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The
Cotton
Situation

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## The Cotton Situation

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## SUMMARY

Disappearance of cotton during the current season is estimated at about 13.8 million bales, about 1.1 million bales below last season. The decline is likely because the estimated increase in mill consumption is not expected to offset the estimated decline in exports. On this basis the carryover of cotton on August 1, 1962 , is expected to be about 700,000 bales larger than the 7.2 million bales of a year earlier.

Disappearance during the 1961-62 marketing year of 13.8 million bales will probably be about 500,000 bales less than production. In addition, the total supply includes imports and city crop which usually add about 200,000 bales to supply.

Mill consumption of cotton during the 1961-62 season is estimated at about 8.8 million bales compared with 8.3 million bales last season. Indications of the increase in consumption are: Relatively low inven-
tories in recent months of cotton broadwoven goods as indicated by the ratio of stocks to unfilled orders, increases in prices for fabrics during recent months, increases in recent months of cotton textile exports, and a generally higher level of economic activity during the current season than a year earlier.
U. S. cotton exports during the 1961-62 marketing year are currently expected to be about 5.0 million bales, about 1.6 million bales below a year earlier. Exports have averaged about 6.0 million bales for the past five seasons. The decline in exports reflects a reduction in cotton consumption and stocks in foreign importing countries and a lower level of U. S. exports under Government programs during the current season compared with last season. Registrations under the payment-in-kind program through January 19 were $3,225,525$ bales, $1,845,185$ bales less than for the same period last season.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
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The December crop report estimates the 1961 cotton crop at 14.3 million running bales, about the same as the 1960 crop. The 1961 crop was produced on a slightly higher acreage than the 1960 crop, 15.7 compared to 15.3 million harvested acres. The 1961 average yield per harvested acre of 438 pounds is 8 pounds smaller than the 1960 yield. Ginnings from the 1961 crop totaled 14.0 million bales through January 15. This was about 97.9 percent of the estimated crop and is the lowest percentage of ginnings for this date since 1957 when 97.7 percent of the crop was ginned.

Cotton stocks held by CCC as of January 12, 1962, were about 5.2 million bales, the same as a year earlier. At the start of the current season, CCCheld stocks were only about 1.5 million bales.

The average 14 spot market price for Middling 1inch cotton has been relatively steady during recent months. The December price was 33.56 cents per pound compared with 33.59 cents per pound in November and 30.16 cents per pound in December of 1960. The average price for January 22 was 33.61 cents per pound. The average price received by farmers
for upland cotton in December of the current season was 31.79 cents per pound, down from 33.11 cents per pound in November. This reflects lower qualities of cotton harvested during the latter part of the season. The December 1961 price was 3.06 cents per pound higher than in December 1960.

On January 8, the Secretary of Agriculture announced that the minimum national average support price (average of the crop) for 1962-crop upland cotton will be the same as a year earlier-- 31.88 cents per pound. The average support price for 1962 -crop extra-long staple cotton of 53.17 cents per pound is also the same as a year earlier. The Secretary has also announced that the four-row limitation on "skip-row" planting will not apply to the 1962 crop of cotton.

The raw fiber equivalent of cotton textiles imported into the United States during calendar year 1961 is estimated at 383,000 bales, 143,000 bales below the record high imports of 1960 . Exports of cotton textiles are estimated at 498,000 bales, 12,000 bales above 1960. Thus, exports of cotton textiles may exceed imports by about 115,000 bales. In 1960, imports of textiles exceeded exports by 40,000 bales.

## RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

## DISAPPEARANCE EXPECTED TO DECLINE FROM A YEAR EARLIER

Disappearance of cotton in the United States during the 1961-62 marketing year is estimated at 13.8 million bales, about 500,000 bales below estimated production. However, carryover on August 1, 1962, is expected to be about 700,000 bales larger than the carryover of 7.2 million bales on August 1, 1961, because imports and city crop usually add about 200,000 bales to the supply.


CONSUMPTION BY UNITED STATES MILLS INCREASING

Consumption of cotton during the 1961-62 season is estimated at about 8.8 million bales compared with 8.3 million bales during the preceding season. An increase in cotton consumption this season over last
season is indicated by a higher level of economic activity, relatively low inventories of cotton broadwoven goods as indicated by the ratio of stocks to unfilled orders, increases in the value of fabric and mill margins during recent months, and a slightly higher rate of exports of cotton textiles during the first 11 months of 1961 than for a year earlier. The average daily rates of consumption during the current season have been above those of a year earlier on both a seasonally adjusted and unadjusted basis. (See table 1.)

## EXPORTS LIKELY TO BE SMALLER THAN A YEAR EARLIER

Exports of cotton from the United States during the 1961-62 marketing year are expected to be about 5.0 million bales compared with 6.6 million bales during 1960-61. The decline in U. S. exports this season is related to the reduction in cotton consumption and stocks in foreign free world importing countries and a lower level of U. S. exports under Government programs this season compared with last. Exports have averaged about 6.0 million bales for the past 5 years. (See tables 2 and 6.)

Registrations under the payment-in-kind program are lagging behind a year earlier. Through January 19, 1962, about $3,225,525$ bales have been registered,
$1,845,185$ bales less than for the same period last season. The early registrations for export during the 1961-62 season were at much higher levels than a year earlier primarily because of the increase in rate of payments. However, this higher level has not been maintained. (See tables 7 and 8.)

Table 1 . - -Daily rate of mill consumption of cotton, seasonally adjusted and unadjusted

August l, 1960 to date

| Month | Year beginning August 1 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1960 1/ |  | 1961 / |  |
|  | Unad]. | Adj. | Unadj. | Adj。 |
|  | Bales | Bales | Bales | Bales |
| August | 34,201 | 33,399 | 34,509 | 33,700 |
| September | 32,058 | 31,994 | 33,898 | 33,864 |
| October | 33,341 | 31,844 | 35,788 | 34,214 |
| November | 32,218 | 31,009 | 35,018 | 33,703 |
| December: | 29,041 | 31,670 | 33,205 | 36,210 |
| January | 31,835 | 30,261 |  |  |
| February : | 31,856 | 30,138 |  |  |
| March | 31,819 | 30,566 |  |  |
| April | 32,361 | 31,758 |  |  |
| May | 33,385 | 32,795 |  |  |
| June | 32,966 | 33,811 |  |  |
| July | 26,979 | 33,266 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |

## 1/ Preliminary.

Based on records of Bureau of the Census.
Table 2.--Cotton: Total exports, 1950-60 and August-November 1960 and 1961



## PRODUCTION OF COTTON ABOUT EQUAL TO LAST YEAR

Cotton production in the 1961-62 marketing year, according to the December 1961 crop report, is estimated at about 14.3 million running bales (about 14.3 million bales of 500 pounds each), about the same as the 1960 crop. The 1961 crop is being produced on a slightly higher acreage than the 1960 crop, 15.7 compared with 15.3 million harvested acres. The 1961 average yield per harvested acre is estimated at 438 pounds, 8 pounds smaller than the 1960 yield and the lowest yield since 1956. (See tables 9 and 10.)

By regions, the Southwest is expected to produce about 5.1 million bales or about 36 percent of the total 1961 crop. This production compares with 4.8 million bales in 1960 and represents the largest production in the Southwest since 1949. The yield of 340 pounds per harvested acre in the Southwest is a record high. Production in the Delta is expected to be about 4.5 million bales in 1961, up slightly from the 4.4 million bales in 1961. The percentage of total production in the Delta is estimated at 31 percent, the same as in 1960, while the yield per harvested acre at 489 pounds is slightly lower than in 1960. Both production and percentage of total production in the West are expected to be lower in 1961 than in 1960, while the yield per harvested acre is estimated at 962 pounds, 25 pounds higher than in 1960. In the


Southeast, production and percentage of total production are expected to be about the same in 1961 as in 1960. The yield per harvested acre of 339 pounds in the Southeast would be the lowest since 1957. (See tables 9 and 10.)

The 1962 national marketing quota for 1962-crop upland cotton has been set at 15.7 million bales and the national acreage allotment at 18.1 million acres. These figures compare with a national marketing quota in 1960 of 15.6 million bales and with acreage allotments of 18.5 million acres.

Ginnings from the 1961 crop totaled 14.0 million bales through January 15. This was about 97.9 percent of the estimated crop and is the lowest percentage of ginnings for this date since 1957 when 97.7 percent of the crop was ginned by this date. Ginnings from the 1961 crop were delayed because of a late maturing crop and unfavorable weather for harvesting.

