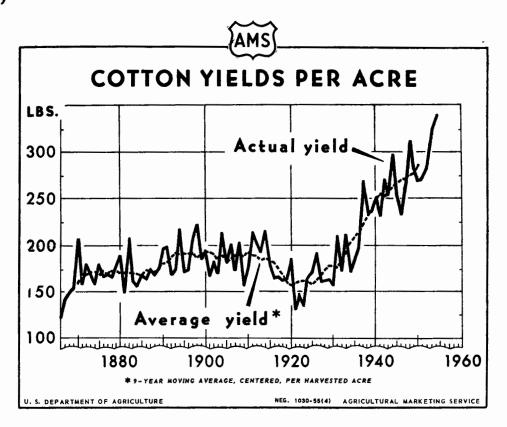
907 FOR RELEASE JULY 27, P. M. 1955

The COTTON SITUATION

12-13-32 MAN 13-13-32 MAN 13-13

CS-159



The yield of cotton per harvested acre has been increasing steadily since the mid-1920's. The nine-year, centered, moving average indicates the upward trend in yields. The trend yield for 1950 was at its highest point on

record, about 287 pounds per acre. Despite this upward trend, the actual yield in 1954 of 341 pounds was about 40 pounds above a projection of the trend for that year.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

		:	1954		:	1955	
Itom	Unit	April	: May	: June	: April	: May	June 1
Prices, received by farmers for Am. Upland (mid-month)	: Cents	: : 31.57	32.17	32.31	31.93	31.51	31.43
Parity price for Am. Upland		35.09	35.09	34.97	35•22	35.22	35.34
Farm price as a percentage of parity	Percent	: 90	92	92	91	89	89
Average 10 spot market price Middling 15/16 inch	Cents	: 34.19	34.42	34.23	33.60	33.92	33.96
Average price for 17 constructions, gray goods	Cents	: 62.31	62.10	62.12	62.94	62.74	62.58
Average price cotton used in 17 constructions	Cents	: 35.56	35.82	35.62	35.58	36.15	36.24
Mill margins for 17 constructions	Cents	: 26.75	26.28	26.50	27.36	26.59	26.34
Average Il spot market price, Middling 15/16 inch	Cents	:			33 .3 8	33•73	33.84
HIS wholesale price index	•	:					
All commodities	1947-49 = 100	: 111.0	110.9	110.0	110.5	109.9	
Cotton broad woven goods		: 86.3	86.0	86.1	88.4	88•2	
Index of industrial production		:					
Overall (adjusted)	1947-49 = 100	: 123	125	124	<u>136</u>	138	139
Textiles and Products (unadjusted)	do.	: 97	95	92	103	loh	
Personal income payments (adjusted)	Billion dollars	: 284.4	286.2	286.5	298.9	301.1	
Department store sales (adjusted and revised)	Million dollars	: 961	940	95 7	1,016	1,000	
Mill stocks-unfilled orders, cotton broad woven goods2/	Percent	: 65	52	52	41		
Mill consumption of all kinds of cotton 3/	1,000 bales	: 659.3	645.5	4/778.6	696.4	703.2	4/849.1
Will consumption, daily rate		: 33.5	32.3	31.8	35•4	35•2	7مٰہلات
Index of spindle activity		: 125.3	122.6	122.8	136.8	135•7	
Spindles in place end of month in cotton system	Thousand	:22,807	22,762	22,728	22,280	22,284	
Spindles consuming 100 percent cotton		:19.457	19,325	19,332	19,160	18,302	
Spindles idle	: Thousand	2,092	2,135	2,082	1,606	2,460	
Gross hourly carnings in broad woven goods 6/. (revised).	Cents	128	129	128	130	-	
Exports of cotton	1.000 bales	422.0	336.1	434.9	239•3	230•7	
Exports of cotton since August 1	1.000 bales	2,672.1	3,098.2	3,533.1	2.876.1	3,106.8	
Imports of cotton	Bales	24,163	11,679	8,176	16,594	12,493	
Imports of cotton since August 1	Bales	116,484	128,163	136,340	118,403	130,896	
Mill stocks end of month	1,000 bales	: 1.729.4	1,586.7	1,402.3	1.812.8	1,713.6	
Stocks, public storage, etc		: 9,749.4	8,997.2	8,221.4	11,189.4	10,432.2	
	3,000 54200	:	•	•			
Linters prices 7/	0	: :8/ 9.96	8/ 9.86	8/ 9-22	8.24	8,06	8.09
Grado 2	Conts	: 8/ 9.96 : 4.95	4.71	4.56	4.70	4.52	4.50
Grade 4		2.97	2.98	2.95	2.6h	2.54	2.54
Grade 6	Cents	: 2071	2.90	2.77	2004	2.6,24	2474
Rayon prices		:	70	78	83	83	83
Viscose yara, 150 denier	Cents	: 78	78				3 <u>1</u> 4
Staple fiber, viscose 12 denier	Cents	: 34 : 75	34 75	3ħ	34 80	34 80	80 80
Acetate yarn, 150 demier	Cents	: 75	75	75	OU	•	•

^{1/} Preliminary. 2/ End of month. 3/ Four week period except as noted. 1/ Five week period. 5/ Eighty-hour week = 100 percent. 6/ Cotton, silk and synthetic fibers. 7/ Average price at Memphis, Dallas and Atlanta. 8/ Revised.

THE COTTON SITUATION

Approved by the Outlook and Situation Board, July 21, 1955

SUMMARY

Acres in cultivation to cotton on July 1, 1955 were estimated at 17,096,000 about 2.7 million below a year earlier and about 6 percent below the national acreage allotment for the 1955 crop. The acreage in cultivation is the smallest since records began in 1909. The previous low was 17,533,000 acres in 1945. The 1954 crop was 13,679,000 bales and yield per acre in cultivation was 336 pounds.

The carryover of cotton on August 1, 1955 is expected to be more than 11 million bales compared with 9.7 million a year earlier and will be the largest carryover since the 11.2 million bales of 1945. Disappearance is estimated at 12.4 million bales from the 1954-55 supply of about 23.5 milion bales. This includes estimated domestic mill consumption of about 8.9 million bales and estimated exports of about 3.5 million.

Stocks held by the Commodity Credit Corporation (owned and held as collateral against outstanding loans) totaled about 8.2 million bales on July 8. This compares with an all time high of 11.4 million bales in April 1939 and the peak stocks for the current season of 8.7 million bales on January 28. Stocks on July 9, 1954 were 7.1 million bales.

Domestic mill consumption during the 1955-56 marketing year is expected to exceed 9 million bales, compared with about 8.9 million bales estimated for the 1954-55 season. Information for the 1955-56 season is not sufficient to warrant a more precise estimate at this time. Higher consumer income is expected to result in larger cotton consumption, even though the minimum support price for the 1955 crop is slightly higher than the support price for the 1954 crop and an increase is expected in synthetic fiber consumption. The rate of mill consumption during the first half of the 1954-55 season was very low relative to the last half. It is expected that the rate of mill consumption during the first half of the 1955-56 marketing year will be higher than during the first half of the 1954-55 season, but consumption during the latter half of 1955-56 may be close to the last half of 1954-55.

The factors which usually are important in determining cotton exports are foreign beginning stocks which are partly determined by foreign consumption in the preceding season, foreign production, and prices of cotton.

Stocks of cotton abroad on August 1, 1955 are estimated at around 9.8 million bales, compared with about 10 million a year earlier. During 1954-55 foreign consumption will probably approximate 26.5 million bales. Preliminary information on foreign production for 1955-56 indicates an output about a million bales larger than the 23.2 million of 1954-55.

Foreign importers have been very reluctant to make forward commitments for cotton during the past several months. As a result, working stocks in most foreign countries are low. Funds already committed by the U.S. Government for use in 1955-56 will finance the export of about 1.3 million bales. With these conditions in mind, some increase in exports seems likely next year. Firmer information on foreign production is needed before a better estimate of exports can be made.

Consumption of cotton in the U.S. in 1954 after adjusting for exports and imports of textiles was 24.0 pounds per person. This was about 2.5 pounds smaller than the 1953 figure. The decline was caused by smaller domestic mill consumption, which was also 2.5 pounds per person below 1953.

