## HIGHLIGHTS

C U.S. Cotton Crop Progress and Condition Near Normal<br>C U.S. Demand for 1998/99 Unchanged<br>C Foreign Production, Consumption, and Trade<br>C China's Estimated 1998/99 Consumption Unchanged<br>C Textile Trade Deficit Widens in 1999

## U.S. Cotton Crop Progress and Condition Near Normal

Planting of the 1999 U.S. cotton crop is nearing completion in all States except Oklahoma and Texas. As of June 6, 92 percent of the U.S. crop was planted, slightly ahead of the 87 percent reported for 1998 and the 5-year average. In addition, seven of the 14 reporting States were completed as of early June. In contrast, Oklahoma was reported at 76 percent complete, compared with 90 percent last season but equal to the 5 -year average. Texas plantings are 86 percent complete, above both last year and the 5-year average.

While plantings are ahead of last season, the percentage of the U.S. cotton crop that is squaring is lagging. As of June 6,11 percent of the acreage was squaring, compared with 14 percent for both a year ago and the 5 -year average. Although crop development is just getting underway in many States, several departures from normal are worth noting. In Arizona and Mississippi, the percent squaring, at 19 and 11 percent respectively, is about 25 percentage points behind their respective 5 -year averages. On the other hand, California, with 25 percent of its area squaring, is well ahead of the 7 percent reported as the average.

The first 1999 crop condition report for cotton indicated that as of the week ending June 6, the U.S. crop was slightly better than last season. At this early stage, 52 percent of the area was rated "good" or "excellent," compared with 49 percent a year ago. Similarly, only 15 percent was rated "poor" or "very poor," compared with 21 percent in 1998. As noted in the report, Georgia's cotton has been affected by recent dry weather conditions. As of June 6,30 percent of Georgia's area was rated "poor" or "very poor," while an additional 40 percent was only "fair." In contrast, Missouri had the best crop condition with 78 percent rated "good" or "excellent."

Because of the "near normal" crop progress and conditions across the Cotton Belt, no changes were made in June to the 1999 U.S. cotton production estimate of 18 million bales. However, an update on the cotton area reported in the March Prospective Plantings will be issued at the end of the month by USDA's National Agricultural Statistics Service. The June 30 Acreage report will provide a better indication of the 1999 cotton area as it combines actual cotton plantings as of early June and estimates for area remaining to be planted.

## U.S. Demand for 1998/99 Unchanged

No changes were made this month to USDA's supply and demand estimates for 1998/99 as the current season winds down. Mill data indicate that nearly 7.9 million bales have been used through April. And with 3 months' of data remaining to be reported, expectations are for U.S. mill use to reach 10.5 million bales for the season, 7 percent below 1997/98's extraordinary 11.35 million bales. Meanwhile, exports are on a pace to reach the 4.1-million-bale estimate. As of early June, shipment data reported in Export Sales suggest that cotton exports need only average 50,000 running bales per week through the end of the season. And although world trade is projected at 23.6 million bales in 1998/99, the lowest since 1970/71, the U.S. share of global cotton trade is expected to reach only 17.4 percent, compared with 28.2 percent last season. Nevertheless, ending stocks remain estimated at 3.6 million bales, about 300,000 below beginning levels.

## Foreign Production, Consumption, and Trade

Forecasts for 1999/2000 foreign production, consumption, and trade were unchanged compared with the previous month. USDA's usual practice is to avoid revising the foreign out-year projections in June, pending the completion of the annual reporting cycle by U.S. embassies overseas. These reports are scheduled to arrive during June and July and will be combined with additional analysis in Washington, DC between now and mid-July.

Foreign production in 1999/2000 remains projected at 69 million bales, 2 percent lower than in 1998/99. Foreign consumption is projected at 76 million bales, 2 percent higher than in 1998/99. Foreign imports are projected to rise in 1999/2000, and larger U.S. exports will account for the entire increase. Foreign exports in 1999/2000 are expected to remain unchanged at 19.5 million bales.

