

Cattle

Released July 20, 2007, by the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS), Agricultural Statistics Board, U.S. Department of Agriculture. For information on *Cattle* call Mike Miller at 202-720-3040, office hours 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET.

July 1 Cattle Inventory Down Slightly

All cattle and calves in the United States as of July 1, 2007, totaled 104.8 million head, slightly below the 105.2 million on July 1, 2006 but 1 percent above the 104.2 million two years ago.

All cows and heifers that have calved, at 42.5 million, were down slightly from the 42.6 million on July 1, 2006 but unchanged from two years ago.

- Beef cows, at 33.4 million, were down slightly from July 1, 2006 and July 1, 2005.
- Milk cows, at 9.15 million, were unchanged from July 1, 2006 but up 1 percent from two years ago.

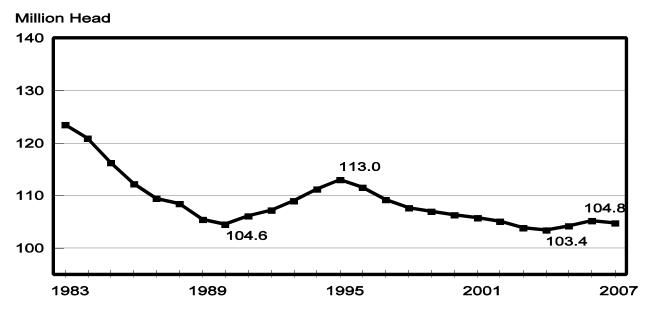
Other class estimates on July 1, 2007 and the changes from July 1, 2006, are as follows:

- All heifers 500 pounds and over, 16.6 million, unchanged.
- **Beef replacement heifers**, 4.7 million, down 6 percent.
- Milk replacement heifers, 3.9 million, up 3 percent.
- Other heifers, 8.0 million, up 3 percent.
- Steers weighing 500 pounds and over, 14.9 million, down 1 percent.
- **Bulls** weighing 500 pounds and over, 2.1 million, unchanged.
- Calves under 500 pounds, 28.7 million, down 1 percent.
- All cattle and calves on feed for slaughter, 12.3 million, down 2 percent.

Calf Crop Down Slightly

The 2007 calf crop is expected to be 37.4 million, down slightly from 2006 and 2005. Calves born during the first half of the year are estimated at 27.2 million, down 1 percent from 2006 and 2005.

United States Cattle Inventory July 1, 1983 - 2007



This report was approved on July 20, 2007.

Acting Secretary of Agriculture

Charles F. Conner

Agricultural Statistics Board Chairperson Carol C. House

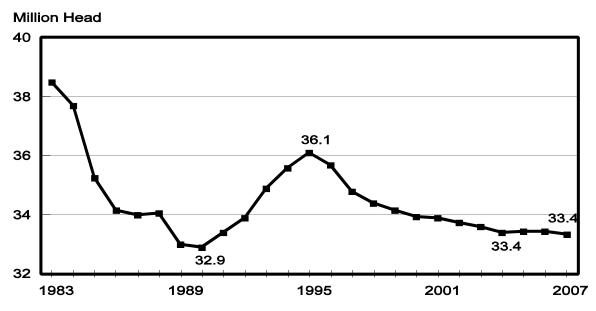
Cattle and Calves: Number by Class and Calf Crop, United States, July 1, 2005-2007

Class	2005	2006	2007	2007 as % of 2006	
	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Percent	
Cattle and Calves	104,200	105,200	104,800	100	
Cows and Heifers That Have Calved	42,500	42,600	42,500	100	
Beef Cows	33,450	33,450	33,350	100	
Milk Cows	9,050	9,150	9,150	100	
Heifers 500 Pounds and Over	16,200	16,600	16,600	100	
For Beef Cow Replacement	5,000	5,000	4,700	94	
For Milk Cow Replacement	3,700	3,800	3,900	103	
Other Heifers	7,500	7,800	8,000	103	
Steers 500 Pounds and Over	14,500	15,000	14,900	99	
Bulls 500 Pounds and Over	2,100	2,100	2,100	100	
Calves Under 500 Pounds	28,900	28,900	28,700	99	
Calf Crop	37,575	37,567	37,400	100	
Cattle on Feed	12,000	12,500	12,300	98	

Calf Crop: Number and Percent of Total by Six-Month Period, United States, 2005-2006 and Preliminary Calf Crop, 2007

