estimates from surveys including the 1992-1993 Nicaragua Family Health Survey, PROFAMILIA-CDC (Centers for Disease Control) and the 1993 National Household Survey on Living Standards Measurement (National Institute of Statistics and Census); and (g) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex and underlying population by age and sex through 2008; (b) estimates from the 1953, 1963, 1971, 1995, and 2005 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1978 National Demographic Survey; and (d) estimates from surveys including the 1992-1993 Nicaragua Family Health Survey, PROFAMILIA-CDC (Centers for Disease Control) and the 1993 National Household Survey on Living Standards Measurement (National Institute of Statistics and Census).
International migration: Based on border statistics, the 2005 census and other administrative statistics of Nicaragua, and from the number and characteristics of persons born in Nicaragua and enumerated by the 1988 and 2001 censuses of Honduras and the 19902000 and 2010 censuses of the United States of America and the 2000 census of Costa Rica and on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during each intercensal period.
\[
2010
\]
Total population (thousands) ..... 15894
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 13
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 49.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 17.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 47.6
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 7.58
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 149
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 55.6

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS,
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Nov 2011.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Niger






Niger
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 2560 & 4413 & 7754 & 10990 & 13184 & 15894 & 19268 & 23422 & 34513 & 69410 & 133861 & 203781 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 2 & 3 & 6 & 9 & 10 & 13 & 15 & 18 & 27 & 55 & 106 & 161 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 15.3 & 16.1 & 16.2 & 16.1 & 15.5 & 15.1 & 15.0 & 15.0 & 15.2 & 17.5 & 22.4 & 28.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 101.6 & 97.7 & 100.6 & 101.9 & 106.3 & 110.1 & 111.6 & 111.5 & 109.0 & 88.4 & 64.4 & 53.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 99.7 & 94.5 & 95.8 & 96.8 & 101.1 & 104.7 & 106.0 & 106.0 & 103.4 & 83.6 & 58.0 & 42.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 1.9 & 3.2 & 4.8 & 5.1 & 5.2 & 5.4 & 5.5 & 5.4 & 5.6 & 4.8 & 6.4 & 11.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2.7

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.7 & 2.8 & 2.9 & 3.6 & 3.6 & 3.7 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 3.8 & 3.2 & 2.2 & 1.3 \\
\hline 26.6 & 28.5 & 31.6 & 35.7 & 36.8 & 37.7 & 38.7 & 39.2 & 38.5 & 32.4 & 22.2 & 13.4 \\
\hline 26 & 25 & 24 & 19 & 19 & 19 & 18 & 18 & 18 & 22 & 32 & 52 \\
\hline 27.8 & 28.1 & 23.5 & 18.3 & 15.3 & 12.7 & 11.1 & 9.6 & 7.3 & 5.0 & 4.7 & 6.1 \\
\hline 162 & 156 & 139 & 103 & 82 & 64 & 54 & 45 & 33 & 21 & 15 & 13 \\
\hline 325 & 324 & 319 & 242 & 191 & 149 & 127 & 106 & 75 & 44 & 29 & 22 \\
\hline 511 & 485 & 320 & 286 & 281 & 270 & 248 & 228 & 192 & 160 & 138 & 121 \\
\hline 35.0 & 36.0 & 42.7 & 48.9 & 52.4 & 55.6 & 58.1 & 60.5 & 64.4 & 68.6 & 71.2 & 73.3 \\
\hline 35.0 & 36.0 & 42.5 & 48.9 & 52.5 & 55.6 & 58.0 & 60.3 & 63.9 & 67.7 & 70.0 & 71.7 \\
\hline 34.9 & 36.1 & 42.9 & 49.0 & 52.4 & 55.8 & 58.4 & 60.8 & 64.9 & 69.5 & 72.5 & 74.9 \\
\hline 40.0 & 41.2 & 49.1 & 50.7 & 51.0 & 51.6 & 52.6 & 53.6 & 55.3 & 57.2 & 58.7 & 60.2 \\
\hline 8.7 & 9.0 & 11.2 & 11.7 & 11.8 & 12.0 & 12.1 & 12.4 & 12.8 & 13.5 & 14.3 & 15.2 \\
\hline 54.5 & 56.6 & 55.1 & 54.0 & 52.1 & 50.4 & 49.8 & 48.8 & 45.8 & 37.4 & 26.9 & 19.5 \\
\hline 6.89 & 7.32 & 7.76 & 7.77 & 7.67 & 7.58 & 7.58 & 7.41 & 6.78 & 5.03 & 3.36 & 2.51 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.78 & 1.92 & 2.30 & 2.61 & 2.76 & 2.89 & 3.00 & 3.04 & 2.92 & 2.28 & 1.56 & 1.18 \\
\hline 28.8 & 29.1 & 29.1 & 29.1 & 29.1 & 29.1 & 29.1 & 29.1 & 29.0 & 28.7 & 28.4 & 28.3 \\
\hline 748 & 1167 & 1991 & 2723 & 3149 & 3664 & 4378 & 5206 & 7211 & 12004 & 17073 & 19236 \\
\hline 382 & 579 & 850 & 924 & 927 & 926 & 975 & 1024 & 1147 & 1603 & 2977 & 6022 \\
\hline 366 & 588 & 1141 & 1799 & 2222 & 2738 & 3403 & 4182 & 6064 & 10401 & 14097 & 13215 \\
\hline 5 & - 12 & -92 & 24 & -29 & -29 & -29 & -29 & -29 & -29 & - 14 & 0 \\
\hline 0.4 & -0.6 & -2.5 & 0.5 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of death (thousads) \(\qquad\)
\[
1167 \quad 1
\]

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration

Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) ...
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Niger}

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1977, 1988 and 2001 censuses (adjusted for underenumeration) as well as provisional totals from the 2012 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data adjusted for underreporting from the 1992 and 1998 DHS, as well as 2006 DHS-MICS3, and the 2012 DHS-MICS4 preliminary results ; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1959-1960 Demographic Survey, 1988 census, 2000 MICS2 survey, and 2001 census; (c) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses; (e) the own-children method applied to the 2001 census. Estimates based on the reverse survival method applied to the 2010 EMS were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1959-1960 Demographic Survey, 1988 and 2001 censuses; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1992 and 1998 DHS, 2006 DHS-MICS3, 2012 DHS-MICS4 preliminary results ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, as well as from the 1996 MICS and 2000 MICS2 surveys.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods) from the 1959-1960 Demographic Survey, 1977, 1988 and 2001 censuses; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1988 and 2011 Censuses, 1992 and 1998 DHS, 2006 DHS-MISC3 ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1992 DHS and 2006 DHS-MICS3 ; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for periods 1977-1988, and 1988-2001 ; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955, and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites and urban vital registration were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1988-2001 intercensal period.

\section*{Nigeria}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Nigeria

\(\qquad\)





Nigeria
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 37860 & 56132 & 95617 & 122877 & 139586 & 159708 & 183523 & 210159 & 273120 & 440355 & 690100 & 913834 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 41 & 61 & 104 & 133 & 151 & 173 & 199 & 228 & 296 & 477 & 747 & 989 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.1 & 18.7 & 17.5 & 18.0 & 18.1 & 17.9 & 17.7 & 17.8 & 18.6 & 21.4 & 26.6 & 32.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 80.9 & 83.1 & 91.4 & 86.2 & 86.2 & 87.8 & 89.1 & 88.0 & 81.4 & 69.1 & 55.0 & 51.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 75.5 & 78.0 & 85.9 & 81.0 & 81.1 & 82.7 & 83.9 & 82.9 & 76.2 & 62.7 & 45.8 & 35.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.4 & 5.2 & 5.5 & 5.2 & 5.1 & 5.1 & 5.1 & 5.1 & 5.1 & 6.4 & 9.3 & 16.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Ref natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.7 & 2.2 & 2.6 & 2.5 & 2.6 & 2.7 & 2.8 & 2.7 & 2.6 & 2.2 & 1.5 & 0.9 \\
\hline 16.5 & 22.3 & 26.3 & 25.2 & 25.7 & 27.3 & 28.1 & 27.4 & 26.2 & 22.2 & 15.3 & 8.7 \\
\hline 42 & 32 & 27 & 28 & 28 & 26 & 25 & 26 & 27 & 32 & 46 & 80 \\
\hline 29.6 & 23.4 & 18.5 & 17.9 & 17.0 & 14.9 & 13.4 & 12.0 & 9.7 & 6.9 & 6.0 & 7.3 \\
\hline 201 & 160 & 126 & 119 & 104 & 90 & 76 & 65 & 50 & 28 & 12 & 7 \\
\hline 336 & 269 & 213 & 200 & 172 & 142 & 122 & 106 & 81 & 44 & 17 & 11 \\
\hline 524 & 452 & 386 & 398 & 411 & 386 & 367 & 348 & 300 & 210 & 142 & 105 \\
\hline 34.0 & 40.2 & 46.2 & 46.3 & 47.3 & 50.2 & 52.3 & 54.3 & 58.2 & 65.4 & 71.7 & 75.6 \\
\hline 32.7 & 39.1 & 45.2 & 45.7 & 46.9 & 49.9 & 52.0 & 53.9 & 57.8 & 64.5 & 70.1 & 73.9 \\
\hline 35.4 & 41.4 & 47.2 & 47.0 & 47.8 & 50.5 & 52.6 & 54.6 & 58.7 & 66.4 & 73.3 & 77.4 \\
\hline 39.5 & 42.8 & 45.9 & 45.4 & 44.7 & 45.9 & 46.7 & 47.7 & 49.9 & 54.3 & 58.3 & 61.6 \\
\hline 8.6 & 9.5 & 10.4 & 10.3 & 10.1 & 10.4 & 10.6 & 10.9 & 11.4 & 12.5 & 14.0 & 16.2 \\
\hline 46.1 & 45.7 & 44.8 & 43.1 & 42.7 & 42.2 & 41.5 & 39.4 & 35.9 & 29.0 & 21.3 & 16.0 \\
\hline 6.35 & 6.35 & 6.60 & 6.17 & 6.05 & 6.00 & 6.00 & 5.73 & 5.10 & 3.79 & 2.71 & 2.18 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.64 & 1.88 & 2.19 & 2.05 & 2.05 & 2.13 & 2.21 & 2.17 & 2.06 & 1.68 & 1.27 & 1.04 \\
\hline 29.5 & 29.5 & 29.7 & 29.7 & 29.8 & 30.0 & 30.2 & 30.1 & 29.8 & 29.1 & 28.6 & 28.3 \\
\hline 9105 & 12155 & 20090 & 24919 & 28028 & 31543 & 35586 & 38735 & 46022 & 60597 & 70856 & 71455 \\
\hline 5846 & 6219 & 8283 & 10373 & 11149 & 11121 & 11471 & 11800 & 12476 & 14323 & 19906 & 32629 \\
\hline 3259 & 5937 & 11807 & 14547 & 16879 & 20422 & 24116 & 26935 & 33546 & 46274 & 50950 & 38826 \\
\hline 3 & -43 & -91 & -95 & - 170 & - 300 & - 300 & - 300 & - 300 & - 300 & -150 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.3 & -0.4 & -0.4 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..
nales) ...........

Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
\[
\begin{aligned}
& 6219 \\
& 5937
\end{aligned}
\]
\[
\begin{array}{r}
20090 \\
8283 \\
11807
\end{array}
\]

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Nigeria}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the age and sex structure of the 1963, 1991 and 2006 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, with the structure by age and sex from the 2011 MICS4 survey, as well as with intercensal estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data adjusted for underreporting from the 1981-1982 Nigeria WFS, 1990, 1999, 2003 and 2008 DHS, as well as 2010 MIS ; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1965-1966 Nigerian rural demographic inquiry, 1971-1973 KAP survey, 1991 census, 2000 Nigeria Sentinel Survey, 2007 MICS3 and 2011 MICS4; (c) data on children ever born classified by age of mother from the 1995 MICS and 1999 MICS2 surveys; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (e) the own-children method applied to the 2007 MICS3, and 2010-2011 GHS. Estimates based on the reverse survival method applied to the 2011 MICS4 were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1965-1966 Nigerian rural demographic inquiry; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1990, 2003 and 2008 Nigeria DHS, as well as the 2010 MIS; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys.. Estimates based on the 1962-1977 Malumfashi DSS, 1971-1973 National Fertility, Family and Family Planning survey, 1981-1982 Nigeria WFS, 1995 and 1999 Nigeria Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys, 1999 Nigeria DHS, 2000 Nigeria Sentinel survey, 2007 MICS3 and 2011 MICS4 were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1965-1966 Nigerian rural demographic inquiry, 2008 DHS and 2010-2011 GHS ; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1986, 1999, 2003, 2008 DHS, 2007 MICS3 and 2010-2011 GHS ; (c) siblings deaths from the 2008 DHS ; (d) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites including for Malumfashi in 1962-1966 and 1974-1977 (Bradley, A.K., S.B. Macfarlane, J.B. Moody, H.M. Gilles, J.G. Blacker, and B.D. Musa. 1982. "Malumfashi Endemic Diseases Research Project, XX. Demographic findings: mortality." Ann Trop Med Parasitol 76(4):393-404) and urban vital registration were also considered.

International migration: Based on information on Nigerian-born persons enumerated in neighbouring countries, flows of Nigerians to selected developed countries and information obtained at the time of the repatriation of undocumented migrants that took place in 1983 and 1985.

\section*{Norway}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Norway

\(\qquad\)



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 3265 & 3876 & 4240 & 4492 & 4624 & 4891 & 5143 & 5407 & 5838 & 6556 & 7248 & 7609 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 8 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 12 & 13 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 17 & 19 & 20 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 32.6 & 33.0 & 35.4 & 36.9 & 37.9 & 38.7 & 39.2 & 39.4 & 40.3 & 41.4 & 43.3 & 46.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 51.1 & 59.6 & 54.4 & 54.3 & 52.4 & 51.1 & 53.8 & 56.7 & 62.5 & 67.7 & 71.8 & 80.1 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 36.6 & 39.1 & 29.3 & 30.9 & 29.9 & 28.4 & 28.6 & 29.4 & 30.0 & 29.8 & 29.1 & 28.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 14.5 & 20.5 & 25.2 & 23.4 & 22.4 & 22.7 & 25.2 & 27.3 & 32.5 & 38.0 & 42.7 & 51.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)

1
1.0
10.1
71
0.8
7.3
87
0.4
2.5
-
0.6
3.3
117
0.6
0.6
2.9
\(\square\)
1.1
1.0
1.0
4.3
70
0.7
0.5
2.2
130
0.3
1.9
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
8.6 & 9.8 & 10.8 & 10.1 & 9.6 \\
22 & 14 & 8 & 4 & 4 \\
30 & 18 & 10 & 5 & 5 \\
125 & 116 & 108 & 85 & 79
\end{tabular}
8.7
3
4
68
8.1
2
3
58
8.3
62
81.4

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years) \\ \(\qquad\)}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousend \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
39
78.2
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
1 & 1 & 1 \\
2 & 1 & 1 \\
37 & 24 & 16 \\
85.6 & 88.4 & 91.1 \\
83.6 & 86.4 & 89.1 \\
87.7 & 90.5 & 93.2 \\
70.8 & 73.6 & 76.2 \\
22.8 & 25.0 & 27.2 \\
& & \\
11.8 & 11.2 & 10.5 \\
1.94 & 1.94 & 1.94 \\
106 & 106 & 106 \\
0.94 & 0.94 & 0.94 \\
31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
& & \\
380 & 402 & 398 \\
308 & 333 & 362 \\
73 & 69 & 36 \\
& & \\
100 & 50 & 0 \\
3.1 & 1.4 & 0.0
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).

} if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Norway}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2012.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2012.2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 2803
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 9
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 27.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 22.4
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 70.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.5
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.89
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 12
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 74.9
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

OMAN


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{9}{*}{} & & & & \\
\hline & & & & \\
\hline & & &  & \\
\hline & &  & & \\
\hline &  & - & ------------ & \\
\hline & & &  & \\
\hline &  &  &  & \\
\hline & &  &  & \\
\hline & &  &  & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 456 & 724 & 1810 & 2193 & 2522 & 2803 & 4158 & 4514 & 4920 & 5065 & 4497 & 3813 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1 & 2 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 13 & 15 & 16 & 16 & 15 & 12 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.8 & 16.9 & 17.8 & 20.8 & 21.7 & 25.1 & 27.1 & 30.6 & 37.9 & 50.8 & 51.5 & 46.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 83.0 & 97.9 & 90.6 & 65.4 & 60.2 & 42.7 & 33.3 & 35.2 & 31.9 & 55.2 & 95.6 & 83.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 77.5 & 91.6 & 86.4 & 61.5 & 56.3 & 39.1 & 29.2 & 31.0 & 26.1 & 22.9 & 28.1 & 28.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.5 & 6.3 & 4.3 & 3.9 & 4.0 & 3.6 & 4.0 & 4.2 & 5.7 & 32.4 & 67.5 & 55.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)........................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male expectancy at bir
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population....................... 1.7

Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\) ..................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
1.7
20.8
42
2.9
30.8
24
3.8
36.6
19
0.4
22.7
-
2.8
18.9
25
2.1
18.6
33
\begin{tabular}{r}
7.9 \\
18.7 \\
9 \\
\\
\hline 28
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{r}
1.6 \\
14.3 \\
43 \\
\\
\hline 2.6
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{r}
0.6 \\
9.3 \\
112 \\
\\
\hline
\end{tabular}
0.1
4.5
-
5.5

095-2100

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years). \\ \(\qquad\)}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
28.3 & 17.8 & 6.4 & 3.8 & 3.3 & 3.0 \\
211 & 131 & 42 & 22 & 15 & 10 \\
359 & 208 & 57 & 27 & 18 & 12 \\
433 & 339 & 199 & 150 & 128 & 111
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rr}
2.8 & 2.6 \\
7 & 6 \\
9 & 8 \\
100 & 89
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.8 & 5.5 & 17.3 \\
\hline 5 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 69 & 46 & 30 \\
\hline 80.1 & 83.8 & 86.7 \\
\hline 78.7 & 82.7 & 85.9 \\
\hline 82.0 & 85.1 & 88.2 \\
\hline 65.7 & 69.2 & 72.0 \\
\hline 19.1 & 21.6 & 23.7 \\
\hline 12.0 & 10.0 & 9.1 \\
\hline 2.08 & 1.71 & 1.76 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.00 & 0.83 & 0.85 \\
\hline 32.1 & 32.6 & 32.9 \\
\hline 291 & 252 & 210 \\
\hline 67 & 138 & 400 \\
\hline 224 & 114 & - 190 \\
\hline - 74 & -86 & -43 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) ................................
433

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
49
339
48.6
89
77.6

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
-10
-4.2

Net migration rate (per 1,000) ...................................
\begin{tabular}{rrr} 
& 9 & -209 \\
-1.5 & 1.1 & -19.3
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ). The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Oman}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1993, 2003 and 2010 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Official annual population registered with the Directorate General of Civil Status were also taken into account for mid-2011.
Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from: (a) annual births classified by age of mother registered for 1995-2011; (b) maternity-history data from the 1988-1989 Child Health Survey, 1995 Gulf Family Health Survey; (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 2003 census; (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys, as well as from 1975-1979 Socio-Demographic Surveys, 1984 Demographic and Social Survey, 1993 Census, and 2000 Comprehensive Health Survey for Evaluation and Reproductive Health; (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 2003 census; (b) births and infant deaths registered from 1972 through 2011, and (c) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1988-1989 Child Health Survey, 1995 Gulf Family Health Survey; and (d) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, and from the 1975-1979 Socio-Demographic Surveys, 1993 and 2003 censuses, and 2000 Comprehensive Health Survey for Evaluation and Reproductive Health.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths for 2009-2011 and 2010 enumerated census population by age and sex, adjusted for infant and child mortality. For 1950-2007, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the estimated 2009-2011 life table.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1993-2010 intercensal period. Official population estimates for the years 1985-2011 by nationality were also considered for the estimation of the net migration levels.

\section*{Pakistan}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Pakistan


Pakistan
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 37542 & 59204 & 111091 & 143832 & 157971 & 173149 & 188144 & 203351 & 231744 & 271082 & 280586 & 263320 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 47 & 74 & 140 & 181 & 198 & 218 & 236 & 255 & 291 & 341 & 352 & 331 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.8 & 18.8 & 18.2 & 18.9 & 20.1 & 21.6 & 23.2 & 24.7 & 27.9 & 34.1 & 40.1 & 43.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 84.9 & 88.1 & 90.1 & 83.2 & 73.3 & 66.0 & 59.4 & 56.0 & 49.9 & 44.6 & 52.0 & 60.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 74.6 & 81.0 & 82.9 & 75.9 & 66.1 & 58.8 & 52.3 & 48.8 & 41.1 & 30.7 & 26.6 & 26.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 10.3 & 7.1 & 7.2 & 7.2 & 7.2 & 7.2 & 7.0 & 7.2 & 8.7 & 13.9 & 25.4 & 34.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.7 & 2.7 & 3.2 & 2.5 & 1.9 & 1.8 & 1.7 & 1.6 & 1.2 & 0.5 & -0.1 & -0.3 \\
\hline 16.5 & 27.6 & 31.4 & 25.6 & 21.1 & 20.6 & 18.4 & 16.7 & 12.7 & 5.9 & -0.7 & -3.2 \\
\hline 42 & 26 & 22 & 28 & 37 & 38 & 42 & 45 & 58 & 128 & - & - \\
\hline 26.3 & 15.6 & 10.6 & 8.6 & 7.6 & 7.2 & 7.0 & 6.8 & 6.9 & 8.6 & 12.3 & 13.9 \\
\hline 198 & 128 & 96 & 82 & 77 & 71 & 65 & 59 & 48 & 32 & 20 & 12 \\
\hline 326 & 187 & 131 & 104 & 89 & 78 & 71 & 64 & 52 & 35 & 22 & 14 \\
\hline 431 & 307 & 214 & 194 & 186 & 179 & 173 & 168 & 158 & 140 & 115 & 88 \\
\hline 38.4 & 52.1 & 60.4 & 63.2 & 64.5 & 65.7 & 66.5 & 67.2 & 68.6 & 71.1 & 73.8 & 76.8 \\
\hline 38.1 & 52.0 & 59.8 & 62.4 & 63.8 & 64.9 & 65.6 & 66.3 & 67.5 & 69.6 & 72.1 & 75.2 \\
\hline 38.7 & 52.3 & 61.1 & 64.0 & 65.4 & 66.5 & 67.4 & 68.3 & 69.8 & 72.6 & 75.7 & 78.6 \\
\hline 45.0 & 50.9 & 55.3 & 56.2 & 56.6 & 56.9 & 57.2 & 57.4 & 57.9 & 59.0 & 60.8 & 63.1 \\
\hline 12.4 & 13.1 & 13.8 & 13.9 & 13.9 & 13.9 & 14.0 & 14.0 & 14.2 & 14.6 & 15.5 & 16.9 \\
\hline 42.8 & 43.3 & 42.0 & 34.2 & 28.7 & 27.8 & 25.4 & 23.5 & 19.6 & 14.5 & 11.6 & 10.7 \\
\hline 6.60 & 6.60 & 6.30 & 4.99 & 4.00 & 3.65 & 3.22 & 2.89 & 2.46 & 1.99 & 1.81 & 1.82 \\
\hline 107 & 107 & 107 & 108 & 110 & 109 & 109 & 109 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 \\
\hline 1.76 & 2.33 & 2.52 & 2.07 & 1.68 & 1.56 & 1.39 & 1.26 & 1.09 & 0.91 & 0.84 & 0.86 \\
\hline 29.5 & 29.7 & 29.9 & 29.8 & 29.8 & 29.7 & 30.3 & 30.3 & 30.3 & 30.3 & 30.5 & 30.6 \\
\hline 8371 & 12000 & 21633 & 23115 & 21626 & 23008 & 22918 & 23021 & 22082 & 19411 & 16299 & 14213 \\
\hline 5141 & 4332 & 5465 & 5785 & 5732 & 5983 & 6288 & 6686 & 7750 & 11495 & 17270 & 18419 \\
\hline 3230 & 7668 & 16168 & 17330 & 15894 & 17025 & 16629 & 16334 & 14332 & 7915 & -971 & -4206 \\
\hline - 8 & - 210 & 140 & - 187 & -1754 & - 1847 & -1634 & - 1127 & - 712 & -657 & - 357 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & -0.8 & 0.3 & -0.3 & -2.3 & -2.2 & -1.8 & -1.2 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\) s) .....................

Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Pakistan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1951, 1961, 1972, 1981 and 1998 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) adjusted age-specific fertility rates from the Pakistan Demographic Survey from 1984 to 2007; (b) maternity-history data from the 1974-1975 Pakistan Fertility Survey, the 1979-1980 Population, Labor Force and Migration Survey, the 1996-1997 Fertility and Family Planning Survey, the 2000-2001 Reproductive Health and Family Planning Survey, the 2006-2007 DHS adjusted for underreporting; (c) births in the preceding 12 or 24 months classified by age of mother from the 1962-1965 Population Growth Estimation Experiment, 1968-1969 National Impact Survey, 1976-1979 Population Growth Survey II, the 2003 Status of Women, Reproductive Health, and Family Planning Survey, and the 2007-2008 Living Standards Measurement Surveys ; (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1968-1971 Population Growth Survey, the 1984-1985, 1993 and 1994-1995 Contraceptive Prevalence Surveys, the annual Pakistan Integrated Household Surveys from 1991, 1995-1996 to 2001-2002, the 1998 census, the 2000-2001 Reproductive Health and Family Planning Survey, the 2005-2006 Living Standards Measurement Survey ; (e) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys, the 1981 Census, and 1991 Living Standards Measurement Survey. Estimates based on the reverse survival method applied to the annual Labor Force Surveys up to 2010-11 were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) adjusted data from the births and infant deaths in the preceding 12 months from the 1962-65 Population Growth Estimation Experiment, 1968-1969 National Impact Survey, 1968-71 Population Growth Survey, and the 1984-2007 annual Pakistan Demographic Surveys; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1974-1975 Pakistan Fertility Survey, 1976-1979 Population Growth Surveys, 1980 Labour Force and Migration Survey, 1984 Demographic Survey, 1990-1991 and 2006-2007 Pakistan DHS, 1991 Living Standards Survey, 1996-1997 Pakistan Fertility and Family Planning Survey, 2000-2001 Pakistan Reproductive Health and Family Planning Survey, 1998 and 2001 Pakistan Integrated Household Surveys, 2005-2006 and 2007-2008 Living Standards Measurement Surveys, and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the South-Asian model of the United Nations Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1981 Census, 1984-1985, 1993, 1994-95 CPS, 1988 Demographic Survey, 1996-97 Pakistan Integrated Household Survey, 1981 and 1998 Censuses.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from age and sex-specific mortality rates from (a) the 1962-1965 Population Growth Estimation Experiment, 1968-1971 Population Growth Survey I, 1976-1979 Population Growth Survey II, and (b) the 1984-2007 annual Pakistan Demographic Surveys adjusted for infant and child mortality, and for adult death underregistration for males in 1950-1970 using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods, as well as cross-validation with other countries experiencing similar mortality levels, and (c) estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South-Asian model of the United Nations Model Life Tables. Estimates are consistent with those based on parental survival and widowhood data from the 1984 PDS. Mortality rates for age 85 and over were smoothed by fitting the Kannisto model of old-age mortality (Thatcher, et al. (1998). The Force of Mortality at Ages 80 to 120. Odense, Denmark: Odense University Press) using data for ages 75-99. For the period 1950-1970, mortality rates at age 60 and over were adjusted using the average rate of mortality increase by age based on the historical experience of the Human Mortality Database (University of California, Berkeley (USA), and Max Planck Institute for Demographic Research (Germany). Available at www.mortality.org) for countries at similar levels of mortality.

International migration: Based on information on the outflow of migrant workers, on data on Pakistani immigrants admitted by the main countries of immigration and data on refugee flows compiled by UNHCR.

\section*{Panama}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & PANAMA \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................... & 3678 & \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) .......... & 49 & \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15................. & 29.3 & \(\sim\) \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24...................... & 17.3 & COSTA Bocas \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64...................... & 63.9 & RICA del Toro Colón El Porvenir \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+...................... & 6.8 & Penonomé Panama \\
\hline & 2005-2010 & David Santiago .Chitré La Palma \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 1.8 & Panama COLOMBIA \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)...................... & 2.62 & \\
\hline Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 22 & PACIFIC OCEAN \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) .......................... & 76.4 & 50km \\
\hline Note: data presented for the projection period 2010 refer to the medium fertility variant. & \[
-2100
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS \\
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Dec 2011.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Panama