Estimates for 1998/99 foreign production, consumption, and trade were revised slightly from the May estimates. Foreign 1998/99 production is estimated 300,000 bales higher than in May, at 84.4 million bales. Foreign consumption was revised downward about 100,000 bales, to 74.2 million. Both foreign imports and exports were revised downward for 1998/99, as were beginning stocks.

## China's Estimated 1998/99 Consumption Unchanged

Consumption of cotton in China during 1998/99 remains estimated at 20 million bales, compared with 20.8 million in 1997/98, and 21.4 million in 1996/97. China's exports of apparel and other finished goods have performed poorly during the first 4 months of calendar 1999. This could have a significant effect on cotton consumption since the value of these exports is comparable to the value of domestic consumption of these goods in China. However, China's State Statistical Bureau (SSB) reports yarn production (all fibers) is currently above a year earlier. While the successful campaign to reduce the textile industry's inventory of cotton spindles suggests that cotton's share of fiber use in China may continue falling, a portion of the spindles destroyed were probably not actively used. Adjusting for the likely recent use of the destroyed spindles results in an estimated decrease in cotton use similar to the current USDA estimate. The SSB recently republished its calendar 1998 yarn production estimate, and it was unchanged from the last estimate. USDA typically completes its short run adjustments of the preceding year's estimate when the SSB's June number is published, so further adjustments in the 1997/98 estimate of 20.8 million bales are unlikely given the normal flow of information from China.

The coincidence this year of falling garment exports and rising yarn production may have implications for 1999/2000. If garment exports remain sluggish and yarn production remains strong, then growing yarn or fabric inventories could affect fiber consumption as 1999/2000 progresses. Of course, there are large areas of uncertainty, beginning with the significance of the decline in garment exports. Lower exports have in part been offset by lower imports: China's reported imports of textile products (excluding fiber) are about one-third the size of its exports, and are falling. But, unreported, smuggled imports are probably also falling, but to an unknown degree. Thus, while January-April data suggests that China's textile product exports (excluding fiber) could decline by $\$ 10$ billion in calendar 1999, the export decline on a net basis is smaller by an unknown amount.

Furthermore, with deflation in China, export volume is likely falling less than value. For example, the readily available volume figures for cotton yarn and fabric suggest rising exports for intermediate cotton products. Volume figures for garments are not so readily available; garments trade is reported in a wide variety of units, and timely analysis of trade volume is difficult, so the exact relationship between short-run changes in export value and volume is uncertain. Finally, the first 4 months of textile export performance may be a poor guide to the rest of the year, given the strengthening exchange rates of China's East and Southeast Asian textile competitors. In July USDA will publish its first official estimate of China's 1999/2000 cotton consumption.

## Textile Trade Deficit Widens in 1999

March textile imports, at 972 million pounds (raw-fiber equivalent) were up nearly 9 percent from February and 17 percent above March 1998. Increased imports of yarn, thread, and fabric, floor coverings, and home furnishings more than offset a reduction in apparel shipments. Imports of all fibers except silk increased. Cotton imports, at 556 million pounds, accounted for 57 percent of the March total and were 19 percent above a year earlier. U.S. cotton textile imports from North American countries rose 19 percent to 254 million pounds, accounting for 46 percent of the total. Cotton imports from Asia declined from a month earlier to 244 million pounds ( 44 percent of the U.S. import total).

Similarly, March 1999 textile exports, at 411 million pounds, rose 16 percent from February and were slightly above a year earlier. U.S. textile exports expanded for all major fibers and end-use categories. Cotton exports, at 188 million pounds, were up 15 percent from a month earlier and 11 percent from a year ago. Cotton textile exports for all end-use categories increased from the previous month with apparel accounting for 56 percent of the total. North American countries are the major markets for U.S. cotton textile exports. Shipments to North America totaled 165 million pounds and represented 88 percent of the March total. Mexico continues to be the leading market, receiving 42 percent of the region's total.

Overall, the total textile trade deficit during the first 3 months of 1999 has expanded from a year earlier. For all fibers the deficit through March 1999 is 1.6 billion pounds and the cotton trade deficit is 1.0 billion pounds, up 27 percent and 21 percent, respectively. During 1999 cotton has accounted for 64 percent of the total deficit, similar to a year earlier.

