

Cattle

Washington, D.C.

Released July 20, 2001, by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, U.S. Department of Agriculture. For information on "Cattle" call Steve Anderson at 202-720-3040, office hours 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET.

July 1 Cattle Inventory Down Slightly

All cattle and calves in the United States as of July 1, 2001, totaled 105.8 million head, slightly below the 106.3 million on July 1, 2000 and 1 percent below the 107.0 million two years ago.

All cows and heifers that have calved, at 43.0 million, were slightly below the 43.2 million on July 1, 2000 and 1 percent below the 43.3 million two years ago.

- **Beef cows**, at 33.9 million, were down slightly from July 1, 2000 and 1 percent below two years ago.
- **Milk cows**, at 9.15 million, were down 1 percent from July 1, 2000 but was unchanged from two years ago.

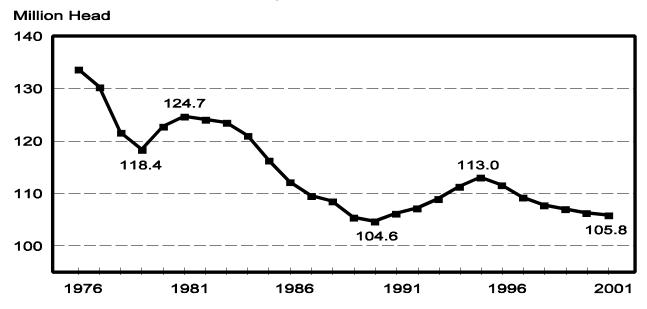
Other class estimates on July 1, 2001, and the changes from July 1 last year and two years ago, respectively, are as follows:

- All heifers 500 pounds and over, 16.4 million, down 1 percent from both years.
- Beef replacement heifers, 4.6 million, down 2 percent and down 4 percent.
- Milk replacement heifers, 3.6 million, down 3 percent from both years.
- Other heifers, 8.2 million, up 1 percent for both years.
- Steers weighing 500 pounds and over, 14.6 million, up 2 percent and up 1 percent.
- **Bulls** weighing 500 pounds and over, 2.1 million, unchanged and down 5 percent.
- Calves under 500 pounds, 29.7 million, down 2 percent and down 3 percent.
- All cattle and calves on feed for slaughter, 13.1 million, up 7 percent and up 14 percent.

Calf Crop Down 1 Percent

The 2001 calf crop is expected to be 38.4 million, down 1 percent from 2000 and 1999. Calves born during the first half of the year are estimated at 28.2 million, down 1 percent from both years.

United States Cattle Inventory July 1, 1976 - 2001



This report was approved on July 20, 2001.

Acting Secretary of Agriculture Bill Hawks

Bill Hamks

Agricultural Statistics Board Acting Chairperson Steven D. Wiyatt

Steven A. Wing

Cattle and Calves: Number by Class and Calf Crop, United States, July 1, 1999-2001

Class	1999	2000	2001	2001 as % of 2000	
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent	
Cattle and Calves	107,000	106,300	105,800	100	
Cows and Heifers That Have Calved	43,300	43,200	43,000	100	
Beef Cows	34,150	33,950	33,850	100	
Milk Cows	9,150	9,250	9,150	99	
Heifers 500 Pounds and Over	16,600	16,500	16,400	99	
For Beef Cow Replacement	4,800	4,700	4,600	98	
For Milk Cow Replacement	3,700	3,700	3,600	97	
Other Heifers	8,100	8,100	8,200	101	
Steers 500 Pounds and Over	14,400	14,300	14,600	102	
Bulls 500 Pounds and Over	2,200	2,100	2,100	100	
Calves Under 500 Pounds	30,500	30,200	29,700	98	
Calf Crop	38,796	38,621	38,400	99	
Cattle on Feed	11,500	12,300	13,100	107	

Calf Crop: Number and Percent of Total by Six-Month Period, United States, 1999-2000 and Preliminary Calf Crop, 2001

	1999	9	2000		200	001		
Period	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total	Number	% of Total		
	1,000 Hd	Percent	1,000 Hd	Percent	1,000 Hd	Percent		
Jan 1 - Jun 30 Jul 1 - Dec 31	28,500 10,296	73.5 26.5	28,400 10,221	73.5 26.5	28,200 10,200	73.4 26.6		
Total	38,796	100.0	38,621	100.0	38,400	100.0		

