HPV Vaccine Promotion in Minnesota

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Policy Specialist
Minnesota Department of Health
June 11, 2014

- **HPV PPHF grant**
 - **Stakeholders**
 - Reminder/recall
 - **Public awareness**
 - **Provider education**
 - Assess. & feedback
- **Provider videos**
- **Adolescent PPHF grant**
 - **Reminder/recall**
 - **Assess. reports**
- **Athletic physical form**
- **School law co-promotion**
- Joint letter w/MCA

Partner activities

- **MN Cancer Alliance**
 - MN Comm. Measure
 - **Provider framing**
 - **Cultural materials**
- **MnAAP**
 - **Grant activities**
 - Other activities





MEDICAL



















American Academy of Pediatrics DEDICATED TO THE HEALTH OF ALL CHILDREN Minnesota Chapter



MINNESOTA CHAPTER

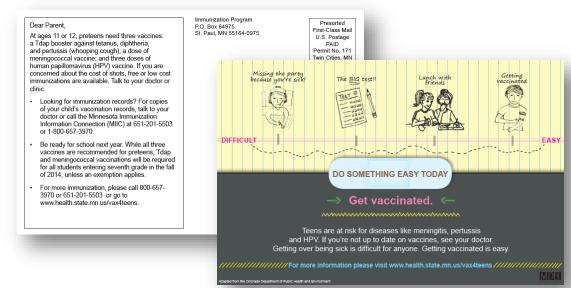
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Statewide reminder postcards

- Parents of 11- and 12-year-olds
- Addresses from IIS with Westlaw updates



Regional reminder letters

- To adolescents due for any dose of HPV
 - 2 more rounds to 11- and 12-year-olds
 - 3 rounds to 13- through 17-year-olds
 - Message is about full adolescent platform
- In 2 out of 7 IIS administration regions
- Addresses from IIS with Westlaw updates

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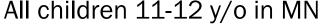
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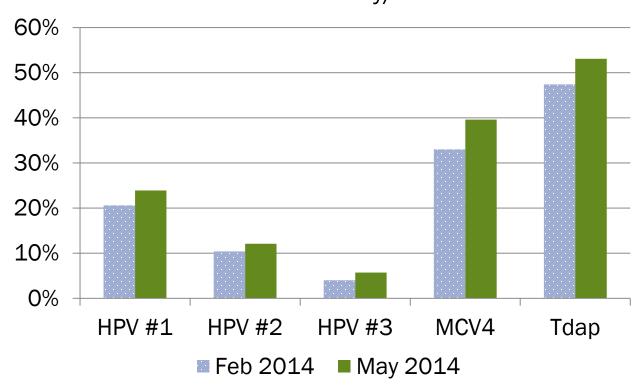
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Statewide mailing results

- 121,717 sent
- 9,833 returned (8%)

Rate changes to date





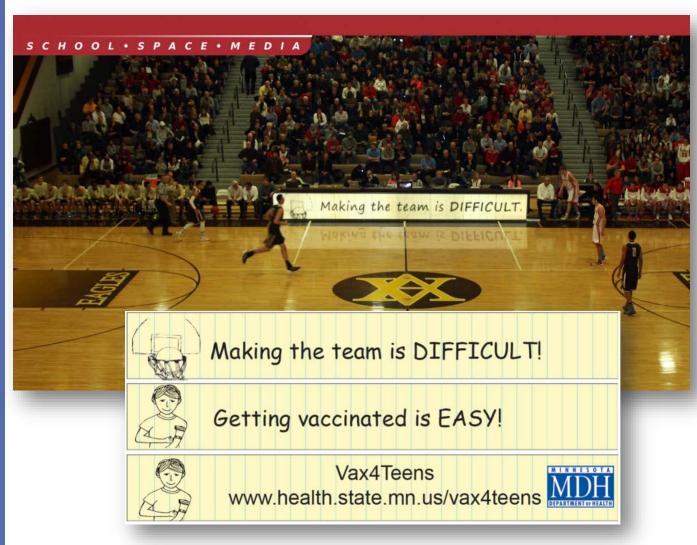
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School Space Media

- 29 metro-area high schools (high-attendance games)
- Successive digital messages



