# C U.S. 1999 Production To Exceed 1998 But Below Industry Expectations 

C Demand and Stocks To Rise This Season
C U.S. Mill Use and Exports To Improve
C Foreign Production Lower, Consumption Higher in 1999/2000
C Textile Imports Rise in May

## U.S. 1999 Production To Exceed 1998 But Below Industry Expectations

According to USDA's first survey of the 1999 cotton crop, U.S. production is forecast at 18.3 million bales, nearly 32 percent higher than the 1998 crop but below July's 18.7-million-bale projection. The August forecast is also below industry expectations that averaged 19.1 million bales. Upland production is forecast at 17.6 million bales, while the extra-long staple (ELS) crop is projected at 668,000 bales. During the previous 20 years, the August forecast has been below final production 11 times and above 9 times. Past differences between the August forecast and the final production estimate indicate that chances are two out of three for the 1999 U.S. cotton crop to range between 16.8 and 19.8 million bales.

Compared with last season, upland production is projected to rise in each region of the Cotton Belt. The largest increase, however, is anticipated for the Southwest, where production is expected to increase nearly 1.8 million bales to 5.5 million this season. Texas' production accounts for 5.3 million of the total with upland output there projected to be the largest since 1981, the result of more normal abandonment and above average yield expectations.

In the Delta, upland production is projected to rise to 5.4 million bales, or 30 percent above 1998's low turnout. The largest increase is anticipated in Mississippi, where 1999 production is forecast at 1.9 million bales, up from 1.4 million the previous season. Similarly, the Southeast is expected to increase its production 1 million bales ( 27 percent) to 4.7 million this season. All States in the region are expected to expand production. Georgia leads the region as 1.9 million bales are forecast to be produced there, tying Mississippi as the second largest producing State this season.

In the West, upland output is seen at 2 million bales, up 7 percent from last season's weather-damaged crop, but still well below the region's normal production. In addition to upland, ELS production in the West is expected to rise more than 200,000 bales this season. California continues to take the lead in ELS production and is projected to account for 87 percent of the ELS crop in 1999.

Total area planted to cotton is estimated at 14.6 million acres and abandonment is projected at a relatively normal 7 percent. As a result, cotton area to be harvested is forecast at 13.5 million acres, 27 percent above last season and the highest since 1995. Based on the harvested area, the national
yield is estimated at 649 pounds per acre, 24 pounds above 1998 but equal to the 5 -year average.
Despite recent declines, mainly in the Delta and Southeast, overall U.S. cotton crop conditions remain more favorable than a year ago. As of August 8,51 percent of the cotton acreage was in "good" or "excellent" condition, compared with only 36 percent in 1998. In contrast, 17 percent is rated "poor" or "very poor" this season, compared with 33 percent in 1998. While crop conditions are better than last season, this year's crop development is slightly behind. As of August 8,87 percent of the cotton area was setting bolls with 7 percent having bolls opening. In 1998, these percentages were 89 and 14 percent, respectively. Ginnings are also reported lower than a year ago. As of August 1, about 81,000 running bales had been ginned, compared with nearly 146,000 at this time last year. However, 1999 ginnings are well ahead of comparable figures reported for the 1997 and 1996 seasons.

## Demand and Stocks To Rise This Season

Based on the August production forecast and carryin stocks estimated at 3.6 million bales, total U.S. cotton supplies for 1999/2000 are projected to rise 20 percent to 22 million. Meanwhile, total use of U.S. cotton is also projected to increase, but not as fast as production due to prevalent foreign competition in the raw fiber and textile sectors. In 1999/2000, total U.S. cotton demand is forecast to reach 16.2 million bales, nearly 11 percent above last season but below the 5-year average of 18 million bales. These estimates reflect current policy and do not include any additional demand that may result from the refunding of the "Step 2" program or any other legislative proposals being discussed by Congress.

With these U.S. supply and demand projections, cotton ending stocks for 1999/2000 are projected to jump more than 2 million bales from the beginning level to 5.7 million. As a result, the implied stocks-to-use ratio for the season is currently near 35 percent, well above 1998/99 and the highest since 1988/89.

## U.S. Mill Use and Exports To Improve

Despite the abundant supply expectations in 1999/2000, U.S. cotton mill use is projected to improve only slightly. And while exports are likely to rebound faster than mill use, they too are expected to remain well below the levels experienced as recently as 1997/98. For 1999/2000, U.S. mill use is currently estimated at 10.5 million bales, marginally above the 10.45 million last season. While abundant cotton supply projections have produced a more competitive price situation with polyester staple fibers, mill demand for all fibers is expected to grow slowly from the aftermath of the Asian crisis.