Prices for cotton in the United States increased during May and June, but declined during the first 20 days of July. The average price for Middling 15/16 inch cotton at the 14 spot markets during June was 33.84 cents per pound. This compares with 33.38 cents in April and 33.73 in May. On July 21 this price was 33.30 cents. Foreign spot market prices for most foreign growths of cotton continued below prices for comparable qualities of American upland in the U.S. in May and June. This situation has existed for several months.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Acres in Cultivation on July 1, 1955

Land in cultivation to cotton on July 1, 1955 was estimated at 17,096,000 acres, the smallest acreage for July 1 since records began in 1909. The previous low was 17,533,000 acres in 1945. The July 1, 1955 figure is 94 percent of the 18.2 million acreage allotment for 1955 and 2.7 million acres smaller than the acreage in cultivation a year earlier. The 1954 crop was 13,679,000 bales and yield per acre in cultivation was 336 pounds. 1/

Acreage in cultivation on July 1, 1955 to upland cotton totaled about 17,052,000 acres. This compares with 19,755,000 a year earlier. Acreage in cultivation for American Egyptian cotton increased from 35,700 acres in 1954 to 43,600 in 1955. The national acreage allotment for the 1955 crop of upland cotton was 18,113,000 acres. For American Egyptian it was 43,261.

The proportion of the acres in cultivation on July 1 by regions, are shown in table 8. The Western States proportion declined about 0.2 percent from 1954 to 1955 and the Southeastern States' proportion declined 0.1 percent. The Delta and Southwestern States' proportion increased about 0.1 and 0.2 percent, respectively.

^{1/} Based on acres in cultivation on July 1 less acres removed for compliance with allotments.

Exports in 1955-56

Most factors indicate an increase in exports in 1955-56 over the 3.5 million bales now estimated for 1954-55.

The factors which usually are important in determining cotton exports are foreign beginning stocks which are partially determined by foreign consumption in the preceding season, foreign production, and prices for cotton. Stocks of cotton abroad on August 1, 1955 are estimated at around 9.8 million bales, compared with about 10 million a year earlier. During 1954-55 foreign consumption will probably approximate 26.5 million bales. Foreign production in 1954-55 increased about 1.5 million bales from 1953-54 to a total of approximately 23.2 million. Preliminary information indicates that production abroad in 1955-56 will increase approximately 1 million bales.

Funds already authorized or committed by agreement for use in 1955-56 by the International Cooperation Administration and the Department of Agriculture under Public Law 460 will finance the expert of around 1.3 million bales of cotton. Additional funds will probably be authorized as the 1955-56 marketing year progresses.

Rate of Exports Declines in Lest Half of 1954-55

After showing an increase the first half of the 1954-55 season, exports have been running smaller than a year earlier during the last half. During April and May, exports were only 62 percent of those in the same months of 1954. The total through May of this season was 3,107,000 bales, about 9,000 above those during the same months of 1953-54. At the end of January, exports were 435,000 bales larger than in the first 6 months of 1953-54.

Table 1.- Cotton: Exports from U. S. by months, August 1953 to date

Season :	Month	ly totals	: Cumulati	ve totals 1/
beginning: August 1:	1953-54	1954-55	1953-54	1954-55
:	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
:	running	running	running	running
÷	bales	bales	bales	<u>bales</u>
:				
August :	193.3	189.6	193.3	189.6
September:	199.8	199.3	393.1	388.9
otober :	217.3	350.9	610.4	739.8
November:	242.8	389.6	853.3	1,129.4
December :	375.0	496.7	1,228.3	1,626.0
January :	296.7	334.0	1,525.0	1,960.1
ebruary:	385,4	307.5	1,910.4	2,267.5
March :	429.7	369.2	2,340.0	2,636.8
April :	422.0	239.3	2,762.1	2,876.1
/ay	336.1	230.7	3,098.2	3,106.8
June :	434.9		3,533.1	
July :	227.9	·	3,761.0	
Total 1/:	3,761.0		- • •	

^{1/} All totals were made before data were rounded to thousands. Bureau of the Census.

CS-159 - 6 -

Exports during June and July probably were smaller than in the same months last year when they were 435,000 and 228,000 bales. The total for the 1954-55 season is expected to be about 3.5 million bales compared with 3.8 million the preceding season. (See table 1.)

Government Financed Exports

About 243.3 million dollars were committed by the 9. S. Government as of July 20 to finance the export of cotton in 1955-56. This compares with the preliminary estimate of 315.1 million dollars used in fiscal 1954-55. In 1953-54 about 298.4 million dollars were expended.

The funds already committed for use in 1955-56 will finance the export of about 1.3 million bales at present prices, compared with 1.7 million in all of 1954-55 and 1.6 million in 1953-54. Additional agreements under Public Law 480 and authorizations under the Mutual Security Act will probably be made as the 1955-56 marketing year progresses. The details of U. S. Government financing in the 3 fiscal years mentioned above are shown below.

Table 2.- Programs of the U. S. Government to finance the export of cotton, 1953-54, 1954-55, and 1955-56 fiscal years

Programs	195	3 - 54	: 1954	-55 <u>1</u> /	1955	≈56 <u>2</u> /
Export-Import	Mil.	Mil. bales	Mil. dol.	Milø bales	Mil, dol.	Mil. bales
Bank Loans Public Law 480	L12.5	0.6	67.0	0.4		
Title I Title II Total	•		11.1 1.0 12.1	3/ 31	116.6 1.2 117.8	0.6 <u>3/</u>
International Cooperation Administration	•		Service Complete		The same of the sa	n-continue
Section 550 Section 402	<u>1</u> 4/26.9	•2	25.8 110.2	•1 •6	125.5	- •7
Others Total Grand Total	185.9 185.9 298.4	.8 1.0 1.6	100.0 236.0 315.1	1.2 1.7	125.5 243.3	• 7

1/ Preliminary. 2/ To July 8, 1955. 3/ Less than 50,000 bales. 4/ Paid shipments.

Consumption in 1955-56

Domestic mill consumption of cotton in the 1955-56 marketing year will probably be more than 9 million bales. Information concerning the 1955-56 marketing season is not yet sufficient to warrant an estimate indicating a higher degree of accuracy than that shown above. Consumption during the 1954-55 season will probably be about 8.9 million bales.

The more important factors on which the estimate of consumption for the 1955-56 season is based are personal disposable income, manmade fiber consumption, the price of cotton, and the level of stocks and unfilled orders for broad woven goods at the mill level. Personal disposable income has been rising over the past year. If this continues throughout the 1955-56 cotton marketing year, it would have a tendency to increase the consumption of cotton. On the other hand, the increase expected in consumption of manmade fibers, and the higher support price for 1955-56 probably will have depressing effects on cotton consumption. Broad woven goods mills appear to be in about a normal position with respect to stocks and unfilled orders of cotton textiles. Contracts placed by the military forces for textiles so far indicate that about 25 percent more cotton will be used in such goods than during the past year. For the 9 months ending in March, 1955 such use was running at about 90 thousand bales a year. The net effect of these factors indicates that cotton consumption in 1955-56 probably will be slightly higher than in 1954-55.

Cotton consumption during the first half of the 1954-55 season was at a low rate compared with the latter half. It appears likely that cotton consumption will be at a higher rate than a year earlier during the first half of 1955-56. During the latter half of the 1955-56 season, the rate may not be greatly different from that of the latter half of 1954-55.

Consumption in the Current Season

Mill consumption of cotton in the United States in the first 11 months of the 1954-55 season totaled 8,268,509 bales. This was 233,871 bales larger than during the same period a year earlier.

The average daily rate of consumption during these 11 months was 34,803 bales. This compares with 34,033 during the same part of the 1953-54 season. The rate of consumption during August and September 1954 was lower than during the same months of 1953. However, it was larger in every other month of the 1954-55 season except December when it was about the same. For April, May and June 1955 the rate of consumption averaged about 2,551 bales a day higher than the same months a year earlier. (See table 3.)

From February through July 1954 the monthly rates of consumption showed about a normal seasonal variation. However, during May and June of 1955 the rate of consumption declined less than seasonally.

U. S. Net Consumption of Cotton in 1954

In the last issue of <u>The Cotton Situation</u> data on the consumption of cotton in the U. S. excluding textile exports but including textile imports were shown. The last year for which data were shown was 1953. Data for 1954 are now available.

Table 3.- Cotton: Average daily rate of consumption, United States, by months, Aug. 1953 to date

Year	Monthly	average	Cume av	erage
beginning August 1	1953-54	1954-55	1953-54	1954-55
	l,000 running bales	l,000 running bales	l,000 running bales	1,000 running bales
August September October November December January February March April May June July	36.4 36.1 35.2 35.1 32.2 33.9 34.9 33.8 33.8 33.5 32.3	33.4 33.3 35.8 36.1 35.6 35.7 35.4 35.2 34.7	36.4 36.1 35.8 35.7 34.9 34.3 34.6 34.6 34.5 34.1 33.6	33.4 33.3 34.5 34.5 34.5 34.6 34.8 34.8

Bureau of the Census.

In 1954 net consumption of cotton per person was about 24 pounds compared with 26.5 pounds in 1953. Domestic mill consumption per person in 1954 was also about 2½ pounds smaller than in 1953.