The next Cotton and Wool Outlook (CWS-0699) will be released on July 13, 1999.
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[^0]| Item | 1998/99 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1997/98 | Apr | May | Jun |
| Upland: Million acres |  |  |  |  |
| Planted | 13.648 | 13.088 | 13.064 | 13.064 |
| Harvested | 13.157 | 10.486 | 10.449 | 10.449 |
|  | Pounds |  |  |  |
| Yield/harvested acre | 666 | 617 | 619 | 619 |
|  | Million 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |
| Beginning stocks | 3.920 | 3.822 | 3.822 | 3.822 |
| Production | 18.245 | 13.470 | 13.476 | 13.476 |
| Total supply 1/ | 22.178 | 17.627 | 17.678 | 17.678 |
| Mill use | 11.234 | 10.275 | 10.365 | 10.365 |
| Exports | 7.060 | 3.900 | 3.800 | 3.800 |
| Total use | 18.294 | 14.175 | 14.165 | 14.165 |
| Ending stocks | 3.822 | 3.400 | 3.488 | 3.488 |
|  | Percent |  |  |  |
| Stocks-to-use ratio | 20.9 | 24.0 | 24.6 | 24.6 |
| Extra-long staple:PlantedHarvested | 1,000 acres |  |  |  |
|  | 250 | 330 | 328 | 328 |
|  | 249 | 237 | 235 | 235 |
|  | Pounds |  |  |  |
| Yield/harvested acre | 1,056 | 893 | 904 | 904 |
|  |  | 1,000 | -lb. bal |  |
| Beginning stocks | 51 | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Production | 548 | 440 | 442 | 442 |
| Total supply 1/ | 599 | 520 | 527 | 527 |
| Mill use | 115 | 125 | 135 | 135 |
| Exports | 440 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| Total use | 555 | 425 | 435 | 435 |
| Ending stocks | 65 | 100 | 112 | 112 |
|  |  |  | cent |  |
| Stocks-to-use ratio | 11.7 | 23.5 | 25.7 | 25.7 |

Based on USDA estimates. 1/ Includes imports.

WORLD COTTON SUPPLY AND USE ESTIMATES

| Item |  | 1998/99 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1997/98 | Apr | May | Jun |
| Supply: | Million 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |
| Beginning stocks |  |  |  |  |
| World | 38.18 | 41.41 | 41.17 | 40.85 |
| Foreign | 34.20 | 37.52 | 37.29 | 36.96 |
| Production |  |  |  |  |
| World | 91.60 | 84.68 | 84.07 | 84.35 |
| Foreign | 72.81 | 70.77 | 70.15 | 70.43 |
| Imports |  |  |  |  |
| World | 26.49 | 24.72 | 24.80 | 24.50 |
| Foreign | 26.48 | 24.37 | 24.40 | 24.10 |
| Use: |  |  |  |  |
| Mill use |  |  |  |  |
| World | 88.51 | 84.72 | 84.79 | 84.71 |
| Foreign | 77.16 | 74.32 | 74.29 | 74.21 |
| Exports |  |  |  |  |
| World | 26.61 | 23.84 | 23.74 | 23.60 |
| Foreign | 19.11 | 19.64 | 19.64 | 19.50 |
| Ending stocks |  |  |  |  |
| World | 40.85 | 41.92 | 41.23 | 41.08 |
| Foreign | 36.96 | 38.42 | 37.63 | 37.48 |
| Stocks-to-use ratio | Percent |  |  |  |
| World | 46.2 | 49.5 | 48.6 | 48.5 |
| Foreign | 47.9 | 51.7 | 50.7 | 50.5 |

Based on USDA estimates.

