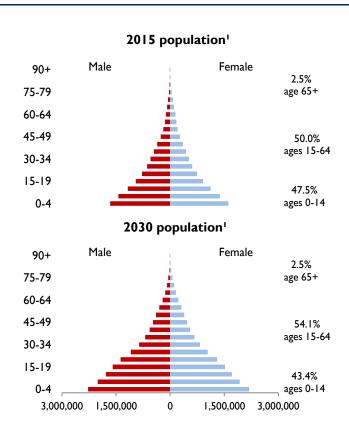
# COUNTRY PROFILE

PREPARED BY M/CIO ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND DATA SERVICES (EADS)

# **MALI**

## November 2016

Subregion	Wes	st Africa				
Income group	Low	Low income				
¶¶¶ PEOPLE						
Population (millions) <sup>1</sup>	17.60	(2015)	27.37	(2030)		
Urban <sup>2</sup>	40%	(2015)	50%	(2030)		
Rural <sup>2</sup>	60%	(2015)	50%	(2030)		
Population growth <sup>1</sup> (annual)	3.0%	(2015)	2.8%	(2030)		
Human Development	179/188					
Index rank <sup>3</sup>	Low human development					
Languages <sup>19</sup>	French (official), Bambara 46.3%, Peul/Foulfoulbe 9.4%, Dogon 7.2%, Maraka/Soninke 6.4%, Malinke 5.6%, Sonrhai/Djerma 5.6%, Minianka 4.3%, Tamacheq 3.5%, Senoufo 2.6%, Bobo 2.1%, unspecified 0.7%, other 6.3%					
Religion <sup>19</sup>	Muslim 94.8%, Christian 2.4%, Animist 2%, none 0.5%, unspecified 0.3% (2009 est.)					
Ethnic composition <sup>19</sup>	Bambara 34.1%, Fulani (Peul) 14.7%, Sarakole 10.8%, Senufo 10.5%, Dogon 8.9%, Malinke 8.7%, Bobo 2.9%, Songhai 1.6%, Tuareg 0.9%, other Malian 6.1%,					
GOVERNMEN	T					
Capital <sup>19</sup>	Bamako	Bamako				
Government type <sup>19</sup>	Semi-presidential republic					
Head of State <sup>19</sup>		President Ibrahim Boubacar KEITA (since 4 September 2013)				
Head of Govt <sup>19</sup>	Prime Mi 2015)	Prime Minister Modibo KEITA (since 8 January				
Legislature <sup>19</sup>	Unicame National		Assembly	y or Assemblee		
Females in Parliament <sup>4</sup>	10%	(2015	5)			
Corruption Perceptions Index rank <sup>5</sup>	95/167	(2015	5)			
Ibrahim Index rank <sup>6</sup>	25/54	(2015	5)			
Land area (sq km) <sup>7</sup>	1,220,19	0 (2X t	he size of	Texas)		
OFFICIAL DEV	ELOP	1ENT A	SSIST	ANCE		
From all donors (US\$ millions, net)8	\$1,233.6	(2014	1)			
as % of income <sup>7</sup>	8.82%	(2014	1)			
per capita <sup>18</sup>	\$72.2	(2014	1)			



#### 

#### U.S. ODA by agency (US\$ millions, gross), 2014<sup>18</sup> Other Agriculture Health Food Aid 160 140 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 **USAID USDA** HHS Other



From U.S. (US\$ millions)8

\$155.3

(2014)





Completion rate, primary gross <sup>7</sup>	53.1%	(2014)
Female completion rate <sup>7</sup>	50.0%	(2014)
Male completion rate <sup>7</sup>	56.0%	(2014)
Pupil-teacher ratio, primary <sup>9</sup>	42	(2014)
Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary <sup>9</sup>	19	(2014)
Public education expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>9</sup>	4.1%	(2014)
Youth literacy rate (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	49%	(2015)
Children out of school, primary <sup>7</sup>	1,029,672	(2014)
Of which, female <sup>7</sup>	54%	(2014)
Of which, male <sup>7</sup>	46%	(2014)



