# COUNTRY PROFILE

PREPARED BY M/CIO ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND DATA SERVICES (EADS)

## CONGO (KINSHASA)

Subregion Income group	Central Africa Low income			
M PEOPLE				
Population (millions) <sup>1</sup>	77.27	(2015)	120.30	(2030)
Urban <sup>2</sup>	42%	(2015)	50%	(2030)
Rural <sup>2</sup>	58%	(2015)	50%	(2030)
Population growth <sup>1</sup> (annual)	3.1%	(2015)	2.7%	(2030)
Human Development	176/188	3		
Index rank <sup>3</sup>	Low hu	man develop	oment	
Languages <sup>19</sup>	French (official), Lingala (a lingua franca trade language), Kingwana, Kikongo, Tshiluba			
Religion <sup>19</sup>	Roman Catholic 50%, Protestant 20%, Kimbanguist 10%, Muslim 10%, other (includes syncretic sects and indigenous beliefs) 10%			
Ethnic composition <sup>19</sup>	Over 200 African ethnic groups of which the majority are Bantu; the four largest tribes - Mongo, Luba, Kongo (all Bantu), and the Mangbetu -Azande (Hamitic) make up about 45% of the			
	populat	ion		

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Capital <sup>19</sup>	Kinshasa		
Government type <sup>19</sup>	Semi-presidential republic		
Head of State <sup>19</sup>	President Joseph KABILA (since 17 January 2001)		
Head of Govt <sup>19</sup>	Prime Minister Augustin MATATA PONYO Mapon (since 18 April 2012)		
Legislature <sup>19</sup>	Bicameral Parliament or Parlament consists of the Senate and the National Assembly		
Females in Parliament <sup>4</sup>	9%	(2015)	
Corruption Perceptions Index rank <sup>5</sup>	147/167	(2015)	
Ibrahim Index rank <sup>6</sup>	46/54	(2015)	
Land area (sq km) <sup>7</sup>	2,267,050	(1/4 the size of the US)	

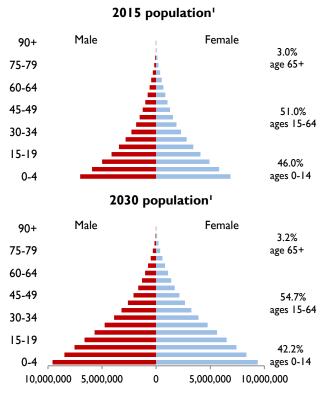
#### OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

From all donors	\$2,398.2	(2014)
(US\$ millions, net) <sup>8</sup>		
as % of income <sup>7</sup>	8.07%	(2014)
per capita <sup>18</sup>	\$32.0	(2014)
From U.S. (US\$ millions) <sup>8</sup>	\$385.1	(2014)

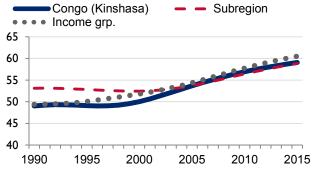


Prepared by M/CIO's Economic Analysis and Data Services (EADS) with data from the International Data and Economic Analysis website (https://idea.usaid.gov/). DISCLAIMER: The views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) or the United States Government.

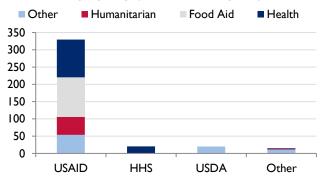
#### November 2016



#### Life expectancy at birth (years)<sup>1</sup>



#### U.S. ODA by agency (US\$ millions, gross), 2014<sup>18</sup>



#### **CONGO (KINSHASA)**

#### EDUCATION

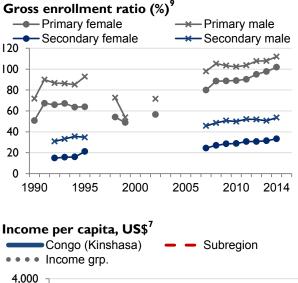
Completion rate, primary gross <sup>7</sup>	66.8%	(2013)
Female completion rate <sup>7</sup>	60.0%	(2013)
Male completion rate <sup>7</sup>	73.5%	(2013)
Pupil-teacher ratio, primary <sup>9</sup>	35	(2014)
Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary <sup>9</sup>	15	(2014)
Public education expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>9</sup>	2.2%	(2013)
Youth literacy rate (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	86%	(2015)
Children out of school, primary <sup>7</sup>	n/a	
Of which, female <sup>7</sup>	n/a	
Of which, male <sup>7</sup>	n/a	