## COMMODITY CREDIT CORPORATION STOCKS ABOUT THE SAME AS A YEAR AGO

Stocks of cotton held by the Commodity Credit Corporation (owned and held as collateral against outstanding price support loans) as of January 12 , 1962, were about 5.2 million bales, the same as a year earlier. At the start of the current season, CCCheld stocks were only about 1.5 million bales. Of the total stocks held by CCC on January 12, 1962, stocks of upland cotton held as collateral against outstanding loans were about 3.8 million bales compared with 280,000 bales a year earlier. Upland cotton owned by CCC declined from 4.8 million to 1.5 million bales during the same time period, (See table 11.) This shift in CCC holdings from cotton owned to cotton under loan is the result of changes in the price support program. Under the $1960-61$ program, large quantities of cotton were purchased by CCC. In 196162 price support is available only through a loan program.


## SPOT MARKET PRICES STEADY

The average 14 spot market price for Middling 1 -inch cotton in December was 33.56 cents per pound
compared with 33.59 cents per pound in November and 30.16 cents per pound in December of 1960. Higher prices during the current season reflect both a change in the price support level and CCC selling policies. The price support level for the 1961 crop is 33.04 cents per pound for Middling 1 -inch cotton at average location. This compares with a Choice A purchase price for the 1960 crop of 32.42 cents per pound for Middling l-inch and a loan rate of 26.63 cents per pound for Choice B cotton. Market prices for cotton in 1960 were below the Choice A support level because CCC sold Choice A cotton for a minimum of 110 percent of the Choice B loan level plus carrying charges. The minimum sales price plus carrying charges in December 1960 was 30.11 cents per pound and near the market price of 30.16 cents per pound. Beginning August 1, 1961, the CCC sales price for old crop Midding 1 -inch cotton was set at not less than 115 percent of the support price of 33.04 cents per pound plus carrying charges.

The average price received by farmers for upland cotton in December was 31.79 cents per pound, down from 33.11 cents per pound in November. This reflects lower qualities of cotton harvested during the latter part of the season. The December 1961 price was 3.06 cents per pound higher than in December 1960.

## SUPPORT LEVEL FOR 1962-CROP UPLAND COTTON UNCHANGED

On January 8, the Secretary of Agriculture announced that the minimum national average level of support for 1962 -crops of upland and extra-long staple cotton will be the same as for the 1961 crops.

The announcement stated in part:

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"The final 1961-crop average support price for upland cotton was 31.88 cents per pound and for extralong staple cotton was 53.17 cents per pound.
"The U. S. Deparment of Agriculture stated that when appropriate loan differentials for the different
qualities of upland cotton are determined, the average support price will be converted to a Middling l-inch basis. These differentials will also establish the difference between the loan rate for Middling 1 -inch and all other qualities of the 1962 -crop upland cotton. The Schedule of Premiums and Discounts containing these differentials will be determined and published later, when other detailed provisions of the 1962-crop upland cotton loan program are announced."

## RESTRICTIONS ON "SKIP-ROW" PLANTING ENDED

On January 2, the Secretary of Agriculture announced that the four-row limitation on "skip-row" planting will not apply to the 1962 crop of cotton. Under the new system, only land actually planted to cotton will be counted as cotton land in determining compliance with acreage allotments and marketing quotas. The announcement indicated that although each grower will determine for himself the pattern best suited to his operation, many growers are expected to shift to a two-and two-pattern--that is, two rows of cotton and two rows left idle or planted to other crops. Because of narrowness of such skip-rows, it is likely this land will more often be clean cultivated and left idle. This is expected to further reduce production of unneeded feed grains.

## 1961 IMPORTS OF COTTON TEXTILES SMALLER; EXPORTS LARGER

U. S. imports of cotton textiles, on a raw fiber equivalent basis, and based on the rate of imports during the first 11 months of 1961, are estimated at 383,000 bales for the calendar year--about 143,000 bales below the record high imports of 1960 . Imports for the first 11 months of 1961 totaled 350,800 bales, compared with 487,500 bales during the first 11 months of 1960. (See table 12.)

Exports of cotton textiles for 1961 are estimated at 498,000 equivalent bales of cotton, compared with an annual total of 486,000 bales in 1960. (See table 13.) Thus, exports may exceed imports in 1961 by about 115,000 bales. Exports exceeded imports by 105,400 bales during the first 11 months of 1961. In 1960, imports of textiles exceeded exports by about 40,000 bales.

Payments under the cotton products export program from August 1 through December 1961 were about $\$ 6.5$ million compared with $\$ 7.2$ million for the same period in 1960 and $\$ 6.8$ million in 1959. Also, the number of pounds exported during the same period was smaller in 1961 than $1960,76.8$ and 97.0 million pounds, respectively, (See table 14.) United States exports of cotton cloth by country of destination are given in table 15.

## RATIO OF STOCKS TO UNFILLED ORDERS FOR COTTON BROADWOVEN GOODS STEADY

The seasonally adjusted ratio of stocks to unfilled orders for cotton broadwoven goods was 0.44 in November. This is slightly higher than the ratio in recent months, but well below the ratio of 0.66 in December 1960. (See table 3.) Changes in the ratio usually indicate changes in the rate of cotton consumption for some months in the future. Declines in the ratio indicate increases in cotton consumption, while increases in the ratio indicate declines in cotton consumption. The ratio generally has trended downward since December 1960. (See figure 1.)

Table 3 .--Cotton broadwoven goods at cotton mills. Ratio of stocks to unfilled orders, seasonally adjusted, January 1950 to date 1/

| Year | Jan. | : Feb | Mar. |  | May | June |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1950 | : 0.17 | 0.15 | 0.17 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.21 |
| 1951 | : . 11 | . 13 | . 12 | . 14 | . 17 | . 31 |
| 1952 | . 75 | . 82 | . 76 | . 76 | . 67 | . 49 |
| 1953 | . 32 | . 28 | . 29 | . 23 | . 22 | . 23 |
| 1954 | : . 60 | . 57 | . 54 | . 57 | . 48 | . 51 |
| 1955 | : . 37 | . 38 | . 38 | . 37 | . 36 | . 34 |
| 1956 | : . 24 | . 23 | . 27 | . 28 | . 33 | . 42 |
| 1957 | . 57 | . 59 | . 57 | . 59 | . 55 | . 57 |
| 1958 | : . 64 | . 72 | . 70 | . 70 | . 71 | . 66 |
| 1959 | : . 41 | . 34 | . 29 | . 26 | . 23 | . 21 |
| 1960 | . 19 | . 20 | . 22 | . 24 | . 27 | . 31 |
| 1961 | : . 63 | . 57 | . 49 | . 48 | . 49 | . 50 |
|  | : |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | : | : |  | : |  | : |
|  | : July | : Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | : Dec. |
|  | : |  |  | : |  | : |
|  | : 0.120 .1200 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1950 | $: 0.15$ | 0.13 | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.13 | 0.12 |
| 1951 | : . 50 | . 60 | . 71 | . 74 | . 66 | . 61 |
| 1952 | :. . 42 | . 38 | . 35 | . 34 | . 33 | . 32 |
| 1953 | :. 26 | . 29 | . 38 | . 42 | . 51 | . 59 |
| 1954 | : . 52 | . 53 | . 45 | . 47 | . 49 | . 41 |
| 1955 | : . 32 | . 27 | . 26 | . 26 | . 24 | . 24 |
| 1956 | : . 46 | . 50 | . 50 | . 42 | . 49 | . 53 |
| 1957 | :. . 60 | . 60 | . 60 | . 65 | . 59 | . 57 |
| 1958 | : . 56 | . 56 | . 54 | . 51 | . 44 | . 41 |
| 1959 | :. 21 | . 21 | . 21 | . 20 | . 21 | . 19 |
| 1960 | : ${ }^{34}$ | . 38 | . 44 | . 50 | . 60 | . 66 |
| 1961 | : . 47 | . 39 | . 38 | . 40 | . 44 |  |
|  | : ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |

1/ End of month. Revised.


Figure 1

## VALUE OF COTTON FABRIC INCREASING

The average wholesale value of fabric (20 constructions) in the United States has increased each month since May of 1961. In December, the average value was 60.54 cents for the amount of fabric made from a pound of cotton. This compares with 60.45 cents in November and 58.61 cents in December a year earlier. Increases in the value of fabric usually indicate future increases in mill activity. (See table 16.) Prices paid by mills for cotton used in the 20 constructions also increased in December, reaching 35.58 cents per pound. Prices paid by mills have trended upward since December 1960 when they were 32.00 cents per pound. Mill margins have been increasing since July 1961 because fabric values have increased relatively faster than have prices paid for cotton by mills. However, at 24.96 cents per pound in December, mill margins were still about $1-1 / 2$ cents a pound lower than in December 1960. (See table 16.)

## PRODUCTION OF COTTON FABRIC ABOUT THE SAME AS LAST YEAR

The production of fabric in July-September 1961 was about 2,199 million linear yards, slightly below
the 2,201 million linear yards reported in JulySeptember of 1960. Print-cloth yarn fabric accounted for about 34.9 percent of total production; this percentage has been declining generally since 1954 when it comprised 40.8 percent of the total.