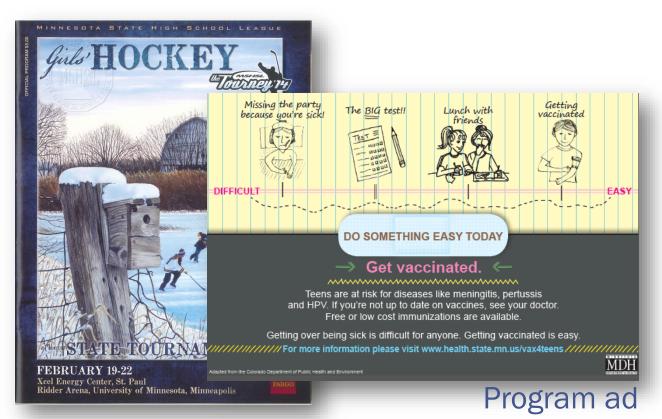
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State high school sports tournaments

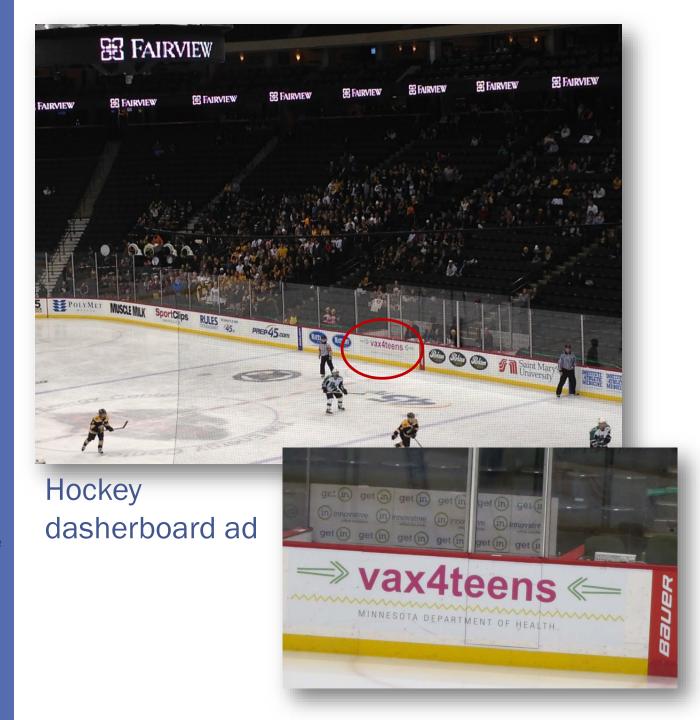
- Basketball (b/g), hockey (b/g), wrestling, football
- Program print ads, in-arena ads, PA announcements, exhibit tables
- Broadcast affiliate advertising
 - Close the Door to Cancer (CDC) PSA
 - Banner ads on station website



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Basketball courtside display

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TV station web ad

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Social media

- Followup to postcard mailing
 Facebook Have you seen our vax4teens postcard? If you're the parent of an 11 or 12 year old, watch your mailbox for this postcard to arrive soon with info on getting your teen vaccinated. www.health.state.mn.us/vax4teens
 - Twitter Did you get our vax4teens postcard? www.health.state.mn.us/vax4teens
- Later March Facebook and Twitter Making the game-winning shot is hard. Getting vaccinated is easy. Do something easy today—get vaccinated! www.health.state.mn.us/vax4teens



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Diverse media placements

- Radio PSAs in Hmong, Khmer, Vietnamese, Oromo,
 Somali, Amharic, Spanish, and Tagalog
- Print materials for American Indian, Spanishspeaking, Hmong, African-American, and African-born (Somali, Liberian, Ethiopian) audiences



Talaalka HPV wuxuu ka ilaaliyaa caruurtaada caabuqa oo sababi kara noocyada qaar ee kansarka.

Gabdhaha iyo wiilasha 11 ilaa 12 sano jirka waa inay helaan talaalka HPV. Dhalinta ka weyn sidoo kale way heli karaan.