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 860 & 1526 & 2487 & 3055 & 3366 & 3678 & 3988 & 4296 & 4882 & 5774 & 6281 & 6277 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 11 & 20 & 33 & 40 & 45 & 49 & 53 & 57 & 65 & 76 & 83 & 83 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.8 & 17.8 & 21.7 & 24.4 & 25.7 & 27.1 & 28.5 & 29.8 & 32.7 & 38.5 & 44.1 & 47.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 84.7 & 91.7 & 68.4 & 60.4 & 58.3 & 56.5 & 54.2 & 52.6 & 53.0 & 58.7 & 69.6 & 81.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 78.1 & 84.5 & 60.4 & 51.5 & 48.6 & 45.9 & 42.5 & 39.5 & 35.5 & 30.1 & 27.3 & 26.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 6.6 & 7.2 & 8.0 & 8.9 & 9.6 & 10.6 & 11.7 & 13.1 & 17.5 & 28.6 & 42.3 & 54.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.7 & 2.9 & 2.2 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1.8 & 1.6 & 1.5 & 1.2 & 0.6 & 0.2 & -0.1 \\
\hline 29.5 & 30.7 & 22.3 & 19.8 & 18.3 & 16.4 & 14.7 & 13.3 & 10.8 & 5.7 & 1.3 & -1.2 \\
\hline 26 & 24 & 33 & 34 & 36 & 39 & 43 & 47 & 58 & 109 & - & - \\
\hline 12.0 & 8.1 & 5.1 & 4.8 & 4.8 & 4.9 & 4.9 & 5.0 & 5.4 & 7.0 & 9.3 & 10.9 \\
\hline 92 & 58 & 29 & 24 & 20 & 17 & 15 & 13 & 10 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 124 & 81 & 37 & 30 & 25 & 22 & 18 & 16 & 12 & 8 & 5 & 3 \\
\hline 295 & 205 & 140 & 127 & 125 & 126 & 119 & 109 & 91 & 66 & 44 & 28 \\
\hline 56.8 & 64.3 & 72.4 & 74.6 & 75.6 & 76.4 & 77.5 & 78.5 & 80.5 & 83.4 & 86.5 & 89.3 \\
\hline 55.9 & 63.2 & 69.6 & 72.2 & 73.0 & 73.6 & 74.7 & 75.9 & 78.2 & 81.3 & 84.4 & 87.2 \\
\hline 57.8 & 65.6 & 75.4 & 77.2 & 78.3 & 79.5 & 80.4 & 81.3 & 82.9 & 85.6 & 88.6 & 91.4 \\
\hline 51.4 & 56.1 & 60.6 & 62.2 & 62.8 & 63.4 & 64.2 & 65.0 & 66.7 & 69.3 & 72.0 & 74.7 \\
\hline 12.8 & 14.4 & 16.8 & 18.0 & 18.8 & 19.5 & 20.0 & 20.5 & 21.3 & 22.7 & 24.4 & 26.3 \\
\hline 41.4 & 38.8 & 27.3 & 24.6 & 23.1 & 21.3 & 19.6 & 18.3 & 16.2 & 12.7 & 10.6 & 9.7 \\
\hline 5.76 & 5.41 & 3.24 & 2.87 & 2.76 & 2.62 & 2.48 & 2.36 & 2.16 & 1.94 & 1.86 & 1.86 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.29 & 2.34 & 1.50 & 1.35 & 1.30 & 1.24 & 1.18 & 1.12 & 1.03 & 0.93 & 0.90 & 0.91 \\
\hline 28.3 & 28.0 & 27.0 & 26.7 & 26.5 & 26.3 & 26.4 & 26.4 & 26.5 & 26.6 & 26.8 & 27.0 \\
\hline 191 & 276 & 322 & 357 & 371 & 375 & 375 & 379 & 383 & 362 & 332 & 306 \\
\hline 55 & 58 & 60 & 70 & 77 & 86 & 94 & 104 & 128 & 200 & 291 & 342 \\
\hline 136 & 218 & 263 & 287 & 294 & 289 & 281 & 275 & 256 & 162 & 42 & -37 \\
\hline - 13 & - 12 & -9 & 11 & 17 & 23 & 29 & 33 & 30 & 19 & 12 & 0 \\
\hline -2.8 & -1.6 & -0.8 & 0.8 & 1.1 & 1.3 & 1.5 & 1.6 & 1.3 & 0.7 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................

```
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult motality (5q0) per 1 ,000
    Life exprality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) ... \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) .............................
Fertility
    Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
    Total fertility (children per woman).
        )...........
        ................
    ex ratio at birth (males per 100 fe
    Net reproduction rate (f)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years).
Births and deaths
    Number of births (thousands) ...................................
    Number of deats (thous
    \(\begin{array}{ll}\text { Number of deaths (thousands) ................................. } & 55 \\ \text { Births minus deaths (thousands) ................................ } & 136\end{array}\)
International migration
    Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
    Net migration rate (per 1,000) .......................................... \(\quad-2.8\)
        The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Panama}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2010 and underlying female population by age; (b) official estimates through 2010; (c) the estimates in 1950, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 censuses; (d) the 1975 Panama National Fertility Survey; (e) the 1976 Panama National Demographic Survey; and (f) the 1975-76 World Fertility Survey.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2010 and underlying female population by age; (b) official estimates through 2010; (c) estimates in 1950, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 censuses; (d) estimates from the 1975 Panama National Fertility Survey; (e) estimates from the 1976 Panama National Demographic Survey; (f) estimates from the 1975-76 World Fertility Survey; and (g) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex and underlying population by age and sex through 2010 adjusted for underregistration by using the growth-balance method; (b) official estimates in 1954, 1961, 1970, 1980, 1985, 1990, 1995, 2000, and 2010; and (c) estimates in 1950, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 censuses.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1990-2000 and 2000-2010 intercensal periods. Also, counts of foreign-born from Panama residing in other countries in Latin America and the United States of America were considered from the 1990, 2000 and 2010 census rounds.

\section*{Papua New Guinea}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Papua New Guinea

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1708 & 2435 & 4158 & 5379 & 6096 & 6859 & 7632 & 8422 & 10044 & 13092 & 15841 & 16991 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 4 & 5 & 9 & 12 & 13 & 15 & 16 & 18 & 22 & 28 & 34 & 37 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.3 & 18.0 & 18.3 & 19.6 & 20.0 & 20.4 & 21.2 & 22.2 & 24.3 & 28.3 & 33.1 & 37.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 76.9 & 84.2 & 80.4 & 74.7 & 74.2 & 71.9 & 67.2 & 63.0 & 57.1 & 51.2 & 49.3 & 51.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 69.6 & 80.2 & 76.2 & 70.3 & 69.6 & 67.2 & 62.2 & 57.6 & 50.8 & 41.4 & 34.0 & 29.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 7.3 & 4.0 & 4.2 & 4.4 & 4.6 & 4.8 & 5.0 & 5.5 & 6.4 & 9.8 & 15.3 & 21.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1.3

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)..............................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt (years) .. \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) .............
Net reproduction rate (f) ........
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)
12.9
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.3 & 2.4 & 2.5 & 2.6 & 2.5 & 2.4 & 2.1 & 2.0 & 1.7 & 1.1 & 0.5 & 0.1 \\
\hline 12.9 & 23.6 & 24.5 & 26.3 & 25.0 & 23.6 & 21.3 & 19.7 & 16.9 & 11.2 & 5.4 & 1.4 \\
\hline 54 & 29 & 29 & 27 & 28 & 30 & 33 & 36 & 41 & 63 & 128 & - \\
\hline 29.6 & 18.7 & 10.9 & 9.5 & 8.7 & 7.9 & 7.7 & 7.7 & 7.8 & 8.7 & 10.4 & 12.0 \\
\hline 158 & 114 & 73 & 62 & 56 & 50 & 48 & 45 & 41 & 35 & 28 & 22 \\
\hline 254 & 172 & 102 & 84 & 75 & 66 & 62 & 59 & 53 & 43 & 34 & 26 \\
\hline 691 & 557 & 398 & 348 & 323 & 294 & 282 & 270 & 251 & 216 & 179 & 145 \\
\hline 34.7 & 44.2 & 54.8 & 58.0 & 59.6 & 61.5 & 62.3 & 63.1 & 64.4 & 66.8 & 69.4 & 72.0 \\
\hline 33.8 & 43.3 & 52.3 & 55.8 & 57.6 & 59.5 & 60.3 & 61.0 & 62.2 & 64.5 & 67.0 & 69.4 \\
\hline 35.7 & 45.2 & 57.6 & 60.4 & 61.8 & 63.7 & 64.5 & 65.3 & 66.7 & 69.2 & 72.0 & 74.7 \\
\hline 33.8 & 39.9 & 46.9 & 49.0 & 50.1 & 51.4 & 51.9 & 52.5 & 53.4 & 55.1 & 57.1 & 59.1 \\
\hline 8.1 & 9.2 & 10.7 & 11.2 & 11.5 & 11.9 & 12.1 & 12.3 & 12.6 & 13.2 & 14.0 & 14.9 \\
\hline 42.5 & 42.3 & 35.4 & 35.8 & 33.7 & 31.5 & 29.1 & 27.4 & 24.7 & 19.8 & 15.8 & 13.3 \\
\hline 6.24 & 6.21 & 4.97 & 4.64 & 4.35 & 4.10 & 3.81 & 3.55 & 3.13 & 2.58 & 2.16 & 1.96 \\
\hline 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 107 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.66 & 2.08 & 2.00 & 1.93 & 1.84 & 1.76 & 1.65 & 1.55 & 1.39 & 1.18 & 1.00 & 0.92 \\
\hline 30.6 & 29.9 & 29.8 & 29.4 & 29.4 & 29.4 & 29.4 & 29.4 & 29.4 & 29.4 & 29.4 & 29.4 \\
\hline 375 & 486 & 693 & 903 & 968 & 1020 & 1053 & 1098 & 1190 & 1262 & 1232 & 1129 \\
\hline 261 & 215 & 213 & 240 & 251 & 257 & 280 & 307 & 375 & 553 & 809 & 1013 \\
\hline 114 & 271 & 480 & 663 & 717 & 763 & 773 & 790 & 815 & 710 & 423 & 116 \\
\hline -1 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -0.1 & 0.3 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of death (thousad) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Papua New Guinea}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2000 census, with official population estimates for 2002, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on an application of the \(\mathrm{P} / \mathrm{F}\) ratio method to data on children ever born and births during the year preceding the 2000 census, and on 2006 DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2000 census and child mortality estimates from UNICEF as published in 2010.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) the estimated level of infant and child mortality of UNICEF as published in 2010; (b) tabulations of parental survivorship (orphanhood) by age of respondent from the 2000 census; and (c) by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the Far Eastern model of the United Nations Model Life Tables.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2000.

\section*{Paraguay}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Paraguay

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1473 & 2485 & 4250 & 5350 & 5904 & 6460 & 7033 & 7607 & 8693 & 10445 & 11648 & 11841 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 4 & 6 & 10 & 13 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 19 & 21 & 26 & 29 & 29 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 16.5 & 16.7 & 19.3 & 20.4 & 21.7 & 23.1 & 24.4 & 25.7 & 28.3 & 33.4 & 39.2 & 43.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 99.6 & 98.4 & 83.3 & 74.2 & 68.3 & 63.2 & 60.0 & 58.2 & 55.2 & 51.9 & 57.7 & 66.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 93.8 & 91.5 & 75.9 & 66.5 & 60.3 & 54.7 & 50.8 & 48.0 & 42.8 & 34.2 & 29.1 & 27.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c). & 5.8 & 6.9 & 7.5 & 7.7 & 8.0 & 8.4 & 9.1 & 10.2 & 12.4 & 17.7 & 28.6 & 38.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d) ......................
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.6 & 2.6 & 2.8 & 2.2 & 2.0 & 1.8 & 1.7 & 1.6 & 1.3 & 0.7 & 0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline 35.5 & 31.9 & 28.3 & 23.3 & 21.3 & 19.3 & 18.2 & 16.7 & 13.3 & 8.0 & 2.6 & -0.4 \\
\hline 27 & 27 & 26 & 32 & 36 & 39 & 41 & 45 & 56 & 94 & - & - \\
\hline 8.8 & 7.6 & 6.6 & 6.0 & 5.6 & 5.6 & 5.7 & 5.9 & 6.3 & 7.5 & 9.8 & 11.2 \\
\hline 73 & 59 & 47 & 39 & 36 & 32 & 30 & 28 & 24 & 17 & 10 & 7 \\
\hline 102 & 80 & 61 & 49 & 43 & 39 & 37 & 34 & 29 & 21 & 13 & 8 \\
\hline 198 & 183 & 177 & 175 & 167 & 158 & 154 & 149 & 140 & 119 & 87 & 59 \\
\hline 62.7 & 65.1 & 67.6 & 69.4 & 70.8 & 71.8 & 72.2 & 72.7 & 73.6 & 75.8 & 79.0 & 82.2 \\
\hline 60.7 & 63.1 & 65.4 & 67.2 & 68.7 & 69.7 & 70.0 & 70.4 & 71.1 & 73.2 & 76.7 & 80.4 \\
\hline 64.7 & 67.0 & 69.9 & 71.7 & 72.9 & 73.9 & 74.5 & 75.1 & 76.3 & 78.5 & 81.3 & 84.0 \\
\hline 55.7 & 56.4 & 57.5 & 58.4 & 59.3 & 60.0 & 60.3 & 60.5 & 61.1 & 62.7 & 65.2 & 68.0 \\
\hline 13.4 & 13.5 & 14.8 & 15.9 & 16.7 & 17.0 & 17.2 & 17.3 & 17.5 & 18.1 & 19.4 & 21.0 \\
\hline 44.2 & 39.4 & 34.9 & 29.3 & 26.9 & 24.8 & 23.9 & 22.6 & 19.6 & 15.5 & 12.3 & 10.8 \\
\hline 6.50 & 6.15 & 4.77 & 3.88 & 3.48 & 3.08 & 2.89 & 2.72 & 2.46 & 2.10 & 1.90 & 1.85 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.76 & 2.69 & 2.14 & 1.77 & 1.60 & 1.42 & 1.34 & 1.26 & 1.15 & 1.00 & 0.91 & 0.89 \\
\hline 30.1 & 29.9 & 29.3 & 28.5 & 28.5 & 28.3 & 28.3 & 28.3 & 28.2 & 28.1 & 27.9 & 27.7 \\
\hline 348 & 460 & 694 & 742 & 757 & 767 & 806 & 826 & 825 & 793 & 713 & 639 \\
\hline 69 & 89 & 131 & 151 & 159 & 172 & 192 & 214 & 263 & 385 & 565 & 661 \\
\hline 279 & 371 & 563 & 591 & 598 & 596 & 613 & 612 & 562 & 408 & 148 & - 21 \\
\hline -77 & -65 & - 17 & -43 & -45 & -40 & -40 & -38 & -34 & -28 & - 5 & 0 \\
\hline -9.8 & -5.5 & -0.9 & -1.7 & -1.6 & -1.3 & -1.2 & -1.0 & -0.8 & -0.6 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt (years)
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) 0.0
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Paraguay}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1972, 1982, 1991, and 2002 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2008 and underlying female population by age; (b) maternity-history data from the 1990, 2004, and 2008 DHS and the 1995-1996 National Demographic and Reproductive Health Survey; (c) estimates from the 1998 National Maternal and Child Health Survey; (d) the 1979 National Fertility Survey; (e) estimates from the 1979 World Fertility Survey; (f) estimates from the 1977 National Demographic Survey; (g) estimates from the 1992 and 2002 censuses; and (h) official estimates through 2005.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2006; (b) maternity-history data from the 1990, 2004, and 2008 DHS and the 1995-1996 National Demographic and Reproductive Health Survey; (c) estimates from the 1998 National Maternal and Child Health Survey; (d) estimates from the 1979 National Fertility Survey; (e) estimates from the 1979 World Fertility Survey; (f) estimates from the 1977 National Demographic Survey; (g) estimates from the 1992 and 2002 censuses; and (h) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2006 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) estimates from the 1995-1996 National Demographic and Reproductive Health Survey; (c) estimates from the 1992 and 2002 censuses; and (d) official estimates through 2010.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration available through 2002 calculated from border statistics, the number of persons born in Paraguay and enumerated by the censuses of Argentina and the United States of America, and other administrative statistics from the 1990, 2000 and 2010 census rounds.

\section*{Peru}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Peru

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 7632 & 13195 & 21772 & 26000 & 27723 & 29263 & 31161 & 33079 & 36514 & 41084 & 42123 & 39773 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 6 & 10 & 17 & 20 & 22 & 23 & 24 & 26 & 28 & 32 & 33 & 31 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.1 & 17.9 & 20.5 & 22.9 & 24.2 & 25.5 & 27.1 & 28.8 & 32.3 & 39.3 & 46.0 & 49.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 81.9 & 90.4 & 73.2 & 63.7 & 59.8 & 56.2 & 53.1 & 51.3 & 50.2 & 55.6 & 71.5 & 84.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 75.6 & 83.8 & 66.3 & 55.8 & 51.1 & 46.9 & 42.9 & 39.8 & 34.8 & 28.2 & 25.8 & 26.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.3 & 6.6 & 6.9 & 7.9 & 8.6 & 9.4 & 10.3 & 11.5 & 15.4 & 27.4 & 45.7 & 58.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .....
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.6 & 2.8 & 2.2 & 1.7 & 1.3 & 1.1 & 1.3 & 1.2 & 0.9 & 0.4 & -0.1 & -0.3 \\
\hline 25.5 & 28.0 & 23.5 & 19.3 & 17.5 & 15.9 & 14.6 & 13.2 & 10.3 & 5.0 & -0.3 & -2.9 \\
\hline 28 & 25 & 32 & 42 & 54 & 64 & 55 & 58 & 76 & - & - & - \\
\hline 21.6 & 15.6 & 7.8 & 6.1 & 5.6 & 5.4 & 5.3 & 5.3 & 5.5 & 7.0 & 10.1 & 12.1 \\
\hline 159 & 126 & 68 & 41 & 27 & 21 & 17 & 13 & 9 & 5 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 269 & 200 & 96 & 58 & 40 & 33 & 26 & 21 & 14 & 8 & 5 & 3 \\
\hline 364 & 288 & 189 & 162 & 149 & 138 & 127 & 116 & 95 & 63 & 41 & 26 \\
\hline 43.9 & 51.5 & 64.3 & 69.3 & 71.6 & 73.1 & 74.7 & 76.1 & 78.7 & 82.7 & 86.1 & 88.9 \\
\hline 42.9 & 50.1 & 62.0 & 66.8 & 69.0 & 70.5 & 72.0 & 73.5 & 76.3 & 80.9 & 84.3 & 87.2 \\
\hline 45.0 & 53.0 & 66.7 & 71.9 & 74.3 & 75.9 & 77.4 & 78.8 & 81.1 & 84.5 & 87.8 & 90.7 \\
\hline 47.0 & 50.7 & 56.7 & 59.0 & 60.1 & 61.0 & 62.0 & 63.0 & 65.1 & 68.5 & 71.6 & 74.2 \\
\hline 10.8 & 11.8 & 14.4 & 15.9 & 16.5 & 17.1 & 17.7 & 18.3 & 19.5 & 21.7 & 23.8 & 25.7 \\
\hline 47.1 & 43.6 & 31.3 & 25.4 & 23.0 & 21.3 & 19.9 & 18.5 & 15.8 & 12.0 & 9.8 & 9.2 \\
\hline 6.85 & 6.56 & 4.10 & 3.10 & 2.80 & 2.60 & 2.43 & 2.29 & 2.07 & 1.83 & 1.79 & 1.82 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.15 & 2.36 & 1.77 & 1.40 & 1.29 & 1.21 & 1.14 & 1.08 & 0.99 & 0.88 & 0.87 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.9 & 30.3 & 29.4 & 28.6 & 28.7 & 28.9 & 28.8 & 28.8 & 28.6 & 28.4 & 28.2 & 27.9 \\
\hline 1919 & 2687 & 3231 & 3170 & 3095 & 3036 & 2998 & 2966 & 2815 & 2443 & 2073 & 1835 \\
\hline 880 & 960 & 804 & 759 & 747 & 771 & 800 & 848 & 978 & 1425 & 2134 & 2414 \\
\hline 1039 & 1727 & 2427 & 2411 & 2348 & 2265 & 2198 & 2117 & 1837 & 1018 & -61 & -579 \\
\hline 0 & 0 & - 180 & - 350 & -625 & - 725 & - 300 & - 200 & - 200 & - 200 & - 100 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.0 & -1.7 & -2.8 & -4.7 & -5.1 & -2.0 & -1.3 & -1.1 & -1.0 & -0.5 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Peru}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1961, 1972, 1981, 1993, 2005, and 2007 censuses adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2009 and underlying female population by age; (b) maternity-history data from the 1986, 1991-1992, 1996, 2000 and 2004-06, 2007-08, 2009, 2010, and 2011 Encuestas Demográficas y de Salud Familiar (ENDES-II, III and IV/DHS); (c) the 1981 National Survey on Contraceptive Prevalence; (d) estimates from the 1977-78 World Fertility Survey, the 1978 National Demographic Survey, the 1984 National Nutrition and Health Survey, the 1988 National Immunization Coverage Survey, and the 1999 National Household Survey; and (e) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1961, 1972, 1981, 1993, and 2007 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2009; (b) maternity-history data from the 1986, 1991-1992, 1996, 2000 and 2004-06, 2007-08, 2009, 2010, and 2011 Encuestas Demográficas y de Salud Familiar (ENDES-II, III and IV/DHS); (c) estimates from the 1977-78 World Fertility Survey, the 1978 National Demographic Survey, the 1984 National Nutrition and Health Survey, the 1988 National Immunization Coverage Survey, and the 1999 National Household Survey; and (d) data from the 1961, 1972, 1981, 1993, and 2007 censuses; and (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2009 adjusted for underregistration by using the growth-balance method and the underlying population by age and sex; (b) official estimates in 1961, 1965, 1980, 1990, 1995, 2000, and 2005; (c) estimates from the 1978 National Demographic Survey, the 1984 National Nutrition and Health Survey, and the 1999 National Household Survey; and (d) estimates from the 1961, 1972, 1981, 1993, and 2007 censuses.
International migration: Net international migration was estimated for 1982-2007 from border statistics and other administrative statistics, and from the number and characteristics of persons born in Peru and enumerated during the 1990, 2000 and 2010 rounds of census counts in Argentina, Canada, Chile, Venezuela and the United States of America.

\section*{Philippines}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Philippines

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 18580 & 35805 & 61949 & 77652 & 85821 & 93444 & 101803 & 110404 & 127797 & 157118 & 179846 & 187702 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 62 & 119 & 207 & 259 & 286 & 311 & 339 & 368 & 426 & 524 & 599 & 626 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 18.2 & 16.7 & 19.3 & 20.5 & 21.2 & 22.3 & 23.4 & 24.5 & 27.0 & 31.5 & 37.1 & 41.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 89.3 & 96.0 & 78.8 & 71.7 & 68.1 & 63.9 & 59.9 & 57.2 & 55.0 & 50.2 & 53.3 & 60.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 82.5 & 90.2 & 73.2 & 66.1 & 62.3 & 57.8 & 53.4 & 49.5 & 45.2 & 36.3 & 30.2 & 27.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.8 & 5.9 & 5.6 & 5.6 & 5.8 & 6.1 & 6.5 & 7.6 & 9.8 & 14.0 & 23.1 & 32.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)...
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
3

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
3
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3.5 & 2.9 & 2.6 & 2.2 & 2.0 & 1.7 & 1.7 & 1.6 & 1.4 & 0.9 & 0.4 & 0.1 \\
\hline 35.3 & 31.0 & 27.3 & 24.0 & 22.8 & 19.8 & 18.6 & 17.3 & 14.5 & 9.0 & 3.8 & 0.8 \\
\hline 20 & 24 & 27 & 32 & 35 & 41 & 41 & 43 & 50 & 82 & - & - \\
\hline 13.3 & 9.4 & 6.9 & 6.2 & 6.1 & 6.0 & 6.0 & 6.1 & 6.5 & 7.6 & 9.4 & 10.6 \\
\hline 97 & 68 & 40 & 30 & 26 & 23 & 21 & 19 & 16 & 11 & 6 & 3 \\
\hline 137 & 94 & 53 & 40 & 35 & 30 & 27 & 25 & 21 & 14 & 7 & 3 \\
\hline 306 & 271 & 241 & 228 & 222 & 217 & 205 & 194 & 174 & 138 & 94 & 58 \\
\hline 55.4 & 60.1 & 64.7 & 66.4 & 67.1 & 67.8 & 68.6 & 69.4 & 70.9 & 73.6 & 77.3 & 80.9 \\
\hline 54.1 & 58.5 & 62.1 & 63.5 & 64.0 & 64.5 & 65.3 & 66.0 & 67.3 & 70.0 & 74.1 & 78.4 \\
\hline 56.7 & 61.7 & 67.4 & 69.5 & 70.5 & 71.3 & 72.2 & 73.0 & 74.6 & 77.3 & 80.5 & 83.4 \\
\hline 50.5 & 52.2 & 53.9 & 54.6 & 55.0 & 55.3 & 55.9 & 56.5 & 57.6 & 59.8 & 62.9 & 66.3 \\
\hline 12.2 & 12.6 & 13.0 & 13.3 & 13.4 & 13.5 & 13.7 & 13.9 & 14.4 & 15.4 & 17.0 & 19.0 \\
\hline 48.6 & 40.4 & 34.1 & 30.2 & 28.8 & 25.8 & 24.6 & 23.5 & 21.0 & 16.6 & 13.1 & 11.4 \\
\hline 7.42 & 6.54 & 4.53 & 3.90 & 3.70 & 3.27 & 3.07 & 2.89 & 2.61 & 2.20 & 1.93 & 1.86 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.85 & 2.71 & 2.02 & 1.78 & 1.70 & 1.52 & 1.43 & 1.36 & 1.24 & 1.06 & 0.93 & 0.90 \\
\hline 30.7 & 30.7 & 29.9 & 29.2 & 28.9 & 28.8 & 28.7 & 28.5 & 28.3 & 27.8 & 29.0 & 29.8 \\
\hline 4954 & 6739 & 9915 & 11106 & 11776 & 11549 & 11992 & 12443 & 12986 & 12800 & 11711 & 10653 \\
\hline 1356 & 1574 & 1992 & 2284 & 2479 & 2692 & 2933 & 3242 & 4008 & 5874 & 8346 & 9937 \\
\hline 3598 & 5164 & 7923 & 8821 & 9297 & 8856 & 9058 & 9201 & 8978 & 6927 & 3365 & 716 \\
\hline 0 & - 272 & - 299 & - 776 & - 1128 & -1233 & - 700 & -600 & -400 & -400 & -200 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & -1.6 & -1.0 & -2.1 & -2.8 & -2.8 & -1.4 & -1.1 & -0.7 & -0.5 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Philippines}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2007 census, with the official estimates of 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on maternity-history data from the 1993 National Demographic Survey, the 2003 DHS, the 2007 DHS, and consistent with the age distributions produced by the 1990, 1995 and 2000 census counts.

Infant and child mortality: Based on maternity-history data from the 1993 National Demographic Survey and the 1998 and 2003 Philippines DHS. Child mortality estimates from UNICEF as published in 2010 were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on estimates of life tables of WHO as published in 2012, infant mortality of 1998 and 2003 Philippines DHS and Coale-Demeny West model life tables, and the underlying population by age and sex.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2007, and on information on Filipino emigrants admitted by the main countries of immigration.

\section*{Poland}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 38199
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 118
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 15.0
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 14.2
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 71.5
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 13.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.0
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.33
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 7
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 75.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
POLAND


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Poland

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) .............................. & 24824 & 32632 & 38150 & 38351 & 38206 & 38199 & 38222 & 38158 & 37448 & 34079 & 29168 & 26085 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 77 & 101 & 118 & 119 & 118 & 118 & 118 & 118 & 116 & 105 & 90 & 81 \\
\hline Median age (years)......................................... & 25.8 & 28.2 & 32.4 & 35.3 & 36.6 & 38.0 & 39.4 & 41.2 & 45.2 & 48.9 & 48.8 & 48.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................. & 52.9 & 54.2 & 54.3 & 46.3 & 42.2 & 39.9 & 43.8 & 51.4 & 59.1 & 75.3 & 77.4 & 81.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................ & 44.9 & 41.5 & 38.7 & 28.3 & 23.3 & 21.0 & 21.7 & 23.9 & 23.9 & 24.3 & 24.9 & 26.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c).............................. & 8.0 & 12.7 & 15.6 & 18.0 & 18.8 & 18.9 & 22.0 & 27.5 & 35.2 & 51.0 & 52.5 & 55.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1
\(\begin{array}{lll}1.9 & 0.8 & 0.5\end{array}\)
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
19.4
8.6
0.5
5.8
\(-0.1\)
\(-0.1\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
36
90
\(\begin{array}{ll}-0.1 & 0.0 \\ -0.2 & 0.3\end{array}\)

Pop
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
10
7.8

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
10.1
10.0
9.6
10.0
0.0
0.0
-0.3
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
0.0 & -0.3 & -0.5 & -0.7 & -0.3 \\
-0.1 & -2.3 & -4.8 & -6.9 & -3.4 \\
- & - & - & - & - \\
10.8 & 11.5 & 14.2 & 16.0 & 12.9 \\
5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
6 & 5 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
120 & 101 & 73 & 51 & 34 \\
77.2 & 78.9 & 81.6 & 84.5 & 87.2 \\
73.2 & 75.3 & 78.4 & 81.4 & 84.1 \\
81.1 & 82.4 & 84.8 & 87.6 & 90.4 \\
62.7 & 64.3 & 67.0 & 69.7 & 72.4 \\
17.9 & 18.8 & 20.4 & 22.3 & 24.2 \\
& & & & \\
10.7 & 9.2 & 9.4 & 9.1 & 9.4 \\
1.48 & 1.58 & 1.72 & 1.80 & 1.84 \\
106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
0.71 & 0.76 & 0.83 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
30.2 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.0 \\
& & & & \\
2034 & 1725 & 1624 & 1355 & 1238 \\
2059 & 2163 & 2452 & 2373 & 1691 \\
-25 & -438 & -829 & -1018 & -452 \\
& & & & \\
-38 & -38 & -38 & -19 & 0 \\
-0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Number of births (thousands) ............................... & 3951 & 2629 & 2999 & 2021 & 1805 & 1969 & 2059 & 2034 & 1725 & 1624 & 1355 & 1238 \\
\hline Number of deaths (thousands) & 1423 & 1245 & 1912 & 1916 & 1835 & 1906 & 1998 & 2059 & 2163 & 2452 & 2373 & 1691 \\
\hline Births minus deaths (thousands) rnational migration & 2528 & 1383 & 1086 & 104 & - 30 & 63 & 61 & -25 & -438 & -829 & -1018 & -452 \\
\hline Net number of migrants (thousands)....................... & 0 & - 143 & - 221 & - 233 & - 115 & -70 & - 38 & -38 & - 38 & -38 & -19 & \\
\hline Net migration rate (per 1,000) .............................. & 0.0 & -0.9 & -1.2 & -1.2 & -0.6 & -0.4 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Poland}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2002 census, with official population estimates through 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of infant mortality available through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on official life tables through 2009.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Portugal}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Portugal}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population（thousands）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 8417 & 8670 & 9899 & 10306 & 10511 & 10590 & 10610 & 10579 & 10433 & 9843 & 8520 & 7457 \\
\hline Population density（persons per square km）．．．．．．．．．．．． & 92 & 94 & 108 & 112 & 114 & 115 & 115 & 115 & 113 & 107 & 93 & 81 \\
\hline Median age（years）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 26.1 & 29.7 & 34.3 & 37.8 & 39.3 & 41.0 & 43.0 & 45.0 & 49.0 & 52.5 & 52.7 & 52.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios（per 100）} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio（a）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 57.7 & 62.3 & 52.0 & 47.9 & 48.7 & 49.6 & 51.1 & 52.3 & 59.5 & 86.7 & 94.1 & 94.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio（b）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 46.7 & 46.6 & 31.3 & 23.9 & 23.2 & 22.7 & 21.8 & 20.3 & 19.1 & 22.5 & 24.9 & 26.0 \\
\hline Old－age dependency ratio（c）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． & 11.1 & 15.7 & 20.7 & 24.0 & 25.5 & 27.0 & 29.3 & 32.0 & 40.5 & 64.3 & 69.2 & 69.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change（percentage）．．．．．．．．
1950－1955 1965－1970 1985－1990 1995－2000 2000－2005 2005－2010 2010－2015 2015－2020 2025－2030 2045－2050 2070－2075 2095－2100

Rate of natural increase（per 1，000 population）．．．．．．．．
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.6 & －0．5 & －0．1 & 0.4 & 0.4 & 0.2 & 0.0 & －0．1 & －0．2 & －0．4 & －0．6 & －0．5 \\
\hline 11.9 & 11.0 & 2.2 & 0.7 & 0.5 & －0．4 & －1．5 & －2．5 & －3．5 & －6．2 & －7．2 & －5．2 \\
\hline 121 & － & － & － & － & － & － & － & － & － & － & － \\
\hline 12.0 & 11.2 & 9.8 & 10.4 & 10.3 & 10.1 & 10.3 & 10.5 & 11.3 & 13.7 & 15.5 & 13.8 \\
\hline 93 & 61 & 14 & 6 & 5 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 137 & 77 & 18 & 9 & 6 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 207 & 166 & 129 & 117 & 104 & 91 & 82 & 73 & 60 & 42 & 27 & 16 \\
\hline 59.7 & 66.2 & 73.8 & 75.8 & 77.3 & 78.7 & 79.8 & 80.9 & 82.5 & 85.3 & 88.4 & 91.4 \\
\hline 57.0 & 62.9 & 70.3 & 72.2 & 73.9 & 75.5 & 76.8 & 78.0 & 79.7 & 82.5 & 85.7 & 88.6 \\
\hline 62.3 & 69.3 & 77.3 & 79.5 & 80.7 & 81.9 & 82.8 & 83.6 & 85.2 & 88.1 & 91.2 & 94.2 \\
\hline 55.3 & 57.2 & 60.5 & 61.7 & 62.9 & 64.2 & 65.2 & 66.2 & 67.8 & 70.5 & 73.6 & 76.5 \\
\hline 13.4 & 13.6 & 15.9 & 16.8 & 17.6 & 18.3 & 19.0 & 19.6 & 20.7 & 22.7 & 25.1 & 27.5 \\
\hline 23.9 & 22.2 & 12.0 & 11.1 & 10.8 & 9.7 & 8.8 & 8.1 & 7.8 & 7.6 & 8.3 & 8.7 \\
\hline 3.10 & 3.12 & 1.62 & 1.48 & 1.45 & 1.36 & 1.32 & 1.33 & 1.43 & 1.62 & 1.75 & 1.82 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.25 & 1.38 & 0.77 & 0.71 & 0.70 & 0.66 & 0.63 & 0.64 & 0.69 & 0.78 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 30.2 & 29.3 & 27.2 & 28.3 & 28.9 & 29.5 & 29.9 & 30.3 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 1022 & 976 & 596 & 568 & 561 & 514 & 465 & 426 & 408 & 377 & 358 & 327 \\
\hline 512 & 493 & 487 & 533 & 536 & 535 & 545 & 558 & 590 & 682 & 670 & 522 \\
\hline 510 & 483 & 109 & 36 & 25 & －21 & － 80 & － 132 & － 181 & －306 & － 312 & － 195 \\
\hline － 265 & － 702 & － 148 & 174 & 180 & 100 & 100 & 100 & 100 & 100 & 50 & 0 \\
\hline －6．2 & －16．0 & －3．0 & 3.4 & 3.5 & 1.9 & 1.9 & 1.9 & 1.9 & 2.0 & 1.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} Mortality

Crude death rate per 1，000 population．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Infant mortality rate（1q0）per 1,000 live births ．．．．．．．
Under－five mortality（ 5 q 0 ）per 1,000 live births ．．．．．．
Adult mortality（ 45 q 15 ）per 1,000 （e） \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth（years） \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth（years） \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth（years） \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 （years） \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth（males per 100 females） \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate（f） \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing（years）． \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births（thousands）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Number of deaths（thousands）． \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants（thousands）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Net migration rate（per 1,000 ）

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0－14 and that aged 65＋to the population aged 15－64．They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age（15－64）
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15－64．They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age（15－64）．
c The old－age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15－64．They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age（ \(15-64\) ）．
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent．
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 （ 45 q 15 ）．
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period．

\section*{Portugal}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011 census, with official intercensal estimates and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2011; (b) registered births by age of mother and underlying female population by age; and (c) data from EuroStat and Human Fertility Database were also consideration.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 201; (b) estimates from the 1979-80 World Fertility Survey; and (c) estimates from Human Mortality Database and from UNICEF as published in September 2012 were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011; (b) registered deaths by age and sex through 2011 and underlying population by age and sex; (c) estimates from Human Mortality Database and EuroStat were also considered.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Puerto Rico}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Puerto Rico

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 2218 & 2710 & 3518 & 3797 & 3761 & 3710 & 3680 & 3679 & 3704 & 3611 & 3259 & 2853 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 250 & 305 & 396 & 428 & 424 & 418 & 415 & 415 & 417 & 407 & 367 & 321 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.4 & 21.6 & 28.5 & 32.3 & 33.4 & 34.7 & 36.3 & 37.9 & 41.1 & 47.1 & 50.1 & 50.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 89.0 & 75.5 & 58.5 & 53.6 & 52.3 & 50.3 & 50.0 & 50.9 & 55.1 & 66.7 & 83.8 & 87.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 81.7 & 64.1 & 43.1 & 36.2 & 33.8 & 30.8 & 28.3 & 26.8 & 25.1 & 23.5 & 24.9 & 26.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c).............................. & 7.3 & 11.4 & 15.4 & 17.4 & 18.5 & 19.5 & 21.7 & 24.1 & 30.0 & 43.3 & 58.9 & 61.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
0
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.3 & 1.0 & 0.9 & 0.6 & -0.2 & -0.3 & -0.2 & 0.0 & 0.1 & -0.2 & -0.5 & -0.5 \\
\hline 28.6 & 20.2 & 11.8 & 7.4 & 5.8 & 4.6 & 4.0 & 3.3 & 1.4 & -2.3 & -5.0 & -5.0 \\
\hline - & 70 & 81 & 121 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 8.8 & 6.5 & 6.8 & 8.0 & 8.0 & 8.1 & 8.1 & 8.2 & 9.0 & 11.4 & 13.8 & 14.0 \\
\hline 63 & 33 & 14 & 11 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 5 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline 75 & 39 & 16 & 13 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 246 & 177 & 150 & 151 & 128 & 117 & 109 & 100 & 87 & 66 & 46 & 30 \\
\hline 63.5 & 70.7 & 74.6 & 74.9 & 76.8 & 77.9 & 78.8 & 79.6 & 81.0 & 83.3 & 85.9 & 88.5 \\
\hline 61.5 & 67.7 & 70.6 & 70.3 & 72.7 & 73.8 & 75.0 & 76.0 & 77.6 & 79.9 & 82.6 & 85.2 \\
\hline 65.7 & 73.9 & 78.8 & 79.6 & 80.9 & 81.8 & 82.5 & 83.1 & 84.3 & 86.6 & 89.3 & 91.9 \\
\hline 54.4 & 58.8 & 61.0 & 61.0 & 62.6 & 63.6 & 64.5 & 65.3 & 66.6 & 68.7 & 71.3 & 73.8 \\
\hline 14.2 & 16.3 & 17.6 & 17.7 & 18.4 & 19.0 & 19.6 & 20.0 & 20.8 & 22.1 & 23.7 & 25.4 \\
\hline 37.4 & 26.7 & 18.6 & 15.4 & 13.8 & 12.7 & 12.1 & 11.6 & 10.4 & 9.1 & 8.7 & 9.0 \\
\hline 4.97 & 3.41 & 2.26 & 1.99 & 1.82 & 1.70 & 1.64 & 1.61 & 1.63 & 1.70 & 1.78 & 1.84 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.17 & 1.58 & 1.08 & 0.95 & 0.87 & 0.82 & 0.79 & 0.78 & 0.79 & 0.82 & 0.86 & 0.89 \\
\hline 27.5 & 27.1 & 26.1 & 25.9 & 25.9 & 26.5 & 26.5 & 26.6 & 26.6 & 26.7 & 26.7 & 26.7 \\
\hline 417 & 353 & 320 & 288 & 261 & 237 & 223 & 213 & 192 & 166 & 144 & 130 \\
\hline 98 & 86 & 117 & 150 & 151 & 151 & 150 & 151 & 166 & 207 & 227 & 202 \\
\hline 319 & 267 & 203 & 138 & 110 & 87 & 74 & 61 & 26 & -42 & -83 & -72 \\
\hline -290 & - 134 & - 55 & - 30 & - 146 & - 138 & -104 & -62 & -16 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -26.0 & -10.2 & -3.2 & -1.6 & -7.7 & -7.4 & -5.6 & -3.4 & -0.8 & -0.1 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
105

Net reproduction rate (f) ...........................................
Mean age childbearing (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Number of dis)
\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

> a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
\(b\) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Puerto Rico}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility through 2007; and (b) registered births by age of mother through 2008 with underlying female population by age.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2008; and (b) estimates from the US Census Bureau were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2008 and underlying population by age and sex; and (b) official estimates of life expectancy available through 2006.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1990-2000 and 2000-2010 intercensal periods and estimates of net flows for Puerto Rico from the US Census Bureau.

\section*{Qatar}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 25 & 109 & 477 & 594 & 821 & 1750 & 2351 & 2543 & 2760 & 2985 & 2480 & 1987 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 2 & 10 & 43 & 54 & 75 & 159 & 214 & 231 & 251 & 271 & 225 & 181 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 18.9 & 21.9 & 28.7 & 30.3 & 30.7 & 31.6 & 31.7 & 34.6 & 42.4 & 55.8 & 54.0 & 52.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 84.1 & 61.6 & 42.0 & 38.1 & 33.5 & 17.4 & 17.0 & 17.2 & 18.7 & 63.1 & 86.9 & 86.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 77.8 & 58.4 & 40.2 & 35.8 & 31.7 & 16.1 & 15.9 & 15.7 & 13.6 & 15.6 & 19.6 & 23.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.3 & 3.2 & 1.8 & 2.4 & 1.8 & 1.3 & 1.1 & 1.5 & 5.1 & 47.5 & 67.3 & 63.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
7.2
34.1
10
7.9
5.0
3.4
\begin{tabular}{rr}
6.5 & 15.1 \\
16.1 & 11.1 \\
11 & 5 \\
&
\end{tabular}
5.9
9.8
12

1.4
1.6
8.4
44

1.4
0.7
4.7
96

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years)}
\(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
13.4 & 5.9 & 2.3 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1.6 \\
106 & 51 & 18 & 12 & 9 & 8
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Qatar}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1986, 1997, 2004 and 2010 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on annual births registered from 1984 through 2011 classified by age of mother.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered annually from 1981 through 2009, adjusted for underregistration, and (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1987 CHS and 1998 GFH surveys; and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, and the 2004 census.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and enumerated census population by age and sex from 1981 to 2010, adjusted for infant and child mortality. Mortality rates for age 65 and over were smoothed and extrapolated by fitting the Kannisto model of old-age mortality (Thatcher, et al. (1998). The Force of Mortality at Ages 80 to 120. Odense, Denmark: Odense University Press) using data for ages 50-84. For 1950-1980, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the estimated 1980-1985 life table.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

\section*{Republic of Korea}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Republic of Korea

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 19211 & 31437 & 42972 & 45977 & 47033 & 48454 & 49750 & 50769 & 52190 & 51034 & 45279 & 40548 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 193 & 316 & 432 & 462 & 473 & 487 & 500 & 510 & 524 & 513 & 455 & 407 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.0 & 19.0 & 27.0 & 32.1 & 35.0 & 37.8 & 40.5 & 42.9 & 47.2 & 53.5 & 53.0 & 52.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 83.0 & 83.3 & 44.1 & 39.5 & 39.6 & 37.6 & 37.4 & 41.5 & 58.7 & 88.2 & 98.4 & 101.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 77.8 & 77.2 & 36.9 & 29.2 & 26.7 & 22.4 & 19.5 & 19.5 & 21.5 & 22.6 & 25.5 & 26.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.3 & 6.1 & 7.2 & 10.2 & 13.0 & 15.2 & 17.9 & 22.0 & 37.1 & 65.7 & 72.9 & 74.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)....
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).....
\(\qquad\) ......................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
1.9
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr} 
\\
& & & & & \\
1.9 & 2.0 & 1.2 & 0.6 & 0.5 \\
19.4 & 23.0 & 9.8 & 8.1 & 5.0
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
1.9 .0 & 1.2 & 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.6 \\
.4 & 23.0 & 9.8 & 8.1 & 5.0 & 4.5
\end{tabular}
0.4
\begin{tabular}{cc}
0.5 & 0.4 \\
4.1 & 3.3 \\
132 & -
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
5.3 & 5.1 & 5.6
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
5.7 & 5.5 & 5.3 & 5.1 \\
15 & 7 & 5 & 5
\end{tabular}
0.2
6.2
3
3
52

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) )
\(\mathrm{b} \quad\) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Republic of Korea}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2008.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of mortality through 2008.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy through 2008.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Republic of Moldova}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Republic of Moldova

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 2341 & 3595 & 4364 & 4107 & 3767 & 3573 & 3437 & 3323 & 3066 & 2484 & 1975 & 1702 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 69 & 106 & 129 & 121 & 111 & 106 & 102 & 98 & 91 & 73 & 58 & 50 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 26.6 & 26.3 & 29.9 & 32.3 & 34.1 & 35.2 & 36.3 & 37.7 & 41.9 & 45.8 & 45.2 & 44.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 55.8 & 62.5 & 56.8 & 50.8 & 43.3 & 38.6 & 40.0 & 45.5 & 48.4 & 55.2 & 64.5 & 65.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 43.7 & 52.2 & 43.8 & 35.8 & 27.2 & 23.1 & 23.6 & 25.7 & 22.8 & 22.7 & 25.3 & 26.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 12.0 & 10.3 & 13.0 & 15.1 & 16.1 & 15.5 & 16.4 & 19.8 & 25.6 & 32.5 & 39.2 & 39.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 1.5 & 0.7 & -1.1 & -1.7 & -1.1 & -0.8 & -0.7 & -0.9 & -1.2 & -0.9 & -0.5 \\
\hline 15.8 & 10.7 & 10.9 & 0.8 & -1.2 & -1.3 & -1.9 & -3.1 & -6.4 & -8.3 & -8.7 & -4.5 \\
\hline 30 & 47 & 100 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & \\
\hline 14.1 & 9.7 & 10.2 & 11.8 & 12.7 & 13.6 & 14.1 & 14.4 & 15.4 & 17.6 & 18.8 & 14.9 \\
\hline 81 & 49 & 31 & 25 & 19 & 16 & 14 & 13 & 10 & 7 & 5 & 4 \\
\hline 101 & 56 & 37 & 30 & 23 & 19 & 17 & 16 & 13 & 8 & 6 & 5 \\
\hline 288 & 246 & 216 & 248 & 237 & 229 & 218 & 208 & 190 & 158 & 115 & 75 \\
\hline 59.0 & 64.6 & 67.5 & 66.6 & 67.6 & 68.2 & 68.8 & 69.4 & 70.6 & 73.0 & 76.2 & 79.7 \\
\hline 55.0 & 61.0 & 64.1 & 62.7 & 63.6 & 64.4 & 64.9 & 65.5 & 66.5 & 68.8 & 72.5 & 76.7 \\
\hline 63.0 & 68.0 & 70.7 & 70.5 & 71.6 & 72.1 & 72.8 & 73.4 & 74.7 & 77.1 & 80.0 & 82.7 \\
\hline 51.2 & 53.7 & 55.4 & 53.9 & 54.4 & 54.8 & 55.2 & 55.7 & 56.6 & 58.7 & 61.8 & 65.2 \\
\hline 11.2 & 12.5 & 13.3 & 12.9 & 13.0 & 13.1 & 13.2 & 13.4 & 13.8 & 14.9 & 16.6 & 18.7 \\
\hline 29.9 & 20.4 & 21.1 & 12.7 & 11.5 & 12.3 & 12.2 & 11.3 & 9.0 & 9.3 & 10.0 & 10.4 \\
\hline 3.50 & 2.66 & 2.64 & 1.70 & 1.50 & 1.50 & 1.46 & 1.46 & 1.53 & 1.67 & 1.77 & 1.83 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.51 & 1.21 & 1.23 & 0.79 & 0.71 & 0.71 & 0.69 & 0.69 & 0.73 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.1 & 28.6 & 26.3 & 25.1 & 25.9 & 26.2 & 26.5 & 26.8 & 27.4 & 28.0 & 28.0 & 28.0 \\
\hline 371 & 353 & 453 & 267 & 226 & 225 & 213 & 192 & 141 & 119 & 101 & 89 \\
\hline 176 & 168 & 219 & 250 & 250 & 249 & 247 & 243 & 241 & 226 & 189 & 128 \\
\hline 196 & 184 & 234 & 18 & -23 & -24 & -33 & - 52 & - 100 & -106 & -88 & -39 \\
\hline 90 & 74 & -85 & - 250 & - 317 & - 170 & -103 & -62 & - 40 & -40 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline 7.3 & 4.3 & -3.9 & -11.8 & -16.1 & -9.3 & -5.9 & -3.7 & -2.6 & -3.1 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortalit
```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.

```
\(\qquad\)

Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
\[
\text { The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged } 0-14 \text { and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( } 15-64 \text { ). }
\]
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Republic of Moldova}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with (a) the 1959, 1970, 1979 and 1989 censuses; (b) the 2004 censuses of the Republic of Moldova and the region of Transnistria; and (c) estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2008, and (b) maternity-history data from the 1997 RHS and 2005 Moldova DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2008 adjusted to compensate for infant deaths omitted owing to the use of a definition of infant death that does not conform to international standards prior to 1991, (b) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1989 census, and (c) maternity-history data from the 2005 Moldova DHS.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2008 adjusted to take into account underreporting of infant and child mortality. The age pattern of mortality is derived from a life table constructed on the basis of 2005 data.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase through 2008.

\section*{Réunion}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & Réunion (FR) \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................... & 845 & \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) .......... & 336 & - Saint Denis \\
\hline Percentage of population under age \(15 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .\). & 25.6 & \({ }^{-}\)Le Port Saint-Andre \({ }^{\text {e }}\) \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24...................... & 16.8 & -Saint-Paul . Saint-Benoit \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64...................... & 66.4 & \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+...................... & 8.0 & \begin{tabular}{l}
Saint-Leu \\
Piton de la Fournaise
\end{tabular} \\
\hline & 2005-2010 & Saint-Louis • Le Tampon \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 1.3 & -Saint-Pierre \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)...................... & 2.40 &  \\
\hline Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 7 & \[
\square_{0}^{\infty}
\] \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................ & 78.2 &  \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI, Smithsonian Institute \\
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Réunion

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 248 & 462 & 611 & 736 & 791 & 845 & 895 & 941 & 1021 & 1125 & 1166 & 1150 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 99 & 184 & 243 & 293 & 315 & 336 & 357 & 375 & 407 & 448 & 464 & 458 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.3 & 17.1 & 24.0 & 28.0 & 29.1 & 29.9 & 31.3 & 33.0 & 36.2 & 41.5 & 46.1 & 48.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 77.2 & 95.0 & 57.5 & 54.4 & 51.8 & 50.7 & 50.8 & 51.3 & 56.4 & 63.3 & 77.4 & 87.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 70.3 & 88.4 & 48.7 & 44.1 & 40.7 & 38.6 & 37.2 & 34.8 & 31.7 & 28.5 & 27.7 & 27.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.9 & 6.6 & 8.9 & 10.3 & 11.1 & 12.1 & 13.6 & 16.5 & 24.8 & 34.8 & 49.8 & 59.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950
```