In addition, the level of cotton textile trade will play a crucial role in the amount of raw cotton consumed by U.S. mills. While NAFTA has increased cotton textile trade over the past 5 years, the recent strength of the dollar has also encouraged extensive shipments to the United States. In calendar 1998, for example, cotton textile imports reached a record 6 billion (raw-fiber equivalent) pounds, nearly 19 percent above the previous year. Although textile imports are likely to rise further in 1999, growth is expected to be more moderate. With cotton textile exports also expanding this season, the growth in U.S. mill use will likely be tied to increases in per capita consumption of U.S. cotton textile and apparel products.

For 1999/2000, U.S. cotton exports are forecast at 5.7 million bales, 1.5 million above the latest estimate for 1998/99. Larger U.S. supplies and a boost in foreign imports--the result of an expected rebound in world consumption--are helping raise U.S. raw cotton exports. Competition from foreign exporters was intense in 1998/99 and will likely remain formidable this season. In addition, China is projected to remain a net exporter for a second consecutive, unlike the mid-1990's when China imported large quantities of cotton, of which the United States supplied a large portion. As a result, U.S. exports are expected to remain 2 million bales below the robust 1994-1997 seasons. Based on the current projections of U.S. and world trade, the U.S. share of global exports is estimated at about 23 percent, up from 18 percent in 1998/99.

## Foreign Production Lower, Consumption Higher in 1999/2000

Foreign cotton production is projected to decline slightly from last season to 69.6 million bales. In contrast, improvement in consumption expectations has pushed the latest foreign mill use projection to 76.5 million bales for 1999/2000. While 2 million above the 1998/99 estimate, foreign consumption remains below the pre-Asian crisis level of 1997/98. Foreign shipments are expected to rise 0.5 million bales to 19.6 million, while foreign imports increase 1.5 million to 25.7 million bales. As a result, foreign ending stocks are currently projected to decline 1 million bales this season to 36.6 million, the lowest since the 34.2 million recorded in 1996/97.

Compared with a month ago, foreign production estimates were lowered primarily in three countries: China--500,000 bales, Uzbekistan--300,000, and Argentina--100,000. The production projections for these countries are also at or below last season's except for Uzbekistan, which experienced a significant decline in its 1998/99 crop. On the consumption side, minor changes in foreign use were recorded this month with the most notable occurring in South Korea, where consumption and imports were up 100,000 bales each. South Korea is projected to be the fourth largest importer of raw cotton in 1999/2000. The top three importers are Indonesia, Mexico, and Brazil. With foreign exports marginally below last month, notable changes in August included a 200,000-bale decline for Uzbekistan, which followed the production decrease, and a 100,000-bale increase for Australia. Total foreign exports are now 500,000 bales above 1998/99, as last season's estimate was reduced 300,000 bales this month.

## Textile Imports Rise in May

May textile imports, at 868 million pounds, (raw-fiber equivalent) rebounded from a month earlier and were 6 percent above a year ago. Larger imports of cotton, manmade, and wool fibers more than offset lower linen and silk shipments. Shipments of apparel ( 551 million pounds) and floor coverings were higher than a month earlier, while imports of home furnishings, yarn, thread, and fabric were lower. Cotton textile imports, at 490 million pounds, were slightly above a month earlier with cotton apparel items accounting for 72 percent of the shipments in May. Cotton imports from North America rose to 230 million pounds up 19 percent from a year earlier, while shipments from Asia declined to 208 million pounds.

Textile exports declined in May for the second consecutive month to 394 million pounds. Total May exports were 2 percent below April but 1 percent above a year earlier. Exports of all major fibers except silk and all end-use categories except yarn, thread, and fabric were lower than April shipments. Cotton textile exports, at 180 million pounds, were 4 percent below a month earlier. However,
cotton shipments were 7 percent above May 1998. Cotton textile exports to North America decreased 6 million pounds to 162 million, with Mexico accounting for 40 percent of the total.