Exports of cotton textiles in 1954 were about the same as in 1953, equivalent to about 260.4 and 260.5 million pounds of cotton, respectively. Imports of cotton textiles in 1954, equivalent to 41.7 million pounds of cotton, were about 3.5 million pounds larger than in 1953.

Goods Production

During the first quarter of 1955 the production of cotton broad woven goods was larger than in any quarter since the second quarter of 1953. The first quarter of 1955 was also the first since April-June 1953 in which production is above that of a year earlier. Production of fabrics by category is shown in table 11.

Production of Tire Cord

Production of tire cord, chiefly rayon tire cord and fabrics, during the first quarter of 1955 was larger than in any quarter since the third quarter of 1953. Production of cotton tire cord and fabrics except for chafer fabrics is not being reported separately by the Bureau of the Census. The cotton figures are combined with the figures for nylon tire cord and fabrics to avoid disclosing figures for individual companies. The data on tire cord and fabric production from 1953 through the first quarter of 1955 are shown on page 9.

Table 4 - Tire cord and fabrics: Production in United States, by quarters, 1953 to date

Calendar year	Total 1/	Rayon	*Cotton and : nylon	:Chafer fabrics : and others
-	: Million	Million	Million	Million
1953	pounds	pounds	pounds	pounds
JanMar.	136.2	112.2	8.5	15.5
AprJune	140.8	114.6	9.8	16.4
July-Sept.	: 130.7	108.4	9.0	13.3
OctDec.	: 113.0	93.7	7.7	11.6
Total 1	: 520.6	428.9	35.0	56.8
1954	:		_	
JanMar.	: 111.5	90.4	7.9	13•2
AprJune	: 104.5	79.2	12.4	12.9
July-Sept.	: 81.2	63.0	8.9	9.3
OctDec.	: 117.1	91.5	13.1	12.5-
Total 1/	: 414.3	324.1	42.3	47.9
1955	2			
JanMar. 2/	127.1	99.4	14.9	12.8

^{1/} All totals were made before data were rounded to millions.
2/ Preliminary.

Bureau of the Census.

to the Military Forces

Consumption of cotton in items delivered to the military forces is estimated at about 23,000 bales in both the third and fourth quarters of 1954 and at about 20,000 bales during the first quarter in 1955. Reports of deliveries to the military forces of tentile items cover those items which use about 80 to 90 percent of the cotton consumed by mills for military contracts. The total for each quarter is estimated by dividing the amount of cotton estimated from actual reports by 0.85.

Stocks in the U. S.

The carryover of cotton on August 1, 1955 is estimated at about 11.1 million bales. This compares with 9.7 million a year earlier and will be the largest since the 11.2 million bales on August 1, 1945. Upland stocks on August 1, 1955 are expected to amount to about 10.9 million bales and extra-long staple stocks approximately 0.2 million bales. On August 1, 1954, these stocks totaled 9,570,000 bales and 11,0,000 bales.

Stocks of cotton held by CCC (owned and pledged as collateral against outstanding loans) amounted to 8.2 million bales on July 8, about 131 thousand bales of which are extra-long staple cotton. This is 500,000 bales below the peak CCC holdings this crop year of 8,716,000 bales on January 28 and compares with an all time high of 11.4 million bales in April 1939. On July 9, 1954, CCC held 7,077 thousand bales of which 96,000 were extra-long staple cotton. CCC holdings on August 1, 1955 will probably total about 8.1 million bales as compared to 7,035,000 bales a year earlier.

Stocks of all cotton in consuming establishments amounted to about 1.5 million bales on July 2, 1955 compared with 1.4 million a year earlier. Of this total, mills held about 29,446 bales of extra-long staple cotton, compared with 32,981 bales on the same date last year. Total mill stocks rose from a season's low of 1.0 million bales at the end of August 1954 to a peak of almost 1.9 million bales at the end of February 1955 and have been declining since. In accord with the usual seasonal pattern, total stocks at mills are expected to decline to about 1.3 million bales at the end of July 1955. On July 31, 1954, stocks at mills totaled about 1.2 million bales. The postwar peak for mill stocks of nearly 2.4 million bales was attained at the end of March 1951; the postwar low of slightly under 0.7 million was reached at the end of August 1949.

Stocks of all cotton in public storage and at compresses totaled 9.7 million bales on July 2, 1955, about 148.4 thousand bales of which were extra-long staple cotton. Approximately 73 percent of the total stocks and 74 percent of the extra-long staple stocks at these locations is in Government hands. Last year at this time, 8.2 million bales of cotton, 111,400 bales of which consisted of extra-long staple cotton, were in public storage and at compresses. CCC holdings represented approximately 85 percent of the total on that date and about 86 percent of the extralong staple cotton stocks.

Table 5 shows stocks by locations in the United States at about the end of each month since August 1953.

Price Increase

After resting on price supports in March and April, the average price for Middling 15/16 inch cotton at the 14 spot markets increased during May and June, but declined during the first 20 days of July. The average for June was 33.84 cents compared with 33.73 cents in May and 33.38 cents in April. On July 21, the price was 33.30 cents. The average 1954 support price at the 14 spot markets for this quality cotton is 33.46 cents per pound.

Table 5.- Cotton, all kinds: Stocks, by location: United States, end-of-month, August 1953 to date

Year eginning ugust 1	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	∬an•	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
	Mil. bales 1/		Mil. bales 1/									Mil. bales
:				,	Tot	al 2/						
1953 1954 <u>3</u> /	20.7 22.0		18.7			15.7 16.5		13.4 14.3		11.4	10.2	9•7
				Const	ming e	stabli	shment	s				
1953 1954 <u>3</u> /	1.0	1.3 1.1	1.5 1.4	1.6 1.6	1.7 1.7	1.7 1.8	1.8 1.9		1.7 1.8	1.6 1.7	1.4 1.5	1.2
			Puk	lic Wa	arehous	es and	1 Compr	resses				
1953 1954 <u>3</u> /	3.8 8.3	5.9 10.9				12.1 13.5			9.7 11.2		8. 2 9.7	8•3
:					Elsewh	ere 4/	/					
	15.7 12.6	12.6 9.0	7•7 5•8	5.0 3.5	3.0 2.1	1.8 1.2	1.3	1.0 0.6	0.9 0.5	0.8 0.4	0.6	0.3

1/ American in running bales; foreign cotton in bales of equivalent 500 pounds. 2/ Includes stocks on farms, intransit and unpicked portion of the crop as stimated by the New York Cotton Exchange Service.

3/ Preliminary.

I/ Includes stocks on farms, intransit, unpicked portions of the crop as stimated by the New York Cotton Exchange except stocks at end of season which re estimated by the Bureau of the Census.

Bureau of the Census except as noted. All totals were made before data were ounded to millions of bales.

The average monthly prices for Middling 15/16 inch cotton at the 10 spot markets from March through June 1955 were below the averages of a year earlier. On July 21,1955 the average 10 spot market price of 33.42 cents per pound was 0.99 cents below that for the same date a year earlier.

In mid-May, the average price received by farmers for upland cotton was 31.51 cents per pound or 89 percent of parity; the average of 31.43 cents in mid-June also was 89 percent of parity. May marked the first month since March 1954 that the price received by farmers dropped below 90 percent of parity. This also was the first month during the current marketing year when the average price received by farmers was below that of a year earlier. In 1954, the mid-May price was 32.17 cents and the mid-June price was 32.31 cents.

The parity price for upland cotton in March and June was 35.34 cents per pound, the highest on record. The parity prices for January, February, April, and May were 35.22 cents, the second highest.

Support Prices

The minimum support price for Middling 7/8 inch cotton from the 1955 crop at average location was announced on February 23 at 31.70 cents per pound which was 90 percent of the January 15 parity price. If the parity price in effect on August 1 (that announced for July 15) is higher than the January 15 parity price, the support price will be increased accordingly. On June 1 the loan differentials for various qualities of cotton were announced as shown in table 13. The differential between Middling 15/16 inch cotton and Middling 7/8 inch was set at 1.80 cents per pound. This will give a minimum support price for Middling 15/16 inch at average location of 33.50 cents per pound. The average support price for this quality at average location for the 1954 crop was 33.23 cents per pound.

The minimum support price for extra-long staple cotton was announced at the same time as that for upland. The minimum for 1955-crop extra-long staple cotton is 55,20 cents per pound and reflects 75 percent of the Jan January 15 parity price for extra-long staple cotton of 73.6 cents per pound. Since January 15 the parity price of extra-long staple cotton has declined and on June 15 was 73.3 cents per pound. The same provisions that apply to a revision of the upland support price also apply to the extra-long staple support price.

On June 1 the Department announced the minimum price for various qualities of extra-long staple cotton (tables 14 and 15). In general, the support prices for American Egyptian cotton were slightly higher than the support prices for Sea Island and Sealand cotton.