Mortality

```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ...........
Net reproduction rate (f) ..........................................
Mean age childbearing (years)...................................

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
3.2
3.4
27.7
21
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
1.8 & 1.8 & 1.4 & 1.3 \\
18.4 & 15.0 & 14.6 & 13.1
\end{tabular}
1.2
11.6
60
1.0
10.0
69

Births minus deaths (thousands) ..........................................

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per (thousands)......................... 3
\(\begin{array}{ll}3 & 12 \\ 9 & 5.8\end{array}\)
5.2
4
5
99
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
5.3 & 6.0 & 8.3 & 9.6 & 10.8 \\
3 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
88 & 74 & 54 & 38 & 26 \\
80.7 & 82.5 & 85.5 & 88.8 & 91.8 \\
77.4 & 79.2 & 82.2 & 85.5 & 88.6 \\
83.9 & 85.6 & 88.7 & 91.9 & 95.0 \\
66.0 & 67.7 & 70.7 & 73.9 & 77.0 \\
20.2 & 21.3 & 23.5 & 26.1 & 28.5 \\
& & & & \\
15.4 & 13.6 & 11.5 & 10.3 & 9.8 \\
2.11 & 1.95 & 1.86 & 1.86 & 1.88 \\
103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
1.03 & 0.96 & 0.91 & 0.92 & 0.93 \\
28.4 & 29.1 & 30.0 & 30.8 & 31.3 \\
& & & & \\
70 & 68 & 64 & 60 & 56 \\
24 & 30 & 46 & 56 & 62 \\
46 & 38 & 18 & 4 & -6 \\
& & & & \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0
\end{tabular}
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Réunion}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2007.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2006, and the official life tables for 1955 and 1976.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2007, and the official life tables for 1955 and 1976.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.
Total population (thousands) ..... 21861
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 92
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 15.0
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 13.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 70.2
Percentage of population aged \(65+\). ..... 14.8
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... -0.2
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.33
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 14
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.1
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
ROMANIA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
endorsendes and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Romania

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 16236 & 20332 & 23372 & 22388 & 22113 & 21861 & 21579 & 21226 & 20232 & 17809 & 14461 & 12603 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 68 & 85 & 98 & 94 & 93 & 92 & 91 & 89 & 85 & 75 & 61 & 53 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 26.3 & 31.0 & 32.8 & 34.4 & 36.8 & 38.5 & 40.0 & 41.8 & 45.3 & 48.8 & 48.1 & 47.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 51.5 & 52.4 & 51.9 & 47.1 & 43.4 & 42.6 & 44.1 & 47.7 & 49.8 & 72.7 & 75.2 & 77.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 42.8 & 39.5 & 35.9 & 27.4 & 22.2 & 21.4 & 21.8 & 22.6 & 21.2 & 23.9 & 25.2 & 26.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 8.7 & 12.9 & 16.0 & 19.7 & 21.2 & 21.2 & 22.3 & 25.2 & 28.7 & 48.8 & 50.0 & 51.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.4 & 1.3 & 0.4 & -0.5 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.5 & -0.7 & -0.8 & -0.4 \\
\hline 13.8 & 12.6 & 5.1 & -2.2 & -2.0 & -1.8 & -2.2 & -2.9 & -4.8 & -6.5 & -7.7 & -4.4 \\
\hline 51 & 53 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 10.6 & 9.7 & 11.0 & 12.3 & 11.9 & 12.0 & 12.5 & 12.8 & 13.4 & 15.5 & 17.1 & 14.0 \\
\hline 91 & 51 & 26 & 20 & 17 & 12 & 11 & 9 & 7 & 5 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 113 & 61 & 33 & 25 & 20 & 14 & 12 & 11 & 9 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 207 & 157 & 177 & 195 & 173 & 157 & 150 & 143 & 127 & 94 & 63 & 43 \\
\hline 61.1 & 67.4 & 69.5 & 69.7 & 71.5 & 73.1 & 73.7 & 74.4 & 75.8 & 78.7 & 82.0 & 84.8 \\
\hline 59.4 & 65.1 & 66.5 & 66.1 & 67.9 & 69.5 & 70.2 & 70.9 & 72.4 & 75.9 & 79.6 & 82.5 \\
\hline 62.8 & 69.6 & 72.6 & 73.6 & 75.2 & 76.7 & 77.4 & 78.0 & 79.3 & 81.7 & 84.5 & 87.2 \\
\hline 54.6 & 57.1 & 57.3 & 56.8 & 58.2 & 59.3 & 59.8 & 60.4 & 61.6 & 64.3 & 67.4 & 70.1 \\
\hline 12.4 & 13.2 & 14.0 & 14.1 & 14.8 & 15.4 & 15.8 & 16.1 & 16.9 & 18.4 & 20.4 & 22.3 \\
\hline 24.4 & 22.3 & 16.1 & 10.1 & 9.9 & 10.2 & 10.3 & 10.0 & 8.6 & 9.0 & 9.4 & 9.7 \\
\hline 2.87 & 3.03 & 2.27 & 1.31 & 1.28 & 1.33 & 1.41 & 1.48 & 1.58 & 1.72 & 1.80 & 1.85 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.21 & 1.37 & 1.06 & 0.62 & 0.61 & 0.64 & 0.67 & 0.71 & 0.76 & 0.83 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 27.0 & 25.2 & 24.7 & 25.8 & 27.2 & 28.1 & 28.2 & 28.3 & 28.6 & 29.1 & 29.4 & 30.0 \\
\hline 2052 & 2194 & 1864 & 1149 & 1102 & 1118 & 1118 & 1065 & 877 & 812 & 691 & 615 \\
\hline 894 & 955 & 1269 & 1396 & 1325 & 1316 & 1355 & 1373 & 1370 & 1404 & 1263 & 893 \\
\hline 1157 & 1239 & 595 & - 247 & -223 & -197 & - 237 & -308 & -493 & - 592 & - 571 & - 278 \\
\hline -4 & 55 & - 121 & - 328 & - 52 & - 55 & -45 & -45 & -45 & - 45 & -23 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.6 & -1.0 & -2.9 & -0.5 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.4 & -0.4 & -0.5 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)...............................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands).

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
\(b\) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Romania}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1966, 1977, 1992 and 2002 census, with an official estimate of total population for 1 January 2010 and with subsequent estimates of trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2010, (b) direct estimates from the 1978 World Fertility Survey (WFS), the 2004 Reproductive Health Survey (RHS), and (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1956, 1966, 1977, 1992 and 2002 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official life tables through 2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase through 2010.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Russian Federation}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 102799 & 130358 & 148149 & 146763 & 143933 & 143618 & 142098 & 140011 & 133556 & 120896 & 108089 & 101882 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 6 & 8 & 9 & 9 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 6 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 24.3 & 30.7 & 33.3 & 36.5 & 37.3 & 38.0 & 38.5 & 39.4 & 42.4 & 41.7 & 41.2 & 42.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 53.1 & 51.3 & 49.7 & 44.1 & 40.8 & 38.9 & 42.2 & 47.6 & 52.2 & 60.2 & 58.9 & 63.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 45.7 & 39.6 & 34.4 & 26.2 & 21.4 & 20.7 & 23.4 & 25.7 & 24.7 & 27.4 & 27.7 & 27.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.4 & 11.7 & 15.3 & 17.9 & 19.4 & 18.2 & 18.8 & 21.9 & 27.6 & 32.8 & 31.3 & 35.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
natura increase (per 1,000 population)....... 1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.6 & 0.6 & 0.6 & -0.3 & -0.4 & 0.0 & -0.2 & -0.3 & -0.5 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.2 \\
\hline 15.9 & 6.6 & 5.1 & -5.6 & -6.1 & -3.6 & -3.7 & -4.2 & -5.9 & -5.7 & -4.1 & -2.2 \\
\hline 43 & 122 & 110 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 11.0 & 8.4 & 11.1 & 14.6 & 16.0 & 14.9 & 15.5 & 15.6 & 15.7 & 16.7 & 15.5 & 13.4 \\
\hline 101 & 31 & 24 & 21 & 16 & 11 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 4 \\
\hline 142 & 37 & 28 & 25 & 20 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 7 & 6 & 5 \\
\hline 239 & 193 & 206 & 290 & 320 & 286 & 273 & 259 & 235 & 191 & 135 & 91 \\
\hline 58.5 & 68.5 & 69.1 & 65.7 & 65.0 & 67.2 & 67.9 & 68.5 & 69.8 & 72.4 & 75.8 & 79.0 \\
\hline 53.9 & 63.2 & 63.9 & 59.6 & 58.6 & 61.0 & 61.7 & 62.4 & 63.7 & 66.6 & 70.8 & 74.9 \\
\hline 62.0 & 72.6 & 73.9 & 72.3 & 72.0 & 73.7 & 74.3 & 75.0 & 76.1 & 78.2 & 80.6 & 82.9 \\
\hline 54.2 & 56.5 & 56.5 & 52.7 & 51.5 & 53.3 & 53.9 & 54.5 & 55.7 & 58.1 & 61.3 & 64.4 \\
\hline 13.6 & 14.2 & 14.5 & 13.6 & 13.4 & 14.2 & 14.4 & 14.5 & 14.9 & 15.8 & 17.0 & 18.6 \\
\hline 26.9 & 15.0 & 16.1 & 8.9 & 9.8 & 11.3 & 11.8 & 11.3 & 9.8 & 11.0 & 11.4 & 11.2 \\
\hline 2.85 & 2.02 & 2.12 & 1.25 & 1.30 & 1.44 & 1.53 & 1.60 & 1.70 & 1.81 & 1.87 & 1.90 \\
\hline 106 & 105 & 105 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.15 & 0.94 & 1.00 & 0.58 & 0.61 & 0.68 & 0.72 & 0.76 & 0.81 & 0.87 & 0.90 & 0.91 \\
\hline 29.3 & 27.3 & 25.9 & 25.3 & 26.2 & 27.0 & 27.9 & 27.8 & 27.6 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 14412 & 9643 & 11773 & 6595 & 7154 & 8140 & 8432 & 7999 & 6609 & 6704 & 6230 & 5737 \\
\hline 5888 & 5414 & 8055 & 10743 & 11619 & 10712 & 11052 & 10987 & 10621 & 10201 & 8456 & 6863 \\
\hline 8524 & 4228 & 3718 & -4147 & -4465 & -2572 & -2620 & -2987 & -4 011 & -3497 & -2227 & - 1126 \\
\hline 233 & - 551 & 907 & 2308 & 1635 & 2257 & 1100 & 900 & 600 & 450 & 225 & 0 \\
\hline 0.4 & -0.9 & 1.2 & 3.1 & 2.3 & 3.1 & 1.5 & 1.3 & 0.9 & 0.7 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortalit
    Cude
\(\qquad\)
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
expectancy at
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years). \(\qquad\) ........
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
106

Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...................................... 8524

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Russian Federation}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2009.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010 adjusted by a factor of 1.25 to compensate for infant deaths omitted owing to the use of a definition of infant death that does not conform to international standards

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database (www.mortality.org). Both estimates incorporate an adjustment to infant mortality, as described below.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Rwanda}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Rwanda

\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
\(\square\)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 2186 & 3755 & 7215 & 8396 & 9429 & 10837 & 12428 & 14123 & 17771 & 25378 & 32869 & 36217 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 83 & 143 & 274 & 319 & 358 & 411 & 472 & 536 & 675 & 964 & 1248 & 1375 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.0 & 16.0 & 15.1 & 16.4 & 17.4 & 17.8 & 18.4 & 19.7 & 21.8 & 27.1 & 34.7 & 41.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 85.2 & 102.3 & 108.3 & 98.1 & 87.8 & 88.6 & 78.6 & 75.9 & 66.3 & 55.3 & 52.3 & 60.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 80.0 & 96.7 & 103.7 & 92.2 & 83.1 & 84.3 & 74.2 & 70.8 & 59.9 & 44.7 & 32.4 & 27.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.2 & 5.6 & 4.6 & 5.9 & 4.7 & 4.3 & 4.5 & 5.2 & 6.4 & 10.6 & 20.0 & 32.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\(1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.9 & 3.0 & 3.3 & 7.9 & 2.3 & 2.8 & 2.7 & 2.6 & 2.2 & 1.5 & 0.7 & 0.2 \\
\hline 28.8 & 28.7 & 32.2 & 26.8 & 24.6 & 29.0 & 28.1 & 26.2 & 22.6 & 15.6 & 7.5 & 1.9 \\
\hline 24 & 24 & 21 & 9 & 30 & 25 & 26 & 27 & 32 & 46 & 95 & - \\
\hline 25.0 & 20.5 & 18.5 & 16.4 & 14.3 & 9.1 & 7.3 & 6.3 & 5.2 & 5.1 & 6.8 & 9.4 \\
\hline 161 & 137 & 118 & 121 & 90 & 60 & 50 & 43 & 32 & 20 & 14 & 10 \\
\hline 271 & 232 & 195 & 200 & 145 & 92 & 74 & 61 & 43 & 25 & 17 & 13 \\
\hline 453 & 408 & 452 & 503 & 433 & 283 & 229 & 202 & 167 & 119 & 85 & 64 \\
\hline 40.0 & 44.1 & 45.7 & 43.8 & 50.1 & 59.8 & 63.6 & 66.0 & 69.6 & 74.5 & 78.5 & 81.3 \\
\hline 38.5 & 42.5 & 44.0 & 42.8 & 49.2 & 58.5 & 61.9 & 64.2 & 67.6 & 72.1 & 76.1 & 79.1 \\
\hline 41.6 & 45.7 & 47.5 & 44.7 & 51.1 & 61.1 & 65.3 & 67.9 & 71.6 & 76.7 & 80.7 & 83.5 \\
\hline 43.5 & 45.7 & 44.4 & 42.4 & 45.8 & 52.4 & 54.9 & 56.3 & 58.3 & 61.7 & 65.1 & 67.6 \\
\hline 10.6 & 11.3 & 11.8 & 11.8 & 12.6 & 13.8 & 14.3 & 14.7 & 15.3 & 17.1 & 19.1 & 20.8 \\
\hline 53.8 & 49.3 & 50.7 & 43.2 & 38.9 & 38.1 & 35.4 & 32.5 & 27.8 & 20.7 & 14.4 & 11.3 \\
\hline 8.00 & 8.20 & 7.99 & 6.18 & 5.60 & 5.13 & 4.55 & 4.09 & 3.40 & 2.54 & 1.96 & 1.80 \\
\hline 101 & 101 & 101 & 101 & 101 & 101 & 102 & 102 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 2.38 & 2.65 & 2.71 & 2.03 & 2.06 & 2.14 & 1.98 & 1.82 & 1.56 & 1.21 & 0.94 & 0.87 \\
\hline 31.6 & 31.6 & 31.4 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 30.8 & 30.3 & 29.9 & 29.3 & 28.5 & 28.5 & 28.5 \\
\hline 634 & 860 & 1689 & 1517 & 1735 & 1930 & 2061 & 2155 & 2343 & 2524 & 2321 & 2034 \\
\hline 295 & 359 & 616 & 576 & 637 & 459 & 424 & 415 & 441 & 619 & 1104 & 1695 \\
\hline 339 & 502 & 1072 & 941 & 1097 & 1471 & 1636 & 1740 & 1902 & 1905 & 1217 & 339 \\
\hline 0 & 20 & 30 & 1791 & -64 & -64 & -45 & -45 & - 45 & -45 & -29 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 1.2 & 0.9 & 51.0 & -1.4 & -1.3 & -0.8 & -0.7 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mortalit}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\) ) ................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)............................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Rwanda}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1978, 1990, 2002 censuses adjusted for underenumeration, with provisional results from the 2012 census adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. The 2002 and 2012 censuses were conducted on a 'de jure' basis. The available data from the 2012 census are preliminary and not adjusted for under-enumeration. No data on the age and sex structure from the 2012 census are available yet, making hard to estimate the census data quality.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1992, 2000, 2005, and 2010 Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), the 2007-08 Interim DHS, and the 1996 Socio-Demographic Survey, adjusted for underreporting; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1970 and 1981 Enquête Démographique, 1978 census, 1983 Fertility Survey, and 1991 census; (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1978, 1991, and 2002 censuses, and the 1996 Socio-Economic Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based (a) direct estimates from the 1970 and 1981 Demographic Survey, the 1983 National Fertility Survey, (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1992, 2000, 2005, and 2010 Demographic and Health Survey (DHS), and the 2007-2008 Interim DHS, (c) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from the 1970 and 1981 Demographic Survey, the 1978 census, the 1983 National Fertility Survey, the 1996 Socio-Demographic Survey, adjusted to reflect the effects of the 1993-1994 civil war, and from the 1992, 2000, 2005 and 2010 DHS and 2007-08 Interim DHS and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on the estimated level of infant mortality and taking into account the unusual numbers of deaths caused by the 1993-1994 civil war. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & SAINT LUCIA \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 177 & \multirow{6}{*}{Cap Estate \({ }^{\text {e }}\)} \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) .......... & 329 & \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15 ................. & 25.3 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24..................... & 17.6 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64..................... & 66.3 & \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+.. & 8.5 & \\
\hline & 2005-2010 & Soufrièe \({ }^{\text {e }}\) Anbre. \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 1.4 & - Puerto Rico (US) \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)...................... & 2.04 & - Vieux Fort \\
\hline Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 16 & DOMINICAN
REPUBUC \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) ........................... & 74.0 & \[
\text { VENEZUELAA } \frac{}{5 \mathrm{~km}}
\] \\
\hline Note: data presented for the projection period 2010 refer to the medium fertility variant. & & \begin{tabular}{l}
Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI. \\
the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Saint Lucia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 83 & 104 & 138 & 157 & 165 & 177 & 185 & 192 & 202 & 207 & 193 & 171 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 154 & 193 & 256 & 291 & 307 & 329 & 343 & 356 & 374 & 384 & 358 & 317 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.7 & 15.0 & 21.4 & 24.3 & 25.8 & 29.5 & 31.2 & 32.9 & 36.8 & 43.8 & 47.7 & 48.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 75.4 & 120.8 & 78.6 & 66.2 & 55.5 & 50.9 & 47.3 & 45.5 & 47.8 & 57.2 & 74.8 & 81.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 68.6 & 110.6 & 65.3 & 53.6 & 44.3 & 38.1 & 34.1 & 31.3 & 28.1 & 24.1 & 24.9 & 26.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.7 & 10.2 & 13.3 & 12.6 & 11.3 & 12.8 & 13.2 & 14.2 & 19.7 & 33.2 & 49.9 & 55.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)......................
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.9 & 1.6 & 1.8 & 1.3 & 1.1 & 1.4 & 0.8 & 0.7 & 0.5 & 0.0 & -0.4 & -0.5 \\
\hline 30.7 & 31.0 & 24.2 & 14.3 & 10.8 & 10.7 & 8.3 & 7.1 & 4.4 & -0.5 & -4.1 & -4.8 \\
\hline 76 & 45 & 39 & 54 & 66 & 50 & 84 & 98 & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 16.3 & 10.1 & 6.0 & 7.4 & 7.2 & 6.5 & 7.2 & 7.4 & 8.0 & 10.5 & 13.3 & 14.1 \\
\hline 148 & 57 & 20 & 15 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 9 & 7 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 199 & 80 & 29 & 21 & 19 & 16 & 14 & 13 & 10 & 8 & 5 & 4 \\
\hline 286 & 269 & 178 & 186 & 172 & 151 & 144 & 136 & 121 & 90 & 61 & 42 \\
\hline 52.6 & 61.6 & 70.8 & 71.2 & 72.1 & 74.0 & 74.7 & 75.4 & 76.9 & 79.8 & 83.0 & 85.5 \\
\hline 49.6 & 58.3 & 68.0 & 69.3 & 70.1 & 71.4 & 72.1 & 72.9 & 74.4 & 77.8 & 81.4 & 84.1 \\
\hline 55.3 & 64.7 & 73.4 & 73.1 & 74.0 & 76.6 & 77.4 & 78.1 & 79.4 & 81.8 & 84.5 & 87.0 \\
\hline 52.5 & 53.0 & 58.3 & 58.1 & 58.8 & 60.5 & 61.1 & 61.7 & 62.9 & 65.6 & 68.5 & 71.0 \\
\hline 14.0 & 13.6 & 15.9 & 15.8 & 16.1 & 17.1 & 17.5 & 17.8 & 18.5 & 19.9 & 21.7 & 23.2 \\
\hline 47.0 & 41.2 & 30.2 & 21.7 & 18.0 & 17.2 & 15.5 & 14.5 & 12.4 & 10.0 & 9.2 & 9.3 \\
\hline 6.00 & 6.48 & 3.65 & 2.60 & 2.10 & 2.04 & 1.92 & 1.82 & 1.70 & 1.68 & 1.76 & 1.82 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 2.21 & 2.81 & 1.72 & 1.23 & 0.99 & 0.97 & 0.92 & 0.87 & 0.82 & 0.81 & 0.86 & 0.89 \\
\hline 27.8 & 28.4 & 26.8 & 27.7 & 27.9 & 27.9 & 27.7 & 27.6 & 27.3 & 26.8 & 26.8 & 26.8 \\
\hline 20 & 21 & 20 & 16 & 15 & 15 & 14 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 9 & 8 \\
\hline 7 & 5 & 4 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 7 & 8 & 11 & 13 & 12 \\
\hline 13 & 16 & 16 & 11 & 9 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 4 & -1 & -4 & -4 \\
\hline - 9 & -8 & -4 & -1 & 0 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -21.5 & -15.4 & -6.4 & -1.3 & -0.3 & 3.3 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
expectancy at
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)........................... Net migration rate (per 1,000) ......................................... -21.5

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}

The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Saint Lucia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1951, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991, 2001 and 2010 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility through 2000; (b) registered births by age of mother through 2005 and underlying female population by age; and (c) estimate from the 2001 Census.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2005; and (b) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) official estimates of life expectancy available through 2005; (b) registered deaths by age and sex through 2005 and underlying population by age and sex; and (c) estimates from the 1991 and 2001 censuses.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the intercensal period 1991-2001.

\section*{Saint Vincent and the Grenadines}
Total population (thousands) ..... 109
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 282
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 26.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 66.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 6.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.13
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 23
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 71.9
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES


Map Sources: UNCS, ESR
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Saint Vincent and the Grenadines

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................. & 67 & 90 & 108 & 108 & 109 & 109 & 109 & 110 & 110 & 111 & 105 & 96 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 173 & 233 & 277 & 278 & 280 & 282 & 282 & 282 & 284 & 287 & 271 & 248 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 15.4 & 15.1 & 20.4 & 24.2 & 26.3 & 27.9 & 29.8 & 31.9 & 35.7 & 40.8 & 44.7 & 46.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 113.7 & 119.8 & 79.0 & 62.3 & 55.5 & 49.8 & 46.7 & 46.1 & 49.2 & 54.6 & 65.0 & 73.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 105.5 & 109.3 & 68.0 & 51.0 & 44.4 & 39.7 & 36.0 & 33.6 & 29.5 & 26.2 & 25.7 & 26.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 8.3 & 10.5 & 11.1 & 11.2 & 11.2 & 10.1 & 10.7 & 12.4 & 19.7 & 28.4 & 39.3 & 46.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)...
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Pop
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population... \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
1.9
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.9 & 1.0 & 0.6 & 0.0 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.1 & -0.1 & -0.3 \\
\hline 32.6 & 32.9 & 19.1 & 14.3 & 11.2 & 10.4 & 9.3 & 7.6 & 4.2 & -0.6 & -3.0 \\
\hline 38 & 69 & 122 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 16.9 & 9.4 & 6.7 & 7.1 & 7.5 & 7.3 & 7.2 & 7.5 & 8.7 & 11.7 & 13.2 \\
\hline 122 & 77 & 28 & 21 & 21 & 19 & 17 & 16 & 13 & 9 & 6 \\
\hline 166 & 93 & 35 & 26 & 27 & 23 & 21 & 20 & 17 & 12 & 8 \\
\hline 355 & 181 & 178 & 186 & 184 & 169 & 163 & 156 & 143 & 117 & 83 \\
\hline 51.1 & 64.0 & 69.6 & 70.6 & 70.7 & 71.9 & 72.4 & 73.0 & 74.1 & 76.4 & 79.6 \\
\hline 49.7 & 61.7 & 67.3 & 68.4 & 68.3 & 69.8 & 70.3 & 70.8 & 71.7 & 74.1 & 77.8 \\
\hline 52.2 & 65.8 & 71.9 & 72.9 & 73.3 & 74.0 & 74.7 & 75.3 & 76.5 & 78.8 & 81.4 \\
\hline 48.3 & 56.1 & 57.4 & 57.8 & 57.9 & 58.8 & 59.2 & 59.7 & 60.5 & 62.4 & 65.3 \\
\hline 11.6 & 12.8 & 14.4 & 15.3 & 15.4 & 15.8 & 16.0 & 16.2 & 16.6 & 17.6 & 19.1 \\
\hline 49.5 & 42.3 & 25.8 & 21.4 & 18.6 & 17.7 & 16.4 & 15.1 & 12.9 & 11.1 & 10.2 \\
\hline 7.33 & 6.41 & 3.10 & 2.55 & 2.24 & 2.13 & 2.01 & 1.90 & 1.77 & 1.72 & 1.78 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 2.73 & 2.80 & 1.46 & 1.21 & 1.06 & 1.02 & 0.96 & 0.91 & 0.85 & 0.83 & 0.87 \\
\hline 28.0 & 27.8 & 27.3 & 27.4 & 27.3 & 27.2 & 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.0 & 26.8 & 26.8 \\
\hline 17 & 19 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 10 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 \\
\hline 6 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 7 & 7 \\
\hline 11 & 15 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 2 & 0 & -2 \\
\hline - 5 & - 10 & -7 & -8 & - 5 & - 5 & - 5 & - 4 & -2 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -14.0 & -22.7 & -13.4 & -14.7 & -9.6 & -9.4 & -9.1 & -7.3 & -3.6 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) ...........
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Saint Vincent and the Grenadines}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1980, 1991 and 2001censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates in 1960, 1980, 1996 and from 2001 to 2006; and (b) registered births by age of mother through 2009 and underlying female population by age.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2009; (b) estimates from WHO; and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Estimates from WHO, the Demographic Yearbook, and registered deaths by age and sex through 2009 with underlying population by age and sex were also considered.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the intercensal period 1991-2001.

Samoa


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Samoa

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 82 & 143 & 163 & 175 & 180 & 186 & 193 & 199 & 211 & 242 & 307 & 363 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 29 & 51 & 58 & 62 & 64 & 66 & 68 & 70 & 75 & 85 & 108 & 128 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 16.6 & 14.7 & 18.7 & 19.5 & 20.3 & 20.8 & 21.2 & 22.0 & 24.0 & 28.6 & 34.6 & 40.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 96.7 & 113.8 & 79.3 & 82.5 & 79.9 & 76.5 & 74.0 & 71.5 & 66.4 & 64.8 & 61.8 & 65.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 92.2 & 108.9 & 72.4 & 74.3 & 71.2 & 67.5 & 64.9 & 61.3 & 52.5 & 46.0 & 36.7 & 30.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 4.5 & 4.9 & 6.9 & 8.2 & 8.7 & 8.9 & 9.1 & 10.2 & 13.8 & 18.8 & 25.1 & 34.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.8 & 2.4 & 0.4 & 0.5 & 0.6 & 0.7 & 0.8 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.5 & 1.0 & 0.5 \\
\hline 33.7 & 31.3 & 26.6 & 25.2 & 23.7 & 23.5 & 21.0 & 19.0 & 17.7 & 13.1 & 10.0 & 5.1 \\
\hline 26 & 29 & - & 134 & 116 & 104 & 92 & 111 & 121 & - & 71 & 137 \\
\hline 18.0 & 11.8 & 7.7 & 6.3 & 5.9 & 5.7 & 5.4 & 5.3 & 5.2 & 5.7 & 5.8 & 7.3 \\
\hline 107 & 78 & 44 & 30 & 26 & 22 & 20 & 17 & 14 & 10 & 7 & 5 \\
\hline 160 & 109 & 56 & 37 & 31 & 27 & 23 & 21 & 17 & 12 & 8 & 6 \\
\hline 530 & 416 & 262 & 192 & 170 & 151 & 133 & 117 & 91 & 57 & 37 & 25 \\
\hline 45.9 & 53.5 & 63.5 & 68.5 & 70.1 & 71.6 & 73.0 & 74.4 & 77.0 & 81.3 & 85.0 & 88.1 \\
\hline 43.0 & 50.5 & 60.5 & 65.4 & 67.2 & 68.6 & 70.0 & 71.4 & 74.1 & 79.0 & 82.9 & 86.0 \\
\hline 49.6 & 57.1 & 67.1 & 71.9 & 73.6 & 74.9 & 76.4 & 77.7 & 80.0 & 83.7 & 87.2 & 90.3 \\
\hline 41.1 & 46.1 & 52.8 & 56.3 & 57.6 & 58.7 & 59.9 & 61.1 & 63.4 & 67.4 & 70.7 & 73.6 \\
\hline 9.3 & 10.5 & 12.2 & 13.6 & 14.2 & 14.8 & 15.4 & 16.1 & 17.5 & 20.2 & 22.7 & 25.1 \\
\hline 51.7 & 43.1 & 34.3 & 31.6 & 29.6 & 29.2 & 26.4 & 24.2 & 23.0 & 18.9 & 15.7 & 12.4 \\
\hline 7.63 & 7.35 & 5.35 & 4.62 & 4.44 & 4.47 & 4.16 & 3.90 & 3.45 & 2.84 & 2.33 & 2.03 \\
\hline 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 & 108 \\
\hline 2.75 & 2.94 & 2.36 & 2.11 & 2.04 & 2.07 & 1.94 & 1.82 & 1.62 & 1.34 & 1.11 & 0.97 \\
\hline 30.3 & 30.4 & 31.0 & 29.8 & 30.0 & 30.1 & 30.2 & 30.3 & 30.5 & 30.8 & 31.2 & 31.6 \\
\hline 23 & 29 & 28 & 27 & 26 & 27 & 25 & 24 & 24 & 23 & 24 & 22 \\
\hline 8 & 8 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 7 & 9 & 13 \\
\hline 15 & 21 & 21 & 22 & 21 & 21 & 20 & 19 & 18 & 16 & 15 & 9 \\
\hline - 3 & - 5 & -19 & -17 & -16 & - 15 & -13 & -13 & -13 & - 10 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -6.3 & -7.5 & -23.1 & -20.1 & -17.7 & -16.8 & -13.4 & -12.7 & -12.0 & -8.4 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ). b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Samoa}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1951, 1956, 1961, 1966, 1971, 1976, 1981, 1986, 1991, 2001, 2006, and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother from 1963 through 1980 and underlying female population by age; (b) official estimates from the 1966, 1971, 1976, 1986, 1991, 2001, 2006 and 2011 censuses with adjustment; (c) estimates from the 1999 and 2009 DHS; and (d) estimate from the 2000 Demographic and Vital Statistics Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered deaths and infant and child death through 1998; (b) the estimates from the 1999 and 2009 Samoa DHS; (c) estimates from the 2001, 2006 and 2011 censuses; (d) estimates from the 2000 Demographic and Vital statistics Survey; and (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 1980 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) estimates from the 1999 and 2009 Samoa DHS; (c) assumptions that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the Far Eastern model of the United Nations Model Life Tables; and (d) estimates from the 2001, 2006 and 2011 censuses were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1991-2011 intercensal period.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Sao Tome and Principe

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 60 & 74 & 117 & 139 & 155 & 178 & 203 & 227 & 278 & 388 & 501 & 568 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 62 & 77 & 122 & 145 & 160 & 185 & 210 & 236 & 289 & 403 & 520 & 590 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 24.5 & 16.3 & 15.9 & 17.3 & 18.4 & 19.0 & 19.4 & 19.9 & 22.4 & 26.9 & 32.5 & 37.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 58.5 & 108.4 & 110.3 & 92.3 & 85.2 & 82.5 & 80.6 & 74.9 & 62.3 & 57.5 & 53.5 & 55.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 52.2 & 98.3 & 101.1 & 84.6 & 77.8 & 75.9 & 74.8 & 69.4 & 56.0 & 46.3 & 36.4 & 30.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.3 & 10.1 & 9.2 & 7.7 & 7.4 & 6.6 & 5.9 & 5.5 & 6.4 & 11.2 & 17.1 & 24.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline -0.4 & 2.7 & 2.4 & 1.3 & 2.1 & 2.8 & 2.6 & 2.3 & 2.0 & 1.4 & 0.8 & 0.3 \\
\hline 26.7 & 29.3 & 28.1 & 26.9 & 28.8 & 30.2 & 27.4 & 24.1 & 21.0 & 14.7 & 8.1 & 3.4 \\
\hline - & 26 & 30 & 52 & 34 & 25 & 27 & 31 & 35 & 50 & 89 & - \\
\hline 21.0 & 13.1 & 10.2 & 8.9 & 8.4 & 7.4 & 6.9 & 6.4 & 6.0 & 6.6 & 8.3 & 10.0 \\
\hline 125 & 88 & 61 & 55 & 52 & 46 & 44 & 41 & 37 & 30 & 23 & 17 \\
\hline 210 & 142 & 93 & 82 & 77 & 67 & 63 & 59 & 51 & 40 & 29 & 22 \\
\hline 386 & 309 & 240 & 224 & 216 & 200 & 193 & 187 & 176 & 154 & 128 & 101 \\
\hline 46.4 & 54.4 & 61.4 & 63.0 & 63.8 & 65.5 & 66.2 & 66.9 & 68.2 & 70.5 & 73.2 & 76.1 \\
\hline 45.1 & 53.0 & 59.6 & 61.2 & 62.0 & 63.6 & 64.2 & 64.8 & 66.0 & 68.0 & 70.5 & 73.5 \\
\hline 48.0 & 56.0 & 63.2 & 64.8 & 65.6 & 67.4 & 68.2 & 69.0 & 70.4 & 73.0 & 76.0 & 78.7 \\
\hline 46.7 & 50.5 & 54.1 & 54.9 & 55.3 & 56.2 & 56.6 & 56.9 & 57.6 & 58.9 & 60.8 & 63.1 \\
\hline 11.7 & 12.8 & 13.8 & 14.0 & 14.2 & 14.5 & 14.6 & 14.7 & 15.0 & 15.5 & 16.4 & 17.8 \\
\hline 47.7 & 42.5 & 38.3 & 35.8 & 37.2 & 37.6 & 34.3 & 30.5 & 27.0 & 21.3 & 16.4 & 13.4 \\
\hline 6.20 & 6.40 & 5.66 & 4.80 & 4.61 & 4.45 & 4.10 & 3.79 & 3.31 & 2.66 & 2.19 & 1.96 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 2.12 & 2.48 & 2.40 & 2.07 & 2.01 & 1.97 & 1.84 & 1.71 & 1.51 & 1.24 & 1.04 & 0.94 \\
\hline 28.2 & 28.2 & 28.2 & 28.1 & 28.1 & 28.0 & 27.9 & 27.8 & 27.6 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 14 & 15 & 21 & 24 & 27 & 31 & 33 & 33 & 36 & 40 & 40 & 38 \\
\hline 6 & 5 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 7 & 7 & 8 & 12 & 20 & 28 \\
\hline 8 & 10 & 16 & 18 & 21 & 25 & 26 & 26 & 28 & 28 & 20 & 10 \\
\hline - 9 & -1 & -3 & -9 & -6 & -2 & - 2 & -2 & - 2 & -2 & - 1 & 0 \\
\hline -30.8 & -2.1 & -4.6 & -13.5 & -8.2 & -1.8 & -1.6 & -1.4 & -1.1 & -0.8 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Sao Tome and Principe}

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2012 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered birth by age of mother in 1958, 1968 to 1971, and 1978 and underlying female population by age; (b) official estimates of total fertility derived from the 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses; and (c) estimates from the 2008-09 DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 2000 and 2006 Sao Tome and Principe Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS); (b) estimates from the 2008-09 DHS; (c) estimates from the 1980, 1991 and 2001 censuses; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) death rates calculated from registered deaths by age and sex through 1979 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) Official estimates and life table derived from the 2001 census; (c) estimates from WHO were also taken into account; and (d) estimates derived from child and adult mortality using North Model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Table were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1991-2001 intercensal period.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & SAUDI ARABIA \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 27258 & \multirow[t]{12}{*}{Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI. endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013} \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) & 13 & \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15 .. & 30.7 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24. & 17.2 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64.. & 66.3 & \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+ & 3.0 & \\
\hline & 2005-2010 & \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 2.0 & \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)................... & 3.03 & \\
\hline Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... & 15 & \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) .......................... & 74.3 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.} & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Saudi Arabia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 3121 & 5803 & 16206 & 20145 & 24690 & 27258 & 29898 & 32341 & 35634 & 40388 & 40367 & 37195 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1 & 3 & 8 & 9 & 11 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 17 & 19 & 19 & 17 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.0 & 17.9 & 19.5 & 21.1 & 23.7 & 26.1 & 28.4 & 30.8 & 34.5 & 41.7 & 48.1 & 49.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 83.0 & 91.6 & 82.5 & 72.2 & 59.7 & 50.8 & 45.6 & 42.3 & 36.0 & 52.2 & 69.6 & 81.1 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 76.9 & 85.0 & 77.6 & 66.2 & 54.8 & 46.3 & 41.2 & 36.5 & 26.1 & 24.2 & 23.3 & 25.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.1 & 6.6 & 4.9 & 6.0 & 5.0 & 4.5 & 4.4 & 5.8 & 9.9 & 28.0 & 46.2 & 55.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.6 & 3.7 & 4.0 & 1.6 & 4.1 & 2.0 & 1.9 & 1.6 & 0.8 & 0.5 & -0.2 & -0.4 \\
\hline 24.6 & 29.9 & 32.5 & 25.4 & 21.0 & 18.6 & 16.4 & 13.8 & 7.1 & 4.1 & -2.7 & -4.0 \\
\hline 27 & 19 & 18 & 43 & 17 & 35 & 38 & 44 & 85 & - & - & - \\
\hline 23.3 & 16.8 & 5.6 & 4.3 & 3.8 & 3.4 & 3.3 & 3.3 & 3.8 & 7.0 & 11.9 & 13.0 \\
\hline 202 & 137 & 41 & 23 & 18 & 14 & 11 & 9 & 7 & 4 & 2 & 2 \\
\hline 300 & 206 & 54 & 28 & 21 & 15 & 12 & 10 & 7 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 396 & 329 & 170 & 120 & 102 & 87 & 80 & 75 & 62 & 43 & 29 & 21 \\
\hline 41.9 & 50.2 & 67.9 & 71.6 & 73.1 & 74.3 & 75.4 & 76.4 & 78.4 & 81.8 & 84.9 & 87.8 \\
\hline 40.0 & 48.3 & 66.4 & 70.1 & 71.6 & 72.8 & 73.8 & 74.8 & 76.9 & 80.9 & 84.3 & 87.1 \\
\hline 44.1 & 52.3 & 69.6 & 73.7 & 75.1 & 76.4 & 77.5 & 78.5 & 80.2 & 83.0 & 86.0 & 88.8 \\
\hline 46.4 & 49.5 & 57.1 & 59.1 & 60.0 & 60.8 & 61.7 & 62.5 & 64.1 & 67.3 & 70.2 & 73.0 \\
\hline 11.3 & 11.9 & 13.7 & 14.1 & 14.4 & 14.8 & 15.5 & 16.1 & 17.3 & 19.6 & 21.9 & 24.2 \\
\hline 47.8 & 46.7 & 38.1 & 29.6 & 24.7 & 22.0 & 19.6 & 17.1 & 10.9 & 11.0 & 9.2 & 9.0 \\
\hline 7.17 & 7.26 & 6.22 & 4.51 & 3.54 & 3.03 & 2.68 & 2.43 & 2.10 & 1.78 & 1.75 & 1.81 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 2.22 & 2.62 & 2.83 & 2.12 & 1.68 & 1.45 & 1.29 & 1.17 & 1.02 & 0.87 & 0.86 & 0.89 \\
\hline 30.6 & 30.6 & 30.9 & 31.5 & 31.6 & 31.6 & 32.1 & 32.1 & 32.1 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.1 \\
\hline 798 & 1239 & 2809 & 2868 & 2773 & 2852 & 2804 & 2653 & 1909 & 2202 & 1870 & 1695 \\
\hline 388 & 446 & 415 & 414 & 425 & 441 & 465 & 509 & 661 & 1388 & 2410 & 2437 \\
\hline 410 & 793 & 2394 & 2454 & 2348 & 2411 & 2339 & 2143 & 1247 & 814 & - 541 & - 742 \\
\hline 22 & 187 & 538 & -877 & 2198 & 157 & 300 & 300 & 180 & 180 & 90 & 0 \\
\hline 1.3 & 7.1 & 7.3 & -9.1 & 19.6 & 1.2 & 2.1 & 1.9 & 1.0 & 0.9 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Saudi Arabia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1974 and 1992 censuses, 1999 Demographic Survey, 2004 census, and with the provisional total of the 2010 census, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Official estimate of the population by age and sex was also considered for 2007.

Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from: (a) maternity-history data from the 1996 Gulf Family Health Survey; (b) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from this survey, as well as from the 1987 Child Health Survey, 1991 MCHS, 1999, 2000 and 2007 Demographic Surveys, and the 2004 census; (c) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1999, 2000 and 2007 Demographic Surveys as well as the 2004 census; (b) births and infant deaths registered annually from 1999 through 2009, (c) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1996 Gulf Family Health Survey; and (d) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from the 1987 Child Health Survey and 1996 Gulf Family Health Survey.

Life expectancy at birth: For 1995-2010, based on life-tables, calculated from adjusted deaths in the past 12 months by age and sex, and the population by age and sex from the 1999 Demographic Survey, 2004 Census and 2007 Demographic Survey adjusted for infant and child mortality, and old-age mortality. For 1950-1995, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and the estimated 1999-2007 life tables. Life tables based on annual deaths from the 2000 Demographic Survey, as well as on 2005 and 2009 registered deaths were also considered.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1992-2010 intercensal periods, taking into account the return of Yemeni citizens to their country during the aftermath of the Gulf War.

\section*{Senegal}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Senegal

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 2477 & 4218 & 7514 & 9862 & 11271 & 12951 & 14967 & 17123 & 21856 & 32933 & 47066 & 58180 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 13 & 21 & 38 & 50 & 57 & 66 & 76 & 87 & 111 & 167 & 239 & 296 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.2 & 17.7 & 16.3 & 17.2 & 17.6 & 17.9 & 18.2 & 18.6 & 20.2 & 24.0 & 28.8 & 33.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 81.9 & 88.9 & 100.3 & 93.4 & 89.6 & 87.7 & 86.0 & 82.4 & 71.9 & 61.6 & 54.0 & 52.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 75.6 & 84.2 & 94.4 & 87.3 & 83.6 & 81.9 & 80.5 & 77.1 & 66.5 & 53.7 & 42.0 & 34.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.3 & 4.8 & 6.0 & 6.2 & 6.0 & 5.8 & 5.4 & 5.3 & 5.4 & 7.8 & 12.0 & 18.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 2.9 & 3.1 & 2.5 & 2.7 & 2.8 & 2.9 & 2.7 & 2.4 & 1.8 & 1.2 & 0.7 \\
\hline 20.7 & 24.5 & 32.6 & 29.3 & 29.5 & 30.5 & 30.3 & 28.1 & 24.6 & 18.9 & 12.1 & 6.5 \\
\hline 30 & 24 & 23 & 28 & 26 & 25 & 24 & 26 & 30 & 38 & 59 & 107 \\
\hline 29.0 & 25.6 & 12.2 & 11.2 & 10.1 & 8.3 & 7.7 & 7.2 & 6.5 & 6.4 & 7.6 & 9.1 \\
\hline 128 & 113 & 75 & 68 & 61 & 54 & 49 & 45 & 39 & 29 & 20 & 15 \\
\hline 320 & 299 & 150 & 140 & 114 & 82 & 75 & 69 & 59 & 43 & 29 & 21 \\
\hline 508 & 461 & 261 & 250 & 249 & 227 & 216 & 207 & 192 & 170 & 146 & 123 \\
\hline 35.5 & 38.4 & 56.1 & 57.2 & 58.9 & 62.2 & 63.3 & 64.2 & 65.7 & 68.2 & 70.9 & 73.5 \\
\hline 34.8 & 37.6 & 54.5 & 55.7 & 57.3 & 60.8 & 61.8 & 62.6 & 64.0 & 66.3 & 68.8 & 71.3 \\
\hline 36.1 & 39.3 & 57.6 & 58.8 & 60.6 & 63.6 & 64.7 & 65.7 & 67.3 & 70.0 & 73.0 & 75.8 \\
\hline 40.2 & 42.4 & 52.1 & 52.6 & 52.6 & 53.8 & 54.3 & 54.8 & 55.6 & 56.9 & 58.4 & 60.4 \\
\hline 8.8 & 9.4 & 12.1 & 12.3 & 12.3 & 12.6 & 12.7 & 12.9 & 13.1 & 13.6 & 14.4 & 15.5 \\
\hline 49.7 & 50.1 & 44.8 & 40.5 & 39.6 & 38.8 & 38.1 & 35.3 & 31.1 & 25.4 & 19.7 & 15.6 \\
\hline 6.57 & 7.24 & 6.88 & 5.78 & 5.39 & 5.11 & 4.98 & 4.62 & 4.02 & 3.17 & 2.54 & 2.14 \\
\hline 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
\hline 1.76 & 2.06 & 2.68 & 2.29 & 2.20 & 2.18 & 2.15 & 2.02 & 1.79 & 1.45 & 1.19 & 1.02 \\
\hline 28.6 & 29.4 & 30.1 & 30.1 & 29.8 & 29.6 & 29.5 & 29.4 & 29.1 & 28.7 & 28.5 & 28.3 \\
\hline 654 & 985 & 1561 & 1879 & 2093 & 2347 & 2657 & 2831 & 3207 & 3991 & 4491 & 4454 \\
\hline 381 & 503 & 424 & 519 & 533 & 502 & 540 & 575 & 667 & 1013 & 1726 & 2602 \\
\hline 272 & 482 & 1137 & 1360 & 1560 & 1846 & 2117 & 2256 & 2540 & 2978 & 2766 & 1852 \\
\hline 33 & 87 & -60 & -210 & - 151 & - 166 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 50 & \\
\hline 2.5 & 4.4 & -1.7 & -4.5 & -2.9 & -2.7 & -1.4 & -1.3 & -1.0 & -0.6 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Senegal}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1976, 1988 and 2002 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data adjusted for underreporting from the 1978 WFS, and the 1986, 1992-1993, 1997 and 2005 DHS, the 1999 Senegal ESIS survey, 2006 ENPS-I and 2008-2009 ENPS-II surveys, and 2010-2011 DHS-MICS ; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1957 Middle Senegal Valley survey, 1960-1961 survey, 1988 and 2002 censuses; (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1970-1971 National Demographic Survey and 2000 MICS2; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (e) the own-children method applied to the 1988 and 2002 censuses, and 2003 WHS.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1957 Middle Senegal Valley survey, 1978-1979 Multiround Survey and 1988 census; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1960-1961 survey, the 1978 WFS, the 1986, 1992-1993, 1997 and 2005 DHS, the 1999 Senegal ESIS, 2006 ENPS-I and 2008-2009 ENPS-II surveys, 2010-2011 DHS-MICS ; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, as well as from the 1996 MICS and 2000 MICS2.
Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods) from the 1978-1979 Multiround Survey, 1988 and 2002 censuses; (b) parental orphanhood from these sources and the 1986, 1992-1993, 2005 DHS and 2010-2011 DHS-MICS, 1988 Census, and 2000 MICS ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1992-1993, and 2005 DHS and 2010-2011 DHS-MICS ; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for periods 1976-1988 and 1988-2002 ; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955, and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites and urban vital registration were also considered.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1988-2002 intercensal period.
Total population (thousands) ..... 9647
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 109
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 16.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 14.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 69.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 13.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... -0.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.41
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 15
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.3

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SERBIA


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
ndorsemdaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Serbia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 6732 & 8236 & 9735 & 10272 & 9956 & 9647 & 9424 & 9169 & 8582 & 7074 & 5199 & 4054 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 76 & 93 & 110 & 116 & 113 & 109 & 107 & 104 & 97 & 80 & 59 & 46 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 25.8 & 29.5 & 32.9 & 35.2 & 36.1 & 37.8 & 39.3 & 41.1 & 44.8 & 50.6 & 51.9 & 49.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 55.5 & 51.4 & 50.8 & 49.5 & 47.3 & 44.1 & 44.6 & 47.9 & 52.2 & 69.5 & 87.2 & 83.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 43.7 & 39.0 & 36.7 & 30.2 & 26.7 & 24.3 & 23.0 & 22.1 & 21.0 & 21.4 & 24.2 & 25.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 11.9 & 12.5 & 14.2 & 19.3 & 20.5 & 19.8 & 21.7 & 25.7 & 31.2 & 48.1 & 63.0 & 57.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Mortality
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.5 & 0.7 & 0.6 & -0.2 & -0.6 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.6 & -0.7 & -1.1 & -1.3 & -0.7 \\
\hline 14.3 & 9.0 & 6.6 & 2.0 & 0.2 & -1.4 & -2.6 & -3.3 & -4.8 & -8.2 & -11.0 & -7.3 \\
\hline 46 & 103 & 115 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 13.8 & 9.2 & 9.6 & 10.5 & 11.3 & 11.9 & 12.4 & 12.7 & 13.5 & 16.1 & 19.2 & 16.4 \\
\hline 118 & 69 & 22 & 16 & 14 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 6 & 6 \\
\hline 136 & 76 & 26 & 19 & 17 & 15 & 13 & 12 & 9 & 7 & 7 & 7 \\
\hline 240 & 166 & 155 & 150 & 145 & 131 & 125 & 118 & 105 & 77 & 49 & 32 \\
\hline 59.1 & 66.7 & 71.1 & 71.9 & 72.4 & 73.3 & 74.0 & 74.7 & 76.0 & 78.7 & 82.0 & 84.6 \\
\hline 57.7 & 64.7 & 68.4 & 69.1 & 69.4 & 70.6 & 71.2 & 71.8 & 73.2 & 76.3 & 80.1 & 82.9 \\
\hline 60.5 & 68.8 & 73.9 & 74.8 & 75.4 & 76.1 & 76.8 & 77.5 & 78.8 & 81.1 & 83.8 & 86.3 \\
\hline 53.7 & 57.4 & 58.2 & 58.4 & 58.7 & 59.5 & 60.1 & 60.6 & 61.8 & 64.4 & 67.6 & 70.2 \\
\hline 12.2 & 13.7 & 14.1 & 14.2 & 14.3 & 14.7 & 15.1 & 15.4 & 16.2 & 17.9 & 20.0 & 21.9 \\
\hline 28.1 & 18.2 & 16.3 & 12.4 & 11.5 & 10.5 & 9.8 & 9.4 & 8.7 & 7.9 & 8.2 & 9.1 \\
\hline 3.22 & 2.43 & 2.23 & 1.74 & 1.55 & 1.41 & 1.37 & 1.38 & 1.47 & 1.64 & 1.76 & 1.83 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.34 & 1.09 & 1.05 & 0.83 & 0.74 & 0.68 & 0.66 & 0.66 & 0.71 & 0.79 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 26.5 & 26.5 & 26.5 & 27.0 & 27.3 & 27.5 & 27.8 & 28.0 & 28.5 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 985 & 738 & 780 & 641 & 581 & 513 & 467 & 435 & 380 & 289 & 219 & 188 \\
\hline 483 & 374 & 462 & 541 & 573 & 582 & 590 & 590 & 589 & 586 & 515 & 339 \\
\hline 502 & 364 & 318 & 101 & 7 & -69 & - 123 & -155 & -209 & -297 & -296 & - 151 \\
\hline 35 & -90 & -27 & -203 & - 324 & - 241 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 50 & 0 \\
\hline 1.0 & -2.2 & -0.6 & -3.9 & -6.4 & -4.9 & -2.1 & -2.2 & -2.3 & -2.8 & -1.9 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Serbia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 (adjusted to reflect the de facto population), 2002 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2011 and estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011. The age pattern of mortality is based on official life tables for 1997, and 2005 to 2011.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

Seychelles
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 91 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ...... & 200 \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15 & 22.3 \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24. & 16.5 \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64. & 70.1 \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+. & 7.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{2005-2010} \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 0.9 \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman).. & 2.30 \\
\hline Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 13 \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) ........................... & 72.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SEYCHELLES


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Seychelles

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 36 & 52 & 69 & 80 & 87 & 91 & 94 & 96 & 98 & 100 & 93 & 87 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 80 & 115 & 153 & 175 & 191 & 200 & 206 & 211 & 216 & 219 & 205 & 191 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 26.1 & 18.5 & 22.8 & 27.2 & 29.4 & 31.6 & 33.3 & 35.0 & 38.1 & 41.0 & 44.1 & 46.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 63.0 & 100.4 & 71.5 & 56.9 & 46.8 & 42.7 & 42.9 & 43.7 & 49.3 & 64.3 & 65.8 & 75.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 51.1 & 87.8 & 59.6 & 44.3 & 35.7 & 31.8 & 31.7 & 31.4 & 29.2 & 28.6 & 26.7 & 26.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 11.9 & 12.6 & 11.9 & 12.7 & 11.0 & 10.8 & 11.2 & 12.3 & 20.1 & 35.7 & 39.1 & 48.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950
```