Ka hel macluumaad faro badan www.health.state.mn.us/immunize

Talaalka HPV = kahortaga kansarka





Vacuna contra el HPV = prevención del cáncer

Obtenga más información en www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/dtopics/vpds/hpv/hpvfs.html



Sample ads





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Minnesota State Fair

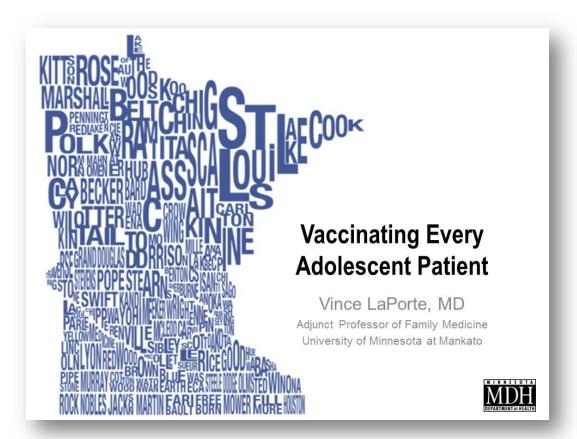
- Largest state fair (by average daily attendance) in the U.S.
- Dedicated exhibit, participation in Prep Day



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Provider education

- On-demand webcast, 5 lectures, 10 inservices
- CME/CE credit provided

Assessment & feedback

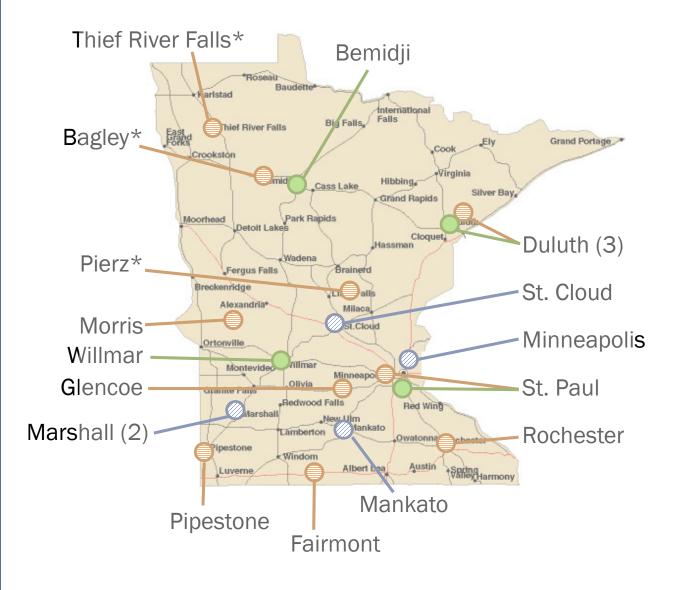
- Quality improvement planning at inservices
- Webinar followup after adolescent AFIX visits

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Provider education locations

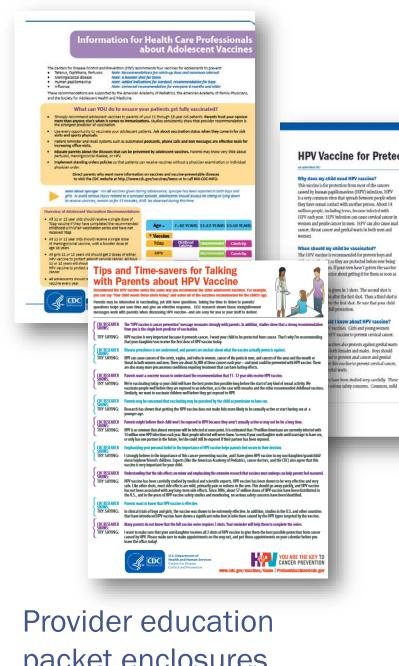


- Lecture Inservice Extra appearance
 - * Booking in the works

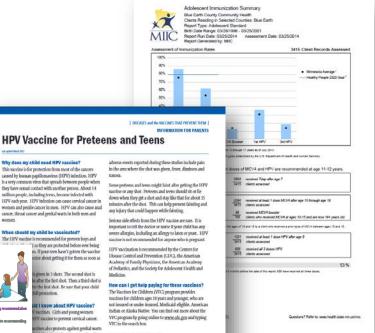
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packet enclosures



New Immunization Laws for Schools, Child Care, and Early Childhood Programs Begin September 2014

On Sept. 1, 2014, changes to Minnesota's Immunization Law will take effect. The changes were made to be more closely aligned with the current Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices (ACIP) recommendations. Medical and conscientious exemptions are still allowed

New Vaccine Requirements

childhood program

For more information about HPV vaccines and the other

vaccines for preteens and teens, talk to your child's doctor.

WWW.