Overall, the May textile trade deficit was 474 million pounds, with cotton accounting for 65 percent of the total ( 310 million pounds). The May deficit increased 11 percent from a year earlier when it totaled 427 million pounds. In addition, the deficit for the first 5 months of 1999 was 2.6 billion pounds, compared with 2.1 billion a year ago. The cotton trade deficit reached 1.7 billion pounds ( 3.4 million bale-equivalents) during January-May, up 16 percent from 1998.

$$
* * * * *
$$

The next Cotton and Wool Outlook (CWS-0899) will be released on September 13, 1999.
******************************************************************************

| Information Contacts: |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Leslie Meyer (U.S. Cotton and Textiles) | LMEYER@ECON.AG.GOV | (202) 694-5307 |
| Stephen MacDonald (Foreign Cotton) | STEPHENM@ECON.AG.GOV | (202) 694-5305 |
| Robert Skinner (Textiles and Wool) | RSKINNER@ECON.AG.GOV | (202) 694-5313 |

$* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *$
U.S. COTTON SUPPLY AND USE ESTIMATES

| Item | 1999/00 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1998/99 | Jun | Jul | Aug |
| Upland: | Million acres |  |  |  |
| Planted | 13.064 | 13.639 | 14.241 | 14.283 |
| Harvested | 10.449 | 12.700 | 13.200 | 13.216 |
| Pounds |  |  |  |  |
| Yield/harvested acre | 619 | 656 | 656 | 641 |
| Million 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning stocks | 3.822 | 3.488 | 3.493 | 3.486 |
| Production | 13.476 | 17.360 | 18.027 | 17.636 |
| Total supply 1/ | 17.733 | 20.888 | 21.560 | 21.162 |
| Mill use | 10.305 | 10.460 | 10.450 | 10.350 |
| Exports | 3.912 | 5.020 | 5.220 | 5.220 |
| Total use | 14.217 | 15.480 | 15.670 | 15.570 |
| Ending stocks | 3.486 | 5.333 | 5.815 | 5.513 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks-to-use ratio | 24.5 | 34.5 | 37.1 | 35.4 |
| Extra-long staple: | 1,000 acres |  |  |  |
| Planted | 328 | 305 | 318 | 318 |
| Harvested | 235 | 302 | 315 | 316 |
|  |  | Pound |  |  |
| Yield/harvested acre | 904 | 1,025 | 1,025 | 1,013 |
| 1,000 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning stocks | 65 | 112 | 107 | 114 |
| Production | 442 | 645 | 673 | 668 |
| Total supply 1/ | 522 | 767 | 790 | 792 |
| Mill use | 145 | 140 | 150 | 150 |
| Exports | 288 | 480 | 480 | 480 |
| Total use | 433 | 620 | 630 | 630 |
| Ending stocks | 114 | 172 | 185 | 187 |
| Percent |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks-to-use ratio | 26.3 | 27.7 | 29.4 | 29.7 |

WORLD COTTON SUPPLY AND USE ESTIMATES

|  | 1999/00 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item | 1998/99 | Jun | Jul | Aug |
| Supply: | Million 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |
| Beginning stocks |  |  |  |  |
| World | 40.70 | 41.08 | 41.01 | 41.16 |
| Foreign | 36.81 | 37.48 | 37.41 | 37.56 |
| Production |  |  |  |  |
| World | 84.27 | 87.00 | 89.24 | 87.93 |
| Foreign | 70.35 | 69.00 | 70.54 | 69.63 |
| Imports |  |  |  |  |
| World | 24.73 | 25.30 | 25.71 | 25.78 |
| Foreign | 24.28 | 25.25 | 25.66 | 25.73 |
| Use: |  |  |  |  |
| Mill use |  |  |  |  |
| World | 84.94 | 86.50 | 86.88 | 86.97 |
| Foreign | 74.49 | 75.90 | 76.28 | 76.47 |
| Exports |  |  |  |  |
| World | 23.29 | 25.00 | 25.34 | 25.27 |
| Foreign | 19.09 | 19.50 | 19.64 | 19.57 |
| Ending stocks |  |  |  |  |
| World | 41.16 | 41.58 | 43.45 | 42.34 |
| Foreign | 37.56 | 36.08 | 37.45 | 36.64 |
| Stocks-to-use ratio |  | Percen |  |  |
| World | 48.5 | 48.1 | 50.0 | 48.7 |
| Foreign | 50.4 | 47.5 | 49.1 | 47.9 |