The next largest category was sheeting, which in July-September 1961 accounted for 27.2 percent of total production. Sheeting has been gradually increasing in importance in recent years. This category's percentage of total production increased from 25.2 percent in 1954 to 26.5 percent in 1960 .

The third most important category was fine cotton fabric (cotton yarn), accounting for about 18 percent of total production in July-September 1961. This category's proportion of total production has also been increasing in recent years, from 12.6 percent in 1954 to 18.2 percent in 1960. Other categories accounted for about 20 percent of total broadwoven goods production. (See table 17.)

## MANMADE FIBER PRODUCTION INCREASING

Production of both cellulosic and non-cellulosic fibers trended upward during 1961. Rayon and acetate
increased in each of the first three quarters of 1961. The third quarter output of 263.8 million pounds was the largest quantity produced since the third quarter of 1959 and was 12.8 percent above the third quarter of 1960. However, total production of rayon and acetate for the first three quarters was slightly below the first three quarters of 1960 because of smaller production during the first two quarters. (See table 18.) The rayon staple and tow segment of the industry has made the largest increases during 1961. For the first three quarters of 1961, production of rayon staple and tow was 21.0 percent greater than for the first three quarters of 1960 . Output of 103.1 million pounds in the third quarter of 1961 was 34.8 percent above a year ago and the highest quartcrly figure ever recorded.

Production of non-cellulosic fibers during 1961 has shown the same general movements as have the cellulosic fibers. Production in each of the first three quarters increased. Third-quarter output of 231.7 million pounds was a record high, and exceeded the third quarter of 1960 by 8.8 percent. Total production for the first three quarters of 1961 were slightly below a year ago because of lower production for the first two quarters. (See table 18.)

The December 1961 issue of the Textile Organon shows projected capacity for the manmade fiber industry for 1962 and 1963. Capacity for total rayon and acetate is expected to be slightly smaller in November 1963 than in November 1961. For the same period, non-cellulosic fiber capacity (including glass) is expected to increase about 19 percent. (See table 19.)

## FOREIGN FREE WORLD STOCKS OF COTTON DECLINE

Foreign free world stocks of cotton are expected to be reduced during the 1961-62 season. Ending stocks may be about 400,000 bales below the beginning stocks on August 1, 1961. (See table 4.) This decline in foreign free world stocks is primarily a reflection of a reduction in stocks in importing countries.

Production of cotton in the foreign free world is expected to be down about 0.5 million bales from a year earlier. Consumption of cotton is expected to be down by about the same quantity in 1961-62. (See figure 2.)

## C. I。F.PRICES FOR U. S. COTTON SLIGHTLY HIGHER

Prices for U. S. cotton, c.i.f. Liverpool and Bremen, in recent months were steady to slightly higher. Those for most foreign growths moved in a narrow range during recent months. The number of prices increasing
and decreasing were about equal from November to December. Although prices for U. S. growths have been increasing relative to foreign growths, they have been generally competitive with comparable qualities of foreign grown cotton. In tables 20 and 21, prices for U. S. cotton are compared with 13 of those for foreign grown cotton at Bremen and Liverpool. In December, 7 of the 13 comparisons indicated lower prices for U. S. growths than for foreign growths. United States spot export prices are shown in tables 22 and 23.

## COTTON: FOREIGN PRODUCTION AND CONSUMPTION



Figure 2

## GOVERNMENT FINANCING OF COTTON EXPORTS SMALLER

Financing of cotton exports by the U. S. Government during the 1961-62 fiscal year has been smaller than during the 1960-61 fiscal year. Through January 17, 1962, financing under all programs other than barter amounted to $\$ 193.6$ million and covered 1.4 million bales compared with $\$ 265.8$ million and 2.0 million bales for 1960-61. Commitments for financing under Public Law 480, Title 1 , to date is about 0.8 million bales compared with 1.3 million for all of fiscal 1960-61. Financing under the Mutual Security Act was 0.3 milFion bales in 1960-61, compared with less than 0.1 million in 1961-62 when the only funds available were carried over from 1960-61. (See table 5.)

Loans by the Export-Import Bank for 1961-62 amount to about $\$ 63.5$ million and cover about 0.5 million bales. This is somewhat larger than financing during 1960-61 when approximately $\$ 42.9$ million covered about 0.3 million bales. From July 1 through November 30, 1961, about 25,000 bales of cotton were covered by barter operations compared with 42,000 bales through the same period in 1960. During fiscal 1960-61, such exports totaled about 104,000 bales. This was the lowest such financing since the 1955-56 fiscal year when about 51,000 bales were covered by barter operations.

Table 4.-Cotton: Supply and distribution in the foreign free world, 1957-58 to date (August-July marketing year)


1/ Preliminary estimate.
$\overline{2}$ / Includes adjustment of 0.2 to 0.3 million bales as balancing item.
Foreign Agricultural Service.

Table 5.--Special programs of the U. S. Gove nment for financing cotton exports: Fiscal years 1959-60 to date I/

| Program | 1959-60 |  | 1960-61 |  | 1961-62 2/ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value | :Quantity: | Value | Quantity: | Value | Quantity |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { bales } 3 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { bales } 3 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { dollars } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \text { bales } 3 / \end{aligned}$ |
| Mutual Security | 49.1 | 0.4 | 42.4 | 0.3 | 4/8.8 | 0.1 |
| Export-Import Bank: | 36.0 | . 3 | 42.9 | . 3 | 63.5 | . 5 |
| Public Law 480 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Title I | 94.8 | - 7 | 177.8 | 1.3 |  |  |
| Title II | 1.5 | 61 | 2.8 | $6)$ | 1/1/ | 61 |
| Total | 181.4 | 1.4 | 265.8 | 2.0 | 193.6 | 1.4 |
| Barter | 12.7 | 0.1 | 12.7 | 0.1 |  |  |

1/ Authorized for delivery, shipment and disbursements. 2/ Incomplete, data to January 17, 1962, only. 3/ Running bales partly estimated. 4/ Funds remaining from authorizations made in fiscal 1960-61. 5/ Does not include $\$ 9.6$ million agreement with Pakistan and $\$ 10.9$ million agreement with the Philippine Republic for which authorizations have not been made. 6/ Less than 50,000 bales. I/ Less than $\$ 50,000$.

In table 24, Government financed data on exports are given by country of destination for fiscal years 1959-60 and 1960-61.


## LINTERS CARRYOVER STEADY

The supply of linters for the 1961-62 marketing year is estimated at about 2.3 million bales. Disappearance is estimated at about $1-3 / 4$ million bales. An ending carryover of 0.5 million bales would be about the same as of a year carlier.

Both production and imports of linters during the 1961-62 season are expected to be higher than a year earlier. Domestic consumption is expected to increase
over a year earlier, while exports are expected to be about the same as the 339,000 bales of 1960-61. (See table 25.) Consumption is expected to increase over a year earlier because consumption by both bleachers and other users is increasing. Increased activity, compared to a year ago, in the rayon and other chemical industries is increasing consumption of linters by bleachers.

## PRICES FOR LINTERS

INCREASING
Prices for linters trended upward during 1961. The December price for each grade and staple was higher than for any previous month during 1961. The December price of 7.13 cents per pound for Grade 4, Staple 4 compares with 6.38 cents for June. The average price of 6.81 cents per pound for August-December was 4.4 percent above the average for August-December 1960. Prices for chemical grade linters have increased sharply during 1961. The December price of 5.17 cents per pound was almost double the January 1961 price of 2.93 cents per pound. The average price for August-December 1961 was 42.0 percent above a comparable period in 1960. The cellulose differential has increased sharply during recent months. (See table 26.)