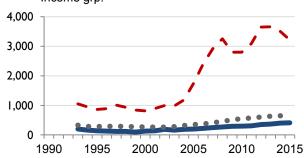
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GDP (US\$ millions) <sup>7</sup>	\$35,238	(2015)
GDP growth (annual %) <sup>7</sup>	6.9%	(2015)
10-year average <sup>7</sup>	6.6%	(2015)
Merchandise exports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$5,599	(2015)
Merchandise imports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$7,537	(2015)
Percent of population living under \$1.90/day <sup>7</sup>	77.1%	(2012)
Share of income going to the poorest 20% <sup>11</sup>	5%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	8%	(2013)
Share of income going to the richest 20% <sup>11</sup>	51%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	42%	(2013)
Youth unemployment (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	11.9%	(2014)
Annual inflation <sup>12</sup>	1.0%	(2015)

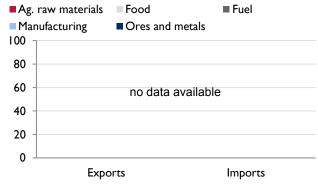
#### HEALTH

Prevalence of HIV (ages 15-49) <sup>13</sup>	0.8%	(2015)
Antiretroviral coverage (% of adults 15+	33%	(2015)
meeting WHO guidelines) <sup>7</sup>		
Prevalence of TB (per 100,000 population) <sup>14</sup>	532	(2014)
Deaths from malaria (per 100,000 population) <sup>14</sup>	69	(2013)
Prevalence of stunting (% of children under 5) <sup>15</sup>	43%	(2013)
DPT3 immunization rate (children aged one) <sup>15</sup>	61%	(2013)
Fertility rate (children per woman) <sup>15</sup>	6.6	(2013)
Modern contraceptive prevalence <sup>15</sup>	8%	(2013)
Births attended by skilled health worker <sup>15</sup>	80%	(2013)
Improved water source (% of population) <sup>4</sup>	52%	(2015)
Public health expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>16</sup>	2%	(2014)

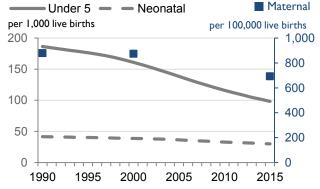




#### Shares of merchandise trade (%)<sup>7</sup>



#### Child and maternal mortality<sup>17,14</sup>



SOURCES: <sup>1</sup>UN, World Population Prospects; <sup>2</sup>UN, World Urbanization Prospects; <sup>3</sup>UNDP, Human Development Report; <sup>4</sup>UN, Millennium Development Goals Indicators; <sup>5</sup>Transparency International, Corruption Perceptions Index and Bribe Payers Index; <sup>6</sup>Mo Ibrahim Foundation, Index of African Governance; <sup>7</sup>World Bank, World Development Indicators; <sup>8</sup>OECD/DAC, Destination of Official Development Assistance and Official Aid - Disbursements (Table 2a); <sup>9</sup>UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) Database; <sup>10</sup>IMF, Direction of Trade Statistics; <sup>11</sup>Population Reference Bureau, World Population Data Sheet; <sup>12</sup>IMF, World Economic Outlook Database; <sup>13</sup>UNAIDS, Report on the Global HIV/AIDS Epidemic; <sup>14</sup>WHO, World Health Statistics; <sup>15</sup>Demographic and Health Surveys, STATcompiler; <sup>16</sup>WHO, Global Health Expenditure Database; <sup>17</sup>UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation, Child Mortality Estimates; <sup>18</sup>OECD/DAC, Creditor Reporting System (CRS++); <sup>19</sup>CIA, World Factbook; World Bank, Country and Lending Groups.

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