Foreign Cotton Prices

Since March 1955 foreign spot market prices for most foreign growths of cotton have been below U. S. spot market prices for U. S. upland cotton of comparable quality. In June, for all the foreign growths for which prices are shown below, prices were below the prices for comparable qualities of U. S. upland cotton.

Base Quality for Futures Contracts Changed

Beginning with March 1956 deliveries on New Orleans and Chicago contracts, and May 1956 on New York contracts all cotton delivered must have a minimum micronaire reading of 3.0. The base quality for trading will be Middling, 15/16 inch as has been the case since 1939. No micronaire reading has been included in the specifications for quality. Middling 1 inch will be the base quality for future contracts for delivery on and after October 1956. In addition, cotton delivered against these contracts must have a micronaire reading of not less than 3.5.

Table 6 .- Spot prices of specified growths of cotton, including export taxes, May and June 1955 1/2/

	:	Foreign		*	U.	S. equivale	nt 3/
Country	Market	Quality	Price per pound	:	Price per pound	Quality	Market
	:	<u> </u>	Cents		Cents	,	
	:		n	May			
India	Bombay	Broach		_ ~		M 15/16	New
Pakistan	: :Karachi	Vijay, fine 289 FSind	29.45		35.40	inch M 1 - 1/32	Orleans New
	:	fine	33.23		37.59		Orleans
Turkey	:Izmir	Acala II	46.98		38.41		· New
•	:					inches	Orleans
Brazil	:Sao Paulo	Type 5	5/		35.40	- •	New
	:	,	_			inch	Orleans
Mexico	:Matamoros					M 1-1/32	New
	:	inches	<u>5</u> /		37.59		Orleans
Peru	:Lima	Tanguis	al an			SLM 1-3/16	
	17	type 5	34.27		39.13	inches	Memphis
Egypt	:Alexandri		1.7 70		1.0.33	SM 1-1/8	35
	<u> </u>	good	41.18	une	42.11	inches	Memphis
India	Bombay	Broach	0 (mie		M 15/16	New
Tinta	Domoay	Vijay, fine	29.99		35.30		Orleans
Pakistan	:Karachi	289 FSind	L/•//		J/ 4/-	M 1-1/32	New
I GUTO OGI	1 1101 0011	fine	36.27		3 7. 75		Orleans
Turkey	Izmir	Acala II	5/			M 1-1/16	New
	:		_		•	inches	Orleans
Brazil	:Sao Paulo	Type 5	5/		3 5,30	M 15/16	New
	:					inch	Orleans
Mexico	:Matamoros	, -				M 1-1/32	New
_	•		7 /34 . 96		37.75	inches	Orleans
Peru	:Lima	Tanguis			** **	SLM 1-3/16	
	1	type 5	36.00		39.32	inches	Memphis
Egypt	:Alexandri		1.2 27		ו מ בי	SM 1-1/8	Manual India
	:	good	41-17		43.59	inches	Memphis
	:						

^{1/} Includes export taxes where applicable. 2/ (notations on net weight basis except as noted. 3/ let ut. price for U. S. =spot price + 0.96. h/ nality of U. S. cotton enerally considered to the most nearly comparable to the foreign cotton. 5/ no quotations. 6/ Delivered at Brownsville. Not weight price = actual price + 0.96. 7/ One quotation.

Under the new contracts, cotton with a staple length of less than 29/32 inch cannot be delivered. In addition, cotton from 29/32 to 1-1/32 inches will be deliverable against futures contracts at full market differentials. Cotton longer than 1-1/32 inches will carry the full premium for 1-1/32 inches over 1 inch plus 75 percent of the difference between 1-1/32 and 1-1/16 inch cotton. Under the old contract the premium for cotton longer than 1 inch was the full premium for 1 inch plus 50 percent of the difference between 1 inch and 1-1/32 inch cotton.

Contracts which mature before October 1956 will continue to be traded under the old specifications for grade, staple, and quality differentials.

Mill Margins Decline

The mill margin for the amount of gray goods produced from a pound of cotton (average of 17 constructions) declined during June to 26.34 cents, this continued the downward trend of the preceding two months from the 1954-55 season's peak of 27.78 cents in March. The June 1955 mill margin compares with 26.59 cents in May 1955 and 26.50 cents in June 1954. The decline from May 1955 was caused by a decline in the value of cloth and a rise in the price of cotton. Mill margins from February through May were above those of the corresponding months a year earlier, but June 1955 was 0.16 cent below a year earlier and the average for 1954-55 is expected to be the lowest of the five full seasons since the outbreak of the war in Korea.

The decrease in the value of fabric produced from a pound of cotton in June to 62.58 cents continued the decline which started in March. The value was 63.59 cents in February 1955 and 62.74 cents, in May. In June 1954, it was 62.12 cents. Fabric value has been above a year earlier since January 1955. The average price for the qualities of cotton used in manufacture of the 17 constructions in June was 36.24 cents. This was the highest price since September 1954.

Consumption of Linters

Consumption of cotton linters from August 1, 1954 through June 1955 was about 113 thousand bales larger than during the same period a year earlier. Consumption during the full 1954-55 marketing year will probably approximate 1,450,000 bales. This compares with 1,318,000 for the 1953-54 season. Consumption by bleachers and other users during the current season has been larger than during the preceding marketing year.

Exports of cotton linters have been running ahead of a year earlier. From August 1, 1954 through May 1955 exports totaled 209,881 bales, compared with 195,164 during the same period a year earlier. However, exports from February through May 1955 of 97,494 bales were 21,207 bales smaller than during the same period of a year earlier and exports for the entire 1954-55 season are expected to be about the same as the 237,332 bales of 1953-54.

- 15 -

Total disappearance for the 1954-55 season will probably be in the neighborhood of 1.7 million bales. This is about 0.2 million larger than during the 1953-54 season. The carryover on August 1 is estimated at a record of about 1.6 million bales.

Linters Prices Continue to Decline

The United States average price for most grades of linters has shown a slight but steady downward tendency the last 3 months. For example, the average price for grade 2 in March was 8.29 cents per pound but in June it was 8.09 cents per pound. Grade 6 showed a similar tendency, declining from 2.64 cents in April to 2.54 cents in June. The decline is probably associated with the large supply of linters.

Sales of CCC Cotton Linter Stocks

On July 8, the Department of Agriculture announced that stocks of cotton linters held by CCC would be offered for sale periodically over a considerable period of time. The sales will be on an offer and acceptance basis.

The release said "by selling on a periodic basis, at prices which will not disrupt the orderly movement of current production, and if necessary spreading sales over a period of years, the Department will endeavor to avoid undue interference with the flow of 'free' linters in regular channels of trade. At the same time, it will handle its stocks so as to help insure a continuous supply of linters on the market at competitive prices—to keep linters moving into consumption at maximum rates."

On July 8, CCC had an inventory of about 1.2 million bales of cotton linters acquired from the 1951 through 1954 crops. More than half of this came from the 1952 crop.

Synthetic Fibers Production

World production of synthetic fibers during 1954 totaled a record 4,983 million pounds. This was equivalent to about 11.7 million bales of cotton. Approximately 10 percent of the world production were non-cellulosic fibers. Both rayon and acetate and the non-cellulosics hit new record highs of 4,507 and 476 million pounds, respectively. Previous records were set in 1953 when 4,175 million and 387 million pounds were produced.

United States production of the non-cellulosics was a record 346.1 million pounds, or about 73 percent of the world production. For rayon and acetate the United States produced 1,085.7 million pounds or about 24 percent of the world total. In 1953 the United States produced 1,196.9 million pounds or about 29 percent of the world total of 4,175.0 million. Every foreign country for which records are available, except Greece, showed an increase in synthetic fiber production from 1953 to 1954. This applies to both the non-cellulosic synthetic fibers and to rayon and acetate. Production of rayon and acetate in Greece declined from 4.1 million pounds to 3.7 million.

Production of rayon and acetate in the United States has been running above a year earlier since the first of 1955. However, production has declined since the peak of 115.1 million pounds in March. In June production of rayon and acetate was 104.0 million pounds. Producers stocks of rayon and acetate have declined steadily since August 1954 when they were 103.3 million pounds. At the end of June 1955 stocks were 163.1 million pounds.

Correction

Table 16, page 24 of <u>The Cotton Situation</u> released May 27, 1955, CS-158, was incorrect. The following table is a correction of the above mentioned table.