The new vaccines that will require documentation of immunization or a legal exemption include:

- . Henatitis B = For all children over 2 months old enrolled or enrolling in child care or an early
- Hepatitis A For all children over 12 months old enrolled or enrolling in child care or an early childhood program.
- · Tdap For all students entering seventh grade Students in eighth through 12° grade must show documentation if the school requests it. This replaces the Td immunication requirement.
- Meningitis (meningococcal) For all students entering seventh grade. Students entering eighth through 12th grade must show documentation if the

Changes to Previous Vaccine Requirements Varicella -Must have received varicella vaccine by 15 months of age to enroll in child care or early childhood programs. This applies to children turning 15 months old on Sept. 1, 2014 or after.

Additionally, the law clarifies that if a child had varicella disease:

o Before 2010, the parent or guardian needs to

- provide the month year of the disease and their signature. A provider's signature is not require After 2010, a provider's signature is required.
- · Polio and DTaP- Starting Sept. 1, 2014, children enrolled or enrolling in child care, early childhood programs, and kindergarten through 12th grade and are completing their polic or DTaP series must have had their final:

- O Polio dose (usually fourth dose) on or after their fourth birthday
 O DTaP dose (usually fifth dose) vaccine on or after their fourth birthday.
- Remember, this change takes effect on Sept. 1, 2014, so incoming kindergarmers for the 2014-2015 school year who have completed their polio and DTaP series are exempt. This change will have a bigger impact on incoming kindergarmers for the 2015-16 school year. Note: This change doesn't apply to children in upper grades, in other words, a review of records for children in first through 12° grade isn't necessary.
- Kindergarten through 11th grade The immunication law now specifies that students in all grades have documentation for all required vaccines. If the school requests immunication records for any student (K-12) parents must comply by providing the immunication dates or a legal exemption. The requirement for schools to report compilance at kindergarten and seventh grade to MDH remains unchanged.

Early Childhood Programs Now Included New to Minnesota's Immunication Law are early childhood peograms which include programs that provide instructional or other services to support children's

- Serve children from birth to kindergarte . Meet at least once a week for at least six weeks or more during the year.
- Children enrolled or enrolling in these types of programs must pravide proof of immunitations or have a legal exemption for DTaP Pol-

 - Varicella
 Province (2-24 months)
 Hepatitis A
 Hepatitis B
- Note: Early Childhood Special Education (ECSE) was

previously included in the Immunization Law. For more information

Immunization Program at 651-201-5503, 1-800-657-3970

www.health.state.man.us/immunize

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www.wevaxteens.org

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Reminder-recall project participants

- Suburban pediatric practice
- Greater Minnesota family practice
- Combined adolescent cohort ~19,000

Status

- One practice has completed 3 rounds
- One practice now embarking on 2nd round
- Challenges
 - Data quality
 - Clinic staff turnover
- Lessons so far
 - Patients respond enthusiastically
 - Clinics are willing to use IIS reminder-recall tools after demonstrations

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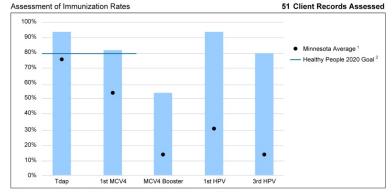


Adolescent Immunization Summary

Assessment Test Report Type: Adolescent Standard Birth Date Range: 02/03/1996 - 02/02/2001

Report Run Date: 02/02/2014 Assessment Date: 02/02/2014

Report Generated by: MIIC



¹ Minnesota average is based on MIIC records of adolescents 13 through 17 years as of July 2013.

²Healthy People 2020 is a set of science-based public health goals established by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Not every vaccine has a Healthy People 2020 goal.

Routine vaccination with Tdap and the first doses of MCV4 and HPV are recommended at age 11-12 years.

Tdap		94%	<u>48</u> 51	received Tdap after age 7 clients assessed
MCV4	First Dose	82%	42	received at least 1 dose MCV4 after age 10 through age 18 clients assessed
(Meningococcal)	Booster ³	53%	10	received MCV4 booster clients who received MCV4 at ages 10-15 and are now 16+ years old

3 For this report, a booster dose is one that is given between the ages of 16 and 18 to a client who received a prior dose of MCV4 between ages 10 and 15.

