Mississippi State Department of Health **List of Reportable Diseases and Conditions**

Reporting Hotline: 1-800-556-0003 (Monday - Friday, 8:00 am - 5:00 pm)

To report inside the Jackson telephone area or for consultative services

Monday - Friday, 8:00 am - 5:00 pm: (601) 576-7725

Phone Fax

Epidemiology (601) 576-7725 (601) 576-7497

> STD/HIV (601) 576-7723 TB (601) 576-7700

Mail reports to: Office of Epidemiology, Mississippi State Department of Health, Post Office Box 1700, Jackson, Mississippi 39215-1700

Class 1A Conditions should be reported within 24 hours (nights, weekends and holidays by calling: (601) 576-7400)

Class 1A: Diseases of major public health importance which shall be reported directly to the Department of Health by telephone within 24 hours of first knowledge or suspicion. Class 1A diseases and conditions are dictated by requiring an immediate public health response. Laboratory directors have an obligation to report laboratory findings for selected diseases (refer to Appendix B of the Rules and Regulations Governing Reportable Diseases and Conditions).

Any Suspected Outbreak (including but not limited to foodborne, waterborne and respiratory outbreaks)

Rabies (human or animal) Anthrax Hepatitis A Ricin intoxication (castor beans) Influenza-associated pediatric mortality (<18 years of age) Botulism (including foodborne, infant or wound)

Brucellosis Measles Smallpox Diphtheria Melioidosis Tuberculosis Escherichia coli O157:H7 and any shiga toxin-producing Neisseria meningitidis Invasive Disease^{†‡} Tularemia Typhoid fever E. coli (STEC) Pertussis Typhus fever Glanders Plague

Haemophilus influenzae Invasive Disease^{†‡} Viral hemorrhagic fevers (filoviruses [e.g., Poliomyelitis Ebola, Marburg] and arenaviruses [e.g., Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS), post-diarrheal **Psittacosis** Lassa, Machupol) Q Fever

Any unusual disease or manifestation of illness, including but not limited to the appearance of a novel or previously controlled or eradicated infectious agent, or biological or chemical toxin.

Class 1B Conditions should be reported within 24 hours (within one business day)

Class 1B: Diseases of major public health importance which shall be reported directly to the Department of Health by telephone within one business day after first knowledge or suspicion. Class 1B diseases and conditions require individual case investigation, but not an immediate public health response. Laboratory directors have an obligation to report laboratory findings for selected diseases (refer to Appendix B of the Rules and Regulations Governing Reportable Diseases and Conditions).

Arboviral infection including but not limited to:

California encephalitis virus

Chikungunya virus Dengue

Eastern equine encephalitis virus

LaCrosse virus

Western equine encephalitis virus

St. Louis encephalitis virus West Nile virus

Chancroid Cholera

Encephalitis (human) HIV infection-including AIDS

Legionellosis

Non-cholera Vibrio disease Staphylococcus aureus,

vancomycin resistant (VRSA) or vancomycin intermediate (VISA) Syphilis (including congenital)

Typhoid Fever

Varicella infection, primary, in patients

>15 years of age Yellow Fever

Class 2: Diseases or conditions of public health importance of which individual cases shall be reported by mail, telephone, fax or electronically, within 1 week of diagnosis. In outbreaks or other unusual circumstances they shall be reported the same as Class 1A. Class 2 diseases and conditions are those for which an immediate public health response is not needed for individual cases.

HIV infection in pregnancy Chlamydia trachomatis, genital infection Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease, including new variant Listeriosis Rocky Mountain spotted fever

Ehrlichiosis

Enterococcus, invasive infection[‡], vancomycin resistant

Gonorrhea

Hepatitis (acute, viral only) Note - Hepatitis A requires

Class 1A Report

Hepatitis B infection in pregnancy

Lyme disease Malaria

Meningitis other than Meningococcal or

Haemophilus influenzae

Mumps

M. tuberculosis Infection (positive TST or IGRA*)

Poisonings**(including elevated blood lead levels***)

Rubella (including congenital)

Spinal cord injuries

Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive infection[‡]

Tetanus Trichinosis

Viral encephalitis in horses and ratities****

****Except for rabies and equine encephalitis, diseases occurring in animals are not required to be reported to the MSDH.

