National Park Service

National Register of Historic Places Registration Form

This form is for use in nominating or requesting determinations for individual properties and districts. See instructions in National Register Bulletin, *How to Complete the National Register of Historic Places Registration Form.* If any item does not apply to the property being documented, enter "N/A" for "not applicable." For functions, architectural classification, materials, and areas of significance, enter only categories and subcategories from the instructions.

In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register criteria. Signature of commenting official: Date
State or Federal agency/bureau or Tribal Government
Signature of certifying official/Title: Date
<u>X</u> A <u>B</u> <u>X</u> C <u>D</u>
nationalstatewideXlocal Applicable National Register Criteria:
In my opinion, the property meets does not meet the National Register Criteria. I recommend that this property be considered significant at the following level(s) of significance:
I hereby certify that this nomination request for determination of eligibility meets the documentation standards for registering properties in the National Register of Historic Places and meets the procedural and professional requirements set forth in 36 CFR Part 60.
As the designated authority under the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended,
3. State/Federal Agency Certification
2. Location Street & number: 1420 Broad Street City or town: Central Falls_ State: RI County: Providence Not For Publication: Vicinity:
(Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing
Name of related multiple property listing: N/A
Other names/site number: Myron Fish and Company Building
Historic name: American Supply Company Building

nerican Supply Company Building	Providence, R.J
ne of Property	County and State
4 National Dayly Compies Contification	
4. National Park Service Certification	
I hereby certify that this property is:	
 entered in the National Register determined eligible for the National Regist	or
determined engine for the National Registr determined not eligible for the National Re	
removed from the National Register	gister
other (explain:)	
ouler (explain.)	-
Signature of the Keeper	Date of Action
5. Classification	
Ownership of Property	
(Check as many boxes as apply.) Private:	
Public – Local x	
Public – State	
Public – Federal	
t done i ederal	
Category of Property	
(Check only one box.)	
Building(s)	
District	
Site	
Structure	
Object	

ne of Property		Providence, County and State
Number of Resources within Prope (Do not include previously listed reso Contributing		
1	0	buildings
	<u> </u>	sites
		structures
		objects
1	0	Total
6. Function or Use Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions.) INDUSTRY/manufacturing facility		
Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions.) VACANT/not in use		

American Supply Company Building	iption ural Classification egories from instructions.)
Name of Property	County and State
7. Description	
Architectural Classification	
(Enter categories from instructions.)	
NO STYLE	
	
Materials: (enter categories from instructions.)	
Principal exterior materials of the property:	
FOUNDATION: stone, brick, concrete	
WALLS: WOOD/weatherboard, WOOD/plywood, SYNTHETICS	
ROOF: asphalt	

Narrative Description

OTHER:

(Describe the historic and current physical appearance and condition of the property. Describe contributing and noncontributing resources if applicable. Begin with **a summary paragraph** that briefly describes the general characteristics of the property, such as its location, type, style, method of construction, setting, size, and significant features. Indicate whether the property has historic integrity.)

Summary Paragraph

The American Supply Company Building is a 2½-story, wood frame, end-gable building sited on a roughly 1-acre lot on the south bank of the Blackstone River in Central Falls, Rhode Island. The setting is a dense mix of industrial, residential and commercial uses. The American Supply Company Building is across Broad Street from and upstream of the surviving buildings of the Valley Falls Company, a mid-nineteenth century textile manufacturing complex (NR 1978). Also in the immediate vicinity is the Valley Falls Heritage Park, a public park on the north bank of the river that provides walking paths among the waterways and industrial ruins of other Valley Falls Company buildings, which were razed in 1934. To the immediate northeast is the Broad Street Bridge (Rhode Island Department of Transportation Bridge No. 305), a stone arch bridge built in

American	Supply	Company	Building
1			

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1915 and dedicated to Aram Pothier, Rhode Island's first governor of French-Canadian descent, who served two terms—1909 to 1915 and 1925 until his death in 1928.¹

Narrative Description

Exterior: The American Supply Company Building is a 40' x 80', 2½-story (with basement),² wood frame building erected in 1875 and sited on the south bank of the Blackstone River in the village of Valley Falls, within the City of Central Falls, Rhode Island, at the border with the Town of Cumberland, Rhode Island. A 16' x 16' three-story stair- and elevator tower extends southerly from the rear of the building. The building rests on a wetlaid fieldstone foundation with some repairs and adaptations carried out in concrete and brick.

Although most of the building has been vinyl-sided, original clapboards are visible in a few locations, most notably at the stair tower, where an original corner board is missing. Between the clapboard and the late 20th-century vinyl siding is a covering of red, mock-brick, asphalt siding. It appears that most of the original clapboard (except for that lost when the rear ell was built) survives under these two layers. The west elevation of the main block and the west and south elevations of the stairtower are sheathed with plywood.