Cattle and Calves: Balance Sheet, United States, January 1 - June 30, 1999-2001 1

Sandary 1 - Sunc 30, 1777-2001							
Item	1999	2000	2001				
	Million Head	Million Head	Million Head				
January 1 Inventory Calf Crop and Imports	99.1 29.5	98.2 29.5	97.3 29.6				
Total Supply ²	128.6	127.7	126.9				
Slaughter Deaths and Exports	18.6 2.5	18.9 2.7	18.1 2.7				
Total Disappearance ²	21.1	21.5	20.8				
Residual ²	-0.4	0.1	-0.3				
July 1 Inventory	107.0	106.3	105.8				

¹ Preliminary.

² Totals may not add due to rounding.

Cattle and Calves: Number by Class, State, and United States, July 1, 2000-2001

			July 1, 2000-20	01				
	A	Il Cattle and Calve	es	All Cows That Have Calved				
State	2000	2001	2001 as % of 2000	2000	2001	2001 as % of 2000		
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent		
CA	5,000	5,200	104	2,310	2,360	102		
CO	3,500	3,300	94	960	930	97		
IA	3,950	3,850	97	1,250	1,220	98		
KS	6,950	6,900	99	1,740	1,730	99		
MO	4,700	4,650	99	2,220	2,200	99		
MT	3,750	3,500	93	1,630	1,570	96		
NE	7,250	7,250	100	2,100	2,100	100		
OK	5,500	5,400	98	2,100	2,050	98		
SD	4,900	5,100	104	1,950	2,050	105		
TX	14,900	15,000	101	6,100	6,000	98		
WI	3,700	3,600	97	1,600	1,550	97		
Oth Sts	42,200	42,050	100	19,240	19,240	100		
US	106,300	105,800	100	43,200	43,000	100		
	Beef Cows That Have Calved			Milk	Milk Cows That Have Calved			
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent		
CA	785	770	98	1,525	1,590	104		
CO	875	838	96	85	92	108		
IA	1,035	1,010	98	215	210	98		
KS	1,650	1,640	99	90	90	100		
MO	2,066	2,053	99	154	147	95		
MT	1,612	1,551	96	18	19	106		
NE	2,025	2,027	100	75	73	97		
OK	2,009	1,961	98	91	89	98		
SD	1,847	1,951	106	103	99	96		
TX	5,750	5,675	99	350	325	93		
WI	255	260	102	1,345	1,290	96		
Oth Sts	14,041	14,114	101	5,199	5,126	99		
US	33,950	33,850	100	9,250	9,150	99		

Calf Crop: Number by State and United States, 2000-2001

can crop. Italiser by State and Chited States, 2000 2001						
State	2000	2001 1	2001 as % 2000			
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent			
CA	1,980	2,030	103			
CO	880	840	95			
IA	1,120	1,110	99			
KS	1,480	1,450	98			
MO	2,060	2,040	99			
MT	1,620	1,550	96			
NE	1,840	1,840	100			
OK	1,850	1,800	97			
SD	1,850	1,930	104			
TX	5,100	5,100	100			
WI	1,410	1,370	97			
Oth Sts	17,431	17,340	99			
US	38,621	38,400	99			

¹ Preliminary.

Reliability of July 1 Cattle and Calves Estimates

Survey Procedures: A random sample of U.S. producers was surveyed to provide data for these estimates. Survey procedures ensured that all cattle producers, regardless of size, had a chance to be included in the survey. Data were collected during the first half of June from almost 40,000 small and medium sized operations. These operators were contacted by face-to-face personal interviews. About 9,500 large producers and feedlots were contacted during the first half of July by mail, telephone, and face-to-face personal interviews. Operators were asked to report inventories as of the first of the month and calf crop for the entire year of 2001.

Estimating Procedures: These cattle estimates were prepared by the Agricultural Statistics Board after reviewing National and State indications and analysis. National and State survey data were reviewed for reasonableness with each other and with estimates from the previous year using a balance sheet. The balance sheet begins with the previous inventory estimate, adds to it estimates of births and imports for the first six months, and subtracts estimates of slaughter, exports, and deaths for the first six months of the current year. This indicated ending inventory level is compared to the Agricultural Statistics Board estimate for reasonableness.