Table 6.--Cotton: Exports by staple length and by countries of destination, United States,
October and November 1961 and cumulative totals since August 1, 1961


Table 7.-Registrations under cotton export program: Payment-in-kind, 1960-61 marketing year

| Date | Number registered | Cumulative from April 25, 1960 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |


|  |  | : | Bales | Bales |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1960-61 | : |  |  |
| April | 25 - April | 29: | 58,882 | 58,882 |
| April | $30-\mathrm{May}$ | 6 : | 25,493 | 84,375 |
| May | 7 - May | $13:$ | 28,917 | 113,292 |
| May | 14 - May | 20 : | 34,913 | 148,205 |
| May | 21-May | 27 : | 65,012 | 213,217 |
| May | 28 - June | 3 : | 55,222 | 268,439 |
| June | 4 - June | $10:$ | 75,166 | 343,605 |
| June | 11 - June | 17 : | 84,665 | 428,270 |
| June | 18 - June | 24: | 77,367 | 505,637 |
| June | $25-J u l y$ | 1 : | 47,344 | 552,981 |
| July | 2-July | 8 : | 55,850 | 608,831 |
| July | 9 - July | 15 : | 80,219 | 689,050 |
| July | 16-July | 22 : | 89,082 | 778,132 |
| July | 23 - July | 29 : | 84,866 | 862,998 |
| July | 30-Aug. | 5 : | 79,912 | 942,910 |
| Aug. | 6 - Aug. | 12 : | 63,992 | 1,006,902 |
| Aug. | 13 - Aug. | 19 : | 81,163 | 1,088,065 |
| Aug. | 20 - Aug. | 26: | 115,268 | 1,203,333 |
| Aug. | 27 - Sept. | 2 : | 177,036 | 1,380,369 |
| Sept. | 2 - Sept. | 9 : | 177,216 | 1,557,585 |
| Sept. | 10 - Sept. | 16 : | 236,400 | 1,793,985 |
| Sept. | 17 - Sept. | 23 : | 293,803 | 2,087,788 |
| Sept. | 24 - Sept. | $30:$ | 205,376 | 2,293,164 |
| Oct. | 1 - Oct. | $7:$ | 187,317 | 2,480,481 |
| Oct. | 8 - Oct. | 14: | 227,600 | 2,708,081 |
| Oct. | 15-Oct. | 21: | 220,099 | 2,928,180 |
| Oct. | 22-Oct. | 28 : | 263,849 | 3,192,029 |
| Oct. | 29 - Nov. | 4 : | 237,076 | 3,429,105 |
| Nov. | 5 - Nov. | 11 : | 179,380 | 3,608,485 |
| Nov. | 12 - Nov. | 18 : | 230,679 | 3,839,164 |
| Nov. | 19 - Nov. | 25 : | 184,002 | 4,023,166 |
| Nov. | 26 - Dec. | 2 : | 241,364 | 4,264,530 |
| Dec. | 3 - Dec. | 9 : | 105,457 | 4,369,987 |
| Dec. | 10 - Dec. | 16 : | 116,645 | 4,486,632 |
| Dec. | 17 - Dec. | 23 : | 102,062 | 4,588,694 |
| Dec. | 24 - Dec. | 30 : | 110,950 | 4,699,644 |
| Dec. | 31 - Jan. | $6:$ | 45,332 | 4,744,976 |
| Jan. | 7 - Jan. | 13 : | 108,536 | 4,853,512 |
| Jan. | 14 - Jan. | 20 : | 217,198 | 5,070,710 |

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

Table 8.--Registrations under cotton export program: Payment-in-kind, 1961-62 marketing year

|  | Date | : | Number registered | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cumulative } \\ & \text { from } \\ & \text { April } 29,1961 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Bales | Bales |
|  | 1961-62 |  |  |  |
| April | 29-May | 5: | 393,039 | 393,039 |
| May | 6- May | 12 : | 436,829 | 829,868 |
| May | 13 - May | 19 : | 81,725 | 911,593 |
| May | 20 - May | 26 : | 36,496 | 951,089 |
| May | 27 - June | 2 : | 32,447 | 983,536 |
| June | 3 - June | 9 : | 50,063 | 1,033,599 |
| June | 10-June | 16 : | 39,915 | 1,073,514 |
| June | 17 - June | 23 : | 35,964 | 1,109,478 |
| June | 24 - June | 30 : | 54,256 | 1,163,734 |
| July | 1-July | $7:$ | 22,672 | 1,186,406 |
| July | 8 - July | 14 : | 33,001 | 1,219,407 |
| July | 15 - July | 21: | 42,651 | 1,262,058 |
| July | 22 - July | 28 : | 43,708 | 1,305,766 |
| July | 29-Aug. | 4 : | 45,157 | 1,350,923 |
| Aug. | 5 - Aug. | 11 : | 66,581 | 1,417,504 |
| Aug. | 12 - Aug. | 18 : | 136,583 | 1,554,087 |
| Aug. | 19 - Aug. | 25 : | 83,832 | 1,637,919 |
| Aug. | 26 - Sept. | $1:$ | 124,758 | 1,762,677 |
| Sept. | 2 - Sept. | 8 : | 113,100 | 1,875,777 |
| Sept. | 9 - Sept. | 15 : | 78,783 | 1,954,560 |
| Sept. | 16 - Sept. | 22 : | 60,328 | 2,014,888 |
| Sept. | 23 - Sept. | 29 : | 66,865 | 2,081,753 |
| Sept. | 30 - Oct. | 6 : | 50,069 | 2,131,822 |
| Oct. | 7 - Oct. | $13:$ | 60,512 | 2,192,334 |
| Oct. | 14-Oct. | 20 : | 60,282 | 2,252,616 |
| Oct. | 21 - Oct. | 27 : | 61,751 | 2,314,367 |
| Oct. | 28 - Nov. | 3 : | 209,699 | 2,524,066 |
| Nov. | 4 - Nov. | 10: | 40,900 | 2,564,966 |
| Nov. | 11 - Nov. | 17 : | 78,605 | 2,643,571 |
| Nov. | 18 - Nov. | 24 : | 43,707 | 2,687,278 |
| Nov. | 25 - Dec. | 1: | 68,980 | 2,756,258 |
| Dec. | 2 - Dec. | 8 : | 69,430 | 2,825,688 |
| Dec. | 9 - Dec. | 15 : | 99,400 | 2,925,088 |
| Dec. | 16 - Dec. | 22 : | 82,791 | 3,007,879 |
| Dec. | 23 - Dec. | 29 : | 56,146 | 3,064,025 |
| Dec. | $30-\mathrm{Jan}$. | $5:$ | 35,537 | 3,099,562 |
| Jan. | 6 - Jan. | 12: | 53,942 | 3,153,504 |
| Jan. | 13-Jan. | 19 : | 72,021 | 3,225,525 |

Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

Table 9.--Production and percentage distribution of cotton by regions, United States, 1930 to date


[^1]Crop Reporting Board.

Table 10.--Cotton: Acreage, planted and harvested, and yield per acre on harvested acreage, 1951 to date


[^2]Table 1l.--Cormodity Credit Corporation stocks of cotton, United States, August 1, 1959 and 1960 and August 1961 to date

| Date |  | Total | Upland |  |  | Extra-long staple 1/ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Owned 2/ | Under loan | Total | Owned | Under <br> loan | Total |
|  |  | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 | 1,000 |
|  |  | bales | bales | bales | bales | bales | bales | bales |
| 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August 1 |  | 7,042 | 6,971 | --- | 6,971 | 71 | --- | 71 |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August 1 |  | 5,041 | 4,973 | 2 | 4,975 | 42 | 24 | 66 |
| 1961 : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 4 | 1,526 | 1,474 | 17 | 1,491 | 34 | 1 | 35 |
| August | 11 | 1,533 | 1,474 | 25 | 1,499 | 34 | --- | 34 |
| August | 18 | 1,545 | 1,474 | 38 | 1,512 | 33 | --- | 33 |
| August | 25 | 1,560 | 1,474 | 53 | 1,527 | 33 | --- | 33 |
| September | 1 | 1,569 | 1,474 | 61 | 1,535 | 34 | --- | 34 |
| September | 8 | 1,592 | 1,474 | 79 | 1,558 | 34 | --- | 34 |
| September | 15 | 1,612 | 1,474 | 105 | 1,579 | 33 | --- | 33 |
| September | 22 | 1,664 | 1,474 | 157 | 1,631 | 33 | --- | 33 |
| September | 29 | 1,752 | 1,474 | 245 | 1,719 | 33 | --- | 33 |
| October | 6 | 1,893 | 1,474 | 386 | 1,860 | 33 | 3/ | 33 |
| October | 13 | 2,072 | 1,465 | 574 | 2,039 | 33 | $3 /$ | 33 |
| October | 20 | 2,368 | 1,465 | 870 | 2,335 | 33 | $3 /$ | 33 |
| October | 27 | 2,717 | 1,465 | 1,220 | 2,685 | 32 | $\underline{3} /$ | 32 |
| November | 3 | 3,110 | 1,465 | 1,613 | 3,078 | 32 | $3 /$ | 32 |
| November | 10 | 3,483 | 1,465 | 1,988 | 3,453 | 30 | $3 /$ | 30 |
| November | 17 | 3,954 | 1,456 | 2,469 | 3,925 | 29 | $3 /$ | 29 |
| November | 24 | 4,287 | 1,456 | 2,804 | 4,260 | 27 | 3/ | 27 |
| December | 1 | 4,483 | 1,456 | 3,000 | 4,456 | 26 | 1 | 27 |
| December | 8 | 4,626 | 1,456 | 3,146 | 4,602 | 22 | 2 | 24 |
| December | 15 | 4,776 | 1,456 | 3,299 | 4,755 | 19 | 2 | 21 |
| December | 22 | 4,896 | 1,456 | 3,419 | 4,875 | 19 | 2 | 21 |
| December | 29 | 4,932 | 1,456 | 3,456 | 4,912 | 18 | 2 | 20 |
| January | 5 | 5,078 | 1,456 | 3,602 | 5,058 | 18 | 2 | 20 |
| January | 12 | 5,234 | 1,456 | 3,758 | 5,214 | 18 | 2 | 20 |

1/ Includes American Egyptian, Sealand and Sea-Island.
2/ Estimated stock.
3/ Less than 500 bales.
Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service.

