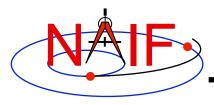


Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

Motivation for Developing SPICE

April 2016



Why Did NAIF Build SPICE?

Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

Scientists said they would like to:

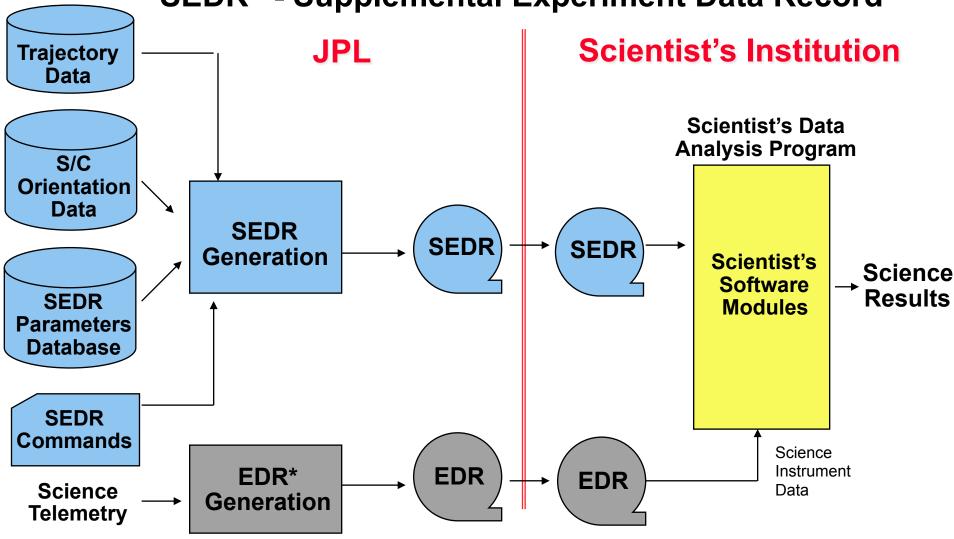
- use common tools and methods throughout a project's lifecycle, and for all projects (national and international)
- understand the calculations and transformations used to produce observation geometry data
- be able to produce custom geometry calculations themselves, whenever and however they want
- have the ability to revise the fundamental data and software tools used to produce their own observation geometry data



What Existed Prior to SPICE?

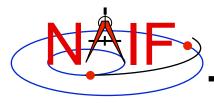
Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility

"SEDR" - Supplemental Experiment Data Record



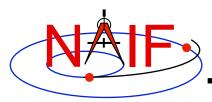
Motivation for SPICE

^{*} EDR = Experiment Data Record = "raw" science instrument data

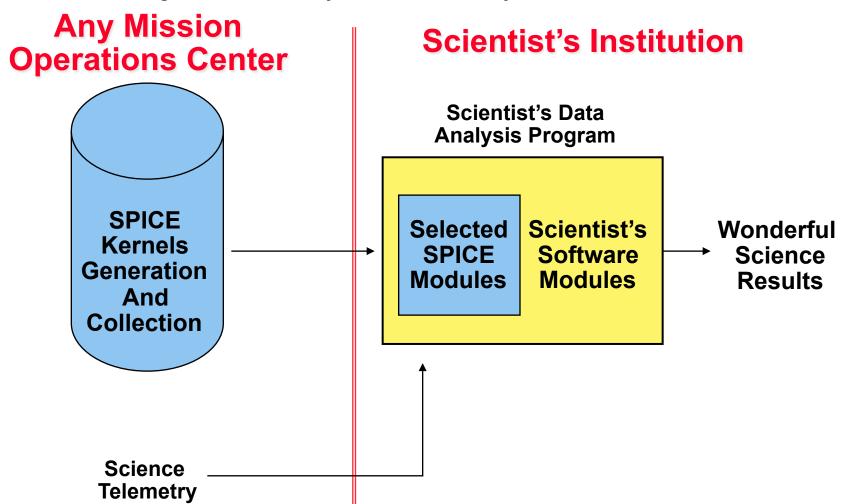


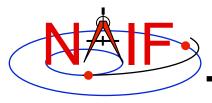
SEDR System Characteristics

- The SEDR Generation program was built and operated at JPL
 - Scientist's requirements on SEDR had to be provided long before launch
 - » Late or post-launch updates were hard/expensive to accommodate
 - Difficult to change WHAT gets computed
 - Difficult to change HOW items are computed (algorithms, parameters)
 - · Difficult to change the TIMEs at which items get computed
 - Generally only one SEDR file would be produced for each period of time
 - » Result: the scientist can't get better ancillary data if/when better inputs (e.g. spacecraft trajectory or orientation) are determined
 - SEDR generation was done "in the blind"
 - » Operators were not familiar with processes used to make the inputs
 - » Operators were not familiar with scientist's processing schemes
 - » Result: SEDR may not fully meet science team's expectations
 - The SEDR system was not exportable to other institutions



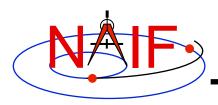
The SPICE Idea





SPICE Benefits vs. SEDR

- The customer has great flexibility in deciding:
 - what observation geometry parameters are computed
 - at what times or at what frequency these parameters are computed
 - for what time span these parameters are computed
 - electing if/when to re-do parameter computations using new (better) or otherwise different data as inputs
- The customer also has:
 - common tools and methods that can be reused on many tasks
 - good visibility into algorithms and data used in geometry calculations
- The flight project operations center can:
 - concentrate on producing better ancillary data, rather than on producing lots of SEDRs and frequently updating the SEDR software
- The SPICE process may be replicated anywhere



SPICE Detriments vs. SEDR

- End users ("consumers") must do some non-trivial programming to read SPICE data and compute whatever is needed
- If the mission operations center is other than JPL, the appropriate project people need to learn how to produce SPICE data
- In some areas of SPICE the offering of choices to allow correct handling of different situations may present complexity that is unwarranted for "simple" problems