Revision Policy: Revisions to previous estimates are made to improve year to year and item to item relationships. Estimates for the previous year are subject to revision when current estimates are made and when the January 1 cattle inventory estimates are made. The reviews are primarily based on livestock slaughter and additional foreign trade and survey data. Estimates will also be reviewed after data from the five-year Census of Agriculture are available. No revisions will be made after that date.

Reliability: Since all cattle operators are not included in the sample, survey estimates are subject to sampling variability. Survey results are also subject to non-sampling errors such as omissions, duplications, and mistakes in reporting, recording, and processing the data. The effects of these errors cannot be measured directly. They are minimized through rigid quality controls in the data collection process and through a careful review of all reported data for consistency and reasonableness.

To assist users in evaluating the reliability of estimates in this report, the "Root Mean Square Error" is shown for selected items in the following table. The "Root Mean Square Error" is a statistical measure based on past performance and is computed using the differences between first and latest estimates. The "Root Mean Square Error" for cattle inventory estimates over the past 20 years is 0.6 percent. This means that chances are 2 out of 3 that the final estimate will not be above or below the current estimate of 105.8 million head by more than 0.6 percent. Chances are 9 out of 10 that the difference will not exceed 1.1 percent.

The table below also shows a 20 year record of the range of differences between first and latest estimates for selected items. Using estimates of all cattle and calves as an example, changes between the first inventory estimate and the latest estimate during the past 20 years have averaged 274,000 head, ranging from 0 to 1,500,000 head. During this period the initial inventory estimate has been below the latest estimate 5 times, above the latest estimate 9 times, and unchanged 6 times. This does not imply that the July 1 estimate is likely to understate or overstate final inventory.

Reliability of July 1 Cattle Estimates 12

Item So	Root Mean	T 1		Difference Between First and Latest Estimates			Number of Years	
	Square Error	Percent	Head	Average	Smallest	Largest	First Above Latest	First Below Latest
	Percent	Percent	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Number	Number
All Cattle	0.6	1.1	1,164	274	0	1,500	9	5
All Cows	0.8	1.4	602	119	0	1,100	9	6
Calf Crop	1.7	2.9	1,114	224	23	1,236	13	7

¹ Based on data from July 1981 through July 2000.

² Data in the above table do not reflect the 1-3 percent changes made during the 1989-93 historic revision period. The root mean square error's would be about 1 percentage point higher if these were included.

The next "Cattle" report will be released at 3 p.m. ET on February 1, 2002.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, political beliefs, sexual orientation, and marital or family status. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact the USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C., 20250-9410, or call 202-720-5964 (voice or TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

ACCESS TO REPORTS!!

For your convenience, there are several ways to obtain NASS reports, data products, and services:

INTERNET ACCESS

All NASS reports are available free of charge on the worldwide Internet. For access, connect to the Internet and go to the NASS Home Page at: http://www.usda.gov/nass/. Select "Today's Reports" or Publications and then Reports by Calendar or Publications and then Search, by Title or Subject.

E-MAIL SUBSCRIPTION

There are two options for subscribing via e-mail. All NASS reports are available by subscription free of charge direct to your e-mail address. 1) Starting with the NASS Home Page at http://www.usda.gov/nass/, click on Publications, then click on the Subscribe by E-mail button which takes you to the page describing e-mail delivery of reports. Finally, click on Go to the Subscription Page and follow the instructions. 2) If you do NOT have Internet access, send an e-mail message to: usda-reports@usda-mannlib.cornell.edu. In the body of the message type the word: list.

AUTOFAX ACCESS

NASSFax service is available for some reports from your fax machine. Please call 202-720-2000, using the handset attached to your fax. Respond to the voice prompts. Document 0411 is a list of available reports.

PRINTED REPORTS OR DATA PRODUCTS

CALL OUR TOLL-FREE ORDER DESK: 800-999-6779 (U.S. and Canada) Other areas, please call 703-605-6220 FAX: 703-605-6900 (Visa, MasterCard, check, or money order acceptable for payment.)

ASSISTANCE

For **assistance** with general agricultural statistics or further information about NASS or its products or services, contact the **Agricultural Statistics Hotline** at **800-727-9540**, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: **nass@nass.usda.gov.**