Table 12. --Raw cotton equivalent of United States imports for consumption of cotton manufactures, 1940-to date


Table 13. --Raw cotton equivalent of United States exports of domestic cotton manufactures, 1940-to date


Table 14.--Cotton products export program: Classes of cotton products and equalization payments, December 1960, 1961 and cumulative August-December 1960 and 1961

| Class: | : Principal item of export | December 1960 |  | August-December 1960 |  | December 1961 |  | August-December 1961 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Value | Quantity | Value | Quantity | Value : | Quantity | Value | Quantity |
|  | : | Dollars | Pounds | Dollars | Pounds | Dollars | Pounds | Dollars | Pounds |
| A $\begin{aligned} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \vdots\end{aligned}$ | :Card strips, comber noils, <br> : spinners laps and roving waste | 142,045 | 2,630,467 | 1,655,864 | 25,225,322 | 123,925 | 1,619,931 | 1,515,599 | 20,100,559 |
| B : | :Picker laps and cotton batting | 213 | 3,349 | 1,687 | 24,612 | 96 | 1,070 | 649 | 7,830 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{:} \\ & \mathrm{:} \end{aligned}$ | :Sliver, sliver laps, ribbon laps, <br> : roving, and drawing sliver | 34 | 500 | 105 | 1,558 | --- | --- | 95 | 1,000 |
| D $\begin{aligned} & \text { : } \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \end{aligned}$ | :Gray or unfinished yarn, twine, cordage, and rope | 39,143 | 570,647 | 349,059 | 4,565,263 | 42,623 | 446,170 | 281,460 | 3,174,793 |
| E $\quad$ : | :Gray fabrics, absorbent cotton, : : and full finished yarn | 82,597 | 1,223,738 | 738,958 | 9,539,575 | 146,085 | 1,538,596 | 912,045 | 10,321,423 |
| F : | :Knitted articles : | 5,271 | 73,393 | 71,088 | 804,913 | 13,476 | 138,552 | 45,831 | 553,213 |
| G : | :Finished fabrics : | 346,513 | 4,876,144 | 2,843,357 | 34,514,819 | 436,408 | 4,447,308 | 2,499,101 | 27,195,323 |
| H : | :Articles mfra. from fabrics | 100,751 | 1,239,451 | 750,862 | 7,998,241 | 117,389 | 1,055,183 | 561,991 | 5,435,602 |
| I | :Coated and rubberized yarns and fabrics, absorbent cotton, twine, cordage, rope, and fabrics, consisting of a mixture of fibers, containing not less than 50 pct. by weight of cotton | 13,891 | 325,808 | 159,617 | 3,395,723 | 18,324 | 312,784 | 152,042 | 2,788,969 |
| J $\begin{array}{ll} & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & \vdots \\ & :\end{array}$ | :Coated, rubberized and impregnated <br> : articles mfrd. from fabrics con- <br> : sisting of a mixture of fibers, <br> : containing not less than 50 pct. <br> : by weight of cotton | 6,328 | 124,839 | 75,106 | 1,305,423 | 17,731 | 256,224 | 96,052 | 1,467,767 |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{K} & : \\ & \vdots \\ & : \end{array}$ | :Gray or finished fabrics 1 yd, or : more but less than 10 yd . in length | 74,263 | 1,449,159 | 456,199 | 7,923,479 | 58,119 | 814,481 | 318,650 | 4,635,313 |
| L $\begin{array}{ll} & : \\ & : \\ & \vdots \\ & :\end{array}$ | :Coated and rubberized fabrics and <br> : fabrics consisting of a mixture of <br> : fibers containing not less than <br> : 50 pct. by weight of cotton 1 yd. or: <br> : more but less than 10 yd . in length : | $2,596$ | 81,730 | 17,441 | 492,008 | 3,817 | 84,633 | 11,687 | 266,890 |
| M : | :Articles mfra. from gray fabrics; : : bags; and mops | 7,133 | 99,071 | 89,497 | 1,089,925 | 5,994 | 58,949 | 49,129 | 509,656 |
| N : | :Finished fabrics |  | 10,452 | 11,212 | 143,847 | 3,596 | 38,580 | 28,459 | 339,441 |
|  | $:$ Total : | -821,515 | 12,708,748 | 7,220,051 | 97,024,708 | 987,583 | 10,812,461 | 6,472,790 | 76,797,779 |

Table 15.--Cotton cloths: Exports by destination, United States, average 1920-29, 1930-39, 1935-39, 1940-44, 1945-49, annual 1950 to date 1/

| Year | Canada | : Philippine <br> Republic <br> : | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { : } & \\ \text { : Cuba } \\ \text { : } \\ \text { : } & \\ \end{array}$ | :Venezuela | Union : of South Africa: | Other <br> Latin America | :Europe | Other <br> Asia | All other | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { :Million } \\ & : \frac{\text { yards }}{2 /} \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\begin{array}{l} \text { Million } \\ \text { yards } \end{array}}{2 /}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Million } \\ \text { yards } \end{array} \\ & 2 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{c} \text { Million } \\ \text { yards } \end{array} \\ & 2 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Million } \\ \text { yards } \end{array} \\ & 2 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Million } \\ \text { yards } \end{array} \\ & \frac{2}{} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { Million } \\ \text { yards } \\ 2 / \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \frac{\text { yards }}{2 /} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \frac{\text { yards }}{2 /} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Million } \\ & \frac{\text { yards }}{2 /} \end{aligned}$ |
| Average 1920-29 | 52.1 | 79.5 | 76.4 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 260.4 | 25.7 | 31.0 | 18.1 | 563.3 |
| 1930-39 | 26.9 | 75.1 | 57.4 | 4.9 | 3.7 | 114.2 | 4.7 | 7.4 | 5.4 | 299.7 |
| 1935-39 | : 23.5 | 77.7 | 58.5 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 85.8 | 2.7 | 6.5 | 1.4 | 261.9 |
| 1940-44 | : 157.9 | 32.5 | 42.6 | 10.3 | 18.7 | 109.5 | 34.9 | 21.2 | 86.2 | 513.8 |
| 1945-49 | : 201.3 | 76.1 | 38.7 | 22.2 | 60.6 | 139.5 | 77.6 | 182.6 | 148.7 | 947.3 |
| 1950 | 151.5 | 35.1 | 65.3 | 22.8 | 13.0 | 118.9 | 12.0 | 117.7 | 20.0 | 556.3 |
| 1951 | 143.0 | 120.1 | 44.6 | 34.7 | 72.5 | 121.4 | 27.4 | 200.4 | 38.4 | 802.5 |
| 1952 | : 199.7 | 94.9 | 54.7 | 33.5 | 27.1 | 155.0 | 10.7 | 154.8 | 30.3 | 760.7 |
| 1953 | : 179.5 | 116.4 | 44.9 | 34.0 | 14.7 | 108.5 | 4.9 | 109.3 | 8.6 | 620.8 |
| 1954 | 165.5 | 121.3 | 62.7 | 35.1 | 30.3 | 126.3 | 5.1 | 48.2 | 10.6 | 605.1 |
| 1955 | 180.8 | 99.7 | 57.3 | 28.6 | 26.2 | 90.0 | 3.9 | 48.7 | 7.2 | 542.4 |
| 1956 | : 192.1 | 67.1 | 50.5 | 32.9 | 25.2 | 85.6 | 4.6 | 38.7 | 14.9 | 511.6 |
| 1957 | : 207.3 | 79.4 | 51.8 | 30.8 | 38.3 | 95.7 | 12.2 | 26.6 | 11.0 | 553.1 |
| 1958 | : 218.8 | 43.8 | 45.0 | 34.2 | 30.1 | 88.4 | 14.3 | 17.3 | 11.3 | 503.2 |
| 1959 | : 231.0 | 39.1 | 54.6 | 20.7 | 23.0 | 67.6 | 11.9 | 13.5 | 12.9 | 474.3 |
| 1960 | $\text { : } 197.5$ | 37.5 | 8.4 | 16.6 | 22.7 | 81.4 | 31.1 | 16.1 | 28.3 | 439.6 |

I/ Includes duck, tire fabrics, all other cotton cloths, printed, bleached, unbleached, yarn dyed and colored and mixtures made largely of cotton yarns.

2/ Linear yards for 1920 and 1921 - square yards 1922 to date.
Bureau of the Census.

Table 16.--Fabric value, cotton price and mill margin, per pound, United States, by months, August 1957 to date 1/


1/ New series, revised beginning August 1957.
2/The estimated value of a pound of cotton with adjustments for salable waste.
3/ Monthly average prices for four territory growths, even running lots, prompt shipments, delivered at Group 201 (Group B) mill points including landing costs and brokerage. Prices are for the average quality of cotton used in each kind of cloth.