The building's original main entrance opened onto Broad Street at the southeast corner of the façade. At some point in the 20th century, this opening was moved around the corner to the first window bay of the south elevation. The doorway has a hipped hood supported by carved Italianate consoles (these do not appear to be original). Because these consoles have weakened over time, extra support for the hood has been provided by the insertion of two modern metal posts. A modern metal door and casing is flanked by fluted pilasters. A steel fire escape (installed post-1987) extends from the attic to the second-story on the building's facade.

Fenestration: From the exterior, the building's fenestration pattern appears significantly altered from the original configuration, with many openings covered by vinyl siding. However, the openings are apparent when viewed from the interior, where most original first- and second-floor window casings and many original 12/12, double-hung, wood sash survive either exposed or hidden behind plywood sheathing.

First floor. On the south elevation, no windows are visible from the exterior, but three of the nine window openings have original paired sash intact behind plywood. On the north elevation, all eleven window openings are plywood-covered. Five of these have original sash intact. On the Broad Street (east) façade, there were five original openings. As noted above, the southernmost, an entrance door, was moved around the corner to the south elevation in the 20th century. Two

¹ This bridge was determined eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places by the Keeper of the National Register on January 10, 1989 as part of the Rhode Island Historic Bridge Inventory Thematic Nomination, *Historic Highway Bridges of Rhode Island*.

² There is a full basement, but access to it is limited to only a small area accessed from the stairtower. The remainder of the basement has been closed off since the demolition of the rear ell ca. 2000.

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original windows survive and remain exposed. Two windows were removed in the late 20th century and replaced with four small, pedestrian-level service windows associated with the brief tenancy of an ice cream shop.

Second floor. On the south elevation, no windows are visible from the exterior, but four of the nine openings have original paired sash intact behind plywood. On the north elevation, no windows are visible from the exterior, but five of the eleven openings have original paired sash. On the Broad Street (east) façade, paired original sash survive behind plywood on two of the five original openings. Addressing fire safety, the center window opening was modified ca. 1990 to accept a modern steel door. This door permits access to a fire escape extending from the attic to the second floor.

Attic. The attic is lit by continuous bands of modern, wood sash 3/3 windows in the shed dormers of both the north and south roof slopes. Both the 1881 and 1915 illustrations (Figures 1 and 3) are ambiguous as to the actual configuration of the original windows. On the east façade, all three original window openings are closed behind plywood. Similar to the second floor, the southernmost window opening was modified to accept a 20th-century steel door that allows access to the fire escape.

Interior: Slow-burning framing consists of original round-section timber columns supplemented by modern insertion of some square-section columns. These columns support timber floor beams and a heavy plank floor. The wooden staircase of the rear stairtower has a solid beadboard railing. On the first floor, part of the timber planking has been covered with a 1½" layer of concrete. In the latter 20th century, the front, easternmost, roughly one-third of the first floor was partitioned off for use as a walk-up ice cream shop, now closed. An exterior shelf/counter and a series of four window openings on the front elevation are related to this use.

The second floor was originally clear span, its ceiling suspended from iron tie rods dropped from the attic trusses. Likely due to stress on these trusses, six 8"-square-section timber columns were inserted on the second floor relatively recently to supplement the tie rods.³ The attic is dominated visually by this sturdy trusswork and tie rods.

A 5'-diameter, 7'-tall wooden barrel is mounted on a timber frame at the top of the stairtower. This may be the storage reservoir for an early hydraulic (water) freight elevator dating to the building's original construction. The 1881 illustration (Figure 1) shows three freight doors on the south elevation of the stairtower and a cantilevered timber used for a hoist. A Morse-Williams (Philadelphia, Penn.) mechanical hoist with the date *1896* on one of its attic-level castings is found at the top of the stairtower. The original drive for this hoist (perhaps steam) was adapted in the early-to-mid-20th century for operation by an electric motor. The current elevator shaft appears in the 1902 Sanborn Map.

³ Five of these columns are plain, modern unfinished wood. The sixth, westernmost column is painted in three colors. Unique to the building, it is likely that this painted column was salvaged from another industrial building.

American Supply Company Building Providence, R.I. County and State			
Demolition: A perpendicular, 176' x 40', 3-story rear ell built in 1890 was demolished ca. 2000. Because this demolition left the rear elevation of the original building open to the elements, 2 x 4 framing was inserted and the wall was sheathed in plywood (along with the south wall of the stairtower). The power demands of the 1890 ell required a new, larger boiler and engine house. This 25' x 60, 3-story brick building was located at the northeast corner of the ell and demolished ca. 2000.			
8. Statement of Significance			
Applicable National Register Criteria (Mark "x" in one or more boxes for the criteria qualifying the listing.)	e property for National Register		
A. Property is associated with events that have mad broad patterns of our history.	e a significant contribution to the		
B. Property is associated with the lives of persons s	ignificant in our past.		
C. Property embodies the distinctive characteristics construction or represents the work of a master, or represents a significant and distinguishable en individual distinction.	or possesses high artistic values,		
D. Property has yielded, or is likely to yield, inform history.	ation important in prehistory or		
Criteria Considerations (Mark "x" in all the boxes that apply.)			
A. Owned by a religious institution or used for relig	cious purposes		
B. Removed from its original location			
C. A birthplace or grave			
D. A cemetery			
E. A reconstructed building, object, or structure			

