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Table 87 Selected Drug Use, Perceptions of Great Risk, Average Annual Marijuana Initiates, Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse, Needing But Not Receiving Treatment, and Past Year Mental Health Measures in *Pennsylvania*, by Age Group: Estimated Numbers (in Thousands), Annual Averages Based on 2012-2013 NSDUHs

Measure	12+	12-17	18-25	26+	18+
ILLICIT DRUGS					
Past Month Illicit Drug Use ¹	904	81	302	522	824
Past Year Marijuana Use	1,223	125	458	640	1,098
Past Month Marijuana Use	697	65	266	366	632
Past Month Use of Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana ¹	339	28	95	216	311
Past Year Cocaine Use	183	4	57	122	179
Past Year Nonmedical Pain Reliever Use	425	43	127	254	382
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	3,155	257	204	2,695	2,899
Average Annual Number of Marijuana Initiates ²	116	48	60	8	68
ALCOHOL					
Past Month Alcohol Use	6,079	125	900	5,054	5,955
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use ³	2,695	65	612	2,017	2,630
Perception of Great Risk of Drinking Five or More					
Drinks Once or Twice a Week	3,993	370	410	3,213	3,623
Past Month Alcohol Use (Individuals Aged 12 to 20)	388 ⁴				
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use (Individuals Aged 12 to 20) ³	254 ⁴				
TOBACCO PRODUCTS					
Past Month Tobacco Product Use ⁵	3,209	102	608	2,499	3,107
Past Month Cigarette Use	2,597	72	501	2,024	2,525
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking One or More					
Packs of Cigarettes per Day	7,403	597	882	5,923	6,806
PAST YEAR DEPENDENCE, ABUSE, AND TREATMENT ⁶					
Illicit Drug Dependence ¹	215	19	75	120	195
Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	305	33	107	165	273
Alcohol Dependence	310	11	82	217	299
Alcohol Dependence or Abuse	700	32	205	462	668
Alcohol or Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	894	55	275	564	839
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use ^{1,7}	267	29	95	143	238
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use ⁷	669	30	198	441	639
PAST YEAR MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES					
Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode ^{8,9}		91	128	519	646
Serious Mental Illness ^{9,10}			60	339	399
Any Mental Illness ^{9,10}			292	1,476	1,768
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide			109	276	385

⁻⁻ Not available.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2012 and 2013.

¹ Illicit Drugs include marijuana/hashish, cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana include cocaine (including crack), heroin, hallucinogens, inhalants, or prescription-type psychotherapeutics used nonmedically. These estimates include data from original methamphetamine questions but do not include new methamphetamine items added in 2005 and 2006.

² Average annual number of marijuana initiates = $X_1 \div 2$, where X_1 is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months.

³ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

⁴ Underage drinking is defined for individuals aged 12 to 20; therefore, the "12+" estimate reflects that age group and not individuals aged 12 or older.

⁵ Tobacco Products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁶ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

⁷ Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs (or alcohol), but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug (or alcohol) problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

⁸ Major depressive episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. There are minor wording differences in the questions in the adult and adolescent MDE modules. Therefore, data from youths aged 12 to 17 were not combined with data from adults aged 18 or older to produce an estimate for those aged 12 or older.

⁹ For details, see Section B of the "2011-2012 NSDUH: Guide to State Tables and Summary of Small Area Estimation Methodology" at http://www.samhsa.gov/data/population-data-nsduh/reports?tab=33.

Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder, assessed by the Mental Health Surveillance Study (MHSS) Structured Clinical Interview for the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders—Fourth Edition—Research Version—Axis I Disorders (MHSS-SCID), which is based on the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness (SMI). Any mental illness (AMI) includes individuals in any of the three categories.

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Table 88 Selected Drug Use, Perceptions of Great Risk, Average Annual Incidence Estimates of First Use of Marijuana, Past Year Substance Dependence or Abuse, Needing But Not Receiving Treatment, and Past Year Mental Health Measures in *Pennsylvania*, by Age Group: Percentages, Annual Averages Based on 2012-2013 NSDUHs