4/ Difference between cloth prices and cotton prices.
5 / Starts August 1 of the year indicated

Table 17.--Cotton broadwoven goods: Production and percentage distribution by kinds, calendar years, 1950 to date


Table 18.--Manmade fiber: Production, United States, by quarters, 1960-61

|  | Rayon and acetate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Filament |  |  |  |  | Staple and tow |  |  |
|  | Rayon yara by tenacicy |  |  |  | Total yarn | Rayon | Acetate | Total |
|  | High | Regular | Total | Acetate yarn |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { lb. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { 1b. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \mathrm{lb}_{\circ} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { Ib. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { lb. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { lb. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { l }{ }^{2} . \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \mathrm{lb}_{\mathbf{C}} \end{aligned}$ |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January - March | 79.7 | 41.5 | 121.2 | 57.6 | 178.8 | 79.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 1 / \\ & I / \\ & I / \\ & I / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{2}{2} / 79.9 \\ & \frac{2}{2} / 79.7 \\ & \frac{2}{2} / 77.5 \end{aligned}$ |
| April - June | 72.2 | 36.5 | 108.7 | 63.5 | 172.2 | 79.7 |  |  |
| July - September : | 65.3 | 35.7 | 101.0 | 56.4 | 157.4 | 76.5 |  |  |
| October - December : | 62.1 | 33.3 | 95.4 | 50.7 | 146.1 | 77.9 |  |  |
| Total | 279.3 | 147.0 | 426.3 | 228.2 | 654.5 | 314.0 | 60.0 | 374.0 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January - March | 64.1 | 33.5 | 97.6 | 50.6 | 148.2 | 90.0 | $1 /$ | 2/90.0 |
| April - June | 56.4 | 35.1 | 91.5 | 63.1 | 154.6 | 92.5 | I/ | 2/103.1 |
| July - September : | 61.2 | 35.3 | 96.5 | 64.2 | 160.7 | 103.1 | I/ |  |
| October - December : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total rayon and acetate |  |  | : |  | Textile glass and non-cellulosic |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | n-cellulo |  | : |
|  | Rayon | Acetate | Total | Textile glass | Yarn | Staple and tow | Total | Total |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| : | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { lib. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil。 } \\ & \underline{\underline{1}} \underline{b}_{2} \end{aligned}$ | Mil. <br> $1 b_{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil。 } \\ & \text { lb, } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { lb. } \end{aligned}$ | Mil. 브․ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \mathrm{lb}_{\mathrm{m}} \end{aligned}$ | Mil. <br> $1 \mathrm{~b}_{2}$ |
| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January - March | 201.1 | 2/57.6 | 2/258.7 | 48.5 | 104.8 | 64.2 | 169.0 | 217.5 |
| April - June | 188.4 | 2/ 63.5 | 2/251.9 | 47.3 | 112.7 | 68.9 | 181.6 | 228.9 |
| July - September : | 177.5 | 2/ 56.4 | 2/233.9 | 44.3 | 111.0 | 57.7 | 168.7 | 213.0 |
| October - December : | 173.3 | $\underline{\text { z/ }} 50.7$ | 2/224.0 | 36.9 | 108.9 | 49.0 | 157.9 | 194.8 |
| Total | 740.3 | 288.2 | 1,028.5 | 177.0 | 437.4 | 239.8 | 677.2 | 854.2 |
| 1961 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January - March | 187.6 | 2/50.6 | 2/238.2 | 32.0 | 112.2 | 58.0 | 170.2 | 202.2 |
| April - June : | 184.0 | 2/63.1 | 2/247.1 | 32.0 | 123.5 | 65.2 | 188.7 | 220.7 |
| July - September : | 199.6 | $\underline{2} / 64.2$ | $\underline{2} / 263.8$ | 42.7 | 129.4 | 59.6 | 189.0 | 231.7 |
| October - December : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1/ Not available. 2/ These totals do not include acetate staple and tow.
Textile Organon, November, 1961.


| Nov. 1959 | $: 353$ | 1,303 | 192 | 169 | 545 | 386 | 302 | 104 | 847 | 529 | 87 | 616 | 1,463 | 160 | 481 | 328 | 809 | 969 | 1,488 | 944 | 2,432 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Nov. 1960 | $: 343$ | 1,295 | 186 | 165 | 529 | 380 | 318 | 106 | 847 | 528 | 92 | 620 | 1,467 | 269 | 525 | 386 | 911 | 1,180 | 1,641 | 1,006 | 2,647 |
| Nov. 1961 | $: 314$ | 1,434 | 160 | 163 | 474 | 394 | 317 | 99 | 791 | 538 | 92 | 630 | 1,421 | 246 | 663 | 400 | 1,063 | 1,309 | 1,700 | 1,030 | 2,730 |

## Projected capacity

| July 1962 | $: 310$ | 1,458 | 161 | 161 | 471 | 388 | 317 | 99 | 788 | 538 | 92 | 630 | 1,418 | 269 | 767 | 412 | 1,179 | 1,448 | 1,824 | 1,042 | 2,866 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mar. 1963 | $: 310$ | 1,458 | 161 | 162 | 471 | 390 | 317 | 99 | 788 | 538 | 92 | 630 | 1,418 | 278 | 816 | 417 | 1,233 | 1,511 | 1,882 | 1,047 | 2,929 |
| Nov. 1963 | $: 310$ | 1,458 | 161 | 162 | 471 | 390 | 317 | 99 | 788 | 538 | 92 | 630 | 1,418 | 296 | 843 | 417 | 1,260 | 1,556 | 1,927 | 1,047 | 2,974 |

## I/ Acetate includes triacetate and saponified acetate.

2/ The acetate production and producing - capacity data include diacetate, triacetate and saponiried acetate. All acetate capacity is shown on a diacetate- equivalent basis, i. e. the slover triacetate spinning speed, and the resulting lover capacity, is not taken into account. Since 2954, the acetate staple and tow data do not include the bulk of the production or producing - capacity poundages for filtration purposes.

3/ Textile glass fiber of all types, including some staple.
4/ The non-cellulosic fibers included are those listed on pages 143-146 of the September 1961 Organon issue; yarn includes monofilaments and staple includes tow. Saran, olefin or TFE-fluorocarbon staple and tow is tabulated as yarn.

5/ Grand total yarn means all yarn and monofilaments shown plus textile glass fiber.

Table 20．－－Cotton：Average prices 1／of selected growths and qualities，c．i．f．Liverpool，England，annual 1958－60，January－December 1961

$1 /$ Generally for prompt shipment．Prices for certain qualities were computed using value differences．
Foreign Agricultural Service．
Table 21．－－Cotton：Average prices $\underline{1}$／of selected growths and qualities，c．i．f．Bremen，Germany，annual 1958m60，January－December 1961

| Date year and month | SM－「－1／32\％ |  |  |  |  | SM I＝ITI6 |  |  | U．S． Uganda <br> B．  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | U．S． | exico | caragu | U．S． | Syria | U．S | SS．R | Iran |  |  |
|  | －－－－－－－－－Nuivalent U。S。cents per pound |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1958 | 31.11 | 30.67 | 28.69 | 33.64 | 31.76 | 34.78 | 33.21 | 31.60 | 36.64 | 36.12 |
| 1959 | 28.58 | 27.11 | 25.78 | 30.45 | 28.13 | 31.31 | 27.41 | 28.37 | 33.67 | 33.89 |
| 1960 | 27.25 | 27.77 | 27.49 | 28.57 | 30.33 | 39.50 | 29.76 | 29.28 | 31.78 | 37.24 |
| 1961 | ， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 27.62 | 28.02 | 28.15 | 28.65 | 30.95 | 29.50 | 30.40 | 29.55 | 31.42 | 37.05 |
| February | 27.98 | 28.20 | 28.22 | 29.15 | 31.30 | 30.05 | 30．82 | 29.70 | 31.92 | 36.95 |
| March | 29.15 | 29.41 | 28.97 | 30.51 | 31.78 | 31.34 | 31.58 | $3 /$ | 32.88 | 36.62 |
| April | 29.45 | 29.82 | 28.96 | 30.64 | 31.98 | 31.50 | 31.52 | $3 /$ | 33.01 | 36.39 |
| May | 29.80 | 29.75 | 28.72 | 30.69 | 32.20 | 31.58 | 31.55 | 3／1 | 33.20 | 35.80 |
| June | 29.80 | 29.47 | 28.79 | 30.70 | 32.32 | 31.65 | 31.54 | 30.90 | 33.28 | 35.44 |
| July | 29.18 | 29.10 | 28.82 | 30.00 | 31.50 | 31.00 | 31.08 | 30.42 | 33.18 | 35．32 |
| August | 28.60 | 29.19 | 28.75 | 29.62 | 31.03 | 30.44 | 30.73 | 30.33 | 32.79 | 35.22 |
| September | 28.61 | 29.61 | 29.14 | 29.68 | 31.16 | 30.48 | 3／1 | 30.45 | 32.76 | 34.74 |
| October | 28.65 | 29.65 | 29.20 | 29.60 | 30.89 | 30.40 | 30.61 | 29.62 | 32.72 | 34.29 |
| November | 28.75 | 29.51 | 28.76 | 29.67 | 30.49 | 30.43 | 30.27 | 29.41 | 32.51 | 34.27 |
| December | 29.04 | 29.31 | 28.15 | 29.88 | 30.72 | 30.55 | 30.14 | 29.45 | 32.35 | 35.12 |
| Average | 28.89 | 29.25 | 28.72 | 29.90 | 31.36 | 30.74 | 30.93 | 29.98 | 32，67 | 35．60 |