American Supply Company Building	Providence, R.I.
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F. A commemorative property	
G. Less than 50 years old or achieving significance	e within the past 50 years
A many of Ciamificana	
Areas of Significance	
(Enter categories from instructions.) INDUSTRY	
ARCHITECTURE	
ARCHITECTURE	
	
	
Davied of Significance	
Period of Significance 1875-1961	
1873-1901	
	
	
Significant Dates	
1875	
1883	
1890	
1961	
1701	
Significant Person	
(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)	
(Complete only if Criterion B is marked above.)	
Cultural Affiliation	
Cultural Milliation	
	
Architect/Builder	
Unknown	
CHAMO ITH	

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Providence, R.I.
County and State

Name of Property

Statement of Significance Summary Paragraph (Provide a summary paragraph that includes level of significance and applicable criteria.)

The American Supply Company Building is significant under National Register **Criterion A** on the local level as an example of factories and supply houses erected in the 19th century to provide auxiliary services to the expanding textile economy. In 1870 Myron Fish and a partner named Grey established a business under the name Myron Fish and Company, leasing space within the Valley Falls Company plant, a large cotton mill, to manufacture loom reeds, heddles and harness,⁴ devices attached mechanically to looms. In 1875 the thriving company erected its own building across the street and began the independent manufacture of these loom components. Within a few years, the company began the manufacture of leather machinery belting and, over time, provided a wide range of textile supplies. The corporate name American Supply Company is the result of a merger of three related companies in 1883.

The American Supply Company Building is also significant under **Criterion C** on the local level as a rare, surviving example of a modest-sized, late 19th-century, wood frame, factory building. Although sided with vinyl, this building retains much of its original fabric, including original clapboard, cornerboards, wood windows, and an intact wooden interior water barrel likely associated with an early hydraulic elevator. The ca. 2000 removal of the 1890 rear ell recreated much of the original 1875 building footprint.

The American Supply Company Building lies within and is an inventoried resource of the John H. Chafee Blackstone River Valley National Heritage Corridor.

Narrative Statement of Significance (Provide at least **one** paragraph for each area of significance.)

The American Supply Company, a Rhode Island corporation created in 1883, was formed through the merger of three companies that manufactured loom components used in large-scale mechanized weaving. The early history of these companies and their eventual combination in 1883 is treated below.

The construction of loom harness, a wire structure mounted on a wooden frame for use in power looms, was carried out in-house in early cotton mills until the 1830s, when the hand manufacture of loom harness emerged as a subsidiary industry.⁵ In 1846 John Kendrick established a loom

⁴ A loom harness is "the frame containing the heddles through which the warp threads are drawn prior to weaving." A heddle is a "long, slender part of a loom harness having an eye near its center through which one or more threads of warp pass." A reed is comb-like device attached to a loom to distribute and spread the warp yarns. Source: *Callaway's Textile Dictionary*, La Grange, GA: Callaway Mills, 1947. Pps. 174. 177 and 276.

⁵ "The veteran house of J. A. Gowdey & Son, at No. 40 Clifford Street [Central Falls], holds a representative position in the industrial world, as the oldest and largest in the manufacture of reeds and harnesses, for woolen, silk and cotton mills, in the United States. It was founded in 1834, by James Allen Gowdey, and in 1847 the son, Mr. David Gowdey, succeeded to the control." Source: *Industries and*

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harness business in Woonsocket, Rhode Island, employing three female operatives; by 1851 he had relocated the operation to Exchange Place in Providence. The company continued to grow, using hand-manufacturing methods until Kendrick acquired patent rights ca. 1862 for the automatic manufacture of loom harness using the "double-knot" method developed and patented by Joseph S. Winsor of Providence.⁶ By 1870 Kendrick's company was producing 30,000 sets of loom harness per year.⁷

In the late 1860s Myron Fish established a shop in Worcester, Massachusetts, making loom harness, heddles, and reeds. Around 1870 the owners of the Valley Falls Company encouraged him to relocate his operation Rhode Island,⁸ where he could lease space within the Valley Falls Company's substantial textile plant. Fish had a partner (named Grey⁹) in this operation until January 1, 1873. For a short time around 1875 he was in business with his brother, Alexander Fish, until he formed a new partnership with John A. Carter in January 1877. Before entering the partnership and relocating to Valley Falls, Carter had been producing loom harness and reeds in Fall River since about 1871.