Mortality

```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}
\(\qquad\)
Number of births (thousands)
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rr}
1.4 & 2.3 \\
23.5 & 26.8
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
0.1 & 1.1 & 1.8 & 0.9 & 0.6 & 0.4 \\
16.7 & 11.5 & 11.5 & 11.7 & 8.9 & 6.9
\end{tabular}
0.2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.4 & 2.3 & 0.1 & 1.1 & 1.8 & 0.9 & 0.6 & 0.4 & 0.2 & -0.1 & -0.3 & -0.3 \\
\hline 23.5 & 26.8 & 16.7 & 11.5 & 11.5 & 11.7 & 8.9 & 6.9 & 3.9 & -0.1 & -2.2 & -2.7 \\
\hline 52 & 31 & - & 62 & 40 & 75 & 126 & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 15.5 & 10.0 & 7.5 & 7.3 & 7.5 & 7.5 & 7.8 & 8.0 & 8.6 & 11.4 & 12.7 & 12.7 \\
\hline 85 & 64 & 12 & 11 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 111 & 80 & 16 & 14 & 13 & 13 & 10 & 8 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 296 & 216 & 190 & 193 & 185 & 184 & 174 & 161 & 140 & 101 & 69 & 48 \\
\hline 58.0 & 64.4 & 71.1 & 71.4 & 72.1 & 72.4 & 73.1 & 74.0 & 75.7 & 79.0 & 82.1 & 84.7 \\
\hline 55.7 & 61.3 & 67.3 & 66.9 & 67.9 & 68.1 & 68.9 & 69.8 & 71.7 & 75.6 & 79.1 & 81.7 \\
\hline 60.1 & 67.5 & 75.3 & 76.4 & 76.8 & 77.3 & 78.0 & 78.7 & 80.0 & 82.4 & 85.1 & 87.6 \\
\hline 51.3 & 55.7 & 57.6 & 57.6 & 58.3 & 58.4 & 59.0 & 59.7 & 61.3 & 64.4 & 67.4 & 70.0 \\
\hline 11.7 & 14.1 & 15.1 & 15.2 & 15.6 & 15.8 & 16.1 & 16.3 & 17.2 & 19.0 & 20.8 & 22.4 \\
\hline 39.0 & 36.8 & 24.2 & 18.8 & 19.1 & 19.2 & 16.7 & 14.9 & 12.5 & 11.4 & 10.5 & 10.1 \\
\hline 5.00 & 5.92 & 2.94 & 2.18 & 2.20 & 2.30 & 2.18 & 2.08 & 1.94 & 1.84 & 1.85 & 1.87 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 2.09 & 2.59 & 1.39 & 1.04 & 1.05 & 1.10 & 1.04 & 1.00 & 0.93 & 0.89 & 0.89 & 0.91 \\
\hline 27.8 & 27.8 & 27.7 & 27.1 & 27.3 & 27.5 & 27.4 & 27.3 & 27.2 & 26.8 & 26.8 & 26.8 \\
\hline 7 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 5 & 4 \\
\hline 3 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 6 & 6 & 6 \\
\hline 4 & 7 & 6 & 4 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 0 & -1 & -1 \\
\hline -2 & -1 & -5 & 0 & 3 & -1 & -2 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -10.0 & -4.0 & -15.3 & -0.4 & 6.0 & -2.5 & -3.4 & -2.6 & -1.6 & -0.7 & -0.7 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) \(\qquad\)
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Seychelles}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1977, 1987, 1994, 2002 and 2010 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2011 and underlying female population by age; and (b) official estimates available through 2011.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) official estimates from the National Statistics Office through 2011; (b) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2011; (c) estimates from the 1960 and 1971 censuses; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) official estimates available through 2011; and (b) registered deaths by age and sex through 2011 and underlying population by age and sex.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase.

\section*{Sierra Leone}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 5752
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 80
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 42.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 55.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.16
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 202
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 44.0

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SIERRA LEONE


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2012.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Sierra Leone

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 1944 & 2532 & 4043 & 4140 & 5120 & 5752 & 6319 & 6894 & 8058 & 10296 & 12561 & 13890 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 27 & 35 & 56 & 58 & 71 & 80 & 88 & 96 & 112 & 144 & 175 & 194 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.4 & 20.5 & 17.5 & 18.1 & 18.4 & 18.8 & 19.3 & 20.0 & 22.0 & 25.8 & 30.8 & 35.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) & 73.7 & 75.5 & 90.9 & 83.2 & 82.2 & 80.9 & 77.1 & 71.4 & 63.1 & 54.5 & 49.4 & 49.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 68.5 & 70.2 & 85.2 & 78.7 & 77.7 & 76.3 & 72.4 & 66.8 & 58.4 & 46.8 & 37.1 & 31.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.2 & 5.2 & 5.6 & 4.5 & 4.5 & 4.6 & 4.7 & 4.5 & 4.7 & 7.7 & 12.3 & 18.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
0.9

Population doubling time (years) (d)
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt (years) .. \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years)..............................................................
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females)
Net reproduction rate (f) ...........................................
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
Number of births (thousands)
Number of deaths (thousands).
\(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
1
17
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrrrrrr}
2.4 & 1.1 & 4.3 & 2.3 & 1.9 & 1.7 & 1.5 & 1.1 & 0.6 & 0.3 \\
20.7 & 18.0 & 20.7 & 21.1 & 19.5 & 18.1 & 15.9 & 11.1 & 6.5 & 2.8 \\
29 & 66 & 17 & 30 & 37 & 40 & 46 & 66 & 111 & - \\
& & & & & & & & \\
24.5 & 25.9 & 22.4 & 18.7 & 17.4 & 16.2 & 14.3 & 12.1 & 11.2 & 11.7 \\
152 & 149 & 140 & 127 & 117 & 107 & 88 & 57 & 34 & 19 \\
253 & 248 & 228 & 202 & 187 & 172 & 144 & 96 & 56 & 28 \\
498 & 567 & 508 & 447 & 435 & 422 & 393 & 325 & 232 & 166 \\
39.1 & 36.7 & 40.1 & 44.0 & 45.3 & 46.8 & 49.8 & 56.1 & 63.5 & 69.4 \\
38.9 & 35.9 & 39.5 & 43.8 & 45.1 & 46.5 & 49.3 & 55.4 & 62.5 & 68.1 \\
39.4 & 37.5 & 40.6 & 44.1 & 45.6 & 47.0 & 50.2 & 56.8 & 64.6 & 70.8 \\
40.7 & 37.6 & 40.2 & 43.0 & 43.5 & 44.1 & 45.5 & 48.7 & 53.3 & 57.0 \\
8.9 & 8.0 & 8.8 & 9.5 & 9.7 & 9.9 & 10.3 & 11.2 & 12.4 & 13.6 \\
45.3 & 43.9 & 43.1 & 39.8 & 36.9 & 34.3 & 30.2 & 23.2 & 17.7 & 14.4 \\
6.71 & 6.07 & 5.73 & 5.16 & 4.75 & 4.37 & 3.72 & 2.87 & 2.29 & 2.00 \\
102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 \\
1.96 & 1.71 & 1.73 & 1.68 & 1.59 & 1.51 & 1.36 & 1.16 & 1.01 & 0.94 \\
30.0 & 30.1 & 29.7 & 29.4 & 29.2 & 29.1 & 28.9 & 28.6 & 28.4 & 28.3 \\
& & & & & & & & \\
863 & 885 & 999 & 1081 & 1113 & 1132 & 1173 & 1166 & 1094 & 994 \\
467 & 522 & 518 & 509 & 525 & 535 & 555 & 607 & 690 & 803 \\
396 & 363 & 480 & 572 & 588 & 597 & 618 & 558 & 403 & 191
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Sierra Leone}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1963, 1974, 1985 and 2004 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, the structure by age and sex from the 2007 CWIQ, 2008 DHS and 2010 MICS4 surveys, as well as with intercensal estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1973-1975 Ad-hoc survey in Greater Freetown, the Western area and Makeni in the Northern Province (retrospective, registration and follow-up), and the 2008 DHS; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1973 pilot census, 1974 census, 1985 census, 1992 Demographic and Social Monitoring survey, 2003 pilot census, 2004 census, 2010 MICS4 survey ; (c) data on children ever born classified by age of mother from the 1969-1970 National Fertility Survey, 2000 MICS2 and 2005 MICS3 surveys; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses; (e) the own-children method applied to the 2004 census, 2005 MICS3, 2007 CWIQ, and 2010 MICS4..

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 1974 census, 1977 national survey, 1992 Demographic and social monitoring survey, 2004 census; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 2008 DHS; (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from this survey as well as from the 1973 Pilot census survey, 1974 census, 1985 census, 1992 Demographic and social monitoring survey, 2000 MICS2 survey, 2003 Pilot census survey, 2004 census, 2005 MICS3, and 2010 MICS4.
Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1992 Demographic and social monitoring survey and 2004 census ; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1973 pilot census. 1974, 1985 and 2004 censuses, 2000 MICS2, 2005 MICS3, 2007 CWIQ and 2008 DHS surveys ; (c) female siblings deaths from the 2005 MICS3, and siblings deaths from the 2008 DHS ; (d) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for periods 1963-1974, 1974-1985, 1985-2004; (e) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables for males, and the North model for females for the 1950-1970 period. Data from West African rural demographic surveillance sites (including from the 1973-1975 Ad-hoc survey in Greater Freetown, the Western area and Makeni in the Northern Province) and urban vital registration were also considered.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

\section*{Singapore}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & SINGAPORE \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................... & 5079 & \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) .......... & 7436 & MALAYSIA \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15................. & 17.3 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24...................... & 13.5 & a \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64...................... & 73.7 & \(\sim\) \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+...................... & 9.0 & \\
\hline & 2005-2010 & Singapore Pulau Teko \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & 2.4 & Straight Sentosa Straight \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)...................... & 1.26 & Sing \\
\hline Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 3 & \(7_{\text {\% }}\) \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) ........................... & 81.2 & \[
\text { O/SN/A }_{5 \mathrm{~km}}
\] \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.} & \begin{tabular}{l}
Map Sources: UNCS, Gov't. of USA. \\
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Singapore

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1022 & 2074 & 3016 & 3918 & 4496 & 5079 & 5619 & 6057 & 6578 & 7065 & 6883 & 6040 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1496 & 3037 & 4416 & 5737 & 6582 & 7436 & 8227 & 8869 & 9631 & 10343 & 10078 & 8843 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 20.0 & 19.7 & 29.3 & 34.1 & 35.8 & 37.3 & 38.7 & 40.1 & 43.6 & 50.0 & 52.8 & 56.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 75.0 & 72.8 & 37.1 & 40.5 & 37.7 & 35.8 & 36.0 & 39.9 & 53.5 & 68.6 & 86.5 & 102.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 70.8 & 67.0 & 29.4 & 30.1 & 26.4 & 23.6 & 20.8 & 20.4 & 21.9 & 19.9 & 21.1 & 21.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 4.2 & 5.8 & 7.7 & 10.3 & 11.3 & 12.2 & 15.2 & 19.5 & 31.5 & 48.7 & 65.4 & 81.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950
```

Mortality

```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years).
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).....

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
4
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 4.9 & 2.0 & 2.2 & 2.4 & 2.8 & 2.4 & 2.0 & 1.5 & 0.8 & 0.2 & -0.3 \\
\hline 37.5 & 19.7 & 13.1 & 9.8 & 6.7 & 5.6 & 5.2 & 4.7 & 2.9 & -2.4 & -5.2 \\
\hline 15 & 36 & 33 & 30 & 26 & 29 & 35 & 46 & 92 & - & - \\
\hline 9.0 & 5.5 & 4.6 & 4.6 & 4.5 & 4.5 & 4.7 & 5.1 & 6.4 & 10.0 & 12.1 \\
\hline 61 & 24 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 85 & 31 & 7 & 5 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 300 & 201 & 122 & 84 & 73 & 64 & 58 & 52 & 43 & 31 & 21 \\
\hline 60.2 & 67.2 & 74.9 & 77.7 & 79.2 & 81.2 & 82.2 & 83.1 & 84.8 & 87.7 & 91.0 \\
\hline 57.5 & 64.3 & 72.9 & 75.3 & 76.7 & 78.7 & 79.7 & 80.6 & 82.3 & 85.2 & 88.6 \\
\hline 63.0 & 70.8 & 77.1 & 80.1 & 81.8 & 83.7 & 84.6 & 85.5 & 87.2 & 90.2 & 93.5 \\
\hline 51.3 & 54.6 & 60.6 & 63.2 & 64.6 & 66.5 & 67.5 & 68.3 & 69.9 & 72.9 & 76.1 \\
\hline 11.7 & 11.6 & 15.6 & 17.0 & 18.0 & 19.6 & 20.3 & 20.9 & 22.2 & 24.6 & 27.4 \\
\hline 46.5 & 25.2 & 17.8 & 14.3 & 11.3 & 10.1 & 10.0 & 9.9 & 9.4 & 7.6 & 6.9 \\
\hline 6.61 & 3.65 & 1.70 & 1.57 & 1.35 & 1.26 & 1.28 & 1.31 & 1.34 & 1.40 & 1.44 \\
\hline 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 \\
\hline 2.82 & 1.68 & 0.81 & 0.75 & 0.65 & 0.60 & 0.62 & 0.63 & 0.64 & 0.67 & 0.69 \\
\hline 28.8 & 29.1 & 29.2 & 29.9 & 30.1 & 30.6 & 30.9 & 31.2 & 31.6 & 31.9 & 32.0 \\
\hline 271 & 250 & 254 & 265 & 237 & 242 & 266 & 288 & 302 & 267 & 241 \\
\hline 53 & 55 & 66 & 84 & 95 & 107 & 126 & 150 & 208 & 350 & 421 \\
\hline 218 & 195 & 188 & 180 & 142 & 134 & 140 & 138 & 94 & -83 & - 180 \\
\hline 66 & 0 & 120 & 255 & 436 & 449 & 400 & 300 & 150 & 150 & 75 \\
\hline 11.3 & 0.0 & 8.4 & 13.8 & 20.7 & 18.8 & 15.0 & 10.3 & 4.7 & 4.3 & 2.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mean age childbearing (years)
Births and deaths \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands) .................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) ...............................
0.0

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Singapore}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the census and official estimates of 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life tables through 2010.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Slovakia}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Slovakia}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 3437 & 4532 & 5278 & 5388 & 5391 & 5433 & 5458 & 5469 & 5396 & 4990 & 4311 & 3892 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 70 & 92 & 108 & 110 & 110 & 111 & 111 & 112 & 110 & 102 & 88 & 79 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 27.0 & 28.4 & 31.3 & 33.9 & 35.4 & 37.2 & 39.0 & 41.0 & 44.9 & 48.2 & 47.7 & 47.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 54.9 & 57.5 & 55.5 & 45.1 & 39.8 & 37.8 & 40.5 & 46.7 & 53.2 & 71.5 & 73.3 & 77.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 44.6 & 43.2 & 39.5 & 28.6 & 23.4 & 20.9 & 21.4 & 23.0 & 22.6 & 24.0 & 25.0 & 26.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 10.3 & 14.3 & 16.1 & 16.5 & 16.3 & 17.0 & 19.1 & 23.7 & 30.6 & 47.5 & 48.2 & 51.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.1 & 0.7 & 0.5 & 0.1 & 0.0 & 0.2 & 0.1 & 0.0 & -0.2 & -0.4 & -0.6 & -0.4 \\
\hline 17.1 & 9.5 & 5.9 & 1.0 & -0.1 & 0.4 & 0.4 & -0.2 & -2.6 & -4.9 & -6.6 & -3.5 \\
\hline 34 & 101 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & \\
\hline 10.1 & 8.6 & 10.3 & 9.8 & 9.8 & 10.0 & 10.3 & 10.6 & 11.6 & 14.2 & 16.1 & 13.1 \\
\hline 74 & 25 & 14 & 9 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 4 \\
\hline 86 & 31 & 16 & 11 & 9 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 5 \\
\hline 188 & 151 & 179 & 155 & 144 & 136 & 129 & 121 & 104 & 72 & 47 & 29 \\
\hline 64.5 & 70.3 & 71.0 & 72.8 & 73.8 & 74.7 & 75.3 & 76.0 & 77.4 & 80.2 & 83.0 & 85.6 \\
\hline 62.5 & 67.5 & 67.0 & 68.7 & 69.8 & 70.7 & 71.5 & 72.2 & 73.9 & 77.3 & 80.4 & 83.0 \\
\hline 66.3 & 73.3 & 75.2 & 76.9 & 77.8 & 78.6 & 79.2 & 79.7 & 80.8 & 83.0 & 85.6 & 88.2 \\
\hline 55.9 & 57.8 & 57.3 & 58.7 & 59.6 & 60.4 & 60.9 & 61.6 & 62.9 & 65.6 & 68.4 & 71.1 \\
\hline 13.2 & 13.8 & 14.0 & 14.8 & 15.3 & 15.8 & 16.2 & 16.6 & 17.4 & 19.0 & 20.8 & 22.6 \\
\hline 27.3 & 18.0 & 16.2 & 10.9 & 9.7 & 10.4 & 10.7 & 10.5 & 9.0 & 9.4 & 9.5 & 9.7 \\
\hline 3.50 & 2.54 & 2.15 & 1.41 & 1.22 & 1.31 & 1.39 & 1.46 & 1.57 & 1.71 & 1.80 & 1.84 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.53 & 1.19 & 1.03 & 0.68 & 0.59 & 0.63 & 0.67 & 0.70 & 0.76 & 0.83 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 28.1 & 26.5 & 25.1 & 26.1 & 27.2 & 28.2 & 29.1 & 29.8 & 30.7 & 31.7 & 32.0 & 32.2 \\
\hline 494 & 402 & 422 & 292 & 260 & 282 & 291 & 286 & 245 & 237 & 207 & 190 \\
\hline 183 & 191 & 267 & 263 & 263 & 270 & 281 & 290 & 315 & 359 & 351 & 258 \\
\hline 311 & 211 & 155 & 28 & -2 & 12 & 9 & -4 & -71 & - 122 & - 144 & -68 \\
\hline 65 & - 58 & -35 & -3 & 6 & 30 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 15 & 8 & 0 \\
\hline 3.6 & -2.6 & -1.4 & -0.1 & 0.2 & 1.1 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Population doubling tim


\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) 3.6
\[
\text { The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged } 0-14 \text { and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per } 100 \text { persons of working age ( } 15-64 \text { ). }
\]
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Slovakia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates from 1950 to 2010 and with estimates of trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2011.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official life tables through 2011.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Slovenia}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Slovenia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 1473 & 1670 & 2004 & 1990 & 2000 & 2054 & 2079 & 2093 & 2086 & 2023 & 1888 & 1803 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 73 & 82 & 99 & 98 & 99 & 101 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 100 & 93 & 89 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 27.7 & 31.1 & 34.2 & 38.0 & 40.1 & 41.5 & 43.0 & 44.4 & 47.5 & 48.2 & 47.4 & 48.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 52.7 & 51.5 & 46.2 & 42.8 & 42.3 & 44.2 & 47.8 & 54.6 & 62.4 & 81.4 & 77.9 & 82.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 42.0 & 36.6 & 30.5 & 22.7 & 20.2 & 20.2 & 21.4 & 22.9 & 22.1 & 26.2 & 26.4 & 26.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 10.7 & 14.9 & 15.7 & 20.1 & 22.1 & 24.0 & 26.4 & 31.7 & 40.3 & 55.2 & 51.5 & 56.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
88
0.5
7.2
-
0.6
2.6
122
0.0
0.1
0.5
0.2
rtality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
11.0
23

Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
9.8

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)...............................
Life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
29
265

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
65.6
9.8
10
12
9.6

Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (year \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
12
160
6
130

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
9.5 & 9.2 & 9.8 & 10.3 \\
4 & 3 & 3 & 3
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
-0.2 & -0.3 & -0.2 \\
-4.2 & -3.6 & -1.9 \\
- & - & - \\
13.6 & 13.5 & 11.5 \\
2 & 1 & 1 \\
2 & 1 & 1 \\
50 & 33 & 21 \\
84.1 & 87.1 & 89.9 \\
81.2 & 84.1 & 87.0 \\
87.2 & 90.1 & 92.9 \\
69.3 & 72.2 & 75.1 \\
21.9 & 24.0 & 26.3 \\
& & \\
9.5 & 9.9 & 9.6 \\
1.75 & 1.82 & 1.86 \\
105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.85 & 0.89 & 0.90 \\
30.2 & 30.2 & 30.2 \\
& & \\
96 & 94 & 87 \\
138 & 128 & 104 \\
-42 & -34 & -17 \\
& & \\
22 & 11 & 0 \\
2.2 & 1.2 & 0.0
\end{tabular}
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Slovenia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2002 census, with official estimates through 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on blended life tables (from Coale-Demeny Model East to empirical data) between 1950 and 1980 and official life tables from 1980 to 2009.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{Solomon Islands}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 526
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 18
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 40.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 56.0
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.3
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 4.40
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 54
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 66.4

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SOLOMON ISLANDS


The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2012.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Solomon Islands

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 90 & 160 & 312 & 412 & 469 & 526 & 584 & 643 & 764 & 1010 & 1267 & 1433 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 3 & 6 & 11 & 14 & 16 & 18 & 20 & 22 & 26 & 35 & 44 & 50 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.3 & 18.2 & 17.0 & 18.7 & 19.1 & 19.5 & 19.9 & 20.8 & 23.0 & 27.6 & 33.6 & 39.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 80.3 & 87.8 & 93.2 & 81.0 & 79.5 & 78.7 & 75.4 & 70.2 & 61.3 & 56.0 & 53.5 & 58.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 76.7 & 81.2 & 87.8 & 75.9 & 74.2 & 72.8 & 69.4 & 64.2 & 54.3 & 44.4 & 34.7 & 29.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 3.6 & 6.6 & 5.4 & 5.1 & 5.4 & 5.9 & 5.9 & 6.0 & 6.9 & 11.6 & 18.8 & 28.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2.6

Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
(f) .......... \(\qquad\)
2.6
21.8
27
3.2
28.6
22
2.8
29.4
25
\(5-200\)
2.
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
28.1 \\
& & & 27.9 & 28 \\
17.7 & 13.8 & 11.6 & 8.4 & 7.0 \\
146 & 104 & 90 & 65 & 51
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rr}
2.3 & 2.1
\end{tabular}
1.9
1.7

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years) \\ \(\qquad\)}
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
8.4 & 7.0 & 6.3 \\
65 & 51 & 43
\end{tabular}
5.9
38
\(\qquad\)
219
428
428

151
343
51
67

Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
43
311
89
253

Number of deaths (thousands) .................................
Births minus deaths (thousands) .................................
44.9
44.9
10.7
52.4
53.9
61.1
218

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\begin{tabular}{lllll}
39.4 & 42.4 & 41.0 & 36.3 & 35.1 \\
6.40 & 6.54 & 6.13 & 4.91 & 4.60
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Solomon Islands}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2009 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) the own-children method applied to the 1976 and 1986 censuses; (b) maternity-history tabulations from the 1995 KAP Survey (Knowledge, Attitude and Practices); (c) data on children ever born and births in the past 12 months from the 1999 census and (d) official estimates for 2005.

Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates using the census and regression analysis.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving from the 1986 and 1999 censuses; (b) official estimates based on census analysis; (c) the assumption that the pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the United Nations Model Life Tables, and indirect estimation permits the construction of a life table referring to the period 1980-1984; and (d) WHO estimates for 2006.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Somalia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 2264 & 3445 & 6322 & 7385 & 8467 & 9636 & 11123 & 12820 & 16880 & 27076 & 41619 & 53966 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 4 & 5 & 10 & 12 & 13 & 15 & 17 & 20 & 26 & 42 & 65 & 85 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 19.6 & 18.3 & 17.5 & 16.4 & 16.1 & 16.1 & 16.5 & 16.9 & 18.0 & 21.3 & 26.8 & 32.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 78.1 & 86.9 & 92.6 & 100.4 & 102.5 & 102.1 & 98.2 & 94.9 & 86.6 & 67.8 & 54.3 & 50.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 73.4 & 80.9 & 86.5 & 94.5 & 96.6 & 96.4 & 92.6 & 89.3 & 81.3 & 62.2 & 45.1 & 34.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 4.6 & 5.9 & 6.2 & 5.9 & 5.9 & 5.7 & 5.6 & 5.5 & 5.4 & 5.7 & 9.2 & 15.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.9 & 2.3 & 0.8 & 3.0 & 2.7 & 2.6 & 2.9 & 2.8 & 2.7 & 2.2 & 1.4 & 0.8 \\
\hline 19.1 & 23.0 & 28.6 & 33.2 & 32.3 & 32.5 & 31.5 & 30.9 & 28.9 & 22.6 & 14.7 & 8.0 \\
\hline 37 & 30 & 85 & 23 & 26 & 27 & 25 & 25 & 26 & 33 & 49 & 87 \\
\hline 29.8 & 24.0 & 19.0 & 16.5 & 15.0 & 13.7 & 12.4 & 11.2 & 9.3 & 6.9 & 6.6 & 8.1 \\
\hline 200 & 161 & 123 & 105 & 97 & 90 & 79 & 71 & 59 & 41 & 26 & 19 \\
\hline 335 & 271 & 211 & 176 & 161 & 147 & 131 & 117 & 95 & 61 & 34 & 22 \\
\hline 524 & 454 & 387 & 364 & 350 & 334 & 321 & 307 & 274 & 216 & 162 & 116 \\
\hline 34.0 & 40.0 & 46.4 & 49.8 & 51.5 & 53.2 & 54.9 & 56.5 & 59.7 & 65.0 & 69.9 & 73.5 \\
\hline 32.5 & 38.5 & 44.9 & 48.3 & 50.0 & 51.7 & 53.3 & 54.9 & 58.0 & 63.1 & 67.8 & 71.3 \\
\hline 35.5 & 41.6 & 48.0 & 51.4 & 53.1 & 54.8 & 56.5 & 58.2 & 61.4 & 66.9 & 72.0 & 75.8 \\
\hline 40.3 & 43.5 & 46.8 & 48.0 & 48.7 & 49.6 & 50.2 & 50.8 & 52.4 & 55.0 & 57.7 & 60.4 \\
\hline 9.6 & 10.6 & 11.7 & 12.3 & 12.5 & 12.7 & 12.9 & 13.0 & 13.2 & 13.5 & 14.1 & 15.1 \\
\hline 48.9 & 47.0 & 47.5 & 49.7 & 47.4 & 46.2 & 43.9 & 42.1 & 38.3 & 29.6 & 21.3 & 16.1 \\
\hline 7.25 & 7.25 & 7.26 & 7.70 & 7.44 & 7.10 & 6.61 & 6.10 & 5.13 & 3.63 & 2.64 & 2.14 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.84 & 2.12 & 2.41 & 2.73 & 2.71 & 2.67 & 2.56 & 2.43 & 2.15 & 1.63 & 1.24 & 1.02 \\
\hline 32.2 & 32.2 & 31.9 & 31.4 & 31.2 & 30.4 & 30.1 & 29.8 & 29.2 & 28.3 & 28.3 & 28.3 \\
\hline 581 & 765 & 1473 & 1706 & 1877 & 2090 & 2279 & 2519 & 3024 & 3797 & 4288 & 4249 \\
\hline 354 & 391 & 587 & 567 & 596 & 621 & 643 & 671 & 737 & 890 & 1334 & 2130 \\
\hline 227 & 374 & 885 & 1139 & 1282 & 1469 & 1637 & 1847 & 2287 & 2907 & 2953 & 2119 \\
\hline 0 & 1 & -632 & - 100 & - 200 & - 300 & - 150 & - 150 & - 150 & - 150 & -75 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.1 & -20.4 & -2.9 & -5.1 & -6.6 & -2.9 & -2.5 & -1.9 & -1.2 & -0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Somalia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1975 census adjusted for underenumeration and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Estimates from the 2002 Somalia Socio-Economic Survey were also considered, and adjusted upwardly.

Total fertility: based on: (a) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from the 1975 census, the 1980-81 Fertility and Mortality Survey of Banadir, Bay \& Lower Shebelle Regions, 1982 Labour Force Survey, the 1986 census, the 1999 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), (b) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1982 Labour Force Survey, the 2002-2003 Reproductive Health Survey (RHS), (c) maternity history from the 2006 MICS, (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1975 census, 1982 Labour Force Survey, and 1999 MICS, and (e) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 2006 MICS. Estimates were adjusted while taking into account population levels and trends. The application of new estimation methods to existing and/or new data sources results in revising quite substantively the fertility levels in the present assessment.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving from the 1975 census, the 1983 Family Health Survey in Five Cities, the 1999 and 2006 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), (b) maternity-history data from the 2006 MICS and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Estimates from WHO were also considered. Additional deaths due to the famine of 1992 and the war have been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on estimates of Somali nationals residing in neighbouring countries.2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 51452
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 42
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 29.7
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.9
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 65.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 5.2
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.55
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 72
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 52.2
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SOUTH AFRICA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRL
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

South Africa

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 13683 & 22503 & 36793 & 44846 & 48235 & 51452 & 53491 & 55131 & 58096 & 63405 & 66032 & 64135 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 11 & 18 & 30 & 37 & 40 & 42 & 44 & 45 & 48 & 52 & 54 & 53 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.9 & 18.8 & 20.1 & 23.2 & 24.2 & 25.2 & 26.5 & 27.5 & 29.1 & 33.7 & 39.0 & 42.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 72.9 & 83.5 & 72.8 & 57.3 & 54.3 & 53.7 & 53.9 & 53.5 & 49.3 & 47.3 & 53.4 & 62.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 66.7 & 77.2 & 67.3 & 51.9 & 47.6 & 45.7 & 45.1 & 43.7 & 37.9 & 31.8 & 28.0 & 27.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.2 & 6.3 & 5.5 & 5.4 & 6.7 & 8.0 & 8.8 & 9.8 & 11.5 & 15.5 & 25.5 & 35.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)


Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) \(\ldots . . . . . . .\).
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)...

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
23
2.3
3.5
30
2.5
23.5
28
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
2.2 & 1.6 & 1.5 \\
22.6 & 15.1 & 10.0 \\
32 & 44 & 48
\end{tabular}

Net reproduction rate (f) .....
Mean age childbearing (year \(\qquad\)
20.
20.2
110

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
13.7
14.8
12.9
38
13.2
34
43

\section*{South Africa}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1951, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1985, 1991, 1996, 2001 and 2011 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. The populations of Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei are included in the estimates.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2010 from Statistics South Africa, (b) data on children ever born and the births of the last born children from the 2007 Community Survey, (c) maternity-history data from the 1998 DHS, and (d) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1996 census.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on household deaths from the 2007 Community Survey, (b) maternity-history data from the 1998 DHS, (c) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1996 corrected for still births, and (d) data from 1991 HSRC survey. Estimates produced by the Actuarial Society of South Africa, UNICEF and from the 2004 DHS were also considered. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the Far Eastern model of the United Nations Model Life Tables. Official estimates from Statistics South Africa and the Actuarial Society of South Africa were also considered. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on the number of immigrants from South Africa to developed countries, on immigration and emigration statistics for South Africa, on data on migrant workers compiled by the Chamber of Mines, on refugee statistics provided by UNHCR and on estimates of illegal migration to South Africa. Estimates produced by the Actuarial Society of South Africa were also considered.2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 9941
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 15
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 42.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.2
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 53.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 4.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.43
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 143
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 52.1

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SOUTH SUDAN
Undetermined boundary
Abyei region
SUDAN


DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC UGANDA \(\overline{100 \mathrm{~km}}\) OF THE CONGO
Map Sources: UNCS, SIM, Natural Earth.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined. Map created in Jan 2012.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

South Sudan


\(\qquad\)



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 2583 & 3647 & 5764 & 6653 & 8039 & 9941 & 12152 & 13853 & 17297 & 24760 & 33601 & 39267 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 4 & 6 & 9 & 10 & 12 & 15 & 19 & 22 & 27 & 38 & 52 & 61 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.1 & 18.6 & 17.8 & 17.6 & 17.8 & 18.3 & 18.9 & 19.6 & 21.2 & 25.5 & 31.6 & 37.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 89.0 & 85.2 & 88.6 & 91.3 & 89.6 & 86.0 & 81.7 & 77.3 & 70.0 & 57.1 & 52.5 & 55.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 82.6 & 80.6 & 83.4 & 85.5 & 83.5 & 79.7 & 75.3 & 71.1 & 63.5 & 48.5 & 37.0 & 30.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.4 & 4.6 & 5.2 & 5.8 & 6.1 & 6.3 & 6.4 & 6.2 & 6.5 & 8.6 & 15.5 & 24.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1

Population doubling time (years) (d)
10

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e.......................................

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
2.2
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
1.1 & 4.1 & 3.8 \\
25.8 & 27.1 & 26.0
\end{tabular}
4.3
4.0
2.6
2.1

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
37
2
4
6
27.9
26.6
29.3
37.0
37.3 29

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{South Sudan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1993 (urban only) and 2008 censuses; (b) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008 censuses, the 2000 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS), and the 2006 Sudan Household Health Survey (SHHS); (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 2008 census; and (d) estimate for the year 2001 from the New Sudan Centre for Statistics and Evaluation.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1973, 1993 (collected in urban areas only, but adjusted to derive a national figure) and 2008 censuses (data from the 1983 census were also considered); (b) number of deaths in the household in the 12 months preceding the census/survey from the 1956, 1993 (urban areas only) and 2008 censuses and the 2006 Sudan Household Health Survey (SHHS) and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on the estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase and the refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on estimated levels of labour migration.

\section*{Spain}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Spain

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 28070 & 33796 & 38883 & 40283 & 43387 & 46182 & 47199 & 47789 & 48235 & 48224 & 44134 & 41662 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 55 & 67 & 77 & 80 & 86 & 91 & 93 & 94 & 95 & 95 & 87 & 82 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 27.5 & 30.2 & 33.7 & 37.6 & 38.8 & 40.2 & 42.2 & 44.4 & 48.8 & 50.4 & 49.6 & 50.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 50.9 & 60.1 & 50.5 & 46.3 & 45.5 & 47.1 & 51.0 & 53.2 & 59.2 & 93.8 & 86.2 & 89.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 40.0 & 44.7 & 29.9 & 21.6 & 21.1 & 22.0 & 23.4 & 23.4 & 20.9 & 26.9 & 26.5 & 26.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 10.9 & 15.5 & 20.6 & 24.7 & 24.4 & 25.2 & 27.6 & 29.9 & 38.3 & 66.9 & 59.7 & 63.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
0
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.7 & 1.0 & 0.2 & 0.4 & 1.5 & 1.3 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.1 & -0.1 & -0.4 & -0.2 \\
\hline 10.2 & 11.1 & 2.5 & 0.3 & 1.3 & 2.4 & 1.8 & 0.4 & -1.4 & -3.2 & -4.6 & -2.3 \\
\hline 97 & 68 & - & - & 47 & 56 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 10.3 & 8.7 & 8.3 & 9.1 & 9.0 & 8.4 & 8.7 & 9.1 & 9.6 & 12.1 & 14.1 & 11.5 \\
\hline 65 & 32 & 8 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 83 & 38 & 10 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 195 & 132 & 103 & 92 & 83 & 69 & 64 & 59 & 50 & 36 & 23 & 14 \\
\hline 64.2 & 71.2 & 76.7 & 78.5 & 79.6 & 81.2 & 82.0 & 82.8 & 84.2 & 86.8 & 89.7 & 92.5 \\
\hline 61.8 & 68.5 & 73.3 & 74.9 & 76.2 & 78.0 & 78.8 & 79.5 & 81.0 & 83.6 & 86.6 & 89.4 \\
\hline 66.4 & 73.9 & 80.1 & 82.1 & 83.0 & 84.4 & 85.2 & 86.0 & 87.4 & 90.0 & 93.0 & 95.8 \\
\hline 55.8 & 59.3 & 62.7 & 64.1 & 65.2 & 66.7 & 67.4 & 68.2 & 69.5 & 72.0 & 74.9 & 77.6 \\
\hline 13.5 & 14.7 & 17.2 & 18.4 & 19.0 & 20.0 & 20.5 & 21.0 & 22.0 & 23.9 & 26.2 & 28.5 \\
\hline 20.6 & 19.8 & 10.8 & 9.4 & 10.3 & 10.9 & 10.5 & 9.4 & 8.2 & 9.0 & 9.5 & 9.2 \\
\hline 2.53 & 2.84 & 1.46 & 1.19 & 1.29 & 1.41 & 1.50 & 1.57 & 1.67 & 1.79 & 1.85 & 1.88 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.08 & 1.31 & 0.70 & 0.57 & 0.62 & 0.68 & 0.72 & 0.75 & 0.81 & 0.86 & 0.90 & 0.91 \\
\hline 30.5 & 29.8 & 28.6 & 30.4 & 30.8 & 30.8 & 30.9 & 30.9 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 2939 & 3256 & 2086 & 1871 & 2147 & 2432 & 2454 & 2238 & 1968 & 2165 & 2110 & 1935 \\
\hline 1475 & 1429 & 1607 & 1805 & 1872 & 1887 & 2037 & 2148 & 2315 & 2935 & 3134 & 2416 \\
\hline 1463 & 1827 & 479 & 66 & 275 & 545 & 417 & 90 & - 346 & - 771 & -1024 & -481 \\
\hline -436 & -146 & -68 & 796 & 2829 & 2250 & 600 & 500 & 500 & 500 & 250 & 0 \\
\hline -3.1 & -0.9 & -0.4 & 4.0 & 13.5 & 10.1 & 2.6 & 2.1 & 2.1 & 2.1 & 1.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ...........
Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\) 2

Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Spain}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1960, 1970, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Estimates from Human Mortality Database and EuroStat were also considered.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2011; (b) registered births by age of mother through 2011 and underlying female population by age; (c) estimates from EuroStat and INE avaialble were also considered.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2011; (b) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (c) estimates from the Human Mortality Database and EuroStat were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011; (b) registered deaths by age and sex through 2011 and underlying population by age and sex; and (c) estimates from the Human Mortality Database and EuroStat were also considered.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2012.

\section*{Sri Lanka}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 20759
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 316
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 25.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 15.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 67.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 7.8
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.31
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 13
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.4

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{SRI LANKA}


Map Sources: Gov't. of Sri Lanka, UNCS
hdores and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Sri Lanka

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 8076 & 12485 & 17324 & 18846 & 19951 & 20759 & 21612 & 22338 & 23271 & 23834 & 22879 & 21729 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 123 & 190 & 264 & 287 & 304 & 316 & 329 & 340 & 355 & 363 & 349 & 331 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 21.6 & 19.6 & 24.2 & 27.5 & 29.0 & 30.5 & 32.0 & 33.4 & 35.6 & 39.7 & 43.9 & 46.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 92.9 & 78.5 & 60.2 & 49.5 & 48.1 & 49.0 & 51.8 & 53.1 & 54.5 & 63.3 & 67.7 & 75.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 73.6 & 71.9 & 51.4 & 40.2 & 37.7 & 37.4 & 38.1 & 37.2 & 32.6 & 30.5 & 27.4 & 27.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 19.2 & 6.6 & 8.8 & 9.4 & 10.4 & 11.6 & 13.7 & 16.0 & 21.9 & 32.8 & 40.4 & 48.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
(per 1,000 population)........
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.8 & 2.3 & 1.4 & 0.7 & 1.1 & 0.8 & 0.8 & 0.7 & 0.3 & 0.0 & -0.2 & -0.2 \\
\hline 18.3 & 23.9 & 15.4 & 10.8 & 12.4 & 11.7 & 11.0 & 8.9 & 5.6 & 1.9 & -0.9 & -2.2 \\
\hline 39 & 30 & 51 & 107 & 61 & 88 & 86 & 105 & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 18.9 & 8.7 & 6.5 & 7.7 & 6.2 & 6.9 & 7.0 & 7.3 & 8.3 & 10.4 & 11.7 & 12.4 \\
\hline 89 & 53 & 24 & 16 & 13 & 11 & 9 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 144 & 79 & 32 & 21 & 16 & 13 & 11 & 10 & 7 & 5 & 3 & 3 \\
\hline 301 & 223 & 202 & 206 & 153 & 141 & 134 & 125 & 109 & 78 & 52 & 36 \\
\hline 54.5 & 62.9 & 68.9 & 69.1 & 73.2 & 73.4 & 74.2 & 75.1 & 76.7 & 79.9 & 83.1 & 85.8 \\
\hline 53.1 & 61.2 & 65.7 & 65.7 & 69.6 & 70.4 & 71.1 & 72.0 & 73.7 & 77.5 & 81.1 & 83.8 \\
\hline 56.8 & 65.2 & 72.7 & 72.9 & 77.2 & 76.6 & 77.4 & 78.2 & 79.6 & 82.2 & 85.0 & 87.7 \\
\hline 50.3 & 54.2 & 56.6 & 55.8 & 59.8 & 59.7 & 60.3 & 61.0 & 62.4 & 65.4 & 68.4 & 71.0 \\
\hline 11.5 & 12.6 & 14.9 & 13.8 & 16.3 & 15.5 & 15.9 & 16.4 & 17.2 & 19.0 & 21.1 & 22.9 \\
\hline 37.2 & 32.6 & 21.9 & 18.6 & 18.6 & 18.6 & 18.1 & 16.2 & 13.8 & 12.3 & 10.8 & 10.2 \\
\hline 5.80 & 4.70 & 2.64 & 2.24 & 2.26 & 2.31 & 2.35 & 2.25 & 2.08 & 1.91 & 1.86 & 1.87 \\
\hline 104 & 104 & 105 & 104 & 105 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
\hline 2.24 & 2.04 & 1.22 & 1.06 & 1.07 & 1.10 & 1.12 & 1.08 & 1.00 & 0.92 & 0.90 & 0.91 \\
\hline 29.2 & 29.4 & 28.7 & 29.2 & 29.0 & 29.2 & 29.6 & 30.4 & 30.5 & 30.8 & 31.0 & 31.2 \\
\hline 1573 & 1922 & 1831 & 1721 & 1802 & 1893 & 1914 & 1777 & 1593 & 1465 & 1241 & 1112 \\
\hline 800 & 515 & 545 & 716 & 597 & 702 & 744 & 802 & 952 & 1239 & 1340 & 1356 \\
\hline 773 & 1407 & 1286 & 1005 & 1205 & 1191 & 1170 & 975 & 641 & 226 & -99 & -245 \\
\hline -17 & - 39 & - 137 & -400 & - 100 & - 384 & -317 & - 249 & - 249 & - 249 & - 124 & 0 \\
\hline -0.4 & -0.7 & -1.6 & -4.3 & -1.0 & -3.8 & -3.0 & -2.3 & -2.2 & -2.1 & -1.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birt (years) ..
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) .................
Net reproduction rate (f) ......
Mean age childbearing (year \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................

Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Sri Lanka}

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1953, 1963, 1971, 1981 and 2001 censuses (including estimates for Jaffna,Mannar, Vavuniya, Mullaitivu Killinochchi, Batticaloa and Trincomalee districts), the 2012 census preliminary totals and with intercensal estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) births classified by age of mother registered through 2008; (b) maternity-history data from the 1975 Sri Lanka WFS, the 1987, 1993 and 2006-07 Sri Lanka DHS; (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1982 CPS, the 2000 DHS ; and (d) official estimates of crude birth rate through 2011.

Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2008, and (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1975 Sri Lanka WFS, the 1987, 1993, 2000 and 2006 Sri Lanka DHS; and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys and 1971 census. Child mortality estimates are based on official vital statistics up to 2008, and are consistent with national and UNICEF estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and population by age and sex from 1950 to 2008, adjusted for infant and child mortality, and for adult death underregistration for males before 1980 by using tabulations of paternal orphanhood (before marriage) by age of respondent from the 1987 Sri Lanka DHS.

International migration: Based on: (a) estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1963-1981 intercensal period, (b) official estimates of net international migration for 1981-2011 prepared by the Sri Lanka Department of Census and Statistics, and (c) refugee data from UNHCR.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

State of Palestine

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 932 & 1124 & 2081 & 3205 & 3560 & 4013 & 4549 & 5140 & 6410 & 8906 & 11486 & 12866 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 155 & 187 & 346 & 532 & 591 & 667 & 756 & 854 & 1065 & 1479 & 1908 & 2137 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 17.3 & 15.3 & 15.9 & 16.2 & 17.0 & 18.2 & 19.7 & 21.1 & 23.6 & 29.0 & 36.1 & 41.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 101.1 & 109.2 & 100.8 & 99.1 & 93.6 & 81.3 & 72.6 & 67.4 & 61.6 & 52.4 & 56.6 & 65.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 91.4 & 103.3 & 96.5 & 94.6 & 88.7 & 76.3 & 67.3 & 61.9 & 54.8 & 40.5 & 32.6 & 28.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.7 & 6.0 & 4.3 & 4.6 & 4.9 & 5.0 & 5.3 & 5.5 & 6.8 & 11.9 & 24.0 & 36.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1

Population doubling time (years) (d) ........................
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male
\(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

.................
Net reproduction rate (f). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
-1.2
\begin{tabular}{rrrr} 
& & & \\
20.0 & 14.0 & 5.5 & 4.1 \\
158 & 109 & 40 & 28 \\
209 & 143 & 50 & 33 \\
412 & 330 & 189 & 151
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
nternational migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr} 
& 330 & 189 & 151 & 140 & 130 \\
46.6 & 54.1 & 67.1 & 70.4 & 71.3 & 72.2
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr} 
& 20 & 17 & 13 & 9 & 7 \\
118 & 109 & 93 & 66 & 43 & 29 \\
73.1 & 74.0 & 75.6 & 78.7 & 82.4 & 85.2
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{llllll}
48.8 & 56.1 & 68.7 & 71.9 & 72.9 & 73.8 \\
45.7 & 49.4 & 56.2 & 58.1 & 58.8 & 59.3
\end{tabular}
72.2
75.8

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{State of Palestine}

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1997 and 2007 censuses and with estimates of the current trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Population figures include the Arab population residing in East Jerusalem and exclude Israeli citizens residing in the Occupied Palestinian Territory. Official annual population estimates from 1994 through 2012 from the Palestinian Central Bureau of Statistics were also taken into account.

Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from: (a) annual births classified by age of mother registered for 1968-1995; (b) maternity-history data from the 1995 Health Survey, 2006 and 2010 Family Health Survey; (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1992 UNICEF-JFPPA Survey; (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys, as well as from the 1992 Survey of Living Conditions, 1997 Census, 2000 Health Survey, and 2004 Demographic and Health Survey; (e) data on children ever born classified by age of mother from the 1967 census; (f) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1995 Demographic Survey, 2000 Health Survey, 2004 Demographic and Health Survey, 2006 and 2010 Family Health Survey; and (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, and from the 1992 FALCOT survey and 1997 census.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1997-2012 period.
Total population (thousands) ..... 35652
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 19
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 42.1
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.6
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 54.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.4
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 4.83
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 93
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 60.9

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

Sudan


Map Sources: UNCS, SIM, Natural Earth.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Final boundary between the Republic of
Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined. Map created in Jan 2012.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Sudan

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 5734 & 10233 & 20009 & 27730 & 31586 & 35652 & 39613 & 44499 & 55078 & 77138 & 101239 & 116141 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 3 & 6 & 11 & 15 & 17 & 19 & 21 & 24 & 30 & 41 & 54 & 62 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.1 & 16.9 & 17.1 & 17.9 & 18.3 & 18.7 & 19.4 & 20.3 & 22.3 & 26.2 & 31.3 & 35.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 88.9 & 96.5 & 93.8 & 87.7 & 86.0 & 82.5 & 77.9 & 72.9 & 65.6 & 56.1 & 51.6 & 52.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 82.6 & 90.6 & 88.1 & 82.1 & 80.4 & 76.7 & 72.1 & 66.8 & 59.0 & 46.8 & 37.2 & 31.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.3 & 5.9 & 5.7 & 5.6 & 5.7 & 5.7 & 5.9 & 6.1 & 6.7 & 9.3 & 14.4 & 20.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)


Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
26
2.6
6.4
27
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
3.2 & 3.2 & 2.5 & 2.6 \\
31.5 & 29.8 & 29.4 & 28.9 \\
22 & 22 & 29 & 27
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
20.3 & 15.4 & 12.3 & 11.0 \\
135 & 102 & 84 & 74 \\
228 & 168 & 137 & 119 \\
404 & 339 & 302 & 292
\end{tabular}

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
624
809
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Sudan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1973, 1983, 1993 and the 2008 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) the maternity-history data from the 1978-1979 World Fertility Survey (WFS), the 1989-1990 Sudan DHS, the 1992-1993 SUDMCHS/PAPCHILD and the 1999 Safe Motherhood Surveys of Sudan; (b) births in the last 12 months preceding the 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008 censuses; (c) estimates for the year 2001 from the New Sudan Centre for Statistics and Evaluation; (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008 censuses; (e) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 2008 census.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1973, 1983, 1993 and 2008 censuses, the 1978-79 World Fertility Survey (WFS), the 1989-1990 Sudan DHS, the 1992-1993 SUDMCHS/PAPCHILD, the 1999 Safe Motherhood Survey of Sudan, the 2006 and 2010 Sudan Household Health Surveys (SHHS); (b) number of deaths in the household in the 12 months preceding the census/survey from the 1956 and 1993 censuses, 1989-1990 Sudan DHS, the 1992-1993 SUDMCHS/PAPCHILD, the 1999 Safe Motherhood Surveys of Sudan, and the 2006 and 2010 SHHS and (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on the estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase and the refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on estimated levels of labour migration.
Total population (thousands) ................................. 525
Population density (persons per square km )........... 3
Percentage of population under age 15................... 28.6
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 17.1
Percentage of population age 15-64........................ 64.9
Percentage of population aged \(65+\)......................... 6.4
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 1.0
Total fertility (children per woman)....................... 2.42
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 29
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 69.6
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
SURINAME


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS, Natural Earth.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Suriname

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 215 & 372 & 407 & 467 & 500 & 525 & 548 & 570 & 604 & 621 & 610 & 571 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 1 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.1 & 15.8 & 23.0 & 25.7 & 26.1 & 27.5 & 29.1 & 30.7 & 33.6 & 39.8 & 43.3 & 44.9 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 85.3 & 109.4 & 61.4 & 57.1 & 56.2 & 54.0 & 49.8 & 46.8 & 49.4 & 53.5 & 64.4 & 70.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 74.1 & 101.4 & 53.8 & 48.1 & 46.7 & 44.1 & 39.6 & 35.7 & 32.8 & 27.5 & 26.9 & 27.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 11.2 & 8.1 & 7.6 & 9.0 & 9.5 & 9.9 & 10.2 & 11.2 & 16.5 & 26.1 & 37.6 & 43.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950-19
```