1／For prompt shipment．Prices for certain qualities were computed using value difference．2／In this market Russian Pervyi 31／32mm．cotton is
considered to be more nearly equivalent to U． $\mathrm{S}_{\infty} \mathrm{S}_{\mathrm{A}} \mathrm{M}_{0} 1$ 1／16＂．3／Not quoted．
Foreign Agricultural Service．

Table 22.--Foreign spot prices per pound including export tayes I/ and U. S. average spot export prices, October, November and December 1960 2/


Foreign Agricultural Service and Cotton Division, AMs.

Table 23.--Foreign spot prices per pound including export taxes I/ and U. S. average spot export prices, October, November and December 1961 2/

| Market | Foreign |  | United States |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quality | Price per pound $3 /$ | Price per pound 4/ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Quality } \\ & : \quad 5 / \end{aligned}$ |
|  | : | Cents | Cents |  |
|  | October |  |  |  |
| Bombay, India | : Broach, Vijay, fine | 26.21 | 23.55 | SLM 15/16" |
| Karachi, Pakistan | : 289 F Sind Fine S G | 28.51 | 24.67 | SLM 1 " |
| Izmir, Turkey | : Standard II | 6/25.91 | 27.57 | M 1-1/16" |
| Sao Paulo, Brazil | : Type 5 | 21.65 | 24.05 | SLM 31/32" |
| Matamoros, Mexico | : M 1-1/32" | 7/26.97 | 26.92 | M 1-1/32" |
| Lima, Peru | : Tanguis type 5 | 27.38 | 27.54 | SLM 1-3/16" |
| Alexandria, UAR | : Ashmouni good | 37.21 | 28.65 | M 1-1/8" |
|  | November |  |  |  |
| Bombay, India | : Broach, Vijay, fine | 27.46 | 23.73 | SLM 15/16" |
| Karachi, Pakistan | : 289 F Sind Fine S G | 28.05 | 24.80 | SLM 1 " |
| Izmir, Turkey | : Standard II | 6/25.70 | 27.53 | M 1-1/16" |
| Sao Paulo, Brazil | : Type 5 | 20.56 | 24.20 | SLM 31/32" |
| Matamoros, Mexico | : M 1-1/32" | 7/26.52 | 26.93 | M 1-1/32" |
| Lima, Peru. | : Tanguis type 5 | 27.50 | 27.57 | SLM $1-3 / 16^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Alexandria, UAR | Ashmouni good | 37.21 | 28.52 | M $1-1 / \beta^{\prime \prime}$ |
|  | December |  |  |  |
| Bombay, India | : Broach Vijay, fine |  |  | SLM 15/16" |
| Karachi, Pakistan | : 289 F Sind Fine S G | 28.08 | 24.83 | SLM I' ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ |
| Izmir, Turkey | Standard II | 26.64 | 27.51 | M 1-1/16" |
| Sao Paulo, Brazil | : Type 5 | 20.10 | 24.73 | SLM 31/32" |
| Matamoros, Mexico | : M 1-1/32" | 7/26.48 | 26.88 | M 1-1/32" |
| Lima, Peru | : Tanguis type 5 | -28.00 | 27.94 | SLM 1-3/16" |
| Alexandria, UAR | : Ashmouni good | 37.21 | 28.73 | M 1-1/8" |

I/ Includes export taxes where applicable.
Quotations on net weight basis.
Average of prices collected once each week.
Average 14 spot market gross weight price less export payment-in-kind
rate per pound, divided by 0.96 to convert price to a net weight basis.
5/ Quality of U. S. cotton generally considered to be most nearly comparable to the foreign cotton.

6/ Average for 3 quotations.
I/ Delivered at Brownsville. Net weight price=actual price divided by 0.96 .
Foreign Agricultural Service and Cotton Division, AMS

Table 24.--Cotton exports: Total and under specifiled programs by country of destination, fiscal years 1959-60, 1960-61 I/

| Country and period | Public Law 480 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mutual } \\ & \text { Security } \\ & \text { Act } \end{aligned}$ |  | Total <br> inanged <br> 2) 3 |  | Total$: \quad$ exported$2 / 3 /$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | :Title I : Title II : Barter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | :Quantity: | Value | Quantity | Value | uanti | Value | Quant |  | Quan | :Value | :Quanti | Value |
|  | : Thou. :bales 4 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mdl. } \\ & \text { dol. } \end{aligned}$ | Thou. bales 4/ | M11. dol. | Thou. bales | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { dol. } \end{aligned}$ | Thou. bales | $\begin{aligned} & \text { M11. } \\ & \text { dol. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Thou. } \\ \text { bales 4/ } \end{gathered} \begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { dol. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Thou. <br> bales | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mil. } \\ & \text { dol. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Canada : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : --- | --- | --- | --- | 5/ | $6 /$ | --- | -- | 5 | $6 /$ | 278 | 38 |
| 1960-61 | : --- | --- | --- | --- | 0 | 0 | --- | --- |  | 0 | 294 | 42 |
| Europe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belgium | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : --- | --- | --- | --- | 3 | $6 /$ | --- | --- | 3 | $6 /$ | 200 | 24 |
| 1960-61 | : --- | --- | --- | --- | 0 | 0 | --- | --- | 0 | 0 | 204 | 28 |
| France |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : 5/ | 61 | --- | --- | $\gtrless 2$ | 3 | --- | --- | 22 | 3 | 630 | 82 |
| 1960-61 |  | 0 | --- | --- | 43 | 5 | --- | --- | 43 | 5 | 579 | 79 |
| Germany, West : 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : 4 | 1 | 2 | 61 | 2 | $6 /$ | --- | --- | 6 | 1 | 544 | 70 |
| 1960-61 | : 5/ | $6 /$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | --- | --- | 5) | $6)$ | 453 | 62 |
| Italy : 60 e |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | - | --- | --- | --- | 1 | $6 /$ | 29 | 3 | 29 | 4 | 558 | 71 |
| 1960-61 | -- | --- | --- | --- | 0 | 0 | 1 | 61 | 1 | 6/ | 489 | 66 |
| Netherlands : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | 1 | $6 /$ | --- | --- | 4 | 1 | -- | --- | 5 | 1 | 204 | 27 |
| 1960-61 | 0 | 0 | --- | --- | 0 | 0 | --- | --- | 0 | 0 | 203 | 28 |
| Poland : ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : 75 | 9 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 75 | 9 | 7 | 10 |
| 1960-61 | : 226 | 30 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 226 | 30 | 228 | 31 |
| Spain : 0 - 0 - 30 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : 0 | 0 |  | 1 | 1 | $6 /$ | 30 | 4 | 39 | 6 | 39 | 6 |
| 1960-61 | : 16 | 22 | 4 | 1 | 15 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 182 | 25 | 199 | 27 |
| United Kingdom : 60 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : 16 | 2 | --- | - | 4 | 1 | --- | --- | 20 | 3 | 526 | 66 |
| 1960-61 | : 5/ | 6) | --- | --- | 0 | 0 | --- | --- | 5 | 6/ | 439 | 58 |
| Yugoslavia : 4 a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 |  | $6 /$ | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 3 | 6/ | 7 | 1 |
| 1960-61 | : 136 | 18 | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | 136 | 18 | 123 | 16 |
| Asia : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| China (Formosa) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | 0 | 0 | 2 | $6 /$ | 5/ | $6 /$ |  |  | 127 | 14 | 205 | 21 |
| 1960-61 | : 19 | 2 | 5/ | 6/ | 0 | - | 67 | 8 | 86 | 31 | 174 | 21 |
| India : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 |  | 46 | --- | --- | 1 | $6 /$ | --- | --- | 328 | 46 | 364 | 52 |
| 1960-61 | : 473 | 66 | --- | --- | 40 | 4 | --- | --- | 513 | 71 | 521 | 74 |
| Japan : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1959-60$ | : 97 | 17 | --- | --- | 21 | 2 | --- | --- | 7/381 | $7 / 45$ | 1,657 | 195 |
| Korea : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 232 |
| 1959-60 | : 70 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 5/ | $6 /$ | 202 | 23 | 272 | 31 | 269 | 31 |
| 1960-61 | 70 | 10 | 16 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 106 | 14 | 193 | 26 | 190 | 25 |
| All other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1959-60 | : 122 | 17 | 5/ | 6/ | 54 | 6 | 32 | 4 | 7/237 |  | 1,086 | 133 |
| 1960-61 | : 134 | 19 | 0 | -0 | 6 | 1 | 141 | 20 | 8/298 | 8/43 | 1,071 | 146 |
| Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1959-60$ | : 709 | 95 | 10 | 2 | 112 | 13 | 417 | 49 | 1,547 | 194 | 6,637 | 826 |
| 1960-61 | :1,296 | 178 | 20 | 3 | 104 | 13 | 316 | 42 | 2,071 | 279 | 7,003 | 937 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1/ Data based on: Liftings under Mutual Security Act authorizations, reported shipments under Tities I and II of Fublic Law 480, reports on distribution of exports under barter contracts and Export-Import Bank loans. 2/Totals were made before rounding. 3/ Total exports and those financed under the specified export programs are not directly comparable because of differences in reporting periods and techniques. Over the long run the differences tend to cancel out. 4/Running bales, party estimated. 5/ Less than 500 bales. 6/Less then $\$ 500,000$. I/ Includes Export-Import Bank loans as follows: 32 million doliars to Japan and 4 million dollars to Austria estimated to represent 269 thousand bales and 29 thousand bales, respectively. 8/ Includes Export-Import Bank loans as follows: 40 million dollars to Japan and 3 million dollars to Austria estimated to represent 317 thousand bales and 1.7 thousand bales, respectively.

