# COUNTRY PROFILE

PREPARED BY M/CIO ECONOMIC ANALYSIS AND DATA SERVICES (EADS)

# PERU

Subregion Income group South America Upper middle income

PEOPLE					
Population (millions) <sup>1</sup>	31.38	(2015)	36.86	(2030)	
Urban <sup>2</sup>	79%	(2015)	83%	(2030)	
Rural <sup>2</sup>	21%	(2015)	17%	(2030)	
Population growth <sup>1</sup> (annual)	1.3%	(2015)	0.9%	(2030)	
Human Development	84/188				
Index rank <sup>3</sup>	High human development				
Languages <sup>19</sup>	Spanish (official) 84.1%, Quechua (official) 13%, Aymara (official) 1.7%, Ashaninka 0.3%, other native languages (includes a large number of minor Amazonian languages) 0.7%, other (includes foreign languages and sign language) 0.2% (2007 est.)				
Religion <sup>19</sup>		Roman Catholic 81.3%, Evangelical 12.5%, other 3.3%, none 2.9% (2007 est.)			
Ethnic composition <sup>19</sup>	Amerindian 45%, mestizo (mixed Amerindian and white) 37%, white 15%, black, Japanese, Chinese, and other 3%				

# 

Capital <sup>19</sup>	Lima		
Government type <sup>19</sup>	Presidential r	republic	
Head of State/Govt <sup>19</sup>	President Pedro Pablo KUCZYNSKI Godard (since 28 July 2016)		
Legislature <sup>19</sup>	Unicameral Congress of the Republic of Peru or Congreso de la Republica del Peru		
Females in Parliament <sup>4</sup>	22%	(2015)	
Corruption Perceptions Index rank <sup>5</sup>	88/167	(2015)	
Land area (sq km) <sup>7</sup>	1,280,000	(2X the size of Texas)	

### OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE

From all donors	\$324.8	(2014)
(US\$ millions, net) <sup>8</sup>		
as % of income <sup>7</sup>	0.16%	(2014)
per capita <sup>18</sup>	\$10.5	(2014)
From U.S. (US\$ millions) <sup>8</sup>	\$118.7	(2014)

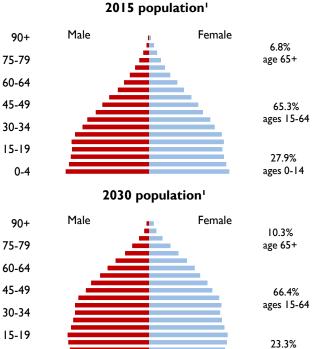


Prepared by M/CIO's Economic Analysis and Data Services (EADS) with data from the International Data and Economic Analysis website (https://idea.usaid.gov/). DISCLAIMER: The views expressed in this publication do not necessarily reflect the views of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) or the United States Government.

# November 2016

ages 0-14

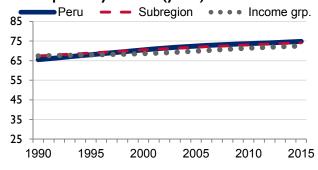
2,000,000



#### Life expectancy at birth (years)<sup>1</sup>

1,000,000

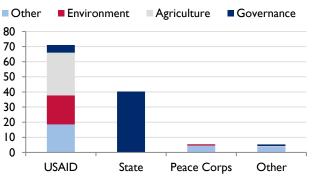
2,000,000



0

1,000,000

#### U.S. ODA by agency (US\$ millions, gross), 2014<sup>18</sup>



PERU

#### **EDUCATION**

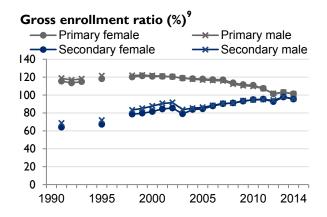
Completion rate, primary gross <sup>7</sup>	95.9%	(2014)
Female completion rate <sup>7</sup>	96.7%	(2014)
Male completion rate <sup>7</sup>	95.2%	(2014)
Pupil-teacher ratio, primary <sup>9</sup>	18	(2014)
Pupil-teacher ratio, secondary <sup>9</sup>	14	(2014)
Public education expenditure (% of GDP) <sup>9</sup>	3.3%	(2014)
Youth literacy rate (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	99%	(2015)
Children out of school, primary <sup>7</sup>	161,695	(2014)
Of which, female <sup>7</sup>	45%	(2014)
Of which, male <sup>7</sup>	55%	(2014)

# S ECONOMY

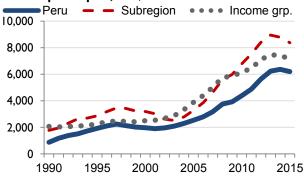
GDP (US\$ millions) <sup>7</sup>	\$192,084	(2015)
GDP growth (annual %) <sup>7</sup>	3.3%	(2015)
10-year average <sup>7</sup>	5.8%	(2015)
Merchandise exports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$32,784	(2015)
Merchandise imports (US\$ millions) <sup>10</sup>	\$41,763	(2015)
Percent of population living under \$1.90/day <sup>7</sup>	3.1%	(2014)
Share of income going to the poorest 20% <sup>11</sup>	4%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	8%	(2013)
Share of income going to the richest 20% <sup>11</sup>	53%	(2013)
OECD average <sup>11</sup>	42%	(2013)
Youth unemployment (ages 15-24) <sup>7</sup>	9.2%	(2014)
Annual inflation <sup>12</sup>	3.5%	(2015)

#### HEALTH

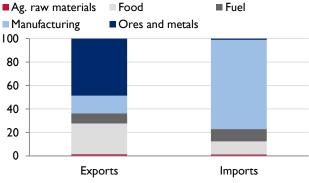
(2015) (2015) (2014)
( )
(2014)
(2014)
(2013)
(2012)
(2012)
(2012)
(2012)
(2012)
(2015)
(2014)



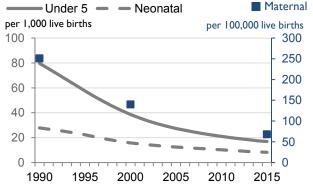
#### Income per capita, US\$<sup>7</sup>



#### Shares of merchandise trade (%), 2015<sup>7</sup>



## Child and maternal mortality<sup>17,14</sup>



SOURCES: <sup>1</sup>UN, World Population Prospects; <sup>2</sup>UN, World Urbanization Prospects; <sup>3</sup>UNDP, Human Development Report; <sup>4</sup>UN, Millennium Development Goals Indicators; <sup>5</sup>Transparency International, Corruption Perceptions Index and Bribe Payers Index; <sup>6</sup>Mo Ibrahim Foundation, Index of African Governance; <sup>7</sup>World Bank, World Development Indicators; <sup>8</sup>OECD/DAC, Destination of Official Development Assistance and Official Aid - Disbursements (Table 2a); <sup>9</sup>UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS) Database; <sup>10</sup>IMF, Direction of Trade Statistics; <sup>11</sup>Population Reference Bureau, World Population Data Sheet; <sup>12</sup>IMF, World Economic Outlook Database; <sup>13</sup>UNAIDS, Report on the Global HIV/AIDS Epidemic; <sup>14</sup>WHO, World Health Statistics; <sup>15</sup>Demographic and Health Surveys, STATcompiler; <sup>16</sup>WHO, Global Health Expenditure Database; <sup>17</sup>UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality Estimation, Child Mortality Estimates; <sup>18</sup>OECD/DAC, Creditor Reporting System (CRS++); <sup>19</sup>CIA, World Factbook; World Bank, Country and Lending Groups.

# November 2016