Mortality

```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
\(\begin{array}{llll}3.0 & 2.3 & 1.6 & 1.4\end{array}\)

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
33
33.1
23
2.3
30.6
31
1.6
18.2
44

Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
14.9 & 9.0 & 7.2 & 7.4 & 7.6 \\
78 & 49 & 40 & 29 & 24
\end{tabular}
1.0
11.9
70
7.3
\begin{tabular}{rr}
0.9 & 0.8 \\
10.6 & 9.3 \\
79 & 92
\end{tabular}
0.5
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
7.3 & 7.4 & 8.1 & 10.7 & 12.5 & 13.2 \\
17 & 15 & 12 & 8 & 5 & 4 \\
23 & 20 & 16 & 10 & 7 & 5
\end{tabular}

Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
22
29

Births minus deaths (thousands) ..............................

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
\[
-3
\]

Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
- 14
- 5
29
189

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Suriname}

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1964, 1971, 1980, 2004 and 2012 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother from 1980 through 2007 and underlying female population by age; (b) official estimates from 1990 to 1995 and from 2004 to 2007; (c) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 2004 census; and (d) estimates from the Pan American Health Organization.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) estimates from the 2000 and 2006 Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys; (b) estimates based on children ever born and surviving from the 2004 census were also considered; (c) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2007; (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS was factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2007 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) official estimates for 1963, 1980, 2004 and 2006; and (c) demographic impact of AIDS was factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1980-2012 intercensal period.

\section*{Swaziland}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Swaziland

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 273 & 446 & 863 & 1064 & 1105 & 1193 & 1286 & 1368 & 1516 & 1815 & 2082 & 2156 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 16 & 26 & 50 & 61 & 64 & 69 & 74 & 79 & 87 & 105 & 120 & 124 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.4 & 16.3 & 15.9 & 17.2 & 18.1 & 19.3 & 20.5 & 21.3 & 22.8 & 27.7 & 34.4 & 39.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 84.1 & 99.8 & 103.2 & 90.7 & 81.8 & 73.0 & 69.1 & 68.0 & 60.2 & 46.1 & 48.4 & 55.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 79.2 & 94.4 & 97.7 & 85.0 & 76.1 & 67.2 & 63.1 & 61.5 & 53.6 & 39.8 & 31.2 & 28.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 4.9 & 5.4 & 5.5 & 5.6 & 5.8 & 5.8 & 6.1 & 6.5 & 6.6 & 6.3 & 17.2 & 27.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\(1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

\section*{Mortality}

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.4 & 2.6 & 4.0 & 2.0 & 0.8 & 1.5 & 1.5 & 1.2 & 1.0 & 0.8 & 0.4 \\
\hline 25.5 & 30.4 & 35.7 & 22.2 & 16.1 & 16.5 & 15.9 & 13.3 & 10.6 & 9.1 & 3.8 \\
\hline 30 & 27 & 18 & 35 & 92 & 45 & 47 & 56 & 71 & 83 & - \\
\hline 22.6 & 18.5 & 10.4 & 12.0 & 15.7 & 15.0 & 14.1 & 14.9 & 13.4 & 9.8 & 10.3 \\
\hline 174 & 141 & 77 & 80 & 87 & 76 & 65 & 58 & 45 & 26 & 16 \\
\hline 260 & 210 & 108 & 114 & 128 & 114 & 92 & 81 & 61 & 34 & 20 \\
\hline 470 & 408 & 283 & 415 & 577 & 569 & 568 & 627 & 580 & 375 & 238 \\
\hline 41.4 & 46.7 & 58.5 & 52.8 & 45.8 & 47.4 & 49.2 & 48.7 & 52.8 & 62.3 & 69.7 \\
\hline 39.4 & 44.7 & 56.8 & 51.8 & 45.6 & 47.6 & 49.7 & 49.5 & 53.2 & 61.4 & 68.3 \\
\hline 43.4 & 48.6 & 60.1 & 53.8 & 45.9 & 47.1 & 48.5 & 47.7 & 52.1 & 63.3 & 71.1 \\
\hline 43.1 & 45.9 & 51.6 & 45.3 & 38.2 & 39.4 & 40.3 & 38.8 & 41.7 & 49.8 & 56.3 \\
\hline 10.5 & 11.2 & 12.5 & 12.6 & 12.7 & 12.9 & 13.0 & 13.2 & 13.3 & 14.1 & 15.9 \\
\hline 48.1 & 48.9 & 46.1 & 34.1 & 31.8 & 31.4 & 30.0 & 28.2 & 24.0 & 18.9 & 14.1 \\
\hline 6.70 & 6.85 & 6.13 & 4.49 & 4.01 & 3.75 & 3.36 & 3.06 & 2.63 & 2.12 & 1.87 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 2.10 & 2.37 & 2.53 & 1.71 & 1.39 & 1.37 & 1.29 & 1.21 & 1.12 & 0.98 & 0.88 \\
\hline 30.5 & 29.8 & 29.2 & 28.8 & 28.5 & 28.4 & 28.3 & 28.1 & 27.8 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 70 & 102 & 181 & 173 & 172 & 180 & 186 & 187 & 177 & 168 & 146 \\
\hline 33 & 39 & 41 & 61 & 85 & 86 & 88 & 99 & 99 & 88 & 106 \\
\hline 37 & 64 & 140 & 112 & 87 & 95 & 98 & 88 & 78 & 81 & 39 \\
\hline - 3 & -9 & 17 & - 12 & -46 & -6 & -6 & -6 & - 6 & -6 & -3 \\
\hline -1.9 & -4.5 & 4.4 & -2.4 & -8.5 & -1.0 & -1.0 & -0.9 & -0.8 & -0.7 & -0.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
f The net reproduction rate is expressed as number of daughters per woman and represents the average number of daughters a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Swaziland}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, and 1997 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Results of the 2007 census have been considered.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 2006 DHS and 2010 MICS, and (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1966, 1976, 1986, and 1997 censuses and the 1991 Demographic and Housing Survey, adjusted for underregistration.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 2006 DHS and the 2010 MICS, and (b) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1966, 1976, 1986, 1997 censuses and the 2000 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on information on migrant workers to South Africa.

\section*{Sweden}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Sweden

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 7010 & 8049 & 8559 & 8872 & 9030 & 9382 & 9694 & 10034 & 10691 & 11934 & 13450 & 14468 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 16 & 18 & 19 & 20 & 20 & 21 & 22 & 22 & 24 & 27 & 30 & 32 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 34.2 & 35.4 & 38.3 & 39.4 & 40.2 & 40.7 & 41.2 & 41.2 & 41.4 & 41.1 & 42.6 & 45.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 50.4 & 52.7 & 55.6 & 55.5 & 53.1 & 53.2 & 59.5 & 63.1 & 66.9 & 69.0 & 71.6 & 79.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 35.1 & 31.8 & 27.9 & 28.7 & 26.7 & 25.3 & 27.6 & 29.3 & 30.2 & 30.4 & 29.7 & 29.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 15.3 & 20.9 & 27.7 & 26.9 & 26.5 & 27.9 & 31.8 & 33.7 & 36.7 & 38.5 & 41.8 & 50.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.7 & 0.8 & 0.5 & 0.1 & 0.4 & 0.8 & 0.7 & 0.7 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.4 & 0.2 \\
\hline 5.5 & 4.5 & 1.7 & -0.3 & 0.4 & 2.0 & 2.3 & 2.8 & 2.2 & 2.5 & 2.7 & 2.0 \\
\hline 99 & 89 & - & - & - & 91 & 106 & 101 & 117 & 118 & - & - \\
\hline 9.8 & 10.3 & 11.2 & 10.7 & 10.5 & 9.9 & 9.6 & 9.4 & 9.6 & 9.7 & 9.0 & 8.9 \\
\hline 20 & 13 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 24 & 15 & 7 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 135 & 114 & 96 & 76 & 69 & 63 & 58 & 53 & 46 & 33 & 22 & 14 \\
\hline 71.7 & 74.1 & 77.1 & 79.2 & 80.1 & 81.1 & 81.7 & 82.4 & 83.7 & 86.1 & 89.0 & 91.8 \\
\hline 70.3 & 71.8 & 74.2 & 76.7 & 77.8 & 79.0 & 79.7 & 80.4 & 81.7 & 84.1 & 87.0 & 89.7 \\
\hline 73.1 & 76.4 & 80.1 & 81.7 & 82.3 & 83.1 & 83.8 & 84.5 & 85.8 & 88.2 & 91.0 & 93.8 \\
\hline 58.8 & 60.4 & 62.8 & 64.7 & 65.5 & 66.4 & 67.1 & 67.7 & 68.9 & 71.3 & 74.1 & 76.9 \\
\hline 14.2 & 15.1 & 17.0 & 18.2 & 18.7 & 19.4 & 19.9 & 20.3 & 21.3 & 23.1 & 25.4 & 27.7 \\
\hline 15.4 & 14.8 & 13.0 & 10.4 & 10.8 & 11.9 & 12.0 & 12.2 & 11.7 & 12.2 & 11.7 & 10.9 \\
\hline 2.24 & 2.17 & 1.91 & 1.56 & 1.67 & 1.89 & 1.92 & 1.94 & 1.96 & 1.98 & 1.99 & 2.00 \\
\hline 107 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.05 & 1.03 & 0.92 & 0.75 & 0.80 & 0.91 & 0.93 & 0.94 & 0.95 & 0.96 & 0.97 & 0.97 \\
\hline 27.9 & 27.0 & 28.5 & 29.6 & 30.2 & 30.6 & 30.5 & 30.7 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 548 & 584 & 548 & 459 & 484 & 546 & 570 & 603 & 618 & 719 & 775 & 782 \\
\hline 350 & 407 & 475 & 472 & 468 & 457 & 458 & 463 & 505 & 572 & 597 & 637 \\
\hline 198 & 177 & 74 & -13 & 16 & 90 & 112 & 140 & 113 & 147 & 178 & 145 \\
\hline 52 & 131 & 135 & 58 & 142 & 262 & 200 & 200 & 200 & 200 & 100 & 0 \\
\hline 1.5 & 3.3 & 3.2 & 1.3 & 3.2 & 5.7 & 4.2 & 4.1 & 3.8 & 3.4 & 1.5 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........ 0

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
\(\qquad\)
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live birt
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .....
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e)..
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).
 ................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... Net migration rate (per 1,000)
1.5

\section*{Sweden}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with official population estimates for 2012.
Total fertility: Based on official registration data of births by age of mother through 2011.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database.

International migration: Based on official estimates of international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2012.

\section*{Switzerland}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Switzerland

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 4668 & 6169 & 6674 & 7166 & 7409 & 7831 & 8239 & 8648 & 9477 & 10977 & 12394 & 12822 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............ & 113 & 149 & 162 & 174 & 179 & 190 & 200 & 209 & 230 & 266 & 300 & 311 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 33.2 & 31.8 & 36.9 & 38.6 & 40.1 & 41.6 & 42.3 & 42.6 & 43.3 & 44.4 & 45.9 & 48.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 49.1 & 53.8 & 46.2 & 48.7 & 47.3 & 47.0 & 49.0 & 51.7 & 60.4 & 66.1 & 73.6 & 86.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 35.1 & 36.5 & 24.9 & 25.9 & 24.0 & 22.1 & 21.9 & 22.8 & 25.3 & 25.5 & 26.7 & 27.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 14.1 & 17.3 & 21.3 & 22.8 & 23.3 & 24.9 & 27.1 & 28.9 & 35.1 & 40.6 & 46.9 & 59.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1.3
\begin{tabular}{rrrr}
0.7 & 0.4 & 0.7 & 1.1 \\
2.7 & 2.4 & 1.6 & 2.0 \\
105 & - & 104 & 63 \\
& & & \\
9.2 & 8.9 & 8.5 & 8.1 \\
7 & 5 & 5 & 4 \\
9 & 6 & 5 & 5 \\
97 & 82 & 72 & 62 \\
77.2 & 79.2 & 80.5 & 81.8 \\
73.8 & 76.1 & 77.7 & 79.3 \\
80.6 & 82.2 & 83.1 & 84.1 \\
63.1 & 64.8 & 66.0 & 67.3 \\
17.5 & 18.7 & 19.5 & 20.3 \\
& & & \\
11.9 & 11.3 & 10.1 & 10.1 \\
1.55 & 1.48 & 1.41 & 1.47 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.74 & 0.71 & 0.68 & 0.71 \\
28.7 & 29.6 & 30.2 & 30.9 \\
& & & \\
390 & 399 & 367 & 384 \\
303 & 316 & 310 & 307 \\
87 & 83 & 57 & 77 \\
& & & \\
131 & 65 & 186 & 345 \\
4.0 & 1.8 & 5.1 & 9.1
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
1.0 & 1.0 & 0.9 & 0.7 & 0.4 & 0.0 \\
2.2 & 2.6 & 2.4 & 1.4 & 1.0 & -0.1 \\
69 & 72 & 79 & 100 & - & - \\
& & & & & \\
8.2 & 8.3 & 8.5 & 9.3 & 9.2 & 9.7 \\
4 & 3 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
4 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
57 & 53 & 45 & 31 & 20 & 12 \\
82.5 & 83.2 & 84.6 & 87.2 & 90.2 & 93.0 \\
80.1 & 80.8 & 82.2 & 84.8 & 87.8 & 90.6 \\
84.9 & 85.6 & 87.0 & 89.6 & 92.6 & 95.4 \\
67.9 & 68.6 & 69.9 & 72.4 & 75.3 & 78.2 \\
20.8 & 21.3 & 22.2 & 24.1 & 26.5 & 28.9 \\
& & & & & \\
10.4 & 10.8 & 10.9 & 10.7 & 10.2 & 9.6 \\
1.53 & 1.58 & 1.66 & 1.76 & 1.82 & 1.86 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.74 & 0.76 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.89 & 0.91 \\
31.4 & 31.7 & 31.9 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.0 \\
& & & & & \\
416 & 457 & 505 & 579 & 628 & 613 \\
328 & 348 & 395 & 504 & 566 & 619 \\
88 & 109 & 111 & 75 & 62 & -6 \\
& & & & & \\
320 & 300 & 300 & 300 & 150 & 0 \\
8.0 & 7.1 & 6.5 & 5.6 & 2.4 & 0.0
\end{tabular}

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult motality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e) mon
Life exper (45q15) per 1,000 (e) \(\qquad\)
55
8.2
62

10
0.1
9.4

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
ife expectancy at age 65 (years) ............................
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\) 29
36
163
\(\qquad\)
17
21

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years). \\ \(\qquad\)}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
72.6

Births minus deth \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Switzerland}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1990 census and 2000 census, with official population estimates through 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official life tables from 1950 to 2010.
International migration: Based on official estimates of immigrants and emigrants available, estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010, and assumptions made in official population projections.

\section*{Syrian Arab Republic}
2010
Total population (thousands) ................................. 21533
Population density (persons per square km) ........... 116
Percentage of population under age 15................... 35.7
Percentage of population age 15-24....................... 20.7
Percentage of population age 15-64........................ 60.5
Percentage of population aged 65+........................ 3.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... 3.4
Total fertility (children per woman)....................... 3.19
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .... 17
Life expectancy at birth (years) ............................. 75.0

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

SYRIAN ARAB REPUBLIC


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
houndaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Syrian Arab Republic

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 3413 & 6379 & 12452 & 16371 & 18167 & 21533 & 22265 & 25736 & 29934 & 36706 & 40691 & 40114 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 18 & 34 & 67 & 88 & 98 & 116 & 120 & 139 & 162 & 198 & 220 & 217 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 20.3 & 16.0 & 16.4 & 18.8 & 19.9 & 21.9 & 22.7 & 24.6 & 28.2 & 35.3 & 43.2 & 47.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 76.5 & 104.6 & 99.8 & 79.1 & 72.5 & 65.2 & 63.5 & 55.2 & 51.8 & 50.2 & 63.9 & 78.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 68.5 & 97.9 & 93.7 & 73.1 & 66.6 & 59.0 & 56.4 & 47.6 & 41.6 & 30.8 & 26.5 & 26.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.9 & 6.8 & 6.0 & 6.0 & 5.9 & 6.2 & 7.1 & 7.6 & 10.2 & 19.4 & 37.4 & 52.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2.8
```