In 1876 this new partnership, conducting business under the name Myron Fish and Company, entered into a ten-year lease¹⁰ with the Valley Falls Company to occupy undeveloped land across Broad Street in order to erect a 2½-story, steam-powered, 40' x 80' factory building. The factory was dedicated at a celebration held on January 28, 1876. In the words of the *Providence Evening Press*, "A splendid collation was served up, and the company passed the evening in dancing."¹¹

Myron Fish and Company expanded its services to include leather machinery belting and a wide range of supplies to cotton, woolen, and silk mills (see advertisement in *Additional Information* section). Within a few years, the company employed twenty operatives, among them Edward Adamson, former manager of the Providence Reed & Harness Company, who came to work for Myron Fish in 1879 as manager of the loom reed department. During his years with the company, Adamson made a number of improvements in reed design and secured a patent for a new type of loom reed¹² that was manufactured at Valley Falls.

Wealth of the Principal Points in Rhode Island, p. 69. New York, NY: A. F. Parsons Publishing Co., 1892.

⁶ U.S. Patent 12,175. *Machine for Making Weavers Harness* (January 2, 1855).

⁷Sources: "Loom Harnesses and Reeds." *Fibre and Fabric* 28 (5 November 1898): 135 and Greene, *The Providence Plantations*, p. 287.

⁸ This inducement to relocate to Valley Falls was noted in Fish's obituary. See *Evening Times* (6 February 1929): 1. The plant of the Valley Falls Company was located on the north bank of the Blackstone River in Cumberland, Rhode Island as well as the south bank in what is now the City of Central Falls. Fish's move across Broad Street placed the operation in then-Lincoln, Rhode Island. Central Falls became a separate municipality when it was separated from Lincoln in 1895.

⁹ At the time of this writing, Grey's first name is as yet undetermined. Research in directories of the period has yielded no one named Grey associated with related textile trades.

¹⁰ Lincoln Land Evidence Book 52:332 (March 10, 1876), Valley Falls Company to Myron Fish.

¹¹ Providence Evening Press (29 January 1876): 3.

¹² U.S. Patent 223,974. *Reed for Looms* (February 3, 1880).

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The 1880 Federal Census *Products of Industry* schedule noted three divisions of a thriving operation. The belting works, capitalized at \$7,000, employed four male operatives and produced \$26,350 in finished goods. The reed works, capitalized at \$2,500, employed four male operatives and produced \$6,925 in finished goods. The harness works, capitalized at \$27,400, employed 11 male and 7 female operatives and produced \$20,330 in finished goods.

In 1883 the Fish-Carter partnership merged with the John Kendrick operation to form the American Supply Company, with a sales office in Providence. ¹³ In 1890 this company purchased the land they had been leasing from the Valley Falls Company ¹⁴ since 1876 and expanded dramatically the physical plant in the construction of a perpendicular, 176' x 40' wing and a 3-story brick power house off the rear of the original building (see Figures 3 and 4). ¹⁵ By 1891, American Supply Company, capitalized at \$350,000, was producing \$400,000 worth of manufactured goods and employing 100 operatives. ¹⁶ An article published in 1896 in the trade journal *Fibre and Fabric* described American Supply Company as an enterprise

...widely known as manufacturers of reeds, harness, belting and general supplies of every description, making a specialty of belting, their goods being noted for durability and substantial qualities. They carry a large stock of reeds, loom harness and like supplies...They have a large factory at Valley Falls, 176×40 feet, three stories in height. There is an ell that is also three stories, 80×40 feet. 17

It is worth noting that the original (and surviving) building was described in this 1896 article as a subordinate ell off the larger, new wing. The 1902 Sanborn Fire Insurance Map described the industrial function of these two wings as follows: the original building housed the belt works, with storage and currying¹⁸ on the first floor, belt manufacture on the second, and a drying room on the third [attic] floor. The 1890 ell housed reed manufacture and storage of supplies on the first floor, loom harness knitting on the second, and harness finishing on the third. A 40 HP steam engine and a single boiler provided power from a brick engine/boiler house built to the rear of the new ell (See *Additional Information*, Figure 2). This arrangement of functions proved a durable one for American Supply Company, as the 1949 Sanborn Fire Insurance Map noted the same location for the company's industrial processes almost a half-century later.

Changing conditions in the New England textile economy, most notably southern competition and the devastation of the Great Depression, forced the closure of American Supply Company in

¹³ "An Act to Incorporate American Supply Company," *Rhode Island Acts and Resolves*, May Session, 1883. The corporation consisted of Amos D. Lockwood, Benjamin F. Thurston, George W. Holt, and George T. Paine. John A. Carter was Secretary and Myron Fish was Treasurer.

¹⁴ Lincoln Land Evidence Book 68:33 (August 5, 1890), Valley Falls Company to American Supply Company.

¹⁵ This wing and the power house were demolished ca. 2000.

¹⁶ Within a decade the company had increased its staffing to 125 operatives. Source: *Blue Book Textile Directory*.