| Item | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Apr | May | Jun | Jun |
| Cotton: | 1,000 480-lb. bales |  |  |  |
| All consumed by mills 1/ | 888 | 864 | 885 | 919 |
| Total since August 1 1/ | 7,887 | 8,731 | 9,616 | 10,434 |
| SA annual rate 2/ | 10,371 | 10,299 | 10,364 | 10,946 |
| SA daily rate $2 /$ | 39.9 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 41.9 |
| Daily rate | 40.4 | 41.1 | 40.2 | 41.8 |
| Upland consumed by mills 1/ | 875 | 850 | 872 | 909 |
| Total since August 1 1/ | 7,757 | 8,607 | 9,479 | 10,329 |
| SA daily rate 2/ | 39.3 | 38.9 | 39.3 | 41.5 |
| Daily rate | 39.8 | 40.5 | 39.7 | 41.3 |
| Spindles in place | 5,225 | 5,160 | 5,158 | 5,451 |
| Active spindles | 4,794 | 4,660 | 4,694 | 5,146 |
| 100 percent cotton | 2,553 | 2,530 | 2,514 | 2,645 |
| 100 percent manmade | 770 | 750 | 752 | 776 |
| Blends | 1,471 | 1,380 | 1,428 | 1,725 |
|  |  | Percent |  |  |
| Cotton's share of fibers | 79.2 | 78.5 | 78.9 | 78.5 |
| Manmade: | 1,000 pounds |  |  |  |
| Total consumed by mills 1/ | 112,096 | 113,797 | 113,290 | 120,499 |
| Total since August 1 1/ | 971,356 | 1,085,152 | 1,198,442 | 1,368,572 |
| Daily rate | 5,095 | 5,419 | 5,150 | 5,477 |
| Noncellulosic staple | 4,768 | 5,094 | 4,852 | 5,027 |
| Cellulosic staple | 327 | 325 | 298 | 450 |


| Item | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar | Apr | May | May |
| Cotton: | 1,000 480-1b. bales |  |  |  |
| Upland exports | 177 | 137 | 231 | 451 |
| Total since August 1 | 3,145 | 3,282 | 3,513 | 5,658 |
| Sales for next season | 181 | 109 | 187 | 353 |
| Total since August 1 | 428 | 537 | 721 | 1,199 |
| ELS exports | 44.6 | 32.1 | 25.2 | 26.4 |
| Total since August 1 | 184.1 | 216.2 | 241.4 | 399.3 |
| Sales for next season | 21.3 | 22.3 | 5.7 | 13.2 |
| Total since August 1 | 50.3 | 72.6 | 78.3 | 123.1 |
| Manmade : | Million pounds |  |  |  |
| Raw fiber exports | 82.1 | 79.5 | 87.6 | 93.4 |
| Noncellulosic | 78.7 | 77.2 | 84.8 | 89.9 |
| Cellulosic | 3.4 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.5 |
| Total since January 1 | 230.8 | 310.3 | 397.9 | 421.6 |
| Wool and Mohair: | 1,000 pounds |  |  |  |
| Raw wool exports, clean | 145.7 | 496.7 | 218.4 | 156.2 |
| Total since January 1 | 279.1 | 775.8 | 994.2 | 725.3 |
| Wool top exports | 386.6 | 792.9 | 513.2 | 375.8 |
| Total since January 1 | 1,144.3 | 1,937.2 | 2,450.4 | 1,355.1 |
| Mohair exports, clean | 311.1 | 492.4 | 381.0 | 96.2 |
| Total since January 1 | 733.4 | 1,225.8 | 1,606.8 | 926.5 |