Table 25.--Cotton linters: Supply and disappearance, United States, averages 1935-39, 1940-44, 1945-49 and 1950 to date

| Year beginning August 1 | Supply |  |  |  | Disappearance |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Stocks August 1 | : Production: $: \quad 1 /:$ $:$ | Net <br> imports | Total | Consumption: | Exports | : Destroyed | Total |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { l,000 } \\ \text { bales } 2 / \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1,000 } \\ \text { bales } 2 / \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } 3 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 1,000 } \\ \text { bales } 2 / \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { bales } 2 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { bales } 2 / \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1,000 } \\ & \text { bales } 2 / \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,000 \\ \text { bales } 2 / \end{gathered}$ |
| 1935-39 | 584 | 1,132 | 45 | 1,725 | 836 | 264 | 5 | 1,105 |
| 1940-44 | 687 | 1,237 | 160 | 2,084 | 1,399 | 37 | 2 | 1,438 |
| 1945-49 | 405 | 1,326 | 150 | 1,881 | 1,243 | 138 | 1 | 1,382 |
| 1950 | 452 | 1,244 | 103 | 1,800 | 1,396 | 92 | 1 | 1,489 |
| 1951 | 264 | 1,767 | 113 | 2,144 | 1,306 | 226 | 2 | 1,534 |
| 1952 | 548 | 1,799 | 339 | 2,686 | 1,359 | 107 | 2 | 1,468 |
| 1953 | 1,111 | 2,003 | 164 | 3,278 | 1,324 | 237 | 2 | 1,563 |
| 1954 | 1,543 | 1,699 | 185 | 3,428 | 1,474 | 256 | 25 | 1,755 |
| 1955 | 1,491 | 1,703 | 204 | 3,398 | 1,789 | 396 | --- | 2,185 |
| 1956 | 1,025 | 1,507 | 135 | 2,668 | 1,438 | 334 | --- | 1,772 |
| 1957 | 824 | 1,256 | 139 | 2,218 | 1,102 | 185 | --- | 1,287 |
| 1958 | 810 | 1,347 | 172 | 2,329 | 1,210 | 243 | --- | 1,453 |
| 1959 | 544 | 1,665 | 164 | 2,373 | 1,447 | 329 | --- | 1,776 |
| 1960 4/ | 465 | 5/1,583 | 139 | 2,187 | 1,306 | 339 | --- | 1,645 |
| 1961 4/ | 471 | 5/1,639 | 150 | 2,260 | 1,400 | 339 | --- | 1,739 |

1/Since 1941 includes production at gins and delinting plants.
2/ Running bales through September 1958; 600 pound equivalent gross weight bales thereafter. Bales of 500 pounds.
Preliminary, partly estimated.
5 / Production at gins and delinting plants not available.

Bureau of the Census.

Table 26.--Prices for specified qualities of cotton linters, by months, 1960 to date $1 /$


1/ Monthly averages of prices quoted at Atlanta, Memphis, Dallas and Los Angeles, for linters uncompressed in carlots f.o.b. cottonseed oil mill points, excluding ports.
2/ Grade 2, staple 2; grade 3, staple 3 etc.
3/ Not available.
Cotton Division, AMS.

Table 27.--Rayon and cotton: Actual prices of yarn and equivalent prices of raw fiber, United States, average 1930-34, and 1935-39, 1940 to date


1 Wholesale price of Viscose on skeins first quality yarn, 150 denier until June 1947, since July 1947 "on cones." 2/ Wholesale price of single 40 's carded until July 1946; August 1946, through December 1951, twisted carded; January 1952 to date, carded, knitting, singles 30 . 3/Wholesale price of Viscose, $1-1 / 2$ denier. Assumes net waste multiplier of 1.04. 4/ Price of Memphis Territory growths, landed Group B mill points and assuming net waste multiplier of 1.12.

Bureau of Labor Statistics, and Cotton Division, AMS.

ITEM

Acreage:
Allotments
Harvested
Planted

Carryover:
Foreign
United States

Commodity Credit Corporation:
Sales program
Stocks
Consumption:
Foreign countries
United States:
Annual and monthly
Daily rate
Military
Per capita
Domestic

Cottonseed and products
Exports:
Cotton products
Government financed
Programs for 1960-61 (P. i. k.)
Total, lint
Textile (Raw cotton equivalent)
Ginnings:
To specified dates
Charges
Imports:
Picker laps
Presidential proclamation
Textiles (Raw cotton equivalent)
International Textile agreement
Linters:
Consumption
Prices
Supply and distribution

## Loan rates

Manmade fibers:
Production
Consumption
Mechanical harvesting of cotton
Mill margins

ISSUE

March, July, November
May, September, November
May, July

March
March, July, September, November

May
January, March, May, July, September, November

January, March, July, November

January, March, May, July, September, November January, March, May, July, September, November March, May, September, November
March, May, September
March
November

January, March, May, July, November
January, March, May, July, September, November January, March, May, July, September, November January, March, May, July, September, November January, March, May, July, September, November

September, November
May

March, May, July, September
September
January, March, May, July, September, November September

March, May
January, March, May, September
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May

January, July, November
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May
January, March, May, September, November

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Received by farmers
Foreign

Price supports
Production:
Lint
Broadwoven goods
Quality and staple length
Situation at a glance
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Foreign Trade in manmade Fiber Consumption
Domestic Fiber Consumption in Cotton Equivalent Pounds Government Financing of Corton Exports
United States Foreign Trade in Textiles
United States Foreign Trade in Textiles and Domestic Fiber Consumption in Cotton Equivalent Pounds

Stock ratio
Supply and distribution of cotton:
All kinds
Extra-long staple
Foreign free world
Value:
Cottonseed
Lint
Yield:
Per harvested acre
American-Egyptian

January, March, May, September, November
January, March, May, July, September, November
March, July, September, November
May, November
March, May, September, November
January, March, May, July, September, November
March, May

January, March, May, September, November July

May, September, November
January, March, May, July, September, November

January
March
May
September

November
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May

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[^0]:    "The minimum national average support price (average of the crop) for 1962 -crop upland cotton will be 31.88 cents per pound, gross weight, the same as last year. This reflects approximately 82 percent of the current parity price of 38.96 cents per pound for upland cotton.
    'The minimum national average support price for 1962 -crop extra-long staple cotton will be 53.17 cents per pound, net weight. This reflects 65 percent of the current parity price of 81.8 cents per pound for extra-long staple cotton.

[^1]:    1/ West includes California, Arizona, New Mexico and Nevada.
    2/ Southwest includes Texas, Oklahoma and Kansas.
    $\overline{3} /$ Delta includes Missouri, Arkanses, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, Illinois, and Kentucky.

    4/Southeast includes Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama. 5/ Crop Reporting Board report of December 8, 1961.

[^2]:    1/ West includes California, Arizona, New Mexico and Nevada. $2 /$ Southwest includes Texas, oklahoma and Kansas. 3 / Delta includes Missouri, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, Illinois, and Kentucky. 4/ Southeast includes Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama. $5 /$ Crop Reporting Board report of December 8, 1961. 6/ Trend yleld is 9-year centered average yield.

    Crop Reporting Board.

