

Welcome to the Sciences and Exploration Directorate!

Dr. Colleen Hartman Director, Sciences and Exploration Directorate







Agenda

Who we are What we do How we do it Why we do it



Quick Facts About SED







Largest Earth and Space Science Research organization in the world Located in Greenbelt, New York and Wallops Flight Facility with 2640 people: 543 Civil servants including ~400 Scientists ~600 Co-located Post-Docs and University Scientists ~1,500 Support Contractors, Visitors, Students, Emeritus, and other staff







Goddard Space Flight Center's Sciences and Exploration Directorate members have received worldwide accolades for their work.



Dr. Piers Sellers

Most Excellent Order of the British Empire 2011 Honors for services to science.



Dr. John Mather

Nobel Prize in Physics 2006 Rumford Prize 1996 Franklin Medal 1999



Dr. Compton Tucker

Galathea Medal - Denmark 2004 Vega Medal - Sweden 2014 in Physical Geography



The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 2007 for its work on climate change, together with former US Vice-President Al Gore. Over 50 scientists from the Goddard Space Flight Center contributed to the IPCC Assessments that formed the basis for the award.





Agenda

Who we are What we do How we do it Why we do it





Goddard Begins and Ends with Science

EARTH SCIENCES

HELIOPHYSICS

ASTROPHYSICS .

SOLAR SYSTEM

- How does the Earth atmosphere, ice, oceans, land, humans work?
- How do we humans impact the climate?
- How will the Earth's climate evolve in the future?
- How does the sun work?
- When does space harm us?
- How to live within a star's atmosphere?
- How does the universe work?
- Where did we come from?
- Are we alone?
- How did our solar system form and evolve?
- Can we find evidence of life elsewhere in the solar system?
- What are the different environments and processes in our solar system?



GSFC: A Diverse Mission Portfolio







Upcoming Launches





Agenda

Who we are What we do How we do it Why we do it











Decadal Surveys

Strategic missions usually are >\$1B and are prioritized by the NAS every 10 years through a Decadal Survey process engaging the entire community to reach a consensus on highest priorities

Smaller, more directed science missions are typically competed via AO's and are cost capped e.g. Explorer, Discovery, New Frontiers, Venture Class

GSFC partners with scientists at universities and other government labs to undertake these missions – we must be customer orientated!





THE NATIONAL ACADEMES



SED provides scientific *leadership* and *stewardship* for space-based studies of the Earth, the Sun-Earth interaction, the Solar System, and the Universe through partnership with the scientific community to achieve NASA's science goals

- <u>Project Scientists</u> ensure that mission scientific goals are defined and realized, who participate in all aspects of the project management and oversight, and who represent the project to the science user community
- <u>Principal Investigators</u> conceive missions, instruments or investigations, assemble and lead teams to
 propose and implement the effort, and who are accountable for its success
- <u>Scientific research and technology development</u> in partnership with the engineering directorate and the scientific community enables future missions, make new discoveries, advance knowledge and benefit society
- <u>Data modeling and science data centers</u> maximizes the scientific return of hundreds of GSFC managed missions and instruments by providing freely accessible calibrated data, analysis software, and advanced modeling to the scientific community and the public
- <u>Public Outreach</u> widely communicates NASAs science program and inspire the next generation of scientists



The Mission Cycle





Funding of Research at NASA



- GSFC science research is driven by community peer review in a full and open competition with goals set by Decadal Surveys
- NASA scientists must write proposals as <u>Principal Investigators</u> and compete with the external science community for research funds, *including the funds that pay their salaries*
- There is also internal competition for center IRAD funds, as well as B&P to support proposal efforts
- Directed work is only related to project science and other service activities (equivalent to teaching at a University)

There is a lot of proposal writing in code 600!





Agenda

Who we are What we do How we do it Why we do it



Goddard Begins and Ends with Science

Fundamental Questions

Current Missions

In Development 10

10 Year Horizon

- How does the universe work?
- Where did we come from?
- Are we alone?

