120425

Demographic/Socioeconomic Characteristic	Saw or Talked to Health Professional OR Used Prescription Medication (2010)	Saw or Talked to Health Professional OR Used Prescription Medication (2011)	Saw or Talked to Health Professional Only (2010)	Saw or Talked to Health Professional Only (2011)		Used Prescription Medication and Did Not See or Talk to Health Professional (2011)	to Health Professional AND Used	Saw or Talked to Health Professional AND Used Prescription Medication (2011)
TOTAL	35	35	25	26	12	10	20	21
GENDER								
Male	16	20	12	14	6	8	10	11
Female	31	31	23	22	10	6	17	19
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	30	32	21	22	10	10	18	20
White	28	26	18	17	10	9	17	17
Black or African American	9	13	8	10	*	4	5	8
American Indian or Alaska								
Native	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other								
Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	18	15	14	14	7	2	7	8
POVERTY LEVEL ¹	10	10				-	,	0
Less Than 100%	14	17	10	12	1	4	10	11
100-199%	20	18	14	13	10	6	10	10
200% or More	25	25	19	19	7	7	14	15
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE ²				- /				
Yes	18	20	13	13	5	5	11	14
No	31	30	22	23	11	9	17	16
HEALTH INSURANCE ³								
Private	27	26	17	18	11	9	17	18
Medicaid/CHIP ⁴	21	22	16	17	6	5	13	13
Other ⁵	*	*	*	5	*	*	*	*
No Coverage	9	*	8	*	2	*	5	3

 Table 2.12C
 Type of Treatment Received in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with a Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE), by Demographic and Socioeconomic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Numbers in Thousands, 2010 and 2011

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year treatment data were excluded.

NOTE: Health Professionals include general practitioner or family doctor; other medical doctor (e.g., cardiologist, gynecologist, urologist); psychologist; psychiatrist or psychotherapist; social worker; counselor; other mental health professional (e.g., mental health nurse or other therapist where type is not specified); and nurse, occupational therapist, or other health professional.

¹ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

² Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

³ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁴ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁵ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2010 and 2011.

120425

Demographic/Socioeconomic Characteristic	Saw or Talked to Health Professional OR Used Prescription Medication (2010)	Saw or Talked to Health Professional OR Used Prescription Medication (2011)		Saw or Talked to Health Professional Only (2011)	Did Not See or	Used Prescription Medication and Did Not See or Talk to Health Professional (2011)	to Health Professional AND Used	Saw or Talked to Health Professional AND Used Prescription Medication (2011)
TOTAL	1.48	1.45	1.22	1.20	0.63	0.50	0.95	0.97
GENDER								
Male	2.56	2.80	2.03	2.19	1.09	1.38	1.68	1.77
Female	1.83	1.71	1.53	1.40	0.71	0.43	1.17	1.18
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	1.61	1.62	1.25	1.25	0.63	0.62	1.10	1.13
White	1.82	1.79	1.42	1.33	0.81	0.74	1.32	1.35
Black or African American	3.32	4.25	3.02	3.82	*	1.65	1.86	3.03
American Indian or Alaska								
Native	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other								
Pacific Islander	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Two or More Races	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
Hispanic or Latino POVERTY LEVEL ¹	3.93	3.19	3.46	3.13	1.89	0.53	1.93	1.91
Less Than 100%	3.53	3.17	2.72	2.63	0.38	0.97	2.66	2.32
100-199%	2.99	2.91	2.40	2.41	1.74	1.17	1.86	1.95
200% or More	1.91	2.00	1.64	1.60	0.69	0.66	1.27	1.32
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE ²								
Yes	2.92	2.83	2.50	2.07	1.04	0.94	2.10	2.22
No	1.68	1.75	1.39	1.45	0.75	0.59	1.11	1.07
HEALTH INSURANCE ³								
Private	1.79	1.89	1.41	1.47	0.92	0.79	1.30	1.42
Medicaid/CHIP ⁴	2.74	2.49	2.30	2.06	0.90	0.67	1.98	1.71
Other ⁵	*	*	*	4.38	*	*	*	*
No Coverage	4.89	*	4.35	*	0.98	*	2.72	2.17

 Table 2.12D
 Type of Treatment Received in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with a Past Year Major Depressive Episode (MDE), by Demographic and Socioeconomic Characteristics: Standard Errors of Percentages, 2010 and 2011

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year treatment data were excluded.

NOTE: Health Professionals include general practitioner or family doctor; other medical doctor (e.g., cardiologist, gynecologist, urologist); psychologist; psychiatrist or psychotherapist; social worker; counselor; other mental health professional (e.g., mental health nurse or other therapist where type is not specified); and nurse, occupational therapist, or other health professional.

¹ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

² Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

³ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁴ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁵ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2010 and 2011.

120425

Demographic/Socioeconomic Characteristic	Saw or Talked to Health Professional OR Used Prescription Medication (2010)	Saw or Talked to Health Professional OR Used Prescription Medication (2011)	Saw or Talked to Health Professional Only (2010)	Saw or Talked to Health Professional Only (2011)	Did Not See or	Used Prescription Medication and Did Not See or Talk to Health Professional (2011)	to Health	Saw or Talked to Health Professional AND Used Prescription Medication (2011)
TOTAL	0.8301	· · ·	0.8047		0.6100	· · · ·	0.7992	· · ·
GENDER								
Male	0.2930		0.1861		0.7924		0.7460	
Female	0.7126		0.6812		0.3684		0.6364	
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.2449		0.4027		0.8741		0.5759	
White	0.8894		0.9002		0.7029		0.9288	
Black or African American	0.0036		0.2493		*		0.0193	
American Indian or Alaska								
Native	*		*		*		*	
Native Hawaiian or Other								
Pacific Islander	*		*		*		*	
Asian	*		*		*		*	
Two or More Races	*		*		*		*	
Hispanic or Latino	0.1334		0.4129		0.2025		0.6580	
POVERTY LEVEL ¹	011001		011125		0.2020		010000	
Less Than 100%	0.4609		0.6755		0.0906		0.9017	
100-199%	0.7089		0.3650		0.2521		0.8015	
200% or More	0.7091		0.6035		0.9459		0.9498	
GOVERNMENT ASSISTANCE ²								
Yes	0.8180		0.5908		0.7275		0.4616	
No	0.9469		0.5560		0.4342		0.7771	
HEALTH INSURANCE ³								
Private	0.6923		0.5489		0.6946		0.8980	
Medicaid/CHIP ⁴	0.8384		0.7357		0.9256		0.4487	
Other ⁵	*		*		*		*	
No Coverage	*		*		*		0.8492	

Table 2.12P	Type of Treatment Received in the Past Year for Depression among Persons Aged 12 to 17 with a Past Year Major Depressive Episode
	(MDE), by Demographic and Socioeconomic Characteristics: P Values from Tests of Differences of Percentages, 2011 Versus 2010

*Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2010 estimates used in the comparisons may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

NOTE: Major Depressive Episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms.

NOTE: Respondents with unknown past year treatment data were excluded.

NOTE: Health Professionals include general practitioner or family doctor; other medical doctor (e.g., cardiologist, gynecologist, urologist); psychologist; psychiatrist or psychotherapist; social worker; counselor; other mental health professional (e.g., mental health nurse or other therapist where type is not specified); and nurse, occupational therapist, or other health professional.

¹ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

² Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

³ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁴ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁵ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2010 and 2011.