Class 3: Laboratory based surveillance. To be reported by laboratories only. Diseases or conditions of public health importance of which individual laboratory findings shall be reported by mail, telephone, fax or electronically within one week of completion of laboratory tests (refer to Appendix B of the Rules and Regulations Governing Reportable Diseases and Conditions).

All blood lead test results in patients ≤6 years of age

Campylobacteriosis

Carbepenam-resistant Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) Enterobacter species, E.coli or Klebsiella species only CD4 count and HIV viral load*

Chagas Disease (American trypanosomiasis)

Cryptosporidiosis Hansen disease (Leprosy) Hepatitis C infection

Nontuberculous mycobacterial disease

Salmonellosis Shigellosis

Class 4: Diseases of public health importance for which immediate reporting is not necessary for surveillance or control efforts. Diseases and conditions in this category shall be reported to the Mississippi Cancer Registry within six months of the date of first contact for the reportable condition.

The National Program of Cancer Registries at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention requires the collection of certain diseases and conditions. A comprehensive reportable list including ICD9CM/ICD10CM codes is available on the Mississippi Cancer Registry website.

https://www.umc.edu/Administration/Outreach_Services/Mississippi_Cancer_Registry/Reportable_Diseases.aspx.

Each record shall provide a minimum set of data items which meets the uniform standards required by the National Program of Cancer Registries and documented in the North American Association of Central Cancer Registries (NAACCR).

For further information, please refer to the Mississippi State Department of Health's website at www.msdh.state.ms.us.

Revision: August 14, 2015

[†]Usually presents as meningitis or septicemia, or less commonly as cellulitis, epiglottitis, osteomyelitis, pericarditis or septic arthritis.

[‡]Specimen obtained from a normally sterile site.

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^{*}TST-tuberculin skin test; IGRA-Interferon-Gamma Release Assay (to include size of TST in millimeters and numerical results of IGRA testing).

^{**}Reports for poisonings shall be made to Mississippi Poison Control Center, UMMC 1-800-222-1222.

^{***}Elevated blood lead levels (as designated below) should be reported to the MSDH Lead Program at (601) 576-7447. Blood lead levels (venous) ≥5µg/dL in patients less than or equal to 6 years of age.

^{*}HIV associated CD4 (T4) lymphocyte results of any value and HIV viral load results, both detectable and undetectable.

Laboratory Results that must be Reported to the Mississippi State Department of Health

Laboratories shall report these findings to the MSDH at least WEEKLY. Diseases in bold type are Class 1A diseases and shall be reported immediately by telephone. Isolates of organisms marked with a dagger (†) shall be sent to the MSDH Public Health Laboratory (PHL). All referring laboratories should call the PHL at (601) 576-7582 prior to shipping any isolate. Confirmatory tests for some of these results may be obtained by special arrangement through the Epidemiology Program at (601) 576-7725.

Positive Bacterial Cultures or Direct Examinations (including PCR) Result Reportable Disease Any bacterial agent in CSF **Bacterial meningitis** Bacillus anthracis **Anthrax** Bordetella pertussis **Pertussis** Borrelia burgdorferi 1 Lyme disease Brucella species † **Brucellosis** Burkholderia mallei † **Glanders** Melioidosis Burkholderia pseudomallei † Campylobacter species Campylobacteriosis Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacter species, E. coli, or Klebsiella species Carbapenem-resistant Enterobacteriaceae, (CRE) Chlamydia psittaci **Psittacosis** Chlamydia trachomatis Chlamvdia trachomatis genital infection Clostridium botulinum †** **Botulism** Clostridium tetani Tetanus Diphtheria Corynebacterium diphtheriae † Coxiella burnetii † Q fever Ehrlichia species **Ehrlichiosis** Enterococcus infection, invasive vancomycin resistant Enterococcus species,* vancomycin resistant Escherichia coli O157:H7 and any shiga toxin-producing E. coli (STEC) Escherichia coli O157:H7 and any shiga toxin-producing E. coli (STEC) Francisella tularensis † Tularemia Grimontia hollisae † Noncholera Vibrio disease Haemophilus ducreyi Chancroid Haemophilus influenzae †* Haemophilus influenzae infection, invasive Legionella species Legionellosis Listeria monocytogenes † Listeriosis Mycobacterium species Nontuberculous mycobacterial disease Mycobacterium tuberculosis † **Tuberculosis** Neisseria gonorrhoeae Gonorrhea Neisseria meningitidis infection, invasive Neisseria meningitidis †* Photobacterium damselae † Noncholera Vibrio disease Rickettsia prowazekii **Typhus Fever**