| Item | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb | Mar | Apr | Apr |
| Cotton: | 1,000 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |
| Ginnings | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Imports since August 1 | 40.5 | 84.1 | NA | 2.9 |
| Stocks, beginning | 9,597 | 8,698 | 7,581 | 10,079 |
| At mills | 586 | 605 | 570 | 703 |
| Public storage | 8,677 | 7,500 | 6,780 | 8,187 |
| CCC stocks | 3,488 | 1,522 | 800 | 2,060 |
| Manmade: | Million pounds |  |  |  |
| Production | 801.6 | 870.7 | 856.6 | 886.8 |
| Noncellulosic | 778.9 | 845.9 | 832.7 | 852.7 |
| Cellulosic | 22.7 | 24.8 | 23.9 | 34.1 |
| Total since January 1 | 1,635.3 | 2,506.0 | 3,362.6 | 3,448.1 |
|  | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Mar |
| Raw fiber imports $\quad$ Noncellulosic ${ }^{\text {Cellulosic }}$ Total since January 1 | Million pounds |  |  |  |
|  | 114.7 | 116.9 | 140.9 | 118.2 |
|  | 109.2 | 111.7 | 133.5 | 110.1 |
|  | 5.5 | 5.2 | 7.4 | 8.1 |
|  | 114.7 | 231.6 | 372.5 | 324.4 |
| Wool and Mohair:Raw wool imports, clean$48^{\prime \prime}$-and-finer | 1,000 pounds |  |  |  |
|  | 6,151 | 3,553 | 3,882 | 7,230 |
|  | 4,416 | 1,649 | 1,689 | 5,579 |
| Not-finer-than-46's | 1,735 | 1,905 | 2,193 | 1,651 |
| Total since January 1 | 6,151 | 9,704 | 13,586 | 21,410 |
| Wool top imports | 35 | 28 | 235 | 204 |
| Total since January 1Mohair imports, clean | 35 | 63 | 298 | 548 |
|  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total since January 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2,101 |

NA $=$ Not available.

COTTON SYSTEM FIBER CONSUMPTION

|  | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Feb | Mar | Apr | Apr |
| Cotton: | 1,000 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |
| All consumed by mills 1/ | 824 | 940 | 889 | 956 |
| Total since August 1 1/ | 6,039 | 6,979 | 7,868 | 8,581 |
| SA annual rate 2/ | 10,462 | 10,344 | 10,267 | 11,099 |
| SA daily rate 2/ | 40.2 | 39.8 | 39.5 | 42.5 |
| Daily rate | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 43.5 |
| Upland consumed by mills 1/ | 811 | 926 | 876 | 946 |
| Total since August 1 1/ | 5,956 | 6,883 | 7,758 | 8,496 |
| SA daily rate 2/ | 39.6 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 42.1 |
| Daily rate | 40.6 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 43.0 |
| Spindles in place | 5,212 | 5,223 | 5,208 | 5,440 |
| Active spindles | 4,871 | 4,784 | 4,792 | 5,154 |
| 100 percent cotton | 2,608 | 2,519 | 2,552 | 2,637 |
| 100 percent manmade | 753 | 766 | 769 | 784 |
| Blends | 1,510 | 1,499 | 1,471 | 1,733 |
|  | Percent |  |  |  |
| Cotton's share of fibers | 79.7 | 79.5 | 79.5 | 78.1 |
| Manmade:Total consumed by mills 1/ | 1,000 pounds |  |  |  |
|  | 100,718 | 116,618 | 110,151 | 128,517 |
| Total since August 1 1/ | 742,642 | 859,260 | 969,411 | 1,122,628 |
| Daily rate | 5,036 | 5,070 | 5,007 | 5,842 |
| Noncellulosic staple | 4,689 | 4,722 | 4,686 | 5,302 |
| Cellulosic staple | 347 | 348 | 321 | 540 |

1/ Adjusted to calendar month. 2/ $\mathrm{SA}=$ seasonally adjusted.