Mortality

```

Crude death rate per 1,000 population... \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).. \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
50

Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\) ................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\) 2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.8 & 3.3 & 3.1 & 2.7 & 2.1 & 3.4 & 0.7 & 2.9 & 1.4 & 0.8 & 0.2 & -0.2 \\
\hline 31.6 & 33.8 & 33.4 & 28.2 & 25.2 & 22.4 & 20.4 & 18.5 & 15.2 & 8.4 & 1.8 & -1.6 \\
\hline 25 & 21 & 23 & 26 & 34 & 21 & 104 & 24 & 49 & 87 & - & \\
\hline 19.2 & 12.0 & 5.0 & 3.8 & 3.5 & 3.4 & 3.9 & 3.9 & 4.1 & 5.3 & 8.8 & 11.2 \\
\hline 141 & 90 & 33 & 21 & 18 & 15 & 18 & 14 & 10 & 6 & 3 & \\
\hline 211 & 129 & 42 & 25 & 21 & 17 & 21 & 17 & 12 & 7 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 357 & 278 & 158 & 123 & 110 & 97 & 110 & 102 & 86 & 58 & 38 & 26 \\
\hline 48.7 & 57.3 & 69.3 & 72.6 & 73.9 & 75.0 & 74.4 & 75.5 & 77.7 & 81.5 & 84.7 & 87.6 \\
\hline 48.5 & 56.8 & 68.4 & 71.3 & 72.3 & 73.1 & 71.6 & 72.7 & 75.0 & 79.4 & 82.9 & 85.7 \\
\hline 48.8 & 57.9 & 70.3 & 74.0 & 75.7 & 77.3 & 77.6 & 78.7 & 80.5 & 83.5 & 86.6 & 89.5 \\
\hline 48.1 & 51.8 & 57.6 & 59.8 & 60.7 & 61.6 & 61.2 & 62.1 & 63.8 & 67.1 & 70.2 & 72.9 \\
\hline 11.6 & 12.4 & 13.9 & 14.8 & 15.2 & 15.7 & 16.0 & 16.6 & 17.7 & 19.9 & 22.2 & 24.3 \\
\hline 50.8 & 45.8 & 38.4 & 32.0 & 28.7 & 25.8 & 24.3 & 22.4 & 19.3 & 13.7 & 10.6 & 9.6 \\
\hline 7.23 & 7.56 & 5.87 & 4.26 & 3.67 & 3.19 & 3.00 & 2.75 & 2.37 & 1.92 & 1.77 & 1.80 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.50 & 3.00 & 2.69 & 2.00 & 1.74 & 1.52 & 1.42 & 1.31 & 1.14 & 0.93 & 0.86 & 0.87 \\
\hline 29.1 & 29.3 & 30.4 & 29.7 & 29.5 & 29.4 & 29.3 & 29.4 & 29.1 & 29.7 & 30.3 & 30.7 \\
\hline 931 & 1349 & 2222 & 2457 & 2481 & 2559 & 2662 & 2689 & 2788 & 2466 & 2145 & 1925 \\
\hline 352 & 353 & 291 & 295 & 305 & 334 & 430 & 469 & 589 & 961 & 1773 & 2250 \\
\hline 579 & 996 & 1931 & 2163 & 2176 & 2225 & 2232 & 2221 & 2199 & 1505 & 373 & - 324 \\
\hline - 70 & - 16 & - 147 & - 130 & - 380 & 1141 & - 1500 & 1250 & - 130 & - 73 & -37 & \\
\hline -3.8 & -0.5 & -2.5 & -1.7 & -4.4 & 11.5 & -13.7 & 10.4 & -0.9 & -0.4 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Mean age chil
ths and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousads) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) .......................................................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\[
\text { a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). }
\]
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Syrian Arab Republic}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1981, 1994 and 2004 censuses, official estimates for 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from: (a) maternity-history data from the 1993 Maternal and Child Health Survey, and 2001 Family Health Survey ; (b) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1993 Integrated Demographic Survey, 2004 census and 2009-2010 Family Health Survey ; (c) the own-children method applied to the 2006 MICS3 survey ; (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys, as well as from 1970 Census, 1976 Sample Census, 1976-1979 Follow-up Demographic Survey, 1978 WFS, 1981 Census, 1987 Maternal and Child Health Survey, 1990 EPI-CDD survey, 1994 Census, and 2006 MICS3 ; (e) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent deaths from the 2004 census, and the 2007-2008 Health Survey for Causes of Child Deaths; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1978 WFS, 1993 Maternal and Child Health Survey, 2001 Family Health Survey and 2009-2010 PAPFAM survey; and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, as well as from the 1970, 1976, 1981 and 1994 censuses, 1990 EPI/CDD and Child Mortality Survey, 2000 MICS and 2006 MICS3 survey.

Life expectancy at birth: For 2005-2010, based on a life-table calculated from 2005-2007 registered deaths by age and sex, and post-censal population estimates by age and sex derived from the 2004 census and 2010 official estimates adjusted for infant and child mortality, and old-age mortality. For 1950-2005, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms for males to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and the estimated 2005-2007 life table. For females a similar approach was used assuming that the age pattern conformed since 1950 to the West model. For each sex the underlying mortality pattern, and implied adult mortality, are consistent with the life table from the 1976-1979 Syrian Follow-up Demographic Survey. For the 2010-2015 period, excess mortality due to the conflict was taken into account based on the UN OHCHR commissioned report "Preliminary Statistical Analysis of Documentation of Killings in Syria" prepared by Price, M. et al. (The Benetech Human Rights Program). 2 January 2013.
http://www.ohchr.org/Documents/Countries/SY/PreliminaryStatAnalysisKillingsInSyria.pdf
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1994-2004 intercensal period, 2004-2010 using official estimates, and UNHCR refugee estimates.

\section*{Tajikistan}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Tajikistan

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1532 & 2920 & 5297 & 6186 & 6806 & 7627 & 8610 & 9602 & 11407 & 15093 & 18818 & 21313 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 11 & 20 & 37 & 43 & 48 & 53 & 60 & 67 & 80 & 105 & 132 & 149 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 22.3 & 17.0 & 18.1 & 18.2 & 19.6 & 21.2 & 22.0 & 22.6 & 23.7 & 28.3 & 32.8 & 37.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 61.7 & 106.5 & 90.4 & 86.7 & 72.7 & 64.5 & 64.6 & 67.7 & 62.0 & 57.3 & 52.4 & 55.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 54.7 & 96.0 & 83.1 & 80.1 & 66.2 & 59.1 & 59.4 & 61.9 & 53.5 & 45.3 & 35.5 & 30.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.1 & 10.5 & 7.3 & 6.6 & 6.5 & 5.4 & 5.2 & 5.8 & 8.5 & 12.1 & 16.9 & 25.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.9 & 3.2 & 3.1 & 1.3 & 1.9 & 2.3 & 2.4 & 2.2 & 1.6 & 1.3 & 0.8 & 0.4 \\
\hline 31.4 & 29.2 & 32.3 & 24.3 & 22.1 & 24.5 & 26.7 & 24.0 & 17.7 & 13.8 & 8.0 & 3.8 \\
\hline 24 & 22 & 23 & 52 & 37 & 31 & 29 & 32 & 44 & 56 & 93 & - \\
\hline 16.4 & 12.7 & 9.8 & 8.5 & 7.1 & 6.6 & 6.6 & 6.4 & 6.1 & 7.2 & 8.4 & 9.5 \\
\hline 160 & 134 & 98 & 80 & 63 & 56 & 57 & 52 & 43 & 29 & 17 & 11 \\
\hline 218 & 171 & 128 & 104 & 82 & 73 & 73 & 66 & 54 & 36 & 22 & 14 \\
\hline 225 & 173 & 154 & 212 & 208 & 186 & 171 & 167 & 159 & 142 & 113 & 80 \\
\hline 53.0 & 59.3 & 63.7 & 62.9 & 64.4 & 66.4 & 67.1 & 67.9 & 69.3 & 71.8 & 74.9 & 78.4 \\
\hline 50.8 & 56.9 & 61.0 & 59.3 & 60.9 & 63.3 & 64.0 & 64.6 & 65.8 & 68.1 & 71.3 & 75.5 \\
\hline 55.6 & 61.6 & 66.2 & 67.0 & 68.6 & 69.9 & 70.7 & 71.5 & 72.9 & 75.5 & 78.5 & 81.3 \\
\hline 54.6 & 57.7 & 58.9 & 55.9 & 56.0 & 57.1 & 58.1 & 58.3 & 58.8 & 59.8 & 61.8 & 64.7 \\
\hline 13.1 & 14.7 & 15.2 & 14.0 & 14.0 & 14.4 & 14.9 & 14.9 & 15.2 & 15.6 & 16.7 & 18.4 \\
\hline 47.8 & 41.9 & 42.1 & 32.8 & 29.2 & 31.1 & 33.3 & 30.3 & 23.8 & 21.0 & 16.4 & 13.2 \\
\hline 6.00 & 6.72 & 5.41 & 4.29 & 3.71 & 3.68 & 3.85 & 3.60 & 3.18 & 2.63 & 2.20 & 1.98 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.20 & 2.65 & 2.27 & 1.84 & 1.63 & 1.63 & 1.72 & 1.62 & 1.46 & 1.23 & 1.04 & 0.95 \\
\hline 29.7 & 29.0 & 27.9 & 28.2 & 28.2 & 27.9 & 27.9 & 27.9 & 28.0 & 28.0 & 28.0 & 28.0 \\
\hline 395 & 567 & 1036 & 982 & 947 & 1122 & 1352 & 1381 & 1304 & 1540 & 1515 & 1397 \\
\hline 135 & 171 & 241 & 255 & 231 & 238 & 269 & 289 & 335 & 527 & 776 & 1001 \\
\hline 260 & 395 & 795 & 727 & 716 & 884 & 1083 & 1092 & 968 & 1013 & 739 & 396 \\
\hline -17 & 35 & -38 & - 325 & -97 & -62 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 50 & 0 \\
\hline -2.0 & 2.6 & -1.5 & -10.9 & -3.0 & -1.7 & -2.5 & -2.2 & -1.8 & -1.4 & -0.5 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period
}

\section*{Tajikistan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1970, 1979, 1989, 2000 and 2010 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) births registered through 2008 classified by age of mother adjusted for underregistration, (b) data on children ever born from the 2000 and 2005 Tajikistan Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys, and (c) maternity-history data from the 2012 Tajikistan Demographic Health Survey.
Infant and child mortality: Based on maternity history data and/or data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1989 census, the 1999, 2003 and 2007 Living Standards Measurement Surveys, the 2000 and 2005 Multiple Indicator Cluster Surveys and the 2002 Demographic Health Survey. Official estimates from vital registration system and the 2012 Demographic Health Survey were also considered.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on reported deaths and population by age and sex through 2008, adjusted for underregistration of deaths.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase through 2010.

\section*{TFYR Macedonia}
Total population (thousands) ..... 2102
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 82
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 17.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 15.5
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 70.9
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 11.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.1
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.48
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 12
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 74.4
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
houndaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply officia

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

TFYR Macedonia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1254 & 1692 & 2010 & 2052 & 2090 & 2102 & 2109 & 2107 & 2069 & 1881 & 1565 & 1327 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 49 & 66 & 78 & 80 & 81 & 82 & 82 & 82 & 80 & 73 & 61 & 52 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 21.8 & 23.1 & 29.4 & 32.8 & 34.4 & 36.1 & 37.8 & 39.6 & 43.4 & 49.1 & 50.2 & 49.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 75.7 & 63.1 & 50.4 & 47.9 & 44.9 & 41.0 & 41.5 & 44.2 & 50.4 & 66.5 & 81.4 & 82.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 63.2 & 55.2 & 39.4 & 33.1 & 28.6 & 24.6 & 23.2 & 22.8 & 22.1 & 22.1 & 24.4 & 25.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 12.5 & 7.9 & 11.0 & 14.8 & 16.2 & 16.4 & 18.3 & 21.4 & 28.3 & 44.4 & 57.0 & 56.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1.

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
1.8
18.2
38
1.4
17.3
51
\begin{tabular}{rr}
0.6 & 0.9 \\
11.3 & 5.6
\end{tabular}
0.1
0.0
,
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
0.0 & -0.2 & -0.6 & -0.8 & -0.5 \\
0.3 & -2.0 & -5.2 & -7.8 & -5.2 \\
- & - & - & - & - \\
10.1 & 11.1 & 13.8 & 16.4 & 14.4 \\
9 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
9 & 7 & 5 & 3 & 3 \\
99 & 86 & 61 & 41 & 28 \\
75.9 & 77.4 & 80.5 & 83.7 & 86.4 \\
73.6 & 75.3 & 78.8 & 82.4 & 85.1 \\
78.2 & 79.7 & 82.2 & 85.1 & 87.7 \\
61.7 & 63.0 & 65.9 & 69.0 & 71.6 \\
15.7 & 16.7 & 18.7 & 21.1 & 23.2 \\
& & & & \\
10.3 & 9.2 & 8.6 & 8.7 & 9.2 \\
1.43 & 1.50 & 1.65 & 1.76 & 1.83 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.69 & 0.73 & 0.80 & 0.86 & 0.89 \\
28.3 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
& & & & \\
109 & 96 & 82 & 69 & 62 \\
106 & 116 & 132 & 131 & 97 \\
3 & -20 & -50 & -62 & -35 \\
& & & & \\
-5 & -5 & -5 & -3 & 0 \\
-0.5 & -0.5 & -0.5 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e)......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
15.5 & 8.0 & 7.5 & 8.2 & 8.6 & 9.2 \\
136 & 82 & 40 & 18 & 13 & 12
\end{tabular}
9.6
10
4.4
2

Net reproduction rate (f) ...........................................
Mean age childbearing (years).
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Number of births (thousands)
\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)
..........
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{TFYR Macedonia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1994, and 2002 census, with official population estimates for 2010 and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility through 2011, (b) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1953, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 1994 and 2002 censuses, (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 2005 Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey (MICS).

Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2011 and estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2011. The age pattern of mortality is based on an official life table for 2007-10.

International migration: Based on: (a) statistics on international migration available through 1998 and for the most recent years (2006, 2007 and 2008), and (b) the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the intercensal period.

\section*{Thailand}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 66402
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 129
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 19.3
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 14.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 71.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 8.9
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.49
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 14
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.3
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

THAILAND


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Aug 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Thailand

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 20607 & 36879 & 56583 & 62343 & 65559 & 66402 & 67401 & 67858 & 67554 & 61740 & 49713 & 40542 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 40 & 72 & 110 & 122 & 128 & 129 & 131 & 132 & 132 & 120 & 97 & 79 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.6 & 17.9 & 24.3 & 30.1 & 32.0 & 35.4 & 38.0 & 40.5 & 45.0 & 51.1 & 52.6 & 50.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 83.1 & 90.7 & 53.2 & 44.4 & 43.0 & 39.3 & 38.7 & 40.2 & 49.8 & 75.0 & 91.0 & 88.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 77.1 & 84.1 & 46.3 & 34.9 & 31.9 & 26.9 & 24.2 & 22.0 & 20.6 & 21.8 & 24.6 & 26.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.9 & 6.6 & 6.9 & 9.5 & 11.0 & 12.4 & 14.5 & 18.2 & 29.2 & 53.1 & 66.3 & 62.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
2
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.8 & 3.0 & 1.7 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.1 & -0.1 & -0.7 & -0.9 & -0.7 \\
\hline 27.5 & 29.5 & 14.9 & 9.1 & 6.6 & 4.7 & 2.7 & 1.1 & -1.3 & -6.9 & -9.3 & -7.2 \\
\hline 26 & 24 & 42 & 63 & 69 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 14.9 & 10.8 & 5.6 & 6.6 & 7.0 & 7.1 & 7.7 & 8.3 & 9.9 & 14.5 & 17.3 & 16.0 \\
\hline 120 & 76 & 33 & 17 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 3 & 2 \\
\hline 177 & 106 & 41 & 20 & 17 & 14 & 12 & 10 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 338 & 294 & 177 & 202 & 195 & 169 & 160 & 149 & 129 & 90 & 60 & 39 \\
\hline 51.6 & 58.4 & 69.8 & 70.6 & 71.5 & 73.3 & 74.3 & 75.2 & 77.1 & 80.5 & 83.7 & 86.4 \\
\hline 49.1 & 56.1 & 67.0 & 66.9 & 67.9 & 70.0 & 71.0 & 72.0 & 74.0 & 78.1 & 81.6 & 84.4 \\
\hline 54.3 & 60.8 & 72.8 & 74.6 & 75.1 & 76.7 & 77.7 & 78.6 & 80.2 & 82.9 & 85.9 & 88.6 \\
\hline 50.2 & 52.2 & 58.5 & 57.6 & 58.2 & 59.8 & 60.6 & 61.4 & 63.0 & 66.1 & 69.1 & 71.7 \\
\hline 13.9 & 13.7 & 15.9 & 16.5 & 16.8 & 17.1 & 17.6 & 18.0 & 18.8 & 20.4 & 22.1 & 23.8 \\
\hline 42.4 & 40.3 & 20.5 & 15.7 & 13.6 & 11.8 & 10.4 & 9.4 & 8.6 & 7.6 & 8.0 & 8.9 \\
\hline 6.14 & 5.99 & 2.30 & 1.77 & 1.60 & 1.49 & 1.41 & 1.36 & 1.43 & 1.61 & 1.75 & 1.82 \\
\hline 105 & 106 & 105 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 2.22 & 2.42 & 1.06 & 0.82 & 0.75 & 0.70 & 0.67 & 0.65 & 0.68 & 0.77 & 0.84 & 0.88 \\
\hline 30.8 & 30.7 & 27.6 & 27.0 & 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.1 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 28.1 & 28.8 & 29.3 \\
\hline 4695 & 6913 & 5567 & 4754 & 4338 & 3894 & 3470 & 3177 & 2914 & 2383 & 2033 & 1832 \\
\hline 1651 & 1850 & 1521 & 1991 & 2225 & 2341 & 2572 & 2817 & 3355 & 4548 & 4398 & 3310 \\
\hline 3044 & 5062 & 4046 & 2764 & 2113 & 1553 & 898 & 360 & -441 & -2166 & -2365 & -1478 \\
\hline 0 & 0 & 505 & 596 & 1103 & - 710 & 100 & 97 & 95 & 92 & 50 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & 0.0 & 1.9 & 2.0 & 3.5 & -2.2 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population.
\(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).....
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
\[
46
\]

Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Thailand}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2010 censuses, and with the 1995 and 2005-2006 Surveys of Population Change as well as with estimates of intercensal trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) adjusted annual data from Vital Registration for age-specific fertility rates from 1950 through 2010, (b) maternity-history data from the 1975 WFS, and from the 1974-1975, 1985-86, 1989, 1991, 1995-1996 Surveys of Population Change, and the 1987 Thailand DHS, (c) births in the preceding 12 or 24 months classified by age of mother from the 1996 CPS, 2005-2006 MICS and 2006 RHS, (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1960-2000 censuses, the 1968-1972 Longitudinal Study of Economic, Social and Demographic Change, and from the 1978, 1981, and 1984 contraceptive prevalence surveys.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) estimates derived from the 1974-1976, 1984-86, 1989, 1991, 1995-1996, 2005-2006 Surveys of Population Change, (b) maternity-history data from the 1975 WFS and 1987 DHS, (c) data on children ever born and surviving from these surveys, the 1978 and 1981 CPS, 1979 NSMFP survey, the 1980, 1990, 2000 censuses, and from the 2005-2006 MICS3 survey, (d) official annual vital statistics from 1948 up to 2010.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and enumerated census population by age and sex from 1948 to 2010, adjusted for infant and child mortality, and evaluated for adult death underregistration using Luther et al.'s consistent correction for the period 1960-1980 (Luther, N., N. Dhanasakdi, and F. Arnold. 1986. Consistent Correction of Census and Vital Registration Data for Thailand, 1960-80. Papers of the East-West Population Institute, No. 103). For the 1980-2000 period, evaluation of adult death registration based on growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods as assessed by Hill et al. (Hill, K., P. Vapattanawong, P. Prasartkul, Y. Porapakkham, S.S. Lim, and A.D. Lopez. 2006. "Epidemiologic transition interrupted: a reassessment of mortality trends in Thailand, 1980-2000." Int. J. Epidemiol. 36(2):374-384) was also considered, but the implied adjustment was deemed excessive due to substantial migrations. Since 2000, adult death registration has been adjusted using the results of a dual-registration evaluation (Vapattanawong, P.and P. Prasartkul. 2011. "Under-registration of deaths in Thailand in 2005-2006: results of cross-matching data from two sources." Bull World Health Organ 89(11):806-812). Overall, adult death registration is assumed to be around \(90-91 \%\) for males since the 1980 s, and to have increased for females from \(82 \%\) to \(92 \%\) between 1975 and 2005. Mortality rates for age 85 and over were smoothed and extrapolated by fitting a Logistic function for ages 75-95 with a constraint to insure male mortality rates equal or greater to female mortality.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, on information on the number of Thai workers cleared to work abroad, on the estimated stock of foreigners in Thailand and on official statistics on the number of arrivals and departures from Thailand, as well as on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase between the 2000 census, 2005-2006 Survey of Population Change and 2010 census.

\section*{Timor-Leste}
Total population (thousands) ..... 1079
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 73
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 47.3
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 49.6
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.6
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 6.53
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 67
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 64.5
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

TIMOR-LESTE


Map Sources: ESRI, Gov't. of USA, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Timor-Leste

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 433 & 604 & 751 & 854 & 996 & 1079 & 1173 & 1286 & 1555 & 2087 & 2759 & 3265 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 29 & 41 & 51 & 57 & 67 & 73 & 79 & 86 & 105 & 140 & 186 & 220 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.6 & 18.9 & 19.4 & 15.1 & 15.9 & 16.1 & 16.9 & 17.4 & 18.2 & 23.2 & 31.7 & 39.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 78.2 & 80.3 & 71.3 & 108.9 & 102.9 & 101.7 & 93.1 & 92.3 & 86.9 & 56.7 & 51.7 & 60.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 72.3 & 75.6 & 68.0 & 104.0 & 97.4 & 95.4 & 86.5 & 85.2 & 79.8 & 51.6 & 35.6 & 29.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.0 & 4.8 & 3.3 & 5.0 & 5.6 & 6.2 & 6.6 & 7.1 & 7.0 & 5.1 & 16.0 & 31.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
1

Population doubling time (years) (d)
2
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrrrrrrr}
2.0 & 2.6 & -0.3 & 3.1 & 1.6 & 1.7 & 1.9 & 1.9 & 1.3 & 0.9 & 0.5 \\
19.0 & 25.0 & 34.7 & 30.7 & 30.6 & 29.9 & 30.7 & 28.6 & 20.8 & 11.9 & 5.3 \\
36 & 27 & - & 23 & 43 & 42 & 38 & 38 & 52 & 76 & 131 \\
& & & & & & & & & \\
25.2 & 17.0 & 11.0 & 8.2 & 6.9 & 5.8 & 5.1 & 4.1 & 3.1 & 4.1 & 6.9 \\
201 & 141 & 85 & 64 & 51 & 39 & 31 & 21 & 12 & 7 & 5 \\
300 & 211 & 120 & 87 & 67 & 49 & 38 & 24 & 14 & 8 & 6 \\
519 & 413 & 299 & 250 & 217 & 186 & 161 & 126 & 81 & 47 & 30 \\
37.5 & 46.4 & 57.0 & 61.5 & 64.5 & 67.3 & 69.5 & 72.6 & 76.9 & 81.6 & 85.1 \\
36.9 & 45.0 & 56.0 & 60.0 & 63.0 & 65.8 & 67.9 & 70.9 & 75.4 & 80.7 & 84.6 \\
38.1 & 48.0 & 58.0 & 63.0 & 66.0 & 68.9 & 71.1 & 74.3 & 78.6 & 82.5 & 85.7 \\
40.9 & 45.7 & 50.8 & 53.2 & 54.7 & 56.3 & 57.5 & 59.6 & 63.1 & 67.4 & 70.6 \\
9.9 & 11.1 & 12.2 & 12.7 & 13.1 & 13.5 & 13.9 & 14.7 & 16.7 & 19.7 & 22.2 \\
& & & & & & & & & & \\
44.2 & 42.0 & 45.7 & 39.0 & 37.5 & 35.7 & 35.8 & 32.8 & 23.9 & 16.0 & 12.2 \\
6.16 & 5.21 & 7.00 & 6.96 & 6.53 & 5.91 & 5.30 & 4.22 & 2.87 & 2.16 & 1.93 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
1.72 & 1.77 & 2.78 & 2.93 & 2.85 & 2.67 & 2.44 & 1.98 & 1.37 & 1.04 & 0.93 \\
29.8 & 29.8 & 30.3 & 30.9 & 30.9 & 30.5 & 30.1 & 29.7 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
& & & & & & & & 241 & 216 & 196 \\
127 & 148 & 196 & 180 & 194 & 201 & 220 & 244 & 241 \\
73 & 60 & 47 & 38 & 36 & 33 & 32 & 31 & 31 & 55 & 111 \\
55 & 88 & 149 & 142 & 159 & 168 & 189 & 213 & 210 & 160 & 85 \\
& & & & & & & & & & -75 \\
2 & 4 & -162 & 0 & -75 & -75 & -75 & -75 & -38 & 0 \\
0.7 & 1.0 & -37.7 & 0.0 & -14.4 & -13.3 & -12.2 & -10.1 & -7.4 & -2.8 & 0.0
\end{tabular}
Mortality
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
(e)......................

Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
55
34.3
265
389

Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
27

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)...........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000)

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Timor-Leste}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on maternity-history data from the 2003 Timor Leste Demographic and General Health Survey and official fertility estimates derived from the 2004 census data.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2004 census; (b) maternity-history data from the 2003 Timor Leste Demographic and General Health Survey and the 2009-10 DHS; (c) estimates from the 2002 Timor Leste Multiple Indicator Cluster Survey; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Official estimates of life expectancy at birth for the year 2002 were also taken into account.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2010.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Togo

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1395 & 2116 & 3788 & 4865 & 5540 & 6306 & 7171 & 8076 & 10015 & 14521 & 20237 & 24659 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 25 & 37 & 67 & 86 & 98 & 111 & 126 & 142 & 176 & 256 & 356 & 434 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.4 & 17.6 & 16.8 & 17.5 & 18.2 & 18.7 & 19.1 & 19.6 & 21.3 & 25.1 & 29.9 & 35.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 83.9 & 90.8 & 96.9 & 89.0 & 83.9 & 81.2 & 79.6 & 76.2 & 66.7 & 58.7 & 53.2 & 53.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 75.9 & 85.4 & 91.0 & 83.6 & 78.8 & 76.2 & 74.7 & 71.3 & 61.4 & 50.4 & 40.0 & 33.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 8.0 & 5.5 & 5.8 & 5.4 & 5.1 & 5.0 & 4.9 & 4.9 & 5.2 & 8.2 & 13.2 & 20.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.1 & 4.3 & 3.0 & 2.5 & 2.6 & 2.6 & 2.6 & 2.4 & 2.1 & 1.7 & 1.1 & 0.6 \\
\hline 17.5 & 28.0 & 31.5 & 26.7 & 26.4 & 26.2 & 26.0 & 24.0 & 21.1 & 16.9 & 11.2 & 5.9 \\
\hline 64 & 17 & 23 & 28 & 27 & 27 & 27 & 30 & 33 & 42 & 63 & 117 \\
\hline 30.0 & 20.1 & 12.5 & 12.7 & 12.3 & 11.8 & 10.7 & 9.8 & 8.4 & 6.9 & 7.2 & 8.6 \\
\hline 186 & 128 & 87 & 80 & 77 & 75 & 66 & 60 & 48 & 24 & 11 & 7 \\
\hline 321 & 233 & 153 & 132 & 124 & 116 & 103 & 93 & 74 & 37 & 16 & 10 \\
\hline 509 & 386 & 269 & 327 & 334 & 327 & 308 & 291 & 254 & 181 & 125 & 96 \\
\hline 35.3 & 45.0 & 55.4 & 53.7 & 53.9 & 54.7 & 56.4 & 57.9 & 61.1 & 67.6 & 73.0 & 76.5 \\
\hline 34.5 & 43.8 & 53.8 & 52.9 & 53.0 & 54.0 & 55.5 & 56.9 & 59.8 & 65.9 & 71.1 & 74.5 \\
\hline 36.1 & 46.3 & 57.1 & 54.5 & 54.7 & 55.4 & 57.3 & 58.9 & 62.4 & 69.4 & 75.0 & 78.5 \\
\hline 40.2 & 45.9 & 51.6 & 48.7 & 48.4 & 48.7 & 49.6 & 50.4 & 52.2 & 55.9 & 59.5 & 62.5 \\
\hline 8.7 & 10.4 & 12.0 & 11.2 & 11.1 & 11.2 & 11.3 & 11.5 & 11.9 & 12.9 & 14.7 & 16.8 \\
\hline 47.5 & 48.1 & 44.0 & 39.3 & 38.7 & 38.0 & 36.7 & 33.8 & 29.5 & 23.9 & 18.4 & 14.6 \\
\hline 6.33 & 6.94 & 6.63 & 5.48 & 5.14 & 4.89 & 4.68 & 4.33 & 3.75 & 2.96 & 2.38 & 2.04 \\
\hline 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 \\
\hline 1.73 & 2.29 & 2.59 & 2.10 & 1.99 & 1.92 & 1.89 & 1.79 & 1.62 & 1.38 & 1.15 & 0.99 \\
\hline 28.2 & 30.0 & 30.5 & 30.0 & 29.7 & 29.5 & 29.2 & 29.1 & 28.9 & 28.6 & 28.4 & 28.3 \\
\hline 340 & 460 & 775 & 900 & 1006 & 1124 & 1237 & 1289 & 1406 & 1663 & 1812 & 1770 \\
\hline 215 & 192 & 220 & 289 & 321 & 348 & 362 & 374 & 400 & 483 & 711 & 1048 \\
\hline 125 & 268 & 555 & 610 & 685 & 776 & 875 & 915 & 1006 & 1180 & 1100 & 722 \\
\hline -47 & 139 & - 20 & -30 & - 10 & - 10 & -10 & - 10 & - 10 & - 10 & - 5 & 0 \\
\hline -6.5 & 14.5 & -1.1 & -1.3 & -0.4 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.1 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................

```
    Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
        (e)......................
    Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\) 1.1

\section*{Births minus deaths (thousands) \\ \(\qquad\)}

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\section*{Togo}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1958-1960 census, 1961 Demographic Survey, 1970, 1981 and 2010 censuses, as well as with the structure by age and sex from the 2006 MICS3 survey (adjusted for underenumeration), and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) maternity-history data from the 1988 and 1998 DHS, adjusted for underreporting; (b) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months (or 36 months), both classified by age of mother, from these surveys and from the 1958-1960 and 1970 censuses, the 1961 Demographic Survey, the 2006 MICS3 and 2010 MICS4 surveys; (c) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses ; (d) the own-children method applied to the 2006 MICS3 survey. Estimates based on the reverse survival method applied to the 2010 MICS4 survey were also considered.
Infant and child mortality: Infant mortality estimates are derived from the child mortality rates using the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. Child mortality estimates are based on: (a) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1988 and 1998 DHS; (b) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys as well as from the 1961 and 1971 Demographic Surveys, 1970 Census, 2006 MICS3 and 2010 MISC4 surveys.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) adjusted estimates of adult mortality (45q15) derived from (a) recent household deaths data from the 1960 survey, 1970 and 1981 censuses; (b) parental orphanhood from the 1998 DHS, 2000 MICS2 and 2006 MICS3 ; (c) siblings deaths from the 1998 DHS ; (d) implied relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1990s.
International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

\section*{Tonga}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Tonga

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 47 & 84 & 95 & 98 & 101 & 104 & 106 & 111 & 121 & 140 & 176 & 203 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 73 & 130 & 146 & 151 & 155 & 160 & 164 & 171 & 186 & 215 & 271 & 313 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 15.5 & 15.9 & 19.7 & 19.9 & 21.1 & 21.3 & 21.3 & 22.2 & 24.6 & 28.6 & 34.6 & 39.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 102.7 & 104.0 & 78.2 & 78.9 & 79.0 & 76.5 & 74.5 & 67.6 & 61.6 & 60.0 & 60.5 & 62.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 99.0 & 98.2 & 70.2 & 68.6 & 68.2 & 66.1 & 64.3 & 57.7 & 49.8 & 43.8 & 36.7 & 30.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 3.7 & 5.8 & 8.0 & 10.2 & 10.8 & 10.4 & 10.2 & 9.9 & 11.8 & 16.2 & 23.8 & 32.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
3
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3.2 & 2.5 & 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.4 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 0.5 & 0.9 & 0.5 \\
\hline 37.9 & 33.2 & 25.6 & 22.2 & 22.4 & 22.1 & 19.7 & 17.5 & 17.1 & 12.0 & 9.0 & 4.6 \\
\hline 22 & 28 & - & - & 115 & 114 & - & 81 & 79 & - & 79 & - \\
\hline 9.3 & 7.2 & 5.8 & 6.2 & 6.3 & 6.2 & 6.1 & 5.9 & 5.8 & 6.2 & 6.6 & 8.2 \\
\hline 59 & 42 & 28 & 25 & 23 & 22 & 20 & 19 & 17 & 13 & 10 & 7 \\
\hline 80 & 54 & 34 & 30 & 28 & 26 & 24 & 23 & 20 & 15 & 11 & 8 \\
\hline 337 & 255 & 178 & 162 & 154 & 146 & 137 & 129 & 111 & 82 & 55 & 40 \\
\hline 58.7 & 64.0 & 69.3 & 70.5 & 71.2 & 71.8 & 72.6 & 73.4 & 75.0 & 78.1 & 81.6 & 84.6 \\
\hline 58.5 & 63.4 & 67.8 & 68.8 & 68.8 & 69.1 & 69.7 & 70.4 & 71.9 & 75.3 & 79.6 & 82.7 \\
\hline 58.7 & 64.7 & 70.8 & 72.1 & 73.5 & 74.7 & 75.6 & 76.4 & 77.9 & 80.6 & 83.7 & 86.5 \\
\hline 49.4 & 53.1 & 56.9 & 57.9 & 58.4 & 59.0 & 59.6 & 60.2 & 61.6 & 64.4 & 67.6 & 70.3 \\
\hline 11.3 & 12.4 & 13.8 & 14.2 & 14.6 & 14.8 & 15.2 & 15.6 & 16.4 & 18.2 & 20.4 & 22.5 \\
\hline 47.2 & 40.3 & 31.5 & 28.4 & 28.6 & 28.3 & 25.7 & 23.4 & 22.8 & 18.2 & 15.6 & 12.8 \\
\hline 7.30 & 6.50 & 4.74 & 4.29 & 4.23 & 4.03 & 3.79 & 3.57 & 3.20 & 2.69 & 2.24 & 2.00 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 3.00 & 2.85 & 2.18 & 1.99 & 1.97 & 1.89 & 1.78 & 1.68 & 1.52 & 1.28 & 1.08 & 0.96 \\
\hline 31.6 & 31.1 & 30.7 & 31.0 & 30.9 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 & 31.0 \\
\hline 12 & 16 & 15 & 14 & 14 & 15 & 14 & 13 & 14 & 13 & 13 & 13 \\
\hline 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 6 & 8 \\
\hline 10 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 11 & 11 & 10 & 10 & 10 & 8 & 8 & 5 \\
\hline -2 & - 3 & - 11 & -9 & -8 & -8 & - 8 & - 5 & - 5 & - 5 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -6.3 & -7.9 & -23.1 & -18.0 & -16.4 & -16.0 & -15.4 & -8.9 & -8.2 & -7.1 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e. Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
f The net reproduction rate is expressed as number of daughters per woman and represents the average number of daughters a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{Tonga}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996, 2006 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Estimates from the Secretariat of the Pacific were also taken into account.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother from 1990 to 2003; (b) official estimates from 1996 to 2007; (c) data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1966, 1976, 1986, 1996 and 2006 censuses; and (d) estimates from the Secretariat of the Pacific Community.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and children through 2006; (b) estimates from the 1986, 1996, and 2006 censuses; (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. Estimates from the Secretariat of the Pacific Commission were also taken into account.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) the registered deaths by age and sex from 1957 to 1966 and from 1982 to 2006 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) estimates from the 1996 and 2006 censuses; and (c) by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the Far Eastern model of the United Nations Model Life Tables. Estimates from the Secretariat of the Pacific Community were also considered.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1996-2011 intercensal period.

\section*{Trinidad and Tobago}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Trinidad and Tobago

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 646 & 946 & 1222 & 1268 & 1297 & 1328 & 1347 & 1349 & 1308 & 1155 & 923 & 790 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km ) ............. & 126 & 184 & 238 & 247 & 253 & 259 & 263 & 263 & 255 & 225 & 180 & 154 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 20.9 & 18.8 & 24.1 & 27.8 & 29.9 & 31.9 & 34.2 & 37.0 & 41.4 & 43.6 & 45.1 & 45.1 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 78.4 & 84.0 & 64.9 & 47.3 & 41.0 & 40.9 & 43.7 & 46.4 & 48.5 & 63.1 & 65.8 & 69.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 71.3 & 76.3 & 55.4 & 37.7 & 30.8 & 29.2 & 29.9 & 29.5 & 25.5 & 26.5 & 26.0 & 26.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.1 & 7.8 & 9.5 & 9.6 & 10.2 & 11.7 & 13.8 & 16.9 & 23.0 & 36.5 & 39.8 & 42.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.7 & 0.7 & 0.9 & 0.2 & 0.5 & 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.0 & -0.4 & -0.8 & -0.9 & -0.5 \\
\hline 28.1 & 20.5 & 16.1 & 7.2 & 6.6 & 6.5 & 5.0 & 2.5 & -1.5 & -5.6 & -7.0 & -4.9 \\
\hline 26 & 96 & 82 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 11.6 & 7.5 & 7.6 & 7.9 & 8.3 & 8.9 & 9.6 & 10.4 & 12.4 & 15.7 & 17.1 & 15.4 \\
\hline 83 & 48 & 29 & 29 & 29 & 27 & 24 & 22 & 18 & 13 & 8 & 6 \\
\hline 109 & 63 & 36 & 36 & 37 & 34 & 31 & 28 & 23 & 16 & 11 & 8 \\
\hline 305 & 226 & 207 & 201 & 192 & 185 & 180 & 173 & 162 & 138 & 104 & 72 \\
\hline 57.9 & 64.8 & 67.8 & 68.4 & 68.7 & 69.3 & 69.8 & 70.3 & 71.4 & 73.6 & 76.7 & 79.9 \\
\hline 57.1 & 62.9 & 65.0 & 65.0 & 65.1 & 65.9 & 66.3 & 66.8 & 67.7 & 69.9 & 73.4 & 77.3 \\
\hline 58.7 & 66.8 & 70.7 & 72.2 & 72.5 & 73.0 & 73.6 & 74.2 & 75.3 & 77.5 & 80.0 & 82.5 \\
\hline 50.9 & 54.6 & 55.7 & 56.3 & 56.6 & 57.0 & 57.3 & 57.6 & 58.4 & 60.0 & 62.7 & 65.7 \\
\hline 11.7 & 12.9 & 13.4 & 14.1 & 14.2 & 14.4 & 14.5 & 14.6 & 14.9 & 15.8 & 17.3 & 19.1 \\
\hline 39.6 & 27.9 & 23.6 & 15.1 & 14.9 & 15.4 & 14.6 & 12.9 & 10.8 & 10.2 & 10.2 & 10.4 \\
\hline 5.30 & 3.81 & 2.75 & 1.82 & 1.75 & 1.80 & 1.80 & 1.79 & 1.79 & 1.81 & 1.84 & 1.87 \\
\hline 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 & 104 \\
\hline 2.22 & 1.72 & 1.29 & 0.85 & 0.82 & 0.84 & 0.85 & 0.85 & 0.85 & 0.87 & 0.89 & 0.91 \\
\hline 27.0 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.7 & 27.7 & 27.6 & 27.5 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 137 & 130 & 141 & 95 & 96 & 101 & 98 & 87 & 71 & 60 & 48 & 42 \\
\hline 40 & 35 & 45 & 49 & 53 & 58 & 64 & 70 & 82 & 93 & 81 & 61 \\
\hline 97 & 95 & 96 & 46 & 42 & 42 & 34 & 17 & -10 & - 33 & - 33 & -20 \\
\hline -3 & -62 & - 45 & -33 & - 13 & -11 & - 15 & - 15 & - 15 & - 15 & - 8 & 0 \\
\hline -0.8 & -13.3 & -7.5 & -5.2 & -2.1 & -1.7 & -2.2 & -2.2 & -2.3 & -2.5 & -1.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Trinidad and Tobago}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1960, 1970, 1980, 1990, 2000 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2006 and underlying female population by age; (b) estimates from Demographic Yearbook through 1997; (c) estimates from NSO from 2000 to 2008; and (d) estimates from the 1977 World Fertility Survey and the 1987 DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2005 with underlying population by age and sex; (b) the estimates from 2000 and 2006 MICS; (c) estimates from the 1987 DHS; (d) estimates from the 1977 World Fertility Survey; and (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered death by age and sex through 2005 and underlying population by age and sex; and (b) official estimates through 2000.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1990-2000 intercensal period. Also, border statistics of people from Trinidad and Tobago admitted by the United States of America were considered.


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Tunisia

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 3099 & 4983 & 8135 & 9553 & 10051 & 10632 & 11235 & 11783 & 12561 & 13192 & 12506 & 11556 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 19 & 30 & 50 & 58 & 61 & 65 & 69 & 72 & 77 & 81 & 76 & 71 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.3 & 16.9 & 20.9 & 24.6 & 27.0 & 29.0 & 31.2 & 33.3 & 37.8 & 43.4 & 48.0 & 48.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 70.7 & 93.4 & 73.4 & 55.9 & 48.1 & 43.8 & 44.3 & 47.0 & 49.3 & 64.3 & 75.2 & 82.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 68.2 & 88.4 & 66.1 & 46.5 & 38.2 & 33.8 & 33.5 & 33.7 & 29.4 & 26.7 & 25.5 & 26.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 2.5 & 4.9 & 7.4 & 9.4 & 10.0 & 10.0 & 10.8 & 13.3 & 19.9 & 37.7 & 49.7 & 56.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

Mortality
Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) \(\ldots . . . . . . . .\).
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) ..........................................
\(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.4 & 2.3 & 2.5 & 1.2 & 1.0 & 1.1 & 1.1 & 1.0 & 0.5 & 0.1 & -0.4 & -0.3 \\
\hline 26.7 & 27.7 & 23.0 & 13.5 & 11.6 & 11.9 & 11.6 & 10.1 & 5.9 & 1.8 & -3.3 & -3.1 \\
\hline 30 & 30 & 28 & 57 & 68 & 62 & 63 & 73 & 131 & - & - & \\
\hline 24.5 & 16.6 & 6.4 & 5.2 & 5.3 & 5.7 & 5.7 & 5.8 & 6.4 & 9.4 & 13.0 & 12.6 \\
\hline 232 & 173 & 49 & 29 & 23 & 19 & 15 & 13 & 10 & 6 & 5 & \\
\hline 302 & 210 & 57 & 33 & 26 & 20 & 17 & 14 & 11 & 7 & 5 & \\
\hline 490 & 378 & 183 & 118 & 108 & 102 & 93 & 85 & 69 & 47 & 31 & 20 \\
\hline 38.8 & 48.3 & 67.1 & 72.4 & 73.7 & 74.6 & 75.8 & 76.9 & 78.9 & 82.4 & 85.4 & 88.1 \\
\hline 37.8 & 47.3 & 65.4 & 70.1 & 71.4 & 72.3 & 73.5 & 74.7 & 76.9 & 81.0 & 84.2 & 86.9 \\
\hline 39.9 & 49.4 & 69.1 & 75.0 & 76.3 & 77.0 & 78.2 & 79.2 & 80.9 & 83.6 & 86.6 & 89.2 \\
\hline 42.4 & 47.3 & 56.6 & 60.1 & 60.9 & 61.3 & 62.3 & 63.1 & 64.9 & 68.1 & 70.9 & 73.5 \\
\hline 10.2 & 11.1 & 13.6 & 15.0 & 15.4 & 15.6 & 16.3 & 16.9 & 18.1 & 20.4 & 22.6 & 24.6 \\
\hline 51.2 & 44.2 & 29.4 & 18.7 & 16.9 & 17.5 & 17.4 & 15.9 & 12.3 & 11.2 & 9.7 & 9.5 \\
\hline 6.74 & 6.82 & 3.97 & 2.32 & 2.04 & 2.05 & 2.02 & 1.91 & 1.79 & 1.76 & 1.81 & 1.85 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.98 & 2.41 & 1.80 & 1.08 & 0.96 & 0.97 & 0.96 & 0.91 & 0.86 & 0.85 & 0.88 & 0.90 \\
\hline 30.5 & 30.5 & 30.5 & 30.7 & 30.9 & 31.2 & 31.4 & 31.6 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.0 \\
\hline 843 & 1041 & 1127 & 864 & 830 & 906 & 948 & 916 & 761 & 735 & 612 & 552 \\
\hline 403 & 390 & 247 & 241 & 260 & 292 & 312 & 335 & 398 & 619 & 822 & 733 \\
\hline 440 & 651 & 880 & 623 & 570 & 613 & 636 & 580 & 363 & 116 & -210 & - 181 \\
\hline - 50 & - 106 & 66 & - 53 & - 71 & -33 & - 33 & -33 & - 33 & - 33 & -16 & 0 \\
\hline -3.0 & -4.5 & 1.7 & -1.2 & -1.5 & -0.6 & -0.6 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.5 & -0.3 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mean age childbearing (years).
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Number of births (tous
\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)
........ ........
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ).

> a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged \(15-64\). They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age \((15-64)\).
> b
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Tunisia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1956, 1966, 1975, 1984, 1994 and 2004 censuses, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration..
Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility through 2010; (b) maternity-history data from the 1978 Enquête Tunisienne sur la Fécondité (ETS), the 1988 Enquête Démographique et de Santé and the 2001 Tunisian Family Health Survey; (c) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the reverse survival method to the 1966, 1975, 1984, 1994 and 2004 censuses, and the 2003 World Health Survey (WHS); and (d) indirect estimates obtained from the application of the own-children method to the 2007 and 2009 Enquête National sur la Population et l'Emploi (ENPE).

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) official estimates of infant mortality rates available through 2010; (b) maternity-history data from the 1978 World Fertility Survey (WFS), the 1988 Demographic and Health Survey, the 1994 Maternal and Child Health Survey (PAPCHILD), and the 2001 (PAPFAM); (c) data on children ever born and surviving from the 1975 census, 1978 WFS, 1983 Contraception Prevalence Survey, 1984 census, and 1988 DHS and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy for 1995 to 2005, as reported by INS Tunisia. The age pattern of mortality is based on national life table from various years adjusted for under-five mortality.
International migration: Based on data on Tunisian emigrants admitted by the main countries of immigration and on intercensal population changes.

\section*{Turkey}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 72138
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 92
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 26.7
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 17.5
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 66.3
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 7.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.3
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.16
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births ..... 23
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.4
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Turkey}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 21239 & 34772 & 53995 & 63174 & 67743 & 72138 & 76691 & 80309 & 86825 & 94606 & 93287 & 86465 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 27 & 44 & 69 & 81 & 86 & 92 & 98 & 102 & 111 & 121 & 119 & 110 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.7 & 18.7 & 21.8 & 24.7 & 26.5 & 28.3 & 30.1 & 32.0 & 35.7 & 42.4 & 47.5 & 49.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 73.7 & 85.4 & 68.9 & 57.9 & 54.0 & 51.0 & 48.5 & 47.4 & 48.2 & 60.3 & 75.9 & 85.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 68.5 & 78.1 & 61.2 & 48.4 & 43.9 & 40.3 & 37.0 & 34.1 & 29.8 & 26.3 & 25.7 & 26.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.2 & 7.3 & 7.7 & 9.5 & 10.1 & 10.6 & 11.4 & 13.3 & 18.4 & 34.0 & 50.3 & 59.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\square\)
\(2.7 \quad 2\)
2.3
24.9
31
1.9
19.3
37
24.5
218
293
381
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{3}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{7}{*}{}} \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline & & \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mean age childbearing (years) \(\qquad\)
16.0
\begin{tabular}{rrrr} 
& & 55 \\
8.8 & 6.8 & 6.1 & 5.8 \\
73 & 37 & 25 & 16
\end{tabular}
1.5
15.8
46

68
1.4
14.3
50

6.1
1.3
12.7
55
5.8
1.2
11.3
57
\begin{tabular}{cc}
0.9 & 0.7 \\
9.8 & 7.4 \\
76 & 95 \\
&
\end{tabular}
0.2
2.5
-
\(\square\)

\section*{Number of births (thousands) ................................... \\ Number of deaths (thousands) \\ \(\qquad\)} 381 41.0
housands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\(\qquad\) \(\ldots . .\). 38.1 10.4 160
212

\section*{The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) )}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Turkey}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1955, 1960, 1965, 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1990, 2007 and 2011 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. The estimates from the 2000 census were also considered.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1978 World Fertility Survey; (b) estimates from the 1983 and 1988 PHS; (c) estimates from the 1993, 1998, 2003 and 2008 Turkey DHS; and (d) official estimates of total fertility from the Turkish Institute of Statistics through 201.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths from 1989 to 2011; (b) estimates from the 1989, 1993, 1998, 2003, and 2008 Turkey DHS; (c) the estimates from the 1970, 1975, 1980, 1985 and 1990 censuses; (d) estimates from the 1983 and 1988 Population Health Survey; (e) estimates from the 1967 Turkey Demographic Survey and the 1978 World Fertility Survey; (f) official estimates from the Turkish Institute of Statistics through 2009; and (g) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. Estimates from the 2012 Turkey Child Mortality Survey were considered, but not used.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) estimates adjusted by the GGB method from registered deaths by age and sex from 1952 to 2006 and for 2009 with underlying population by age and sex; (b) estimates for years of 1989, 2006, 2008, and 2011 from the Demographic Yearbook; and (c) estimates from 1990 to 2010 from the Turkish Institute of Statistics.

International migration: Based on: (a) data on the migration of Turks to and from European countries and the overseas countries of immigration, (b) estimates of the migration to Turkey, and (c) refugees statistics compiled by UNHCR. Estimates from the Council of Europe were also considered.

\section*{Turkmenistan}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 5042
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 10
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 29.2
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 21.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 66.7
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 4.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.2
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.50
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 64
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 64.7
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.
TURKMENISTAN


Map Sources: UNCS, ESRI.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Turkmenistan}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 1211 & 2189 & 3668 & 4501 & 4748 & 5042 & 5373 & 5685 & 6160 & 6570 & 6290 & 5766 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 2 & 4 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 13 & 13 & 12 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 23.5 & 17.6 & 19.7 & 21.6 & 22.9 & 24.5 & 26.4 & 28.3 & 31.5 & 36.5 & 40.8 & 42.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 63.1 & 98.6 & 79.4 & 68.4 & 59.4 & 50.0 & 47.9 & 46.8 & 45.7 & 45.9 & 53.4 & 60.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 53.5 & 89.4 & 72.6 & 61.1 & 52.1 & 43.9 & 41.7 & 39.7 & 34.8 & 28.5 & 26.4 & 26.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 9.6 & 9.3 & 6.8 & 7.2 & 7.3 & 6.2 & 6.2 & 7.1 & 11.0 & 17.4 & 27.0 & 33.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
2

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.3 & 2.9 & 2.6 & 1.4 & 1.1 & 1.2 & 1.3 & 1.1 & 0.7 & 0.1 & -0.3 & -0.4 \\
\hline 27.0 & 25.7 & 27.4 & 17.2 & 15.6 & 14.4 & 13.7 & 12.2 & 7.7 & 2.2 & -2.7 & -3.5 \\
\hline 31 & 24 & 28 & 48 & 65 & 58 & 55 & 62 & 101 & - & - & - \\
\hline 18.5 & 12.5 & 9.0 & 7.8 & 7.7 & 7.8 & 7.8 & 7.8 & 8.4 & 11.2 & 14.2 & 14.4 \\
\hline 150 & 121 & 81 & 61 & 52 & 50 & 47 & 43 & 37 & 27 & 16 & 10 \\
\hline 193 & 147 & 100 & 78 & 66 & 64 & 60 & 55 & 47 & 34 & 20 & 12 \\
\hline 340 & 264 & 226 & 244 & 243 & 236 & 228 & 219 & 204 & 176 & 144 & 106 \\
\hline 51.3 & 57.6 & 62.8 & 63.6 & 64.2 & 64.7 & 65.4 & 66.1 & 67.5 & 69.9 & 72.9 & 76.3 \\
\hline 47.9 & 54.0 & 59.3 & 59.7 & 60.4 & 60.6 & 61.3 & 62.0 & 63.3 & 65.7 & 68.7 & 72.6 \\
\hline 55.1 & 61.2 & 66.3 & 67.6 & 68.2 & 68.9 & 69.7 & 70.4 & 71.8 & 74.3 & 77.2 & 79.9 \\
\hline 49.6 & 53.3 & 55.3 & 54.5 & 54.3 & 54.7 & 55.1 & 55.5 & 56.3 & 57.7 & 59.7 & 62.4 \\
\hline 11.7 & 13.2 & 13.9 & 13.8 & 13.6 & 13.7 & 13.8 & 13.9 & 14.2 & 14.6 & 15.5 & 17.0 \\
\hline 45.6 & 38.2 & 36.4 & 25.0 & 23.3 & 22.1 & 21.5 & 20.0 & 16.1 & 13.4 & 11.5 & 10.9 \\
\hline 6.00 & 6.34 & 4.55 & 3.03 & 2.75 & 2.50 & 2.34 & 2.21 & 2.02 & 1.82 & 1.79 & 1.83 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.26 & 2.57 & 1.97 & 1.34 & 1.24 & 1.13 & 1.06 & 1.01 & 0.93 & 0.86 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 30.7 & 30.9 & 29.1 & 27.7 & 27.5 & 27.7 & 28.0 & 28.4 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 292 & 390 & 628 & 543 & 540 & 541 & 559 & 553 & 487 & 437 & 364 & 318 \\
\hline 119 & 128 & 155 & 169 & 179 & 190 & 202 & 216 & 254 & 365 & 451 & 419 \\
\hline 173 & 262 & 473 & 374 & 361 & 351 & 356 & 337 & 234 & 72 & -87 & - 101 \\
\hline -29 & 36 & - 34 & -60 & - 114 & - 57 & -25 & -25 & - 25 & -25 & - 13 & 0 \\
\hline -4.5 & 3.6 & -2.0 & -2.8 & -5.0 & -2.3 & -1.0 & -0.9 & -0.8 & -0.8 & -0.4 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Turkmenistan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1989 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration. Data from the 1995 census were also considered.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2006, and (b) maternity-history data from the 2000 Turkmenistan DHS.