| Item | 1999 |  |  | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | May | Jun | Jul | Jul |
| Cents per pound |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic cotton prices: |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted World Price | 45.39 | 43.38 | 39.07 | 56.06 |
| Oct'99 futures | 58.53 | 56.18 | 50.76 | 72.53 |
| Dec'99 futures | 58.59 | 56.24 | 51.46 | 72.11 |
| Upland spot 41-34 | 55.54 | 53.74 | 49.23 | 74.18 |
| Pima spot 03-46 | 82.73 | 82.50 | 82.50 | 104.00 |
| Avg. price received by: Upland producers | 56.10 | 55.50 | 54.90 | 68.00 |
| Mill delivered: |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton |  |  |  |  |
| Actual | 63.17 | 60.87 | 56.24 | 83.62 |
| Raw fiber equivalent | 70.19 | 67.63 | 62.49 | 92.91 |
| Rayon staple |  |  |  |  |
| Actual | 100.00 | 98.00 | 95.00 | 110.00 |
| Raw fiber equivalent | 104.17 | 102.08 | 98.96 | 114.58 |
| Polyester staple |  |  |  |  |
| Actual | 50.00 | 51.00 | 52.00 | 62.00 |
| Raw fiber equivalent | 52.08 | 53.13 | 54.17 | 64.58 |
| Price ratios |  | Percent |  |  |
| Cotton/rayon | 67.4 | 66.3 | 63.1 | 81.1 |
| Cotton/polyester | 134.8 | 127.3 | 115.4 | 143.9 |
| Northern Europe cotton quotes: | Cents per pound |  |  |  |
| A Index | 59.85 | 58.68 | 54.56 | 69.36 |
| Memphis Territory | NQ | NQ | NQ | 81.35 |
| California/Arizona | 65.31 | 64.25 | 59.05 | NQ |
| B Index | NQ | NQ | NQ | NQ |
| Orleans/Texas | NQ | NQ | NQ | 77.10 |
| Wool prices (clean) : | Dollars per pound |  |  |  |
| U.S. 56 's | 0.65 | 0.65 | 0.62 | 0.88 |
| Australian 56's 1/ | 1.36 | 1.33 | 1.32 | NQ |
| U.S. 60 's | 0.87 | 0.92 | 0.89 | 1.32 |
| Australian 60's 1/ | 1.43 | 1.38 | 1.38 | NQ |
| U.S. 64's | 1.17 | 1.22 | 1.16 | 1.60 |
| Australian 64's 1/ | 1.50 | 1.49 | 1.52 | NQ |


| Item |  | Mar | Apr | May | May |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imports: |  | 1,000 pounds 1/ |  |  |  |
| Yarn, thread, and | fabric | 246,340 | 229,100 | 223,530 | 222,378 |
| Cotton |  | 101,927 | 97,485 | 93,422 | 97,267 |
| Linen |  | 27,186 | 19,677 | 18,267 | 16,609 |
| Wool |  | 4,303 | 3,853 | 4,395 | 4,336 |
| Silk |  | 752 | 734 | 742 | 669 |
| Manmade |  | 112,172 | 107,351 | 107,404 | 103,497 |
| Apparel |  | 552,573 | 530,524 | 550,663 | 513,119 |
| Cotton |  | 400,118 | 337,526 | 350,772 | 309,517 |
| Linen |  | 14,830 | 12,038 | 11,292 | 10,944 |
| Wool |  | 12,926 | 12,404 | 13,030 | 16,985 |
| Silk |  | 12,527 | 10,337 | 8,928 | 8,833 |
| Manmade |  | 112,172 | 158,209 | 166,641 | 166,840 |
| House furnishings |  | 59,740 | 57,604 | 51,105 | 44,302 |
| Cotton |  | 44,522 | 43,113 | 37,531 | 33,935 |
| Linen |  | 338 | 197 | 239 | 159 |
| Wool |  | 84 | 102 | 67 | 85 |
| Silk |  | 40 | 128 | 43 | 29 |
| Manmade |  | 14,792 | 14,064 | 13,225 | 10,094 |
| Floor covering |  | 34,615 | 33,900 | 34,591 | 29,026 |
| Cotton |  | 4,964 | 5,335 | 3,939 | 4,279 |
| Linen |  | 5,202 | 4,752 | 3,814 | 3,914 |
| Wool |  | 9,285 | 8,667 | 11,284 | 9,586 |
| Silk |  | 775 | 432 | 604 | 539 |
| Manmade |  | 14,089 | 14,714 | 14,950 | 10,708 |
| Total imports $2 /$ |  | 972,025 | 858,369 | 867,545 | 815,740 |
| Cotton |  | 555,799 | 487,776 | 489,637 | 448,514 |
| Linen |  | 47,621 | 36,698 | 33,656 | 31,689 |
| Wool |  | 26,688 | 25,156 | 28,977 | 31,080 |
| Silk |  | 14,094 | 11,631 | 10,317 | 10,070 |
| Manmade |  | 327,822 | 297,108 | 304,959 | 294,388 |
| Exports: |  |  | , 000 pound |  |  |
| Yarn, thread, and | fabric | 192,556 | 188,123 | 189,105 | 172,454 |
| Cotton |  | 75,160 | 72,490 | 71,872 | 58,672 |
| Linen |  | 5,714 | 5,748 | 5,299 | 5,122 |
| Wool |  | 5,577 | 5,950 | 5,714 | 4,505 |
| Silk |  | 2,034 | 2,310 | 2,319 | 1,892 |
| Manmade |  | 104,071 | 101,625 | 103,901 | 102,263 |
| Apparel |  | 172,575 | 173,172 | 165,307 | 170,245 |
| Cotton |  | 105,259 | 108,985 | 102,545 | 101,578 |
| Linen |  | 1,770 | 2,069 | 1,911 | 1,678 |
| Wool |  | 7,450 | 6,418 | 6,223 | 8,851 |
| Silk |  | 4,102 | 3,647 | 3,924 | 3,359 |
| Manmade |  | 53,994 | 52,053 | 50,704 | 54,779 |
| House furnishings |  | 6,972 | 5,607 | 5,346 | 6,662 |
| Cotton |  | 4,255 | 3,386 | 3,166 | 3,928 |
| Linen |  | 245 | 166 | 148 | 334 |
| Wool |  | 57 | 54 | 59 | 88 |
| Silk |  | 120 | 109 | 117 | 180 |
| Manmade |  | 2,295 | 1,892 | 1,856 | 2,132 |
| Floor covering |  | 38,948 | 35,306 | 33,692 | 39,340 |
| Cotton |  | 3,029 | 2,733 | 2,451 | 3,678 |