Table 7 - Cotton: Rates of cash payments to exporters by CCC, U. S. 1939-52

Period	Rate of subsidy
	Cents per pound
July 27, 1939 - December 5, 1939	1,500
December 6, 1939 - December 7, 1939	0,750
December 8, 1939 - December 11, 1939	• 1400
December 11, 1939 - January 30, 1940	.200
January 30, 1940	: Discontinued
September 29, 1941 - October 22, 1941	250
October 22, 1941 - January 23, 1942	.300
January 23, 1942 - February 13, 1942	. 250
February 13, 1942 - March 13, 1942	.200
March 13, 1942	Discontinued
December 11, 1944 - February 13, 1947	١,,000
February 13, 1947 - May 8, 1947	2.000
May 8, 1947 - March 3, 1948	• 500
March 3, 1948 - June 23, 1948	.125
June 23, 1948 - December 26, 1950	1/.020
December 26, 1950 - June 30, 1952	• 0
June 30, 1952	: Discontinued

^{1/} Rate was 10 cents per bale which is calculated to be 0.02 cents per pound for a bale weighing 500 pounds.

Table 8 .- Cotton: Acreage in cultivation July 1, each region as a percentage of total acreage in cultivation July 1, United States, 1930 to date

Crop year begin- ning aug. 1	; V	Vest 1/	South	west	Del	.ta /	South	east	4 5	hers 5/	: :Total
1	:1,000 :acres	Per- cent	1,000 acres	Per- cent	1,000 acres	Per- cent	1,000 ecres	Per- sent	1,000 acres	Per- cent	l,000 acres
1932 1933 1934 1935 1936 1937	: 501 : 352 : 513	1.3 1.0 1.3 1.7 1.7 2.3 2.5 2.5	20,698 18,382 16,763 19,701 13,594 13,391 14,581 15,240 10,896 10,729	47.8 47.0 45.0 49.0 49.0 48.8 47.6 44.7 43.6 43.5	11,266 10,608 10,482 10,678 7,035 7,300 8,158 9,352 7,031 7,116	26.0 27.1 28.7 26.5 25.2 26.6 27.4 28.0 28.0	10,729 9,601 8,876 9,327 6,738 6,876 7,367 8,382 6,414 6,198	24.8 24.5 24.3 23.1 24.2 24.5 23.4 24.6 25.1	20 18 21 29 32 22 25 31 21 21	6/01 01 01 01 01 01 01	43,329 39,110 36,49h 40,248 27,860 28,063 30,627 34,090 25,018 24,683
1941 1942 1943 1944 1945	: 687 : 733 : 769 : 607 : 563 : 590 : 624 : 931 :1,307 :1,630	23.38844368 23.36.8 23.4555	10,773 9,850 10,302 9,469 8,643 7,208 7,357 9,583 9,875 12,534	43.3 42.6 44.2 43.3 40.5 44.5 44.9	7,261 6,721 6,638 6,488 6,098 5,477 5,787 6,456 7,200 8,019	28.8 29.1 28.5 29.6 30.6 31.2 31.9 29.9 30.9 28.7	6,228 5,803 5,571 5,319 4,335 4,374 4,374 4,853 5,709	25.0 25.1 23.9 24.3 23.2 24.2 24.1 21.2 20.9 20.5	22 20 22 17 17 15 16 18 22		24,871 23,130 23,302 21,900 19,956 17,533 18,157 21,560 23,253 27,914
1951 1952 1953 1954	:1,042 :2,204 :2,376 :2,364 :1,536 7/1,298	5.6 7.8 8.7 9.4 7.6	8,013 14,084 13,064 10,636 9,041 7,845	43.0 48.0 42.1 45.6 45.8	5,644 7,065 6,681 7,152 5,532 4,800	30.3 25.1 24.6 28.3 28.0 28.1	3,916 4,824 5,050 5,077 3,667 3,141	21.0 17.1 18.6 20.1 18.5 18.4	14 18 14 15 15		18,629 28,195 27,185 25,244 19,791 17,096

^{1/} Includes California, Arizona and New Mexico. 2/ Includes Texas, and Oklahoma.

Includes Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi and Louisiana.

Includes Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama,

^{5/} Includes Illinois, Kansas, Kentucky and Nevada. 5/ Less than 0.05 percent.

Preliminary, Crop Reporting Board report of July 8, 1955.

Calculated from data from Crop Reporting Board.

Table 9 .- Cotton: Estimate of eareage in cultivation July 1, by States and United States, average 1914-53, 1954 and 1955

	: 10-year		:	:	1955
	abandome	en s	•	•	-///
STATE	from	, Average	: 1954	-	1
	: natural	1944-53	1	<u>.</u>	Percent of
	: caluses	5 1	:	Actual	: 1954
	:1945-54		•	1	1
	\$	1,000	1,000	1,000	
	: Percen	t acres	acres	Acres	Percent
	8		-2		- 1
North Carolina	8 1.3	711	557	475	85
South Carolina	å 0,5	1,074	8 36	725	87
Georgia	\$ 0,8	1,330	1,039	885	85
Tennessee	2 ,204	767	65 7	580	88
Alabama	: 0.6	1,543	1,180	1,005	85
Mississippi	2.3	2,435	2,001	1,730	86
Missouri	3.2	484	455	395	87
Arkansas	\$ 2.5	2,018	1,721	1,475	86
Louisiana	1.7	855	698	620	89
Oklahoma	\$ 5.9	1,226	976	8145	87
Texas	3.8	8,874	8,065	7,000	87
New Mexico	2.5	217	210	185	88
Arizona	: 9.4	356	430	355	83
California	9. 5	790	896	758	85
Other States 1/	3,1	83	70	63	91
United States	1 2.7	22,763	19,791	17,096	86
Other States			_		
Virginia	3,1	25.2	18.0	17.5	97
Florida	: 1.8	41.5	36.7	32 , 7	89
Illinois	8 8 .3	3.7	3•2	2 .7	84
Kantucky	3.3	12.2	9.8	8,0	82
Nevada	1 2/ 8.4	0.7	1.9	2.2	116
Am. Egypt. 3/	•		,		
Texas	1 7.3	14.7	12.1	16.0	132
New Mexico	3.3	7.7	6.9	8,3	120
Arizona	: 0.0	18:0	16.5	19.0	115
California	t 0.0	•3	.0°5	0.3	150
Total Am. Egypt.	: 0.9	70°9	35.7	43.6	. 122

^{1/} Sums of acreage for "other states" rounded to thousands for inclusion in United States totals.

Crop Reporting Board .

^{2/} Short-time average.
3/ Included in State and United States totals.

Table 10.- Cotton: Exports from the United States, by staple length and by countries of destination, April and May 1955 and accumulations since Aug. 1, 1954 1/