Cincustates, 2005 2006 and 1 terminary Carr Crop, 2007							
	2005		200	6	2007		
Period	Number	% of Total	Number % of Total Number		Number	% of Total	
	1,000 Hd	Percent	1,000 Hd	Percent	1,000 Hd	Percent	
Jan 1 - Jun 30 Jul 1 - Dec 31	27,300 10,275	72.7 27.3	27,350 10,217	72.8 27.2	27,150 10,250	72.6 27.4	
Total	37,575	100.0	37,567	100.0	37,400	100.0	

United States Beef Cow Inventory July 1, 1983 - 2007



Reliability of July 1 Cattle and Calves Estimates

Survey Procedures: A random sample of U.S. producers was surveyed to provide data for these estimates. Survey procedures ensured that all cattle producers, regardless of size, had a chance to be included in the survey. Data were collected during the first half of June from about 40,000 small and medium sized operations. These operators were contacted by face-to-face personal interviews. About 10,000 large producers and feedlots were contacted during the first half of July by mail, telephone, and face-to-face personal interviews. Operators were asked to report inventories as of the first of the month and calf crop for the entire year of 2007.

Estimating Procedures: These cattle estimates were prepared by the Agricultural Statistics Board after reviewing National and State indications and analysis. National and State survey data were reviewed for reasonableness with each other and with estimates from the previous year using a balance sheet. The balance sheet begins with the previous inventory estimate, adds to it estimates of births and imports for the first six months, and subtracts estimates of slaughter, exports, and deaths for the first six months of the current year. This indicated ending inventory level is compared to the Agricultural Statistics Board estimate for reasonableness.

Revision Policy: Revisions to previous estimates are made to improve year to year and item to item relationships. Estimates for the previous year are subject to revision when current estimates are made and when the January 1 cattle inventory estimates are made. The reviews are primarily based on livestock slaughter and additional foreign trade and survey data. Estimates will also be reviewed after data from the five-year Census of Agriculture are available. No revisions will be made after that date.

Reliability: Since all cattle operators are not included in the sample, survey estimates are subject to sampling variability. Survey results are also subject to non-sampling errors such as omissions, duplications, and mistakes in reporting, recording, and processing the data. The effects of these errors cannot be measured directly. They are minimized through rigid quality controls in the data collection process and through a careful review of all reported data for consistency and reasonableness.

To assist users in evaluating the reliability of estimates in this report, the "**Root Mean Square Error**" is shown for selected items in the following table. The "Root Mean Square Error" is a statistical measure based on past performance and is computed using the differences between first and latest estimates. The "Root Mean Square Error" for cattle inventory estimates over the past 20 years is 0.5 percent. This means that chances are 2 out of 3 that the final estimate will not be above or below the current estimate of 104.8 million head by more than 0.5 percent. Chances are 9 out of 10 that the difference will not exceed 0.9 percent.

The table below also shows a 20 year record of the range of differences between first and latest estimates for selected items. Using estimates of all cattle and calves as an example, changes between the first inventory estimate and the latest estimate during the past 20 years have averaged 400,000 head, ranging from 0 to 1,300,000 head. During this period the initial inventory estimate has been below the latest estimate 4 times, above the latest estimate 13 times, and unchanged 3 times. This does not imply that the July 1 estimate is likely to understate or overstate final inventory.

Reliability of July 1 Cattle Estimates 12

Item	Root Mean	90 Percent Confidence Level		Difference Between First and Latest Estimates			Number of Years	
	Square Error	Percent	Head	Average	Smallest	Largest	First Above Latest	First Below Latest
	Percent	Percent	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	1,000 Head	Number	Number
All Cattle	0.5	0.9	921	400	0	1,300	13	4
All Cows	0.9	1.5	643	240	0	1,100	10	5
Calf Crop	1.5	2.6	980	460	23	1,236	15	5

¹ Based on data from July 1987 through July 2006.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity specialists in the Livestock Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information.

Dan Kerestes, Chief, Livestock Branch	(202) 720-3570
Shawn Clark, Head, Livestock Section Bruce Boess - Hogs and Pigs Shawn Clark - Dairy Products Jason Hardegree - Milk Production and Milk Cows Scott Hollis - Sheep & Lambs, Goats & Kids Mike Miller - Cattle, Cattle on Feed Benita Hodge - Livestock Slaughter	(202) 720-3106 (202) 690-3236 (202) 720-3278 (202) 720-4751 (202) 720-3040
Charmaine Wilson - Dairy Products Prices	

² Data in the above table do not reflect the 1-3 percent changes made during the 1989-93 historic revision period. The root mean square error's would be about 1 percentage point higher if these were included.

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