Table 1.9A (REVISED) Co-Occurring Substance Use Disorder and Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group and Demographic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Demographic Characteristic	Total (2009)	Total (2010)	Aged 18-25 (2009)	Aged 18-25 (2010)	Aged 26-49 (2009)	Aged 26-49 (2010)	Aged 50+ (2009)	Aged 50+ (2010)
TOTAL	2,059	2,388	446 ^a	570	1,227	1,508	386	310
GENDER						ŕ		
Male	918	1,069	166	207	556	736	196	125
Female	1,141	1,319	280^{a}	363	671	772	191	185
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	1,815	2,160	373 ^a	457	1,093 ^a	1,399	348	304
White	1,551	1,713	283ª	361	956	1,115	313	237
Black or African American	168 ^a	322	58	49	96	222	13	51
American Indian or Alaska Native	16	39	4	*	11	15	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	2	4	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	25	20	18	10	7	10	*	*
Two or More Races	54	61	8	26	23	35	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	244	228	73	113	133	108	38	6
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	772	908	125	167	556	669	91	72
Part-Time	268 ^a	423	133 ^a	201	123	194	12	28
Unemployed	321	287	73	74	170	165	78	*
Other ¹	698	769	115	127	378	480	205	162

^{*}Low precision: no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

NOTE: Substance Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug or alcohol dependence or abuse. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Estimates for SMI presented in this table may differ from previously published SMI estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Table 1.9B (REVISED) Co-Occurring Substance Use Disorder and Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group and Demographic Characteristics: Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Demographic Characteristic	Total (2009)	Total (2010)	Aged 18-25 (2009)	Aged 18-25 (2010)	Aged 26-49 (2009)	Aged 26-49 (2010)	Aged 50+ (2009)	Aged 50+ (2010)
TOTAL	0.9	1.0	1.3ª	1.7	1.2	1.5	0.4	0.3
GENDER								
Male	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.1	1.5	0.4	0.3
Female	1.0	1.1	1.7 ^a	2.2	1.3	1.5	0.4	0.4
HISPANIC ORIGIN AND RACE								
Not Hispanic or Latino	0.9	1.1	1.4	1.7	1.3ª	1.7	0.4	0.3
White	1.0	1.1	1.4 ^a	1.8	1.5	1.8	0.4	0.3
Black or African American	0.6^{a}	1.2	1.2	1.0	0.8	1.8	0.1	0.5
American Indian or Alaska Native	1.4	3.7	1.9	*	2.5	3.2	*	*
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0.3	0.7	*	*	*	*	*	*
Asian	0.3	0.2	1.2	0.7	0.1	0.2	*	*
Two or More Races	2.2	2.3	1.9	4.7	2.2	3.4	*	*
Hispanic or Latino	0.8	0.7	1.2	1.7	0.8	0.6	0.5	0.1
CURRENT EMPLOYMENT								
Full-Time	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.3	0.8	1.0	0.3	0.2
Part-Time	0.8^{a}	1.3	1.4 ^a	2.1	1.0	1.6	0.1	0.2
Unemployed	2.2	1.9	1.6	1.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	*
Other ¹	1.1	1.1	1.6	1.7	2.7	3.4	0.5	0.4

^{*}Low precision: no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

NOTE: Substance Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug or alcohol dependence or abuse. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Estimates for SMI presented in this table may differ from previously published SMI estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ The Other Employment category includes retired persons, disabled persons, homemakers, students, or other persons not in the labor force.

Table 1.10A (REVISED) Co-Occurring Substance Use Disorder and Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group, Geographic Characteristics, and Socioeconomic Characteristics: Numbers in Thousands, 2009 and 2010

Geographic/Socioeconomic	Total	Total	Aged 18-25	Aged 18-25	Aged 26-49	Aged 26-49	Aged 50+	Aged 50+
Characteristic	(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)
TOTAL	2,059	2,388	446 ^a	570	1,227	1,508	386	310
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	309	422	96	137	190	271	23	14
Midwest	527	566	101	109	314	289	112	167
South	715	770	135	160	396	531	184	79
West	508	630	115	163	327	417	67	50
COUNTY TYPE	_				_			
Large Metro	894ª	1,237	223 ^a	308	517 ^a	790	155	139
Small Metro	762	756	150	198	447	470	164	88
250K – 1 Mil. Pop.	502	523	94	135	314	377	94	11
< 250K Pop.	260	234	56	63	133	94	70	77
Nonmetro	403	394	73	63	263	248	67	83
Urbanized	180	179	30	15	123	142	27	22
Less Urbanized	181	179	36	35	119	92	27	52
Completely Rural	42	36	7	13	21	14	*	*
POVERTY LEVEL ¹								
Less Than 100%	544	557	101	126	317	347	126	83
100-199%	589	541	119	176	359	317	111	48
200% or More	918 ^b	1,282	218	260	550 ^a	844	149	178
GOVERNMENT								
ASSISTANCE ²								
Yes	693	895	118	169	468	619	107	107
No	1,366	1,493	328	401	759	889	279	203
HEALTH INSURANCE ³	•	,						
Private	813 ^a	1,104	199	263	418 ^a	668	196	173
Medicaid/CHIP ⁴	423	434	86	87	295	292	43	55
Other ⁵	372	401	33	66	218	258	121	78
No Coverage	658	653	150	176	414	428	94	48

^{*}Low precision; no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the *Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings*).