HPV	First Dose	94%	<u>48</u> 51	received at least 1 dose HPV after age 9 clients assessed	
ПРУ	Third Dose	80%	51	received all 3 doses HPV clients assessed	

HPV Series Completion Rate

85 %

Among the 48 clients who began the HPV series at least 6 months before the date of this report, 41 have received all three doses

Minnesota Immunization Information Connection (MIIC)
Minnesota Department of Health

Questions? Refer to: www.health.state.mn.us/miic

Adolescent assessment summary report

Missed opportunity measure in development

Tdap, MCV4, and HPV client followup capacity added to IIS

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Old Minnesota State High School League physical assessment form:

IMMUNIZATIONS [Consider Td or Tdap (age 12); MMR (2 required); hep B (3 required); varicella (2 required or history of disease);				
poliomyelitis (IPV); influenza]				
☐ Up-to-date (see attached school documentation) ☐ Not up-to-date / Specify				
IMMUNIZATIONS GIVEN TODAY:				

New language (adds MCV4 and HPV):

IMMUNIZATIONS [Consider Tdap; meningococcal (MCV4); HPV (3 doses); MMR (2 required); hep B (3 required); varicella (2 required or history of
disease); poliomyelitis (IPV); influenza]
☐ Up-to-date (see attached school documentation) ☐ Not up-to-date / Specify
IMMUNIZATIONS GIVEN TODAY:

Newer language (no distinction between recommended and required):

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Are Your Kids Ready?

Minnesota's Immunization Law

Immunization Requirements The following immunizations are required beginning Sept. 1, 2014.

To enter into child care, early childhood programs, and elementary or secondary schools (public or private), children need to have certain immunizations. Use this chart as a quick reference to determine which vaccines are required for enrollment. See below for exemption information.

- Contract	willon vaccines are required i	or emounted to be below to	exemption intermedent	
Birth through 4 years	Age: 5 through 6 years ²	Age: 7 through 11 years	Age: 12 years and older	
Early childhood programs & Child care	For Kindergarten	For 1st through 6 th grade	For 7 th through 12 th grade	
Hepatitis A				
Hepatitis B	Hepatitis B 3 doses	Hepatitis B 3 doses	Hepatitis B ³ 3 doses	
DTaP/DT	DTaP 5 doses 5* shot not needed if 4* was after age 4 Final dose on or after age 4 years	At least 3 tetanus and diphtheria containing doses	Tdap ⁴ At age 11-12 years	
Polio	Polio 4 doses 4º polio not needed if 3º was after age 4 Final dose on or after age 4 years	Polio At least 3 doses	Polio At least 3 doses	
MMR	MMR 2 doses	MMR 2 doses	MMR 2 doses	
Hib Haemophilus influenzae type b			Meningococcal ⁵ At age 11-12 years	
Pneumococcal At age 2-24 months				
Varicella ¹	Varicella ¹ 2 doses	Varicella ¹ 2 doses	Varicella ¹ 2 doses	

Immunizations recommended but not required by the Immunization Law:

Influenza

Recommended annually for all children age 6 months and older

Rotavirus
Recommended for infants

Human papillomavirus Recommended at age 11 years

- If the child has already had chickenpox disease, varicella shots are not required. If the disease occurred after 2010, the child's doctor must sign a form.
- 2 First graders who are 6 years old and younger must follow the polio and DTaP/DT schedules for kindergarten.
- 2 An alternate 2-shot schedule of hepatitis B may also be used for kids from age 11 through 15 years.
- 4 Proof of at least three doses of diphtheria and tetanus vaccination needed. If a child received Tdap at age 7-10 years another dose is not needed at age 11-12 years. However, if it was only a Td, a Tdap dose at age 11-12 years is needed.
- A booster dose is required at age 16 years or three years later if the first dose was given between age 13-15 years.

Exemptions

To go to school in Minnesota, students must show they've had these immunizations or file a legal exemption with the school.

Parents may file a medical exemption signed by a health care provider or a conscientious objection signed by a parent/guardian and notarized.

Looking for Vaccination Records? For copies of your child's vaccination records, talk to your doctor or call the Minnesota Immunization Information Connection (MIIC) at 651-201-5503 or 1-800-657-3970.



For a parent-friendly chart of immunizations needed for kids from birth to age 16 see, "When to Get Vaccines" available to download from www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/immunize/schedules.html

IC# 141-0903 (MDH, 10/2013)

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January 29, 2013

Dear Medical Director:

The Minnesota Cancer Alliance and the Minnesota Department of Health's Immunization Program have joined forces to promote human papillomavirus (HPV) vaccine, which is a safe and effective method of preventing cervical and other cancers. Vaccine ordering records from the Minnesota Vaccines for Children (MnVFC) program suggest that your clinic may be using HPV vaccine less frequently than other adolescent vaccines.