## **ECONOMY**

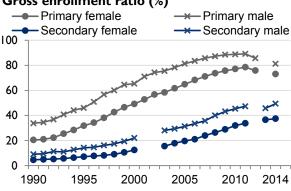
GDP (US\$ millions) <sup>7</sup>	\$13,100	(2015)
GDP growth (annual %) <sup>7</sup>	7.6%	(2015)
10-year average <sup>7</sup>	9.4%	(2015)
Merchandise exports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$902	(2015)
Merchandise imports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$4,279	(2015)
Percent of population living under \$1.90/day <sup>7</sup>	49.3%	(2009)
Share of income going to the poorest 20%11	8%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	8%	(2013)
Share of income going to the richest 20%11	41%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	42%	(2013)
Youth unemployment (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	10.5%	(2014)
Annual inflation <sup>12</sup>	1.4%	(2015)



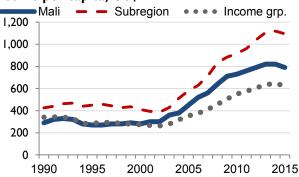
### **HEALTH**

Prevalence of HIV (ages 15-49) <sup>13</sup>		(2015)
Antiretroviral coverage (% of adults 15+	28%	(2015)
meeting WHO guidelines) <sup>7</sup>		
Prevalence of TB (per 100,000 population) <sup>14</sup>		(2014)
Deaths from malaria (per 100,000 population) <sup>14</sup>		(2013)
Prevalence of stunting (% of children under 5) <sup>15</sup>		(2012)
DPT3 immunization rate (children aged one) <sup>15</sup>	63%	(2012)
Fertility rate (children per woman) <sup>15</sup>		(2015)
Modern contraceptive prevalence <sup>15</sup>	10%	(2012)
Births attended by skilled health worker <sup>15</sup>	40%	(2012)
Improved water source (% of population) <sup>4</sup>	77%	(2015)
Public health expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>16</sup>		(2014)

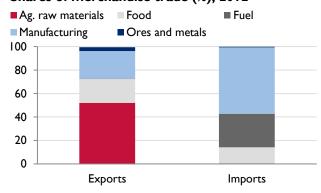




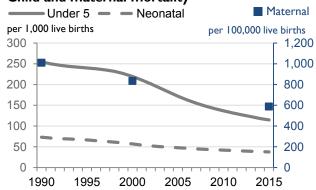
## Income per capita, US\$<sup>7</sup>



## Shares of merchandise trade (%), 2012<sup>7</sup>



## Child and maternal mortality 17,14



SOURCES: <sup>1</sup>UN, World Population Prospects; <sup>2</sup>UN, World Urbanization Prospects; <sup>3</sup>UNDP, Human Development Report; <sup>4</sup>UN, Millennium Development Goals Indicators; <sup>5</sup>Transparency International, Corruption Perceptions Index and Bribe Payers Index; <sup>6</sup>Mo Ibrahim Foundation, Index of African Governance; <sup>7</sup>World Bank, World Development Indicators; <sup>8</sup>OECD/DAC, Destination of Official Development Assistance and Official Aid - Disbursements (Table 2a); <sup>9</sup>UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) Database; <sup>10</sup>IMF, Direction of Trade Statistics; 11 Population Reference Bureau, World Population Data Sheet; 12 IMF, World Economic Outlook Database; 13 UNAIDS, Report on the Global HIV/AIDS Epidemic; <sup>14</sup>WHO, World Health Statistics; <sup>15</sup>Demographic and Health Surveys, STATcompiler; <sup>16</sup>WHO, Global Health Expenditure Database; <sup>17</sup>UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation, Child Mortality Estimates; 18OECD/DAC, Creditor Reporting System (CRS++); 19CIA, World Factbook; World Bank, Country and Lending Groups.