W. L. LOUIS D. D. L. LOUIS		12-17	18-25	26+	18+
ILLICIT DRUGS					
Past Month Illicit Drug Use ¹	8.38	8.47	21.60	6.18	8.37
Past Year Marijuana Use	11.33	13.18	32.78	7.57	11.15
Past Month Marijuana Use	6.46	6.81	19.01	4.34	6.42
Past Month Use of Illicit Drugs Other Than Marijuana ¹	3.14	2.95	6.76	2.56	3.16
Past Year Cocaine Use	1.69	0.45	4.06	1.44	1.81
Past Year Nonmedical Pain Reliever Use	3.94	4.56	9.11	3.01	3.88
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking Marijuana Once a Month	29.19	26.95	14.59	31.89	29.41
Average Annual Incidence Estimates of First Use of Marijuana ²	1.84	5.74	8.46	0.19	1.24
ALCOHOL					
Past Month Alcohol Use	56.29	13.09	64.42	59.81	60.47
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use ³	24.96	6.87	43.81	23.87	26.70
Perception of Great Risk of Drinking Five or More					
Drinks Once or Twice a Week	36.97	38.89	29.34	38.03	36.79
Past Month Alcohol Use (Individuals Aged 12 to 20)	25.97^4				
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use (Individuals Aged 12 to 20) ³	17.00^4				
TOBACCO PRODUCTS					
Past Month Tobacco Product Use ⁵	29.71	10.68	43.51	29.57	31.55
Past Month Cigarette Use	24.05	7.61	35.83	23.96	25.64
Perception of Great Risk of Smoking One or More					
Packs of Cigarettes per Day	68.55	62.76	63.12	70.10	69.11
PAST YEAR DEPENDENCE, ABUSE, AND TREATMENT ⁶					
Illicit Drug Dependence ¹	1.99	2.03	5.37	1.42	1.98
Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	2.83	3.42	7.68	1.96	2.77
Alcohol Dependence	2.87	1.16	5.89	2.56	3.04
Alcohol Dependence or Abuse	6.48	3.39	14.69	5.47	6.78
Alcohol or Illicit Drug Dependence or Abuse ¹	8.28	5.74	19.66	6.68	8.52
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Illicit Drug Use ^{1,7}	2.48	3.05	6.81	1.69	2.42
Needing But Not Receiving Treatment for Alcohol Use ⁷	6.20	3.17	14.17	5.22	6.49
PAST YEAR MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES					
Had at Least One Major Depressive Episode ^{8,9}		9.54	9.15	6.14	6.56
Serious Mental Illness ^{9,10}			4.30	4.01	4.05
Any Mental Illness ^{9,10}			20.87	17.47	17.96
Had Serious Thoughts of Suicide			7.79	3.27	3.91

⁻⁻ Not available.

NOTE: Estimates are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach.

⁹ For details, see Section B of the "2011-2012 NSDUH: Guide to State Tables and Summary of Small Area Estimation Methodology" at http://www.samhsa.gov/data/population-data-nsduh/reports?tab=33.

Source: SAMHSA, Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality, National Survey on Drug Use and Health, 2012 and 2013.

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² Average annual initiation of marijuana (%) = $100 * \{[X_1 \div (0.5 * X_1 + X_2)] \div 2\}$, where X_1 is the number of marijuana initiates in the past 24 months and X_2 is the number of individuals who never used marijuana. Both of the computation components, X_1 and X_2 , are based on a survey-weighted hierarchical Bayes estimation approach. Note that the age group is based on a respondent's age at the time of the interview, not his or her age at first use.

³ Binge Alcohol Use is defined as drinking five or more drinks on the same occasion (i.e., at the same time or within a couple of hours of each other) on at least 1 day in the past 30 days.

⁴Underage drinking is defined for individuals aged 12 to 20; therefore, the "12+" estimate reflects that age group and not individuals aged 12 or older.

⁵ Tobacco Products include cigarettes, smokeless tobacco (i.e., chewing tobacco or snuff), cigars, or pipe tobacco.

⁶ Dependence or abuse is based on definitions found in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV).

Needing But Not Receiving Treatment refers to respondents classified as needing treatment for illicit drugs (or alcohol), but not receiving treatment for an illicit drug (or alcohol) problem at a specialty facility (i.e., drug and alcohol rehabilitation facilities [inpatient or outpatient], hospitals [inpatient only], and mental health centers).

⁸ Major depressive episode (MDE) is defined as in the 4th edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders* (DSM-IV), which specifies a period of at least 2 weeks when a person experienced a depressed mood or loss of interest or pleasure in daily activities and had a majority of specified depression symptoms. There are minor wording differences in the questions in the adult and adolescent MDE modules. Therefore, data from youths aged 12 to 17 were not combined with data from adults aged 18 or older to produce an estimate for those aged 12 or older.

Mental Illness is defined as having a diagnosable mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder, other than a developmental or substance use disorder, assessed by the Mental Health Surveillance Study (MHSS) Structured Clinical Interview for the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders—Fourth Edition—Research Version—Axis I Disorders (MHSS-SCID), which is based on the 4th edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-IV). Three categories of mental illness severity are defined based on the level of functional impairment: mild mental illness, moderate mental illness, and serious mental illness (SMI). Any mental illness (AMI) includes individuals in any of the three categories.