



Crop Progress

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Corn Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 95% of the 2015 corn acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	79	87	94	86
Illinois	100	94	97	96
Indiana	98	87	94	89
Iowa	95	86	94	94
Kansas	98	96	99	97
Kentucky	97	99	99	96
Michigan	86	53	70	73
Minnesota	98	86	94	96
Missouri	100	95	100	96
Nebraska	91	84	93	91
North Carolina	99	99	100	99
North Dakota	95	71	85	89
Ohio	99	81	90	78
Pennsylvania	82	77	87	79
South Dakota	93	81	92	93
Tennessee	98	100	100	98
Texas	91	95	97	97
Wisconsin	84	68	83	77
18 States	95	86	93	92

Soybeans Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 95% of the 2015 soybean acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	94	98	99	93
Illinois	100	95	100	97
Indiana	99	91	96	95
Iowa	99	95	97	99
Kansas	95	87	94	92
Kentucky	88	87	93	82
Louisiana	99	100	100	100
Michigan	99	77	86	94
Minnesota	100	98	99	99
Mississippi	95	98	99	98
Missouri	92	86	92	88
Nebraska	100	96	99	100
North Carolina	48	50	62	44
North Dakota	100	98	99	99
Ohio	100	95	99	93
South Dakota	100	97	99	100
Tennessee	85	91	95	82
Wisconsin	98	93	97	96
18 States	97	93	97	95

Cotton Harvested – Selected States

[These 15 States harvested 98% of the 2015 cotton acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	73	78	81	74
Arizona	61	48	58	55
Arkansas	96	99	100	96
California	94	72	75	90
Georgia	52	70	79	64
Kansas	46	21	35	47
Louisiana	98	100	100	99
Mississippi	93	95	98	96
Missouri	85	94	97	83
North Carolina	59	57	71	66
Oklahoma	56	42	55	55
South Carolina	52	50	65	66
Tennessee	75	86	93	75
Texas	55	39	41	61
Virginia	73	60	80	72
15 States	62	56	61	69

Sorghum Harvested – Selected States

[These 11 States harvested 98% of the 2015 sorghum acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	100	100	100	100
Colorado	85	91	94	75
Illinois	95	83	90	91
Kansas	90	83	91	85
Louisiana	100	100	100	100
Missouri	91	90	93	90
Nebraska	90	91	97	93
New Mexico	61	31	41	48
Oklahoma	86	84	88	81
South Dakota	89	95	98	92
Texas	89	83	87	87
11 States	89	84	90	86

Peanuts Harvested – Selected States

[These 8 States harvested 97% of the 2015 peanut acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	81	97	99	86
Florida	95	96	99	97
Georgia	82	87	93	90
North Carolina	73	76	84	90
Oklahoma	85	69	83	83
South Carolina	58	80	92	88
Texas	77	65	78	87
Virginia	94	89	98	95
8 States	81	86	92	90

Sugarbeets Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 84% of the 2015 sugarbeet acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Idaho	96	83	90	98
Michigan	92	60	85	95
Minnesota	100	96	97	100
North Dakota	100	99	99	100
4 States	98	89	94	99

Sunflowers Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 84% of the 2015 sunflower acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	87	82	90	82
Kansas	81	65	79	80
North Dakota	88	75	85	81
South Dakota	84	89	93	82
4 States	86	81	89	81

Winter Wheat Planted – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 90% of the 2015 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	78	74	90	85
California	64	60	66	57
Colorado	100	99	100	100
Idaho	100	96	97	100
Illinois	99	93	95	96
Indiana	98	91	96	97
Kansas	100	96	97	99
Michigan	100	92	94	99
Missouri	89	78	87	88
Montana	100	93	98	98
Nebraska	100	100	100	100
North Carolina	42	42	56	58
Ohio	100	95	99	97
Oklahoma	96	94	96	97
Oregon	96	92	96	99
South Dakota	100	100	100	100
Texas	80	85	88	88
Washington	100	92	94	100
18 States	93	91	94	95

Winter Wheat Emerged – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 90% of the 2015 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2011-2015 Average
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	64	51	69	67
California	24	41	44	31
Colorado	99	94	96	97
Idaho	87	82	91	91
Illinois	89	78	85	80
Indiana	92	77	85	87
Kansas	92	84	91	93
Michigan	94	79	85	90
Missouri	74	54	65	68
Montana	96	85	90	88
Nebraska	99	97	98	98
North Carolina	30	24	30	32
Ohio	96	79	88	83
Oklahoma	90	83	89	89
Oregon	66	62	65	75
South Dakota	98	93	96	86
Texas	69	71	72	70
Washington	81	79	85	88
18 States	85	79	84	84

Winter Wheat Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 13, 2016

[National crop conditions for selected States are weighted based on 2015 planted acreage]