¹⁷ Fibre and Fabric 23 (29 February 1896): 638.

¹⁸ Currying is a process in the treatment of leather for industrial use.

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1961.¹⁹ The building remained vacant for a few years until Central Braid and Rug Company relocated their manufacturing plant there in 1963 and remained until 1991. By the mid-1990s, the sole tenant of the building was a street-level, take-out ice cream shop, the *Scoop at the Falls*. The City of Central Falls acquired the property in December 1995, reselling it to a private party in 2008. The State of Rhode Island acquired it on November 26, 2012 and conveyed it back to the City on the same day. The building is currently vacant and under consideration for adaptive reuse.

Myron Fish

Born in Brunswick, New York, January 19, 1849, Myron Fish received his early schooling in Chicago, relocating to Nashua, New Hampshire, and, later, Worcester, Massachusetts, where he entered an apprenticeship in machining and toolmaking. Around 1867, Fish began manufacturing loom harness on his own in Worcester. Shortly thereafter, he removed his operation to Valley Falls, conducting business for a few years with a partner and opening a new factory on Broad Street in January 1876.

In 1883 Myron Fish and Co. merged with interests in Providence to form the American Supply Company. Fish became very active in local and state politics, particularly the movement to separate the industrial village of Central Falls from the Town of Lincoln (of which it had been a part since 1871) and incorporate it as a city in 1895. Fish served as the first President of the Common Council of Central Falls for three one-year terms. He also represented Central Falls in the Rhode Island General Assembly. He remained general manager and treasurer of American Supply Company from 1883 until his death on February 5, 1929.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Bibliography

Published material:

Bayles, Richard M. *History of Providence County, Rhode Island.* New York, NY: W.W. Preston, 1891.

Davis, William T., Ed. The New England States. Boston, MA: D.H. Hurd and Co., 1897.

Greene, Welcome Arnold. *The Providence Plantations for 250 Years*. Providence, RI: J.A. and R.A. Reid, 1886.

Grieve, Robert. An Illustrated History of Pawtucket, Central Falls, and Vicinity.

¹⁹ Central Falls Land Evidence Book 179:125, Alfred B. Stapleton (trustee in bankruptcy of American Supply Company) to Frank Santos et ux, July 10. 1962. The property was acquired for \$34,500.

Name of Property

Providence, R.I.
County and State

Providence, RI: Henry R. Caufield, 1897.

Hall, Joseph D., Ed. *Biographical History of the Manufacturers and Business Men of Rhode Island*. Providence, RI: J.D. Hall and Co., 1901.

History of Rhode Island with Illustrations. Philadelphia, PA: Hoag, Wade & Co., 1878.

Industries and Wealth Industries and Wealth of the Principal Points in Rhode Island. New York, NY: A. F. Parsons Publishing Co., 1892.

Munro, Wilfred H. *Picturesque Rhode Island*.

Providence, RI: J.A. and R.A. Reid, Publishers, 1881.

The Blue Book Textile Directory. New York, NY: Davison Publishing Co., 1895-1954.

Government Publications:

Acts and Resolves of the Rhode Island General Assembly, May Session, 1883.

Federal Census for Rhode Island: *Products of Industry* manuscript schedule (1880).

Kulik, Gary and Julia C. Bonham. *Rhode Island: An Inventory of Historic Engineering and Industrial Sites*. Washington, DC: Historic American Engineering Record, 1978.

Preservation Report P-CF-1: Central Falls, Rhode Island.
Rhode Island Historical Preservation Commission, 1978.

Tax Books (1870-1900), Cumberland, Smithfield, Lincoln and Central Falls, Rhode Island.

U.S. Patent Office. *Reed for Looms*. Edward Adamson. Patent No. 223,974 Filed: April 4, 1879, issued February 3, 1880.

U.S. Patent Office. *Brushing Machine for Loom Harness*. Myron Fish. Patent No. 900,994. Filed June 18, 1906, Issued October 13, 1908.

Articles:

"American Supply Company." Fibre and Fabric 23 (29 February 1896): 638.

"Loom Harnesses and Reeds." Fibre and Fabric 28 (5 November 1898): 135.

"Myron Fish Dead in Central Falls." Evening Times (6 February 1929): 1.

Providence, R.I. County and State
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Providence County, Rhode
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57) has been requested

Historic Resources Survey Number (if assigned):

erican Supply Compar e of Property	y Building	<u> </u>	Providence, F County and State
10. Geographical Dat	a		
Acreage of Property	<u>0.94 acres</u>		
Use either the UTM sy	stem or latitude/l	ongitude coord	inates
Latitude/Longitude (Datum if other than W (enter coordinates to 6	GS84:	_	
1. Latitude:		Longitude:	
2. Latitude:		Longitude:	
3. Latitude:		Longitude:	
4. Latitude:		Longitude:	
Or UTM References Datum (indicated on U NAD 1927 or	JSGS map): X NAD 1	983	
1. Zone: 19	Easting:	301720	Northing: 4641100
2. Zone:	Easting:		Northing:
3. Zone:	Easting:		Northing:
s. Zone.			

