## ELEOCHARIS WOLFII Gray Wolf's Spike-rush

FAMILY: Cyperaceae

- HABIT: Herbaceous perennial, 1.5-3 dm., from a slender, creeping rhizome; fruiting May-July.
- SIMILAR SPECIES: This species is similar to other rhizomatous spike-rushes with flattened culms, such as *E. compressa* and *E. rostellata* and can be distinguished from them by fruit characters. *Eleocharis wolfii* differs from *E. rostellata* by having the tubercle being differentiated from the achene. The fruit of *E. compressa* lack the 6-10 longitudinal ridges of *E. wolfii*.
- TOTAL RANGE: IN to Alta., s. to LA and CO; NY.
- STATE RANGE: There are post-1980 records from Jackson County. There is a 1945 collection from Ross County.
- HABITAT: Moist, open areas; pond margins, fields.
- HAZARDS: Overgrowth by woody species through succession; soil compaction.
- RECOVERY POTENTIAL: Unknown, but probably poor.
- INVENTORY GUIDELINES: Collect mature, fruiting specimens with underground parts.
- COMMENTS: This species is rare and local throughout its total range. It is easily overlooked and/or misidentified. This species should be sought throughout southern Ohio.

SELECTED REFERENCES:

- Gleason, H.A., and A. Cronquist. 1991. Manual of vascular plants of northeastern United States and adjacent Canada. New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, New York. 910 pp.
- Svenson, H.K. 1957. Scirpeae (continuatio). N. Am. Flora 18: 509-540.
- Yatskievych, G. 1999. Steyermark's Flora of Missouri Volume 1. Missouri Botanical Garden Press, St. Louis, Missouri. 991 p.



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