| Linen | 1,819 | 1,608 | 1,456 | 2,004 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Wool | 3,657 | 3,262 | 3,564 | 3,392 |
| Silk | 93 | 84 | 75 | 121 |
| Manmade | 30,350 | 27,619 | 26,146 | 30,145 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total exports $2 /$ | 411,427 | 402,462 | 393,675 | 388,965 |
| Cotton | 187,784 | 187,670 | 180,087 | 167,923 |
| Linen | 9,558 | 9,598 | 8,819 | 9,146 |
| Wool | 16,761 | 15,696 | 15,575 | 16,850 |
| Silk | 6,349 | 6,150 | 6,434 | 5,552 |
| Manmade | 190,974 | 183,347 | 182,760 | 189,495 |

```
1/ Raw fiber equivalent. 2/ Includes headgear.
```


## U.S. COTTON TEXTILE IMPORTS

| Item | 1999 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1998 \\ \text { May } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar | Apr | May |  |
|  | 1,000 pounds 1/ |  |  |  |
| North America | 254,320 | 216,967 | 230,366 | 193,339 |
| Canada | 22,133 | 21,313 | 21,541 | 18,492 |
| Costa Rica | 9,381 | 8,356 | 8,790 | 6,786 |
| Dominican Republic | 25,964 | 21,648 | 22,836 | 19,820 |
| El Salvador | 18,452 | 17,838 | 17,790 | 14,362 |
| Guatemala | 11,394 | 10,014 | 9,409 | 7,807 |
| Haiti | 3,940 | 3,645 | 3,821 | 2,516 |
| Honduras | 38,759 | 27,449 | 34,804 | 25,689 |
| Jamaica | 5,170 | 3,561 | 4,484 | 6,053 |
| Mexico | 114,581 | 100,336 | 103,602 | 88,151 |
| Nicaragua | 4,038 | 3,259 | 2,938 | 3,260 |
| South America | 8,576 | 7,704 | 8,030 | 6,324 |
| Argentina | 25 | 16 | 3 | 16 |
| Brazil | 2,414 | 1,856 | 1,736 | 1,490 |
| Chile | 21 | 17 | 23 | 22 |
| Colombia | 3,009 | 2,643 | 3,386 | 2,609 |
| Peru | 2,654 | 2,660 | 2,487 | 1,771 |
| Europe | 29,986 | 30,222 | 29,693 | 26,214 |
| Estonia | 483 | 627 | 689 | 641 |
| France | 728 | 535 | 508 | 466 |
| Germany | 834 | 799 | 815 | 563 |
| Italy | 3,466 | 2,919 | 3,125 | 2,906 |
| Portugal | 2,074 | 3,714 | 3,987 | 3,374 |
| Russia | 740 | 994 | 1,051 | 867 |
| Spain | 1,007 | 1,254 | 1,177 | 1,097 |
| Turkey | 15,684 | 14,438 | 13,666 | 11,833 |
| United Kingdom | 1,244 | 1,091 | 812 | 989 |
| Asia | 244,144 | 219,342 | 207,504 | 206,407 |
| Bahrain | 1,311 | 778 | 702 | 843 |
| Bangladesh | 15,158 | 13,768 | 12,390 | 12,875 |
| China | 31,704 | 28,329 | 28,921 | 28,796 |
| Hong Kong | 20,373 | 21,899 | 26,992 | 23,776 |
| India | 37,978 | 30,534 | 24,106 | 24,885 |
| Indonesia | 12,380 | 11,213 | 11,707 | 14,084 |
| Israel | 3,191 | 3,365 | 2,932 | 2,046 |
| Japan | 1,373 | 1,188 | 1,275 | 1,266 |
| Macao | 5,016 | 4,059 | 4,627 | 3,994 |
| Malaysia | 6,406 | 5,217 | 5,236 | 3,408 |
| Nepal | 2,653 | 1,863 | 1,320 | 1,051 |
| Oman | 2,079 | 1,569 | 1,502 | 1,182 |
| Pakistan | 31,648 | 32,059 | 27,189 | 33,578 |
| Philippines | 10,973 | 8,579 | 9,010 | 8,642 |
| Qatar | 1,226 | 964 | 1,092 | 1,393 |
| Singapore | 2,712 | 2,031 | 2,137 | 1,635 |