NOTE: Substance Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug or alcohol dependence or abuse. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV). Estimates for SMI presented in this table may differ from previously published SMI estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled *Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health* at http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

² Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

³ Respondents could indicate multiple types of health insurance; thus, these response categories are not mutually exclusive.

⁴ CHIP is the Children's Health Insurance Program. Individuals aged 19 or younger are eligible for this plan.

⁵ Other Health Insurance is defined as having Medicare, CHAMPUS, TRICARE, CHAMPVA, the VA, military health care, or any other type of health insurance.

Table 1.10B (REVISED) Co-Occurring Substance Use Disorder and Serious Mental Illness in the Past Year among Persons Aged 18 or Older, by Age Group, Geographic Characteristics, and Socioeconomic Characteristics; Percentages, 2009 and 2010

Geographic/Socioeconomic	Total	Total	Aged 18-25	Aged 18-25	Aged 26-49	Aged 26-49	Aged 50+	Aged 50+
Characteristic	(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)	(2009)	(2010)
TOTAL	0.9	1.0	1.3ª	1.7	1.2	1.5	0.4	0.3
GEOGRAPHIC REGION								
Northeast	0.7	1.0	1.6	2.3	1.1	1.5	0.1	0.1
Midwest	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	0.5	0.8
South	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.1	1.5	0.5	0.2
West	1.0	1.2	1.4	2.0	1.4	1.8	0.3	0.2
COUNTY TYPE					_			
Large Metro	0.7^{a}	1.0	1.2 ^a	1.7	0.9^{a}	1.4	0.3	0.3
Small Metro	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.8	1.5	1.6	0.6	0.3
250K – 1 Mil. Pop.	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.6	1.9	0.5	0.1
< 250K Pop.	1.1	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.0	0.7	0.8
Nonmetro	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.3	1.8	1.8	0.4	0.5
Urbanized	1.1	1.2	1.2	0.7	1.9	2.4	0.4	0.3
Less Urbanized	1.1	1.0	1.5	1.5	1.7	1.3	0.3	0.6
Completely Rural	1.1	1.1	2.1	3.7	1.7	1.2	*	*
POVERTY LEVEL ¹								
Less Than 100%	2.0	1.9	1.3	1.5	2.5	2.8	1.8	1.0
100-199%	1.3	1.1	1.5	2.1	1.9	1.5	0.6	0.3
200% or More	0.6^{b}	0.8	1.3	1.6	0.8^{b}	1.3	0.2	0.3
GOVERNMENT								
ASSISTANCE ²								
Yes	2.0	2.2	1.8	2.2	2.9	3.3	0.9	0.8
No	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.5	0.9	1.1	0.3	0.2
HEALTH INSURANCE ³								
Private	0.5^{a}	0.7	1.1	1.5	0.6^{b}	1.0	0.3	0.3
Medicaid/CHIP ⁴	2.2	2.1	1.8	1.7	3.4	3.2	0.7	0.8
Other ⁵	0.7	0.7	1.6	2.9	3.4	3.8	0.3	0.2
No Coverage	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.1	2.0	1.4	0.6

^{*}Low precision: no estimate reported.

NOTE: Some 2009 and 2010 estimates may differ from previously published estimates due to updates (see Section B.3 in Appendix B of the Results from the 2011 National Survey on Drug Use and Health: Mental Health Findings).

NOTE: Substance Use Disorder is defined as meeting criteria for illicit drug or alcohol dependence or abuse. Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV).

NOTE: Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically, including data from original methamphetamine questions but not including new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

NOTE: Serious Mental Illness (SMI) is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder that met the criteria found in the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Estimates for SMI presented in this table may differ from previously published SMI estimates because of revised estimation procedures. For details on the methodology, see the NSDUH short report titled Revised Estimates of Mental Illness from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health at http://samhsa.gov/data/default.aspx.

^a Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.05 level.

^b Difference between estimate and 2010 estimate is statistically significant at the 0.01 level.

¹ Estimates are based on a definition of Poverty Level that incorporates information on family income, size, and composition and is calculated as a percentage of the U.S. Census Bureau's poverty thresholds.

Government Assistance is defined as one or more household family members having received Supplemental Security Income (SSI), cash assistance (Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, TANF), noncash assistance, or food stamps.

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