Infant and child mortality: Based on maternal history data and/or data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2000 Turkmenistan DHS and 2006 MICS.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2006, adjusted for underregistration of deaths.

International migration: Based on official estimates of net international migration available through 1995.

\section*{Uganda}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Uganda

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 5158 & 9446 & 17535 & 24276 & 28725 & 33987 & 40141 & 47088 & 63388 & 104078 & 159758 & 204596 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............. & 21 & 39 & 73 & 101 & 119 & 141 & 167 & 195 & 263 & 432 & 663 & 849 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.2 & 16.5 & 16.0 & 15.4 & 15.3 & 15.5 & 15.9 & 16.5 & 18.0 & 22.0 & 28.5 & 35.3 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 85.3 & 97.9 & 102.6 & 108.1 & 107.7 & 105.4 & 101.4 & 96.2 & 84.6 & 66.2 & 54.9 & 55.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 79.8 & 92.7 & 97.2 & 102.5 & 102.5 & 100.3 & 96.6 & 91.4 & 79.8 & 59.5 & 42.3 & 33.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.5 & 5.1 & 5.4 & 5.6 & 5.2 & 5.0 & 4.9 & 4.7 & 4.7 & 6.7 & 12.6 & 22.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
26
2.7
26.8
26
3
31
3.3 -
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrrr}
24.5 & 17.4 & 16.8 & 16.9 & 14.0 & 11.4 & 9.4 \\
161 & 117 & 110 & 96 & 79 & 67 & 57 \\
271 & 195 & 180 & 152 & 124 & 102 & 86 \\
454 & 368 & 390 & 527 & 468 & 386 & 317 \\
40.0 & 48.1 & 48.7 & 46.5 & 50.5 & 55.2 & 59.0 \\
38.5 & 46.6 & 47.1 & 45.9 & 50.2 & 54.6 & 57.8 \\
41.6 & 49.7 & 50.3 & 47.0 & 50.8 & 55.7 & 60.2
\end{tabular}

years).
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands)
\(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Uganda}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1959, 1969, 1980, 1991, and 2002 censuses and the official estimates from 2003 to 2011, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from 1988-89, 1995, 1999, 2006, and 2011 DHS; (b) estimates from the 2002 Census; (c) estimates from 2009 MIS; and (d) estimates from the 1969, 1991 and 2002 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) estimates from 1988-89, 1995, 1999, 2006, and 2011 DHS; (b) estimates from 1969, 1991 and 2002 censuses; (c) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (d) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality as well as adult mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The adult mortality (45q15) were based on: (a) parental orphanhood from the 1969, 1991, and 2002 censuses, and the 1988, 1995, 2001, and 2006 DHS; (b) siblings deaths from the above DHS; (c) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for the period of 1991-2002; and (d) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, on assumed levels of emigration and on the estimated number of Ugandans who were expelled from the country in the early 1970s.

\section*{Ukraine}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Ukraine

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 37298 & 47087 & 51659 & 49057 & 47136 & 46050 & 44646 & 43164 & 39842 & 33658 & 27495 & 24629 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 62 & 78 & 86 & 81 & 78 & 76 & 74 & 72 & 66 & 56 & 46 & 41 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 27.6 & 32.1 & 35.1 & 37.6 & 38.8 & 39.4 & 39.9 & 40.8 & 43.7 & 43.4 & 42.3 & 42.7 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 53.5 & 51.0 & 50.6 & 45.4 & 43.9 & 42.2 & 42.6 & 49.3 & 52.1 & 62.4 & 59.1 & 61.3 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 41.8 & 37.0 & 32.5 & 25.4 & 21.1 & 19.8 & 21.4 & 24.5 & 23.0 & 26.1 & 26.5 & 26.7 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 11.7 & 14.0 & 18.1 & 20.0 & 22.8 & 22.5 & 21.2 & 24.8 & 29.1 & 36.3 & 32.7 & 34.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 \(2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)
eral
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.4 & 0.8 & 0.3 & -0.8 & -0.8 & -0.5 & -0.6 & -0.7 & -0.9 & -0.8 & -0.7 & -0.4 \\
\hline 13.9 & 6.7 & 2.8 & -6.5 & -7.3 & -5.7 & -6.0 & -6.6 & -8.3 & -8.1 & -6.6 & -3.7 \\
\hline 50 & 88 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & \\
\hline 11.7 & 8.4 & 11.7 & 15.1 & 15.8 & 16.2 & 16.8 & 17.0 & 17.1 & 18.5 & 17.6 & 14.6 \\
\hline 79 & 23 & 18 & 17 & 15 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 6 & \\
\hline 113 & 29 & 22 & 21 & 18 & 15 & 14 & 13 & 12 & 9 & 7 & \\
\hline 204 & 159 & 183 & 258 & 263 & 264 & 254 & 244 & 226 & 192 & 145 & 104 \\
\hline 61.8 & 70.7 & 70.6 & 67.4 & 67.5 & 67.9 & 68.5 & 69.0 & 70.0 & 71.9 & 74.6 & 77.5 \\
\hline 58.7 & 66.7 & 66.0 & 61.9 & 61.9 & 62.3 & 62.8 & 63.3 & 64.3 & 66.5 & 69.8 & 73.5 \\
\hline 64.3 & 73.7 & 74.6 & 73.0 & 73.4 & 73.8 & 74.3 & 74.8 & 75.7 & 77.4 & 79.5 & 81.5 \\
\hline 55.5 & 58.1 & 57.4 & 54.1 & 54.0 & 54.1 & 54.6 & 55.1 & 56.0 & 57.8 & 60.3 & 63.1 \\
\hline 13.6 & 14.6 & 14.6 & 13.7 & 13.8 & 14.1 & 14.3 & 14.4 & 14.7 & 15.4 & 16.3 & 17.7 \\
\hline 25.5 & 15.2 & 14.5 & 8.6 & 8.5 & 10.5 & 10.8 & 10.4 & 8.9 & 10.4 & 11.1 & 10.9 \\
\hline 2.81 & 2.02 & 2.03 & 1.23 & 1.15 & 1.39 & 1.46 & 1.52 & 1.62 & 1.74 & 1.82 & 1.86 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 1.18 & 0.94 & 0.96 & 0.58 & 0.54 & 0.66 & 0.69 & 0.72 & 0.77 & 0.83 & 0.87 & 0.89 \\
\hline 28.2 & 26.7 & 24.8 & 24.7 & 25.5 & 26.4 & 26.9 & 27.6 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 4936 & 3507 & 3709 & 2162 & 2036 & 2443 & 2451 & 2288 & 1801 & 1792 & 1545 & 1360 \\
\hline 2258 & 1949 & 2995 & 3789 & 3792 & 3764 & 3815 & 3729 & 3480 & 3178 & 2464 & 1818 \\
\hline 2678 & 1557 & 714 & -1627 & -1756 & -1321 & -1364 & -1442 & -1678 & -1386 & -919 & -459 \\
\hline 44 & 268 & 0 & - 462 & - 165 & 235 & -40 & -40 & -40 & -40 & - 20 & \\
\hline 0.2 & 1.2 & 0.0 & -1.9 & -0.7 & 1.0 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) . \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f)
per 100 females) ..............
Net reproduction rate (f) .......
Mean age childbearing (year \(\qquad\)
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands)...

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)............................
4
Net migration rate (per 1,000)
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Ukraine}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2001 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2011, and (b) on maternity-history data from the 1999 RHS and 2007 Ukraine DHS.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered through 2009 adjusted by a factor of 1.25 to compensate for infant deaths omitted owing to the use of a definition of infant death that does not conform to international standards, (b) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1989 and 2001 censuses and the 2005 MICS, and (c) maternity-history data from the 2007 DHS.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2009. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2009 from the Human Mortality Database. Both estimates incorporate an adjustment to infant mortality, as described below.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase through 2012.

\section*{United Arab Emirates}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 8442
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 101
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 13.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 23.0
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 85.8
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 0.3
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 14.2
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.97
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 8
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 75.9
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

UNITED ARAB EMIRATES
ISLAMIC REPUBLIC
OF IRAN


Map sources Unes, ESR-CeHA
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{United Arab Emirates}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 70 & 232 & 1807 & 3026 & 4149 & 8442 & 9577 & 10602 & 12330 & 15479 & 15449 & 13759 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 1 & 3 & 22 & 36 & 50 & 101 & 115 & 127 & 147 & 185 & 185 & 165 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.9 & 23.0 & 26.7 & 28.2 & 28.9 & 28.0 & 31.4 & 34.6 & 40.8 & 47.0 & 50.1 & 53.6 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 84.1 & 57.1 & 47.1 & 35.9 & 26.4 & 16.5 & 20.0 & 21.4 & 16.1 & 55.8 & 69.1 & 87.0 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 77.8 & 54.8 & 45.5 & 34.5 & 25.3 & 16.2 & 19.4 & 20.4 & 14.0 & 17.5 & 19.3 & 22.4 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.3 & 2.3 & 1.6 & 1.4 & 1.0 & 0.4 & 0.6 & 1.0 & 2.1 & 38.4 & 49.8 & 64.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).
(e.........................................

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrrr}
2.3 & 9.2 & 5.9 & 5.1 & 6.3 & 14.2 & 2.5 \\
27.6 & 32.4 & 25.3 & 16.1 & 14.4 & 15.3 & 13.8 \\
30 & 8 & 12 & 14 & 11 & 5 & 28 \\
& & & & & & \\
22.0 & 8.7 & 3.1 & 2.1 & 1.7 & 1.2 & 1.0 \\
181 & 79 & 22 & 12 & 9 & 7 & 6 \\
269 & 111 & 26 & 14 & 11 & 8 & 7 \\
367 & 247 & 149 & 114 & 98 & 84 & 76 \\
43.8 & 59.6 & 70.7 & 73.5 & 74.8 & 75.9 & 76.8 \\
41.0 & 57.7 & 69.7 & 72.7 & 74.0 & 75.2 & 76.1 \\
47.0 & 62.1 & 72.3 & 74.9 & 76.1 & 77.1 & 78.1 \\
47.0 & 52.8 & 57.9 & 59.8 & 60.7 & 61.6 & 62.4 \\
10.8 & 12.0 & 13.9 & 14.8 & 15.3 & 15.7 & 16.3 \\
& & & & & & \\
49.5 & 41.0 & 28.4 & 18.1 & 16.2 & 16.5 & 14.8 \\
6.97 & 6.76 & 4.83 & 2.97 & 2.40 & 1.97 & 1.82 \\
105 & 105 & 104 & 105 & 104 & 105 & 105 \\
2.29 & 2.85 & 2.27 & 1.42 & 1.15 & 0.95 & 0.88 \\
28.8 & 28.8 & 29.8 & 30.6 & 29.5 & 27.6 & 27.3 \\
& & & & & & \\
18 & 39 & 224 & 243 & 290 & 519 & 669 \\
8 & 8 & 24 & 28 & 31 & 39 & 47 \\
10 & 31 & 200 & 216 & 259 & 480 & 622 \\
& & & & & & \\
-2 & 55 & 260 & 464 & 864 & 3812 & 514 \\
-4.3 & 57.8 & 32.9 & 34.6 & 48.2 & 121.1 & 11.4
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
2.0 & 1.4 & 0.8 & -0.5 & -0.5 \\
10.0 & 6.2 & 2.0 & -8.0 & -5.1 \\
34 & 49 & 83 & - & - \\
& & & & \\
1.1 & 1.7 & 5.4 & 15.5 & 12.9 \\
5 & 4 & 2 & 2 & 1 \\
6 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 2 \\
70 & 59 & 40 & 28 & 19 \\
77.6 & 79.3 & 82.7 & 85.8 & 88.6 \\
76.9 & 78.7 & 82.4 & 85.6 & 88.4 \\
78.9 & 80.5 & 83.2 & 86.2 & 89.0 \\
63.2 & 64.8 & 68.0 & 71.0 & 73.8 \\
16.8 & 17.9 & 20.3 & 22.6 & 24.9 \\
& & & & \\
11.1 & 7.9 & 7.4 & 7.5 & 7.7 \\
1.73 & 1.62 & 1.64 & 1.74 & 1.81 \\
105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
0.84 & 0.79 & 0.80 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
27.0 & 26.8 & 27.1 & 27.3 & 27.5 \\
& & & & \\
561 & 468 & 564 & 585 & 538 \\
56 & 101 & 412 & 1211 & 896 \\
505 & 367 & 152 & -626 & -358 \\
& & & & \\
519 & 485 & 485 & 242 & 0 \\
10.3 & 8.1 & 6.4 & 3.1 & 0.0 \\
& 6 & & &
\end{tabular}
\(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) .............................................

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{United Arab Emirates}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the results of the 1968, 1975, 1980, 1985, 1995 and 2005 censuses, official population estimates for end-2010 from the National Bureau of Statistics of UAE, and with estimates of the trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from: (a) annual births classified by age of mother registered for 1980-2009; (b) maternity-history data from the 1995 Gulf Family Health Survey; (c) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys, as well as from the 1975 and 1980 censuses, and 1987 Child Health Survey; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) births and infant deaths registered annually from 1988 through 2010, adjusted for underregistration, and (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1995 GFH surveys; and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from this survey, the 1975 and 1980 censuses, and the 1987 Child Health Survey.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from official estimates of registered deaths and enumerated census population by age and sex from 1988 through 2010, adjusted for infant and child mortality. Mortality rates for age 70 and over were smoothed and extrapolated by fitting the Kannisto model of old-age mortality (Thatcher, et al. (1998). The Force of Mortality at Ages 80 to 120. Odense, Denmark: Odense University Press) using data for ages 50-79. For 1950-1988, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward the estimated 1985-1990 life table.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1995-2005 intercensal period, and 2005-2010 official estimates.

\section*{United Kingdom}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{United Kingdom}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 50616 & 55645 & 57214 & 58951 & 60291 & 62066 & 63844 & 65600 & 68631 & 73131 & 76318 & 77175 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 208 & 229 & 236 & 243 & 248 & 256 & 263 & 270 & 283 & 301 & 314 & 318 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 34.9 & 34.2 & 35.8 & 37.7 & 38.7 & 39.8 & 40.5 & 40.9 & 42.3 & 43.3 & 44.9 & 47.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 49.9 & 59.0 & 53.2 & 53.4 & 51.3 & 51.9 & 55.5 & 58.2 & 63.6 & 70.4 & 74.2 & 81.9 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................... & 33.7 & 38.3 & 29.2 & 29.1 & 27.1 & 26.7 & 27.4 & 28.3 & 28.1 & 28.3 & 28.0 & 28.1 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 16.2 & 20.7 & 24.1 & 24.2 & 24.2 & 25.2 & 28.1 & 29.9 & 35.5 & 42.1 & 46.2 & 53.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 \(1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015\) 2015-2020 2025-2030 \(2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.2 & 0.5 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.5 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline 3.6 & 5.0 & 2.1 & 1.6 & 1.3 & 3.1 & 2.8 & 2.6 & 1.7 & 0.5 & 0.2 & -0.2 \\
\hline - & - & - & - & - & 120 & 123 & 128 & - & - & - & \\
\hline 11.8 & 11.7 & 11.6 & 10.9 & 10.2 & 9.5 & 9.4 & 9.3 & 9.6 & 10.7 & 10.5 & 10.4 \\
\hline 29 & 19 & 9 & 6 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 34 & 22 & 11 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\
\hline 167 & 144 & 111 & 93 & 85 & 79 & 73 & 68 & 60 & 46 & 32 & 21 \\
\hline 69.3 & 71.7 & 75.0 & 77.1 & 78.4 & 79.6 & 80.5 & 81.2 & 82.6 & 85.0 & 87.8 & 90.5 \\
\hline 66.7 & 68.5 & 72.1 & 74.5 & 76.0 & 77.5 & 78.5 & 79.4 & 80.9 & 83.3 & 86.1 & 88.8 \\
\hline 71.8 & 74.8 & 77.8 & 79.6 & 80.6 & 81.7 & 82.4 & 83.1 & 84.3 & 86.7 & 89.5 & 92.2 \\
\hline 57.0 & 58.5 & 61.0 & 62.7 & 63.9 & 65.2 & 65.9 & 66.7 & 67.9 & 70.2 & 72.9 & 75.6 \\
\hline 13.3 & 14.2 & 15.7 & 16.8 & 17.8 & 18.9 & 19.4 & 19.9 & 20.9 & 22.6 & 24.7 & 26.8 \\
\hline 15.4 & 16.8 & 13.7 & 12.5 & 11.4 & 12.5 & 12.2 & 12.0 & 11.3 & 11.2 & 10.7 & 10.1 \\
\hline 2.18 & 2.57 & 1.84 & 1.74 & 1.66 & 1.88 & 1.88 & 1.89 & 1.89 & 1.90 & 1.91 & 1.91 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.01 & 1.22 & 0.88 & 0.84 & 0.80 & 0.91 & 0.91 & 0.91 & 0.92 & 0.92 & 0.93 & 0.93 \\
\hline 28.3 & 27.0 & 27.4 & 28.3 & 28.8 & 29.2 & 29.8 & 30.1 & 30.6 & 31.3 & 31.7 & 31.9 \\
\hline 3925 & 4608 & 3903 & 3639 & 3402 & 3826 & 3831 & 3877 & 3833 & 4068 & 4063 & 3910 \\
\hline 2998 & 3228 & 3304 & 3184 & 3030 & 2891 & 2954 & 3021 & 3262 & 3889 & 4000 & 3996 \\
\hline 926 & 1380 & 599 & 455 & 372 & 935 & 878 & 856 & 571 & 179 & 62 & - 85 \\
\hline - 358 & - 85 & 99 & 499 & 968 & 840 & 900 & 900 & 850 & 850 & 425 & 0 \\
\hline -1.4 & -0.3 & 0.4 & 1.7 & 3.3 & 2.8 & 2.9 & 2.8 & 2.5 & 2.3 & 1.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