| South Korea | 8,930 | 8,542 | 8,377 | 8,166 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Sri Lanka | 10,006 | 7,941 | 5,482 | 6,103 |
| Taiwan | 10,896 | 10,467 | 12,169 | 11,130 |
| Thailand | 11,203 | 11,385 | 9,173 | 9,808 |
| U Arab Em | 2,840 | 2,496 | 2,248 | 2,089 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Oceania | 2,003 | 1,377 | 1,682 | 1,610 |
| Australia | 939 | 674 | 760 | 927 |
| Fiji | 768 | 532 | 663 | 606 |
| Africa |  |  |  |  |
| Egypt | 16,769 | 12,164 | 12,363 | 14,620 |
| Lesotho | 7,963 | 4,864 | 6,211 | 7,781 |
| Mauritius | 1,859 | 1,462 | 1,457 | 1,117 |
| Morocco | 2,298 | 1,766 | 1,669 | 1,399 |
| South Africa | 1,070 | 1,183 | 797 | 1,415 |
| Tunisia | 1,305 | 991 | 840 | 843 |
| World | 153 | 41 | 85 | 95 |

1/ Raw fiber equivalent. 2/ Totals may not add due to rounding.


| State/ <br> Region | Planted | Harvested | Yield | Production |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1,000 | acres | Lbs./ <br> harvested acre | $\begin{aligned} & 1,000 \\ & \text { bales } \end{aligned}$ |
| Upland: |  |  |  |  |
| Alabama | 570 | 560 | 711 | 830 |
| Florida | 89 | 88 | 524 | 96 |
| Georgia | 1,500 | 1,450 | 629 | 1,900 |
| N. Carolina | 880 | 870 | 687 | 1,245 |
| S. Carolina | 320 | 315 | 686 | 450 |
| Virginia | 110 | 109 | 819 | 186 |
| Southeast | 3,469 | 3,392 | 666 | 4,707 |
| Arkansas | 940 | 930 | 743 | 1,440 |
| Louisiana | 570 | 565 | 697 | 820 |
| Mississippi | 1,200 | 1,180 | 773 | 1,900 |
| Missouri | 450 | 445 | 593 | 550 |
| Tennessee | 600 | 595 | 589 | 730 |
| Delta | 3,760 | 3,715 | 703 | 5,440 |
| Kansas | 29 | 28 | 411 | 24 |
| Oklahoma | 225 | 190 | 531 | 210 |
| Texas | 5,900 | 5,000 | 509 | 5,300 |
| Southwest | 6,154 | 5,218 | 509 | 5,534 |
| Arizona | 240 | 239 | 1,115 | 555 |
| California | 590 | 585 | 1,067 | 1,300 |
| New Mexico | 70 | 67 | 716 | 100 |
| West | 900 | 891 | 1,053 | 1,955 |
| Total Upland | 14,283 | 13,216 | 641 | 17,636 |
| Pima: |  |  |  |  |
| Arizona | 11 | 11 | 776 | 18 |
| California | 260 | 259 | 1,075 | 580 |
| New Mexico | 7 | 7 | 651 | 10 |
| Texas | 40 | 39 | 738 | 60 |
| Total Pima | 318 | 316 | 1,013 | 668 |
| Total All | 14,601 | 13,532 | 649 | 18,304 |

