ERIOPHORUM VIRIDICARINATUM (Engelm.) Fernald Green Cottongrass

FAMILY: Cyperaceae

HABIT: Tufted, herbaceous perennial, fertile culms 2-9 dm.; fruiting June-mid July.

SIMILAR SPECIES: This genus is very distinctive and unlikely to be misidentified. *E. viridicarinatum* can be distinguished from *E. gracile* by the presence of 2 or more prominent bracts. *E. viridicarinatum* has black to greenish-black pistillate scales with one prominent nerve, while *E. virginicum* has brown to red-brown pistillate scales with 3-5 evident nerves.

TOTAL RANGE: Nfld. to B.C., s. to CT, n. OH, n. IN, MN, CO, and WA.

- STATE RANGE (as of 2008): Post-1980 records are from Ashtabula, Champaign, Geauga, Logan, Portage, Stark, and Summit counties. Pre-1980 records are from Cuyahoga, Erie, Lake, Licking, and Stark counties.
- HABITAT: Open, moist situations, usually in alkaline substrates; fens, peaty meadows, lake margins.

HAZARDS: Overgrowth by woody species through succession.

RECOVERY POTENTIAL: Unknown.

INVENTORY GUIDELINES: Collect complete, mature specimens.

COMMENTS: A conspicuous species that is not likely to be overlooked. Its state range may be accurately known.

SELECTED REFERENCES:

- Gleason, H.A., and A. Cronquist. 1991. Manual of vascular plants of northeastern United States and adjacent Canada. New York Botanical Garden, Bronx, New York. 910 pp.
- Voss, E.G. 1972. Michigan flora, Part I, Gymnosperms and monocots. Cranbrook Inst. of Sci. Bull. 55, Bloomfield Hills, MI. 488 p.



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