|  | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | Jan | Feb | Mar | Mar |
| Cotton: | 1,000 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |
| Upland exports | 110 | 148 | 177 | 822 |
| Total since August 1 | 2,820 | 2,968 | 3,145 | 4,590 |
| Sales for next season | 27 | 50 | 181 | 224 |
| Total since August 1 | 198 | 247 | 428 | 617 |
| ELS exports | 46.4 | 33.7 | 44.6 | 65.5 |
| Total since August 1 | 105.8 | 139.5 | 184.1 | 321.5 |
| Sales for next season | 11.9 | 3.4 | 21.3 | 55.0 |
| Total since August 1 | 25.6 | 29.0 | 50.3 | 94.2 |
| Manmade: | Million pounds |  |  |  |
| Raw fiber exports | 76.2 | 72.5 | 89.1 | 90.7 |
| Noncellulosic | 73.5 | 69.8 | 85.7 | 87.1 |
| Cellulosic | 2.7 | 2.7 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| Total since January 1 | 76.2 | 148.7 | 237.8 | 1,702.1 |
| Wool and Mohair: | 1,000 pounds |  |  |  |
| Raw wool exports, clean | 9.1 | 124.3 | 145.7 | 247.2 |
| Total since January 1 | 9.1 | 133.4 | 279.1 | 629.8 |
| Wool top exports | 401.0 | 356.7 | 386.6 | 544.3 |
| Total since January 1 | 401.0 | 757.7 | 1,144.3 | 1,683.1 |
| Mohair exports, clean | 256.0 | 166.3 | 311.1 | 73.4 |
| Total since January 1 | 256.0 | 422.3 | 733.4 | 148.6 |

FIBER PRICES

| Item | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar | Apr | May | May |
| Domestic cotton prices: | Cents per pound |  |  |  |
| Adjusted World Price | 42.64 | 43.97 | 45.39 | 51.39 |
| Jul'99 futures | 60.57 | 60.11 | 58.38 | 73.11 |
| Dec'99 futures | 59.80 | 59.63 | 58.59 | 71.96 |
| Upland spot 41-34 | 58.17 | 57.01 | 55.54 | 65.21 |
| Pima spot 03-46 | 86.37 | 84.57 | 82.73 | 104.00 |
| Avg. price received by: |  |  |  |  |
| Upland producers | 55.30 | 56.70 | 57.50 | 63.50 |
| Mill delivered: |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton |  |  |  |  |
| Actual | 66.31 | 64.69 | 63.17 | 71.78 |
| Raw fiber equivalent | 73.68 | 71.88 | 70.19 | 79.76 |
| Rayon staple |  |  |  |  |
| Actual | 101.00 | 101.00 | 100.00 | 115.00 |
| Raw fiber equivalent | 105.21 | 105.21 | 104.17 | 119.79 |
| Polyester staple |  |  |  |  |
| Actual | 51.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 65.00 |
| Raw fiber equivalent | 53.13 | 52.08 | 52.08 | 67.71 |
| Price ratios | Percent |  |  |  |
| Cotton/rayon | 70.0 | 68.3 | 67.4 | 66.6 |
| Cotton/polyester | 138.7 | 138.0 | 134.8 | 117.8 |
| Northern Europe cotton quotes: |  | Cents | pound |  |
| A Index | 56.74 | 57.86 | 59.85 | 64.61 |
| Memphis Territory | NQ | NQ | NQ | 73.06 |
| California/Arizona | 71.63 | 68.40 | 65.31 | NQ |
| $B$ Index | 53.28 | NQ | NQ | NQ |
| Orleans/Texas | 64.00 | NQ | NQ | 68.13 |
| Wool prices (clean) : |  | Dolla | per pound |  |
| U.S. 56's | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.65 | 1.10 |
| Australian 56's 1/ | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.63 |
| U.S. 60's | 0.95 | 0.87 | 0.87 | 1.47 |
| Australian 60's 1/ | 1.47 | 1.44 | 1.43 | 1.85 |
| U.S. 64's | 1.15 | 1.10 | 1.17 | 1.77 |
| Australian 64's 1/ | 1.57 | 1.56 | 1.50 | 2.14 |

$\mathrm{NQ}=\mathrm{No}$ quotes.
1/ In bond, Charleston, SC.