HPV vaccine provides a very high level of protection against virus strains 16 and 18, which are responsible for most of the cancer burden of HPV. Thus, HPV-related cancer is largely preventable, especially when the vaccine is given as recommended: to **both** girls and boys at 11 or 12 years of age,

before they become sexually active. Yet, compared to other

Annual US Cancer Cases from HPV	Strains 16/18	Other
Females (cervix, vagina, vulva, anus, oropharynx)	14,720	2,890
Males (penis, anus, oropharynx)	7,080	1,000

adolescent vaccines, uptake of HPV vaccine is low. Only about a third of adolescent girls in Minnesota have completed the recommended three-dose HPV vaccine series, and few boys have received all three doses.

The Alliance and the Immunization Program would like to ask that your clinic assess its policies and procedures related to HPV vaccination and consider some of these techniques for increasing HPV vaccine uptake:

- → Support and recommend HPV vaccine for your patients. Provider recommendation is the strongest predictor of a patient's vaccination status. If you're concerned that HPV vaccination will be a sensitive subject, the best approach may be to emphasize that the vaccine works best at preventing cancer later in life if it is given at the recommended age. You could also stress that HPV is very common: at least half of adults will be infected with HPV at some point, and it is impossible to predict which infections will become cancerous. The enclosed patient education materials may be helpful.
- Include HPV vaccine in your clinical routines, such as by adding it to routine screening forms or placing an automatic reminder in your electronic health record (EHR) system.
- > Take advantage of every possible visit to give HPV vaccine. Mild illness is not a contraindication.
- Remind patients when they are due for each dose of HPV vaccine. A listing of reminder programs is enclosed.
- Track your rates. Your EHR system may be able to calculate the proportion of adolescents in your practice who are up to date on HPV and other vaccines. Also, beginning in summer 2013, you will be able to run the new Minnesota Immunization Information Connection (MIIC) Adolescent Assessment Report to gauge these rates.

Your patients rely on your clinical judgment, just as we are relying on you to carry out this important cancer prevention measure. We thank you in advance for your efforts to prevent HPV-related cancers through vaccination.

Best regards,

JyP Idholal
Jennifer P. Lundblad, Ph.D. MBA

Jennifer P. Lundblad, Ph.D., M Steering Committee Chair Minnesota Cancer Alliance

Kristen R. Ehresmann

Kristen R. Ehresmann, RN, MPH
Director, Division of Infectious Disease Epidemiology,
Prevention, and Control
Minnesota Department of Health

Joint letter from MDH and Minnesota Cancer Alliance

Sent to 253 clinics that ordered disproportionately little HPV vaccine from VFC program

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I DISEASES and the VACCINES THAT PROVENT THEM INFORMATION FOR PARENTS

Ω

HPV Vaccine for Preteens and Teens

Why does my child need HPV vaccine? adverse events reported during these studies include pair

This vaccine is fo caused by human is a very commo they have sexual million people, i HPV each year. women and pen

When should r

The HPV vaccin

girls at age 11 or 1

exposed to the vi

yet, talk to their d

The HPV vaccin

given 1 or 2 mon

given 6 months a

gets all 3 shots fo

What else sho

There are two HP

should get either

One of the HPV

and anal cancer i

get this HPV yan

warts. Girls can s

anal cancer and g

Both HPV vaccin

studies showed n

possible.

Vaccines for Preteens and Teens: What Parents Should Know cancer throat can

Why does my child need vaccines now? Vaccines aren't just for babies. So babies get can wear off as kids ge they may come in contact with d they were habies. There are vacci your preteen or teen from these o

What vaccines does my cl Tdap Vaccine

This vaccine protects against thre diphtheria, and pertussis (whoop get Tdap at age 11 or 12. If your b a preteen, ask the their doctor or

MCV4 Vaccine

Meningococcal conjugate vaccing some of the bacteria that can caus the lining around the brain and s infection in the blood). Preteens they are 11 or 12 years old and th at age 16. Teens who got the MC 14 or 15 years old should still get teens who haven't gotten any M soon as possible.

Human papillomavirus (HPV) v. girls and boys from HPV infection HPV. Two HPV vaccines protect that cause most cervical cancer. O protect both girls and boys from warts. HPV vaccines are given to months when they are 11 or 12 y need to get all 3 shots for full pro who haven't gotten all 3 HPV sh nurse about getting them now.