The boundaries of the American Supply Company Building are contiguous with those of Central Falls Assessor's Plat Map 3, Lot 62.

American Supply Company Building	Providence, R.I.
Name of Property	County and State

Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.)

These boundaries represent the original land purchased by Myron Fish in 1875 and comprise the present parcel containing the American Supply Company Building.

11. Form Prepared By		
name/title: Edward Connors		
organization: Edward Connors & Associates		
street & number: 39 Dyer Street		
city or town: Riverside	state: RI	zip code: <u>02915</u>
e-mail:_nconnors@cox.net		
telephone: 401 595-0699		
date: November 2016		

Additional Documentation

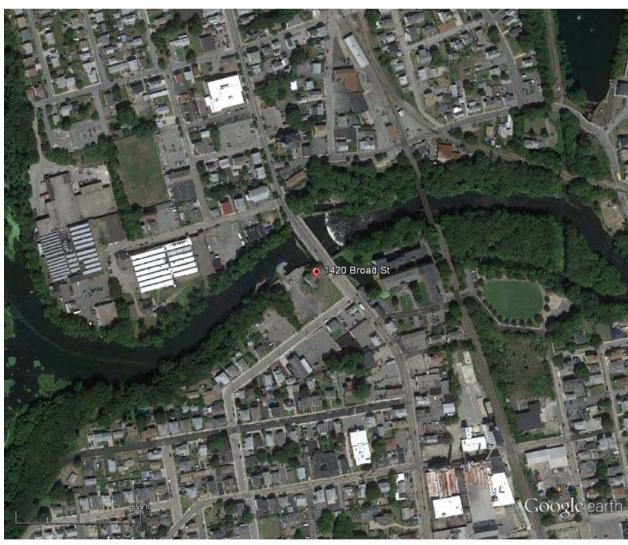
Submit the following items with the completed form:

- **Maps:** A **USGS map** or equivalent (7.5 or 15 minute series) indicating the property's location.
- **Sketch map** for historic districts and properties having large acreage or numerous resources. Key all photographs to this map.
- Additional items: (Check with the SHPO, TPO, or FPO for any additional items.)

American Supply Company Building Name of Property

Providence, R.I. County and State

Location Map





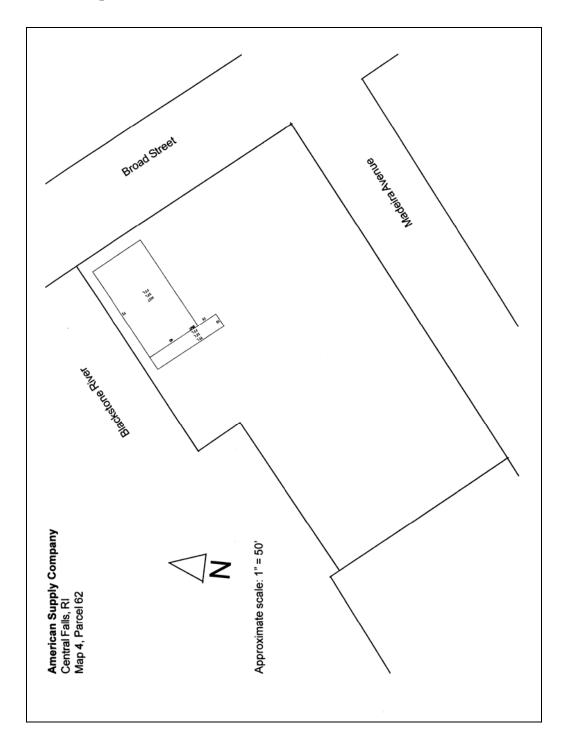
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American Supply Company Building Name of Property

Providence, R.I. County and State

Sketch Map



Name of Property

Providence, R.I.

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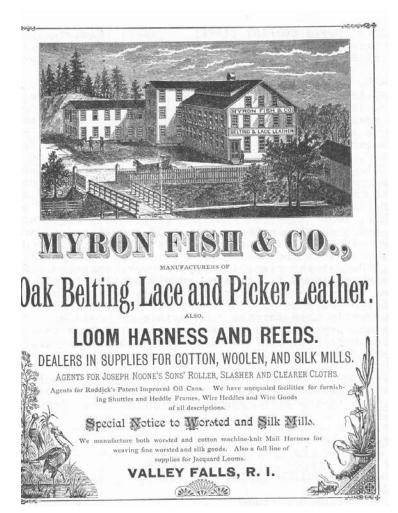


Figure 1

Advertisement from Munro, Picturesque Rhode Island (1881)

The two-story rear ell shown here is an earlier addition, likely removed or improved when the 176' x 40' ell was built in 1890.