| Item | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Mar |
| Imports: | 1,000 pounds 1/ |  |  |  |
| Yarn, thread, and fabric | 211,651 | 210,837 | 246,340 | 234,424 |
| Cotton | 87,787 | 87,858 | 101,927 | 104,140 |
| Linen | 26,678 | 22,587 | 27,186 | 25,522 |
| Wool | 3,114 | 3,404 | 4,303 | 4,954 |
| Silk | 736 | 656 | 752 | 746 |
| Manmade | 93,337 | 96,332 | 112,172 | 99,062 |
| Apparel | 559,038 | 591,226 | 552,573 | 519,205 |
| Cotton | 340,605 | 372,491 | 400,118 | 318,581 |
| Linen | 18,818 | 16,260 | 14,830 | 12,353 |
| Wool | 12,371 | 12,691 | 12,926 | 13,659 |
| Silk | 15,148 | 13,400 | 12,527 | 11,457 |
| Manmade | 172,096 | 176,385 | 112,172 | 163,155 |
| House furnishings | 51,081 | 54,455 | 59,740 | 47,088 |
| Cotton | 38,059 | 40,911 | 44,522 | 36,157 |
| Linen | 289 | 184 | 338 | 213 |
| Wool | 93 | 82 | 84 | 167 |
| Silk | 35 | 24 | 40 | 17 |
| Manmade | 12,606 | 13,254 | 14,792 | 10,534 |
| Floor covering | 31,508 | 29,166 | 34,615 | 25,199 |
| cotton | 5,134 | 4,528 | 4,964 | 3,390 |
| Linen | 4,283 | 3,832 | 5,202 | 3,289 |
| Wool | 9,752 | 7,074 | 9,285 | 7,670 |
| Silk | 627 | 385 | 775 | 471 |
| Manmade | 11,712 | 13,347 | 14,089 | 10,379 |
| Total imports 2/ | 860,074 | 892,425 | 972,025 | 832,156 |
| cotton | 475,496 | 509,873 | 555,799 | 465,821 |
| Linen | 50,126 | 42,907 | 47,621 | 41,447 |
| Wool | 25,436 | 23,318 | 26,688 | 26,477 |
| Silk | 16,547 | 14,466 | 14,094 | 12,692 |
| Manmade | 292,469 | 301,861 | 327,822 | 285,720 |
| Exports: | 1,000 pounds 1/ |  |  |  |
| Yarn, thread, and fabric | 149,985 | 164,714 | 192,556 | 185,356 |
| Cotton | 55,517 | 63,831 | 75,160 | 58,860 |
| Linen | 4,412 | 5,419 | 5,714 | 5,569 |
| Wool | 3,382 | 4,709 | 5,577 | 5,776 |
| Silk | 1,540 | 1,640 | 2,034 | 2,043 |
| Manmade | 85,133 | 89,115 | 104,071 | 113,108 |
| Apparel | 143,649 | 153,768 | 172,575 | 175,502 |
| Cotton | 86,649 | 93,470 | 105,259 | 102,385 |
| Linen | 1,270 | 1,658 | 1,770 | 1,566 |
| Wool | 6,097 | 6,823 | 7,450 | 9,853 |
| Silk | 3,235 | 3,873 | 4,102 | 3,753 |
| Manmade | 46,398 | 47,944 | 53,994 | 57,945 |
| House furnishings | 6,083 | 6,264 | 6,972 | 7,723 |
| Cotton | 3,952 | 3,858 | 4,255 | 4,593 |
| Linen | 203 | 196 | 245 | 362 |
| Wool | 40 | 54 | 57 | 95 |
| Silk | 67 | 137 | 120 | 191 |
| Manmade | 1,821 | 2,019 | 2,295 | 2,482 |
| Floor covering | 28,923 | 29,805 | 38,948 | 40,526 |
| cotton | 2,404 | 2,410 | 3,029 | 3,950 |
| Linen | 1,483 | 1,584 | 1,819 | 2,111 |
| Wool | 2,352 | 2,849 | 3,657 | 3,603 |
| Silk | 82 | 91 | 93 | 160 |
| Manmade | 22,601 | 22,871 | 30,350 | 30,702 |
| Total exports 2/ | 328,835 | 354,826 | 411,427 | 409,389 |
| cotton | 148,581 | 163,643 | 187,784 | 169,878 |
| Linen | 7,375 | 8,866 | 9,558 | 9,617 |
| Wool | 11,881 | 14,446 | 16,761 | 19,343 |
| Silk | 4,924 | 5,741 | 6,349 | 6,148 |
| Manmade | 156,074 | 162,130 | 190,974 | 204,402 |