Country	:		11 1955		;		1955		Çum.	total since	ug. 1, 195	4
of destination	: 1-1/8 : inches : and over	: 1 inch : to 1-1/8 : inches :		Total	: 1-1/8 : inches : and over	: 1 inch : to 1-1/8 : inches :	Under 1 inch	Total	1-1/8 inches and over	: 1 inch : to 1-1/8 : inches :	Under 1 inch	Total
	: Running bales	Running bales	Running bales	Running bales	Running bales	Running bales	Running	Running bales	Running bales	Running bales	Running bales	Running
OPE	:		10	•								
nited Kingdom	1,714	710وبلا	9,745	26,169	1,541	8,120	3,148	12,809	31,983	204,951	146,531	383,465
stria	: 199	971	91	1,261	0	125	9	134	1,859	9,808	1,964	13,63
elgium and Luxembourg 🔑	: 00/	-4,392	- 100 0	4,492 0	0	580 0	100 ·	680	1,432	59 , 786	1,865	63,083
zechoslovakia zmark	: S	1.640	ŏ	1,640	ŏ	539	ŏ	539	ŏ	18,427	151	18,58
emark Lre	. 0	1,5040 0	91	91	ŏ	0	165	165	ŏ	2,793	1,880	4,67
inland,	Ö	ŏ	Ō	70	Ö	5 ,336	Ő	5,336	Ω	9,378	0	9,378
rance C+	2,153	20,738	3,310	26,201	2,607	22,810	1,632	27,049	35,790	309,235	22,709	2/367,82
ermany (West)	3,915	11.606	1,198	16,749	466و 2	5,475	366	8,307	76,049	237.334	9,425	322,80
reece	: 0	1,031	∵ 500	1,531	Ō	0	381.	381	0	2,103	1,381	3,48
fungary , =	: 0	0	- 100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
taly ¬ '	1,566	14,559	1,427	17,552	206 1,750	19,180	6,498	25,884	بلبلة و10	172,507	28 ,081	211,43
etherlands	2,374	2,838	200 0	5,412 951	150 0	760 1 , 050	0	2,510	47,003	41,026	1,802	89,83
orway	. 0	95 <u>1</u> 0	0	991	Ö	000	0	1,050	0	10,111	1,000	11,11
oland and Danzig	. 0	^ 15¥	. 0	154	280	20	0	300	280	0 174	0	1
ortugal pain	500	308	ő	808	0	5 . 6 96	907	6,603	9,300	92 ,329	0 9 10	100 53
veden	; ~~~	بلبلة و 2	885	3,229	0	2.452	331	2,783	1,584	42,596	4,090	53و102 48و27
witzerland	100	350	100	550	100	494	100	694	3,541	27,784	3,056	34 , 38
rieste	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	104	1,214	0,00	1,31
. S. S. R.	: 0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ó	Ŏ	ŏ	
ugoslavia	: 0	5 ,1 35	4,579	بلا7و9	,. 0	0	0	Ø	2بلاو1	60,932	22,168	بك وبلا
ther	:0	0	0ر	0	٠ 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Total	12,551	81,727	22,226	116.50	8,950	72,637	13,637	95,224	220,912	1,302,488	247,016	4/1,770,51
ER COUNTRIES	•			•							•	
anada :	945	24,795	2,930	28,670	'216	20,941	4,638	25,795	10,503	214,915	43,530	268,91
lexico -	: 0	.0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	-
uba 🤌	: 0	450	5	455	0	700	0	700	103	16,676	1,415	18,19
olombia '	: 0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	586	793	0	1,3
ndie	: 0	0	0	. 0	400	200	0	600	55,919	2,663	0	58,58
hina apan	303.	39,594	7باباو 21	61 , 344	0	•	13,119	0 1.1. ď21	4,073	381,004	221,793	606,8
apan long Kong	50 is	279274 ()	کر ≀۳۰۱و∓ت	75 75	, 0	31 , 412	وللدورد 0	53 1 و بلبا 0	4,U/3 300	503	4,913	ر در 500 7 1 و 5
orea .	. 0	197	8,766	8 , 963	0	93	29,260	29,353	0	3 1 0	138,923	139,2
alestine and Israel	, 0	184ء	0	2,184	Ö	1,842	0	1,842	63L	14,526	0	15,4
hilippine Islands	303	199	ō	502	Ó	0	ŏ	0	1,085	4,065	ō	5,1
ustralia	: 210,	2,868	1,330	4,408	. 857	3 ,153	Ō	4,010	5 , 255	37,700	6,210	43,1
Other	292	7,685	8,248	225,	Ö	6,724	21 , 9 11	28,635	3,778	59,540 726,695	110.318	173.6
Total	2,103	77,972	42.751	122,826	1,473	65.065	68,928	1 35 , 466	82,236	726,695	527,102	71,196,2
orld total	456,41	159,699	64,977	239,330	10,423	137,702	82,565	230,690	303,148	2,029,183	77), 778	L/3,106,80

^{1/} Preliminary, includes published revisions through March F 410 reports.
2/ Indiades 94 bales of Pima exported to France.
3/ Includes 264 bales of Pima exported to Israel.
4/ Includes 358 bales of Pima exported to France and Israel.

Table 11,- Cotton Broad Woven Goods: Production by quarters, United States, 1951 to date