Rickettsia rickettsia Salmonella species, not S. typhi †

Salmonella typhi † Shigella species 1

Staphylococcus aureus, vancomycin resistant or

vancomycin intermediate 1

Streptococcus pneumoniae* Vibrio cholerae

Vibrio species [†] Yersinia pestis † Cholera

Salmonellosis **Typhoid fever**

Shigellosis

Noncholera Vibrio disease

Rocky Mountain spotted fever

Plague

vancomycin intermediate (VISA)

Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive infection

Staphylococcus aureus vancomycin resistant (VRSA) or

Isolates of organism shall be sent to the MSDH PHL. All referring laboratories should call the PHL at (601) 576-7582 prior to shipping any isolate.

*Specimen obtained from a normally sterile site (usually blood or cerebrospinal fluid, or, less commonly, joint, pleural, or pericardial fluid). Do not report throat or sputum isolates. **Contact the MSDH Epidemiology Program at (601) 576-7725 or the PHL at (601) 576-7582 for appropriate tests when considering a diagnosis of botulism.

Positive Serologic Tests For: Arboviral agents including but not limited to those due to:

California encephalitis virus (IgM)

Chikungunya virus (IgM) Dengue (IgM) Eastern equine encephalitis virus (IgM)

LaCrosse virus (IgM)

St. Louis encephalitis virus (IgM)

Western equine encephalitis virus (IgM)

West Nile virus (IgM)

Brucellosis

Chagas Disease (American trypanosomiasis)

Ehrlichiosis (IgM and IgG) Hepatitis A (anti-HAV IgM) Hepatitis B (anti-HBc IgM) Hepatitis B (HBsAg) in pregnancy Hepatitis C

HIV infection Legionellosis[§] (including urine Ag)

Lyme disease (IgM and IgG, including Western Blot)

Measles (IgM)

Mumps (IgM)

M. tuberculosis infection (IGRA)

Plague Poliomyelitis Psittacosis

Rocky Mountain spotted fever (IgM and IgG)

Rubella (IgM) Syphilis **Smallpox**

Trichinosis Varicella infection, primary in patients >15 years

of age (IgM) Yellow fever (IgM)

Serologic confirmation of an acute case of legionellosis cannot be based on a single titer. There must be a four-fold rise in titer to >1:128 between acute and convalescent specimens.

Positive Parasitic Cultures or Direct Examinations (i	sitic Cultures or Direct Examinations (including PCR)	
Result	Reportable Disease	ALL blood lead test results in patients less
Any parasite in CSF [†]	Parasitic meningitis	than or equal to 6 years of age are reportable to the
Cryptosporidium parvum	Cryptosporidiosis	MSDH Lead Program at (601) 576-7447.
Trypanosoma cruzi	Chagas Disease (American Trypanosomiasis)	
Plasmodium species †	Malaria	

Positive Fungal Cultures or Direct Examinations		Positive Toxin Identification
Result	Reportable Disease	Ricin toxin from Ricinus communis (castor beans)
Any fungus in CSF	Fungal meningitis	Shiga toxin (Escherichia coli)

Positive Viral Cultures or Direct Examinations (including PCR)		Surgical Pathology results
Any virus in CSF Arboviral agents including but not limited to those due to: California encephalitis virus Chikungunya virus Dengue virus, serotype 1, 2, 3 or 4 Eastern equine encephalitis virus LaCrosse virus St. Louis encephalitis virus Western equine encephalitis virus West Nile virus	Arenaviruses (Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers) Filoviruses (Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers) Poliovirus, type 1, 2 or 3 Varicella virus Variola virus (Smallpox) Yellow fever virus Filoviruses (Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers) Poliovirus, type 1, 2 or 3	All parasites Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease, including new variant Hansen disease (<i>Mycobacterium leprae</i>) Human rabies Malignant neoplasms Mycobacterial disease including Tuberculosis Trichinosis

Acid Fast Bacilli Smears

Any smear positive for acid-fast bacillus (Tuberculosis)