[^1]| Item | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | Mar | Mar |
|  | 1,000 pounds 1/ |  |  |  |
| North America | 166,338 | 213,528 | 254,320 | 195,471 |
| Canada | 16,612 | 18,828 | 22,133 | 18,151 |
| Costa Rica | 6,174 | 9,287 | 9,381 | 8,979 |
| Dominican Republic | 10,407 | 20,380 | 25,964 | 18,337 |
| El Salvador | 11,931 | 15,193 | 18,452 | 14,874 |
| Guatemala | 8,425 | 10,695 | 11,394 | 9,063 |
| Haiti | 2,185 | 3,365 | 3,940 | 2,712 |
| Honduras | 23,473 | 30,744 | 38,759 | 28,113 |
| Jamaica | 3,647 | 4,360 | 5,170 | 7,525 |
| Mexico | 79,999 | 96,356 | 114,581 | 84,887 |
| Nicaragua | 3,094 | 3,701 | 4,038 | 2,420 |
| South America | 7,327 | 7,129 | 8,576 | 7,913 |
| Argentina | 26 | 28 | 25 | 86 |
| Brazil | 2,637 | 1,512 | 2,414 | 3,287 |
| Chile | 26 | 7 | 21 | 14 |
| Colombia | 1,935 | 2,873 | 3,009 | 2,042 |
| Peru | 2,225 | 2,147 | 2,654 | 2,052 |
| Europe | 25,107 | 27,054 | 29,986 | 31,265 |
| Estonia | 639 | 446 | 483 | 817 |
| France | 599 | 685 | 728 | 599 |
| Germany | 433 | 700 | 834 | 643 |
| Italy | 2,696 | 3,302 | 3,466 | 3,356 |
| Portugal | 2,203 | 2,336 | 2,074 | 2,022 |
| Russia | 707 | 648 | 740 | 918 |
| Spain | 828 | 983 | 1,007 | 1,291 |
| Turkey | 12,284 | 13,483 | 15,684 | 16,594 |
| United Kingdom | 948 | 1,005 | 1,244 | 1,015 |
| Asia | 260,792 | 247,540 | 244,144 | 214,663 |
| Bahrain | 1,017 | 1,188 | 1,311 | 736 |
| Bangladesh | 21,566 | 17,102 | 15,158 | 13,242 |
| China | 32,767 | 32,477 | 31,704 | 25,738 |
| Hong Kong | 28,773 | 28,700 | 20,373 | 18,929 |
| India | 31,732 | 32,072 | 37,978 | 36,989 |
| Indonesia | 14,056 | 13,868 | 12,380 | 12,122 |
| Israel | 3,145 | 2,998 | 3,191 | 2,896 |
| Japan | 1,295 | 1,224 | 1,373 | 1,207 |
| Macao | 6,756 | 6,483 | 5,016 | 2,982 |
| Malaysia | 6,576 | 5,116 | 6,406 | 3,797 |
| Nepal | 1,940 | 2,178 | 2,653 | 1,849 |
| Oman | 1,878 | 1,789 | 2,079 | 1,540 |
| Pakistan | 30,533 | 31,208 | 31,648 | 32,139 |
| Philippines | 12,038 | 11,178 | 10,973 | 9,409 |
| Qatar | 1,208 | 1,765 | 1,226 | 1,099 |
| Singapore | 2,433 | 2,434 | 2,712 | 1,345 |
| South Korea | 9,330 | 8,575 | 8,930 | 7,698 |
| Sri Lanka | 10,084 | 9,144 | 10,006 | 7,863 |
| Taiwan | 13,764 | 12,141 | 10,896 | 11,339 |
| Thailand | 12,841 | 10,645 | 11,203 | 11,626 |
| U Arab Em | 2,590 | 2,552 | 2,840 | 3,306 |
| Oceania | 2,456 | 1,593 | 2,003 | 2,100 |
| Australia | 654 | 794 | 939 | 1,238 |
| Fiji | 1,546 | 584 | 768 | 507 |
| Africa | 13,476 | 13,029 | 16,769 | 14,409 |
| Egypt | 5,671 | 6,660 | 7,963 | 8,068 |
| Lesotho | 1,560 | 1,288 | 1,859 | 1,127 |
| Mauritius | 2,079 | 1,647 | 2,298 | 1,333 |
| Morocco | 900 | 919 | 1,070 | 1,094 |
| South Africa | 1,173 | 529 | 1,305 | 741 |
| Tunisia | 85 | 82 | 153 | 116 |
| World 2/ | 475,496 | 509,873 | 555,799 | 465,821 |