Year and quarter	: Total: 1/	: Duck and allied fabrics	2/	Print cloth yarn fabrics	yarn fabrics	towel- ing, and dish cloths		Fine cotton	ties
	: Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.	Mil	Mil,	Mil.	Mil.	Mil.
		linear		linear	linear	linear	linear	linear	linear
1951	yds,	yds.	yds.	yds.	yds.	yds.	yds.	yds.	yds.
JanMar.	2,883	84	791	1,033	236	139	124	353	124
AprJune	: 2,661		751	965	185	113	112	337	103
July-Sept.	: 2,273		659	836	161	83	99	272	73
QctDec.	: 2,319		636	874	197	87	74	271	86
Total 3/	:10,136		2,837	3,709	779	422	409	1,233	3 85
1952	•			3,10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4		·	
JanMar.	: 2,381		645	877	205	98	7 8	270	99
AprJune	: 2,275		570	878	193	102	7 9	252	102
July-Sept.	: 2,314		575	893	200	111	75	275	107
OctDec. Total 3/	: 2,531 : 9,515		622	981	224	117	70	317	120
100ar 2/	: 9,515	366	2,417	3 , 6 38	82 7	428	298	1,113	427
1953	•								
JanMar.	: 2,612	? 77	623	11,021	235	120	77	331	128
AprJune	: 2,610		651	1,006	227	123	76	330	128
July-Sept.	: 2,424		625	927	200	116	73	312	108
OctDec.	: 2,558	58	663	1,000	199	117	65	334	122
Total <u>3</u> /	:10,203	3 263	2,557	3,957	863	475	290	1,307	490
~~~	<b>;</b>								
1954 4/		′ ′2	() 0	-0/	201	/	=0	206	777
JanMar. AprJune	2,515 2,515		642	986	196	116	72 66	326 312	117 106
July-Sept	: 2,454 : 2,302		616 567	008و1	186 180	106	59	286	101
OctDec.	: 2,498		606	944 1,007	195	106 122	59 62	323	120
Total	: 9,769		2,430	3,945	757	450	259	1,246	444
	:	-21	ال بناو <u>-</u>	25742	151	450	6))	1,240	4-1-1
1955 4	/ <b>:</b>								
JanMar.	: 2,596	63	649	1,018	189	121	68	350	137
	:			•	-				

Bureau of the Census.

^{1/} Totals were made before figures were rounded.
2/ Includes allied coarse and medium yarm fabrics.
3/ Published totals and not summation of quarterly data.

Preliminary,

Table 12.- CCC stocks of Cotton: United States, 1954-55

Date   Total   Set   Fooled   Colleteral   Secres   Sec	
Set-   to pro-   Owned   On loans   Total   tary's   1953   1954	
Set-   to pro-   Owned   Total   tary's   1953   1954	
: : aside : ducers': : 1953 : 1954 : Total : ac : crop : count : : : 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,	
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
: 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,000 1,00	
: bales bale	)
1954 : Aug. 1 : 7,035 Aug. 27 : 7,011 126 1,680 5,096 13 6,915 31 65 0 Oct. 1 : 7,178 1,000 126 1/680 5,068 208 7,082 31 65 0	
Aug. 1 : 7,035 Aug. 27 : 7,011 126 1,680 5,096 13 6,915 31 65 0 Oct. 1 : 7,178 1,000 126 1/680 5,068 208 7,082 31 65 0	
Aug. 27: 7,011 126 1,680 5,096 13 6,915 31 65 0 0ct. 1: 7,178 1,000 126 1/680 5,068 208 7,082 31 65 0	
0ct. 1 : 7,178 1,000 126 <u>1</u> /680 5,068 208 7,082 31 65 0	
Nov. 26: 8,002 1,000	
Dec. 3 : 8,184 1,000	
Dec. 10: 8,311 1,000	
Dec. 17: 8,413 1,000	
Dec. 24: 8,479 1,000	
Dec. 31: 8,530 1,000	
Jan. 7: 8,585     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,954     1,712     8,472     30     65     18       Jan. 14: 8,670     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,946     1,801     8,553     30     65     22       Jan. 21: 8,701     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,942     1,834     8,582     30     65     24       Jan. 28: 8,716     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,935     1,853     8,594     30     65     27       Feb. 4: 8,696     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,929     1,836     8,571     30     65     30	
Jan. 14: 8,670     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,946     1,801     8,553     30     65     22       Jan. 21: 8,701     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,942     1,834     8,582     30     65     24       Jan. 28: 8,716     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,935     1,853     8,594     30     65     27       Feb. 4: 8,696     1,000     2/2     1/806     4,929     1,836     8,571     30     65     30	
Jan. 21: 8,701 1,000	
Jan. 28: $8,716$ 1,000 $\frac{2}{2}$ / $\frac{1}{8}$ /806 4,935 1,853 8,594 30 65 27 Feb. 4: $8,696$ 1,000 $\frac{2}{2}$ / $\frac{1}{8}$ /806 4,929 1.836 8,571 30 65 30	
Feb. 4 : 8,696 1,000 2/ 1/806 4,929 1.836 8,571 30 65 30	
Feb. 11: $8,677$ 1,000 $2/$ $1/789$ 4,921 1,840 8,550 30 65 32	
Feb. 18: 8,645 1,000 2/ 4/777 4,915 1,825 8,517 30 65 33	
Feb. 25: 8,610 1,000 \(\frac{2}{2}\) \(\frac{4}{769}\) 4,901 1,811 8,481 30 65 34	
Mar. 4: 8,592 1,000 $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{765}$ 4,892 1,805 8,462 30 65 35	
Mar. 11: 8,559 1,000 $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{762}$ 4,880 1,787 8,429 30 65 35	
Mar. $18:8,540$ 1,000 $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4,869}{1,780}$ 1,780 8,410 30 65 35	
Mar. 25: 8,540 1,000 $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{760}$ 4,863 1,787 8,410 30 65 35	
Apr. 1: 8,527 1,000 2/ 4/758 4,856 1,783 8,397 30 65 35	
Apr. 8: 8,518 1,000 $\frac{2}{4}$ $\frac{4}{753}$ 4,852 1,782 8,387 30 65 36	
Apr. 15: 8,516 1,000 2/ 4/753 4,845 1,787 8,385 30 65 36	
Apr. 22: 8,518 1,000 2/ 4/752 4,839 1,796 8,387 30 65 36	
May $6:8,526$ 1,000 $2/$ 752 4,830 1,813 8,395 30 65 36 May 13:8,449 1,000 $2/$ 4/686 4,822 1,810 8,318 30 65 36	
May 13 : 8,449 1,000	
May 20 : 8,399 1,000	
May 27 : 8,359 1,000 $\frac{2}{2}$ / $\frac{4}{679}$ 4,781 1,768 8,228 30 65 36 June 3 : 8,298 1,000 $\frac{2}{2}$ / $\frac{4}{679}$ 4,751 1.737 8.167 30 65 36	
June 3: $8,298$ 1,000 $\overline{2}$ / $\overline{4}$ /679 4,751 1,737 8,167 30 65 36 June 10: $8,270$ 1,000 $\overline{2}$ / $\overline{4}$ /677 4.735 1.727 8.139 30 65 36	
- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
June 17: 8,241 1,000 2/ 4/676 4,725 1,709 8,110 30 65 36  June 24: 8,224 1,000 2/ 4/675 4,718 1,700 8,093 30 65 36	
June 24: 8,224 1,000	
July 1 : 8,203 1,000	
July 8 : 8,185 1,000 2/ 4/669 4,711 1,675 8,054 30 65 36 July 15 :	
July 55:	

^{1/} One million bales in "set-aside."
2/ CCC took possession of pooled cotton on October 13, 1954.
3/ Less than 500 bales.
4/ Cotton has been sold.

Table 13.- Loan rates: Premiums and discounts for eligible qualities of 1955-crop American Upland cotton (Basis 15/16 -inch Middling)

CRADE   13/16; 7/8   29/32; 15/16; 31/32; 1   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/6   11/		•					St	aple 1	ength i	n inche					
WHITE	GRADE	22/26	7/9:	20/22	1 t' / 1 6°	27 /20		1-	: 1-	: 1-	: 1- :				
WHITE Good Middling S-220 -140 -65															
Good Middling : -220 -140 -65		: Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.	Pts.
Strict Middling :-255 -155 -75 30 60 115 200 215 300 115 625 820 1060 1275 Middling :-250 -150 -100 Base 15 105 160 200 250 350 535 720 950 1155   \$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$		- 220	310	10	1 ~	60	7 66	23.5	260	אז ר	1.1.0	41.6	حم. (2	3000	7.000
Middling : -250				_				-		_					
St. Low Middling : -\u00 -325 -250 -150 -100 -55 -5 30 70 125 220 310 \u00edred 120 520 \u20edred Low Middling : -\u00edred 505 -5\u00edred 5-\u00edred 505 -5\u00edred 5-\u00edred 505 -5\u00 -765 -5\u00edred 5-\u00edred 5-					_					_		_			
Low Middling : -605 -515 -175 -105 -360 -310 -270 -215 -225 -200 -175 -160 -150 -115 St. Good Ordinary : -760 -725 -660 -565 -515 -505 -180 -170 -165 -165 -165 -165 -165 -165 -165 -165	_														
St. Good Ordinary : -760										-					
Good Ordinary : -950			•					. •							
SPOTTED  God Middling  -3.0 -310 -235 -155 -105 -60 -15 10 35 90 135 175 205 235  Strict Middling  -4.05 -333 -260 -100 -125 -50 -4.0 -15 15 40 85 130 155 185  Middling  -600 -540 -470 -395 -330 -275 -230 -205 -170 -150 -130 -105 -80 -50  St. Low Middling  -775 -720 -665 -590 -540 -4.90 -4.65 -4.55 -4.55 -4.55 -4.55 -4.55 -4.55 -4.55  Low Middling  -960 -910 -655 -780 -740 -705 -600 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675			• -					•		· -					
Good Middling :-3c0 -310 -235 -155 -105 -60 -15 10 35 90 135 175 205 235 Strict Middling :-lo5 -330 -260 -160 -125 -60 -lo -15 15 lo 85 130 155 165 Middling :-600 -540 -470 -395 -330 -275 -230 -205 -170 -150 -130 -105 -60 -50 -50 St. Low Middling :-775 -720 -655 -590 -540 -490 -465 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455	Good Ordinary	: -950	-095	-6140	-165	-125	-060	-060	一つうう	<del>-</del> 055	一つうう	-055	<del>~</del> 0 <b>5</b> 5	-655	<del>-</del> 655
Strict Middling :-405 -330 -260 -160 -125 -60 -40 -15 15 40 85 130 155 185 Middling :-600 -540 -470 -395 -330 -275 -230 -205 -170 -150 -130 -105 -60 -50 St. Low Middling :-775 -720 -655 -590 -540 -490 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -45	SPOTTED	:													
Strict Middling :-405 -330 -260 -160 -125 -60 -40 -15 15 40 85 130 155 185 Middling :-600 -540 -470 -395 -330 -275 -230 -205 -170 -150 -130 -105 -60 -50 St. Low Middling :-775 -720 -655 -590 -540 -490 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -455 -45	Good Middling	:-3c0	-310	<b>-2</b> 35	-155	-105	<b>-</b> 60	-15	10	35	90	135	175	205	235
Middling :-600 -510 -170 -395 -330 -275 -230 -205 -170 -150 -130 -105 -60 -50 St. Low Middling :-775 -720 -655 -590 -510 -190 -165 -155 -155 -155 -155 -155 -155 -155	_		_			-125	-60	-70	-15		40			_	-
St. Low Middling :-775 -720 -655 -590 -5h0 -h90 -h55 -455 -455 -455 -455 -h55 -h55 -h55	•						-275	-230		_	-150	-130			_