This vaccine protects against infl health problems flu can cause. like

A s parents, you do everything you can to protect your children's health for now and for the future. Today, there is a strong weapon to prevent several types of cancer in our kids; the HPV vaccine.

virus. In the United States each year, there are about 18,000 women and 7,000 men affected by HPV-related cancers. Many of these cancers could be prevented with vaccination. In both women and men, HPV can cause anal cancer and mouth/throat (oropharyngeal) cancer. It can also cause cancers of the cervix, vulva and vagina in women; and cancer of the penis in men.

cancers is so important.

More about HPV

HPV is a virus passed from one person to another during skin-to-skin sexual contact, including vaginal, oral, and anal sex. HPV is most common in people in their late teens and early 20: active people will get HPV at

though most will never even b Most of the time, the body na before HPV causes any health cases, the body does not fight cause health problems, like car Genital warts are not a life-thr they can cause emotional stres can be very uncomfortable. Al active adults in the United Sta any given time.

Why does my chi

HPV vaccines offer the be three vaccine doses and it they begin sexual activity preteen is ready to have a to get your child protected issue. The immune respo could mean better protect

DISEASES and the VACCINES THAT PREVENT THEM

fluids), worsening of conditions like asthma or diabetes, or

INFORMATION FOR PARENTS

HPV and Cancer

HPV is short for Human Papillomavirus, a common

For women, screening is available to detect most cases of cervical cancer with a Pap smear. Unfortunately, there is no routine screening for other HPV-related cancers for women or men, and these cancers can cause pain, suffering, or even death. That is why a vaccine that prevents most of these types of

office after the first shot. Is the HPV vaccine safe?

Yes. Both HPV vaccines were studied in tens of thousands of people around the world. More than 46 million doses have been distributed to date, and there have been no serious safety concerns. Vaccin safety continues to be monitored by CDC and the

HPV vaccination is recommended

for preteen girls and boys at age

HPV vaccine is also recommended for girls ages 13

through 26 years and for boys ages 13 through 21

son or daughter hasn't started or finished the HPV

vaccine series-it's not too late! Talk to their

doctor about getting it for them now

years, who have not yet been vaccinated. So if your

Two vaccines-Cervarix and Gardasil-are available

to prevent the HPV types that cause most cervical

cancers and anal cancers. One of the HPV vaccines,

Gardasil, also prevents vulvar and vaginal cancers in

women and genital warts in both women and men.

Only Gardasil has been tested and licensed for use in

over 6 months. The best way to remember to get your child all three shots is to make an appointment for the

second and third shot before you leave the doctor's

males. Both vaccines are given in a series of 3 shots

11 or 12 years

Information for Health Care Professionals about Adolescent Vaccines

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends four vaccines for adolescents to prevent:

- Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis Meningococcal disease
- Note: Recommendations for ca Note: A booster shot for teens These recommendations are supported by the American Academy of Pediatrics, the American Academy of Family Physicians,

Human papillomavirus Note: Added indications for Gardasil: recommendation for boys Note: Universal recommendation for everyone 6 months and olde

and the Society for Adolescent Health and Medicine

What can YOU do to ensure your natients get fully vaccinated?

Strongly recommend adolescent vaccines to parents of your 11 through 18 year old patients. Parents trust your opinion more than anyone else's when it comes to immunizations. Studies consistently show that provider recommendation is

DISEASES and the VACCINES THAT PREVENT THEM

ses that can be prevented by adolescent vaccines. Parents may know very little about cles so that patients can receive vaccines without a physician examination or individual

want more information on vaccines and vaccine-preventable diseases

For all vaccines given during adolescence, syncope has been reported in both boys and injury related to a syncopal episode, adolescents should always be sitting or lying down main so for 15 minutes, AND be observed during this time.

ive a single dose of ries and have not

get 3 doses of either nital warts and anal

Age > 7-10 YEARS 11-12 YEARS 13-18 YEARS ▼ Vaccine

Reminder/Recall Options

MIIC Functions

- . Client Follow-Up; You can use this MIIC feature to identify clients/patients who aren't up-to-date on childhood vaccines and make a list of their names and the vaccines they need to receive. (Soon, you will be able to do this with all recommended vaccines, not just childhood vaccines.) You can also create mailing labels for the identified clients/patients and a file that will insert their contact information into a customizable mail-merge letter template
- . Assessment Reports: You can generate an assessment report on children in your practice/county that captures their childhood immunization rates at 24 months. In the future, you will be able to produce a similar report on adolescent vaccination rates, and you will be able to create a list of clients/patients in either report population who need vaccines and generate reminder/recall materials for them.