Name of Property

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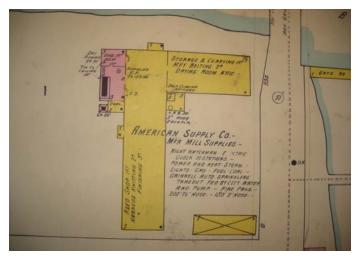


Figure 2

Detail from 1902 Sanborn Fire Insurance drawing showing original plant, 1890 rear ell, boiler/engine house, and shed.

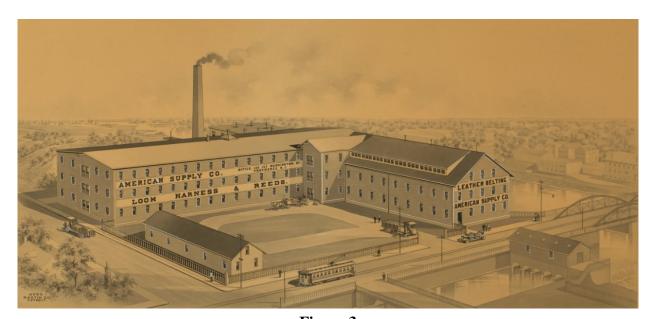


Figure 3

Pre-1915 Illustration of American Supply Company showing fullest development of plant Hurd Martin Co., Detroit, Michigan

showing the three-story rear ell, boiler/engine house (demolished ca. 2000), the shed at the southeast corner of the lot (demolished before 1923), and the original fenestration pattern of the front of the building.

Image courtesy of Providence Public Library Special Collections

Name of Property

Providence, R.I.

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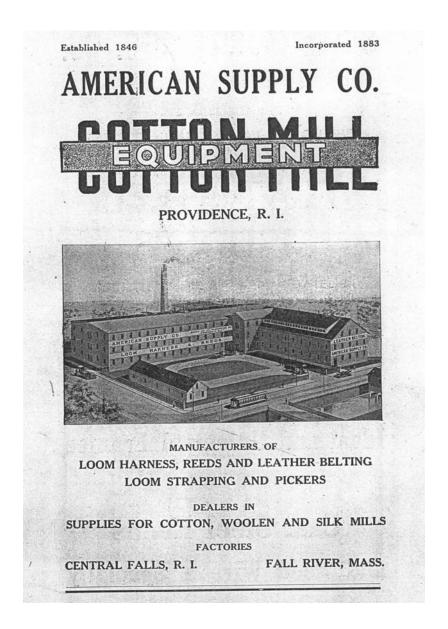


Figure 4

Advertisement from The Textile Blue Book (1921)

Name of Property

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Photographs

Submit clear and descriptive photographs. The size of each image must be 1600x1200 pixels (minimum), 3000x2000 preferred, at 300 ppi (pixels per inch) or larger. Key all photographs to the sketch map. Each photograph must be numbered and that number must correspond to the photograph number on the photo log. For simplicity, the name of the photographer, photo date, etc. may be listed once on the photograph log and doesn't need to be labeled on every photograph.

Photo Log

Name of Property: American Supply Company Building

City or Vicinity: Central Falls

County: <u>Providence</u> State: <u>Rhode Island</u>

Photographer: **Edward Connors**

Date Photographed: 16 November 2016

Location of Original Digital Files: RIHPHC, 150 Benefit Street, Providence, R.I.

Description of Photograph(s) and number, include description of view indicating direction of camera:

1 of 14

South elevation (left) and east-facing façade (right), camera facing west.

2 of 14

South elevation, camera facing northwest.

3 of 14

North (left) and west (right) elevations, camera facing east.

4 of 14

East-facing façade, camera facing southeast

5 of 14

Northwest foundation corner, camera facing southeast

6 of 14

Interior: first floor, camera facing southeast

7 of 14

Interior: detail of framing on first floor, camera facing northwest

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Interior: typical window, first floor, camera facing north

9 of 14

Interior: stairway looking up from first to second floor, camera facing north

10 of 14

Interior: second floor framing, showing inserted columns, camera facing east

11 of 14

Interior: detail of second floor framing showing nut on tie rod hanging floor from attic