Low Middling :-960 -910 -055 -780 -7h0 -705 -600 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675 -675	•	-							-455	•			-	-1155	_
TINGED  Good Middling  -760 -660 -520 -530 -490 -445 -420 -410 -365 -365 -330 -310 -265 -250 Strict Middling  -760 -705 -645 -550 -510 -475 -445 -435 -410 -390 -360 -335 -310 -275 Middling  -915 -660 -795 -715 -680 -630 -605 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 St. Low Middling  -100 -1045 -980 -910 -675 -835 -615 -610 -610 -610 -610 -610 -610 -610  WELLOW STAINED  Good Middling  -1025 -975 -915 -859 -820 -790 -755 -740 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 St. Middling  -1025 -975 -915 -855 -820 -785 -770 -785 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765  Middling  -1220 -1265 -1105 -1015 -985 -960 -945 -940 -940 -940 -940 -940 -940 -940  GRAY  Good Middling  -390 -325 -260 -175 -130 -95 -50 -25 10 45 120 170 205 245  Middling  -500 -525 -455 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20  Middling  -500 -525 -455 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20	_		-			-									
Good Middling :-730 -660 -520 -530 -490 -445 -420 -410 -365 -365 -330 -310 -265 -250 Strict Middling :-760 -705 -645 -550 -510 -475 -445 -435 -410 -390 -360 -335 -310 -275 Middling :-915 -660 -795 -715 -680 -630 -605 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -5		2	,	-22	•	•	2			-17	-12	-12	,		-12
Good Middling :-730 -660 -520 -530 -490 -445 -420 -410 -365 -365 -330 -310 -265 -250 Strict Middling :-760 -705 -645 -550 -510 -475 -445 -435 -410 -390 -360 -335 -310 -275 Middling :-915 -660 -795 -715 -680 -630 -605 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -5	TINGED	•													·
Strict Middling		-730	-600	<b>-</b> 520	-530	-490	-445	-420	-4:10	-365	-365	-330	-310	-265	-250
Middling :-915 -060 -795 -715 -660 -630 -605 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -595 -5								-115	,						
St. Low Middling	C									•					
Low Middling	•							_							
YELLOW STAINED  Good Middling -1000 -945 -690 -820 -790 -755 -740 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 St. Middling -1025 -975 -915 -855 -820 -785 -770 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765 Middling  GRAY  Good Middling -365 -300 -230 -150 -105 -65 -20 -ven 35 115 170 215 265 315 St. Middling -390 -325 -260 -175 -130 -95 -50 -25 10 45 120 170 205 245 Middling -560 -525 -455 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20	•	-		-			-							-	-1010
Good Middling -1000 -945 -890 -820 -790 -755 -740 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735		:													
Good Middling -1000 -945 -890 -820 -790 -755 -740 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735 -735	YELLOW STAINED	•													
St. Middling -1025 -975 -915 -855 -820 -785 -770 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765 -765		<b>-100</b> 0	-915	-£90	<b>~820</b>	-790	-755	-740	-735	<del>-</del> 735	<del>-</del> 735	<del>-</del> 735	-735	-735	<del>-</del> 735
Middling :-1220 =1165 -1015 -985 -960 -915 -910 -910 -910 -910 -910 -910 -910 -910		•				• •		-							
GRAY  Good Middling  -365 -300 -230 -150 -105 -65 -20 -ven 35 115 170 215 265 315 St. Middling  -390 -325 -260 -175 -130 -95 -50 -25 10 15 120 170 205 245 Middling  -50 -50 -525 -155 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20	O	-	- · · · · ·							• •			• -		
Good Middling :-365 -300 -230 -150 -105 -65 -20 _ven 35 115 170 215 265 315 \$t. Middling :-390 -325 -260 -175 -130 -95 -50 -25 10 45 120 170 205 245 Middling :-500 -525 -455 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20		•			,	, -, -,	-,00	/ /	-740		-740	>40	-740	-740	
Good Middling :-365 -300 -230 -150 -105 -65 -20 _ven 35 115 170 215 265 315 \$t. Middling :-390 -325 -260 -175 -130 -95 -50 -25 10 45 120 170 205 245 Middling :-500 -525 -455 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20	GRAY	:													
St. Middling :-390 -325 -260 -1.75 -130 -95 -50 -25 10 45 120 170 205 245 Middling :-560 -525 -455 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20		: -365	~300	-230	-150	~105	-65	<del></del> 20	~ven	. 35	115	170	215	265	325
Middling :-560 -525 -455 -375 -320 -270 -235 -170 -150 -120 -90 -65 -40 -20											45	120	170		
	,	: -560			-375	<b>-320</b>	-270	-235			-120				
St. Low Middling :-805 -745 -685 -610 -545 -490 -445 -425 -425 -425 -425 -425 -425 -425		<u>-</u> 805		-685	-610	-545	~b90	-1445	-425	-425	-425	<u>-425</u>	<del>-</del> 425	-425	-425

Table 14.- American Egyptian Cotton: Minimum loan rates per pound for 1955-Crop 1/

1		(5	taple Len	gth (Inches))			
:		-3/8	]	1-7/16	1-1/2 and longer		
: : :	Arizona and Cali- fornia	New Mexico and Texas	Arizona and Cali- fornia	New Mexico and Texas	Arizona and Cali- fornia	New Mexico and Texas	
*	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	
1 :: 34 56 78 9	55.00 54.00 52.50 48.55 43.15 37.40 33.65 29.70 25.75	55.40 54.40 52.90 48.95 43.55 37.80 34.05 30.10 26.15	57.95 57.05 55.45 51.95 46.50 40.35 36.35 32.30 28.30	58.35 57.45 55.85 52.35 46.90 40.75 36.75 32.70 28.70	59.30 58.50 57.35 53.85 48.25 42.65 38.65 34.30 30.35	59.70 58.90 57.75 54.25 48.65 43.05 39.05 34.70 30.75	

^{1/} Net weight.

Commodity Credit Corporation

Table 15.- Sea Island and Sealand Cotton: Minimum loan rates per pound for 1955 crop 1/

Grade	(Staple Length (Inches))								
Grade 9	1-3/8	2	1-7/16	1-1/2 and longer					
:	Cents		Cents	Cents					
1 1-1/2 2 2-1/2 3 3-1/2 4 4-1/2	52.70 51.80 50.30 46.55 41.40 35.90 32.35 28.55 24.80		55.55 54.70 53.15 49.80 44.60 38.75 34.90 31.05 27.25	56.85 56.05 54.95 51.60 46.30 40.95 37.10 32.95 29.20					

^{1/} New weight.

Commodity Credit Corporation.

Table 16.- Prices of cotton in specified foreign markets, averages 1935-39, 1940-44 and 1945 to date

Voon		Fm	mt	: India		Pakistan		• A.	rgentina	: Peru	: Brazil	: Mexico
Ye <b>qr</b> beg <b>in-</b>	:	Alexar	pt drie	:Bombay		Karachi			enos Aire		:Sao Paulo	
ning							d:289 F Punja			:Tanguis		:Middling
Aug. 1		300d	: Good				a 5 TT -	:	Туре В	:Type 5	Type 5	:15/16 inch
Aug. 1		Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents		Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents
Average	•	,01100									001100	001100
1935-39	±1/1	12.54	2/	8.31	2/	2/	2/		12.81	10.99	10.33	11.52
1940-44	:1/1	18.31	2/	3/ 9.90	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$ /	$\frac{1}{2}$ /		13.98	12.82	10.73	16.23
1945	:1/2	28.29	2/ 2/ 5/31.38	16.43	₹/	$\frac{2}{2}$	$\overline{2}'$		20.43	18.22	17.93	19.41
1946		35.95	35.28	16.81	2/	2/ 2/ 2/ 6/21•19	2/ <u>2</u> / <u>2</u> / 6/24•02		30.14	24.93	25.88	28.34
1947	, 5	51.75	63.38	21.47	2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/	7/25.60	7/28.52		37.53	28.40	28-44	30.08
1948		2.10	67.94	23.43	30 <b>.</b> 1∫4	33.54	36.00		46.80	8/31.43	33.05	5/25.25
1949	:5/1	15.96	9/47.14	10/17-57	27.87	29.11	30.08		41.03	6/30-41	32.35	25.30
1950		67.13	82,88	20.17	42.48	44.43	46.96		54-55	6/37.20	58.79	44.61
195 <b>1</b>		50.06	5/79.24	19.80	<b>3</b> 6 <b>.26</b>	37.50	39.09		2/	6/37.20 5/30.56	50.29	30-58
1952		32 <b>.42</b>	39.30	18.53	25.15	27.24	28•59		2/	29.32	44.54	27.58
1953	: 3	31.56	37.80	19.60	25.79	27.74	28.96		2/ 2/ 2/	29 <b>.67</b>	11/33.78	2/
1954	:								_			•••
	:					- 01						
$\mathtt{Aug}_ullet$		32.89	40.28	19,20	<b>27.23</b>	28.74	29.16		2/	30.61	12/35.96	2/
Sept.		36.10	43.35	18.95	27.87	30.09	29.55		2/	30 <b>.57</b>	36.16	2/
Oct.		36.09	43,34	19.03	29.06	30.16	30.16		2/	30.61	37.61	<u>2</u> /.
Nov.		35.41	42.49	19.16	28.37	30.59	30.34		2/	30-49	12/36.84	<u>2</u> /.
Dec.		35.97	43.18	18.89	28.54	30.40	31.61		2/	30.00	36.84	2/,
Jan.		35.91	43,10	17.69	27.55	29.51	30.51		<u>2/</u>	30.75	37.68	2/,
Feb.		35.78	42.95	16.50	25.74	27 <b>.7</b> 1	28.49		2/	31.17	36.31	<u>2/,</u>
Mar.		34-99	41.97	16.13	24.75	26.5 <b>7</b>	27,28		2/	29.76	13/36.96	<u>2/,</u>
Apr.		34.63	41.52	15.40	22.97	25.80	26.22		2/	29.12	2/,	<u>2/,</u>
May		35.30	42.35	16.00 15.64	23 <b>.</b> 40	26 <b>.</b> 30	26.64		ଧାଧାଧାଧାଧାଧା <mark>ଧାଧାଧା</mark> ଧା	29.45	2/ 2/ 2/	<u>ଧାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନାନ</u>
June July 7	• •	35.29	42.33	17,004	26.36	29.34	29.65		4	30.31	2/	<u>2</u> /
14	•											
74	•											

^{1/} Price of Ashmouni, Fully Good Fair. 2/ Comparable data not readily available. 3/ Av. for 3 years. 4/ Quotation for one month. 5/ Av. for 10 months. 6/ Av. for 7 months. 7/ Av. for 9 months. 8/ Av. for 8 months. 9/ Av. for 11 months. 10/ Ceiling price for Jarilla fine in Bombay since Sept. 1949. 11/ Export prices for Aug. 1953 to date. 12/ Av. of 3 quotations. 13/ One quotation.

Foreign Agricultural Service. Compiled from reports of the State Department and converted to cents per pound at current rates of exchange as reported by the Federal Reserve Board. Based on prices on one day in each week-

U. S. Department of Agriculture Penalty for private use to avoid Washington 25, D. C.

payment of postage \$300

#### OFFICIAL BUSINESS

AMS-CS-159-7-55

NOTICE : If you no longer need this : publication, check here : return this sheet, and your : name will be dropped from the : mailing list. : If your address should be : changed, write the new address : on this sheet and return the whole : : sheet to: : Agricultural Marketing Service : United States Department of : Agriculture : Washington 25, D. C.