State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	8	10	38	36	8
California	-	-	-	30	70
Colorado	2	12	38	42	6
Idaho	-	-	22	54	24
Illinois	3	1	28	54	14
Indiana	1	3	23	57	16
Kansas	2	8	34	49	7
Michigan	2	3	19	60	16
Missouri	3	6	32	52	7
Montana	-	2	20	49	29
Nebraska	2	10	35	48	5
North Carolina	1	13	30	56	-
Ohio	-	1	16	59	24
Oklahoma	3	6	35	48	8
Oregon	1	5	24	59	11
South Dakota	1	8	39	47	5
Texas	3	12	42	38	5
Washington	-	-	7	76	17
18 States	2	7	32	49	10
Previous week	2	7	33	48	10
Previous year	2	8	38	41	11

- Represents zero.

Days Suitable for Fieldwork - Selected States

[Days suitable for Fieldwork are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Week ending		
	November 13, 2015	November 6, 2016	November 13, 2016
	(Days)	(Days)	(Days)
Alabama	3.7	7.0	6.9
Arizona	7.0	7.0	7.0
Arkansas	3.7	7.0	6.8
California	6.5	6.2	6.9
Colorado	5.0	6.8	6.9
Connecticut	5.1	6.0	6.0
Delaware	5.5	7.0	6.5
Florida	6.3	6.7	6.8
Georgia	4.1	6.7	6.7
Idaho	4.8	4.5	6.1
Illinois	5.2	5.1	6.0
Indiana	5.4	5.8	6.1
Iowa	4.7	6.0	6.7
Kansas	6.1	6.6	6.3
Kentucky	4.9	6.7	6.5
Louisiana	2.2	7.0	6.2
Maine	4.2	5.8	7.0
Maryland	5.5	6.5	7.0
Massachusetts	6.2	7.0	6.9
Michigan	4.8	4.3	6.1
Minnesota	4.5	5.6	6.5
Mississippi	3.0	6.7	6.7
Missouri	5.6	5.7	6.0
Montana	5.1	5.6	6.8
Nebraska	5.1	6.9	6.7
Nevada	6.0	7.0	7.0
New Hampshire	5.6	5.3	6.6
New Jersey	5.5	7.0	6.0
New Mexico	6.7	6.1	6.4
New York	4.5	4.5	5.5
North Carolina	3.4	6.7	6.7
North Dakota	5.4	6.2	6.5
Ohio	4.7	5.7	6.3
Oklahoma	6.1	6.4	5.8
Oregon	5.7	5.5	5.4
Pennsylvania	5.0	6.0	6.0
Rhode Island	4.0	6.5	6.0
South Carolina	4.0	6.3	5.7
South Dakota	6.3	6.7	6.8
Tennessee	4.1	7.0	6.7
Texas	5.2	5.3	4.8
Utah	6.2	6.4	6.9
Vermont	3.4	4.4	4.5
Virginia	4.3	6.8	6.6
Washington	4.9	4.9	4.6
West Virginia	5.1	5.5	6.2
Wisconsin	4.6	5.7	6.5
Wyoming	6.3	6.6	6.8

Topsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 13, 2016

[National topsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	80	12	8	-
Arizona	2	28	66	4
Arkansas	22	38	39	1
California	30	35	30	5
Colorado	22	42	35	1
Connecticut	78	12	10	-
Delaware	2	20	67	11
Florida	27	28	43	2
Georgia	59	31	9	1
Idaho	-	4	80	16
Illinois	1	8	83	8
Indiana	4	19	71	6
Iowa	2	10	83	5
Kansas	11	26	60	3
Kentucky	31	45	23	1
Louisiana	43	36	20	1
Maine	6	43	51	-
Maryland	4	14	71	11
Massachusetts	7	40	53	-
Michigan	-	3	67	30
Minnesota	-	2	80	18
Mississippi	65	26	9	-
Missouri	8	19	71	2
Montana	9	18	59	14
Nebraska	14	38	47	1
Nevada	25	20	55	-
New Hampshire	11	25	63	1
New Jersey	7	26	57	10
New Mexico	10	52	36	2
New York	9	16	57	18
North Carolina	15	20	58	7
North Dakota	3	15	71	11
Ohio	4	21	69	6
Oklahoma	12	36	50	2
Oregon	5	19	66	10
Pennsylvania	11	20	62	7
Rhode Island	16	28	56	-
South Carolina	7	32	54	7
South Dakota	11	27	60	2
Tennessee	50	32	18	-
Texas	9	23	59	9
Utah	2	25	67	6
Vermont	-	7	91	2
Virginia	17	37	44	2
Washington	-	5	72	23
West Virginia	14	34	47	5
Wisconsin	-	3	77	20
Wyoming	23	30	37	10
48 States	11	21	61	7
Previous week	11	20	60	9
Previous year	6	20	66	8

- Represents zero.

Subsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 13, 2016

[National subsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	73	17	10	-
Arizona	14	12	72	2
Arkansas	18	43	38	1
California	25	45	25	5
Colorado	18	42	40	-
Connecticut	18	49	26	7
Delaware	3	9	66	22
Florida	21	24	52	3
Georgia	57	28	15	-
Idaho	-	11	78	11
Illinois	1	8	86	5
Indiana	4	15	77	4
Iowa	2	6	82	10
Kansas	6	23	68	3
Kentucky	28	43	28	1
Louisiana	35	40	25	-
Maine	10	48	42	-
Maryland	3	12	75	10
Massachusetts	33	50	17	-
Michigan	-	4	72	24
Minnesota	-	2	78	20
Mississippi	58	32	10	-
Missouri	4	17	78	1
Montana	11	22	58	9
Nebraska	11	32	56	1
Nevada	35	25	40	-
New Hampshire	33	48	19	-
New Jersey	11	23	50	16
New Mexico	11	34	54	1
New York	11	26	51	12
North Carolina	8	20	63	9
North Dakota	4	14	72	10
Ohio	8	19	69	4
Oklahoma	8	32	59	1
Oregon	7	32	58	3
Pennsylvania	10	34	51	5
Rhode Island	35	45	20	-
South Carolina	6	27	57	10
South Dakota	9	31	59	1
Tennessee	47	34	19	-
Texas	7	28	58	7
Utah	10	22	66	2
Vermont	-	28	72	-
Virginia	9	29	60	2
Washington	-	7	85	8
West Virginia	14	35	48	3
Wisconsin	-	2	79	19
Wyoming	19	34	42	5
48 States	10	21	63	6
Previous week	9	21	63	7
Previous year	7	24	64	5

- Represents zero.

Crop Progress and Condition Tables Expected Next Week

Corn: Harvested

Cotton: Harvested

Peanuts: Harvested

Sorghum: Harvested

Sugarbeets: Harvested

Sunflowers: Harvested

Winter Wheat: Planted, Emerged, Condition

Days Suitable for Fieldwork

Topsoil Moisture

Subsoil Moisture

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Crop progress and condition estimates are based on survey data collected each week from early April through the end of November. The non-probability crop progress and condition surveys include input from approximately 4,000 respondents whose occupations provide them opportunities to make visual observations and frequently bring them in contact with farmers in their counties. Based on standard definitions, these respondents subjectively estimate the progress of crops through various stages of development, as well as the progress of producer activities. They also provide subjective evaluations of crop conditions.

Most respondents complete their questionnaires on Friday or early Monday morning and submit them to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) Field Offices in their States by mail, telephone, fax, e-mail, or through a secured internet website. A small number of reports are completed on Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Regardless of when questionnaires are completed, respondents are asked to report for the entire week ending on Sunday. For reports submitted prior to the Sunday reference date, a degree of uncertainty is introduced by projections for weekend changes in progress and condition. By the end of the 2015 season, over 90 percent of the data were being submitted through the internet website. As a result, the majority of all data are submitted on Monday morning, significantly reducing projection uncertainty.

Respondents are sent written reporting instructions at the beginning of each season and are contacted periodically to ensure proper reporting. Terms and definitions of crop stages and condition categories used as reporting guidelines are available on the NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/National_Crop_Progress.

Estimating Procedures: Reported data are reviewed for reasonableness and consistency by comparing with data reported the previous week and data reported in surrounding counties for the current week. Field Offices summarize the reported data to district and State levels, weighting each county's reported data by NASS county acreage estimates. Summarized indications are compared with previous week estimates, and progress items are compared with earlier stages of development and historical averages to ensure reasonableness. Weather events and respondent comments are also taken into consideration. State estimates are submitted to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) along with supporting comments, where they are compared with surrounding States and compiled into a National level summary by weighting each State by its acreage estimates.

Revision Policy: Progress and condition estimates in the *Crop Progress* report are released after 4:00 pm ET on the first business day of the week. These estimates are subject to revision the following week.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@nass.usda.gov

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Tony Dahlman – Oats, Soybeans.....	(202) 690-3234
Chris Hawthorn – Corn, Flaxseed, Proso Millet.....	(202) 720-9526
James Johanson – County Estimates, Hay	(202) 690-8533
Scott Matthews – Crop Weather, Barley.....	(202) 720-7621
Jean Porter – Rye, Wheat.....	(202) 720-8068
Sammy Neal– Peanuts, Rice	(202) 720-7688
Travis Thorson – Sunflower, Other Oilseeds.....	(202) 720-7369

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- Both national and state specific reports are available via a free e-mail subscription. To set-up this free subscription, visit www.nass.usda.gov and click on “National” or “State” in upper right corner above “search” box to create an account and select the reports you would like to receive.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@nass.usda.gov.

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