framing, camera facing northwest

12 of 14

Interior: attic trusses and tie rods, camera facing east

13 of 14

Interior: detail of attic truss and tie rod, camera facing east

14 of 14

Interior: water barrel in top of stair tower, camera facing southwest

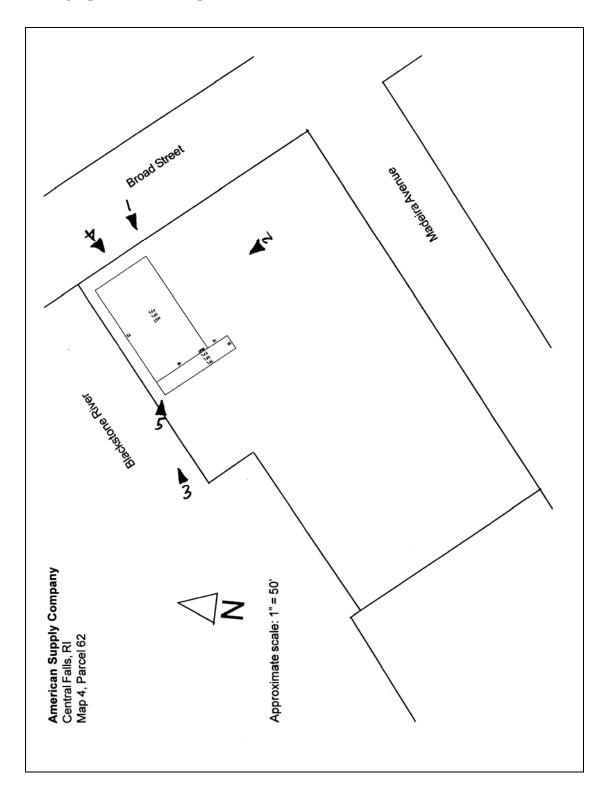
Paperwork Reduction Act Statement: This information is being collected for applications to the National Register of Historic Places to nominate properties for listing or determine eligibility for listing, to list properties, and to amend existing listings. Response to this request is required to obtain a benefit in accordance with the National Historic Preservation Act, as amended (16 U.S.C.460 et seq.).

Estimated Burden Statement: Public reporting burden for this form is estimated to average 100 hours per response including time for reviewing instructions, gathering and maintaining data, and completing and reviewing the form. Direct comments regarding this burden estimate or any aspect of this form to the Office of Planning and Performance Management. U.S. Dept. of the Interior, 1849 C. Street, NW, Washington, DC.

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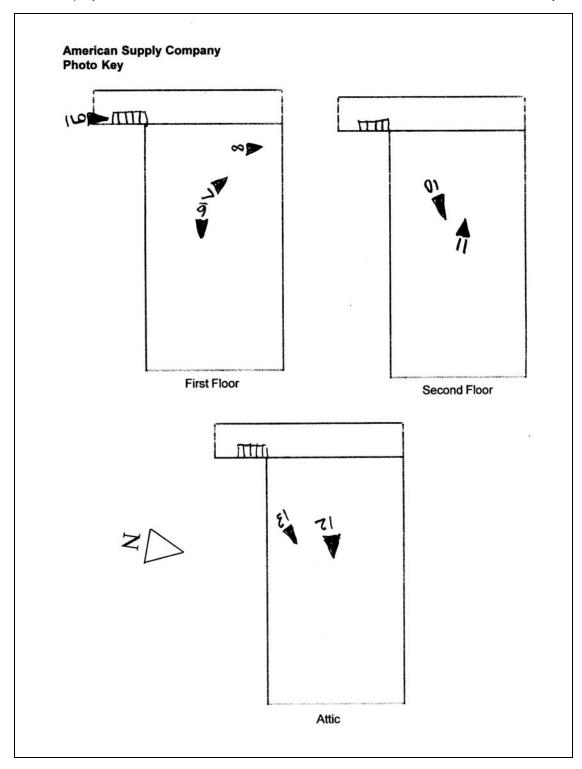
Photograph Location Maps



Name of Property

Providence, R.I.

County and State



Draft NR photo submission American Supply Company



Photo 1 Front and south elevations, view northwest



Photo 2 south elevation, view north



Photo 3 rear and north elavations, view southeast



Photo 4 Façade, view west

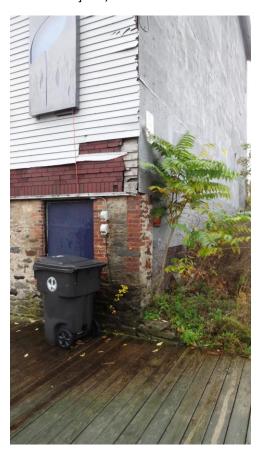


Photo 5 Northwest foundation corner, view south



Photo 6 First floor, view southeast



Photo 7 First floor framing, first floor, view northwest



Photo 8 Typical window, first floor, view north

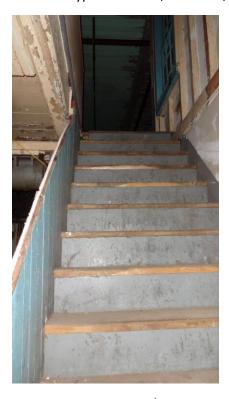


Photo 9 Stairway to 2nd floor, view north



Photo 10 2nd floor showing added columns, view east



Photo 11 2nd floor framing showing tie rod nut



Photo 12 Attic showing trusses and tie rods, view east



Photo 13 Attic truss and tie rod detail



Photo 14 Water barrel in third floor of stairtower, view southwest