Contact your MIIC Regional Coordinator to get started with either of these functions

Vaccine Manufacturer Programs

Several vaccine manufacturers sponsor programs that facilitate reminder and recall by healthcare providers. For more information on any of these programs contact your sales representative. MDH does not preferentially endorse or promote any program or product

	Sponsor	Vaccines Included	Message Choices	Details
Finish What You Started	GSK	Cervarix (HPV) Twinrix (hepatitis A/B) Engerix-B (hep B) Havrix (hep A)	Email	Patient signs up at gskreminders.com. Must be 18+ years.
The Outreach Program	Merck	Any, but mailers portray either children or young adults	Phone Mail	Provider enrolls at vaccineoutreach.com and uploads lists of patients to be contacted with relevant contact information. Phone message is standardized but client and clinic names are inserted.
3 to Complete	Merck	Gardasil (HPV)	Email Text message Mail	Patient brochure gives options for patient to sign up via paper form, website, text, or QR code. Brochure also contains appointment card, calendar stickers, and educational material. Must be 18 years to receive text messages.
Televox	Pfizer	Any, but postcards portray young children	Phone Mail	Provider uploads spreadsheet of names and contact information. Service provided by Televox, which records phone message per standard script. Calls and postcards are available in Spanish.
Vaxtext	Pfizer	All vaccines due through age 24 months	Text message	Parent signs up at vaxtext.com. System asks child's age via text message and sends text reminders when vaccines are due until age 24 months.
WellConnect	Sanofi Pasteur	All vaccines for all ages	Phone Text message	825 free call credits to all new providers using WellConnect: discounted rate thereafter. Provider uploads a list of phone numbers for outreach, then records a message to be sent via phone or text message.

Minnesota Department of Health Immunization Program • November 2012

Joint letter enclosures

- HPV PPHF grant
 - Stakeholders
 - Reminder/recall
 - Public awareness
 - Provider education
 - Assess. & feedback
- Provider videos
- Adolescent PPHF grant
 - Reminder/recall
 - Assess. reports
- Athletic physical form
- School law co-promotion
- Joint letter w/MCA

Partner activities

- MN Cancer Alliance
 - MN Comm. Measure
 - Provider framing
 - Cultural materials
- MnAAP
 - Grant activities
 - Other activities





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Easy-to-follow description of the standard MNCM measure development process



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Find data submission guides, deadlines and training schedules

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About Minnesota Community Measurement

- Mandatory per state law
- Results reported to public
- Measures chosen by committee

Arguments for an HPV measure

- Similar to HEDIS measure but would include males
- Easy to measure via IIS
- Likely an indicator of other best practices

Current status

- Minnesota Cancer Alliance (MCA) advocated for a measure in 2011, but was not selected
- MCA has drafted a letter outlining the measure and is recruiting support from member organizations
- Letter will be submitted to the Division of Health Policy in 2014

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Changing the HPV message

- From STD
- To cancer prevention

Physicians may be recruited to

- Write editorials in provider publications
- Host provider education webinars
- Conduct clinic visits

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Prevent Cancer Foundation grant

- \$10,000 award
- Work began January 2014

Partners

- American Indian Cancer Foundation
- Fond du Lac Comprehensive Cancer Control Program
- MN-WI Intertribal Cancer Council

Purposes

- Develop and test culturally specific educational materials on HPV vaccine for MN American Indian populations
- Distribute via mail, clinics, and Al-serving organizations

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Focus

- Resident and provider education
- Themes: anti-cancer, give early, give to boys, does not promote promiscuity, use reliable resources

Activities

- Videos
 - Model scenarios
 - Recorded with volunteer families
- PowerPoint presentation
 - Reviews HPV disease and vaccine essentials
 - Encourages providers to set aside myths
 - Will be presented to family medicine and pediatrics residents; measurement of attitudes/beliefs afterward
 - Will be presented to Minnesota AAP meeting in June 2014
- Both will be posted on www.mnaap.org

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Journal article

- Making the
 C.A.S.E. for the
 Human
 Papillomavirus
 Vaccine: How to
 Talk to Parents
 and Adolescents
- MinnesotaMedicine,February 2014

MOC2 module

- In development
- Will be delivered via webinar



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