Pop

```
    Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births ......
\(\qquad\)
    Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
    Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
            (e)......................
    Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
ife expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility

Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman)......
\(\qquad\) ....................... Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands).. \(\qquad\)
Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{United Kingdom}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2001 census, with the official population estimates for 2010, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of age-specific fertility rates through 2008.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official life tables available through 2009.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official life tables available through 2009.
International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase during the 1950-2010 intercensal period.

\section*{United Republic of Tanzania}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 44973
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 48
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 44.8
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.8
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 52.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 3.1
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.9
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.58
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 92
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 56.6

Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA}


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
he boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{United Republic of Tanzania}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ............................... & 7650 & 13605 & 25485 & 34021 & 38824 & 44973 & 52291 & 60385 & 79354 & 129417 & 204516 & 275624 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 8 & 14 & 27 & 36 & 41 & 48 & 55 & 64 & 84 & 137 & 216 & 292 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 16.9 & 16.9 & 16.9 & 17.4 & 17.5 & 17.5 & 17.6 & 17.9 & 19.1 & 22.3 & 27.6 & 33.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 92.9 & 95.0 & 95.0 & 91.1 & 90.9 & 92.1 & 92.1 & 89.3 & 79.9 & 68.4 & 58.6 & 57.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 88.7 & 90.1 & 89.7 & 85.6 & 85.2 & 86.2 & 85.9 & 83.0 & 73.7 & 60.2 & 45.5 & 36.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 4.3 & 4.9 & 5.3 & 5.5 & 5.7 & 6.0 & 6.2 & 6.3 & 6.2 & 8.2 & 13.1 & 21.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
......... \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) ............
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
26
2.7
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
2.7 & 3.1 & 3.1 & 2.6 & 2.6 & 2.9 \\
26.6 & 29.8 & 30.1 & 26.8 & 28.3 & 30.8 \\
26 & 23 & 23 & 28 & 27 & 24 \\
& & & & & \\
22.4 & 18.9 & 14.7 & 15.0 & 13.5 & 10.9 \\
153 & 128 & 102 & 92 & 77 & 61 \\
259 & 216 & 165 & 146 & 119 & 92 \\
440 & 390 & 348 & 446 & 442 & 366 \\
41.3 & 45.8 & 51.2 & 49.3 & 51.5 & 56.6 \\
39.6 & 44.2 & 49.6 & 48.4 & 50.9 & 55.8 \\
42.9 & 47.5 & 52.9 & 50.2 & 52.1 & 57.4 \\
44.2 & 46.6 & 48.6 & 44.6 & 45.2 & 48.9 \\
10.8 & 11.6 & 12.4 & 12.9 & 13.4 & 14.0 \\
& & & & & \\
49.0 & 48.7 & 44.9 & 41.8 & 41.8 & 41.6 \\
6.74 & 6.79 & 6.36 & 5.75 & 5.66 & 5.58 \\
103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
2.08 & 2.28 & 2.33 & 2.08 & 2.14 & 2.26 \\
29.5 & 29.5 & 29.5 & 29.1 & 28.9 & 28.7 \\
& & & & & \\
2009 & 3081 & 5307 & 6682 & 7608 & 8721 \\
918 & 1196 & 1740 & 2400 & 2459 & 2272 \\
1091 & 1886 & 3567 & 4282 & 5149 & 6449 \\
& & & & & \\
0 & 36 & 68 & -206 & -345 & -300 \\
0.0 & 0.6 & 0.6 & -1.3 & -1.9 & -1.4
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
3.0 & 2.9 & 2.7 & 2.2 & 1.6 & 1.0 \\
30.7 & 29.3 & 27.2 & 22.6 & 15.7 & 9.6 \\
23 & 24 & 26 & 31 & 45 & 73 \\
& & & & & \\
8.6 & 7.8 & 6.5 & 5.0 & 5.1 & 6.4 \\
49 & 43 & 33 & 21 & 14 & 11 \\
72 & 62 & 45 & 26 & 18 & 14 \\
287 & 274 & 243 & 160 & 108 & 76 \\
61.4 & 63.1 & 66.3 & 72.5 & 77.2 & 80.7 \\
60.0 & 61.6 & 64.6 & 70.4 & 75.0 & 78.4 \\
62.7 & 64.6 & 67.9 & 74.6 & 79.5 & 82.9 \\
52.4 & 53.2 & 55.0 & 59.8 & 63.9 & 67.0 \\
14.4 & 14.6 & 15.3 & 16.9 & 18.9 & 20.7 \\
& & & & & \\
39.3 & 37.1 & 33.8 & 27.5 & 20.8 & 16.0 \\
5.24 & 4.91 & 4.29 & 3.34 & 2.63 & 2.22 \\
103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
2.23 & 2.14 & 1.94 & 1.57 & 1.26 & 1.07 \\
28.4 & 28.2 & 27.7 & 26.8 & 26.8 & 26.8 \\
& & & & & \\
9564 & 10440 & 12552 & 16873 & 20499 & 21495 \\
2097 & 2195 & 2427 & 3046 & 5053 & 8594 \\
7467 & 8245 & 10125 & 13827 & 15446 & 12901 \\
& & & & & 0 \\
-150 & -150 & -100 & -100 & -50 & 0.0 \\
-0.6 & -0.5 & -0.3 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) ...........................................

\section*{nternational migratio}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

\section*{United Republic of Tanzania}

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1967, 1978, 1988, 2002 and 2012 censuses and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from 1992, 1996, 1999, 2004-05 and 2010 DHS; (b) estimates from the 1995 SUMVE; (c) estimates from the 1967, 1978, 1988, 2002 censuses; and (d) estimates from the 1999 Reproductive and Child Health Survey (RCHS).
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1991-92, 1996,1999, 2005, and 2010 DHS; (b) estimates from the 2007-08 AIDS Indicator Survey; (c) estimates from 1967, 1978, 1988 and 2002 censuses; (d) estimates from the 1999 RCHS; and (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012. The analysis of child mortality estimates from "Child survival gains in Tanzania: analysis of data from demographic and health surveys", Lancet 2008; 371: 1276-83 was also considered. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality as well as adult mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The adult mortality (45q15) were based on: (a) parental orphanhood from the 1978, 1988, and 2002 censuses, and the 1992, 1996, 1999, 2004-05 and 2010 DHS; (b) siblings deaths from the above DHS; (c) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions (smoothed and unsmoothed) for the period of 1988-2012; and (d) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR.

\section*{United States of America}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{United States of America}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 157813 & 209891 & 254507 & 284594 & 298166 & 312247 & 325128 & 337983 & 362629 & 400853 & 440248 & 462070 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 16 & 22 & 26 & 30 & 31 & 32 & 34 & 35 & 38 & 42 & 46 & 48 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 30.0 & 28.2 & 32.9 & 35.3 & 36.2 & 37.1 & 37.7 & 38.2 & 39.5 & 40.6 & 42.3 & 44.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) ................................... & 54.5 & 61.4 & 51.9 & 50.9 & 48.9 & 49.0 & 51.7 & 55.5 & 63.9 & 65.6 & 70.3 & 76.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 41.7 & 45.6 & 32.9 & 32.2 & 30.6 & 29.6 & 29.4 & 29.8 & 30.9 & 30.1 & 29.9 & 29.5 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 12.8 & 15.8 & 18.9 & 18.7 & 18.4 & 19.5 & 22.3 & 25.7 & 33.0 & 35.5 & 40.5 & 47.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.6 & 1.0 & 1.0 & 1.2 & 0.9 & 0.9 & 0.8 & 0.8 & 0.7 & 0.4 & 0.3 & 0.1 \\
\hline 14.8 & 8.5 & 7.0 & 5.9 & 5.7 & 5.8 & 5.0 & 4.7 & 3.9 & 1.9 & 2.0 & 1.2 \\
\hline 44 & 70 & 68 & 58 & 75 & 75 & 86 & 90 & 103 & - & - & \\
\hline 9.6 & 9.6 & 8.8 & 8.6 & 8.5 & 8.2 & 8.3 & 8.4 & 8.8 & 10.3 & 9.7 & 9.9 \\
\hline 30 & 23 & 10 & 7 & 7 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & \\
\hline 36 & 26 & 12 & 9 & 8 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 & \\
\hline 200 & 184 & 135 & 119 & 113 & 109 & 103 & 95 & 80 & 60 & 41 & 26 \\
\hline 68.6 & 70.3 & 74.9 & 76.4 & 77.2 & 78.1 & 78.9 & 79.6 & 81.1 & 83.5 & 86.2 & 88.8 \\
\hline 65.8 & 66.8 & 71.3 & 73.4 & 74.5 & 75.6 & 76.4 & 77.3 & 79.0 & 81.6 & 84.3 & 86.9 \\
\hline 71.7 & 74.2 & 78.4 & 79.3 & 79.7 & 80.6 & 81.2 & 81.9 & 83.1 & 85.4 & 88.1 & 90.7 \\
\hline 56.5 & 57.5 & 61.0 & 62.3 & 62.9 & 63.9 & 64.5 & 65.2 & 66.6 & 68.9 & 71.5 & 74.0 \\
\hline 14.2 & 14.8 & 16.9 & 17.6 & 18.0 & 18.9 & 19.3 & 19.7 & 20.5 & 21.9 & 23.6 & 25.5 \\
\hline 24.4 & 18.1 & 15.9 & 14.4 & 14.2 & 14.0 & 13.2 & 13.1 & 12.7 & 12.2 & 11.7 & 11.1 \\
\hline 3.33 & 2.58 & 1.91 & 2.00 & 2.04 & 2.06 & 1.97 & 1.98 & 1.98 & 1.99 & 1.99 & 1.99 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.55 & 1.21 & 0.92 & 0.96 & 0.98 & 0.99 & 0.95 & 0.95 & 0.96 & 0.96 & 0.97 & 0.97 \\
\hline 26.6 & 26.3 & 26.5 & 27.1 & 27.7 & 28.0 & 28.5 & 29.6 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.0 & 32.0 \\
\hline 20046 & 18487 & 19664 & 19952 & 20664 & 21321 & 21043 & 21714 & 22718 & 24230 & 25544 & 25622 \\
\hline 7917 & 9777 & 10944 & 11866 & 12415 & 12464 & 13162 & 13859 & 15715 & 20488 & 21285 & 22807 \\
\hline 2129 & 8710 & 8720 & 8085 & 8249 & 8857 & 7881 & 7855 & 7003 & 3742 & 4259 & 2816 \\
\hline 997 & 1495 & 3917 & 8469 & 5322 & 5225 & 5000 & 5000 & 5000 & 5000 & 2500 & \\
\hline 1.2 & 1.5 & 3.2 & 6.1 & 3.7 & 3.4 & 3.1 & 3.0 & 2.8 & 2.5 & 1.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years)
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)0.1

Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
\[
\text { a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged } 65+\text { to the population aged } 15-64 \text {. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). }
\]
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{United States of America}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with (a) the 2010 census, which includes the population in the territory of the United States and United States citizens serving in the overseas armed forces, and (b) official population estimates for 2011.

Total fertility: Based on official estimates of total fertility available through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on official estimates of infant mortality available through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2010. The age pattern of mortality is based on life tables through 2010 from the Human Mortality Database.
International migration: Based on official data on international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2011.

\section*{United States Virgin Islands}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & 2010 & United States Virgin Islands (US) \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 106 & \multirow[t]{6}{*}{} \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km). & 307 & \\
\hline Percentage of population under age 15. & 20.7 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-24.... & 12.6 & \\
\hline Percentage of population age 15-64.. & 65.6 & \\
\hline Percentage of population aged 65+...................... & 13.7 & \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{2005-2010} & Carribean Sea \\
\hline Annual rate of population change (percentage) ...... & -0.3 & \% Puerto Rico (US) St Croix \\
\hline Total fertility (children per woman)..................... & 2.44 & \begin{tabular}{l|l} 
DOMIIIICAN \\
REPUBIIC
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births .... & 12 & REPUBLIC \({ }^{\text {a }}\) Christiansted \\
\hline Life expectancy at birth (years) .......................... & 78.9 & 10 km \\
\hline \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.} & Map Sources: UNCS, OCHA, The Times Atlas of the World The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{United States Virgin Islands}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 27 & 64 & 103 & 109 & 108 & 106 & 107 & 107 & 105 & 103 & 104 & 107 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 77 & 185 & 298 & 313 & 311 & 307 & 308 & 308 & 302 & 295 & 301 & 308 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 22.0 & 23.0 & 28.1 & 33.6 & 36.5 & 39.3 & 40.8 & 41.9 & 42.1 & 40.8 & 43.7 & 47.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 87.4 & 66.0 & 53.6 & 52.7 & 49.2 & 52.4 & 62.1 & 69.7 & 79.7 & 77.1 & 69.9 & 82.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 73.3 & 59.9 & 44.4 & 39.6 & 33.5 & 31.5 & 33.8 & 35.0 & 33.4 & 32.3 & 28.2 & 27.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 14.1 & 6.1 & 9.2 & 13.1 & 15.7 & 20.9 & 28.4 & 34.7 & 46.3 & 44.8 & 41.6 & 54.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Population doubling time (years) (d)
1
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.8 & 5.1 & -0.3 & 0.3 & -0.1 & -0.3 & 0.1 & 0.0 & -0.2 & 0.0 & 0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline 20.4 & 39.5 & 18.7 & 10.1 & 8.4 & 9.0 & 7.7 & 5.5 & 1.8 & -0.1 & 1.7 & 0.2 \\
\hline 38 & 14 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & - \\
\hline 13.7 & 7.3 & 5.2 & 5.5 & 6.1 & 6.9 & 7.4 & 8.2 & 10.2 & 12.2 & 9.4 & 9.9 \\
\hline 58 & 35 & 18 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 9 & 9 & 7 & 5 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 77 & 44 & 21 & 15 & 13 & 12 & 11 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 328 & 218 & 123 & 92 & 81 & 74 & 65 & 58 & 48 & 35 & 24 & 16 \\
\hline 59.2 & 66.7 & 73.9 & 76.9 & 78.1 & 78.9 & 80.1 & 81.1 & 82.8 & 85.7 & 88.6 & 91.3 \\
\hline 57.7 & 64.1 & 70.3 & 73.4 & 75.0 & 75.9 & 77.2 & 78.4 & 80.0 & 82.8 & 85.9 & 88.7 \\
\hline 60.7 & 69.4 & 77.8 & 80.6 & 81.3 & 82.0 & 82.9 & 83.8 & 85.3 & 88.1 & 91.2 & 94.0 \\
\hline 49.8 & 55.0 & 60.6 & 63.2 & 64.2 & 64.9 & 66.0 & 67.0 & 68.6 & 71.3 & 74.1 & 76.6 \\
\hline 11.5 & 13.2 & 15.8 & 17.3 & 18.0 & 18.4 & 19.2 & 19.9 & 21.1 & 23.2 & 25.5 & 27.6 \\
\hline 34.1 & 46.8 & 23.9 & 15.6 & 14.4 & 15.9 & 15.2 & 13.6 & 12.1 & 12.0 & 11.1 & 10.1 \\
\hline 5.25 & 5.52 & 3.02 & 2.19 & 2.14 & 2.44 & 2.49 & 2.38 & 2.21 & 2.01 & 1.93 & 1.92 \\
\hline 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 & 106 \\
\hline 2.23 & 2.52 & 1.43 & 1.04 & 1.02 & 1.16 & 1.19 & 1.14 & 1.06 & 0.97 & 0.93 & 0.93 \\
\hline 27.6 & 26.8 & 26.6 & 26.8 & 27.1 & 27.5 & 27.1 & 27.7 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 & 29.0 \\
\hline 5 & 13 & 12 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 8 & 7 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 5 \\
\hline 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 4 & 4 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 5 & 5 \\
\hline 3 & 11 & 10 & 5 & 5 & 5 & 4 & 3 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\
\hline 0 & 3 & -11 & -4 & - 5 & -6 & -4 & -3 & - 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline -2.2 & 11.4 & -21.5 & -7.3 & -9.8 & -11.6 & -6.8 & -5.8 & -3.9 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\) ........
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)
) ................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years)

\section*{Births and deaths}
\(\qquad\)
Number of births (thousands) \(\qquad\)
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{United States Virgin Islands}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on births registered by age of mother and estimates of total fertility through 2010.
Infant and child mortality: Based on births and infant deaths registered through 2010 and infant mortality estimates through 2010.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on the total number of deaths registered through 2010, life expectancy estimates through 2010 and the assumption that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the Far Eastern model of the United Nations Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 2000-2010 intercensal period.

\section*{Uruguay}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Uruguay}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 2239 & 2810 & 3110 & 3321 & 3325 & 3372 & 3430 & 3482 & 3581 & 3641 & 3507 & 3292 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 13 & 16 & 18 & 19 & 19 & 19 & 20 & 20 & 20 & 21 & 20 & 19 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 27.9 & 29.7 & 30.7 & 31.6 & 32.7 & 33.7 & 34.8 & 35.6 & 37.8 & 42.2 & 45.8 & 47.4 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 56.5 & 58.3 & 60.4 & 60.4 & 59.5 & 57.2 & 55.7 & 55.3 & 57.3 & 62.5 & 73.8 & 80.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b).................................. & 43.6 & 44.1 & 41.7 & 39.4 & 37.9 & 35.4 & 33.4 & 32.1 & 30.5 & 27.6 & 26.9 & 27.0 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 12.9 & 14.1 & 18.7 & 21.0 & 21.6 & 21.8 & 22.3 & 23.2 & 26.8 & 35.0 & 46.9 & 53.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)...
-
,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1.2
10.8
6010
Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman).
 ................
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years).. \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 1.2 & 0.8 & 0.6 & 0.6 & 0.0 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.0 & -0.2 & -0.2 \\
\hline 10.8 & 10.9 & 8.4 & 7.5 & 6.5 & 5.8 & 5.2 & 4.7 & 3.7 & 0.9 & -1.6 & -2.4 \\
\hline 60 & 83 & 108 & 118 & - & - & - & - & - & - & - & \\
\hline 10.5 & 9.6 & 9.9 & 9.5 & 9.4 & 9.3 & 9.4 & 9.3 & 9.3 & 10.3 & 11.8 & 12.2 \\
\hline 57 & 47 & 23 & 16 & 14 & 13 & 12 & 10 & 8 & 6 & 4 & 3 \\
\hline 64 & 53 & 26 & 18 & 17 & 16 & 14 & 13 & 10 & 7 & 5 & 3 \\
\hline 204 & 173 & 152 & 134 & 120 & 109 & 104 & 97 & 84 & 62 & 43 & 29 \\
\hline 66.1 & 68.6 & 72.1 & 74.2 & 75.3 & 76.4 & 77.1 & 77.9 & 79.5 & 82.1 & 84.9 & 87.7 \\
\hline 63.3 & 65.5 & 68.6 & 70.5 & 71.6 & 72.8 & 73.6 & 74.5 & 76.4 & 79.4 & 82.3 & 85.1 \\
\hline 69.4 & 71.9 & 75.8 & 78.0 & 78.9 & 79.9 & 80.5 & 81.1 & 82.3 & 84.7 & 87.5 & 90.3 \\
\hline 55.9 & 57.6 & 59.3 & 60.8 & 61.8 & 62.8 & 63.4 & 64.0 & 65.4 & 67.7 & 70.4 & 73.0 \\
\hline 13.7 & 14.5 & 15.4 & 16.6 & 17.0 & 17.6 & 18.0 & 18.4 & 19.3 & 20.8 & 22.6 & 24.6 \\
\hline 21.2 & 20.5 & 18.2 & 16.9 & 15.9 & 15.1 & 14.5 & 14.1 & 12.9 & 11.2 & 10.2 & 9.8 \\
\hline 2.73 & 2.80 & 2.53 & 2.30 & 2.20 & 2.12 & 2.05 & 2.00 & 1.93 & 1.86 & 1.86 & 1.87 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.23 & 1.28 & 1.19 & 1.09 & 1.05 & 1.01 & 0.98 & 0.96 & 0.93 & 0.90 & 0.90 & 0.91 \\
\hline 27.8 & 27.8 & 27.6 & 27.2 & 27.6 & 27.6 & 27.6 & 27.6 & 27.6 & 27.6 & 27.5 & 27.5 \\
\hline 245 & 282 & 279 & 277 & 265 & 253 & 247 & 243 & 230 & 204 & 179 & 162 \\
\hline 121 & 132 & 151 & 155 & 156 & 156 & 159 & 161 & 165 & 188 & 208 & 202 \\
\hline 124 & 149 & 128 & 122 & 108 & 97 & 88 & 82 & 65 & 17 & -29 & -40 \\
\hline 10 & -34 & -30 & -26 & - 104 & - 50 & - 30 & - 30 & -20 & -20 & - 10 & 0 \\
\hline 0.9 & -2.5 & -2.0 & -1.6 & -6.3 & -3.0 & -1.8 & -1.7 & -1.1 & -1.1 & -0.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{nternational migratio}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )

0

\section*{Uruguay}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1963, 1975, 1985, 1996, 2004, and 2011 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2007 and underlying female population by age; (b) official estimates from 1952 to 2008; and (c) estimates from the 1963, 1975, 1985, 1996 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2007; (b) estimates from life tables in 1976, 1984, 1986, 1996, and from 2003 to 2006; (c) estimates from the 1975, 1985, and 1996 censuses; and (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2007 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) official estimates from 1964 to 2008; and (c) estimates from the 1963, 1975, 1985, and 1996 censuses.

International migration: Based on: (a) the number and characteristics of persons born in Uruguay and enumerated by the censuses of receiving countries in the Americas through 2000, and (b) estimates of net international migration derived as the differences between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1985-1996, the 1996-2004 and 2004-2011 intercensal periods.

\section*{Uzbekistan}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Uzbekistan

\(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 6314 & 11973 & 20555 & 24829 & 26044 & 27769 & 29710 & 31495 & 34147 & 36330 & 34209 & 30791 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 14 & 27 & 46 & 56 & 58 & 62 & 66 & 70 & 76 & 81 & 76 & 69 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 24.1 & 17.6 & 19.4 & 21.0 & 22.5 & 24.1 & 26.0 & 28.0 & 31.9 & 37.6 & 42.4 & 44.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 59.4 & 104.4 & 81.9 & 71.2 & 61.2 & 51.9 & 47.9 & 47.8 & 45.6 & 46.6 & 56.7 & 64.2 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 50.5 & 92.3 & 74.7 & 63.8 & 53.6 & 45.2 & 41.6 & 40.4 & 34.1 & 27.6 & 25.7 & 26.2 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 8.9 & 12.1 & 7.3 & 7.3 & 7.6 & 6.7 & 6.4 & 7.5 & 11.4 & 19.0 & 31.0 & 38.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
教 Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population.....................
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\) .

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman). \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\square\)
2.8
8.9
25
3.1
29.1
22
2.4
27.8
29
15.1
125
160
273
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
3.1 & 18.9 \\
22 & 44 \\
11.0 & 7.6 & 6.7 \\
95 & 65 & 55
\end{tabular}
1.4
14.9
52
1.2
13.0
60
0.7
8.1
101

7.5

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years) \\ \(\qquad\)}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\) 60 273 95
116
6.7
44
53
6.8
40
49
182
\[
\begin{array}{r}
14.5 \\
10
\end{array}
\]

Births minus deaths (thousands) ........................................

\section*{nternational migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{rrr}
168 & 66 \\
207 & 168 & 197
\end{tabular}
34
42
172

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Uzbekistan}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1989 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates of total fertility available through 2008, and (b) maternity-history data from the 1996 Uzbekistan DHS and 2002 Health Examination Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on maternal history data and/or data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 2000 and 2006 Uzbekistan MICS surveys, and the 2002 Uzbekistan Health Examination Survey. Estimates from the 1996 Uzbekistan DHS were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on official estimates of life expectancy available through 2008, adjusted for underregistration of deaths.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population change and natural increase through 2008.

\section*{Vanuatu}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Vanuatu

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 48 & 85 & 147 & 185 & 209 & 236 & 264 & 292 & 352 & 473 & 595 & 660 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 4 & 7 & 12 & 15 & 17 & 19 & 22 & 24 & 29 & 39 & 49 & 54 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 16.8 & 17.3 & 18.1 & 18.9 & 19.8 & 21.2 & 22.1 & 23.1 & 25.5 & 30.8 & 37.1 & 42.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 96.0 & 93.3 & 90.2 & 81.2 & 75.4 & 72.9 & 66.9 & 63.8 & 57.1 & 54.3 & 59.5 & 67.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 90.7 & 87.5 & 83.4 & 75.2 & 69.5 & 66.0 & 60.3 & 56.4 & 47.8 & 39.1 & 32.2 & 28.6 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.4 & 5.8 & 6.8 & 6.1 & 5.8 & 6.8 & 6.7 & 7.5 & 9.4 & 15.2 & 27.2 & 38.8 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)


Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years). \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females) \(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years). \(\qquad\)

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.8 & 2.8 & 2.4 & 1.9 & 2.5 & 2.4 & 2.2 & 2.1 & 1.8 & 1.3 & 0.7 & 0.3 \\
\hline 28.6 & 29.1 & 28.1 & 27.1 & 25.2 & 23.2 & 22.1 & 20.6 & 18.0 & 12.7 & 6.9 & 2.6 \\
\hline 25 & 25 & 29 & 37 & 28 & 29 & 32 & 34 & 39 & 55 & 100 & \\
\hline 22.4 & 14.5 & 8.6 & 6.8 & 5.7 & 5.1 & 4.8 & 4.6 & 4.5 & 5.1 & 6.7 & 8.7 \\
\hline 170 & 116 & 61 & 42 & 35 & 29 & 24 & 20 & 15 & 9 & 6 & \\
\hline 254 & 169 & 83 & 54 & 43 & 35 & 28 & 24 & 17 & 10 & 7 & \\
\hline 465 & 366 & 245 & 196 & 174 & 154 & 137 & 122 & 98 & 63 & 38 & 24 \\
\hline 41.9 & 50.9 & 61.9 & 66.4 & 68.4 & 70.0 & 71.5 & 72.8 & 75.1 & 79.3 & 83.5 & 86.6 \\
\hline 40.6 & 49.6 & 60.6 & 64.9 & 66.7 & 68.2 & 69.6 & 70.8 & 73.0 & 77.4 & 82.2 & 85.5 \\
\hline 43.4 & 52.5 & 63.6 & 68.2 & 70.3 & 72.1 & 73.6 & 75.0 & 77.3 & 81.0 & 84.7 & 87.8 \\
\hline 43.3 & 47.7 & 53.3 & 55.7 & 56.8 & 57.8 & 58.9 & 59.8 & 61.6 & 65.2 & 69.1 & 72.1 \\
\hline 10.5 & 11.5 & 12.7 & 13.2 & 13.6 & 13.9 & 14.3 & 14.8 & 15.8 & 18.1 & 21.0 & 23.4 \\
\hline 51.0 & 43.6 & 36.7 & 33.8 & 30.9 & 28.2 & 26.9 & 25.2 & 22.5 & 17.8 & 13.7 & 11.3 \\
\hline 7.60 & 6.46 & 5.04 & 4.59 & 4.11 & 3.63 & 3.41 & 3.22 & 2.90 & 2.44 & 2.07 & 1.91 \\
\hline 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 107 & 106 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 2.37 & 2.35 & 2.13 & 2.04 & 1.86 & 1.67 & 1.58 & 1.51 & 1.37 & 1.17 & 1.00 & 0.93 \\
\hline 29.1 & 29.3 & 29.4 & 29.5 & 29.4 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 29.3 & 29.3 \\
\hline 13 & 17 & 25 & 30 & 30 & 31 & 34 & 35 & 38 & 41 & 40 & 37 \\
\hline 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 8 & 12 & 20 & 29 \\
\hline 7 & 12 & 19 & 24 & 25 & 26 & 28 & 29 & 30 & 29 & 20 & \\
\hline 0 & -1 & -3 & - 7 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \\
\hline -0.4 & -1.3 & -4.1 & -8.0 & -0.5 & 1.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\author{
Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
}
nternational migration

Net migration rate (per 1,000)
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Vanuatu}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2009 census, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1999 and 2009 censuses.
Infant and child mortality: Based on data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1999 census.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) the estimated level of infant and child mortality; (b) tabulations of parental survivorship (orphanhood) by age of respondent from the 1999 census; and (c) by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the Far Eastern model of the United Nations Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on official data on international migration and estimates derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase through 2009.

\section*{Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 29043
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 32
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 29.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 64.9
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 5.6
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 1.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.55
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 22
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 73.8
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

VENEZUELA


Map Sources: ESRI, OCHA, UNCS
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 5094 & 10724 & 19741 & 24408 & 26726 & 29043 & 31293 & 33417 & 37172 & 42376 & 44414 & 42772 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 6 & 12 & 22 & 27 & 29 & 32 & 34 & 37 & 41 & 46 & 49 & 47 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.3 & 17.1 & 21.1 & 23.3 & 24.6 & 26.1 & 27.7 & 29.3 & 32.3 & 38.1 & 43.9 & 47.0 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 83.0 & 94.5 & 71.7 & 62.1 & 57.0 & 54.1 & 52.7 & 51.8 & 51.1 & 54.3 & 65.6 & 76.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 79.6 & 88.7 & 65.3 & 54.7 & 49.2 & 45.4 & 42.6 & 40.0 & 35.1 & 29.1 & 26.5 & 26.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 3.5 & 5.8 & 6.4 & 7.4 & 7.8 & 8.7 & 10.1 & 11.8 & 16.0 & 25.2 & 39.1 & 50.2 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

1950-1955 1965-1970 \(1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
4
\[
-0.2
\]

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).

Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
4.0
34.1
18
3.3
32.4
21

2.0
19.6
35
\(\square\) 1.7
16.3
42
1.5
14.7
47
1.3
12.9
53
1.0
9.6
71

Mean age childbearing (years)..................................................................................

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands). \(\qquad\)
12.3
106
148
\begin{tabular}{rrrrr}
7.7 & 5.0 & 4.9 & 5.0 & 5.1 \\
60 & 27 & 21 & 19 & 17 \\
84 & 34 & 26 & 24 & 22
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{rrrrrr}
5.3 & 5.5 & 6.2 & 8.0 & 10.4 & 12.1 \\
15 & 13 & 10 & 7 & 4 & 3 \\
19 & 17 & 13 & 8 & 6 & 4
\end{tabular}

Births minus deaths (thousands) ...............................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 ).
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1950, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991, 2001 and 2011 censuses, adjusted for underenumeration, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) registered births by age of mother through 2007 and underlying female population by age; (b) official estimates through 2008; (c) estimates from 1951, 1961, 1971, 1981, 19981, and 2001 censuses; and (d) estimates from the 1997 World Fertility Survey, the 1993 National Social Survey and the 1998 Population and Family Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) registered births and infant and child deaths through 2007, adjusted for underregistration; (b) estimates from the 1981, 1991, 2001, and 2011 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1977 World Fertility Survey; (d) estimates from the 1998 National Population and Family Survey; and (e) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012.
Life expectancy at birth: Based on: (a) registered deaths by age and sex through 2007 and underlying population by age and sex; (b) official estimates from 1974, 1975, 1985, 2000-2002 and 2007; (c) estimates from the 1950, 1961, 1971, 1981, 1991 and 2001 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1977 World Fertility Survey; and (d) estimates from the 1998 Population and Family Survey.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during each intercensal period and on foreign-born statistics for the 1990, 2000 and 2010 census rounds.

\section*{Viet Nam}
Total population (thousands) ..... 89047
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 268
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 23.5
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 20.1
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 70.0
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 6.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 0.9
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 1.89
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 23
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 75.1
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

VIET NAM


Map Sources: ESRI, OCHA, UNCS
boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Viet Nam

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) & 24949 & 43783 & 68910 & 80888 & 84948 & 89047 & 93387 & 97057 & 101830 & 103697 & 92991 & 80122 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 75 & 132 & 208 & 244 & 256 & 268 & 282 & 293 & 307 & 313 & 280 & 242 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 24.5 & 18.1 & 21.0 & 24.2 & 26.4 & 28.5 & 30.7 & 33.2 & 38.4 & 45.6 & 49.9 & 49.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 56.5 & 97.1 & 75.8 & 61.3 & 50.8 & 42.9 & 41.3 & 41.9 & 43.9 & 60.2 & 80.9 & 84.8 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 49.9 & 86.5 & 65.8 & 50.9 & 40.9 & 33.6 & 31.7 & 30.3 & 25.3 & 23.3 & 24.8 & 26.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 6.5 & 10.6 & 10.0 & 10.4 & 9.9 & 9.4 & 9.6 & 11.6 & 18.6 & 36.9 & 56.0 & 58.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population. \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population \(\qquad\)
Total fertility (children per woman).. \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
25
2.5
2.8
2.2

2005-2000 2000-200
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 14.6 & 10.1 & 6.6 & 5.5 & 5.4 & 5.5 \\
\hline 104 & 57 & 37 & 27 & 20 & 16 \\
\hline 158 & 86 & 51 & 33 & 25 & 23 \\
\hline 293 & 217 & 157 & 141 & 137 & 135 \\
\hline 53.5 & 62.4 & 69.8 & 73.1 & 74.4 & 75.1 \\
\hline 50.8 & 57.9 & 65.3 & 68.3 & 69.6 & 70.2 \\
\hline 56.5 & 67.1 & 74.2 & 77.7 & 79.1 & 79.9 \\
\hline 51.3 & 55.2 & 59.6 & 61.1 & 61.7 & 62.2 \\
\hline 12.1 & 13.7 & 16.3 & 17.4 & 17.8 & 18.2 \\
\hline 40.0 & 37.5 & 29.8 & 18.7 & 17.1 & 17.0 \\
\hline 5.40 & 6.46 & 3.85 & 2.18 & 1.93 & 1.89 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 106 & 107 & 110 \\
\hline 2.04 & 2.74 & 1.74 & 1.01 & 0.90 & 0.87 \\
\hline 31.8 & 31.8 & 29.5 & 27.7 & 27.3 & 27.1 \\
\hline 5325 & 7675 & 9735 & 7351 & 7068 & 7386 \\
\hline 1942 & 2058 & 2151 & 2160 & 2236 & 2408 \\
\hline 3383 & 5616 & 7584 & 5191 & 4832 & 4977 \\
\hline 0 & 0 & -332 & - 323 & - 772 & -878 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mean age chil
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\) 325

Births minus deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands)..........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
0.0

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
}
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Viet Nam}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1979, 1989, 1999 and 2009 census and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from the (a) the reverse survival method applied to the 1979 census ; (b) the own-children method applied to the 1989, 1999 and 2009 censuses, 2003 WHS, 2006 MICS3 and 2011 MICS4 surveys ; (b) maternity-history data from the 1988, 1997, and 2002 Demographic and Health Surveys ; (c) births in the preceding 12 months classified by age of mother from the 1979, 1999 and 2009 censuses, 1994 Intercensal Demographic Survey, 2000-2010 Population Change and Family Planning Surveys, 2006 MICS3 and 2011 MICS4 ; (d) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these sources, and; (e) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data from Vital Registration for 2005-2011, (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1988 Demographic and Health Survey, 1994 Intercensal Demographic Survey, 1997 and 2002 Demographic and Reproductive Health Surveys, and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from the 1989, 1999 and 2009 censuses, 2000 and 2006 MICS. Data from the 1962 and 1967 Saigon surveys, as well as the 2006-2011 Population Change and Family Planning Surveys were also considered.

Life expectancy at birth: Based on life tables derived from age and sex-specific mortality rates from: (a) direct and indirect estimates based on parental orphanhood and siblings survival from the 1991 Vietnam Life History Survey (Hirschman, Charles, Tuong Lai, and Pham Bich San. Vietnam Life History Survey, 1991. ICPSR31101-v1. Ann Arbor, MI: Inter-university Consortium for Political and Social Research [distributor], 2011-08-10. doi:10.3886/ICPSR31101.v1), and 1995-1998 Vietnam Longitudinal Survey (Hirschman, Charles, Tuong Lai, and Pham Bich San. Vietnam Longitudinal Survey, 1995-98. Center for Studies in Demography and Ecology, University of Washington and Institute of Sociology, Vietnam (distributor) ; (b) recent household deaths data from the 1979, 1989, 1990 and 2009 censuses (unadjusted and adjusted for underregistration using the growth-balance and synthetic-extinct generation methods), as well as from the 2007 Population Change and Family Planning survey ; (c) 1979-1989 intercensal survival estimates adjusted for outflows of refugees and differential completeness of census enumeration (Merli, M.G. 1998. "Mortality in Vietnam, 1979-1989." Demography 35(3):345-360) ; (d) annual deaths for 2009 from the Viet Nam national sample mortality surveillance programme adjusted for infant and child mortality, and for adult death completeness according to capture-recapture survey (Hoa, N.P., C. Rao, D.G. Hoy, N.D. Hinh, N.T. Chuc, and D.A. Ngo. 2012. "Mortality measures from sample-based surveillance: evidence of the epidemiological transition in Viet Nam." Bull World Health Organ 90(10):764-772. doi:10.2471/BLT.11.100750). Mortality rates for age 65 and over were smoothed and extrapolated by fitting a Logistic function for ages \(50-75\) with a constraint to insure male mortality rates equal or greater to female mortality. For 1950-1970, due to the lack of adult mortality information and life tables for this period, life tables were derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the average experienced of the North and West models of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and converges over time toward 1980s life tables. For 1965-1975, excess mortality due to the war was factored in the overall mortality levels based on direct and indirect adult mortality estimates derived from parental orphanhood and siblings survival from the 1991 VHS (Hirschman, C., S. Preston, and V.M. Loi. 1995. "Vietnamese Casualties During the American War: A New Estimate." Population and Development Review 21(4):783-812) and 1995-1998 VLS (Merli, M.G. 2000. "Socioeconomic Background and War Mortality during Vietnam's Wars." Demography 37(1):1-15), as well as from the PRIO Battle Deaths Dataset version 3.0, Released October 2009 (Lacina and Gleditsch, 2005."Monitoring Trends in Global Combat: A New Dataset of Battle Deaths", European Journal of Population 21(2-3): 145-166 and Clodfelter, Michael, 2002. Warfare and Armed Conflicts: A Statistical Reference to Casualty and Other Figures, 1500-2000. 2nd edition. Jefferson, NC: McFarland).
International migration: Based on (a) refugees resettled in the major countries of immigration; (b) refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR; (c) the number of immigrants from Viet Nam to developed countries; (d) NSO estimates; (e) estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

\section*{Western Sahara}
Total population (thousands) ..... 515
Population density (persons per square km) ..... 2
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 27.4
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 18.3
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 70.1
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.5
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 3.7
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 2.57
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ..... 56
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 66.0
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.

\section*{Western Sahara}


Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Sep 2013.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

Western Sahara

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 14 & 77 & 217 & 306 & 428 & 515 & 604 & 694 & 771 & 844 & 827 & 783 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 & 3 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.7 & 20.2 & 21.2 & 23.0 & 25.0 & 27.2 & 29.1 & 30.9 & 34.7 & 38.8 & 42.4 & 44.2 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 83.0 & 74.4 & 70.4 & 56.5 & 48.6 & 42.6 & 40.8 & 40.2 & 41.3 & 51.1 & 55.6 & 66.4 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 77.8 & 70.2 & 65.8 & 52.5 & 45.0 & 39.1 & 36.8 & 34.9 & 31.2 & 26.9 & 25.7 & 26.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 5.1 & 4.2 & 4.6 & 4.0 & 3.5 & 3.5 & 4.0 & 5.3 & 10.1 & 24.2 & 29.9 & 39.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
1950-1

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 populatio \(\qquad\)
Infant mortality rate ( 1 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality (45q15) per 1,000 (e).
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
8.6
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 8.6 & 8.2 & 3.5 & 3.8 & 6.7 & 3.7 & 3.2 & 2.8 & 0.9 & 0.2 & -0.2 & -0.3 \\
\hline 20.4 & 27.4 & 23.8 & 18.4 & 17.5 & 16.7 & 15.1 & 13.0 & 7.9 & 1.2 & -2.5 & -2.9 \\
\hline 8 & 9 & 20 & 19 & 11 & 19 & 22 & 25 & 76 & - & - & - \\
\hline 27.9 & 22.6 & 11.0 & 7.6 & 6.5 & 5.9 & 5.6 & 5.6 & 6.7 & 11.0 & 13.4 & 13.4 \\
\hline 217 & 174 & 88 & 64 & 53 & 44 & 37 & 32 & 26 & 18 & 12 & 8 \\
\hline 323 & 260 & 125 & 88 & 70 & 56 & 46 & 39 & 31 & 21 & 14 & 10 \\
\hline 543 & 478 & 309 & 253 & 225 & 203 & 184 & 168 & 146 & 114 & 83 & 58 \\
\hline 35.5 & 41.2 & 56.2 & 61.3 & 63.9 & 66.0 & 67.6 & 68.9 & 70.8 & 73.6 & 76.7 & 79.9 \\
\hline 34.0 & 39.9 & 54.8 & 59.8 & 62.3 & 64.3 & 65.9 & 67.1 & 68.9 & 71.5 & 74.7 & 78.6 \\
\hline 37.1 & 43.0 & 58.1 & 63.1 & 65.8 & 68.1 & 69.8 & 71.1 & 73.1 & 75.9 & 78.8 & 81.3 \\
\hline 39.8 & 42.8 & 50.4 & 53.0 & 54.3 & 55.4 & 56.3 & 57.1 & 58.3 & 60.4 & 63.0 & 65.8 \\
\hline 9.6 & 10.4 & 12.0 & 12.7 & 13.0 & 13.2 & 13.4 & 13.7 & 14.1 & 15.1 & 16.6 & 18.6 \\
\hline 48.3 & 50.0 & 34.8 & 25.9 & 24.1 & 22.6 & 20.7 & 18.6 & 14.5 & 12.2 & 10.9 & 10.5 \\
\hline 6.34 & 6.60 & 4.54 & 3.18 & 2.81 & 2.57 & 2.38 & 2.22 & 1.98 & 1.76 & 1.77 & 1.82 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 & 103 \\
\hline 1.76 & 2.08 & 1.82 & 1.36 & 1.24 & 1.16 & 1.09 & 1.03 & 0.93 & 0.84 & 0.85 & 0.88 \\
\hline 29.2 & 29.2 & 30.2 & 30.4 & 30.6 & 30.7 & 30.9 & 31.0 & 31.2 & 31.5 & 31.7 & 31.9 \\
\hline 4 & 16 & 35 & 36 & 44 & 53 & 58 & 61 & 55 & 51 & 45 & 42 \\
\hline 2 & 7 & 11 & 11 & 12 & 14 & 16 & 18 & 25 & 46 & 56 & 53 \\
\hline 2 & 9 & 24 & 26 & 32 & 39 & 42 & 42 & 30 & 5 & -10 & -11 \\
\hline 6 & 17 & 11 & 27 & 90 & 48 & 48 & 48 & 5 & 5 & 3 & 0 \\
\hline 64.2 & 53.7 & 10.7 & 19.1 & 49.1 & 20.2 & 17.0 & 14.6 & 1.3 & 1.2 & 0.6 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Western Sahara}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the coverage of the territory of Western Sahara by the 1982, 1994 and 2004 censuses of Morocco and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official age-specific fertility estimates for several sub-regions of Western Sahara, as reported in the 2004 Census of Morocco; (b) data on births during the past 12 months, classified by age of mother, for the regions of Oued-Ed-Dahab-Lagouira and Laayoune-Boujdour-Sakia El Hamra from the 1982, 1994 and 2004 censuses; and (c) own-children estimates for the regions of Oued-Ed-Dahab-Lagouira and Laayoune-Boujdour-Sakia El Hamra from the 1982, 1994 and 2004 censuses.

Infant and child mortality: In the absence of statistics indicative of mortality in childhood, infant mortality was assumed to have levels and follow trends similar to those estimated for neighbouring countries with similar socio-economic conditions as those of Western Sahara.

Life expectancy at birth: In the absence of statistics indicative of mortality levels and trends, life expectancy was assumed to have levels similar to those estimated for neighbouring countries with similar socio-economic conditions as those of Western Sahara. The age pattern of mortality was assumed to conform to the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables.

International migration: Based on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during the 1994-2004 intercensal period. Data on refugee flows compiled by UNHCR were also taken into account.

\section*{Yemen}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Yemen}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................ & 4661 & 6097 & 11790 & 17523 & 20140 & 22763 & 25535 & 28423 & 33991 & 42497 & 45508 & 42181 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km )............ & 9 & 12 & 22 & 33 & 38 & 43 & 48 & 54 & 64 & 80 & 86 & 80 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 18.9 & 18.3 & 14.2 & 15.6 & 16.8 & 18.2 & 19.7 & 21.1 & 24.0 & 30.8 & 38.4 & 42.5 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 86.0 & 90.0 & 120.8 & 106.1 & 93.5 & 80.8 & 72.6 & 66.2 & 56.1 & 42.8 & 45.7 & 54.6 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 78.7 & 84.2 & 115.0 & 100.1 & 88.4 & 75.8 & 67.5 & 61.0 & 50.5 & 33.8 & 26.0 & 24.9 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 7.3 & 5.9 & 5.8 & 6.0 & 5.1 & 4.9 & 5.1 & 5.2 & 5.6 & 9.0 & 19.6 & 29.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) .......
1950-1955 1965-1970 1985-1990 1995-2000 2000-2005 2005-2010 2010-2015 2015-2020 2025-2030 2045-2050 2070-2075 2095-2100

Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d) \(\qquad\)
Mortality

Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e). \(\qquad\)
Lie expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..


Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\) ........... \(\qquad\)

\section*{Mean age childbearing (years) \\ \(\qquad\)}

\section*{Births and deaths}

Number of births (thousands) ...................................
Number of deaths (thousands) \(\qquad\)

\section*{International migration}

Net number of migrants (thousands).........................
Net migration rate (per 1,000 )
0.5
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 0.5 & 1.8 & 4.0 & 3.1 & 2.8 & 2.5 & 2.3 & 2.1 & 1.7 & 0.8 & -0.1 & -0.4 \\
\hline 7.5 & 26.3 & 40.8 & 32.0 & 28.9 & 25.7 & 24.1 & 22.2 & 17.2 & 8.7 & -0.3 & -4.3 \\
\hline 129 & 39 & 18 & 23 & 25 & 29 & 31 & 33 & 42 & 84 & - & - \\
\hline 41.2 & 26.5 & 12.4 & 9.9 & 8.7 & 7.8 & 7.3 & 6.9 & 6.6 & 7.6 & 12.0 & 14.8 \\
\hline 350 & 213 & 95 & 75 & 68 & 61 & 56 & 52 & 44 & 32 & 21 & 14 \\
\hline 500 & 317 & 137 & 105 & 94 & 83 & 76 & 70 & 60 & 43 & 27 & 18 \\
\hline 587 & 445 & 280 & 259 & 250 & 243 & 232 & 223 & 208 & 182 & 152 & 122 \\
\hline 25.3 & 39.1 & 56.8 & 59.8 & 61.0 & 62.0 & 63.0 & 63.9 & 65.4 & 68.0 & 70.8 & 73.4 \\
\hline 24.4 & 37.9 & 55.2 & 58.5 & 59.7 & 60.8 & 61.7 & 62.5 & 64.0 & 66.4 & 69.1 & 71.6 \\
\hline 26.3 & 40.4 & 58.2 & 61.3 & 62.4 & 63.4 & 64.4 & 65.3 & 66.9 & 69.6 & 72.6 & 75.3 \\
\hline 37.9 & 44.2 & 51.8 & 52.7 & 53.1 & 53.5 & 54.0 & 54.4 & 55.2 & 56.4 & 58.1 & 60.0 \\
\hline 9.1 & 10.7 & 12.4 & 12.6 & 12.7 & 12.8 & 12.9 & 13.0 & 13.2 & 13.5 & 14.1 & 15.0 \\
\hline 48.7 & 52.8 & 53.2 & 41.9 & 37.5 & 33.5 & 31.4 & 29.1 & 23.8 & 16.3 & 11.7 & 10.5 \\
\hline 7.27 & 7.52 & 8.93 & 6.87 & 5.91 & 4.91 & 4.15 & 3.57 & 2.82 & 2.03 & 1.69 & 1.74 \\
\hline 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 & 105 \\
\hline 1.38 & 2.14 & 3.51 & 2.84 & 2.47 & 2.08 & 1.78 & 1.55 & 1.25 & 0.92 & 0.79 & 0.82 \\
\hline 31.4 & 31.2 & 31.0 & 30.1 & 30.4 & 30.8 & 30.6 & 30.5 & 30.2 & 29.7 & 29.0 & 28.3 \\
\hline 1151 & 1541 & 2853 & 3412 & 3534 & 3594 & 3786 & 3924 & 3889 & 3396 & 2675 & 2240 \\
\hline 973 & 773 & 664 & 807 & 817 & 836 & 878 & 935 & 1078 & 1580 & 2733 & 3161 \\
\hline 177 & 768 & 2189 & 2604 & 2717 & 2758 & 2907 & 2988 & 2812 & 1816 & -59 & -921 \\
\hline - 50 & - 246 & - 50 & - 100 & - 100 & - 135 & -135 & - 100 & - 100 & - 100 & - 50 & 0 \\
\hline -2.1 & -8.4 & -0.9 & -1.2 & -1.1 & -1.3 & -1.1 & -0.7 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.2 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64) The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.
}

\section*{Yemen}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 1994 and 2004 censuses, official estimates for 2009, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.
Total fertility: Based on adjusted age-specific fertility rates from: (a) maternity-history data from the 1979 WFS, 1991-1992 Demographic Maternal and Child Health Survey, 1997 DHS, and 2003 Family Health Survey ;(b) the own-children method applied to the 2006 MICS3 survey ; (c) data on children ever born and recent births, both classified by age of mother, from these surveys, as well as from 1986-1988, 1994 and 2004 censuses, 2006 MICS3; (d) cohort-completed fertility from these surveys and censuses.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) recent household deaths from the 2004 census; (b) data on births and deaths under-five calculated from maternity-history data from the 1991-1992 Demographic Maternal and Child Health Survey, 1997 DHS, 2003 Family Health Survey, and 2006 MICS3; and (c) data on children ever-born and surviving classified by age of mother (and the using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables) from these surveys, as well as from the 1979 WFS, 1994 and 2004 censuses.

Life expectancy at birth: Estimated using the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables and three parameters: (1-2) direct and indirect estimates of infant and child mortality, and (3) estimates of adult mortality (45q15) implied by the relationship between child mortality and adult mortality based on the South model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables in 1950-1955 and assumed to converge over time toward the West model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables by the 1980s. Indirect estimates of adult mortality based on widowhood data from the 1979 WFS, as well as parental orphanhood from this survey and the 2004 census were also considered.
International migration: Based on estimates of the number of Yemeni migrants who returned to Yemen during the aftermath of the Gulf War and refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR, and on estimates of net international migration derived as the difference between overall population growth and natural increase during intercensal periods.

\section*{Zambia}2010
Total population (thousands) ..... 13217
Population density (persons per square km ) ..... 18
Percentage of population under age 15 ..... 46.9
Percentage of population age 15-24 ..... 19.7
Percentage of population age 15-64 ..... 50.4
Percentage of population aged 65+ ..... 2.7
2005-2010
Annual rate of population change (percentage) ..... 2.8
Total fertility (children per woman) ..... 5.90
Under-five mortality ( \(5 q 0\) ) per 1,000 live births ..... 122
Life expectancy at birth (years) ..... 50.9
Note: data presented for the projection period 2010-2100 refer to the medium fertility variant.


Map Sources: ESRI, OCHA, UNCS.
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Map created in Dec 2011.

\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Zambia}


Zambia
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 2372 & 4191 & 7845 & 10101 & 11470 & 13217 & 15520 & 18252 & 24957 & 44206 & 79366 & 124302 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 3 & 6 & 10 & 13 & 15 & 18 & 21 & 24 & 33 & 59 & 105 & 165 \\
\hline Median age (years)............................................. & 17.4 & 16.8 & 16.9 & 16.9 & 16.5 & 16.5 & 16.7 & 17.0 & 17.9 & 20.1 & 23.7 & 27.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 91.7 & 96.2 & 94.9 & 94.1 & 97.8 & 98.3 & 95.7 & 92.5 & 86.0 & 77.1 & 66.2 & 61.7 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 86.5 & 91.0 & 89.5 & 88.8 & 92.4 & 93.0 & 90.6 & 87.8 & 81.5 & 70.0 & 56.3 & 46.8 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)............................... & 5.3 & 5.2 & 5.4 & 5.3 & 5.4 & 5.3 & 5.1 & 4.7 & 4.6 & 7.1 & 9.9 & 14.9 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage) ........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
\(1950-1955 \quad 1965-1970 \quad 1985-1990 \quad 1995-2000 \quad 2000-2005 \quad 2005-2010 \quad 2010-2015 \quad 2015-2020 \quad 2025-2030 \quad 2045-2050 \quad 2070-2075 \quad 2095-2100\)

Population doubling time (years) (d)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 2.5 & 3.2 & 2.8 & 2.7 & 2.5 & 2.8 & 3.2 & 3.2 & 3.1 & 2.7 & 2.1 & 1.6 \\
\hline 24.9 & 31.6 & 26.6 & 24.8 & 26.9 & 29.7 & 32.6 & 32.8 & 31.2 & 27.2 & 21.2 & 15.9 \\
\hline 28 & 22 & 26 & 26 & 28 & 25 & 22 & 22 & 23 & 26 & 33 & 44 \\
\hline 21.8 & 17.7 & 17.5 & 20.7 & 18.0 & 13.7 & 10.4 & 8.5 & 6.7 & 5.2 & 4.9 & 5.5 \\
\hline 148 & 118 & 111 & 111 & 93 & 78 & 66 & 56 & 44 & 29 & 19 & 14 \\
\hline 251 & 198 & 177 & 175 & 144 & 122 & 102 & 85 & 64 & 38 & 25 & 18 \\
\hline 431 & 371 & 491 & 649 & 618 & 454 & 306 & 259 & 219 & 162 & 119 & 91 \\
\hline 42.1 & 47.8 & 46.0 & 40.9 & 43.9 & 50.9 & 57.7 & 61.3 & 65.1 & 70.4 & 74.7 & 77.8 \\
\hline 40.6 & 46.3 & 44.8 & 40.7 & 43.5 & 50.3 & 55.9 & 59.2 & 62.9 & 68.1 & 72.4 & 75.6 \\
\hline 43.6 & 49.4 & 47.3 & 41.2 & 44.3 & 51.6 & 59.5 & 63.5 & 67.4 & 72.7 & 76.9 & 80.0 \\
\hline 44.6 & 47.5 & 43.1 & 36.8 & 38.4 & 45.2 & 51.2 & 53.4 & 55.4 & 58.7 & 61.9 & 64.5 \\
\hline 10.9 & 11.9 & 12.2 & 12.1 & 12.7 & 13.3 & 13.6 & 14.0 & 14.5 & 15.6 & 17.2 & 18.8 \\
\hline 46.7 & 49.3 & 44.1 & 45.6 & 44.9 & 43.4 & 43.0 & 41.4 & 37.9 & 32.3 & 26.2 & 21.4 \\
\hline 6.75 & 7.40 & 6.66 & 6.15 & 6.00 & 5.90 & 5.71 & 5.47 & 4.92 & 4.02 & 3.27 & 2.80 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 \\
\hline 2.08 & 2.54 & 2.29 & 2.03 & 2.11 & 2.23 & 2.34 & 2.34 & 2.20 & 1.88 & 1.56 & 1.35 \\
\hline 30.8 & 30.8 & 30.8 & 29.2 & 29.0 & 29.3 & 28.5 & 28.3 & 28.0 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 590 & 958 & 1619 & 2157 & 2423 & 2678 & 3091 & 3492 & 4385 & 6695 & 9857 & 12783 \\
\hline 275 & 344 & 641 & 981 & 972 & 846 & 748 & 720 & 777 & 1073 & 1861 & 3289 \\
\hline 315 & 615 & 978 & 1176 & 1451 & 1832 & 2343 & 2773 & 3609 & 5622 & 7997 & 9494 \\
\hline 0 & -4 & 29 & 83 & - 82 & - 85 & -40 & -40 & - 40 & -40 & -20 & 0 \\
\hline 0.0 & -0.2 & 0.8 & 1.8 & -1.5 & -1.4 & -0.6 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.2 & -0.1 & 0.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).......................
Life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at bith \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 15 (years) \(\qquad\)
tility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population.......................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
Mean age childbearing (years)..................................................................................
Births and deaths
Number of births (thousands) ..................................
Number of death (thousads) \(\qquad\)
Births minus deaths (thousands) .........................................
International migration
Net number of migrants (thousands)......................... \(0 . \quad-4\)
\(29-83\)
Net migration rate (per 1,000)

\footnotetext{
a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) and that aged \(65+\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
}
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( \(15-64\) ).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Zambia}

Total population (2011): Estimated to be consistent with the 2010 census, with official population estimates for 2008, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) official estimates from the 1969, 1980, 1990 and 2000 censuses, and (b) maternity-history data from the 1992, 1996, 2001-2002 and 2007 Zambia DHS.
Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) data on children ever born and surviving classified by age of mother from the 1969, 1974, 1980, 1990 and 2000 censuses; (b) maternity- history data from the 1992, 1996, 2001-2002 and 2007 Zambia DHS; and (c) estimates from UNICEF as publisehd in 2012. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.
Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality of UNICEF as published in 2012, and the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on refugee statistics compiled by UNHCR and on data on Zambians migrating to selected developed countries.

\section*{Zimbabwe}


\section*{Population by age groups and sex (absolute numbers)}


The dotted line indicates the excess male or female population in certain age groups. The data are in thousands or millions.

\section*{Zimbabwe}


Zimbabwe
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline & 1950 & 1970 & 1990 & 2000 & 2005 & 2010 & 2015 & 2020 & 2030 & 2050 & 2075 & 2100 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Total Population} \\
\hline Total population (thousands) ................................. & 2747 & 5206 & 10462 & 12504 & 12711 & 13077 & 15046 & 17118 & 20292 & 26254 & 31159 & 32608 \\
\hline Population density (persons per square km) ............ & 7 & 13 & 27 & 32 & 33 & 33 & 39 & 44 & 52 & 67 & 80 & 83 \\
\hline Median age (years).............................................. & 19.0 & 15.9 & 16.8 & 18.1 & 18.3 & 18.5 & 20.1 & 21.4 & 23.5 & 29.5 & 37.0 & 42.8 \\
\hline \multicolumn{13}{|l|}{Dependency ratios (per 100)} \\
\hline Total dependency ratio (a) .................................... & 82.5 & 105.4 & 96.4 & 83.6 & 82.4 & 82.5 & 73.5 & 69.2 & 59.1 & 48.8 & 53.5 & 64.5 \\
\hline Child dependency ratio (b)................................... & 76.6 & 98.8 & 90.5 & 77.4 & 75.7 & 75.3 & 66.9 & 62.5 & 53.1 & 38.4 & 30.0 & 27.3 \\
\hline Old-age dependency ratio (c)................................ & 5.9 & 6.6 & 5.9 & 6.2 & 6.7 & 7.3 & 6.7 & 6.7 & 6.0 & 10.4 & 23.5 & 37.1 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\section*{Rates of population change}

Annual rate of population change (percentage)........
Rate of natural increase (per 1,000 population)........
Population doubling time (years) (d)
-

Mortality
Crude death rate per 1,000 population......................
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births .......
Under-five mortality ( 5 q 0 ) per 1,000 live births ......
Adult mortality ( 45 q 15 ) per 1,000 (e).
Life expectancy at birth (years)
(........ \(\qquad\)
Male life expectancy at birth (years) \(\qquad\)
Female life expectancy at birth (yea \(\qquad\)
Life expectancy at age 65 (years) \(\qquad\)
Fertility
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population........................
Total fertility (children per woman)..

\(\qquad\)
Net reproduction rate (f) \(\qquad\)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline 3.1 & 3.3 & 3.3 & 1.4 & 0.3 & 0.6 & 2.8 & 2.6 & 1.6 & 1.1 & 0.4 & 0.1 \\
\hline 30.9 & 33.7 & 30.7 & 17.6 & 14.4 & 18.1 & 22.3 & 21.4 & 16.3 & 11.6 & 4.5 & 0.5 \\
\hline 23 & 22 & 21 & 49 & - & 122 & 25 & 27 & 44 & 62 & - & \\
\hline 17.4 & 13.8 & 8.8 & 15.2 & 17.6 & 14.5 & 9.0 & 8.1 & 7.4 & 6.5 & 8.7 & 10.5 \\
\hline 115 & 90 & 60 & 71 & 67 & 53 & 37 & 33 & 28 & 19 & 13 & 10 \\
\hline 191 & 145 & 87 & 100 & 97 & 76 & 53 & 46 & 36 & 25 & 17 & \\
\hline 364 & 311 & 268 & 605 & 701 & 631 & 369 & 339 & 310 & 200 & 126 & 8 \\
\hline 48.5 & 54.1 & 60.9 & 47.0 & 43.1 & 47.3 & 59.8 & 62.5 & 65.1 & 71.0 & 76.8 & 80.8 \\
\hline 47.0 & 52.5 & 59.0 & 46.5 & 43.4 & 47.8 & 58.8 & 61.3 & 63.9 & 69.3 & 74.7 & 78.6 \\
\hline 50.1 & 55.8 & 62.9 & 47.4 & 42.7 & 46.7 & 60.8 & 63.6 & 66.3 & 72.8 & 79.0 & 83.0 \\
\hline 47.8 & 50.4 & 52.9 & 38.0 & 34.0 & 37.8 & 49.8 & 51.5 & 53.1 & 58.2 & 63.4 & 67.1 \\
\hline 12.0 & 12.7 & 14.1 & 14.6 & 14.6 & 14.9 & 15.2 & 15.3 & 15.8 & 16.9 & 19.3 & 21.3 \\
\hline 48.3 & 47.5 & 39.5 & 32.8 & 31.9 & 32.6 & 31.3 & 29.5 & 23.7 & 18.1 & 13.2 & 11.0 \\
\hline 6.80 & 7.40 & 5.66 & 4.20 & 4.01 & 3.90 & 3.51 & 3.20 & 2.74 & 2.17 & 1.87 & 1.83 \\
\hline 103 & 103 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 & 102 \\
\hline 2.38 & 2.83 & 2.38 & 1.53 & 1.40 & 1.47 & 1.50 & 1.42 & 1.25 & 1.02 & 0.90 & 0.89 \\
\hline 29.6 & 29.6 & 29.7 & 28.6 & 28.9 & 28.7 & 28.6 & 28.4 & 28.0 & 27.3 & 27.3 & 27.3 \\
\hline 719 & 1143 & 1908 & 1981 & 2013 & 2104 & 2202 & 2371 & 2317 & 2313 & 2031 & 1797 \\
\hline 259 & 331 & 427 & 917 & 1106 & 937 & 633 & 649 & 723 & 829 & 1341 & 1713 \\
\hline 460 & 812 & 1481 & 1064 & 907 & 1166 & 1569 & 1722 & 1594 & 1484 & 690 & 8 \\
\hline -3 & -28 & 121 & - 200 & - 700 & - 800 & 400 & 350 & - 50 & -50 & -25 & \\
\hline -0.2 & -1.2 & 2.5 & -3.3 & -11.1 & -12.4 & 5.7 & 4.4 & -0.5 & -0.4 & -0.2 & 0. \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged \(0-14\) to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
 only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
 if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

\section*{Zimbabwe}

Total population (2012): Estimated to be consistent with the 1982, 1992, 2002 and 2012 censuses, adjusted for undercounts, and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

Total fertility: Based on: (a) estimates from 1988, 1994, 1999, 2005-06, and 2010-11 DHS; (b) estimates from the 1969, 1982, and 2002 censuses; and (c) estimates from the 1984 National Reproductive Health Survey.

Infant and child mortality: Based on: (a) estimates from the 1988, 1994, 1999, 2005-06, and 2010-11 DHS; (b) estimates from the 1969, 1982, and 2002 censuses; (c) estimates from the 1984 National Reproductive Health Survey; (d) estimates from UNICEF as published in September 2012; and (e) demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

Life expectancy at birth: Derived from estimates of infant and child mortality by assuming that the age pattern of mortality conforms to the North model of the Coale-Demeny Model Life Tables. The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates.

International migration: Based on data on Zimbabweans migrating to selected countries.```


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Including Agalega, Rodrigues, and Saint Brandon.
    ${ }^{2}$ Including Ascension, and Tristan da Cunha.
    ${ }^{3}$ Including Zanzibar.

[^1]:    ${ }^{4}$ The regions Southern Asia and Central Asia are combined into South-Central Asia.
    ${ }^{5}$ For statistical purposes, the data for China do not include Hong Kong and Macao, Special Administrative Regions (SAR) of China, and Taiwan, Province of China.
    ${ }^{6}$ As of 1 July 1997, Hong Kong became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.
    ${ }^{7}$ Including Nagorno-Karabakh.
    ${ }^{8}$ As of 20 December 1999, Macao became a Special Administrative Region (SAR) of China.
    ${ }^{9}$ Including Northern Cyprus.
    ${ }^{10}$ Including Abkhazia and South Ossetia.
    ${ }^{11}$ Including Sabah and Sarawak.
    ${ }^{12}$ Including East Jerusalem.

[^2]:    ${ }^{13}$ Refers to Guernsey, and Jersey.
    ${ }^{14}$ Including Åland Islands.
    ${ }^{15}$ Including Transnistria.
    ${ }^{16}$ Refers to the Vatican City State.
    ${ }^{17}$ Including Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands.
    ${ }^{18}$ Including Kosovo.
    ${ }^{19}$ Also referred to as United Kingdom.
    ${ }^{20}$ Including Canary Islands, Ceuta and Melilla.
    ${ }^{21}$ Also referred to as TFYR Macedonia.

[^3]:    ${ }^{22}$ Refers to Bonaire, Saba and Sint Eustatius.
    ${ }^{23}$ Including Saint-Barthélemy and Saint-Martin (French part).

[^4]:    ${ }_{25}^{24}$ Including Pitcairn.
    ${ }^{25}$ Including Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Norfolk Island.

[^5]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
    $\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
     for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^6]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    $\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^7]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
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[^8]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
    $\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^9]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of wor
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
     were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^10]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^11]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    $\mathrm{b} \quad$ The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^12]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ )

[^13]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ) b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
     only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^14]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^15]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)

[^16]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
     only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
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     if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

[^17]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)

[^18]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)

[^19]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
     only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^20]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ )

[^21]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ )

[^22]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)

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    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
     only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

[^24]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64). b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged $15-64$. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
     only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 ).
     if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period

[^25]:    The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ and that aged $65+$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ )

[^26]:    a The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-14 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64)
    b The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged $0-14$ to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (15-64).
    c The old-age dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 65 years or over to the population aged 15-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age ( $15-64$ ).
     only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.
    e Adult mortality is expressed as deaths under age 60 per 1,000 alive at age 15 and represents the probability of dying between age 15 and age 60 ( 45 q 15 )
     if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates and the mortality rates of a given period.