ASTROPHYSICS



TESS, JWST PIXIE, Litebird ETA, WFirst, NICER, TESS BETTII, AdEPT Other MIDEX and SMEX

LUVIOR FIR Flagship WFIRST ESA L3 MIDEX, SMEX



JWST mirrors delivered and Installed at GSFC









James Web Space Telescope Origami







JWST Exoplanet Studies





Simulated JWST observations of an Ocean planet half the mass of the Earth orbiting an M3V star

Water and CO₂ features are detectable in the NIRSpec instrument





TESS Science Goals and Drivers



PI George Ricker MIT

Discover Transiting Earths and SuperEarths orbiting <u>Bright</u>, <u>Nearby</u> Stars

- Rocky planets
- Water worlds
- Habitable zone planets

Discover the "Best" ~1000 Small Exoplanets

All Sky Survey of Bright Stars

- F, G, K dwarfs: 4 to 12 magnitude
- M dwarfs known within ~60 pc
- 500,000 stars in two years



Neutron star Interior Composion ExploreR





PI: Keith Gendreau

- Science: Neutron stars
- *Launch*: Late 2016
- Instrument: X-ray (0.2–12 keV)
 "concentrator" optics and silicon-drift detectors with 300 ns time tagging
- Demonstration of pulsar-based navigation









WFIRST – Dark Energy and Exoplanets





Wide Field Infra-Red Survey Telescope – WFIRST

Different implementation options being studied for launch in ~2023 Large scale surveys of the sky in the infra-red

Precisely measure the expansion and geometry of the Universe to study Dark Energy

Search for Extra-solar planets





Goddard Begins and Ends with Science

Fundamental Questions

Current Missions

In Development

 How does the Earth – atmosphere, ice, oceans, land, humans – work?

- How do we humans impact the climate?
- How will the Earth's climate evolve in the future?

NOAA-19, Suomi-NPP, GOES-13, 14, & 15, DSCOVR, Landsat 7, 8, EOS-Terra, Aqua, Aura, GPM, SMAP, CATS (ISS) NOAA - GOES-R, GOES-S, JPSS-1, JPSS-2 USGS - Landsat 9 ICESat-2, PACE Earth Venture -Instrument GEDI (ISS) CarbonHunter, Lidar follow-on to ICESat-2, GEDI, USGS-Landsat 10 Cold atom gravimeter GPM follow-on; CAPM, PACE, NOAA – GOESS-R series NOAA – JPSS-3, 4

10 Year Horizon

EARTH SCIENCES











Sub-orbital & Aircraft Research Programs



Aircraft, Balloon & sounding Rocket Programs provide important research, excellent science, training experience, and pre-spaceflight demonstration of instrumentation















Solar System

Exploration

Goddard Begins and Ends with Science

Fundamental Questions

Current Missions

In Development

10 Year Horizon

- How did our solar system form and evolve?
- Can we find evidence of life elsewhere in the solar system?

 What are the different environments and processes in our solar system? MAVEN, Cassini LRO, SAM/Curiosity Juno,OSIRIS-REx, GEDI, Voyager DAVINCI – Venus Atmosphere LUCY – Trojan Asteroid Survey Comet Nucleus-Sample Return Venus In Situ Explorer Trojan Tour and Lander Enceladus/Titan

Plume Life Detection Mars 2022 orbiter Mars Sample Return Korean Lunar Orbiter Volatile Resources Europa Lander





















Goddard Begins and Ends with Science

Fundamental Questions

• How does the sun work?

- When does space harm us?
- How to live within a star's atmosphere?

Current Missions

ACE, AIM, ARTEMIS, CINDI Cluster, Geotail, Hinode, IBEX, IRIS, MMS, STEREO, SOHO, SDO, Rhessi, Themis, TIMED, TWINS, Van Allen Probes, Voyager, Wind, and over 20 sounding rocket missions

In Development

10 Year Horizon

SET, GOLD, ICON Solar Probe +, Solar Orbiter STP5, Solar-C, SEE 2020 GEC

Solar Sentinels MagCon: ~2025 Other MIDEX and SMEX

HELIOPHYSICS





Outreach: Know your Audience









Outreach: Know your Goals

Reach Largest Group Possible •Calm Fears Create S Advocates Justify Expenditures res Teach Increase Fundir Show Cross Disciplinary Nature of NASA Science



Get to the Point