1/ Raw fiber equivalent. $2 /$ Totals may not add due to rounding.

| Country | 1999 |  |  | $1998$ <br> Mar |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb | Mar |  |
| 1,000 pounds 1/ |  |  |  |  |
| North America | 129,573 | 144,006 | 165,363 | 137,524 |
| Canada | 24,826 | 25,924 | 30,699 | 27,345 |
| Costa Rica | 6,166 | 6,286 | 6,370 | 5,748 |
| Dominican Republic | 12,945 | 14,143 | 16,746 | 16,245 |
| El Salvador | 5,282 | 6,194 | 7,275 | 8,365 |
| Guatemala | 2,620 | 2,703 | 3,673 | 3,589 |
| Haiti | 2,022 | 1,576 | 1,891 | 1,633 |
| Honduras | 15,754 | 19,448 | 24,557 | 21,666 |
| Jamaica | 2,765 | 3,784 | 3,338 | 4,965 |
| Mexico | 55,782 | 62,414 | 69,015 | 46,403 |
| South America | 3,210 | 2,963 | 3,814 | 5,588 |
| Argentina | 141 | 188 | 170 | 458 |
| Brazil | 404 | 379 | 210 | 632 |
| Chile | 949 | 321 | 655 | 594 |
| Colombia | 1,076 | 939 | 1,262 | 1,617 |
| Peru | 82 | 79 | 135 | 123 |
| Venezuela | 279 | 703 | 1,060 | 1,597 |
| Europe | 7,804 | 7,997 | 8,281 | 14,861 |
| Belgium | 1,824 | 2,513 | 2,145 | 3,408 |
| France | 292 | 315 | 311 | 510 |
| Germany | 752 | 727 | 797 | 1,505 |
| Ireland | 90 | 91 | 86 | 1,892 |
| Italy | 760 | 235 | 316 | 344 |
| Netherlands | 695 | 552 | 511 | 1,125 |
| United Kingdom | 2,568 | 2,161 | 2,735 | 3,883 |
| Asia | 6,757 | 7,052 | 8,783 | 10,058 |
| China | 115 | 230 | 342 | 128 |
| Hong Kong | 717 | 798 | 1,093 | 1,213 |
| Israel | 686 | 514 | 785 | 763 |
| Japan | 2,955 | 3,397 | 3,753 | 4,424 |
| Philippines | 297 | 241 | 568 | 517 |
| Saudi Arabia | 527 | 386 | 361 | 465 |
| Singapore | 192 | 185 | 298 | 451 |
| South Korea | 323 | 273 | 269 | 628 |
| Taiwan | 149 | 208 | 253 | 329 |
| U Arab Em | 235 | 193 | 236 | 431 |
| Oceania | 623 | 680 | 751 | 917 |
| Australia | 484 | 476 | 486 | 622 |
| New Zealand | 50 | 105 | 145 | 114 |
| Africa | 613 | 945 | 792 | 929 |
| Egypt | 3 | 18 | 22 | 25 |
| Ghana | 2 | 1 | 53 | 4 |
| Ivory Coast | 44 | 90 | 21 | 65 |
| Nigeria | 179 | 185 | 341 | 226 |
| South Africa | 84 | 286 | 106 | 294 |
| World $2 /$ | 148,581 | 163,643 | 187,784 | 169,878 |

1/ Raw fiber equivalent. 2/ Totals may not add due to rounding.


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[^1]:    1/ Raw fiber equivalent. 2/ Includes headgear.

